

Hadron Physics: the KLOE legacy



S. Giovannella
(INFN LNF)

Paolo Franzini and Juliet Lee-Franzini Memorial Symposium
19 April 2022 – Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati

90's life @ LNF



The DAΦNE study group

1992: The DAΦNE Physics Handbook

STUDYING the f_0 and η' at DAΦNE

JULIET LEE-FRANZINI

Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati dell'INFN

SUNY at Stony Brook, Stony Brook, New York 11794

WON KIM

SUNY at Stony Brook, Stony Brook, New York 11794

PAULA J. FRANZINI

*Laboratoire de Physique Théorique ENSLAPP,**

B.P. 110, F-74941 Annecy-Le-Vieux Cedex, France

Abstract

At the end of 1995, the Frascati ϕ -factory will begin delivering of the order of 500 ϕ -mesons/sec. This provides a unique opportunity to study the $f_0(975)$ in ϕ radiative decays, even for branching ratios which in some estimates could be as low as 1×10^{-6} .

Hadron Physics @ KLOE

Key ingredients for precision Hadron Physics @ KLOE:

- ✘ Lots of light mesons! $\sim 4 \times 10^7 \eta/\text{fb}^{-1}$
- ✘ η and η' produced from ϕ radiative decay: tagged by the monochromatic recoil photon
- ✘ State-of-the-art detector:
 - ✘ large acceptance
 - ✘ high precision momentum tracking
 - ✘ excellent calorimeter timing
- ✘ Kinematic fit constraint exploited to improve resolutions



My first steps in Hadron Physics

Kloe Memo 98-145

April 98

Detection of $f_0(975), a_0(980)$ with 5×10^8 ϕ decays

^aA. Farilla, ^bS. Giovannella and ^{b,c}J. Lee-Franzini

^a*INFN - Sezione di Bari, 70126 Bari, Italy*

^b*INFN - Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, 00044 Frascati, Italy*

^c*Physics Department, SUNY at Stony Brook, New York 11794, USA*

INTRODUCTION

The decays $\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma$, $\phi \rightarrow a_0\gamma$ have been studied with a full MonteCarlo simulation of the KLOE detector [1] [2], using the complete event reconstruction package [3], taking into account all possible sources of background, with the aim of evaluating the detector efficiency and the accuracy that can be reached on the BR.

For the decay $\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma$ this study has been done both in the charged pion channel ($\text{BR}(f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) \sim 52\%$) and in the neutral pion channel ($\text{BR}(f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0) \sim 26\%$). We especially emphasize the existence of an interesting interference pattern between $f_0\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$: the sign on the interference is unknown, it depends on the sign of the $\phi f_0\gamma$ coupling and therefore on the unknown nature of the f_0 [4]. For the decay $\phi \rightarrow a_0\gamma$ this study has been done in the neutral channel ($\text{BR}(a_0 \rightarrow \eta\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma) \sim 39\%$) [5].

The values 4.7×10^{-4} and 1.3×10^{-4} , recently measured by the SND collaboration [6], have been assumed respectively for the $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma)$ and $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow a_0\gamma)$. With these BR's, the following number of events are expected for 5×10^8 ϕ decays:

61000 events for $\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
160000 events for $\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ (positive interference)
41000 events for $\phi \rightarrow f_0\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ (negative interference)
25500 events for $\phi \rightarrow a_0\gamma \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$

In order to see how well the f_0, a_0 signal can be isolated against other decay channels, the selection criteria for f_0, a_0 have been applied also to the following data sets from the "10⁸ Events Project":



First KLOE data presented @ HADRON99

“Detection of Scalar and Pseudoscalar Mesons at DAΦNE with KLOE”

8th International Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy – HADRON99 – Beijing, 24–28 August 1999

A first glance to real data

KLOE data taking

- First collisions on 14th April 1999
- Short period of ϕ scan
- One month of parasitic running
- First period of continuous data taking: July 30th ÷ August 8th

Total integrated luminosity:

$$\mathcal{L} \sim 200 \text{ nb}^{-1}$$

Radiative decays study

Analysis has been performed on first 89 nb^{-1} of data with similar trigger conditions out of the 150 nb^{-1} already reconstructed

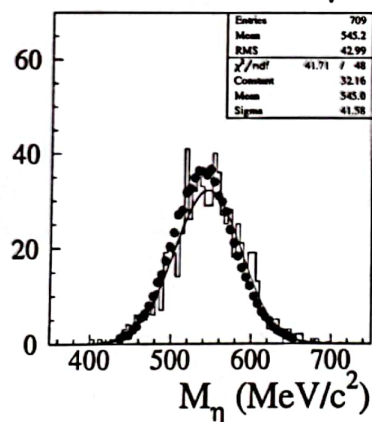
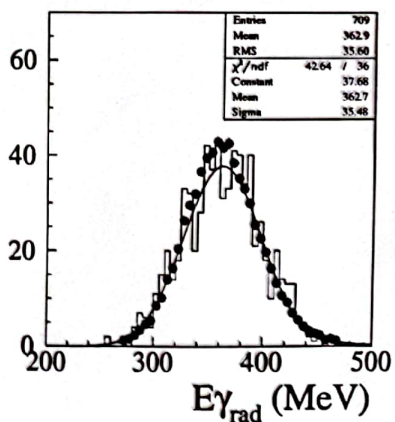
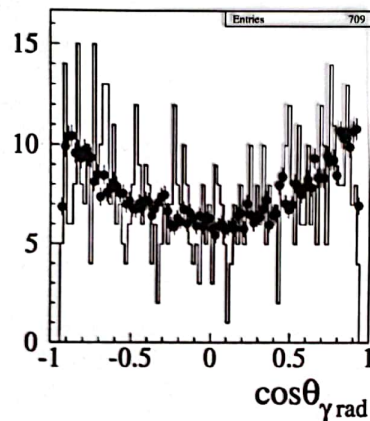
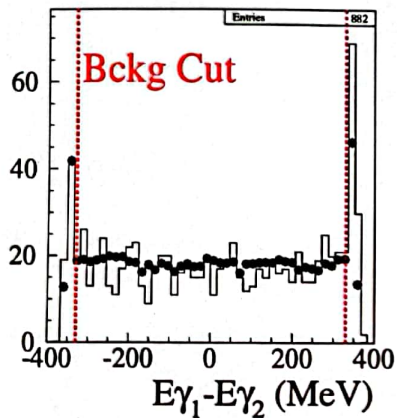
Sample obtained after background rejection with a fast calorimeter based filter and classification of radiative events

Preliminary studies performed on fully neutral decays of:

$$\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma, \pi^0\gamma, f_0\gamma$$

