

Evidence of a new pentaquark
candidate in $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ decay

28/06/2022

Mengzhen Wang

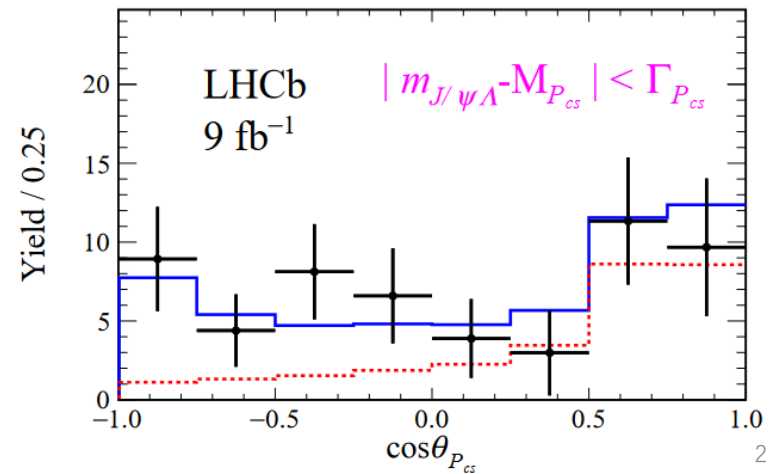
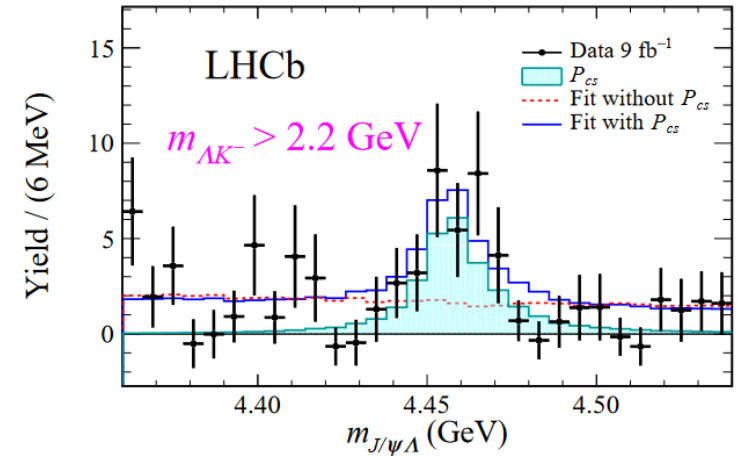
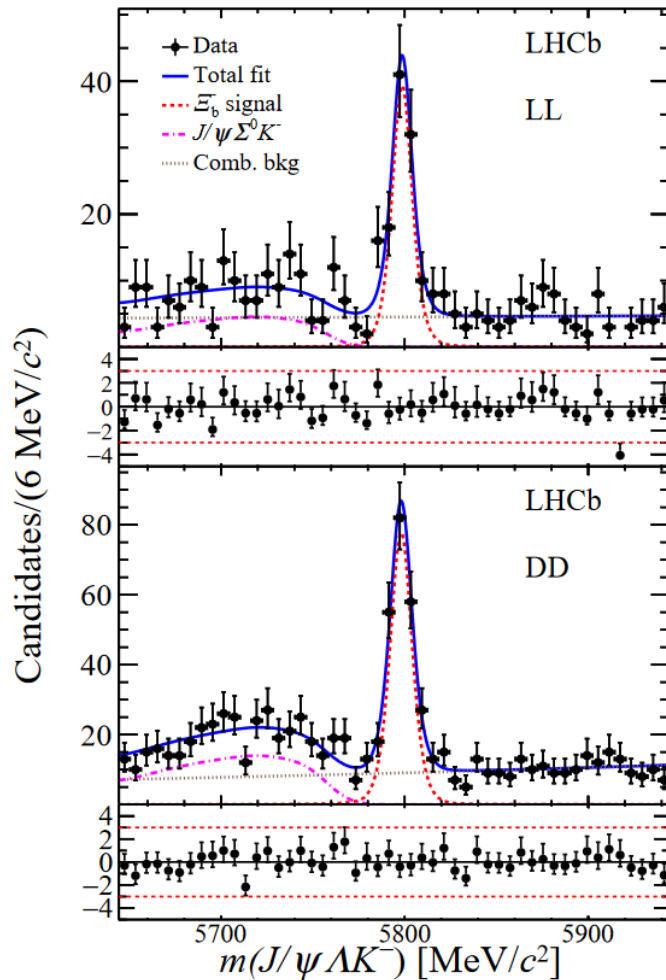
Outline

