

# A table-top experiment for implementing EPR conditional squeezing in 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation GW detectors

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Francesco De Marco (Sapienza University of Rome and INFN Rome)  
on behalf of the EPR-SIPS Team

GWADW (Gravitational-Wave Advanced Detectors Workshop)  
21-27 May 2023 - Isola d'Elba (Italy)



# Introducing EPR-SIPS team



Valeria Sequino (PI)    Martina De Laurentis  
University of Naples "Federico II" & INFN-Naples

Sibilla Di Pace    Luca Naticchioni    Laura Giacoppo    Francesco De Marco  
Sapienza University of Rome & INFN-Rome

Mateusz Bawaj  
University of Perugia and INFN-Perugia



- Chang-Hee Kim (KASI)
- Hojae Ahn (KHU)
- Sungho Lee (KASI)
- Soojong Pak (KHU)
- June-Gyu Park (Yonsei University)
- Sumin Lee (KHU)
- Yunjong Kim (KASI)



Fiodor Sorrentino  
University of Genova  
INFN-Genova



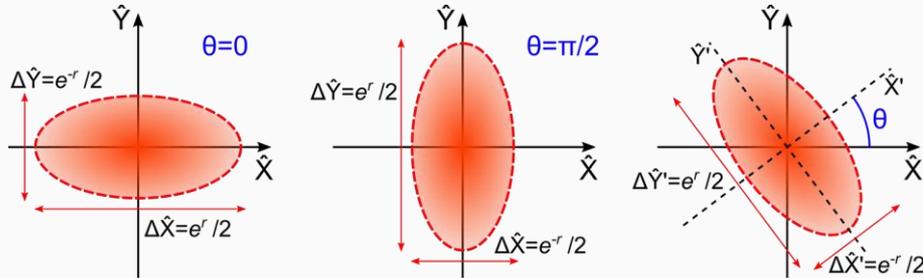
Barbara Garaventa  
INFN-Genova



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare

# Quantum Noise Reduction in GW detectors

- **Quantum Noise (QN)** limits the sensitivity of GW detectors in a wide range of their spectrum
- **Frequency-Dependent Squeezed (FDS)** light provides broadband QN reduction

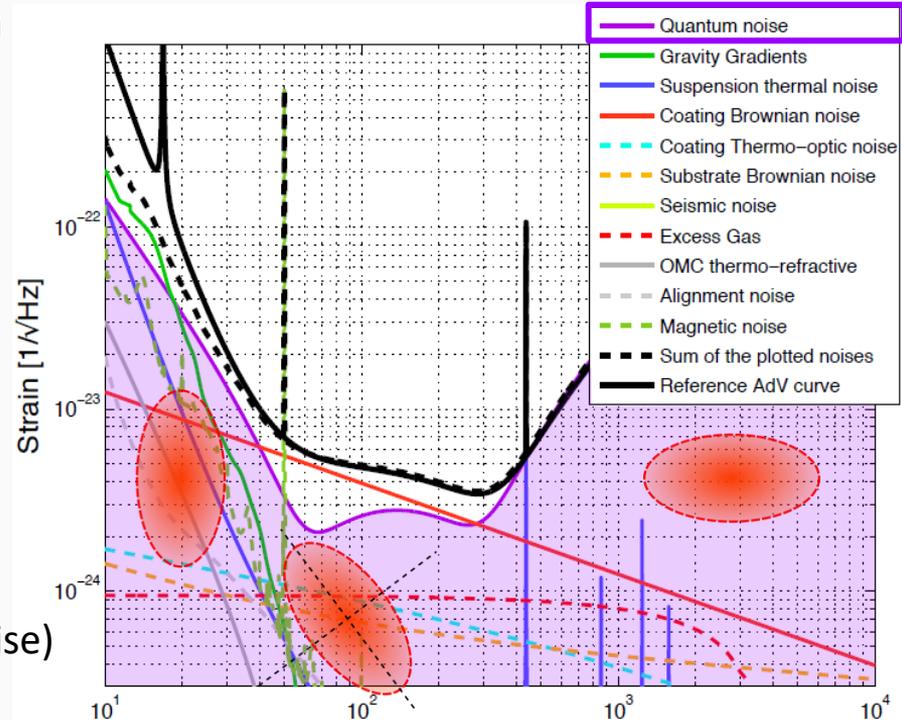


Electromagnetic field quadratures:

- X quadrature → Amplitude (Radiation Pressure Noise)
- Y quadrature → Phase (Shot Noise)

## AdV sensitivity curve

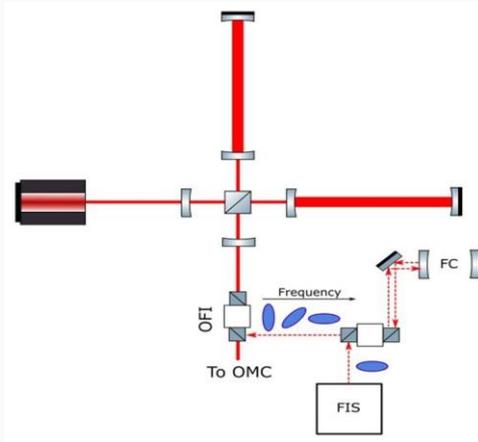
Virgo Coll. - Class. Quant. Grav. 32 024001 (2015)



# FDS with Filter Cavity

- Squeezing ellipse can be rotated in a frequency-dependent manner with a detuned linear cavity (**Filter Cavity**)
- Central rotation angle @  $\sim 50$  Hz implies
  - Long cavity  $L=285$  m
  - High finesse  $F=11000$
- Round-trip losses in AdV+ FC: **50-90 ppm**

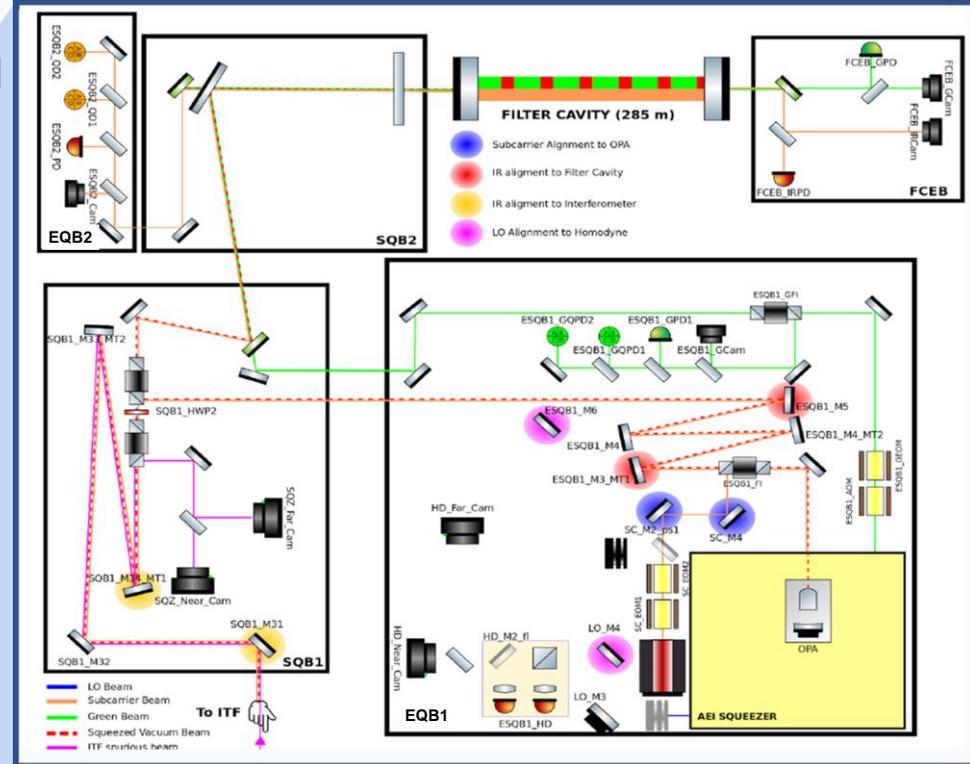
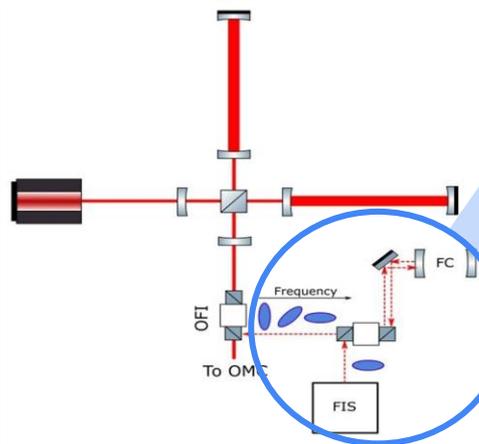
[Zhao - Report VIR-1133A-22 \(2022\)](#)



