Eupraxia@Sparc_LAB and related R&D activities Massimo.Ferrario@LNF.INFN.IT





INFN, February 5

Outline

• EuPRAXIA as a Distributed Research Infrastructure



• EuPRAXIA@SPARC_LAB as a Pilot User Facility

 SPARC_LAB the R&D and training Facility







EuPRAXIA Conceptual Design: Complete

Conceptual design report submitted as planned to EU on November 1st

- First ever international design of a plasma accelerator facility
- Funded 2015-2019 by European Union (Horizon2020) with 3 Million Euro
- Coordinating lab: DESY (R. Assmann)
- Growing consortium: 32 → 41 labs, ELI, CERN, LBNL, Osaka, Shanghai, Russian labs
- Industry: Thales (France), Amplitude (France), Trumpf Scientific (Germany)
- EuPRAXIA envisions a beam energy of 1 to 5 GeV and a beam quality (single pulse) equivalent to present RF-based linacs.



653 page CDR, 240 scientists contributed

http://www.eupraxia-project.eu/



... and Builds a European Distributed Facility

Position Europe as a Leader in the Global Context

- 1. Lean overall EuPRAXIA management
- Ten clusters: Collaborations of institutes on specific problems, developing solutions, technical designs, driving developments with EuPRAXIA generated funding → expertise of Helmholtz centers required - opportunities
- 3. Five excellence centers at existing facilities: Using pre-investment, support tests, prototyping, production with EuPRAXIA generated funding → DESY excellence center
- 4. One or two construction sites at existing facilities with EuPRAXIA generated funding:
 - Beam-driven at Frascati (Italy).
 - Laser-driven at CLF/STFC (UK), CNR/ INFN (Italy) or ELI-Beamlines.



ESFRI Proposal: Submitted on September 9



- EuPRAXIA strongly supported in European research landscape, it is timely, it offers highly attractive opportunities for innovation with industry, novel applications and pilot users.
- Lead Country: Italy (LNF/INFN) Political and financial support letter sent to ESFRI by Italian Ministry
- **Political support letters** (at least two needed from countries):
 - Hungary
 - Portugal
 - Czech Republic (ELI))
 - UK

EUPRAXIA

Note: All operational costs covered by host countries.

From political landscape it is seen that both Czech Republic and UK would be excellent sites for the second leg of EuPRAXIA, connecting to existing facilities with laser expertise and few 100 million € pre-invest.





Recent (November 4) message from ESFRI Policy Officer:

"We are glad to inform you that the proposal EuPRAXIA has been considered eligible and can now be assessed for entering the ESFRI Roadmap 2021." Next steps:

- Invitation for the hearing with list of critical questions: February-March 2021
- Hearing: April-May 2021



EuPRAXIA Conceptual Layout







EuPRAXIA **lasers** will operate with high stability at 20 to 100 Hz, a modest advancement of a factor 2 to 10 over the current state of the art. In parallel, R&D activities will be pursued on the development of laser that can operate at kHz repetition rates and deliver peak-power at 100 TW or more.

EuPRAXIA also includes the development and construction of a compact **X-band RF** accelerator based on technology from CERN with up to 100 MV/m gradients to realise a beamdriven plasma accelerator.



Cost Estimate



1) **EuPRAXIA is a 569 M€** proposal under EU/ESFRI costing guidelines which is a full cost estimate. This includes CDR costs (already done), personnel cost, infrastructure cost (buildings), material costs, decommissioning costs.

Phase I: 388 M€ comprises the design, full preparation costs, (including laser technology), implementation of all excellence centres and the cost of construction at the site at INFN-LNF, Frascati, Italy. Personnel costs of 126 M€ Phase II: 53-181 M€ is the construction cost of the laser-driven EuPRAXIA leg (dependent on site choice) and termination costs. Personnel costs of 29 M€

Average Annual Operation Costs (covered by the local host institutes) : 30 M€ (PWFA 11.6 M€, LWFA 11.3 M€, excellence centres 6.3 M€, RI management 0.8 M€)

2) We already have binding commitments for more than 100 M€, mainly through Italy.

3) Lead country is Italy which will also host the EuPRAXIA headquarters in the National Laboratory at Frascati. Czech Republic has provided a letter of financial and political support. Portugal, Hungary and UK have provided letters of political support.

4) EuPRAXIA has received **20 support letters** from industrial companies plus other from large representative bodies, including TIARA and LEAPS

5) Upcoming next will be the ESFRI review. Once we are on the roadmap we will have the preparatory phase for EuPRAXIA, during which we will finalise the preliminary studies and estimates from our CDR and from the ESFRI application.