PLB 772 (2017) 265-273

Run1: Observation of $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$

Science Bulletin 66 (2021) 1278

Run1+2: Am. An. & evidence of a $J/\psi \Lambda$ structure



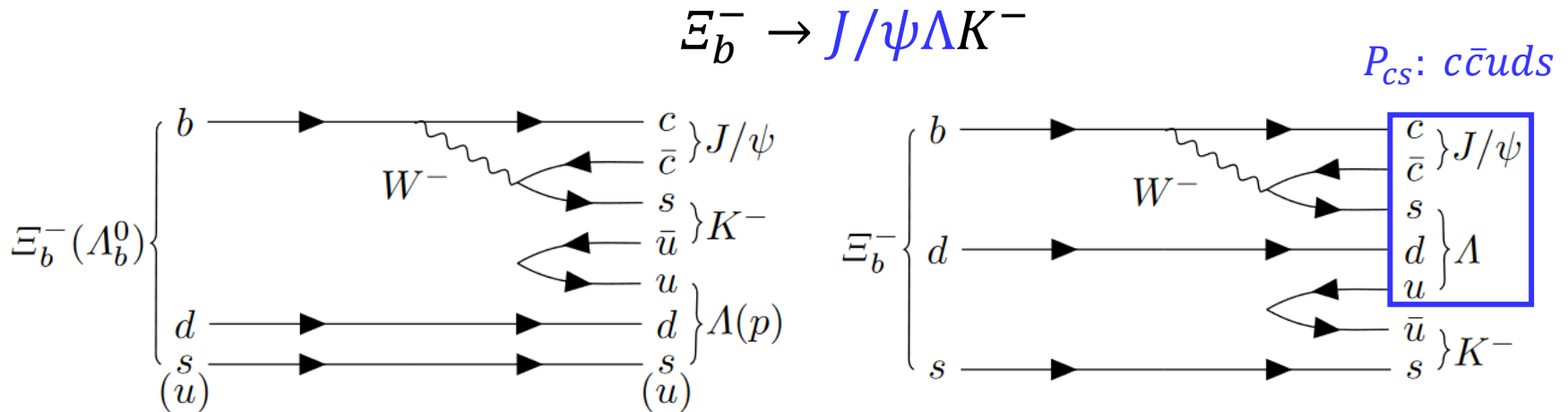
PLB 772 (2017) 265-273

First observation of the decay
 $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ (LHCb Run1)

Motivation

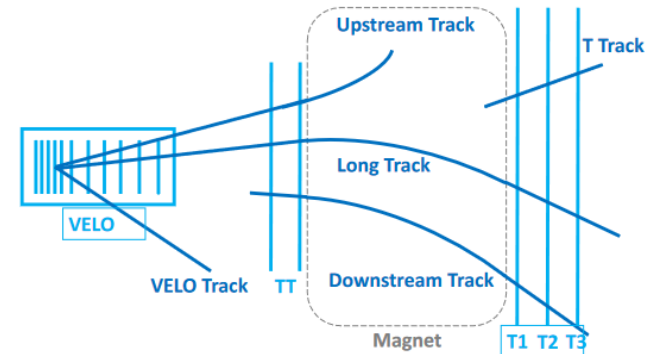
PRL 115(2015)072001

- Pentaquark-like states observed in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$ in 2015
- Search for the SU(3) partners



- First target:
 - Search for $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ using LHCb Run1 data
 - Evaluate the available signal yield for further amplitude analysis