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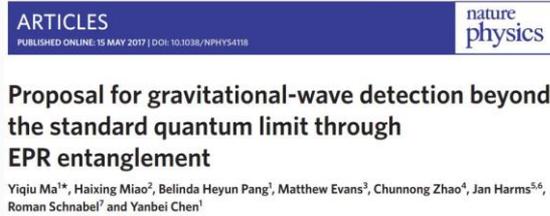
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Credits: [Virgo Coll. - Report VIR-0596A-19 \(2019\)](#) and [Di Pace - Phys. Scr. 96 124054](#)

# EPR proposal: a little bit of “history”



Theoretical proposal (2017)  
[Ma et al. - Nature Phys 13, 776–780 \(2017\)](#)

# EPR proposal: a little bit of “history”

[Südbeck \*et al.\* - Nature Phot. 14 240-244 \(2020\)](#)



**Demonstration of interferometer enhancement through Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen entanglement**

Jan Südbeck, Sebastian Steinlechner, Mikhail Korobko and Roman Schnabel

ARTICLES

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 15 MAY 2017 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHYS4118

nature  
physics

**Proposal for gravitational-wave detection beyond the standard quantum limit through EPR entanglement**

Yiqiu Ma<sup>1\*</sup>, Haixing Miao<sup>2</sup>, Belinda Heyun Pang<sup>1</sup>, Matthew Evans<sup>3</sup>, Chunnong Zhao<sup>4</sup>, Jan Harms<sup>5,6</sup>, Roman Schnabel<sup>7</sup> and Yanbei Chen<sup>1</sup>

[Yap \*et al.\* - Nature Phot 14, 223-226 \(2020\)](#)

nature  
photonics

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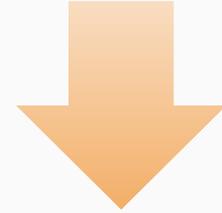
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41566-019-0582-4>

**Generation and control of frequency-dependent squeezing via Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen entanglement**

Min Jet Yap<sup>1\*</sup>, Paul Altin, Terry G. McRae, Bram J. J. Slagmolen, Robert L. Ward and David E. McClelland

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Experimental demonstrations (2020)

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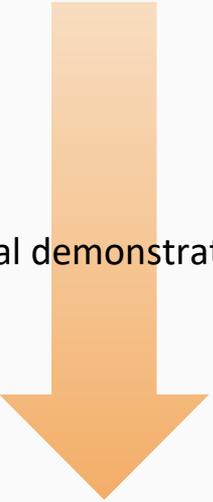
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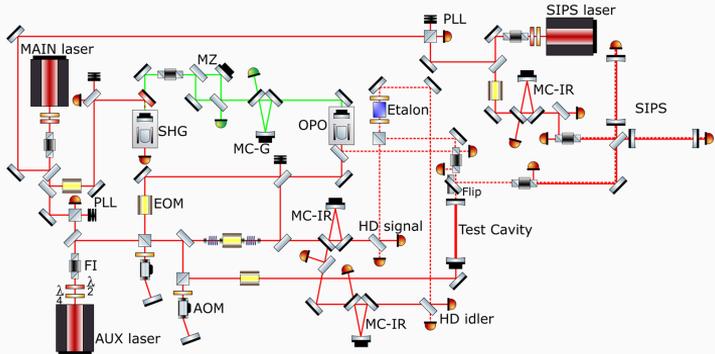
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Table-top experiment in a small-scale interferometer (ongoing at EGO)

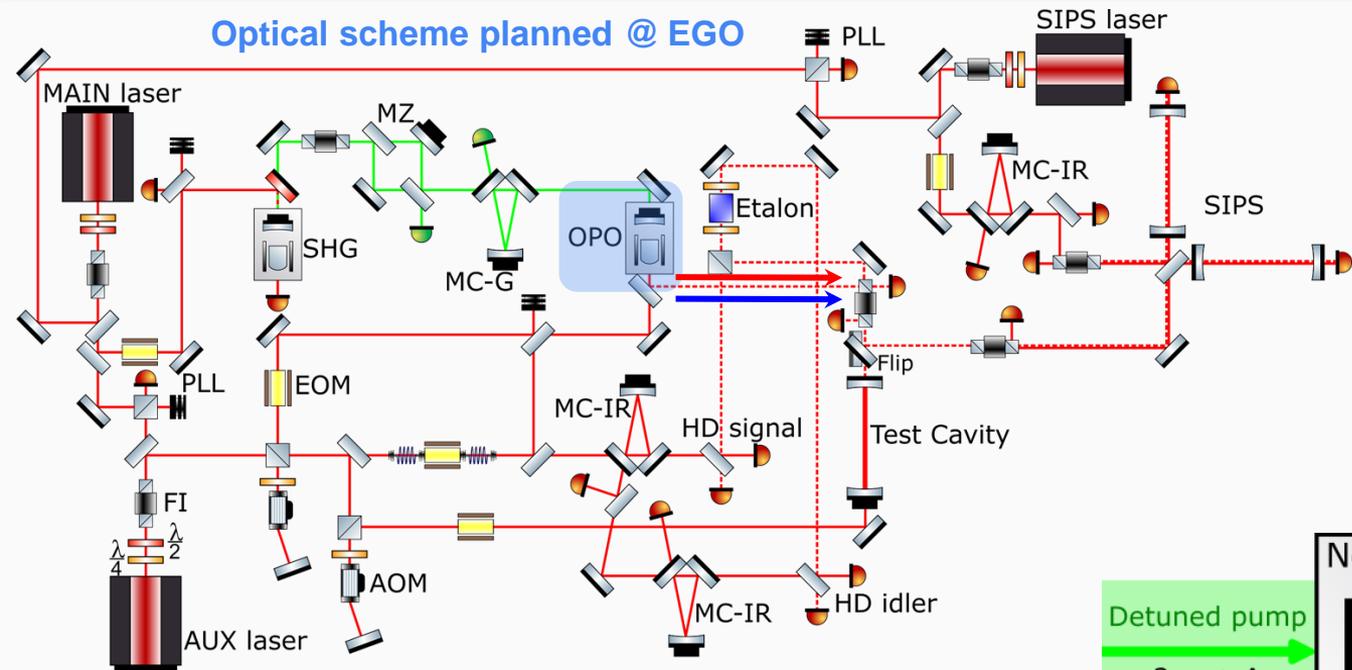
- Optical simulations and design
- Laboratory work





