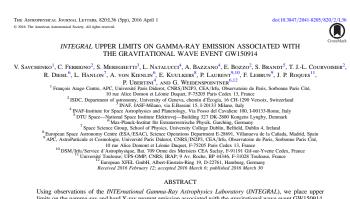


INTEGRAL follow up of the GW event: upper limits on γ-ray emission to GW150914 and observation of **LVT 151012**

Pietro Ubertini, Angela Bazzano, LorenzoNatalucci, IAPS/INAF Sandro Mereghetti, IASF-MI Carlo Ferrigno, Erik Kuulkers, Volodymyr Savchenko, et al.

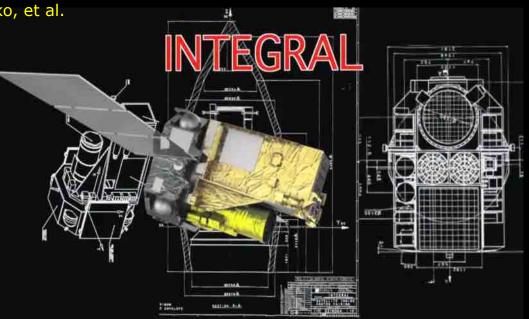
on behalf of the INTEGRAL GW Team

Ligo-Virgo MoU 5/4/2014



Using observations of the INTErnational Gamma-Ray Astrophysics Laboratory (INTEGRAL), we place upper limits on the gamma-ray and hard X-ray prompt emission associated with the gravitational wave event GW150914, which was discovered by the LIGO/Vingo Collaboration. The ommidirectional view of the INTEGRAL/SPFACS has allowed us to constrain the fraction of energy emitted in the hard X-ray electromagnetic component for the full high-probability sky region of LIGO triggers. Our upper limits on the hard X-ray determogenetic through the event range from $R_{\rm T} = 2 \times 10^{-3}$ erg cm⁻² to $R_{\rm T} = 0.0^{-6}$ erg cm⁻² in the 75 keV-2 MeV energy range for typical spectral models. Our results constrain the ratio of the energy promptly released in gamma-rays in the direction of the observer to the gravitational wave energy $E_{\rm r}/E_{\rm res} < 10^{-6}$ we discuss the implication of gamma-ray limits for the characteristics of the gravitational wave energy $E_{\rm r}/E_{\rm res} < 10^{-6}$ we full specifies of the transformation of parametry limits for the characteristics of the gravitational wave source, based on the available predictions for prompt electromagnetic emission.

RICAP2016, Villa Tuscolana Frascati, 23 giugno, 2016





RICAP 6th Roma International Conference on AstroParticle Physics









INTEGRAL UPDATE

INTEGRAL main features:

- ✓ 3 keV-10 MeV energy range with unprecedented sensitivity
- ✓ 2.7d uninterrupted observations
- ✓ wide FOV: ~100-1000 deg²
- ✓ 120 µs time resolution
- Arc min angular and keV energy resolution and
- Unique polarimetry capabity

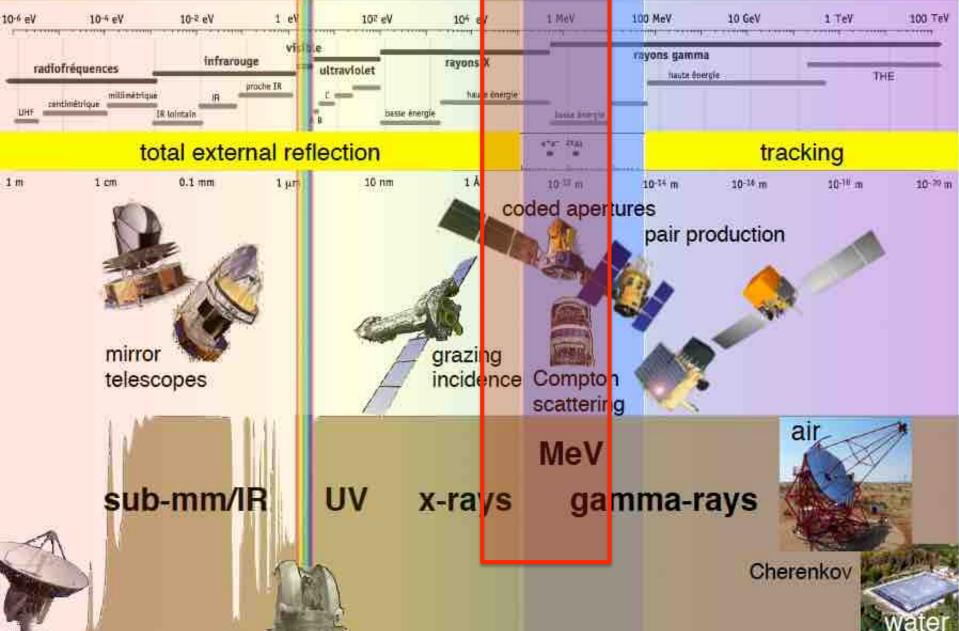
INTEGRAL is the link between the soft X-ray and high energy γ-ray