Analysis strategy



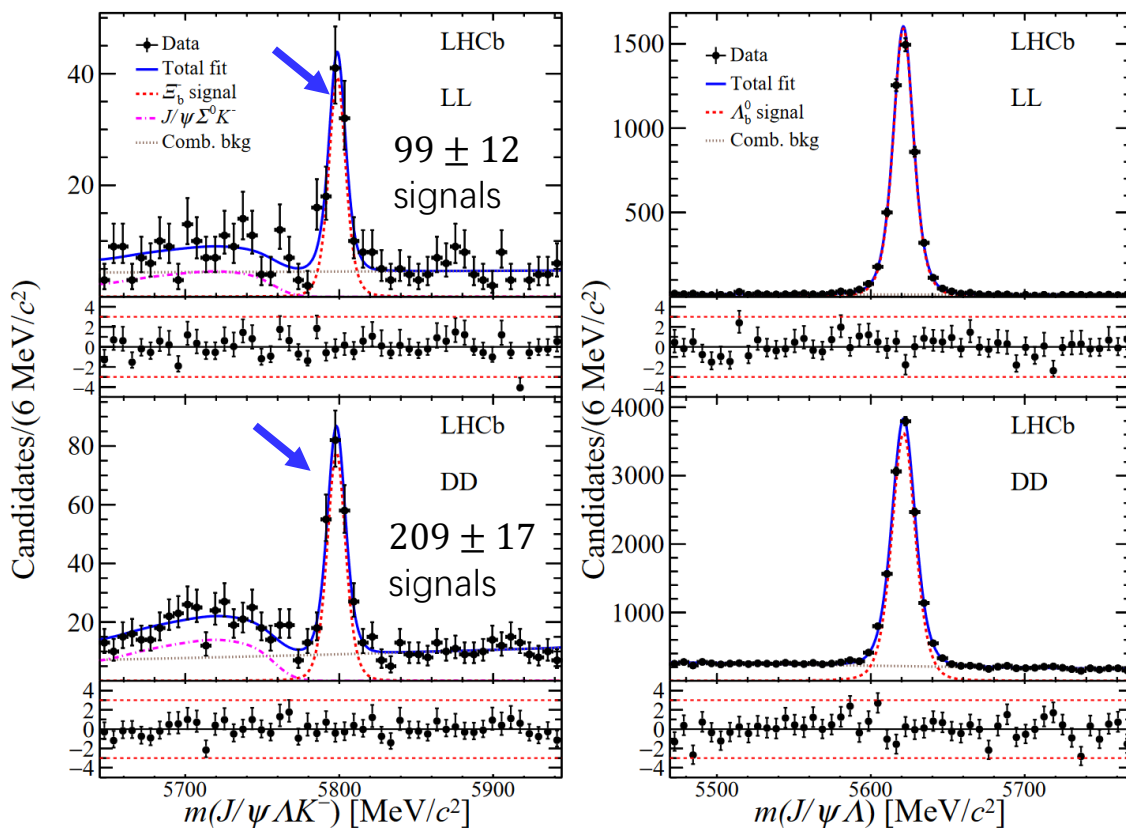
- LHCb Run1 pp data, $L \sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi$ (Long+Long OR Down+Down); $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
- Online selection:
 - Two high- p_T muons, vertexing far away from the PV
- Offline selection:
 - Use the fully reconstructed topology, kinematic & PID
 - Loose preselection + tighter MVA-based selection
 - Optimized separately for LL & DD samples
- $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ signals act as peak in $m(J/\psi \Lambda K^-)$ spectrum
 - 1D mass fit for signal yield extraction
- If observed, measure the branching fraction

Measure the production ratio:

$$R_{\Xi_b^-/\Lambda_b^0} \equiv \frac{f_{\Xi_b^-} \mathcal{B}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-)}{f_{\Lambda_b^0} \mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda)} = \frac{N(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-)}{N(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda)} \epsilon_{\text{rel}},$$

Results

- Significant Ξ_b^- peak in $m(J/\psi\Lambda K^-)$ spectrum. Indicate 1st observation
- ~300 signals collected. Not enough for a amplitude analysis. Stay tuned with Run2 data.



