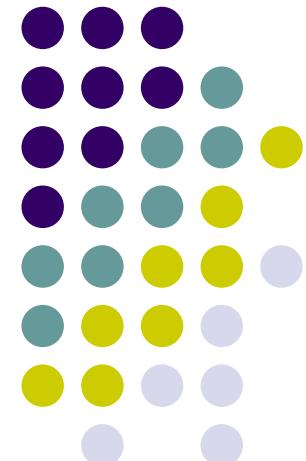


Charmonium Results with BESIII

XXV Rencontres de Physique
de La Vallée d'Aoste

La Thuile 2011, Feb.27-Mar.5, Italy

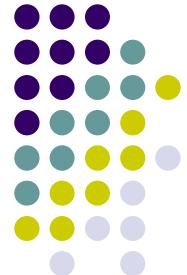
Dmitry Dedovich (JINR)
on behalf of the BESIII collaboration





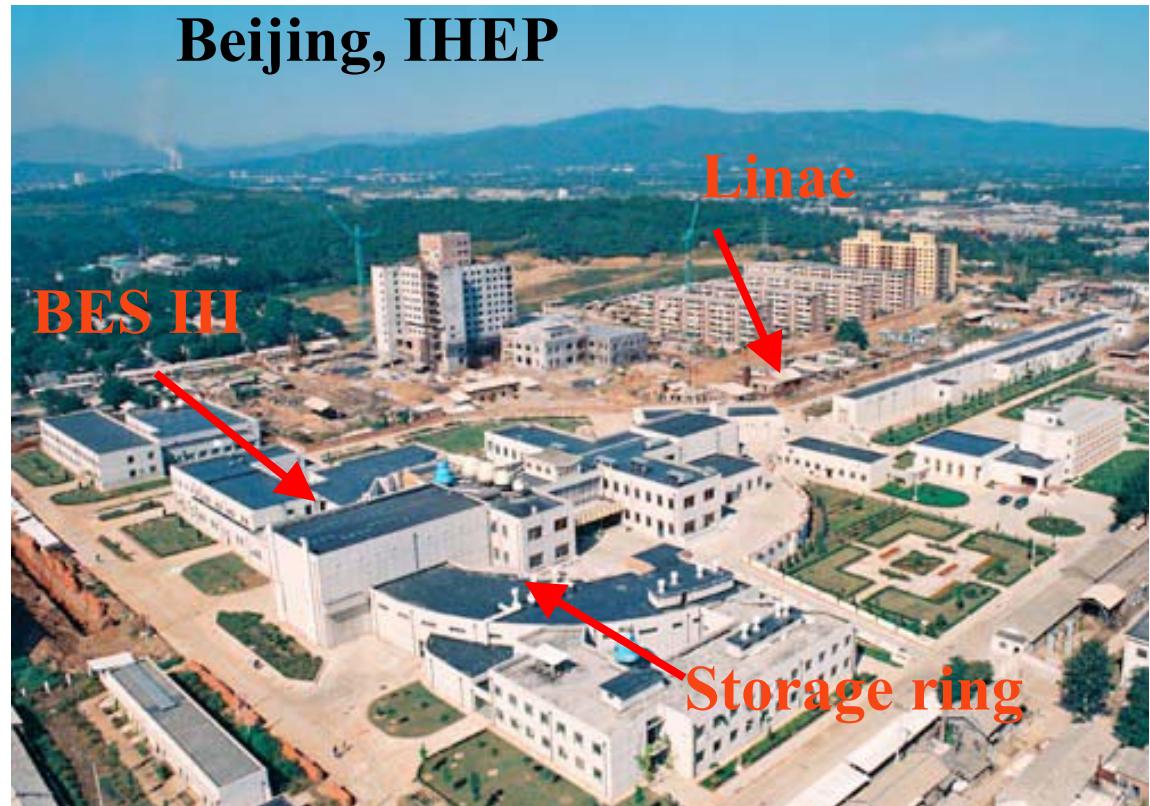
Outlook

- BEPC II & BES III
- Physics results
 - h_c
 - $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0, \gamma\eta, \gamma\eta'$
 - χ_{cJ} decays
 - $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma\phi, \gamma\omega, \gamma\rho^0$
 - $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \phi\phi, \omega\omega, \phi\omega$
 - $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Summary