So far ~1000 INTEGRAL papers published 102+7 on-going PhD thesis (15+1 Italy) and 100+ press release



Electromagnetic Astronomy

SWIFT-INTEGRAL < 1keV – 10 MeV



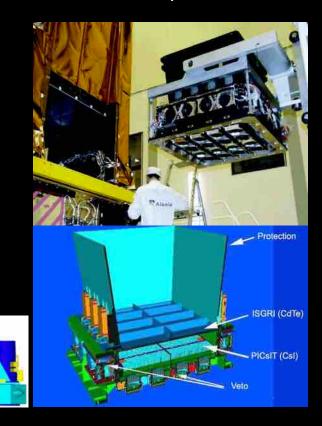
The SPI/ACS detectors view ~4π solid angle of the sky. E>75 keV, Tres=50ms Effective area: up to 1m²



The IBIS detectors ISGRI and PICsIT have max sensitivity to directions normal to SPI/ACS factor of 5 at least

The sensitivity to a gamma-ray transient depends on sky position and its evaluation must take into account the payload and satellite masses distribution

Outside the IBIS FOV (~30x30 deg²) the ISGRI and PICsIT detectors also view ~ 4π in the ~0.25-2.6 MeV band. PICsIT: T_res=15.6ms Effective area up to ~ $900cm^2$



INTEGRAL is similar to BeppoSAX for GW counterpart search...

SUBMITTED TO APJS Preprint typeset using LATEX style AASTeX6 v. 1.0



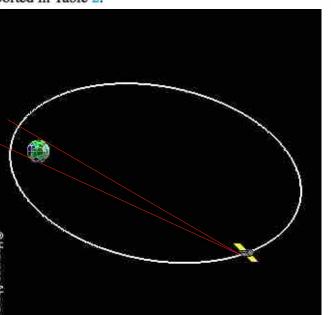
Fermi SUPPLEMENT: LOCALIZATION AND BROADBAND FOLLOW-UP OF THE GRAVITATIONAL-WAVE TRANSIENT IPN, II GW150914 BOOT THE LIGO SCIENTIFIC COLLABORATION AND THE VIRGO COLLABORATION, THE AUSTRALIAN SOUARE KILOMETER ARRAY PATHFINDER (ASKAP) COLLABORATION, THE BOOTES COLLABORATION, THE DARK ENERGY SURVEY AND THE DARK ENERGY CAMERA GW-EM COLLABORATIONS, THE Fermi GBM COLLABORATION. THE Fermi LAT COLLABORATION, THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVE INAF TEAM (GRAWITA), THE INTEGRAL COLLABORATION, THE INTERMEDIATE PALOMAR TRANSIENT FACTORY (IPTF) COLLABORATION, THE INTERPLANETARY NETWORK, THE J-GEM COLLABORATION, THE LA SILLA-QUEST SURVEY, THE LIVERPOOL TELESCOPE COLLABORATION, THE LOW FREQUENCY ARRAY (LOFAR) COLLABORATION, THE MASTER COLLABORATION, THE MAXI COLLABORATION, THE MURCHISON WIDE-FIELD ARRAY (MWA) COLLABORATION, THE PAN-STARRS COLLABORATION, THE PESSTO COLLABORATION, THE PI OF THE SKY COLLABORATION, THE SKYMAPPER COLLABORATION, THE Swift COLLABORATION, THE TAROT, ZADKO, ALGERIAN NATIONAL OBSERVATORY, AND C2PU COLLABORATION, THE TOROS COLLABORATION, AND THE VISTA COLLABORATION