HADRON99: $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma$ events

The $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma$ decay



– Data

• MC

$$M_{\eta} = 545.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

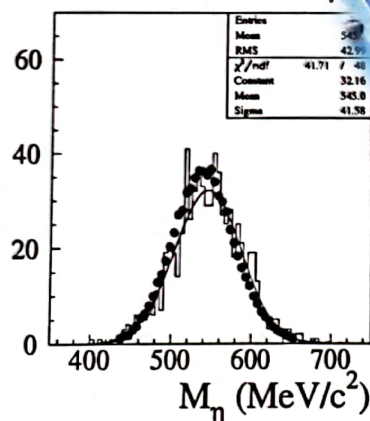
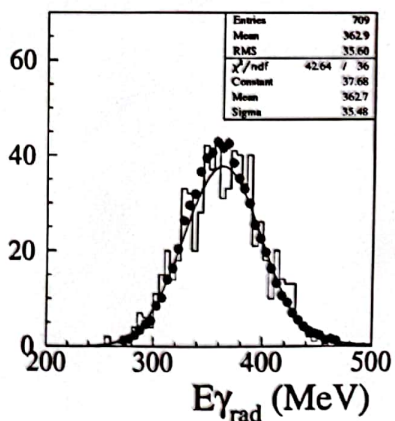
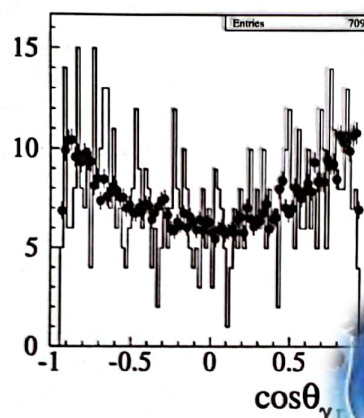
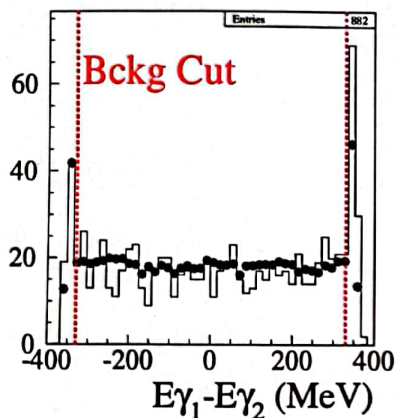
$$\sigma_{\eta} = 41.6 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$N_{\text{ev}_{\text{exp}}} = 771$$

$$N_{\text{ev}} = 709$$

HADRON99: $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ events

The $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ decay



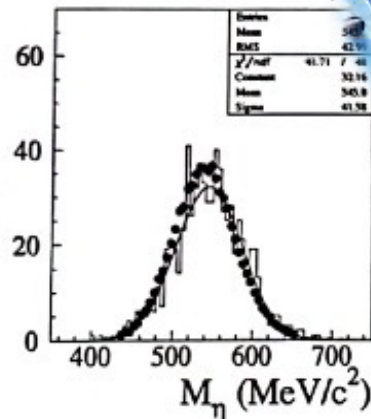
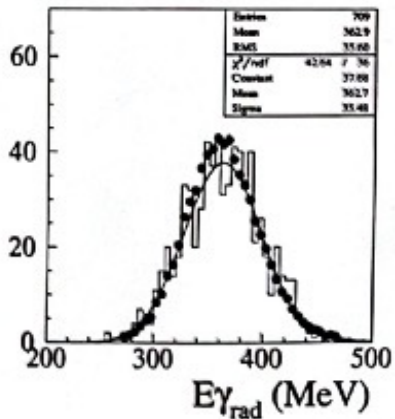
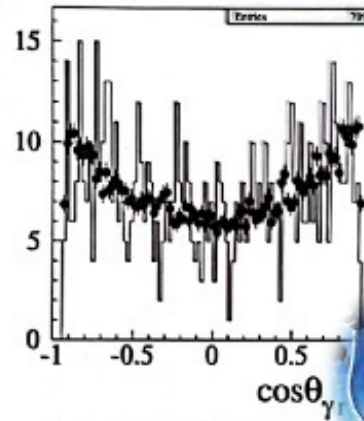
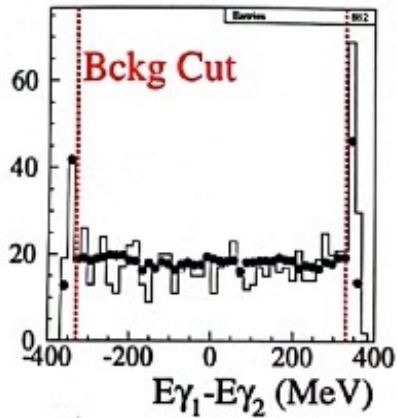
– Data
• MC