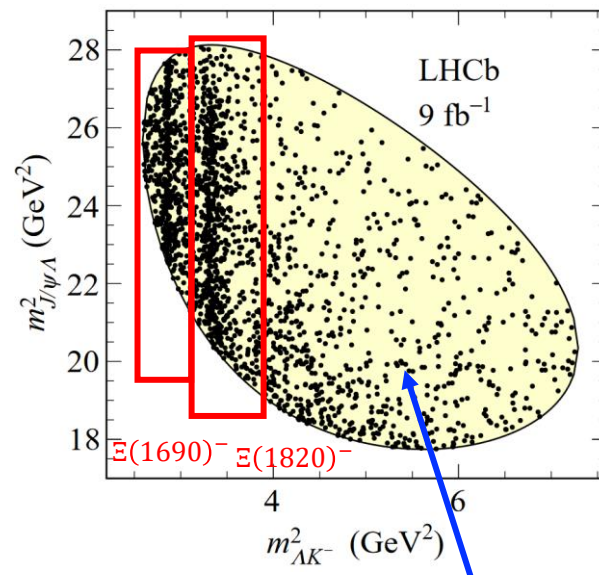
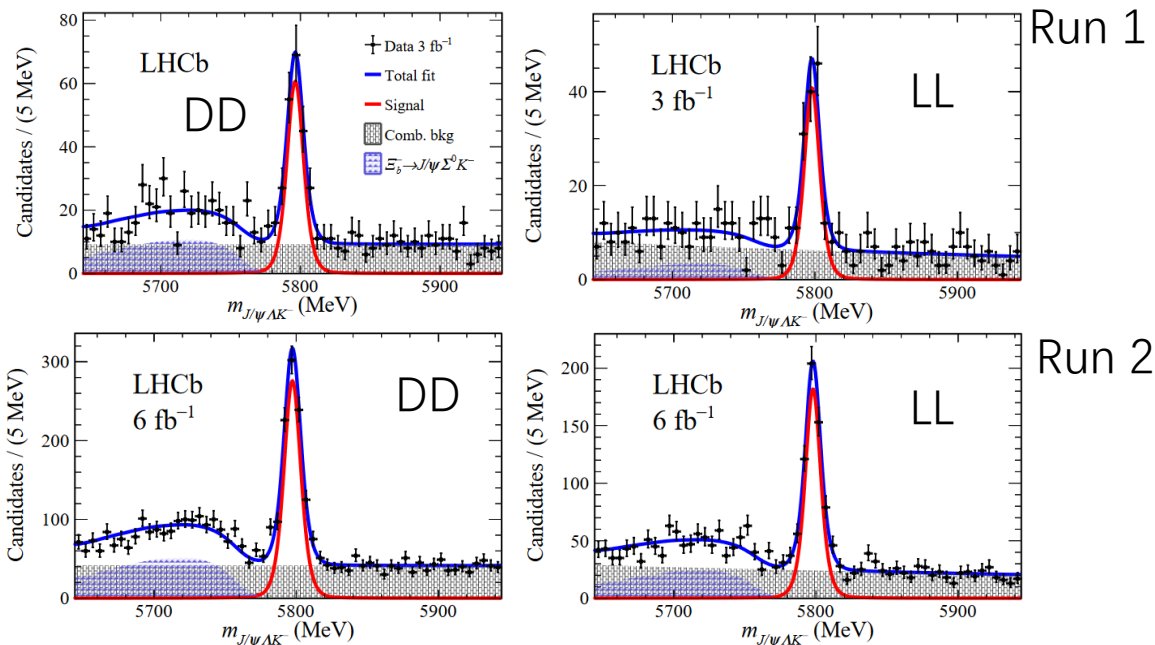
Result of production ratio: $R_{\Xi_b^-/\Lambda_b^0} = (4.19 \pm 0.29 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.15 \text{ (syst)}) \times 10^{-2}$

Also a mass measurement: $M(\Xi_b^-) - M(\Lambda_b^0) = 177.08 \pm 0.47 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.16 \text{ (syst)} \text{ MeV}/c^2$.

