

2–3 May 2022  
Hotel Europa, Bologna

# The ML\_INFN initiative

L. Anderlini<sup>1</sup>, on behalf of the ML\_INFN initiative

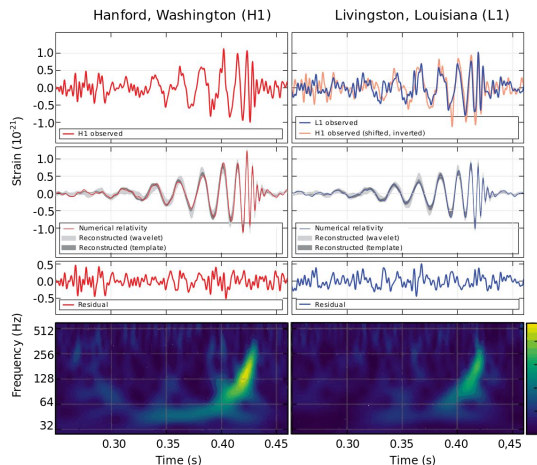


# Machine Learning Technologies for INFN

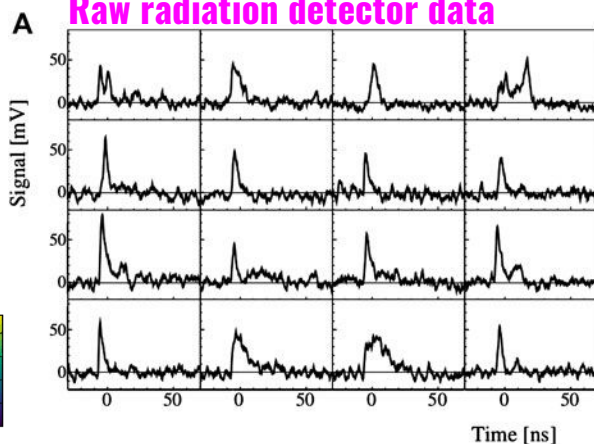
Most of the experiments and initiatives produce, analyse or process digital data.

Enthusiasm on the modern data processing technologies!

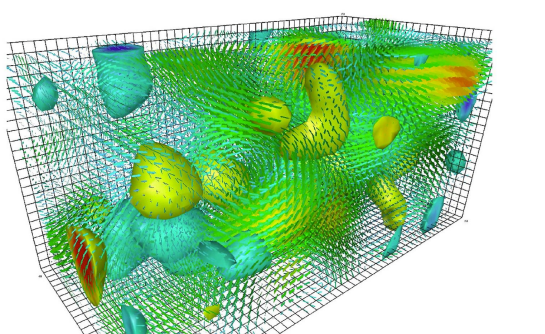
## Gravitational wave detection



## Raw radiation detector data



## LHC experiment data & simulation



Theoretical computations on the lattice



Research on innovative imaging technologies

# The potential barriers

Employing machine learning techniques often requires:

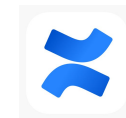
- specialized hardware and software setup



- specific training to identify tools and learning resources



- a community of experts providing support to research use cases



# Lowering The potential barriers with ML\_INFEN

Employing machine learning techniques often requires:

- specialized hardware and software setup



*WP1: provide a centrally maintained cloud-based infrastructure for interactive and batch ML fast prototyping, with access to modern GPU hardware and systems tuned for ML performance*

- specific training to identify tools and learning resources



*WP2: organize national training events for INFEN users  
(Machine Learning hackathons)*