$N_{ev} = 709$

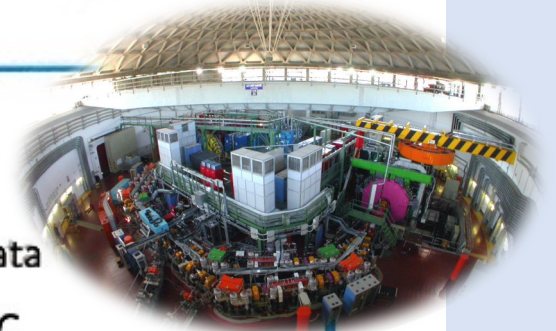


HADRON99: $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ events

The $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ decay

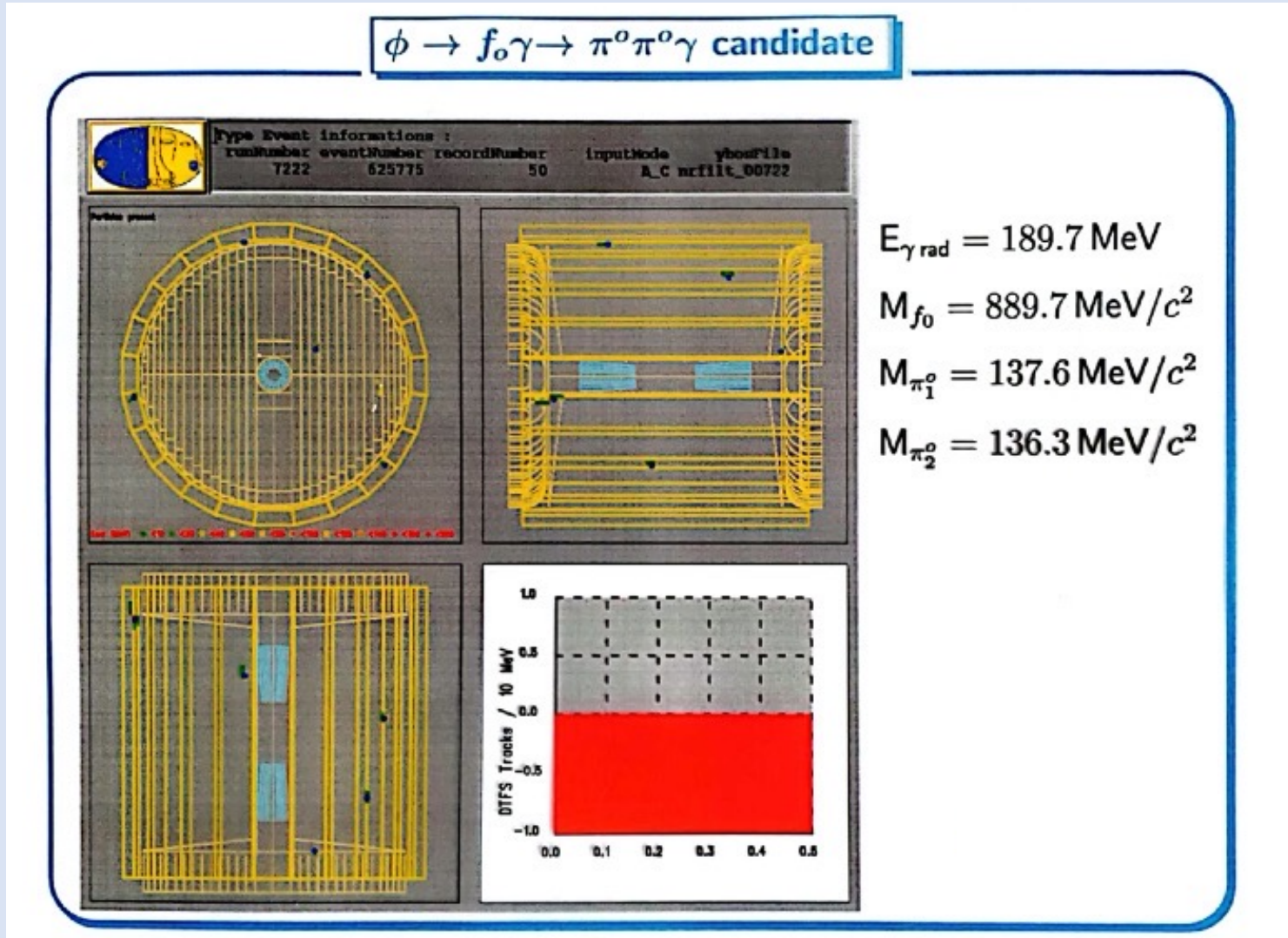


– Data
• MC



HADRON99: $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ candidate

A dozen of f_0 candidates already available



2002: First papers on hadron physics



ELSEVIER

Physics Letters B 536 (2002) 209–216

PHYSICS LETTERS B

www.elsevier.com/locate/npe

Study of the decay $\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\gamma$ with the KLOE detector

KLOE Collaboration



ELSEVIER

Physics Letters B 537 (2002) 21–27

PHYSICS LETTERS B

www.elsevier.com/locate/npe

Study of the decay $\phi \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ with the KLOE detector

KLOE Collaboration



ELSEVIER

Physics Letters B 541 (2002) 45–51

PHYSICS LETTERS B

www.elsevier.com/locate/npe

Measurement of $\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta'\gamma)/\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)$ and the pseudoscalar mixing angle

KLOE Collaboration

16 pb⁻¹ from 2000 data

Papers based on KLOE data (I)

Channel	Topic	Statistics	Reference
$\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\gamma$	$a_0(980)$	16 pb ⁻¹	PLB 536 (2002) 209
$\phi \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$	$f_0(980)$	16 pb ⁻¹	PLB 537 (2002) 21
$\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta'\gamma)/\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)$	BR, η - η' mixing	16 pb ⁻¹	PLB 541 (2002) 45
$\phi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	DP, ρ params	16 pb ⁻¹	PLB 561 (2003) 55
$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$	UL, C violation	410 pb ⁻¹	PLB 591 (2004) 49
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	UL, P/CP violation	350 pb ⁻¹	PLB 606 (2005) 276
$\phi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	$f_0(980)$	350 pb ⁻¹	PLB 634 (2006) 148
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$	$f_0(980)$, $f_0(500)$	450 pb ⁻¹	EPJC 49 (2007) 473
$\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^0\gamma$	$a_0(980)$	400 pb ⁻¹	PLB 681 (2009) 5
$\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma$	η mass	410 pb ⁻¹	JHEP 12 (2007) 073
$\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta'\gamma)/\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)$	η - η' mixing, gluonium	427 pb ⁻¹	PLB 648 (2007) 267
Global fit	η - η' mixing, gluonium		JHEP 07 (2009) 105
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	DP params, C-inv.	450 pb ⁻¹	JHEP 05 (2008) 006
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$	Slope parameter (α)	420 pb ⁻¹	PLB 694 (2010) 16

Papers based on KLOE data (II)

Channel	Topic	Statistics	Reference
$\phi \rightarrow K_S K_S \gamma$	UL, $a_0(980)$, $f_0(980)$	2.2 fb^{-1}	PLB 679 (2009) 10
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$	BR, CP-viol. asim.	1.7 fb^{-1}	PLB 675 (2009) 283
$\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$	First observation, BR	1.7 fb^{-1}	PLB 702 (2011) 324
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	BR, decay dynamic	558 pb^{-1}	PLB 718 (2013) 910
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	DP params, C-inv.	1.6 fb^{-1}	JHEP 05 (2016) 019
$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$	BR, TFF	1.7 fb^{-1}	PLB 742 (2015) 1
$\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$	BR, TFF	1.7 fb^{-1}	PLB 757 (2016) 362
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	UL, P/CP violation	1.6 fb^{-1}	JHEP 10 (2020) 47
$\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-)$	$\Gamma_{\ell\ell}$, lepton univ.	17 pb^{-1} , $3 \sqrt{s}$	PLB 608 (2005) 199
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$	ω BRs, $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow \omega \pi^0)$	600 pb^{-1} 1000-1030 MeV	PLB 669 (2008) 223
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta$	$\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma)$	240 pb^{-1} , 1 GeV	JHEP 01 (2013) 119