# EPR working principle

## Optical scheme planned @ EGO



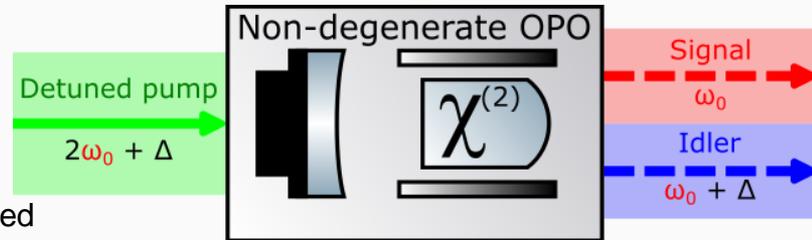
1. **Signal** and **idler** are vacuum squeezed beams, EPR-entangled and detuned by  $\Delta$

### Pros:

- More compact and cheaper
- More flexible vs SR
- Avoids FC optical losses

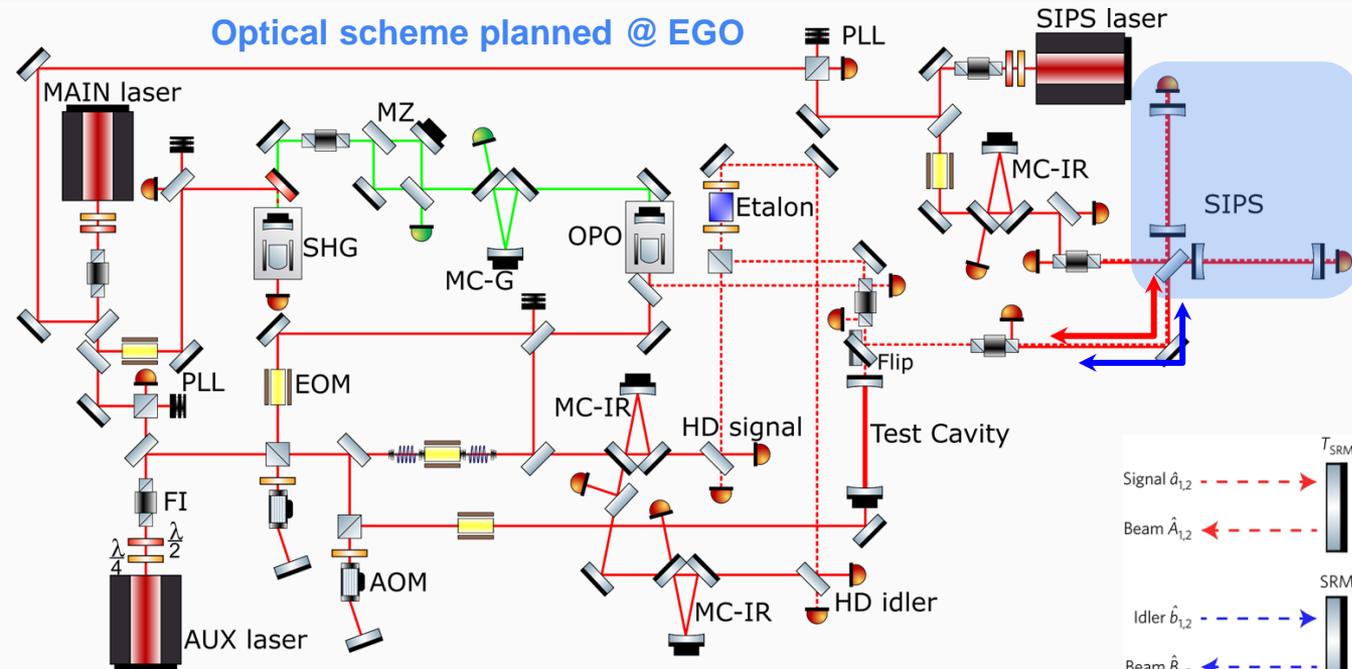
### Cons:

- 2 squeezed beams to be handled
- 3 dB penalty w.r.t. optimal squeezing rotation ellipse

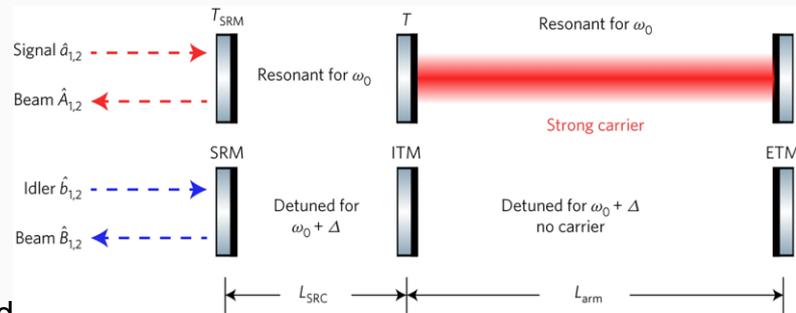


# EPR working principle

## Optical scheme planned @ EGO



1. **Signal** and **idler** are vacuum squeezed beams, EPR-entangled and detuned by  $\Delta$
2. The **idler** acquires frequency-dependence in SIPS due to its detuning