Amplitude analysis of $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ decay (LHCb Run1+2)

Data sample

- Run 1+2 data: ~ 1750 signals, purity $\sim 80\%$



Potential P_{cs} contribution?
Amplitude analysis required.
(next slide)

Selection optimization:
Loosen p_T cuts for Λ^* decaying products
Loosen χ_{IP}^2 cuts for kaons

Amplitude analysis

- Consider Λ as the final-state particle. The formalism for $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$ analysis can be directly used
 - Alignment issue fixed [Chinese Phys. C 45 \(2021\) 063103](#)
- Conventional ΛK^- structures

RBW line shape

State	M_0 (MeV)	Γ_0 (MeV)	LS couplings	J^P examined
$\Xi(1690)^-$	1690 ± 10	< 30	4 (6)	$(1/2, 3/2)^\pm$
$\Xi(1820)^-$	1823 ± 5	24_{-10}^{+15}	3 (6)	$3/2^-$
$\Xi(1950)^-$	1950 ± 15	60 ± 20	3 (6)	$(1/2, 3/2, 5/2)^\pm$
$\Xi(2030)^-$	2025 ± 5	20_{-5}^{+15}	3 (6)	$5/2^\pm$
NR ΛK^-	-	-	4 (4)	$1/2^-$



Significant peaks in $J/\psi\Lambda$ spectrum. Mass & width float

Mass & width constrained using measured values & uncertainties

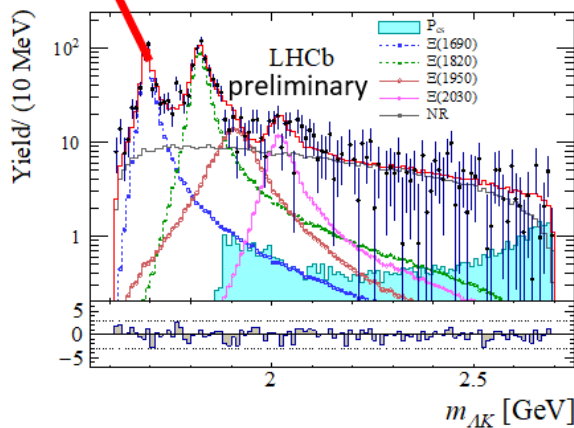
- The potential $J/\psi\Lambda$ state

- RBW with float mass & width
- J^P unknown. Tested several hypotheses, use the best one (largest LL) as default setting

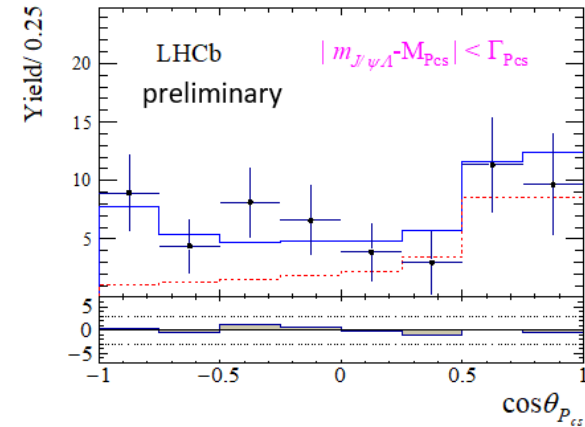
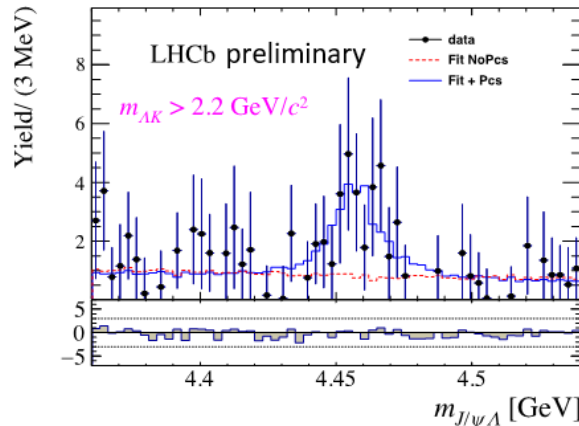
Result of amplitude analysis

- Adding a P_{CS} improves $-2\ln L$ by 43 units, $\sim 4.3\sigma$ significance
 - **3.1 σ significance** when syst. uncertainty considered

Two Ξ^{*-} states



Zooms in to P_{CS} signal region for better visibility



P_{CS} mass 19MeV below the $\Xi_c^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$ threshold. Statistic not enough for J^P determination.