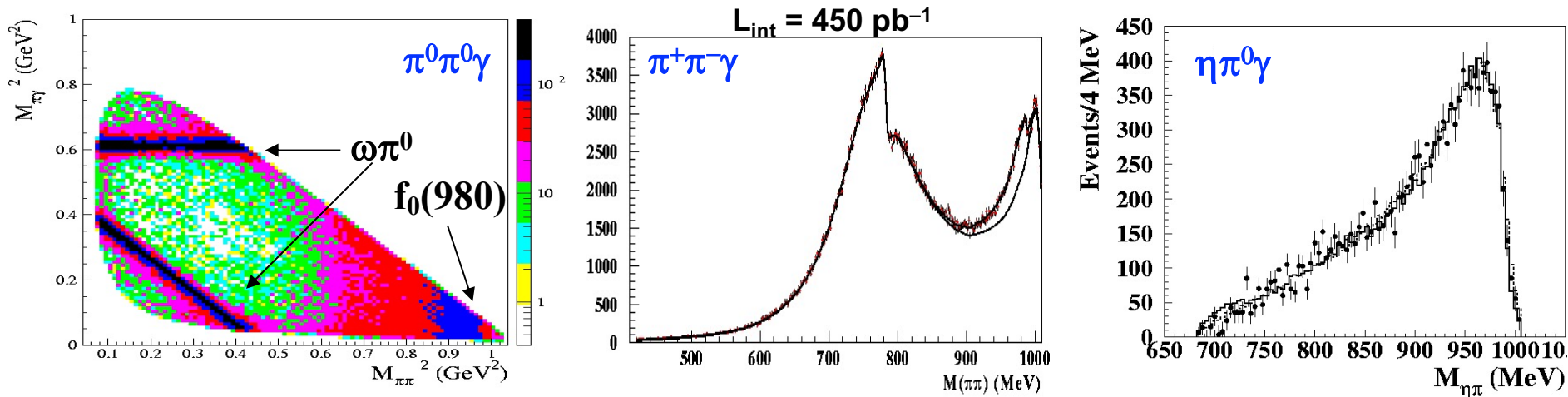
✘ 25 papers in 20 years

✘ Properties of light scalar, pseudoscalar and vector mesons deeply investigated

✘ Several state-of-the-art measurements

Scalar mesons @ KLOE

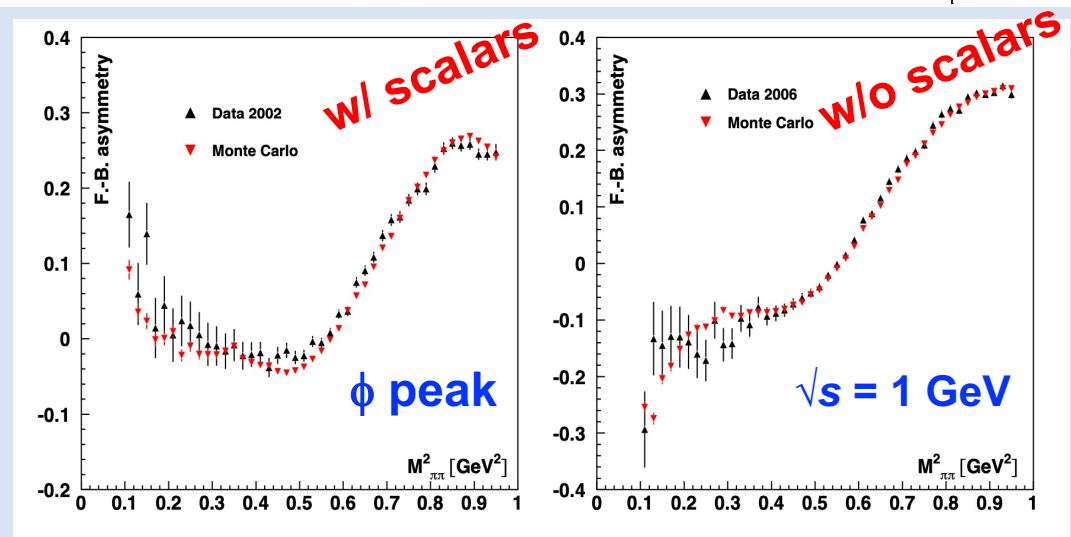
- ✗ $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow f_0(980)\gamma / a_0(980)\gamma)$ and mass spectra sensitive to scalar structure
- ✗ Mass/Dalitz distributions fitted with Kaon Loop model, interference with irr. bckg



BR values and large couplings to kaons point to a 4-quark structure

$f_0(500)$ needed in $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$

PHOKHARA MC with scalar + VMD contribution extracted from $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ well reproduce $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ FB asymmetry

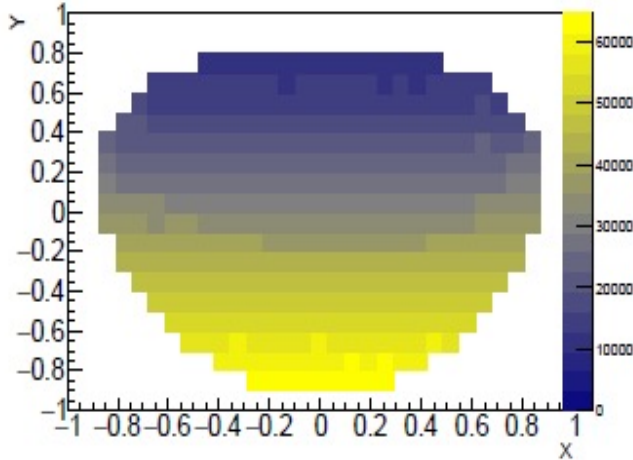


Light quark masses: $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$

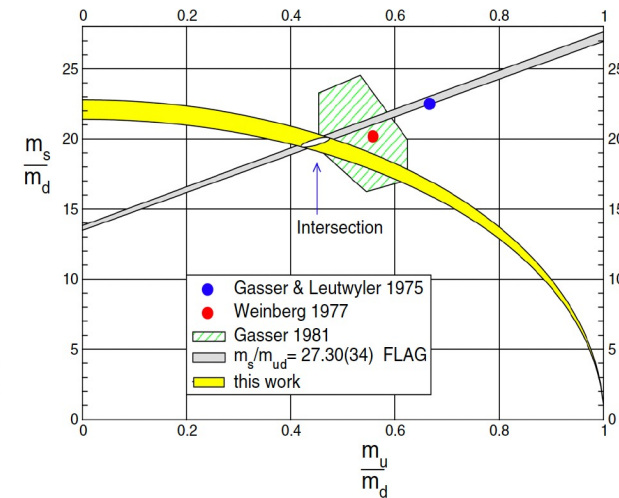
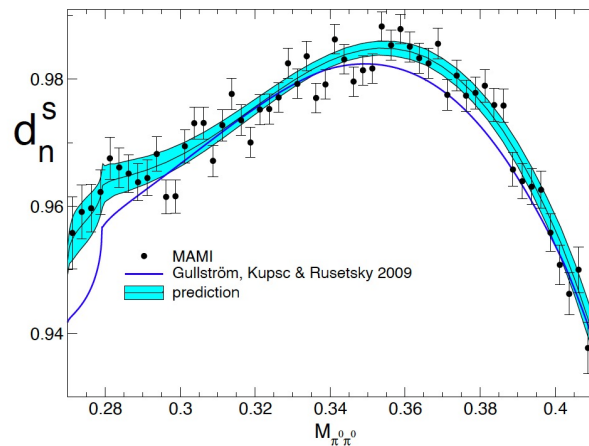
- ✗ Isospin violating decay, sensitive to light quark mass difference
- ✗ A precision measurement of the Dalitz plot density allows an accurate determination of the light quark mass ratio through dispersive techniques
- ✗ Precise KLOE analysis of $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ Dalitz plot density, based on 4.7×10^6 η events
- ✗ Dispersive analyses of $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi$ based on fits to unfolded KLOE data