EuPRAXIA@SPARC_LAB



EUPRAXIA Expected SASE FEL performances



54 Chapter 2. Free Electron Laser design principles Full RF case Plasma case Units Electron Energy GeV 200 30 **Bunch Charge** pC Peak Current kA 2 3 **RMS Energy Spread** % 0.1 1 **RMS Bunch Length** fs 40 4 34 34 **RMS matched Bunch Spot** μm **RMS norm. Emittance** 1 1 μm Slice length 0.45 0.5 μm % Slice Energy Spread 0.01 0.1 Slice norm, Emittance 0.5 0.5 um 15 Undulator Period 15 mm Undulator Strength K 1.03 1.03 Undulator Length 12 14 m Gain Length 0.46 0.5 m x 10⁻³ 1.5 Pierce Parameterp 1.4 **Radiation Wavelength** 3 3 nm 4.5 4.5 Undulator matching β_{μ} m Saturation Active Length 10 11 m Saturation Power GW 5.89 4 Energy per pulse 83.8 11.7 μJ x 10¹¹ 11 1.5 Photons per pulse

Table 2.1: Beam parameters for the EuPRAXIA@SPARC_LAB FEL driven by X-band linac or Plasma acceleration Energy region between Oxygen and Carbon K-edge 2.34 nm – 4.4 nm (530 eV -280 eV) Water is almost transparent to radiation in this range while nitrogen and carbon are absorbing (and scattering)



Coherent Imaging of biological samples protein clusters, VIRUSES and cells living in their native state Possibility to study dynamics ~10¹¹ photons/pulse needed Courtesy E-Stellato, UniToV







Road map



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare

NF



Courtesy A. Falone¹⁰









- Eupra IA - SPARC_LAB HB photo- injector













Parameter	Value
Frequency [GHz]	11.9942
RF pulse [µs]	1.5
Kly. power [MW]	50
Average iris radius <a>	3.5
Iris radius a [mm]	4.3-2.7
Average gradient <g> [MV/m]</g>	60
Structure length L _s [m]	0.9
Linac active length L _{act} [m]	18
Unloaded SLED Q-factor Q ₀	180000
External SLED Q-factor Q _E	23100
Shunt impedance R [MΩ/m]	85-117
Effective shunt Imp. R_s [M Ω /m]	356
Number of modules	5
Structures per module N _m	4
Klystron power per module Pk_m [MW]	43
Peak input power [MW]	74
Input power averaged over the pulse [MW]	48
Total number of structures N _{tot}	20
Total number of klystrons N _k	5



- **Eupraxia** – Plasma WakeField Acceleration





Capillary discharge at SPARC_LAB





- 1. Chamber sizing depends on the vacuum constrains and capillary dimensions
- 2. Eupraxia chamber sizing starts from the current plasma chamber
- 3. Minimum length is 215 cm
- 4. Driver removing chamber properties depend on the technique used to remove the driver (Plasma or chicane)
- 5. Chamber/capillary factor is 5.5
- 6. New solutions will be studied to reduce the chamber/capillary factor by means of vacuum test and simulation

0 011								
		<i>Vgas</i> (cm ³)	VimpEXT	VimpINT	Tpumps	V _{C-band}	V _{chamber}	Wtime
	1 Hz	0.0236	2 x 6mm/15cm	2 x 6mm/10cm	1780 l/s	10 ⁻⁷ mbar	10 ⁻⁸ mbar	No limits
	10 Hz	0.236	2 x 6mm/15cm	2 x 6mm/10cm	1780 l/s	10 ⁻⁷ mbar	10 ⁻⁸ mbar	1 hour
	100Hz	2.36						

3 cm-long capillary@ne = 10¹⁶ - 10¹⁷ cm⁻³

<u>50 cm-long capillary@ne = 10¹⁶ - 10¹⁷ cm⁻³</u>

x15	5	Vgas (cm ³)	Vimp	Vimp2	Tpumps	V _{X-band}	V _{Chamber}	Wtime
	1 Hz	0.314	2 x 6mm/15cm	2 x 6mm/10cm	7000 l/s			
	10 Hz	3.14	2 x 6mm/15cm	2 x 6mm/10cm	7000 l/s			
	100Hz	31.4 x10	0			Cour	rtesy R. Pompi	li , A. Biagioni