BEPC-II : a high luminosity double-ring collider

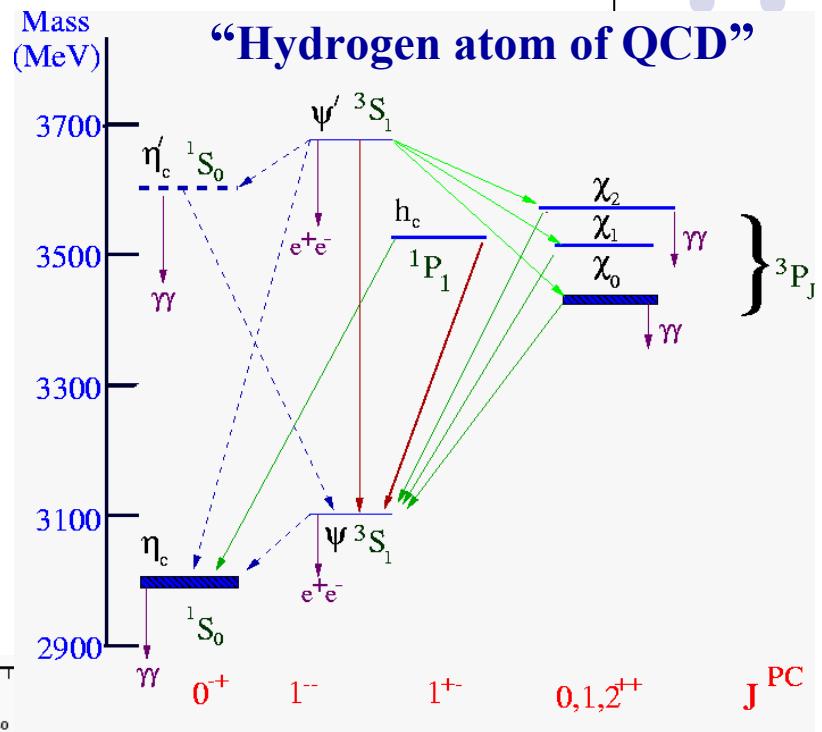
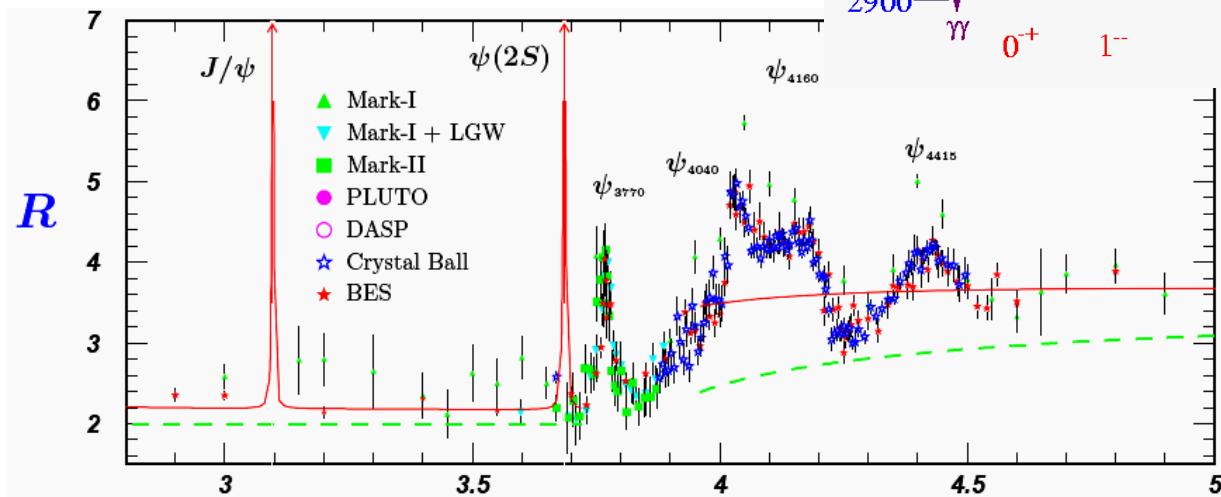
- Beam energy:
 $\sqrt{s}=2.0 - 4.6 \text{ GeV}$
- Optimum energy:
 $\sqrt{s}= 3.7 \text{ GeV}$
- Beam crossing angle: 22 mrad
- Designed luminosity: 1.0×10^{33}
- Record luminosity:
 $0.57 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Energy spread: 5.16×10^{-4}





Physics of τ -charm region

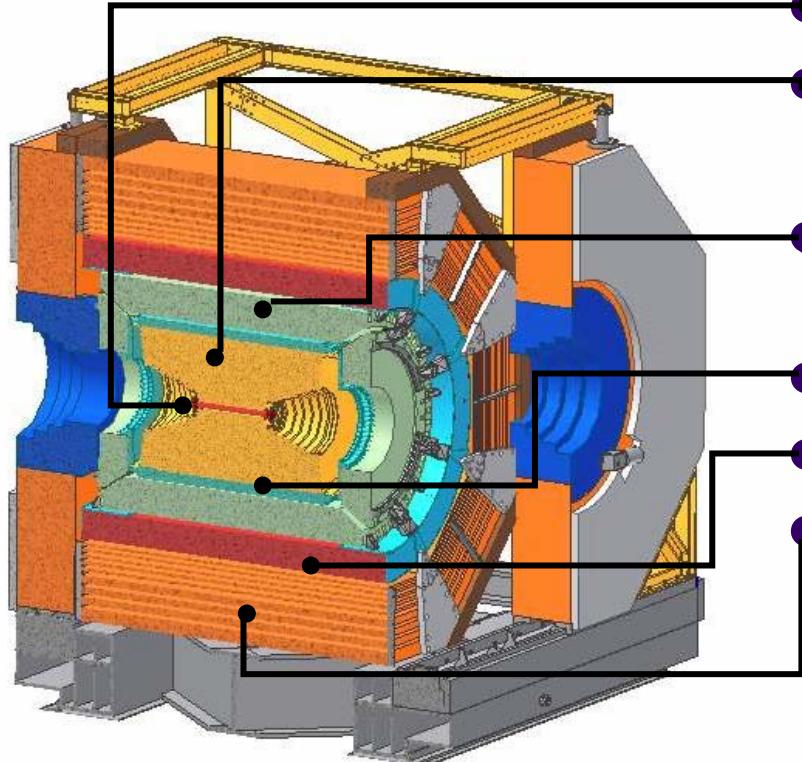
- Charmonium physics
 - Transition & charmonium state
 - charmonium decays
- Light hadron spectroscopy in J/ψ decay
 - enormous statistic, 1^- , $\lambda = \pm 1$ initial state
- Open charm
- τ -lepton mass, R-ratio
- Rare & forbidden decay
- ...





BES III Detector

Int. J. Mod. Phys. A24, 377 (2009)
NIM A614, 345 (2010)