- a community of experts providing support to research use cases

*WP3: provide and organize example applications in a knowledge base*



# The numbers of ML\_INFN

**11** INFN **structures** involved in the preparation of the knowledge base

**79** **researchers** devoting a fraction of their time to promote ML techniques for research

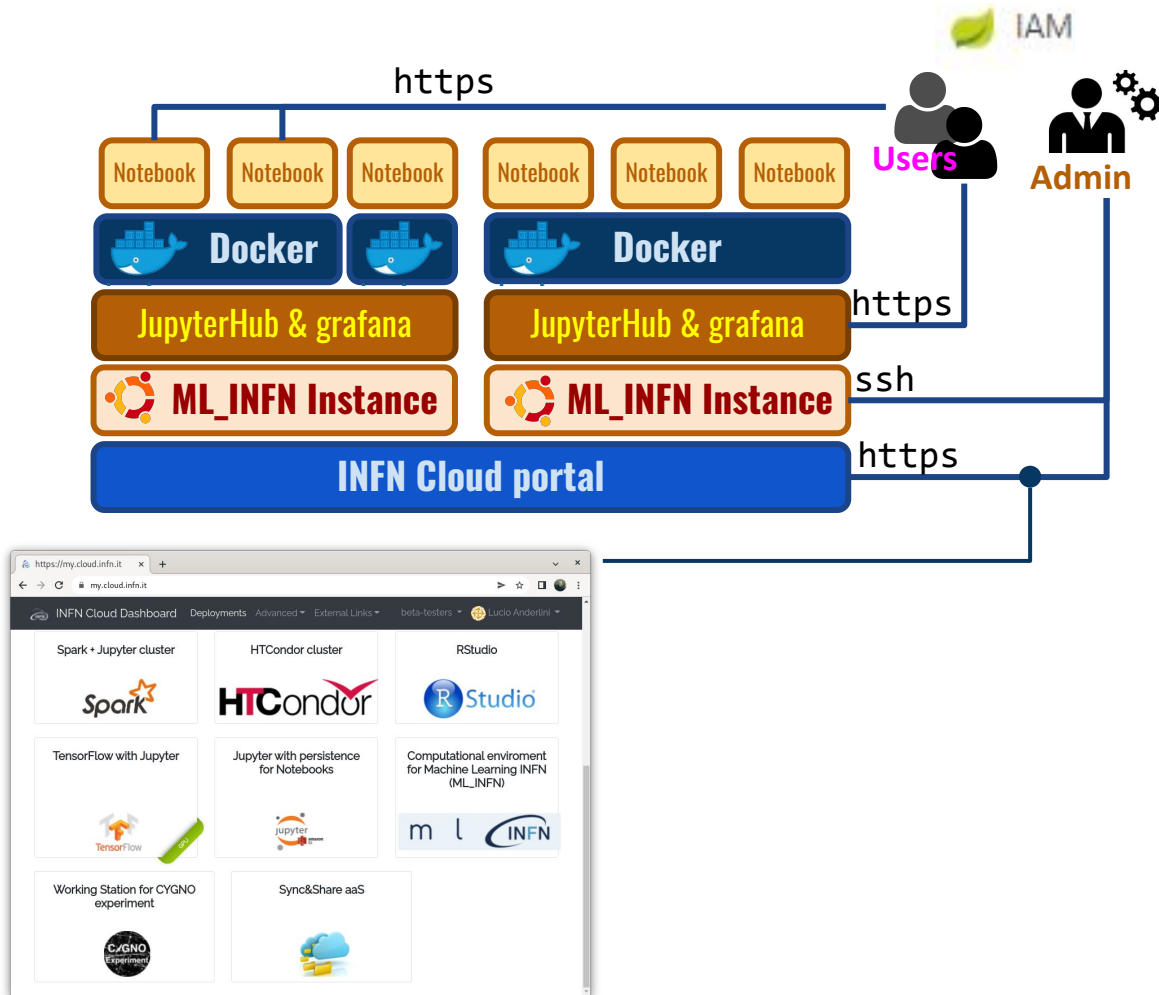
**16** professional **GPUs** made available and accessible through the INFN Cloud Interface

**110** **participants** to the **hackathons**, ranging from students to permanent staff members

# WP1. The infrastructure

# INFN Cloud

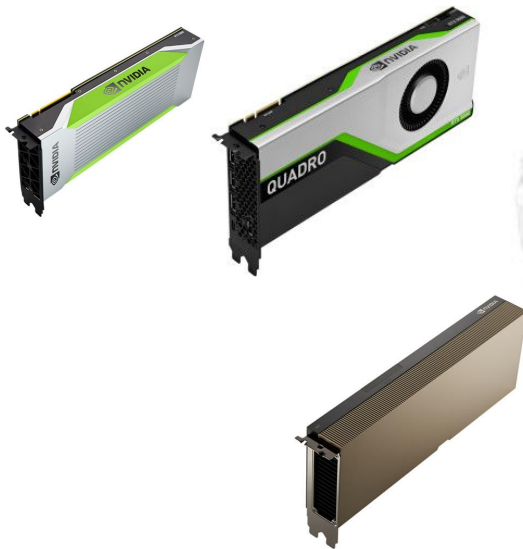
ML\_INFN is built on top of **INFN Cloud**: a data lake-centric, heterogeneous federated Cloud infrastructure spanning multiple sites across Italy, providing an extensible portfolio of solutions tailored to **multidisciplinary scientific communities**.