### Pros:

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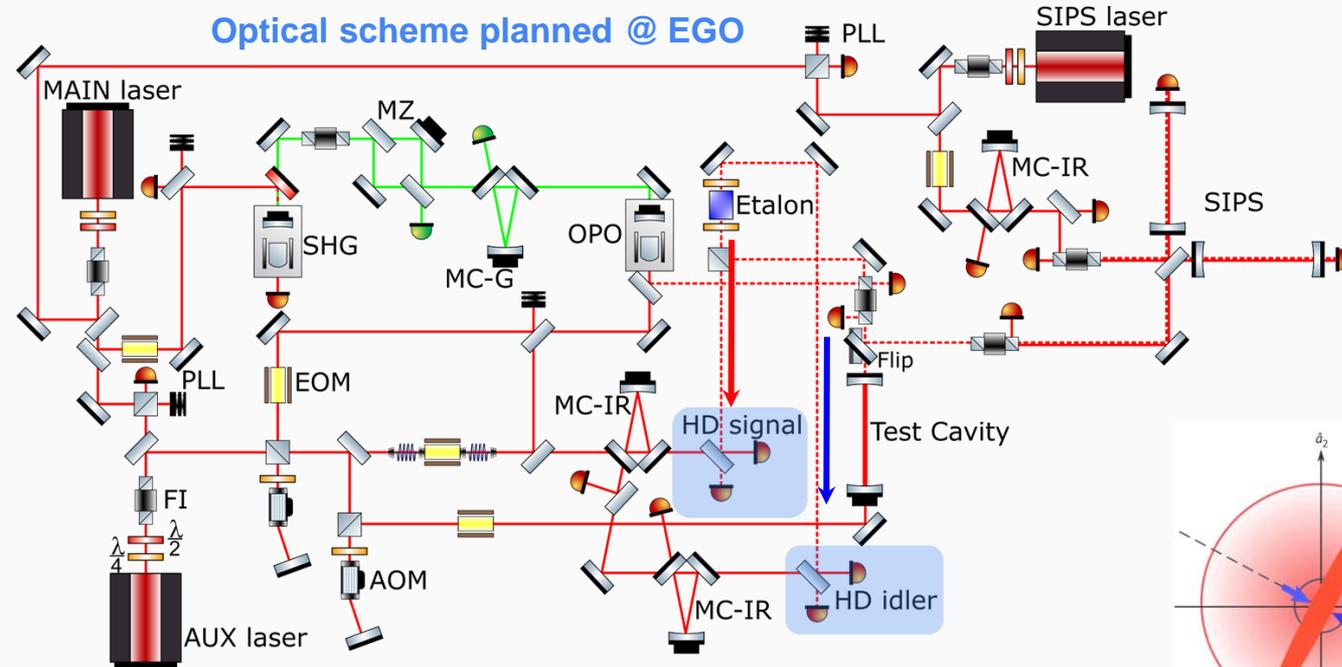
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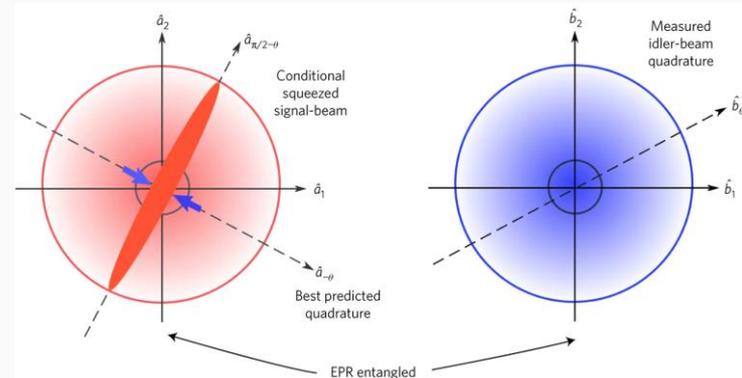
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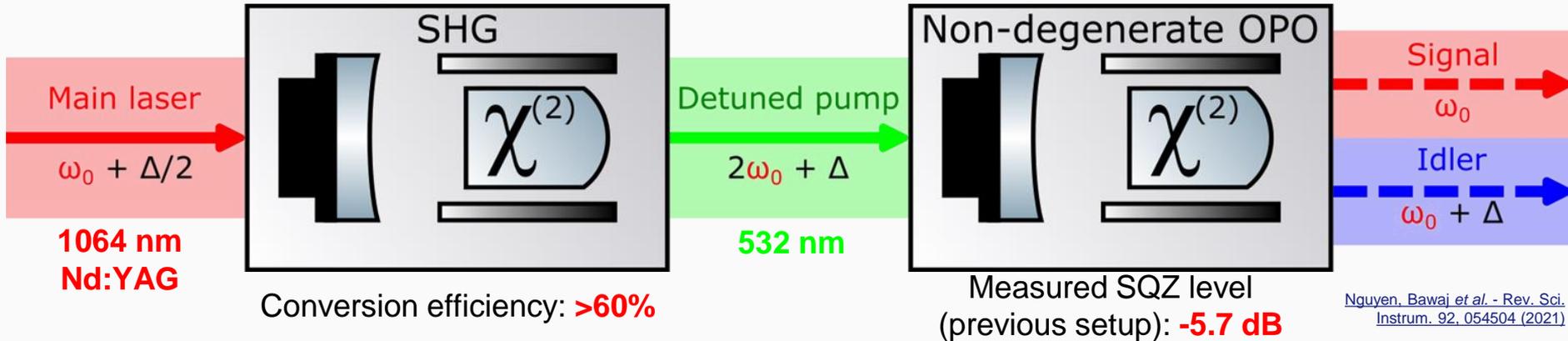
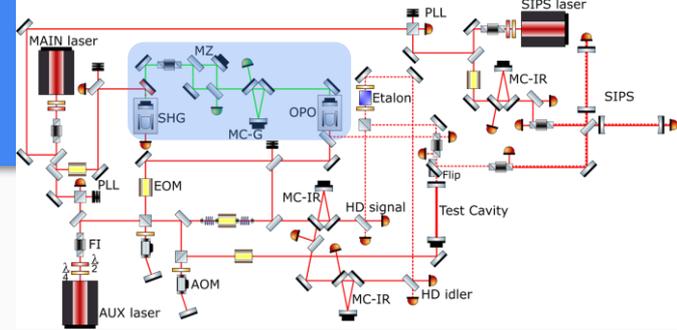
1. **Signal** and **idler** are vacuum squeezed beams, EPR-entangled and detuned by  $\Delta$
2. The **idler** acquires frequency-dependence in SIPS due to its detuning
3. Combined measurement with optimal filter gain transfers the frequency dependence to the **signal** via EPR entanglement



Credits: [Ma et al. - Nature Phys 13, 776-780 \(2017\)](#)

# Non-linear cavities: SHG and OPO

- The frequency of an electromagnetic wave can be modified only via non-linear propagating medium, i.e.  $\chi^{(2)} \neq 0$
- We will use two identical hemilithic optical cavities
  - **Second-Harmonic Generator (SHG)** generates green pump beam
  - **Optical Parametric Oscillator (OPO)** generates vacuum squeezed EPR-entangled beams
- The green beam has to be power-controlled (**Mach-Zehnder**) and purely Gaussian (**mode cleaner**)



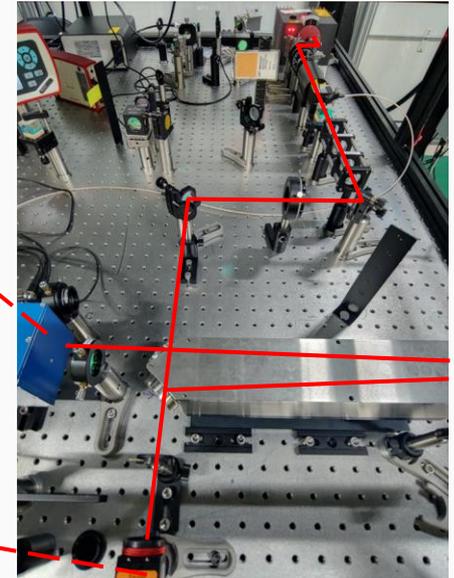
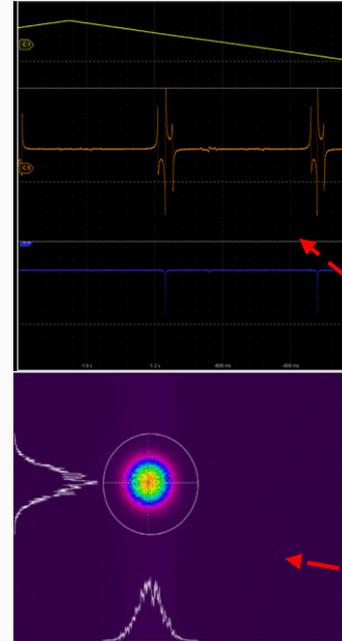
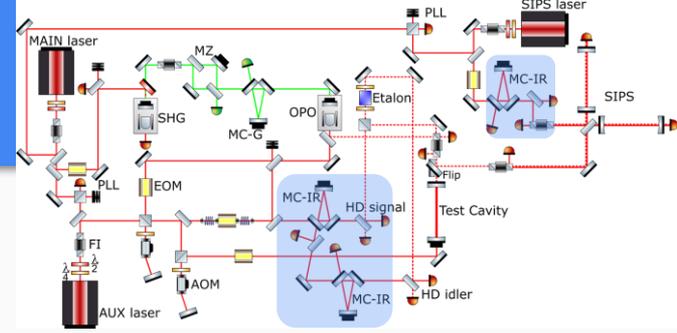
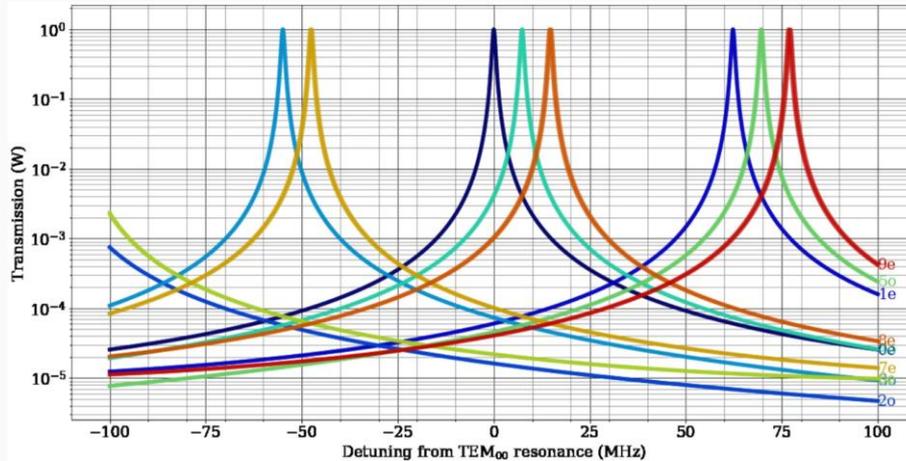
Both the cavities are ready for use: SHG with MC-G and MZ are installed on the bench