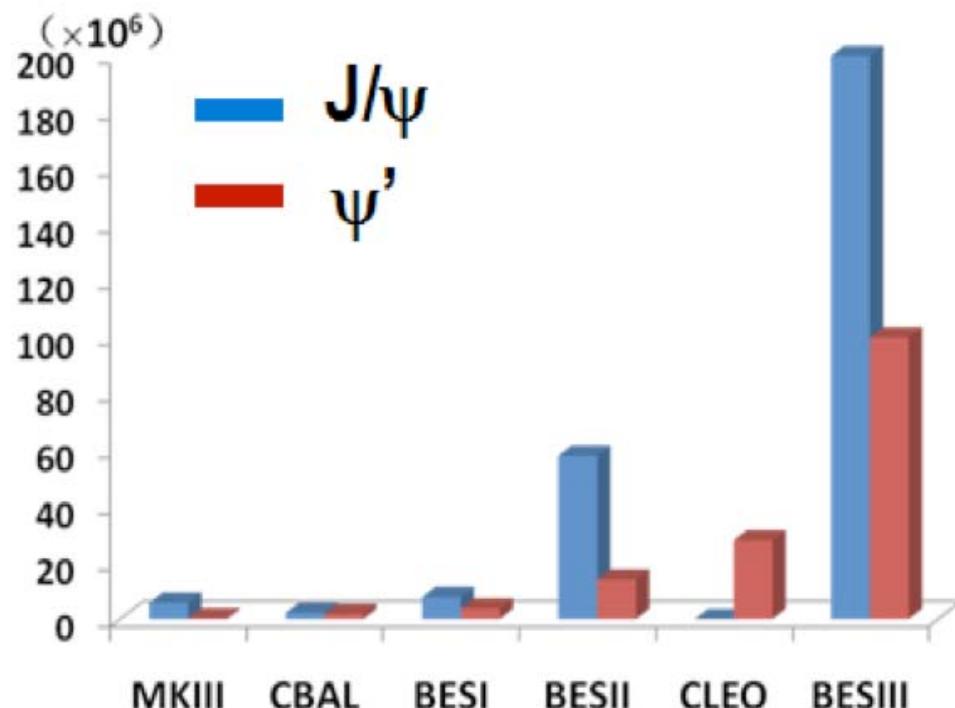


- Be beam pipe
- He-based drift chamber:
 $\delta p/p=0.58\%$, $dE/dx \sim 6\%$ at 1 GeV
- CsI electromagnetic calorimeter:
 $\delta E \sim 2.5\%$, space 0.6 cm at 1 GeV
- TOF: 80 ps (barrel), 100 ps (endcap)
- 1T Superconducting magnet
- Muon system : 9 layers of RPC in magnet yoke

Close to 4π acceptance(93%), very little material inside tracker,
excellent tracking & calorimetry



BEPCII/BESIII Milestones



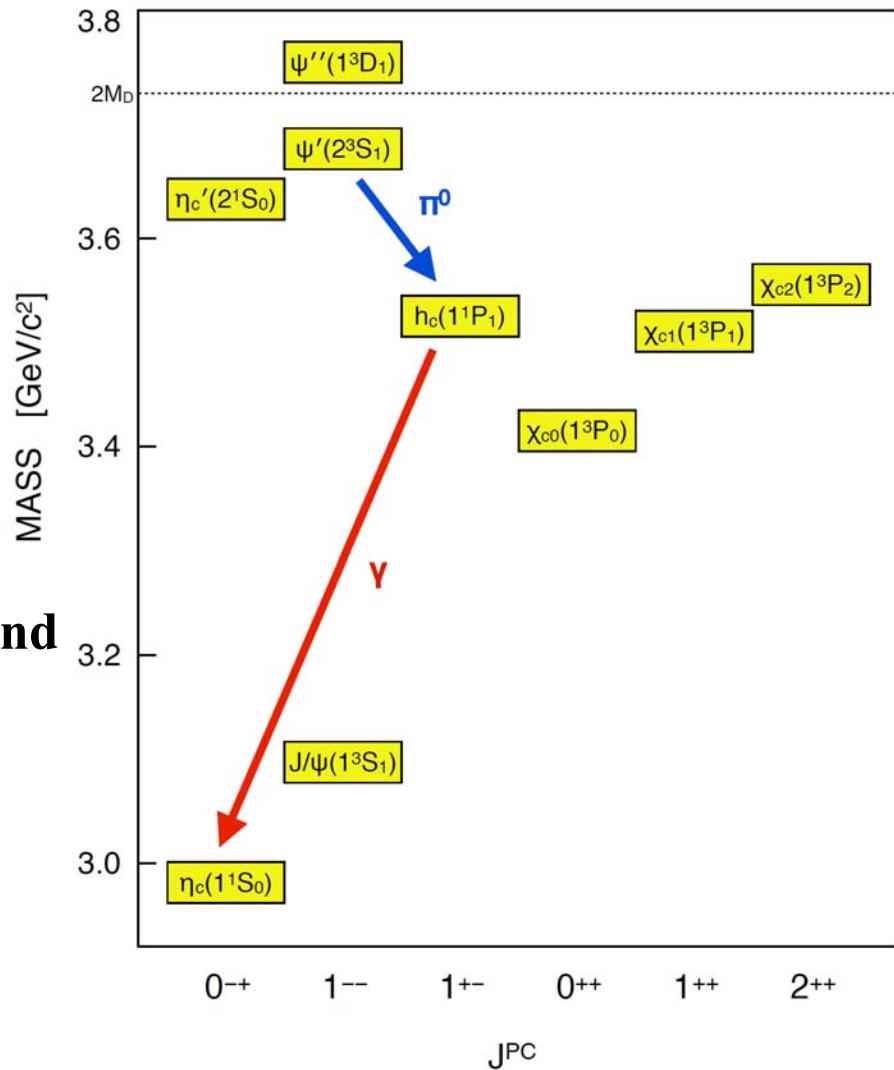
- Mar. 2008: Collisions at 500 mA
 $\times 500$ mA, Lum.: $1 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Apr. 30, 2008: Move BESIII to IP
- July 18, 2008: First e^+e^- collision event in BESIII
- Apr. 14, 2009 106 M ψ' events
- July 28, 2009 225 M J/ψ events
- June 27, 2010 0.975 fb^{-1} at $\psi(3770)$
(includes 75 pb^{-1} scan)

