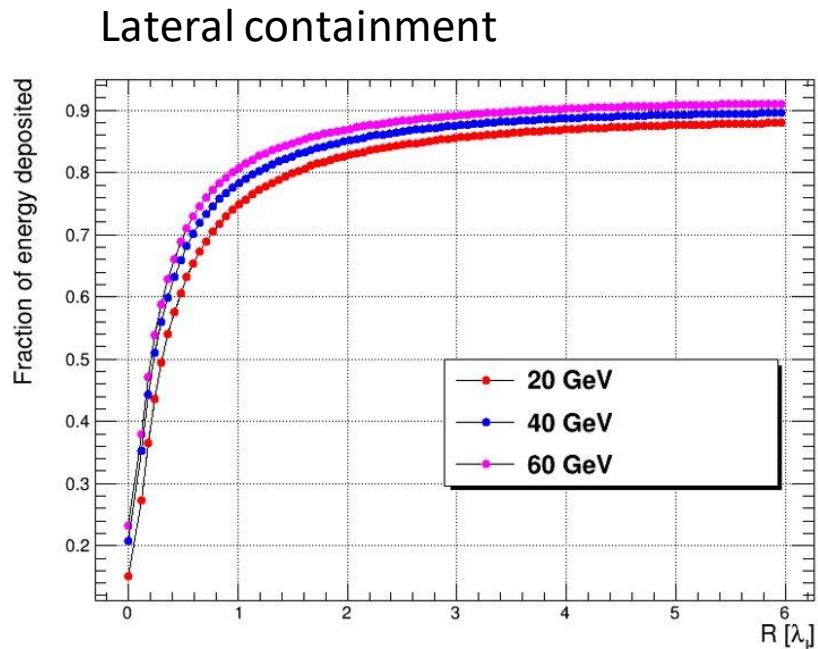
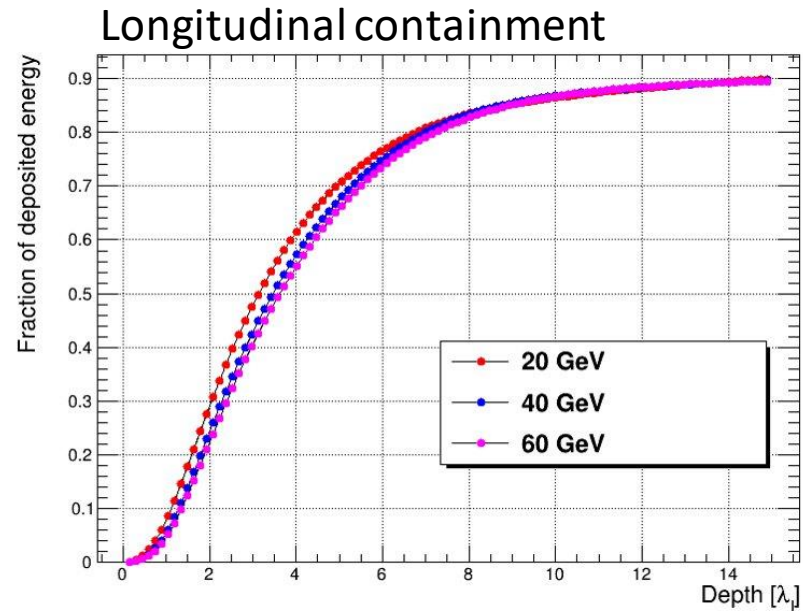


Meeting Muon Collider GEANT4 Calorimeter simulation

Status and plans - 4/7/2022

Latest results

- **Containment studies** with pions up to 60 GeV
- Layers made of
 - 2 cm of Fe (**absorber**)
 - 5 mm of Ar (**active gap**)
- Granularity given by cell of $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2$
- Geometry optimized for shower containment
 - $3 \lambda_1$ for 90% lateral containment
 - $14 \lambda_1$ for 90% longitudinal containment

