

# Fit to proton spectra

## Blastwave

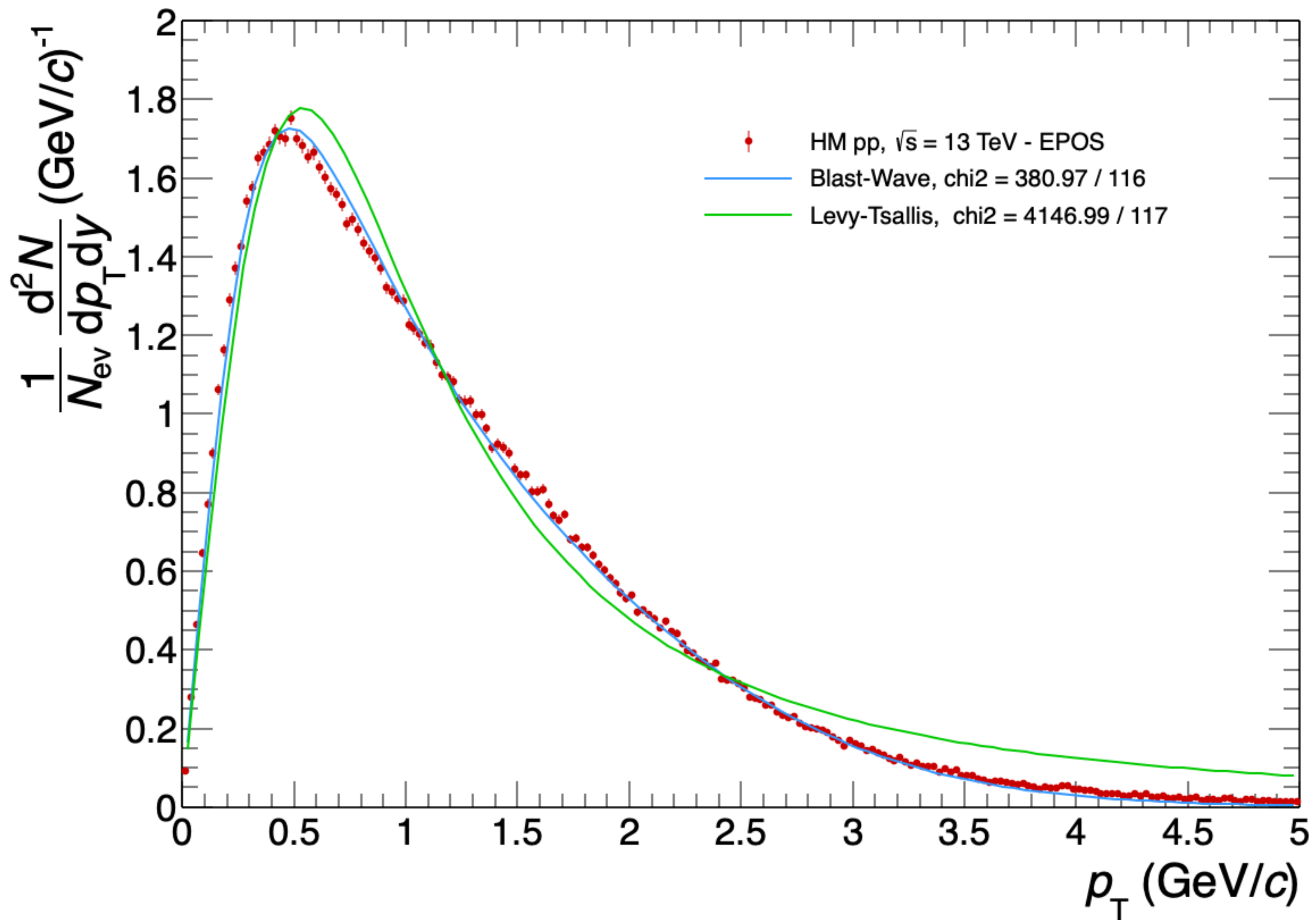
$$\frac{dN}{dy dp_T} = \mathcal{N} p_T \int_0^1 d\rho K_1 \left( \frac{m_T \cosh \rho}{T} \right) I_0 \left( \frac{p_T \cosh \rho}{T} \right), \text{ with } \rho = \text{arctanh}(\beta_{max})$$

$$K_1 \left( \frac{m_T \cosh \rho}{T} \right) = \int_0^\infty \cosh y \exp \left( - \frac{m_T \cosh y \cosh \rho}{T} \right) dy, \quad I_0 \left( \frac{p_T \sinh \rho}{T} \right) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \exp \left( \frac{p_T \sinh \rho \cos \phi}{T} \right) d\phi,$$

## Levy-Tsallis

$$\frac{d^2 N}{dy dp_T} = \frac{dN}{dy} \frac{p_T (n-1)(n-2)}{nC[nC + m_d(n-2)]} \left( 1 + \frac{m_T - m_d}{nC} \right)^{-n},$$