$h_c(1^P_1)$

The least studied charmonium state below DD threshold

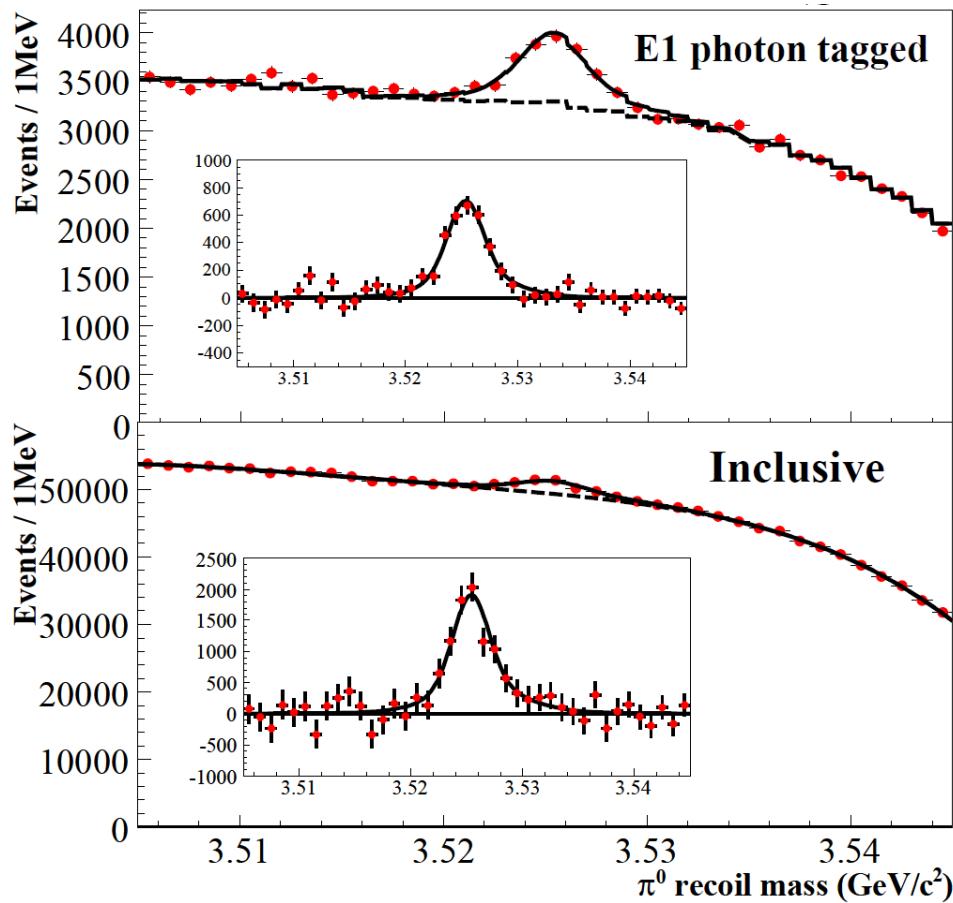


- $B(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c)$ is a measure of isospin violation in hadronic charmonium decay
- Hyperfine 1^P mass splitting
 $\Delta M_{hf}(1^P) = \langle M(^3P_J) \rangle - M(^1P_1)$
 important to learn about spin-spin interaction of heavy quarks
 $\langle M(^3P_J) \rangle = 1/9(M\chi_{c0} + 3M\chi_{c1} + 5M\chi_{c1})$
- Large branching of E1 radiation transition
- Theory predictions for $B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$ and $B(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c)$ vary by factor ~ 2
- Only mass and combined brancing $Br(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) \times Br(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$ was measured before(CLEO, 2008)



h_c in $\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c$, $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$ at BES III

Combined analysis of the inclusive and E1- tagged spectrums of recoil π^0



Select events with E1-photon to tag $h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$; Use tagged π^0 recoil mass spectrum to extract

- $M(h_c)$
- $\Gamma(h_c)$ (**first measurements**)
- $B(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) \times B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$

Use inclusive π^0 recoil mass spectrum in combination with tagged results to obtain $B(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c)$ and $B(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$ (**first measurements**)

h_c : results

- ✓ First measurements of $\Gamma(h_c)$, $Br(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c)$ and $Br(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c)$
- ✓ Hyperfine splitting $\Delta M_{hf}(^1P)$ is compatible with zero

	BES III PRL 104, 132002	CLEO-c PRL 101, 182003
$Br(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) \times Br(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c) * 10^{-4}$	4.58 ± 0.40 ± 0.50	4.16 ± 0.30 ± 0.37
$M [MeV/c^2]$	3525.40 ± 0.13 ± 0.18	3525.20 ± 0.18 ± 0.12
$\Delta M_{hf}(^1P) [MeV/c^2]$	0.10 ± 0.13 ± 0.18	0.08 ± 0.18 ± 0.12

	BES III	Theoretical predictions
$\Gamma(h_c)[MeV]$	0.73 ± 0.45 ± 0.28	1.1 (NRQCD) Kuang
	< 1.44 @ 90%CL	0.51 (PQCD) Kuang
$Br(h_c \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c) [\%]$	54.3 ± 6.7 ± 5.2	41 (NRQCD) Kuang 88 (PQCD) Kuang 38 Godfrey, Rosner
$Br(\psi' \rightarrow \pi^0 h_c) \times 10^{-4}$	8.4 ± 1.3 ± 1.0	4 – 13 Kuang