State	M_0 [MeV]	Γ [MeV]
$P_{cs}(4459)^0$	$4458.8 \pm 2.9^{+4.7}_{-1.1}$	$17.3 \pm 6.5^{+8.0}_{-5.7}$
$\Xi(1690)^-$	$1692.0 \pm 1.3^{+1.2}_{-0.4}$	$25.9 \pm 9.5^{+14.0}_{-13.5}$
$\Xi(1820)^-$	$1822.7 \pm 1.5^{+1.0}_{-0.6}$	$36.0 \pm 4.4^{+7.8}_{-8.2}$

Consistent with PDG,
with improved precision

Conclusion

- Pentaquark-like states in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$ indicates the existence of a new family of exotic structures
- $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ decay observed & studied by LHCb. Evidence of a $J/\psi \Lambda$ structure found in amplitude analysis, which is a candidate of $P_{cS}(udsc\bar{c})$ pentaquark-like state
- Stay tuned with upcoming Run3 data for open questions
 - Further confirm the existence
 - J^P measurement
 - Potential two-peak structure
 - ...

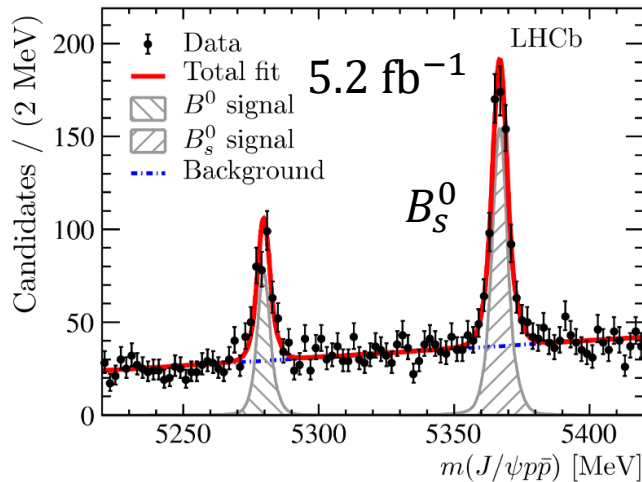
$\Sigma_c \bar{D}^*$ threshold
 $P_c(4450)^+ : P_c(4440)^+, P_c(4457)^+$

$\Xi_c \bar{D}^*$ threshold
 $P_{cS}(4459)^+ : ??$

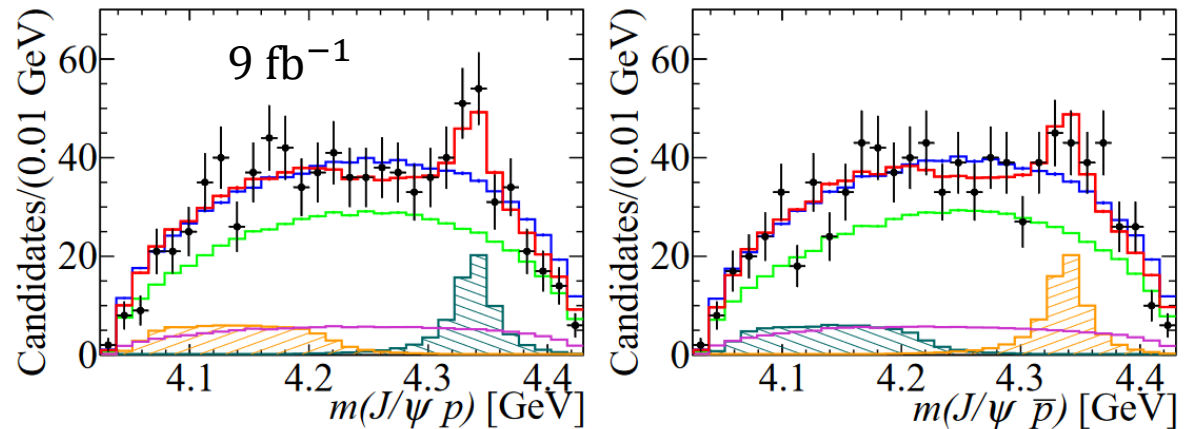
Pentaquark in B meson decays

- A similar story: $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p \bar{p}$
 - Observation of the B decay using part of LHCb pp collision data
 - Non-trivial pentaquark-like structure seen in follow-up Run1+2 study