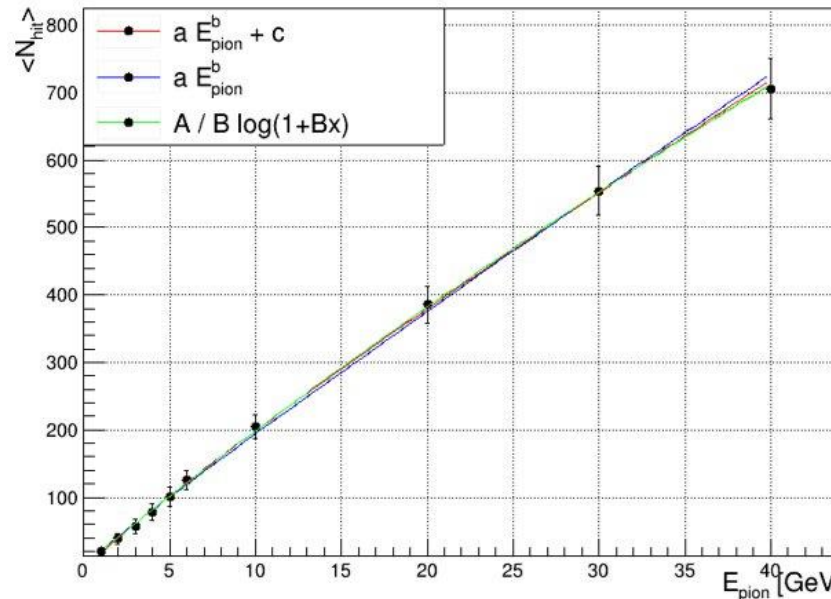


Latest results

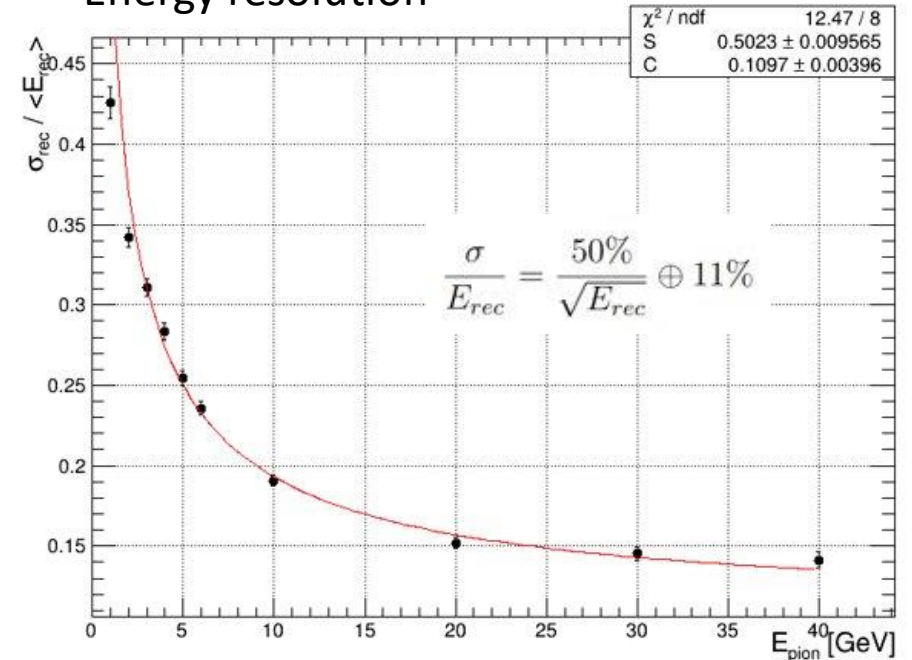
Energy resolution

- E_{pion} from 1 to 40 GeV
- Detector Geometry:
 - 50 layers, $1 \times 1 \text{ m}^2$
total transverse size, $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2$
cell
- Digital RO (single threshold)
 - 1 hit = 1 cell with deposited energy higher than 30 eV
- Response function $N_{\text{hit}} = f(E_{\text{pion}})$
- Reconstruct the energy from $E_{\text{rec}} = f^{-1}(N_{\text{hit}})$

Calorimeter response function



Energy resolution



Future plans

- Implement the realistic prototype materials and geometry – the one described on PRIN?

Preliminary containment plots with

- 12 layers, 50x50 cm² transver size
 - 4 cm of Fe for the absorber
 - 3 mm of Ar for the gap
- At the energies of the SPS test beam