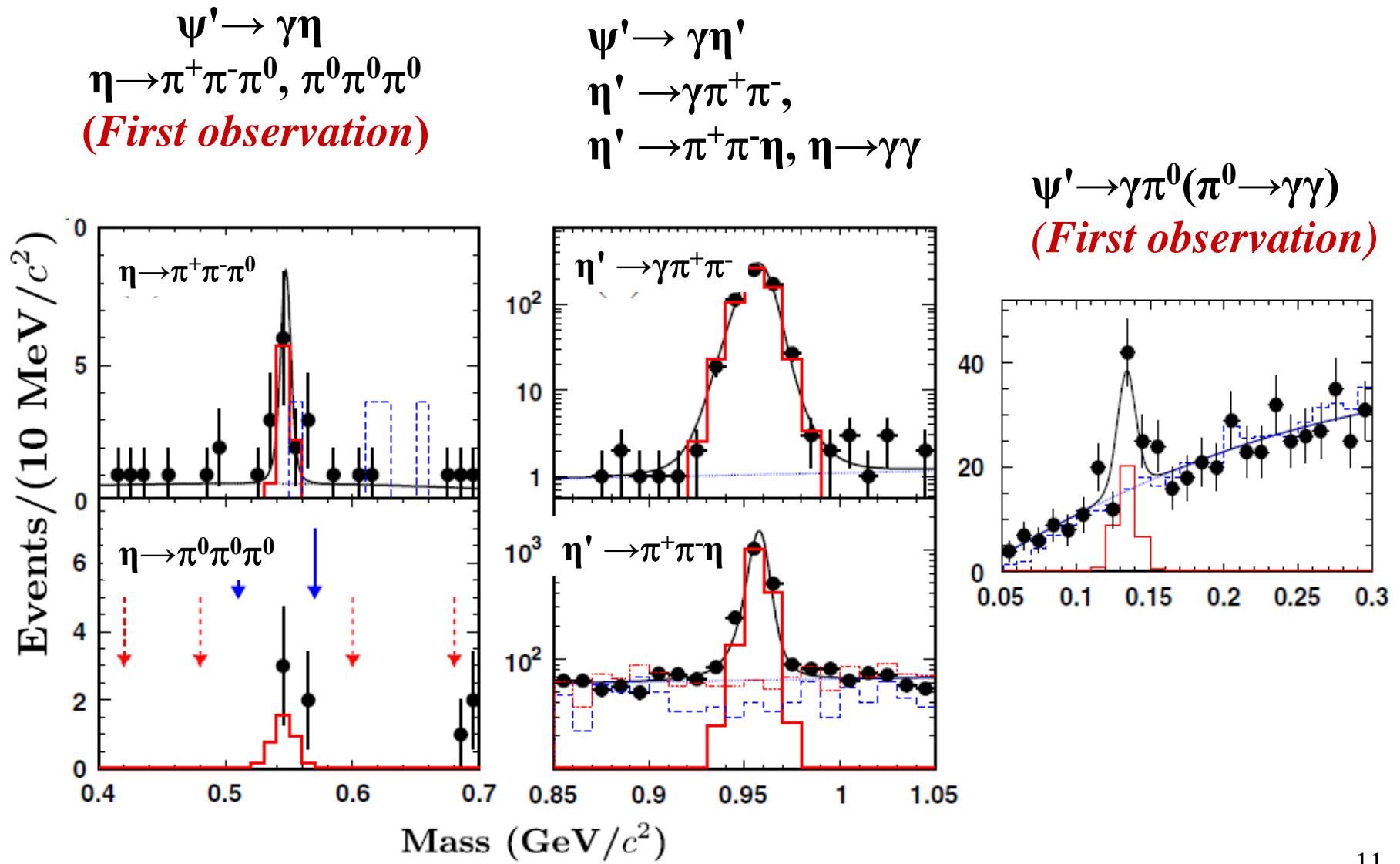
9

$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma P$ ($P = \pi^0$, η and η')

- Important for testing various phenomenological mechanisms: VMD model, $\eta_c - \eta^{(0)}$ mixing, 2-gluon couplings to qq states, and final state radiation by light quarks.
- $R_{J/\psi} = B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta) / B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta')$ predicted by 1st order perturbation theory.
- $R_{\psi'} = B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta) / B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta') \approx R_{J/\psi}$ was expected.
- $B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0)$ expected to be small ($\sim 2.2 \times 10^{-7}$)
- Recently, CLEOc reported on J/ψ , ψ' , $\psi'' \rightarrow \gamma P$:
 - Found no evidence for $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0$ or $\gamma \eta$
 - Determine $B(\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0) < 5 \times 10^{-6}$
 - Obtain $R_{\psi'} < 1.8\%$ at 90% CL and $R_{J/\psi} = (21.1 \pm 0.9)\%$

CLEOc, PRD 79,
111101 (2009)

$\Psi' \rightarrow \gamma P$ ($P = \pi^0, \eta$ and η') at BES III



$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma P$ ($P = \pi^0$, η and η') at BES III

Phys. Rev. Lett 105, 261801 (2010)

Mode	BESIII	Combined BESIII	PDG
$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0$	$1.58 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.13$	$1.58 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.13$	≤ 5
$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$	$1.78 \pm 0.72 \pm 0.17$	$1.38 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.09$	≤ 2
$\rightarrow \gamma \eta(\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)$	$1.07 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.08$		
$\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta'(\pi^+ \pi^- \eta)$	$120 \pm 5 \pm 8$	$126 \pm 3 \pm 8$	121 ± 8
$\rightarrow \gamma \eta'(\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma)$	$129 \pm 3 \pm 8$		

Branching
Ratios (x 10⁻⁶)

- Measured branching ratios of $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \eta$ and $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0$ for the first time

- The first measurement of
 $R_{\psi'} = (1.10 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.07)\%$

- Confirmed $R_{\psi'} \ll R_{J/\psi}$

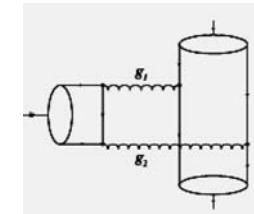
$R_{\psi'} \ll R_{J/\psi}$ poses a significant challenge to theory.

χ_{cJ} decays

Could be a good place to:

- study gluonium: $\chi_c \rightarrow gg \rightarrow (qq)(qq)$.

C. Amsler and F. E. Close, Phys. Rev. D 53, 295 (1996).

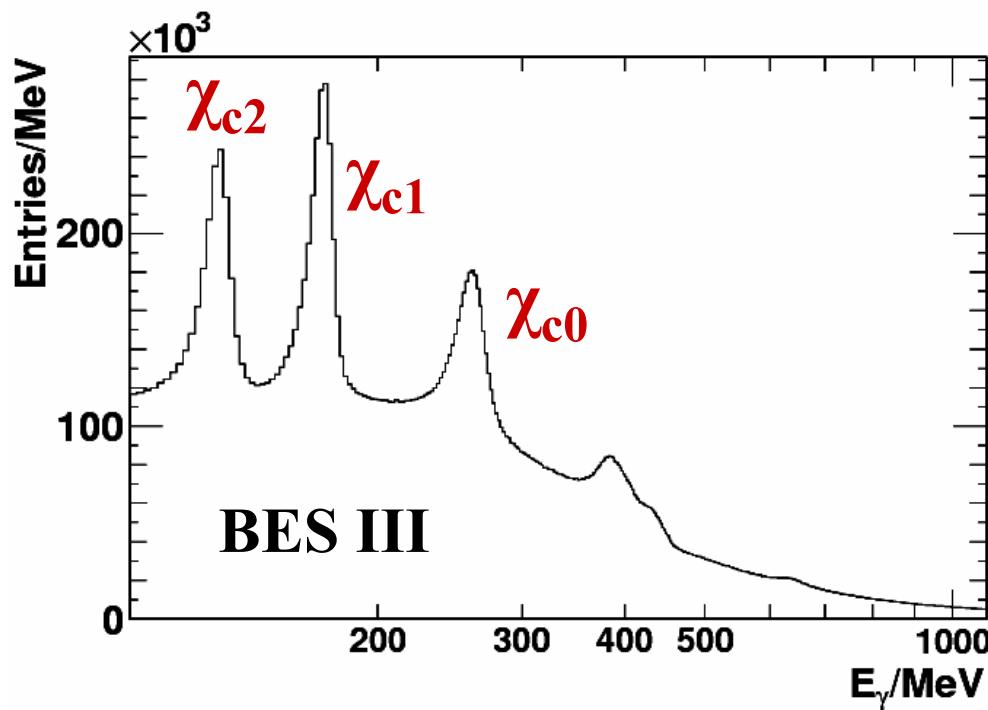
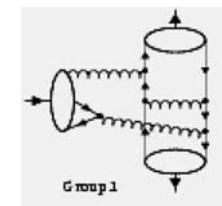


- test color octet mechanism.

