Optical simulations of the DarkSide-20k Outer Veto

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The comparison of configurations



Figure.1. The old configuration of the flanges in Outer Veto

Compounds:

Cryostat reflector - Lumirror PDUs cover - TPB





New configuration

Figure.2.Thenewconfigurationoftheflanges in Outer VetoCompounds:Cryostat reflector - Tyvek

PDUs cover - PEN

The comparison of configurations

Simulation's parameters:

Cosmic muon, veto yield 0.02, events 1000

	old configuration		new configuration		
nPDUs	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS	
32	16.18	9.61	6.01	3.59	
28	13.43	8.03	5.25	4.27	
24	13.10	8.27	4.77	4.12	
20	10.36	7.62	3.94	3.63	
16	8.25	6.24	3.42	3.36	
12	5.83	4.84	2.33	3.18	
8	4.06	4.44	1.63	2.91	
4	2.11	3.48	0.67	0.71	

$$LY = \frac{N_{pe}/scale\ factor}{E_{dep}} \qquad (1)$$

LY – light yield N_{pe} – the number of photoelectrons obtained scale factor – a parameter veto yield factor from the simulations E_{dep} – energy deposited

Table.1. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations.

The comparison of configurations LY vs nPDUS Comparison of geometry



graph is from simulations using old configuration. The orange graph is from simulations using new configuration.

The research of the process that destroy photons

Photon-killing processes

that destroy photons.



The dependence of the light yield on the absorption length

Simulation's parameters:

electrons with E=100 keV, veto yield 1.0, events 1000 the parameter LiquidArgonVisAbs = 1000 m the values of the parameter LiquidArgonUVAbs were changed

Abs Length , m	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS
1	3.50	4.37
5	9.14	5.80
10	11.95	5.85
50	16.56	6.61
100	17.83	7.11
500	18.65	6.80
1000	18.82	7.15

The function for fitting: $y(x) = a + b \times \ln(x)$ $a = 4.9 \pm 3.5$ $b = 2.4 \pm 0.9$ $\chi^2 = 0.53$

LY vs value of LiquidArgonUVAbs



Table.2. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations.

Figure.5. The dependence of the light yield on the absorption length 6

The dependence of the light yield on the absorption length

Simulation's parameters:

electrons with E=100 keV, veto yield 1.0, events 1000 Parameters LiquidArgonUVAbs = LiquidArgonVisAbs have been changed

The function for fitting: $y(x) = a + b \times \ln(x)$ $a = 1.2 \pm 8.6$ $b = 2.7 \pm 1.9$ $\chi^2 = 0.16$ Abs Mean LY, Length , m $\frac{p.e.}{MeV}$ RMS

	Mev	
10	6.79	5.25
100	15.86	6.13
1000	18.82	7.15

LY vs value of LiquidArgonUVAbs=LiquidArgonVisAbs



Table.3. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations.

The simulations with more statistic



LY of PDUs32

Simulation's parameters: electrons with E=10 MeV, veto yield 1.0, events 12419 Parameters of absorption: LiquidArgonUVAbs = 50 m, LiquidArgonVisAbs = 1000 m

Figure.7. The resulting light yield

The distribution of light yield by coordinates



The distribution of light yield by coordinates



Figure.10. The distribution of light yield by coordinates X Y

The gamma background simulations



Table.4. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations.

Conclusions

- The new configuration was developed
- The light yield was calculated for new configuration

Further plans

- Continue to look for the causes for the destruction of photons
- The results will be obtained on the background modeling Ar39

Links



https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/darkside/g4 ds10/-/tree/other_geometry



https://www.overleaf.com/read/vh qktgkwrgkp

Thank you for your attention!

The comparison of reflector's material for cryostat: Lumirror and Tyvek

LY vs nPDUs Comparison of reflector's material



Table.1. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations

The comparison of two types of Veto Argon with different optical properties: VetoMixture and VetoLiquidArgon2

Simulation's parameters: Cosmic muon, veto yield 0.02, events 1000

	VetoMixture		VetoLiquidArgon2	
nPDUs	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS
32	5.25	3.95	16.18	9.61
28	4.84	3.93	13.43	8.03
24	4.03	3.40	13.10	8.27
20	3.30	2.71	10.36	7.62
16	2.73	2.08	8.25	6.24
12	2.11	2.42	5.83	4.84
8	1.11	1.17	4.06	4.44
4	0.71	1.24	2.11	3.48



Figure.3. The comparison of light yield using different liquid argon. The blue graph is from simulations used VetoMixture. The orange graph is from simulations used VetoLiquidArgon2.

Table.2. The values of the light yield obtained from the simulations.

The comparison of cover's material for PDU: TPB and PEN

p.e. MeV

Simulation's parameters:

Cosmic muon, veto yield 0.02, events 1000

	Without cover		PEN		ТРВ	
nPDUs	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS	Mean LY, <u>p.e.</u> <u>MeV</u>	RMS
32	4.27	2.85	9.33	6.38	13.65	8.92
28	3.52	1.70	7.91	5.41	12.68	8.04
24	3.33	3.60	6.84	4.82	10.27	6.65
20	2.83	2.19	5.71	5.46	9.48	7.27
16	2.16	1.67	4.24	3.68	7.67	7.03
12	1.70	2.0	2.92	2.42	5.21	5.89
8	1.02	0.74	2.13	3.20	3.13	3.06
4	0.6	1.38	1.16	1.72	1.56	2.20



Figure.4. The comparison of light yield using different cover materials. The magenta graph is from simulations with TPB cover. The light green graph is from simulations with PEN cover. The blue graph is from simulations without covering.