# Federated baremetal resources

1x SuperMicro + 1x E4 servers:

- 1 TB RAM
- 64-128 CPU cores
- 36 TB local storage (NVMe)
- 8x **Tesla T4** GPUs
- 5x **RTX 5000** GPUs
- 1x **A30** GPU
- 2x **A100** GPUs
- 10 GbE connection to CNAF resources



## Storage solutions

Storage from CERN experiments can be mounted with NFS from the Tier-1 storage

Hypervisors integrated to Ceph to manage persistent virtual volumes accessed from the VM with POSIX

Federated to CNAF OpenStack and INFN Cloud

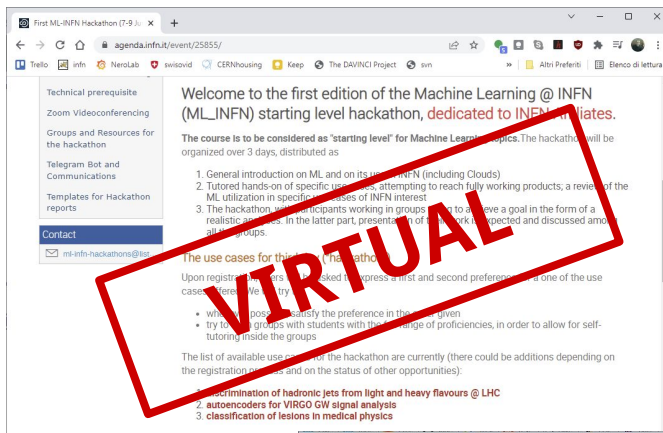


# WP2. Stewardship

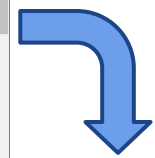
# Hackathons in Covid-19 Era

Originally planned as satellite events of scientific workshops, canceled due to pandemic, hackathons have been transformed in virtual events.

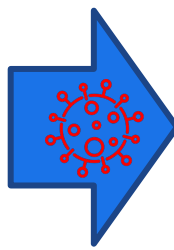
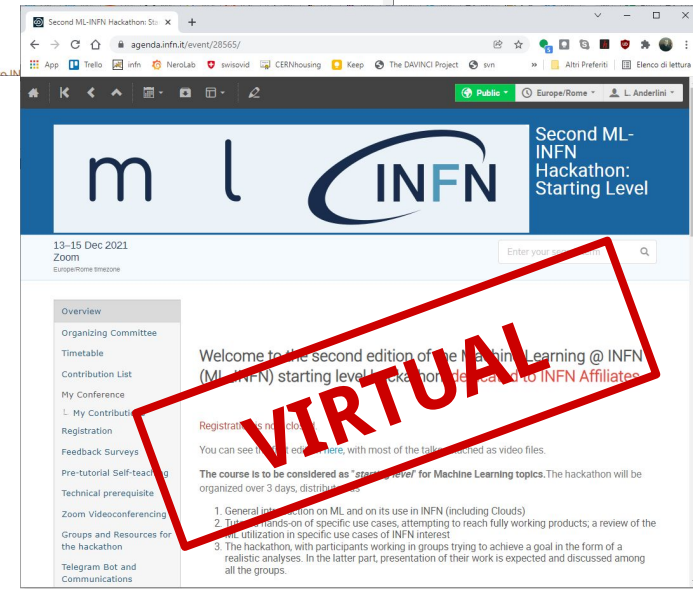
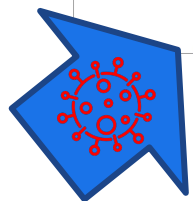
Registrations limited to 60 to guarantee decent tutor-per-student and RAM-per-student ratios.