(See the end matter for the full list of authors.) (Received 2016 April 27; Accepted 2016 May 4; Published 2016 MM DD)

optical spectroscopy and narrow-neid radio observations are indicated with darker tick marks and boldrace text. More detailed information on the timeline of observations is reported in Table 2.

arxiv1602.08492

V. Savchenko et al., 2016 ApJL, 820,L36 Abbott, B. P et al, 2016 ApJL



INTEGRAL UL on *γ*-ray emission from GW150914

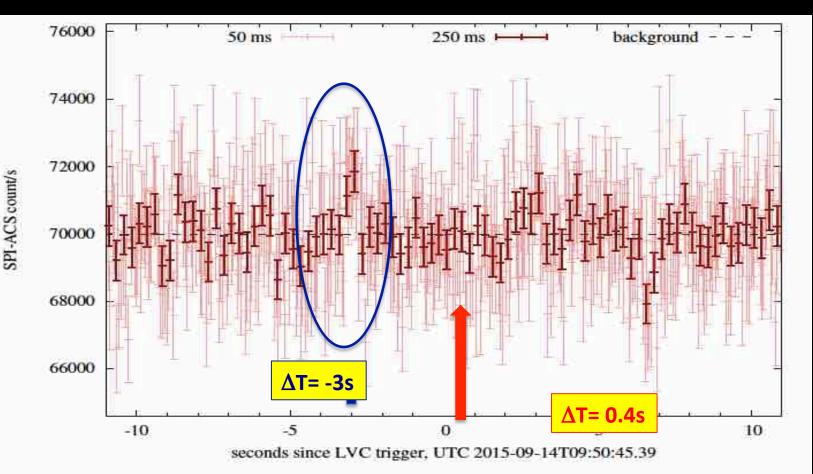


Fig. 1.— INTEGRAL/SPI-ACS lightcurve in ± 10 s around GW150914 trigger time. Light red symbols represent the measurements at the natural instrument time resolution of 50 ms; dark red points are rebinned to 250 ms. The dashed black curve is the background level estimated from a long-term average.

http://arxiv.org/abs/1602.04180

INTEGRAL UL on *γ*-ray emission from GW150914

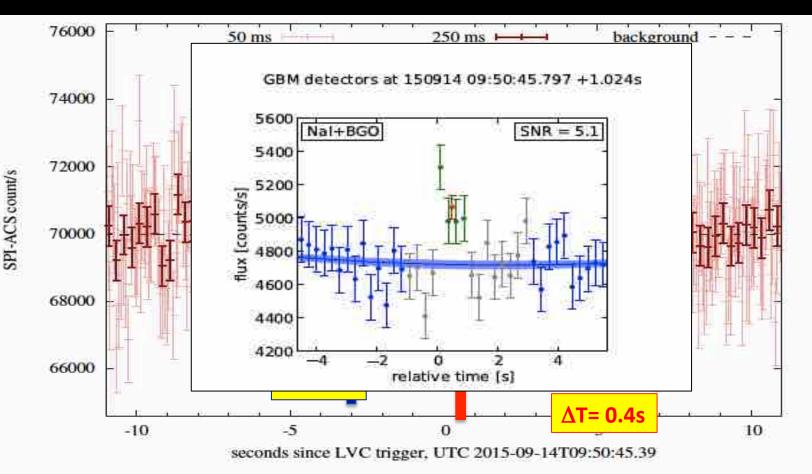
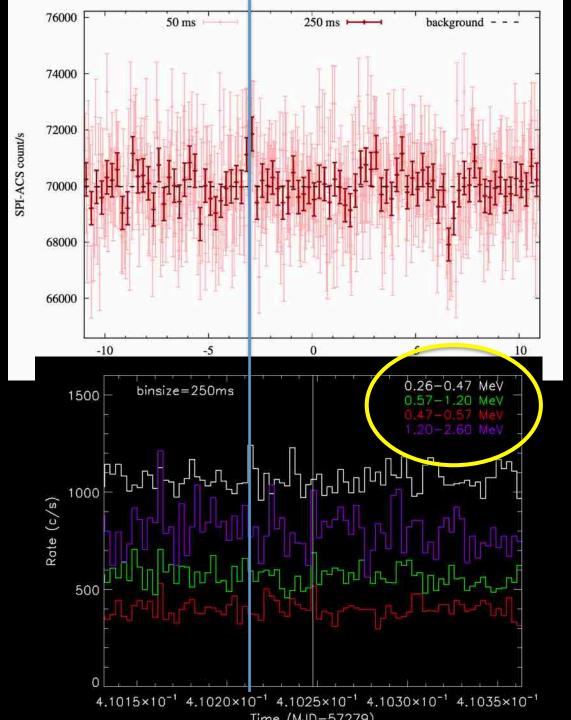