[Colangelo, Lanz, Leutwyler, Passemar, EPJC 78 (2018) 947]

Unfolded KLOE data



Prediction for $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$



$$Q = \frac{m_s^2 - \hat{m}^2}{m_d^2 - m_u^2} = 22.1 \pm 0.7$$

$$\frac{m_u}{m_d} = 0.45 \pm 0.03$$

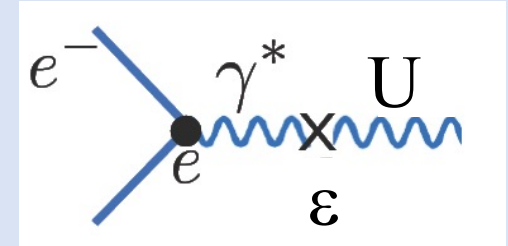
2006: End of KLOE data taking



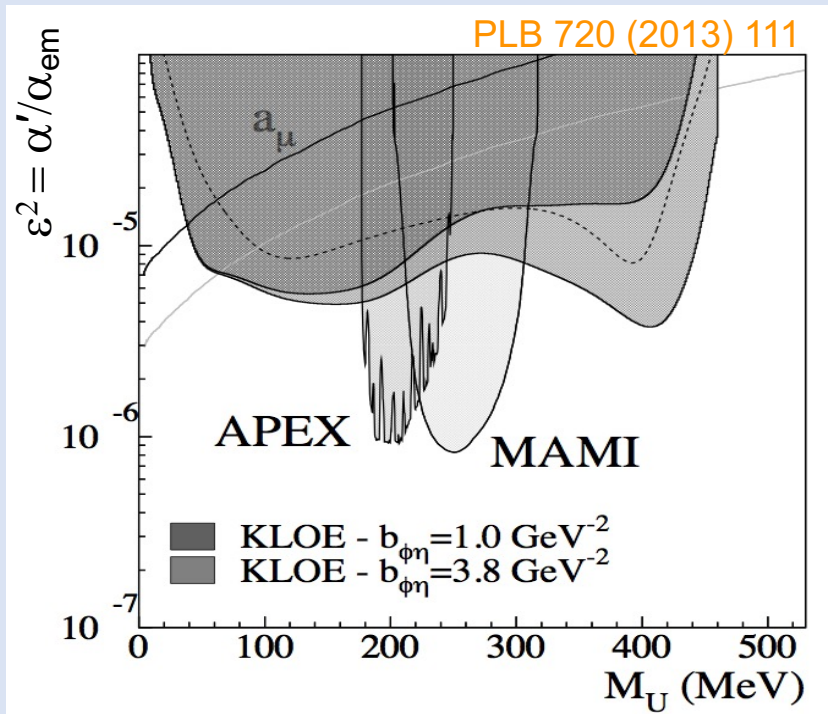
Low energy dark forces

Hidden gauge sector weakly coupled with SM through a mixing mechanism:

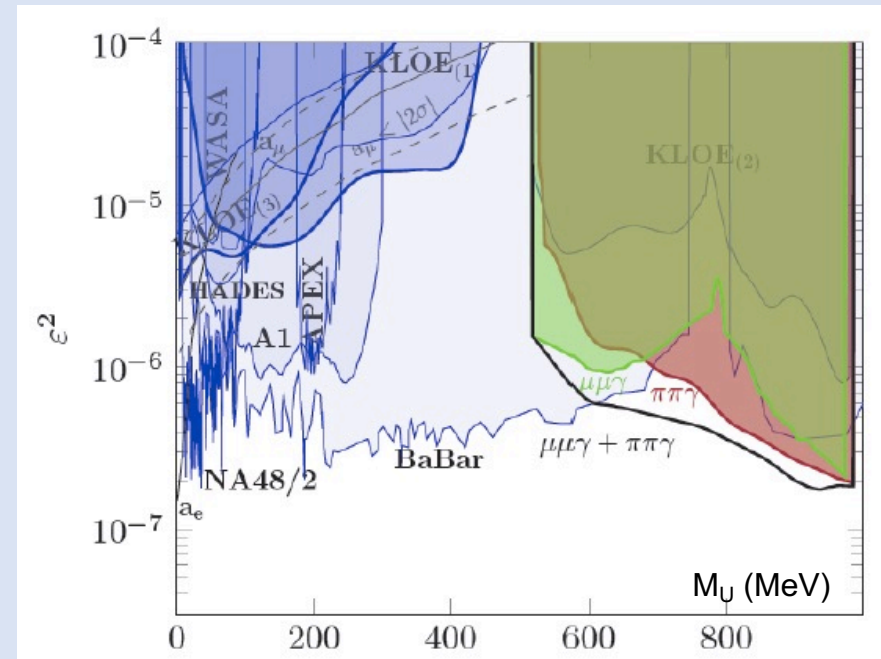
- ↻ U mass range: **1 MeV – few GeV**
- ↻ Coupling constant of electric charge to U: $\epsilon \leq 10^{-3}$
- ↻ Observable at low energy colliders
- ↻ Possible source of a_μ discrepancy