# Mode Cleaner (MC) IR cavities

- A mode cleaner (MC) cavity is used to reflect out the Higher Order Modes (HOMs) in the transverse intensity profile of a laser
- We have 3 MC-IR in our setup, for the most sensitive parts
  - Homodyne Detectors for Local Oscillators of signal and idler (KASI team)
  - SIPS Interferometer (Roma1 team)

## Local Oscillator mode cleaners

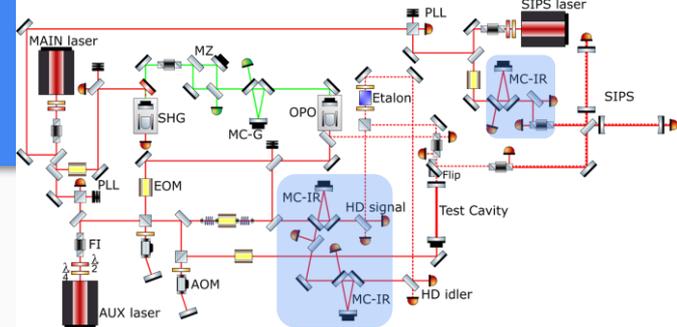
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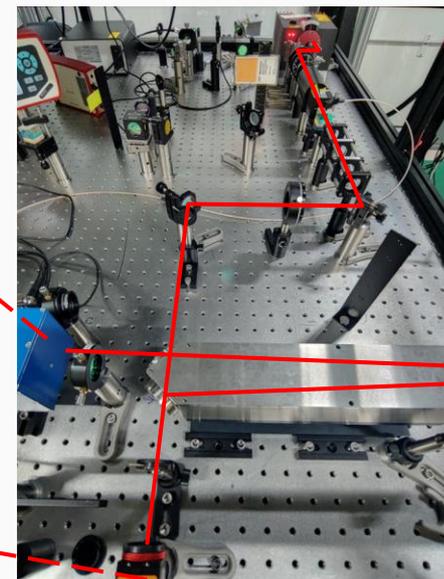
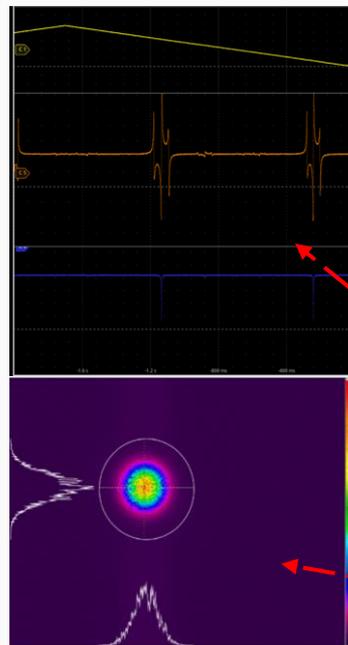
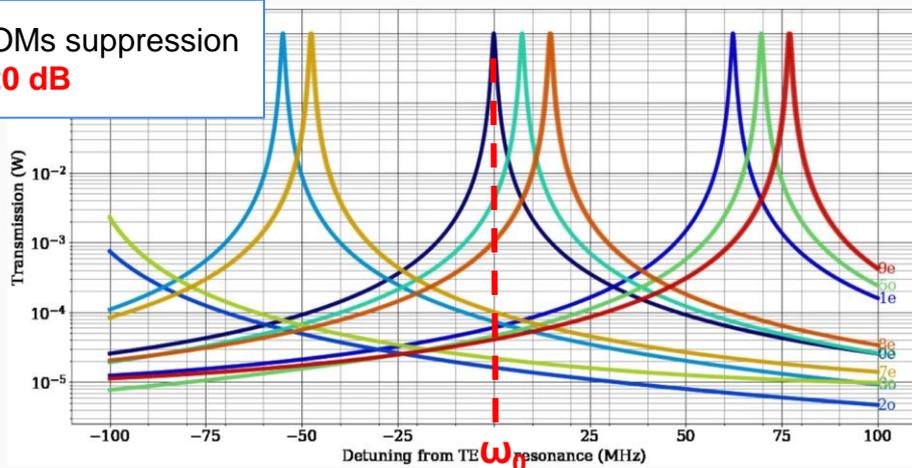
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## Local Oscillator mode cleaners

Credits: Chang-Hee Kim, June-Gyu Park

HOMs suppression  
**>20 dB**



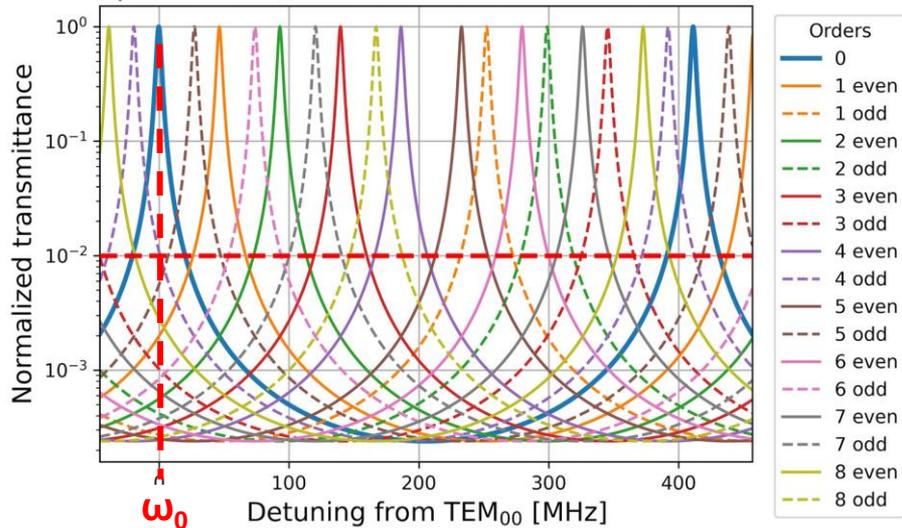
Credits: Chang-Hee Kim

# MC-IR for SIPS

## SIPS input mode cleaner

Credits: De Marco - M.Sc. thesis (2022)  
and De Marco *et al.* - Proc. of GRASS2022

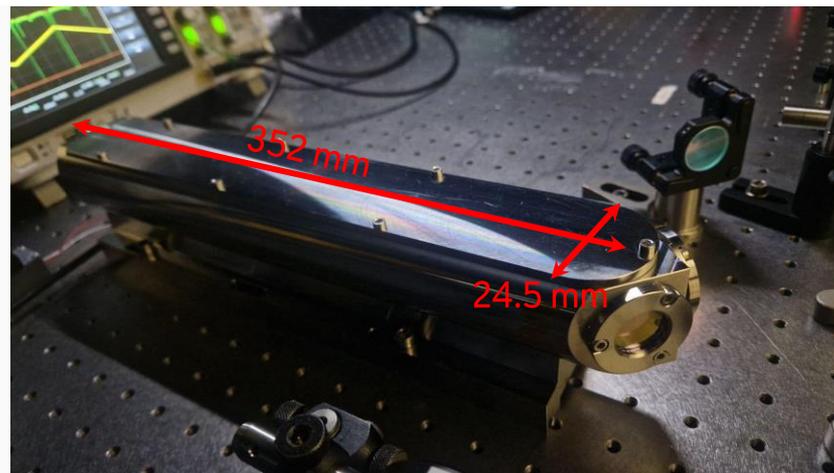
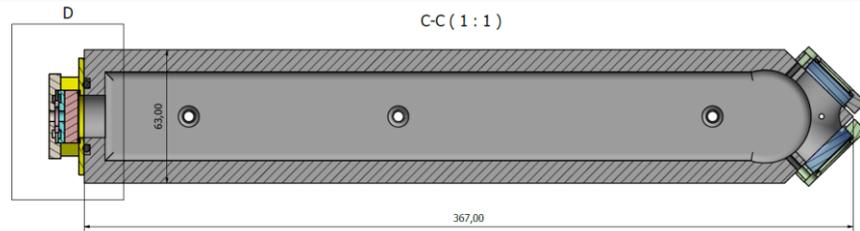
IMC Spectrum -  $L_{rt} = 729.0$  mm; RoC = 3 m;  $\mathcal{P} = 101.47$