KYMA Δ udulator at SPARC_LAB: λ =1.4 cm, K1









Water Window Coherent Imaging

Energy region between Oxygen and Carbon K-edge 2.34 nm – 4.4 nm (530 eV -280 eV) Water is almost transparent to radiation in this range while nitrogen and carbon are absorbing (and scattering)

Coherent Imaging of biological samples protein clusters, VIRUSES and cells living in their native state Possibility to study dynamics ~10 ¹¹ photons/pulse needed __





Courtesy F. Stellato, UniToV

Open Problems and Required R&D for the TDR



TEX Facility



INFN – CERN official partnership on X-band RF development, with the contribution of the LATINO project funded by Regione Lazio



High Quality Beam





M. Migliorati et al, Physical Review Special Topics, Accelerators and Beams 16, 011302 (2013) K. Floettmann, PRSTAB, 6, 034202 (2003)

High Quality Facility

$$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda} \propto \frac{\Delta E}{E} \propto \rho \approx 10^{-3}$$

FEL requirement (Undulators - Optics)







Plasma density (Long Capillary – Diagnostics)

Bunch charge/length (Cathodes - Laser - Injector)

Driver/Witness timing (Compressors - Synchronization)

Plasma Characterization

Setup for plasma stabilization in Plasma_LAB has been replicated in the SPARC bunker

Measurements done in July 2020

We discovered that the LINAC dark current provides the same stabilization of the external laser

Analysis of experimental results (laser vs dark current) ongoing





A. Biagioni, in preparation

Plasma Density measured by observing Stark broadening of hydrogen emission lines

M. Galletti, in preparation



RF synchronization progress



Recently we found rather large timing-jitters affecting the beam performances

An Electro-Optical Sampling (EOS) station has been developed and allowed to estimate ~300 fs timingjitter between the photo-cathode (PC) laser and the compressed beam

It translates in ~**70** fs jitter in the distance between the driver-witness bunches → MeV jitter with plasma!

Issue has been identified in the **photodiode of the synchronization unit** that has been replaced

Last results show ~80 fs bunch-PC laser jitter, giving ~19 fs jitter in the driverwitness distance → expected lower energy jitter for the plasma accelerated bunch







Stima costi TDR

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ID	AREA	Amount (k€)	%
WA1	S2E Simulations	205	3,18
WA2	Injector	2045	31,75
WA3	Linac	1365	21,20
WA4	Integration	1500	23,29
WA5	Plasma	800	12,42
WA6	FEL	200	3,11
WA8	User	225	3,49
WA9	Infrastructures	100	1,55
	Budget At Completion	6440	100,00

~6'500'000 € for the TDR

This does NOT include

- Manpower
- High Power Laser activities
- Running cost
- Travels
- Conference fee
- PCs
- Maintenance TEX & SPARC_LAB



Investment per working area

SPARC_LAB is the test and training facility at LNF for Advanced Accelerator Developments (since 2005)



PWFA vacuum chamber at SPARC_LAB





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SPARC up time (2020)





Previous Experimetal Results

Activities with the high-brightness SPARC photo-injector



Focusing and emittance preservation with active-plasma lenses

Pompili, R., et al., Physical review letters 121.17 (2018): 174801. Pompili, R., et al., Applied Physics Letters 110.10 (2017): 104101.

Plasma characterization







Plasma-dechirper

V. Shpakov et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 114801 (2019)

Assisted Beam Loading Energy Spread Compensation

Achieved 4 MeV acceleration in 3 cm plasma with 200 pC driver

~133 MV/m accelerating gradient

2x1015 cm3 plasma density

demonstration of energy spread compensation during acceleration

Energy spread reduced from 0.2% to 0.12%

99.5% energy stability









Witness beam



Undulator parameters

The experimental beam parameters measured in the PWFA experiment have been used as input for a preliminary evaluation of FEL performances