First KLOE search: $\phi \rightarrow \eta U(e^+e^-)$

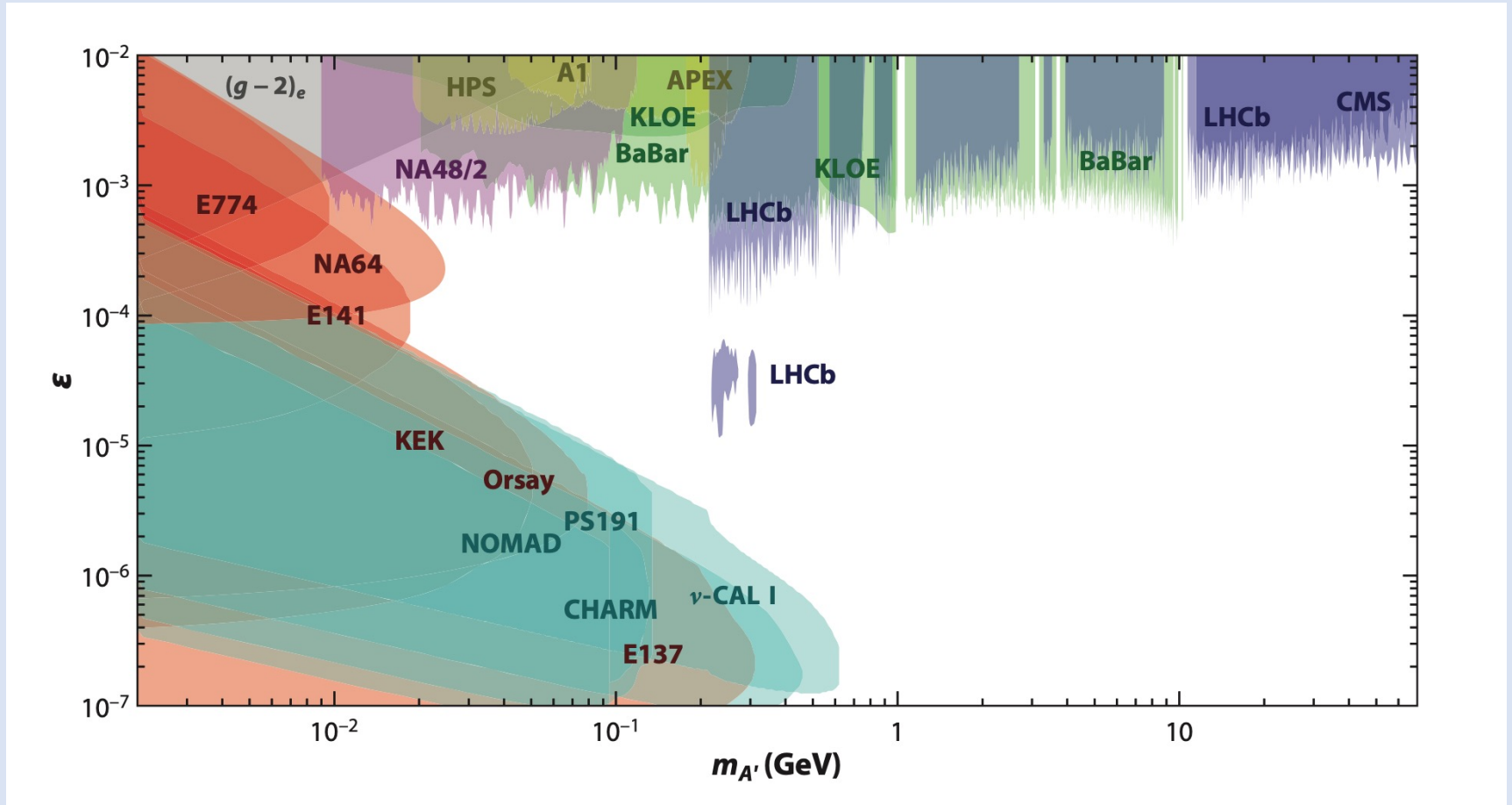


U boson searches in continuum events



- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$: PLB 736 (2014) 459
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$: PLB 757 (2016) 356
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$: PLB 750 (2015) 633
- $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma/\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$: PLB 784 (2018) 336

Recent status of U boson searches



Annu. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 2021. 71

KLOE data are still alive

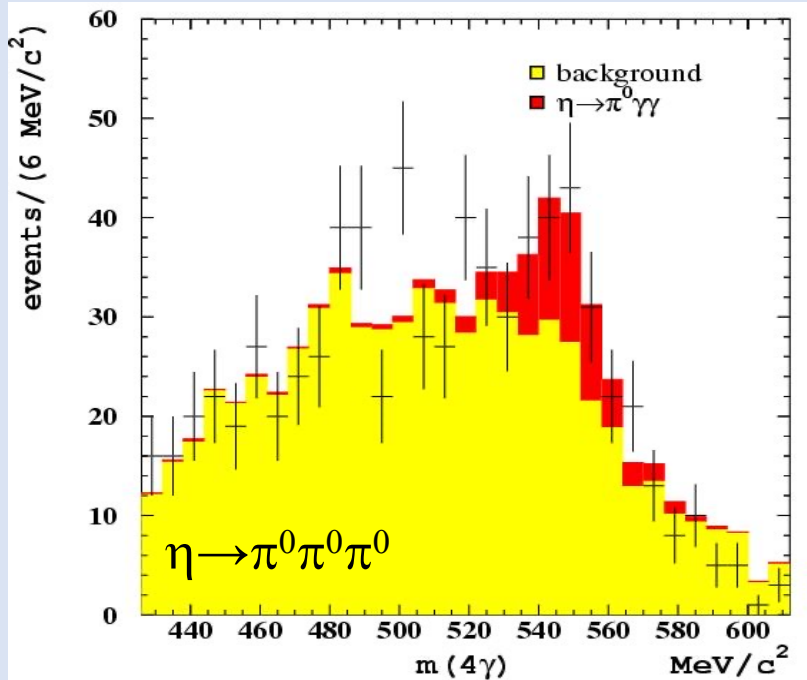
KLOE and KLOE-2 data still providing competitive results in the hadron physics sector:

- ✗ Largest existing **η meson sample** from 3×10^8 $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma$ events produced
- ✗ Searches for new physics: leptophobic dark force mediator, ALPs
- ✗ 2.4×10^{10} ϕ mesons to complete and extend the study of TFF from Dalitz decays of vector mesons
- ✗ 4×10^6 ω mesons produced through $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \gamma_{\text{ISR}}$
- ✗ **$\gamma\gamma$ physics** using High Energy Taggers to detect scattered electrons and positrons

KLOE-2 analyses in progress in all of these sectors

A long-standing debate: $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$

- ✗ ChPT “golden mode”: p^2 null, p^4 suppressed, p^6 dominates
- ✗ Measured value decreased by 3 order of magnitude since the ‘60s
- ✗ KLOE prel. 2006, 450 pb^{-1} : 70 signal events, 3σ significance