- Delivers up to **3.9 W** to SIPS
- HOMs suppression **>20 dB**

## Mechanical design

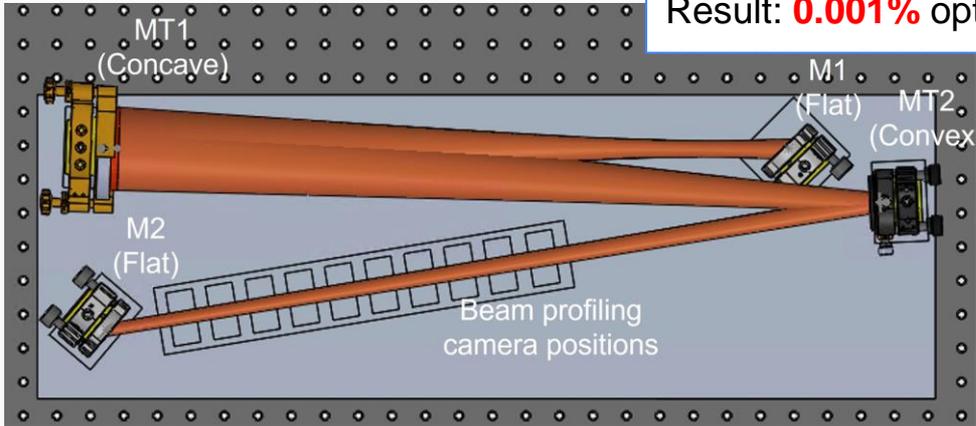
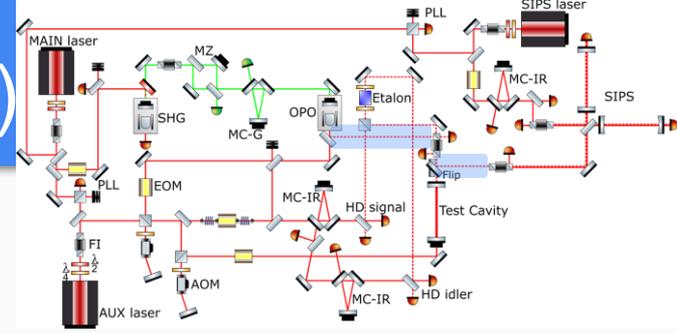
Credits: M. Perciballi



All the MC-IR are ready to be integrated in the EPR setup

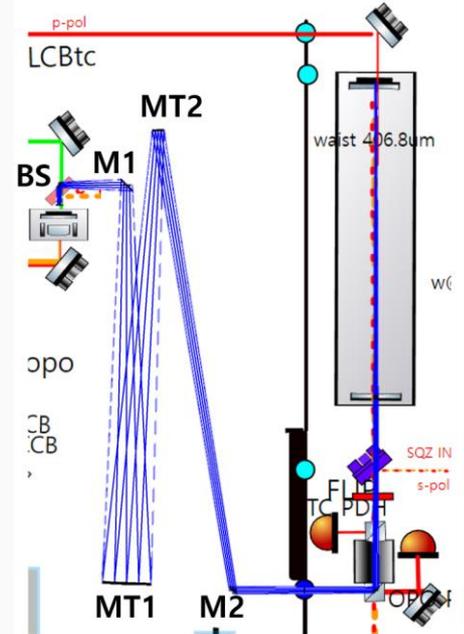
# Mode-Matching Telescopes (MMTs)

- The beam mode exiting from the OPO cavity needs to be matched to the Gaussian eigenmode of the interferometer
- One step before: linear test cavity (design and production by Naples team)



Requirement: <2% overall optical losses  
 Result: **0.001%** optical losses by design

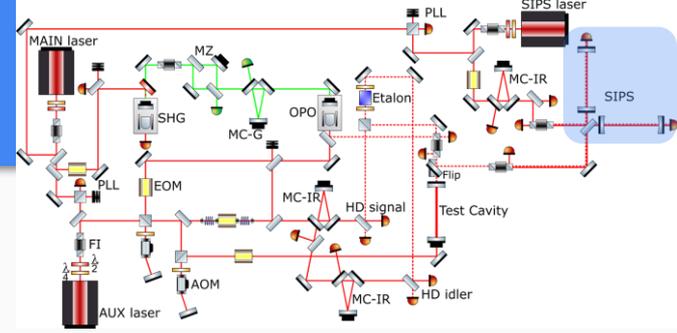
Credits: Hojae Ahn, Sumin Lee, Soojong Pak



1. Test cavity MMT designed and produced by KASI-KHU team: ready in July 2023
2. SIPS MMT: to be designed

# SIPS interferometer

- SIPS (Suspended Interferometer for Ponderomotive Squeezing) was initially conceived for ponderomotive squeezing (design and production by Roma1 and Naples team)
- Configuration: non-recycled Michelson Fabry-Perot interferometer
- Now it will be used to **test the EPR squeezing**



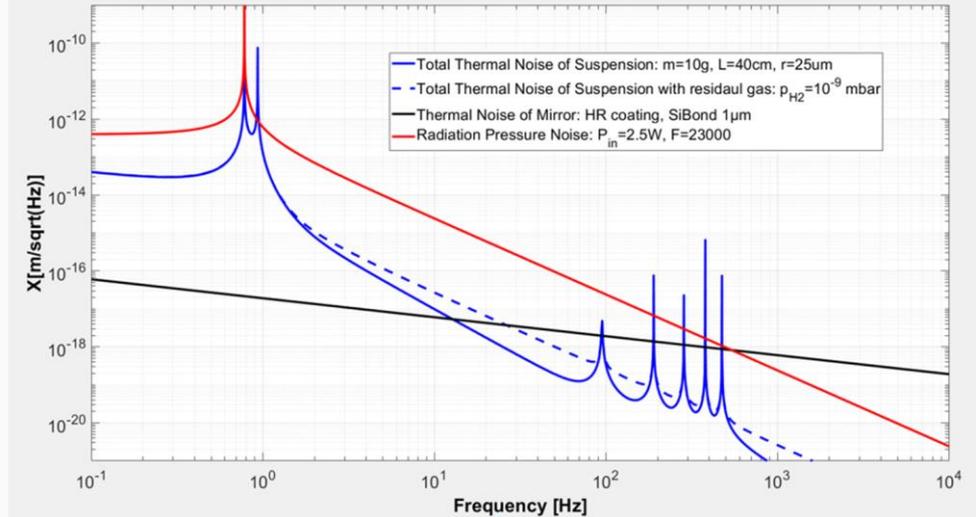
## Noise budget

Credits: Di Pace *et al.* - *Eur. Phys. J. D* 74, 227 (2020)  
and Giacoppo - PhD thesis (2023)

