JWT Mapping to Unix User

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- Why? The problem
- Proposed solution
- Possible applications

Why? Because... the initial use-case

• HTCondor support for JWTs:

https://htcondor.com/htcondor-ce/v5/configuration/ authentication/#scitokens

SciTokens

To allow clients with SciToken or WLCG tokens to submit jobs to your HTCondor-CE, add lines of the following format:

SCITOKENS /<TOKEN ISSUER>,<TOKEN SUBJECT>/ <USERNAME>

Replacing <TOKEN ISSUER> (escaping any / with \/, <TOKEN SUBJECT>, and <USERNAME> with the token issuer (iss), token subject (sub), and the unix account under which the job should run, respectively. For example, to map any token from the OSG VO regardless of the token sub, add the following line to a *.conf file in /etc/condor-ce/mapfiles.d/:

SCITOKENS /^https:\/\/scitokens.org\/osg-connect,.*/ osg

Why?!?!?

why is it done in this way?

- Big collaborations do make use of a Workload Management System (WMS, like DIRAC, PANDA, AliEn, etc...)
 - Few (iss, sub) pairs to map per big VO
- SCITOKENS => OSG use case in mind
 - Each OSG-supported VO has one dedicated token issuer
 - ► VO <=> issuer



Why? pitfalls

- 1. Difficult to put in production:
 - has to be filled by hand
 - ► static file
- 2. Medium/Small collaborations not using a WMS => tons of hand-made mapping in the future?
- 3. Mapping entire OSG collaborations with one single Unix user
- 4. Complete lack of VO/group handling in HTCondor. In IAM:
 - VO => (iss, sub, [wlcg.]groups). Given the VO, a token can be created
 - not "<=>". Given a token, cannot automatically associate to a VO (hence uid)
 - What if a token has multiple valid groups in its claims?

Proposed solution

Token to Unix User - t2u2

- Written in C++14
- HTTP-based
- Easy to configure
- Very small code base
- Very small resource consumption and fast
- <u>https://baltig.infn.it/budda/t2u2</u>

- Few dependencies:
 - openssl 1.1.1k
 - Crow (C++ HTTP framework)
 - boost 1.69.0 (dep of Crow)
 - libcurl
 - yaml-cpp (configuration file)
 - ► jwt-cpp

Proposed solution Policy definition

```
policies:
  allow_untrusted_issuer: false
  trusted_issuers:
    - https://iam-t1-computing.cloud.cnaf.infn.it
    - https://wlcg.cloud.cnaf.infn.it
  groups:
    wlcg:
      reuse_users: true
      users:
        - wlcg001
        - wlcg002
    dteam:
      users:
        pattern: "dteam%03d"
        range: [1, 100]
    km3net:
      users:
        pattern: "km3net%03d"
        range: [1, 50]
```

```
# default: false
# trusted IAMs
```

dictionary of IAM groups

```
# default: false
# local Unix users
```

pattern like in `man 3 printf`

Proposed solution

Request workflow



Proposed solution Mapping algorithm

preferred_group := http::headers::preferred_group

```
if preferred group {
  if preferred_group in (jwt::claims::groups or jwt::claims::wlgc.groups) {
    group := preferred_group
  } else {
    error();
  }
} else {
  if not empty(jwt::claims::groups) {
    group := jwt::claims::groups[0]
  } else if not empty(jwt::claims::wlcg.groups) {
    group := jwt::claims::wlcg.groups[0]
  } else {
    error();
  }
}
user := group in policies
```

Examples of usage

- Run the executable:
 - \$./t2u2 [--configfile <file.yml=/etc/t2u2/config.yml>]
- Query the server:
 - \$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer \$TOKEN" <u>https://t2u2.example.com/map</u>

myuserntof

\$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer \$TOKEN" -H 'X-Preferred-Group: litebird' <u>https://t2u2.example.com/map</u> myuserlitebird

Possible weak points

Token to Unix User - t2u2

- Home-made solution
 - Needs maintenance
- DB is currently a local text file + in-memory copy
 - No distributed DB => scalability problem?
 - ~4.3 connections/s at each CNAF CE (6 in total)
 - average response delay ~O(ms)

Possible applications

- HTCondor-CE mapping
 - needs support in HTCondor for a callout (as per GSI Auth with ARGUS)
 - HTCondor devs would like to receive a pull request to work on
- StoRM mapping (?)
 - Discussion



Configuration file

log: level: debug ssl: disable: false # default cert: /etc/t2u2/cert.pem key: /etc/t2u2/key.pem db: cache.db address: 127.0.0.1 # address to bind port: 9090 # port to bind policies: allow_untrusted_issuer: false # default trusted issuers: - https://iam-t1-computing.cloud.cnaf.infn.it - localhost:8080 # IAM groups groups: wlcg: # default reuse_users: false users: - wlcg001 # Unix users - wlcg002 dteam: users: pattern: "dteam%03d" range: [1, 100] km3net: users: pattern: "km3net%03d" range: [1, 3]