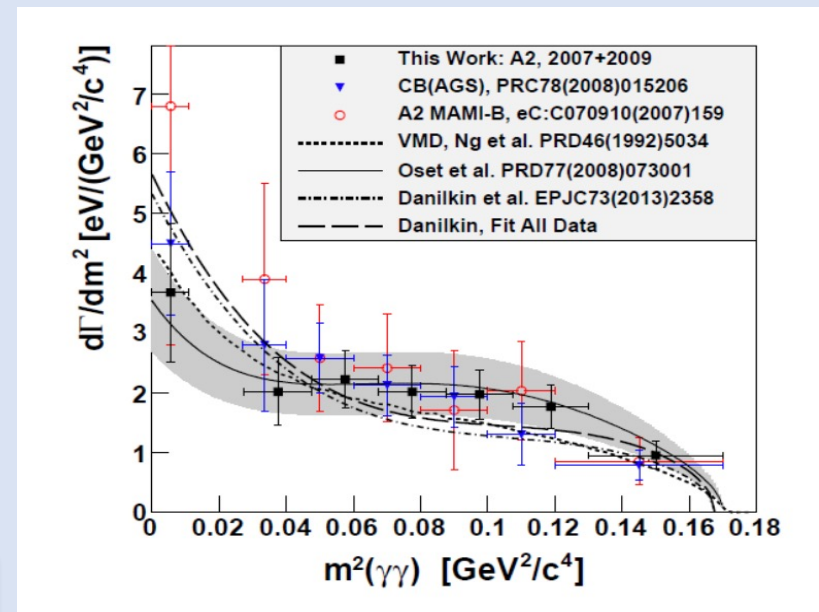


$$\text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = (8.4 \pm 2.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.4_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$$

CB@AGS: $\text{BR} = (22.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.7) \times 10^{-5}$
 PRC 78 (2008) 015206, ~500 signal events

CB@MAMI: $\text{BR} = (25.2 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-5}$
 PRC 90 (2014) 025206, ~1200 signal events

Mass of non- π^0 photons can be used as a test of theoretical models



Recent theoretical evaluation:

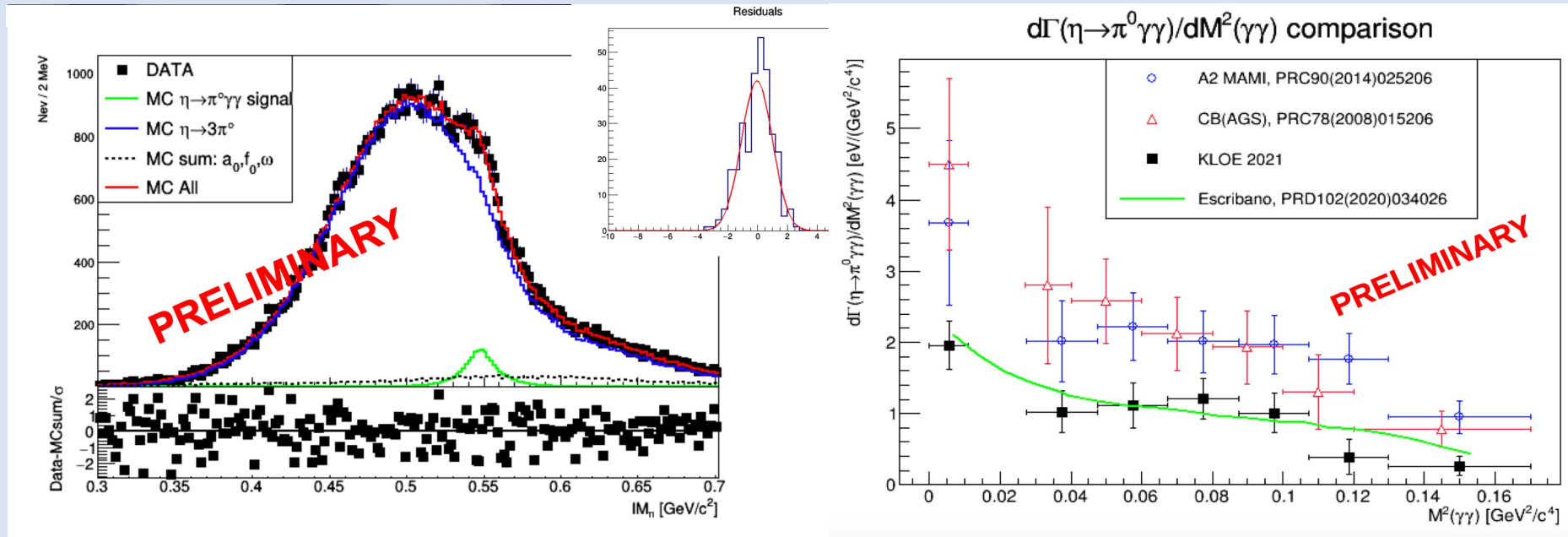
↻ $\text{BR} = 1.35(8) \times 10^{-4}$

↻ Several predictions differ by a factor ~ 2

R. Escribano et al,
 PRD 90 (2020)
 034026

New $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ KLOE measurement

- ✗ New analysis using 4x larger data sample, 1.7 fb^{-1}
- ✗ Kinematic fit with signal and background hypotheses
- ✗ Main background $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ suppressed using MVA-BDT method



- ↪ Signal, $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ + other bckg fitted to data
- ↪ BR normalization to $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ channel

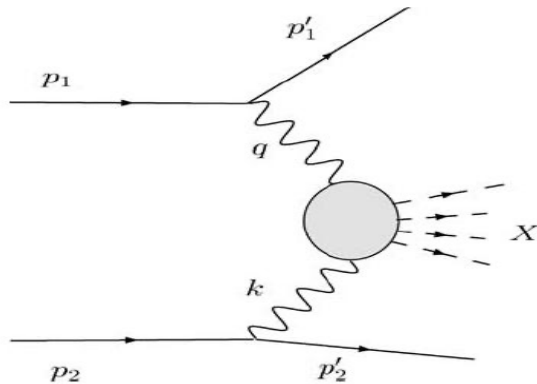
- ↪ Separate fit to each $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ slice
- ↪ BR interpolating $d\Gamma/dM$

$$\text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = (1.2 \pm 0.13_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = (1.3 \pm 0.13_{\text{stat}}) \times 10^{-4}$$

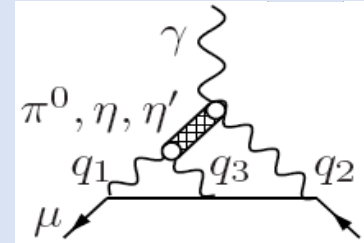
In agreement (1.2σ) with KLOE 2006 preliminary measurement

$\gamma\gamma$ physics @ KLOE-2



$$\sigma_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow R}(q_1, q_2) \propto \Gamma_{R \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} \frac{8\pi^2}{M_R} \delta((q_1 + q_2)^2 - M_R^2) |F(q_1^2, q_2^2)|^2$$