GENESIS 1.3 time-dependent simulations

measurable growth of the FEL gain achieved





Facility: SPARC_LAB Funding sources 2018-2020

- SPARC_LAB (fondi INFN, attivo dal 2012, 350 k€/anno) finanziamento annuale dell'INFN dedicato a "Manutenzione e Funzionamento della facility SPARC_LAB", generalmente assegnato tra Aprile e Luglio.
- PLASMAR (ex progetto Premiale MIUR, attivo dal 2017 al 2020, assegnati a LNF in totale 1 M€ di cui 0.5 M€ per personale): dedicato all'upgrade delle attività di accelerazione a plasma PWFA, lente a plasma, esperimento FEL pilotato da plasma, modularità della accelerazione a plasma, diagnostica e sistema di controllo.
- EuPRAXIA_MIUR (fondi FOE, attivo solo nel 2019, assegnati 600 k€ di cui 450 k€ per personale) dedicato alle attività di R&D per EuPRAXIA@SPARC_LAB. Disponibili residui.
- SPARC_LAB_MIUR (ex progetto Premiale MIUR, attivo dal 2014 al 2017, assegnati a LNF in totale 4 M€ di cui 1 M€ per personale): dedicato all'upgrade del sistema laser FLAME, delle relative linee sperimentali LWFA, della diagnostica ad alta risoluzione e del sistema di sincronizzazione. Disponibili residui.
- EUROFEL_MIUR (fondi FOE, attivo dal 2012 al 2016, assegnati a LNF circa 600 k€/anno) dedicato allo sviluppo della sorgente FEL SPARC convenzionale. Praticamente esaurito (disponibili pochi k€).

SPARC_LAB Funding sources 2018-2020



Spese 2018-2020 (escluso personale)

SABINA



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SOURCE OF ADVANCED BEAM IMAGING FOR NOVEL APPLICATIONS

Avviso Pubblico Regione LAZIO

«Potenziamento delle Infrastrutture di Ricerca PNIR per elevare il tasso di innovazione del tessuto produttivo regionale» (*aka Infrastrutture per la Ricerca*) <u>http://www.lazioinnova.it/bandi-post/infrastrutture-la-ricerca/</u>

POR-FESR 2014-2020d

Obiettivo: Potenziamento di SPARC

- Consolidamento degli impianti tecnologici
- Acquisizione nuova strumentazione (fotoiniettore, trasporto fascio, diagnostica, ...)
- Creazione e messa in funzione di due facilities per utenti:
 - 1. Linea THz: analisi spettroscopiche su singolo punto, imaging, T variabile
 - 2. Laser di potenza FLAME: surface coating test nel verde, infrarosso, in vuoto

GOAL: aumentare uptime di SPARC (da 1200 a 2400 h/y)

Budget: circa 6.1 M€ (4.5 dalla Regione, 1.6 da INFN)

Durata: 18 mesi (+6 proroga + 2 COVID): da agosto 2019 ad ottobre 2021

Status: entro dicembre 2020 (14 mesi dall'avvio) dovremmo avere 4.3M€ impegnati

COSTI PERSONALE SPARC_LAB AL 5/2/2021

	CONTRATTO	PROFILO	соѕто
	ART. 15	COLL. AMMINISTRAZIONE 50%	19.212,50
FONDI EuPRAXIA_MIUR	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO 50%	11.926,00
	ASSEGNISTA	RICERCATORE	30.000,00
	ASSEGNISTA	RICERCATORE	30.000,00
	ART. 7	COLLABORATORE	49.482,00
	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO	23.852,00
	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO	23.852,00
		тот.	188.324 <mark>,</mark> 50
FONDI EUROFEL_MIUR	ART. 15	COLL. AMMINISTRAZIONE 50%	19.212,50
FONDI OVH LNF (residui EuPRAXIA H2020)	BORSISTA	NEODIPLOMATI	13.020,00
FONDI PLASMAR	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO	23.852,00
FONDI SPARC_LAB_MIUR	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO	30.000,00
FONDI MAECI_CAMEL	ASSEGNISTA	TECNOLOGO	23.852,00
		TOTALE COSTI PERSONALE	298.261,00

Conclusions

A Critical Review of the CDR is ongoing

- The technology readiness level of the main components is high but it requires additional R&D effort (with particular emphasis to the stability, reproducibility and quality of the accelerated electron beam) to have a fully proven engineering design of the X-band Linac and Plasma Module.
- The current funding **do not include Manpower and the R&D** needed for the TDR. Additional funding must be found.
- Laser Heater/Magnetic Compressor optimization is in progress, including alternative schemes for Driver and Witness generation. Energy Jitters investigation and mitigation in progress.
- Adjust the optimal energy/wavelength for FEL operation with and without Plasma compatible with realistic accelerating gradients (X-band 60 MV/m, Plasma 1 GV/m).
- Plasma beam line optimized to remove the driver beam and preserve the the witness beam parameters .
- FEL Baseline and advanced configurations.
- Extend the Users Scientific Case including lower wavelength.
- Demonstration of the main beam requirements at SPARC_LAB (spread, emittance, stability)