“sold-out” in 72 hours



Repeated



# Lecture Program

## Day 1

Lectures

Theoretical introduction to ML

Lectures

Cloud and Cloud Resources

## Day 2

Hands-on

Neural Networks

Seminars

Deep Neural Network  
Applications to INFN research

## Day 3

Hackathon

Exercises  
with tutors *continuous support*

## Lunch break

Hands-on

Numpy, Pandas and Keras

Hands-on

Exercises  
with tutors *on demand*

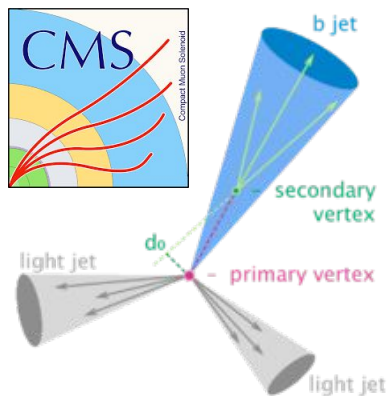
Closure

Reports from the students

# Hackathon use cases: 10 groups, one tutor per group

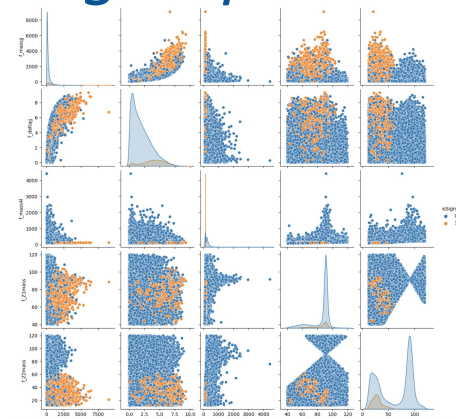
## Jet b-tagging at CMS

Recurrent Neural Networks with LSTM



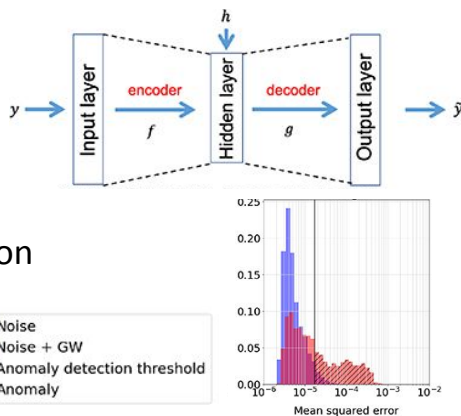
## Higgs searches at CMS

Deep Neural Networks and Advanced Keras



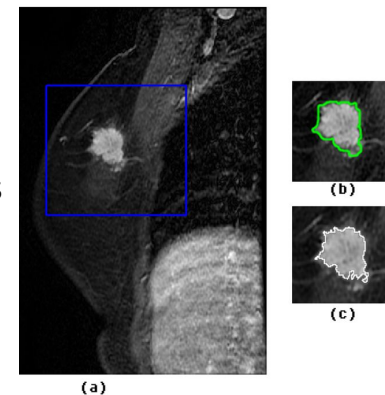
## Gravitational Waves with Virgo

Autoencoders, anomaly detection and compression



## Segmentation of CT scans

Convolutional Neural Networks Handling 2D and 3D datasets



# Final survey

A satisfaction questionnaire was submitted to the participant at the end of each event.

Generous feedback on:

- Level of difficulty
- Relevance and interest
- Technical setup

About a half of the participant responded they would have been willing to spend **more time** on the hands on and/or the hackathon.

## The Cloud / Jupyter setup

Did you find the technical setup using Cloud + Jupyter reasonable for ML oriented analyses?

A. Yes, worked for me: 19 (95.00%)

B. Yes, it generally worked for me (please add comment below): 1 (5.00%)

C. No (please explain below why): 0 (0.00%)



### On the difficulty level:

Too easy

Too difficult



Appropriate

### On the choice of topic:

expected more



Interesting

# Advanced Hackathon in Bari

21 – 24 November 2022

Registrations for the upcoming Advanced Hackathon are open. [Register now](#).

Planned exercise topics:

- Image segmentation in Medical Physics
- Domain Adaptation in HEP
- Graph Neural Networks and Transformers
- Explainable AI

The event will be *in person* and a maximum of 20 participants will be accepted.