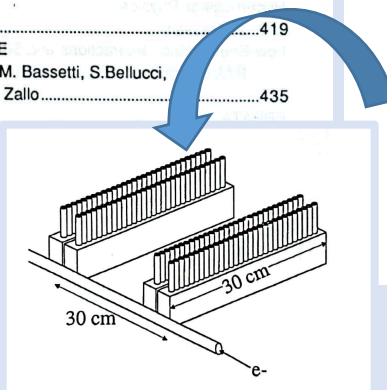
- ✗ Transition form factors crucial for hadronic light-by-light contributions to muon g-2
- ✗ $\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}$ should be known precisely



Feasibility studies already in the 90s: DAΦNE Physics Handbooks

6 – PHOTON-PHOTON PROCESSES	351
Two Photon Contribution to the Process $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi\pi$ A. Courau, G. Pancheri	353
Predictions for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi\pi$: what Photons at DAΦNE Will See M.R. Pennington	379
Chiral Perturbation Theory Predicts Pion Pion Production via Photon Photon Fusion S. Bellucci	419
On the Measurement of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ at DAΦNE F. Anulli, D. Babusci, R. Baldini-Ferrolì, M. Bassetti, S. Bellucci, G. Giordano, G. Matone, G. Pancheri, A. Zallo	435

10 – Two Photon Processes	529
10.1 What we Learn by Measuring $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi\pi$ at DAΦNE M.R. Pennington	531
10.2 Low-Energy Photon-Photon Collisions in Chiral Perturbation Theory S. Bellucci, J. Gasser and M.E. Sainio	559
10.3 Azimuthal Correlations in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ at DAΦNE S. Bellucci, A. Courau and S. Ong	573
10.4 Theoretical Predictions for Pion Polarizabilities M.R. Pennington and J. Portolés	579
10.5 The Kinematics of the Two-Photon Processes at DAΦNE A. Courau	597
10.6 Measurement of Two Photon Interactions with the KLOE Small Angle Tagging System F. Anulli, R. Baldini-Ferrolì, M. Bassetti, S. Bellucci, A. Courau, I. Cohen, A. Moalem, G. Pancheri, M. Preger, L. Rzdolskaja, Sergio and A. Zallo	607
10.7 Small Angle Radiative Bhabha Scattering in the No-Recoil Approximation G. Pancheri	623
10.8 QED Radiative Corrections and Radiative Bhabha Scattering at DAΦNE M. Greco, G. Montagna, O. Nicrosini and F. Piccinini	629



Tagging system for small angle scattered e^+/e^-



$\gamma\gamma$ physics @ KLOE-2: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0$

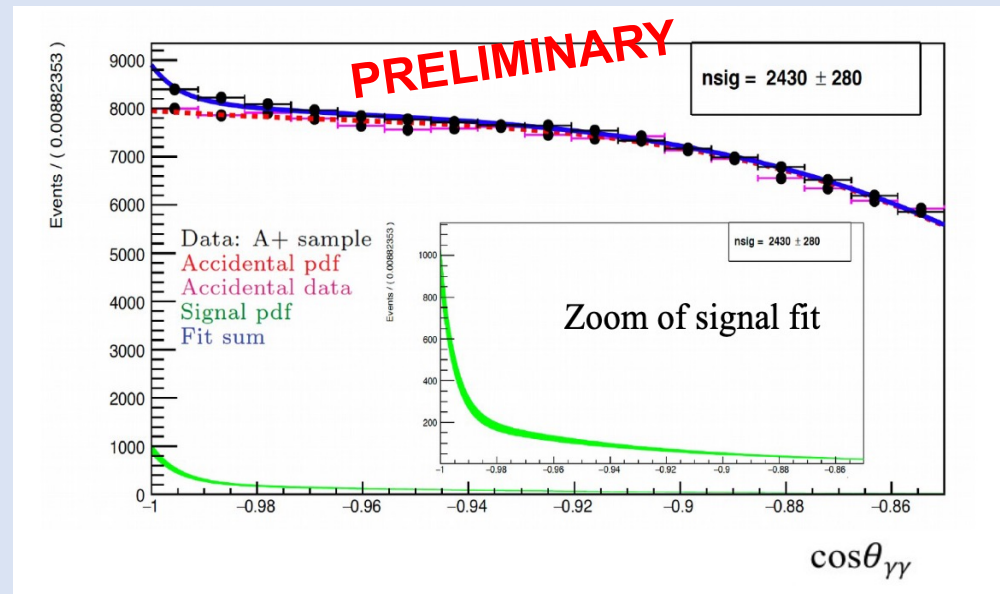
- ✗ HET data synchronized with DAΦNE (each 325 ns) and KLOE trigger
- ✗ HET acquisition window: 2.5 DAΦNE revolutions, enabled by KLOE trigger
- ✗ Single arm selection: HET signal within ± 40 ns w.r.t. KLOE $\gamma\gamma$ event

Two data samples used:

- **pure accidentals** (A) for bckg modelling (shape & number)
- **HET-KLOE coincidence** (A+), signal + accidentals
- Maximum Likelihood fit to A and A+
 - constraints on accidentals in A+
 - background pdf from A sample

Signal pdf : EKHARA MC, control samples and BDSIM transport of the leptons through the beamline

HET electrons – 2 fb^{-1}



Signal-enriching cut applied:

$$|\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma} / c| < 0.5 \text{ ns}$$

Cut efficiency 80% from control sample studies

Light hadron physics perspectives

- ✗ Light mesons still offer a unique opportunity:
 - ✗ Test of chiral dynamics at low energy
 - ✗ Fundamental parameters of the Standard Model (e.g. light quark mass)
 - ✗ Investigation of exotic particles
 - ✗ Study of fundamental symmetries
 - ✗ Search for physics beyond Standard Model
- ✗ KLOE have provided (and it is still providing) fundamental results on light meson properties, decay dynamics and transition form factor, together with limits on new physics... still the largest η dataset by far
- ✗ Hadron Physics investigation is continuing with current experiments:
 - ✗ @ e^+e^- and hadron colliders: BES-III, Belle-II, LHCb...
 - ✗ @ scattering experiments: GlueX, COMPASS
- ✗ More to come with JEF and REDTOP experiments

Paolo & Juliet legacy

- ✘ Deep interest and passion for physics, and for all the steps of the experiment, from technical aspects to physics outcome
 - ✘ In particular Paolo, in addition to his ample physics knowledge, enlightened us with his competences in detectors, electronics, statistics
- ✘ The importance of creating a stimulating, exciting and familiar working environment to create a good synergy inside the collaboration
- ✘ Push young collaborators to stand out, contribute and take leading responsibilities, thus shaping a generation of brilliant and enthusiast researchers
- ✘ The rigorous attention of the English, avoiding slang and jargon

It was a privilege to take part of the amazing adventure of KLOE. Our scientific community and the lab experienced a period of great excellence!

Thank you!