G. T. Bodwin *et al.*, Phys Rev. Lett. D51, 1125 (1995).

H.-W. Huang and K.-T. Chao, Phys. Rev. D54, 6850 (1996).

J. Bolz *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. C 2, 705 (1998).



χ_{cJ} cannot directly originate from e^+e^- collisions, but can be easily produced and tagged in ψ' radiative decay

Measurements of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma V$, $V=(\varphi, \omega, \rho^0)$

The recent experimental results ([CLEOc: PRL 101, 151801 \(2008\)](#)) for $B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma \omega, \gamma \rho^0)$ are by an order of magnitude higher than the corresponding theoretical predictions.

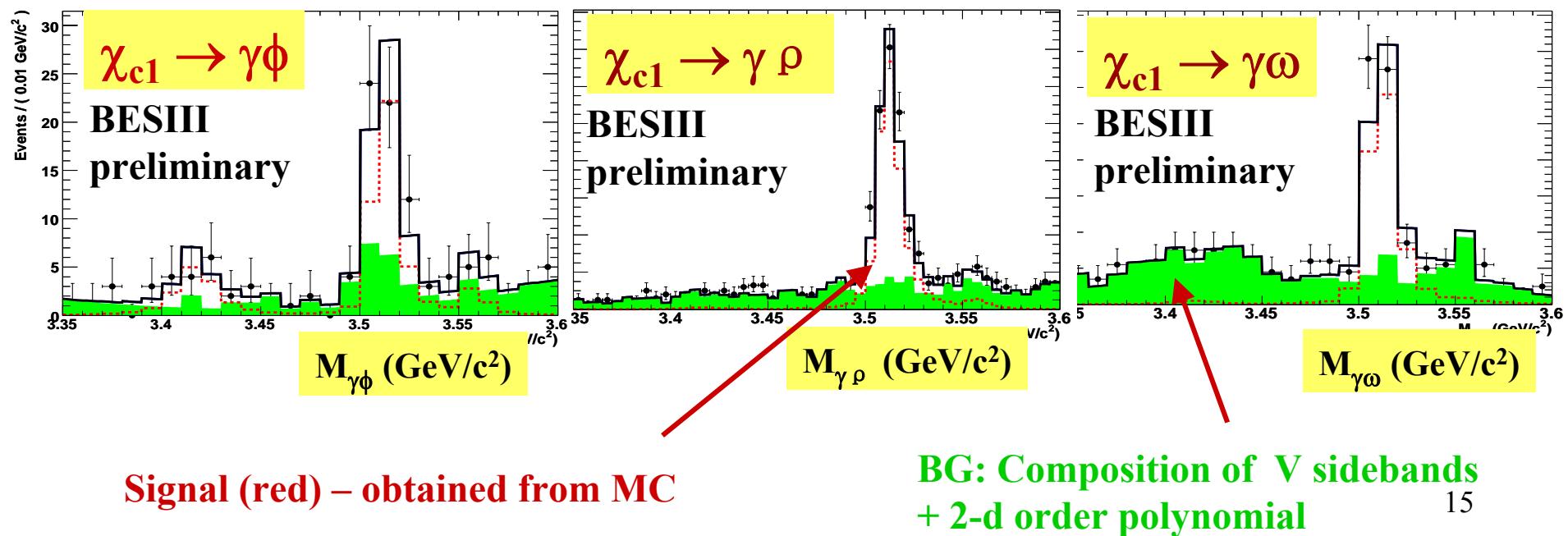
mode	CLEO	pQCD	NRQCD	NRQCD+QED
$B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma \rho^0) * 10^{-6}$	$243 \pm 19 \pm 22$	14	41	42
$B(\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma \omega) * 10^{-6}$	$83 \pm 15 \pm 12$	1.6	4.6	4.7

Difference may be explained by non-perturbative QCD “loop corrections” :
D. Y. Chen , Eur. Phys. J. C 70, 177 (2010)

New measurements
are necessary to
check theory

Measurements of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma V$, $V=(\phi, \omega, \rho^0)$

- Select $\gamma\gamma K^+K^-$, $\gamma\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$, $\gamma\gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ candidate for $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\phi$, $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\rho$, $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\omega$ event (mass windows for V , 4-C fit for total 4-momentum)
- Fit γV mass to extract χ_{cJ} event number



Measurements of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \gamma V$, $V=(\phi, \omega, \rho^0)$

BES III Preliminary First evidence of $\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma\phi$