## Objectives of the initiative:

- Present and discuss **realistic applications** of advanced algorithms to INFN research, **looking into the code**;
- Advertise **INFN Cloud** for sharing computing resources;
- Enhance **networking** of advanced ML practitioners within INFN.

# WP3. Network and Knowledge Base

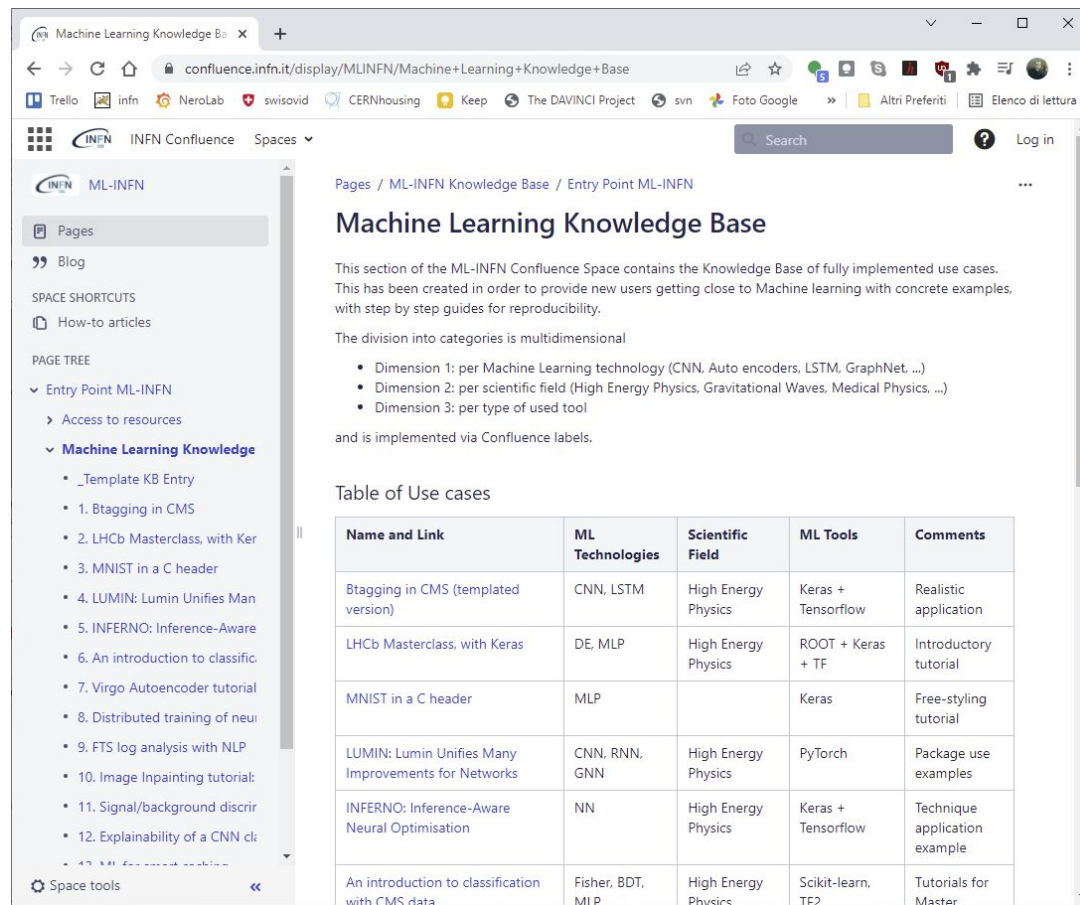


# Confluence Knowledge Base

Atlassian Confluence was used to build a **Knowledge Base** reporting several machine-learning use cases, including those discussed at the hackathon.

Each entry includes:

- Runnable **example** as a jupyter notebook or a git repository
- **Contact information** of one or more experts



Machine Learning Knowledge Base

This section of the ML-INFN Confluence Space contains the Knowledge Base of fully implemented use cases. This has been created in order to provide new users getting close to Machine learning with concrete examples, with step by step guides for reproducibility.

The division into categories is multidimensional

- Dimension 1: per Machine Learning technology (CNN, Auto encoders, LSTM, GraphNet, ...)
- Dimension 2: per scientific field (High Energy Physics, Gravitational Waves, Medical Physics, ...)
- Dimension 3: per type of used tool

and is implemented via Confluence labels.