## Setup

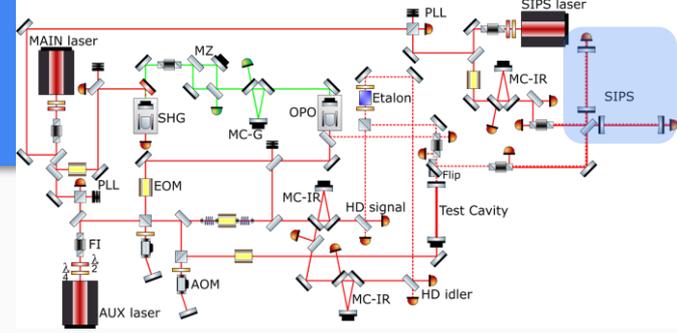


## Noise budget for End Mirror 1", 10g: new monolithic suspensions



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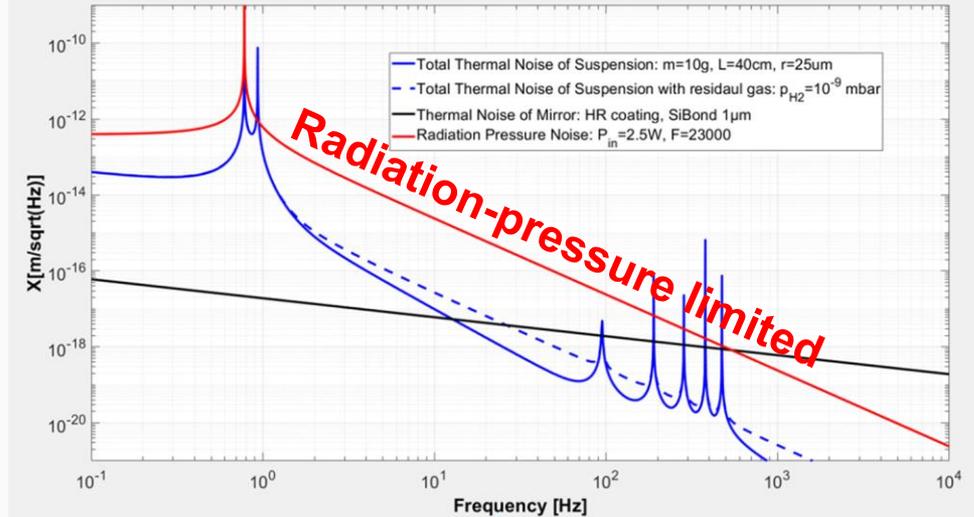
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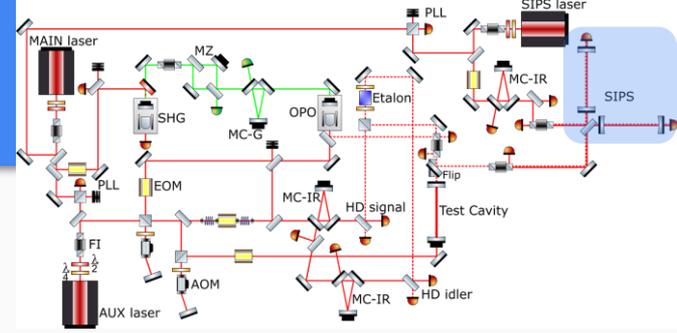


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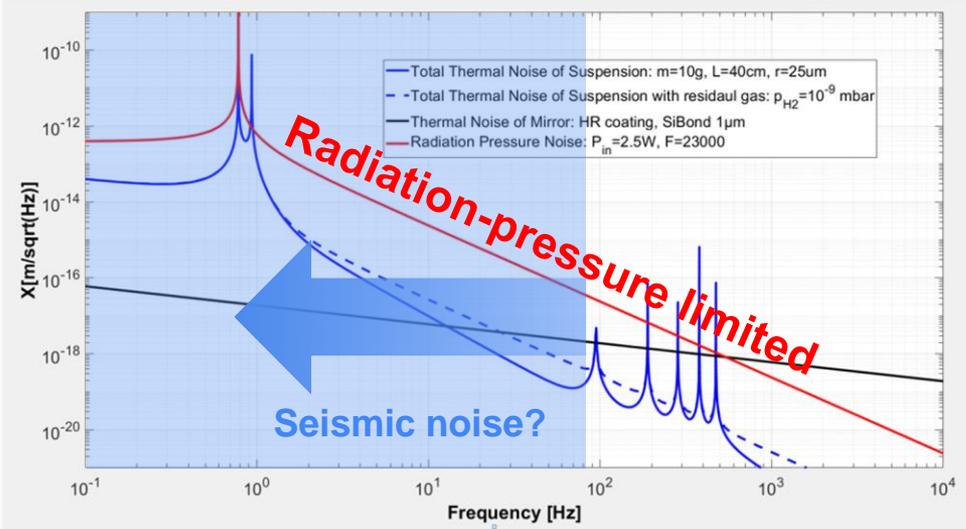
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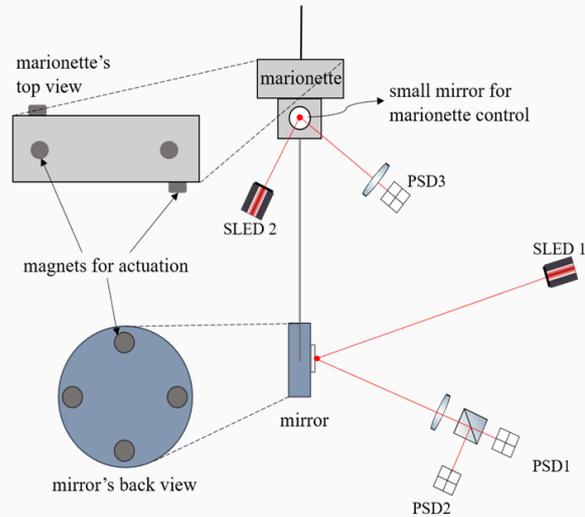


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# SIPS interferometer - local control

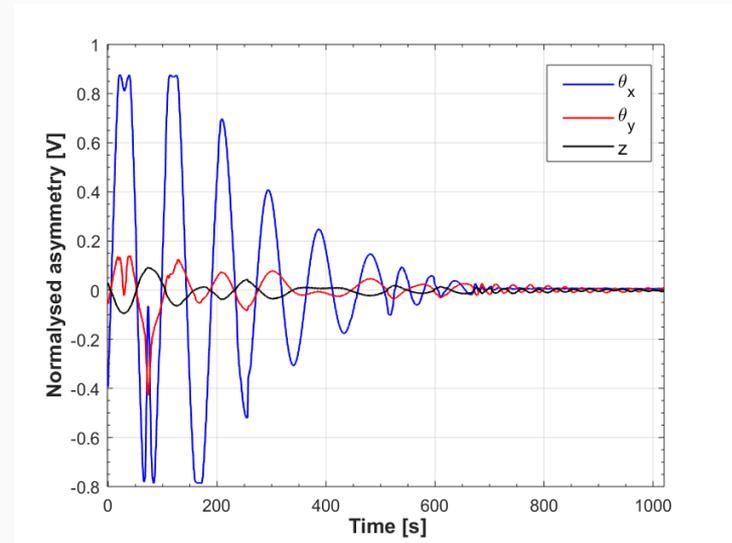
- SIPS local control will be improved with new mechanics and 4 suspension wires for each mirror [Giacoppo - PhD thesis \(2023\)](#)
- Readout: optical lever



- Tests with previous design carried out with dummy mirror

## Pre-alignment of the end mirror

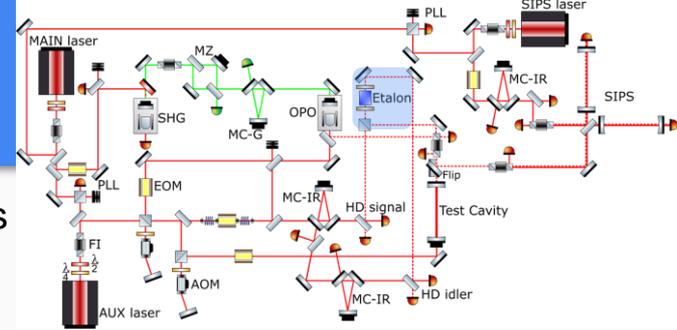
Credits: [Giacoppo et al. - Phys. Scr. 96 114007 \(2021\)](#)