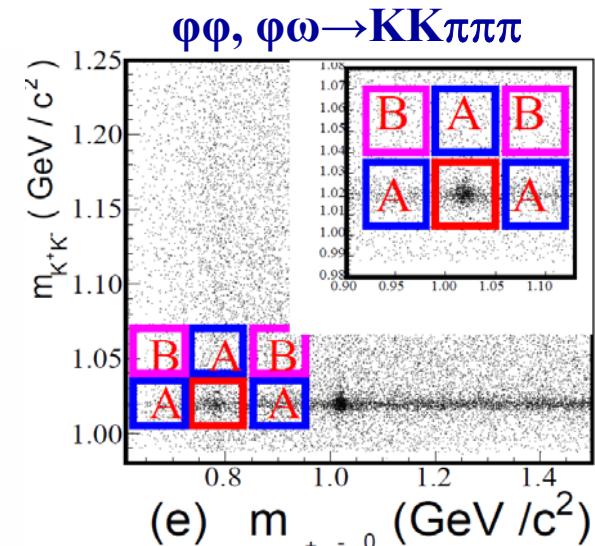
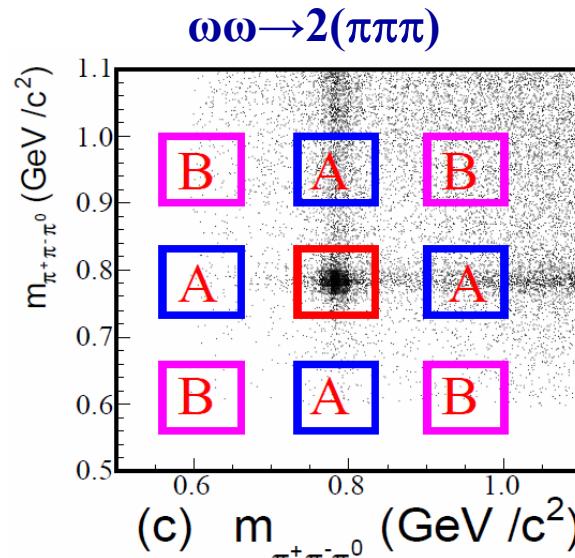
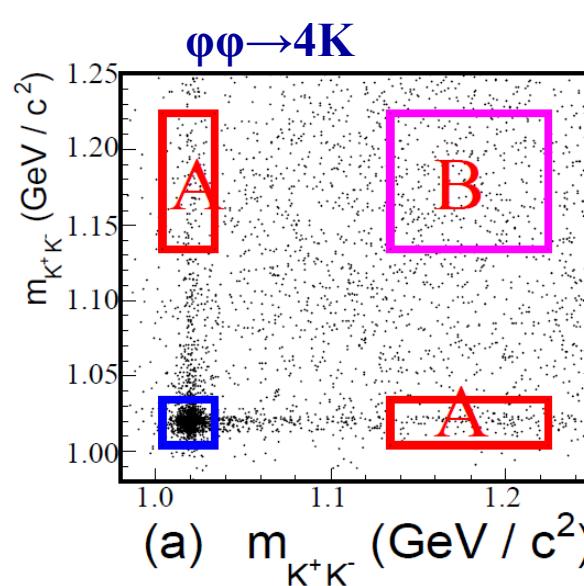
B (10^{-6})	BESIII	CLEOc	significance
$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \gamma\phi$	< 16.1	< 6.4	2.9 σ
$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma\phi$	$25.8 \pm 5.2 \pm 2.0$	< 26	6.4 σ
$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \gamma\phi$	< 8.0	< 13	
$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \gamma\rho^0$	< 10.2	< 9.6	
$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma\rho^0$	$228 \pm 13 \pm 16$	$243 \pm 19 \pm 22$	>>10 σ
$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \gamma\rho^0$	< 20.3	< 50	
$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \gamma\omega$	< 12.7	< 8.8	
$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma\omega$	$69.7 \pm 7.2 \pm 5.6$	$83 \pm 15 \pm 12$	>>10 σ
$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \gamma\omega$	< 6.0	< 7.0	

Study of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow VV$ ($V = \phi, \omega$) at BES III

- Only χ_{c0} and χ_{c2} decays into $\phi\phi$ and $\omega\omega$ have been observed.
- $\chi_{c1} \rightarrow VV$ is suppressed due to helicity selection rule in pQCD
- $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \omega \phi$ is doubly OZI suppressed, never observed before

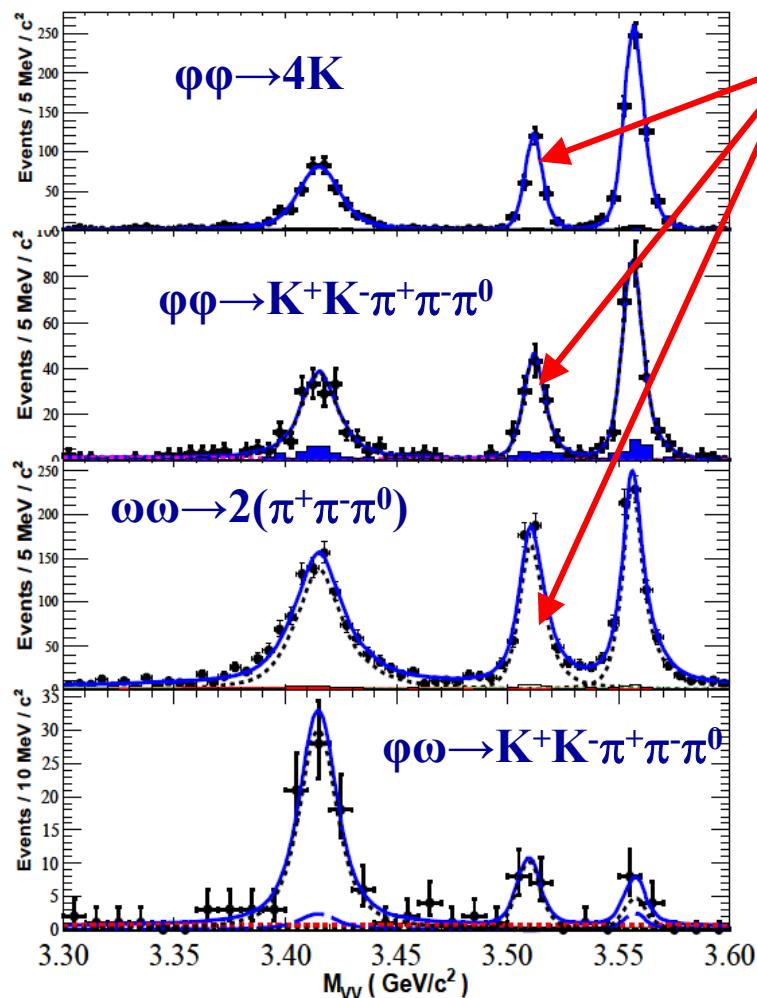
Study of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow VV$ ($V = \phi, \omega$) at BES III

Signal and sideband areas for $\phi\phi \rightarrow 4K$, $\omega\omega \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$,
 $\phi\omega \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ and $\phi\phi \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ candidates



PID and total 4-momentum 4C-kinematic fit constraint applied to all γVV candidate : $\chi^2(4C) < 60$ for $\gamma\phi\phi$ and $\gamma\omega\phi$ candidate, $\chi^2(4C) < 200$ for $\gamma\omega\omega$

Study of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow VV$ ($V = \phi, \omega$) at BESIII



surprisingly clear χ_{c1} signal

Fit $M(VV)$ spectrum with signal and backgrounds combination to extract branchings

Signal: MC χ_{CJ} shape (gray dotted line)

Backgrounds:

- Normalized sidebands (filled blue)
- Phase-space for non - χ_{CJ}
- 2-nd order polynomial for combinatorial bg (red line)

Results of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow VV$ ($V = \phi, \omega$) at BESIII