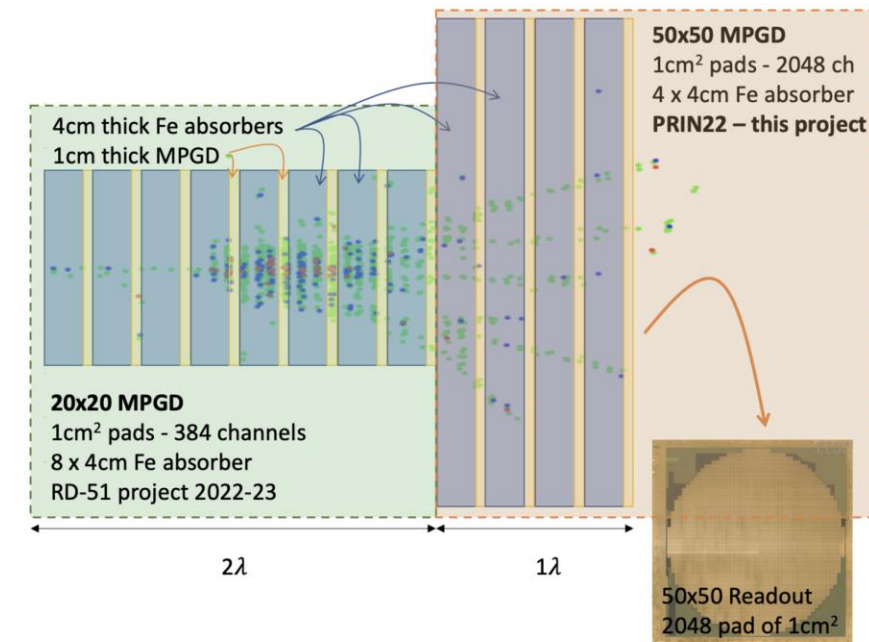
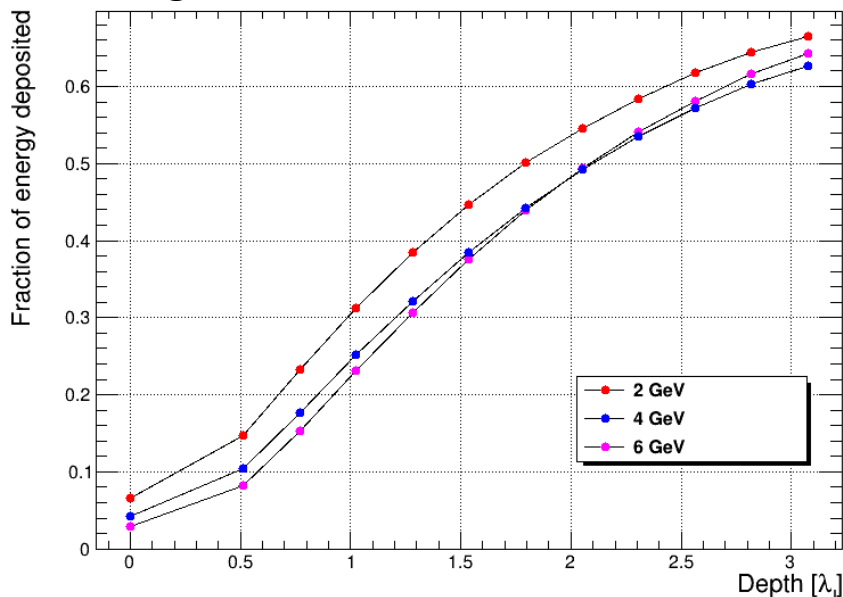
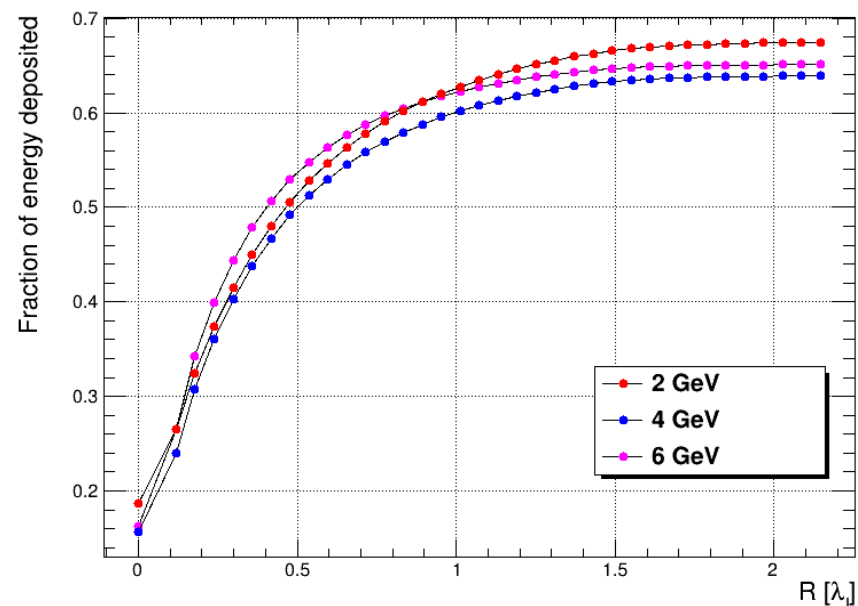


Fig. 2.4: Layout of the HCAL prototype with 3λ depth. The first 2λ is made of the 20x20cm² prototype developed in the RD-51 project in 2022, while the last λ necessary to contain longitudinally (95%) protons and pions of 1-6 GeV is made of 50x50cm² detectors developed in this project.

Longitudinal containment



Lateral containment



Future plans

- Implement **semi-digital RO**

- Using multiple threshold

$$N_{hit,i} = \sum_j h_j \text{ where } \begin{cases} i = 1 & th_1 \leq E_{dep} < th_2 \\ i = 2 & th_2 \leq E_{dep} < th_3 \\ i = 3 & th_3 \leq E_{dep} \end{cases}$$

- Need to optimize threshold values th_i and weight c_i

$$E_{rec} = \sum_i c_i \cdot f^{-1}(N_{hit,i})$$

- Implement **analogic RO**

- Need to find a different approach for the energy reconstruction

- Implement a **dead time** for the hit response

- Implement **time resolution** (detector + RO)

- Add **background flux** to simulate BIB

- Flat distribution with rate and energies to be extracted from simulations with MuCol SW