Table of Use cases

Name and Link	ML Technologies	Scientific Field	ML Tools	Comments
Tagging in CMS (templated version)	CNN, LSTM	High Energy Physics	Keras + Tensorflow	Realistic application
LHCb Masterclass, with Keras	DE, MLP	High Energy Physics	ROOT + Keras + TF	Introductory tutorial
MNIST in a C header	MLP		Keras	Free-styling tutorial
LUMIN: Lumin Unifies Many Improvements for Networks	CNN, RNN, GNN	High Energy Physics	PyTorch	Package use examples
INFERN0: Inference-Aware Neural Optimisation	NN	High Energy Physics	Keras + Tensorflow	Technique application example
An introduction to classification with CMS data	Fisher, BDT, MLP	High Energy Physics	Scikit-learn, TE2	Tutorials for Master



# Publications

A. Abba et al., “The novel Mechanical Ventilator Milano for the COVID-19 pandemic featured”, *Physics of Fluids* 33, 037122 (2021)

L. Banchi *et al.*, “Measuring Analytic Gradients of General Quantum Evolution with the Stochastic Parameter Shift Rule”, *Quantum* 5, 386 (2021).

L. Banchi *et al.* “Generalization in Quantum Machine Learning: A Quantum Information Standpoint” , *PRX Quantum* 2, 040321

P. Braccia *et al.*, “How to enhance quantum generative adversarial learning of noisy information”, *New J. Phys.* 23 053024 (2021)

D. Carlotti *et al.*, “Deep learning method for TomoTherapy Hi-Art: prediction three-dimensional dose distribution”, *RADIOTHER ONCOL* 161 (2021)

S. Francescato *et al.* “Model compression and simplification pipelines for fast deep neural network inference in FPGAs in HEP”, *Eur. Phys. J. C* 81, 969 (2021).

G. Graziani et al., “A Neural-Network-defined Gaussian Mixture Model for particle identification applied to the LHCb fixed-target programme”, *JINST* 17 (2022) P02018

A. Palermo *et al.* “Machine learning approaches to the QCD transition”, *LATTICE 2021*, *arXiv:2111.05216*

# ... and counting



## BEST PAPER AWARD

presented to paper titled

**Hyperparameter optimisation of Artificial Intelligence for digital REStoration of Cultural Heritages (AIRES-CH) models**

authored by:

Alessandro Bombini - Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Florence Sec.  
 Lucio Anderlini - Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Florence Sec.  
 Luca dell'Agnello - Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, CNAF sec.  
 Francesco Giacomini - Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, CNAF sec.  
 Chiara Ruberto - Florence University & Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare  
 Francesco Taccetti - Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Florence Sec.

In recognition of your outstanding contribution in the  
 22<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Computational Science and Applications (ICCSA 2022) and its  
 associated workshops, held in collaboration with the University of Malaga, Spain, July 4 - 7, 2022.

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 Eligius Hendrix, University of Malaga, Spain  
 Bernady O. Apduhan, Kyushu Sangyo University, Japan

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 David Taniar, Monash University, Australia

### ICCSA 2022 Award Chair

Wenny Rahayu, La Trobe University, Australia



# Summary and conclusions

# Summary

The ML\_INFNO initiative has been providing many INFNO experiments with the hardware and the knowledge base to assess the potential **benefit of machine learning to their research** for three years.

The **ML\_INFNO** project relies on **INFNO Cloud** solutions and it federates resources optimized for ML performance in interactive and batch-like usage patterns (high-end professional GPUs, NVMe disks, many-core high-RAM systems)

A series of national training events (*machine learning hackathons*) and a collection of tutorials and real applications within the INFNO community (*knowledge base*) contribute to building **a network of experienced and enthusiast machine learning practitioners**, lowering the skill gap to benefit from machine learning developments.

# Outlook

Machine Learning is here to stay. In the next future:

- We will organize ***Advanced Training Course(s)*** on Deep Learning
- We will provide Cloud-based access to **FPGAs** as **Machine Learning accelerators**
  - Two U50 and a U250 Xilinx FPGAs recently federated to the cloud
  - Already accessed through virtual machines, aiming at provisioning FPGAs as a Service
- We will keep supporting students and researchers employing **Machine Learning technologies** in their daily activities.