PRL 122 (2019) 191804



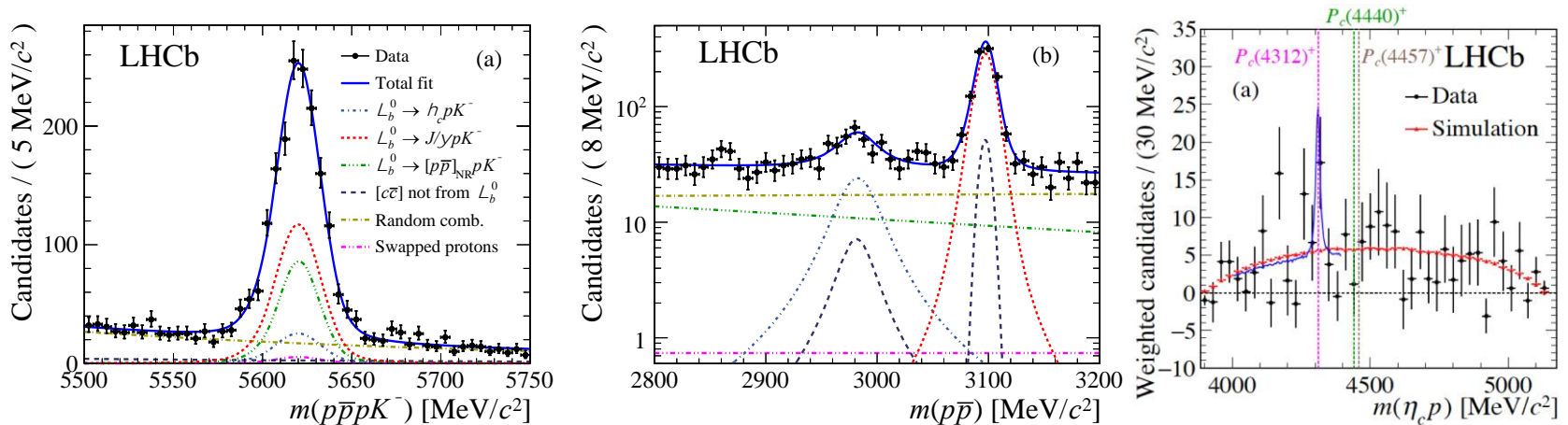
PRL 128 (2021) 062001: $P_c(4337)$



- Now limited by stat. fluctuation. But the **relatively larger P_c fit fraction** make it a promising channel for **precise measurement of J^P , pole position properties**

Pentaquark in $\eta_c p$ system

- $\sim 170 \Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \eta_c p K^-$ signals in LHCb Run2 data (5.5fb^{-1})



- Search for $P_c(4312)^+ \rightarrow \eta_c p$ but no significant hint
- If $P_c(4312)^+$ is a S-wave $\Sigma_c \bar{D}$ molecular, its fraction in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \eta_c p K^-$ is roughly **3%**
- Yield in Run1~3
 - Run3: 14fb^{-1} , $\epsilon \times 2$ (fully hadronic) \rightarrow yield $\times 5$ than Run2
 - A bit more than $1000 \Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \eta_c p K^-$ signals expected

Pentaquark in $\eta_c p$ system (prospect)

	$\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda K^-$ am. an. (Run1+2, published)	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \eta_c p K^-$ am. an. (Run1~3, proposed)
Yield of b -hadron decays	~1750	~1000
Relative contribution from pentaquark states	~2.7% (measured)	~3% (predicted)
(Expected) achievements	$P_{cs}(4459)^0$ with 3σ , fit fraction reported	Measurement of $P_c(4312)^+$ fit fraction
For J^P determination	not determined. Need Run3 data	not expected. Run4 data would be required.

	$P_c J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$	$P_c J^P = \frac{3}{2}^-$	
L of $\eta_c p$ system	0	2	$f(\cos\theta_{P_c}) \sim 1 + 3\cos^2\theta_{P_c}$
L of $J/\psi p$ system	0	0, 2	
	$f(\cos\theta_{P_c}) \sim 1$	$f(\cos\theta_{P_c})$ unknown	

Thank you for your attention !

Any questions or comments ?