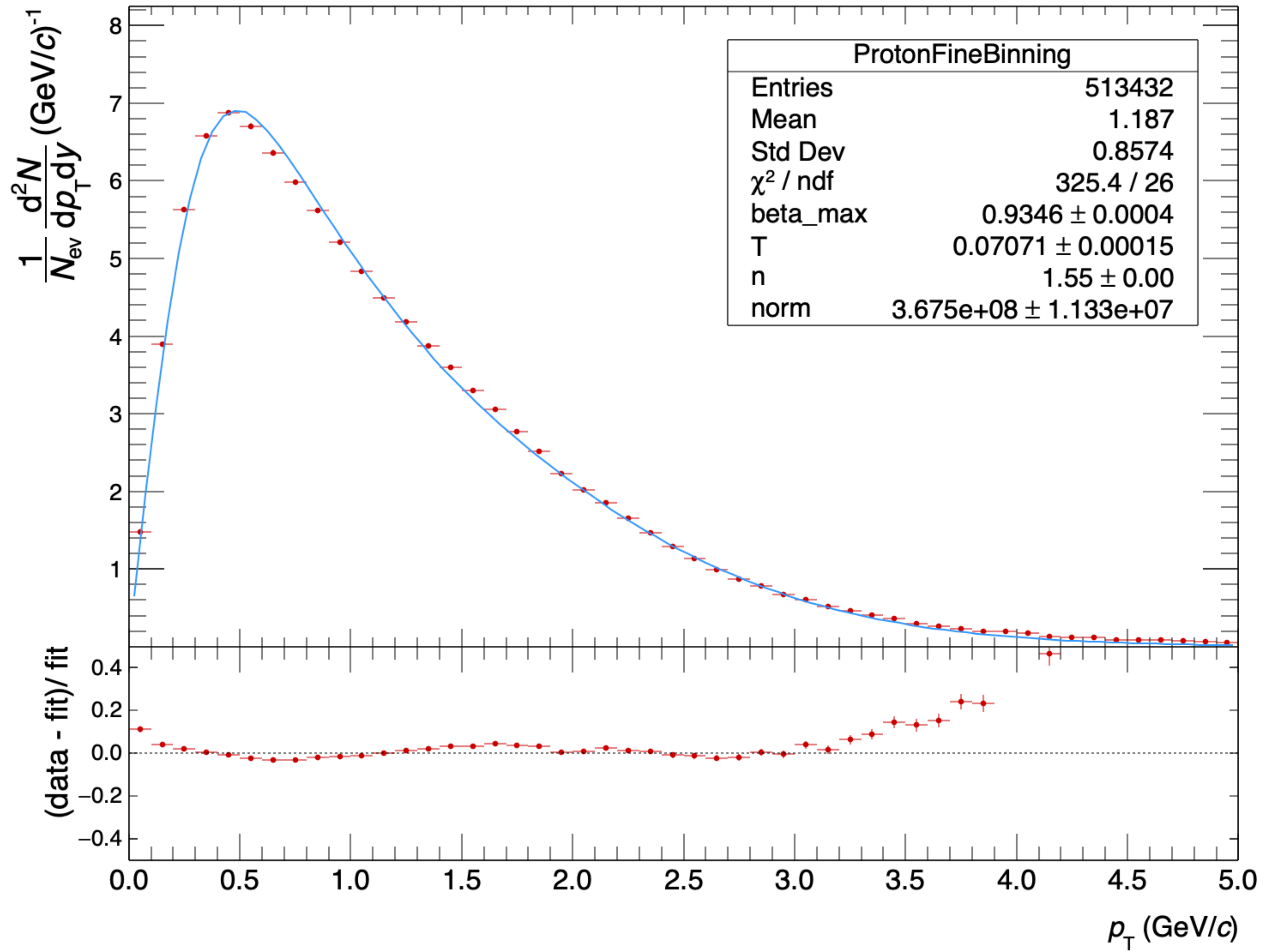
This is with the mass of the deuteron, but it is exactly the same for protons



Blastwave	
Mass	0.938272
$\beta_{\text{max}}$	$0.935 \pm 0.004$
T	$0.068 \pm 0.001$
N	$1.540 \pm 0.004$
Norm	$(1.69 \pm 0.05) \text{ E}+08$

Levy-Tsallis	
Mass	0.938272
C	$0.22 \pm 0.01$
N	$2.96 \pm 0.02$
Norm	$3.18 \pm 0.01$

There's no way to fit it with a LT!!



# AOB

- Checked for available MC production with pp @ 900 GeV:
  - 1M events
- Production with 300M pp collisions @ 13 MB
  - Talked with Ante: an instability was found in the FORTRAN code of EPOS, which causes 15% job failure
    - In contact with Klaus Werner for solving this -> 100% success rate and submission asap
  - It is the best thing, because there's a limit on the number of files in a directory (much fragmentation is not possible)