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PICSIT Spectral Timing data 260 keV – 2.6 MeV

16ms time resolution

INTEGRAL UL on *y*-ray emission from GW150914

- The Real-time IBAS GRB trigger system has not been triggered by the GW event. Off-line analysys has then been performed.
- ✓ INTEGRAL has observed the whole sky in the range from 50KeV to 2MeV before and after the reported GW150914 event
- ✓ Using the omni-directional view of the INTEGRAL/SPI-ACS and the IBIS-PICSIT side FoV we have obtained tight upper limits on

the hard X-ray/γ-ray prompt emission

✓ INTEGRAL, FERMI and SWIFT data strongly constrain the fraction of energy emitted in the high energy electromagnetic component from the full *high-probability sky region* of LIGO/Virgo trigger

LVT 151012

- Event with associated false alarm probability of 0.02
- Location compatible to be within INTEGRAL FoV
- Possible binary BH merger, with masses and redshift 0.21^{+0.09}/_{-0.09}

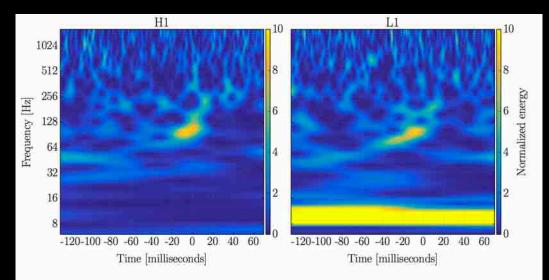


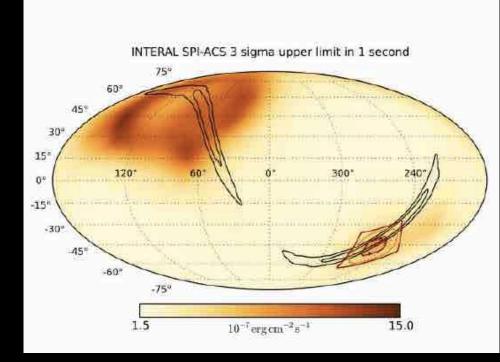
Figure 13: Normalized spectrograms of LVT151012 in LIGO-Hanford (left) and LIGO-Livingston (right) h(t) data with the same central GPS time. Note these spectrograms have a much smaller normalized energy scale than those in Figure 10.

Abbott+16, arXiv:1602.03844v3

 $23^{+18}_{-6} \ {
m M}_{\odot}$ and $13^{+4}_{-5} \ {
m M}_{\odot}$

LVT 151012

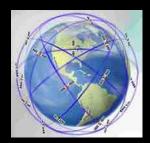
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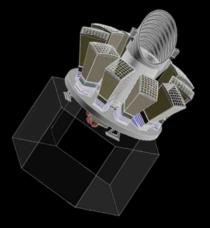
 $23^{+18}_{-6} \ {
m M}_{\odot}$ and $13^{+4}_{-5} \ {
m M}_{\odot}$

What's next: OP2 \rightarrow 1 trigger/week









LOBSTER (NASA) Theseus (ESA)

INTEGRAL-SWIFT Large Observatories >10 years operations

Low cost!..INAF support essential

Lobster eye X-Ray + gamma-ray trigger 10-50 grb High Z

> 10y dev. Cost 100-500M€



The HERMES mission High Energy Rapid Modular Experiment Satellites

Cubesat sworm constellation Arcsec positioning

Short turnaround Moderate cost, modularity: 100cubesat

CONCLUSIONS

- INTEGRAL operation was changed after GW 150914 to IMMEDIATELY follow-up the NEXT GW trigger.
- INTEGRAL has constrained the energy emitted in the high energy electromagnetic component from the full highprobability sky region of LIGO/Virgo trigger to:



- > INTEGRAL has observed with the allsky monitor LVT 151012 and a large part of the LIGO/VIRGO error box is within the FoV!! \rightarrow
- \succ best chance for a signal \rightarrow looking for the data NOW or...
- > More stringent upper limit to come....