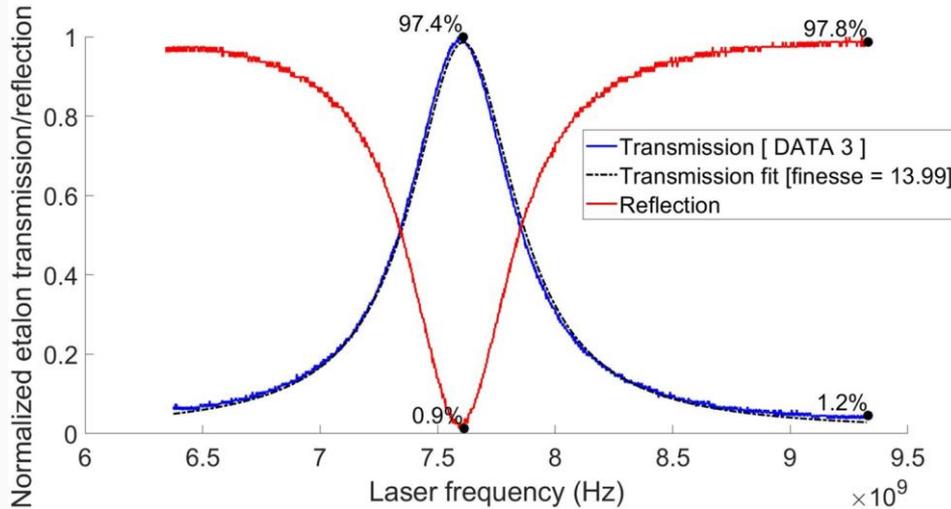
Next goal: improving the **10 nrad** and **0.1  $\mu\text{m}$**  performance of the previous system

# Etalon

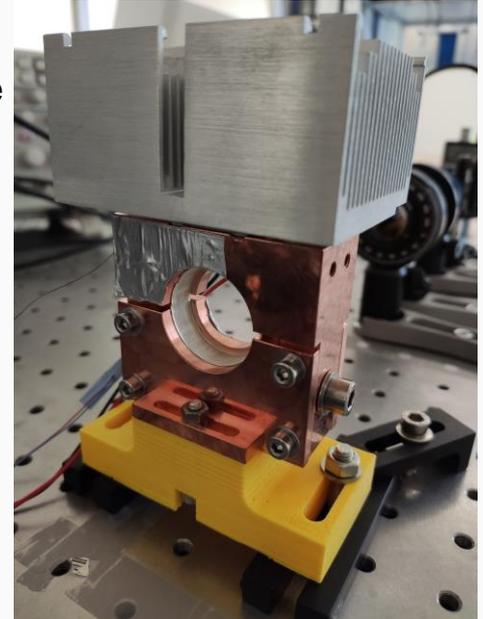
- An etalon is used for separating the outgoing **signal** and **idler** beams
- It has been already developed, produced and tested by APC-Paris team



## Frequency scan



- Monolithic
- Temperature controlled

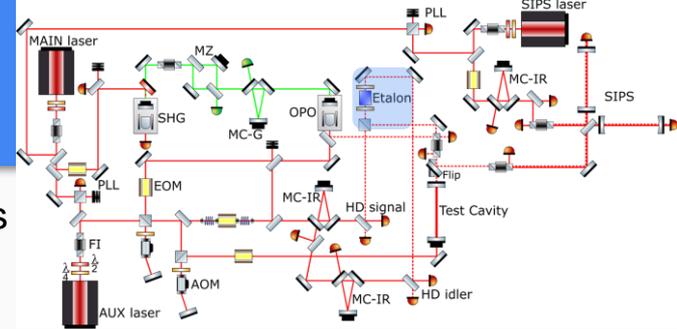


Credits: [Nguyen et al. - Appl. Opt. 61 17 \(2022\)](#)

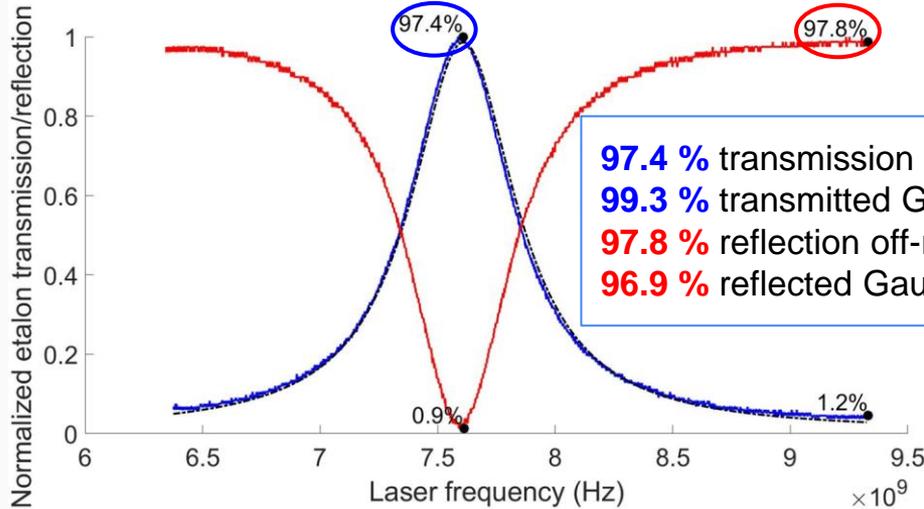
The etalon is currently on the EPR optical bench at EGO

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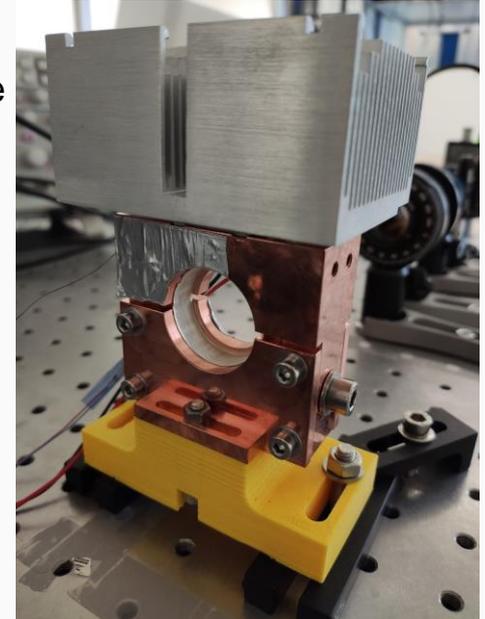


## Frequency scan



**97.4 %** transmission in resonance  
**99.3 %** transmitted Gaussian mode  
**97.8 %** reflection off-resonance  
**96.9 %** reflected Gaussian mode

- Monolithic
- Temperature controlled



Credits: [Nguyen et al. - Appl. Opt. 61 17 \(2022\)](#)

The etalon is currently on the EPR optical bench at EGO

# Conclusions and outlook

- We are implementing a table-top prototype to test EPR conditional squeezing scheme in a small-scale suspended interferometer
- Most of the main optical elements are already designed and produced
- Further steps to be taken include the improvement of several elements
- Optical simulations are needed to support the experimental goal
- An EPR squeezer will be even more important for 3rd generation detectors (e.g. Einstein Telescope and Cosmic Explorer)

# Thank you for your attention

Email:  
[francesco.demarco@roma1.infn.it](mailto:francesco.demarco@roma1.infn.it)

VIR-0482A-23