BES III Preliminary

Final states	Channel	N_{net}	ϵ (%)	$Br(\times 10^{-4})$	PDG [13]
$\gamma 2(K^+ K^-)$	$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	432.1 ± 22.6	22.41	$7.81 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.80$	9.3 ± 2.0
	$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	253.6 ± 16.5	26.43	$4.06 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.43$	---
	$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	629.3 ± 25.7	26.11	$10.74 \pm 0.43 \pm 1.10$	15.4 ± 3.0
$\gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	178.8 ± 16.2	1.92	$9.13 \pm 0.83 \pm 1.04$	9.3 ± 2.0
	$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	111.6 ± 12.0	2.31	$4.95 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.59$	---
	$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	217.9 ± 16.1	2.23	$10.55 \pm 0.78 \pm 1.22$	15.4 ± 3.0
Combined	$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	—	—	$8.00 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.80$	9.3 ± 2.0
	$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	—	—	$4.30 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.49$	---
	$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \phi\phi$	—	—	$10.67 \pm 0.38 \pm 1.15$	15.4 ± 3.0
$\gamma 2(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$	$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \omega\omega$	991.1 ± 38.2	13.13	$9.53 \pm 0.37 \pm 1.11$	23 ± 7.0
	$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \omega\omega$	597.1 ± 28.8	13.23	$5.96 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.70$	---
	$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \omega\omega$	762.4 ± 31.3	11.91	$8.90 \pm 0.36 \pm 1.08$	20.0 ± 7.0
$\gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$\chi_{c0} \rightarrow \omega\phi$	76.0 ± 11.0	14.7	$1.18 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.15$	—
	$\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \omega\phi$	15.3 ± 4.1	16.2	$0.23 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.03$	—
	$\chi_{c2} \rightarrow \omega\phi$	< 12.5	15.7	< 0.23	—

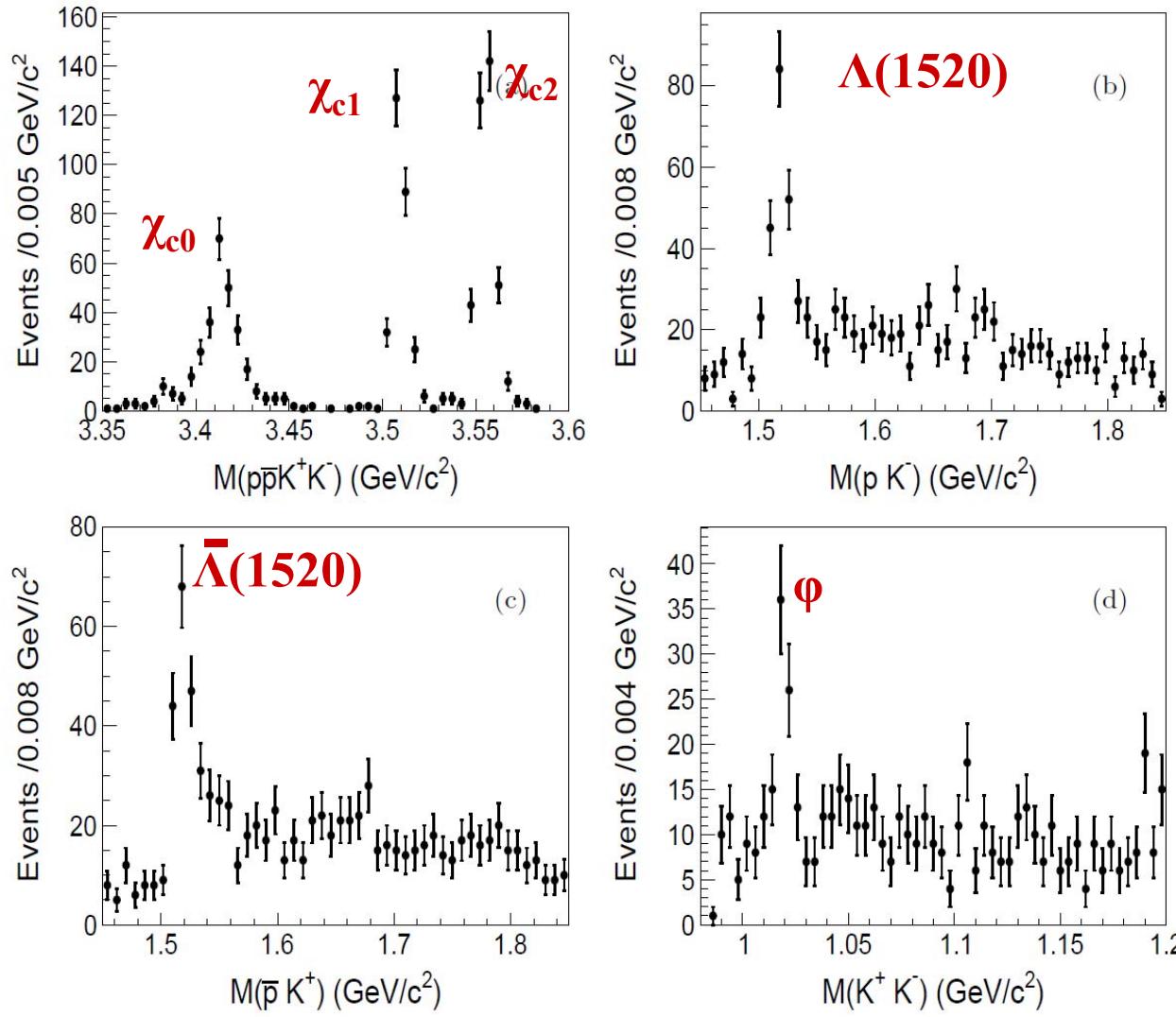
- $\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \phi\phi, \omega\omega$ decays are observed for the first time with surprisingly large branching. Is helicity selection rules applicable in this case?
- The doubly OZI-suppressed decay $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \phi\omega$ is observed for the first time
- Other measured branchings are consistent with and more accurate than previous measurements

Study of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$

- **Color Octet Mechanism** disagrees with the measurements for some baryon-antibaryon χ_{cJ} decays (e.g. $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$)
- Only ground state baryons was observed in χ_{cJ} decays
- To test the COM predictions for P-wave charmonia decay further, measurements of χ_{cJ} excited baryon pair decays are needed
- The main aim of analysis is to find contribution of intermediate $\Lambda(1520)$ in $K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$ final state

$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$ at BESIII

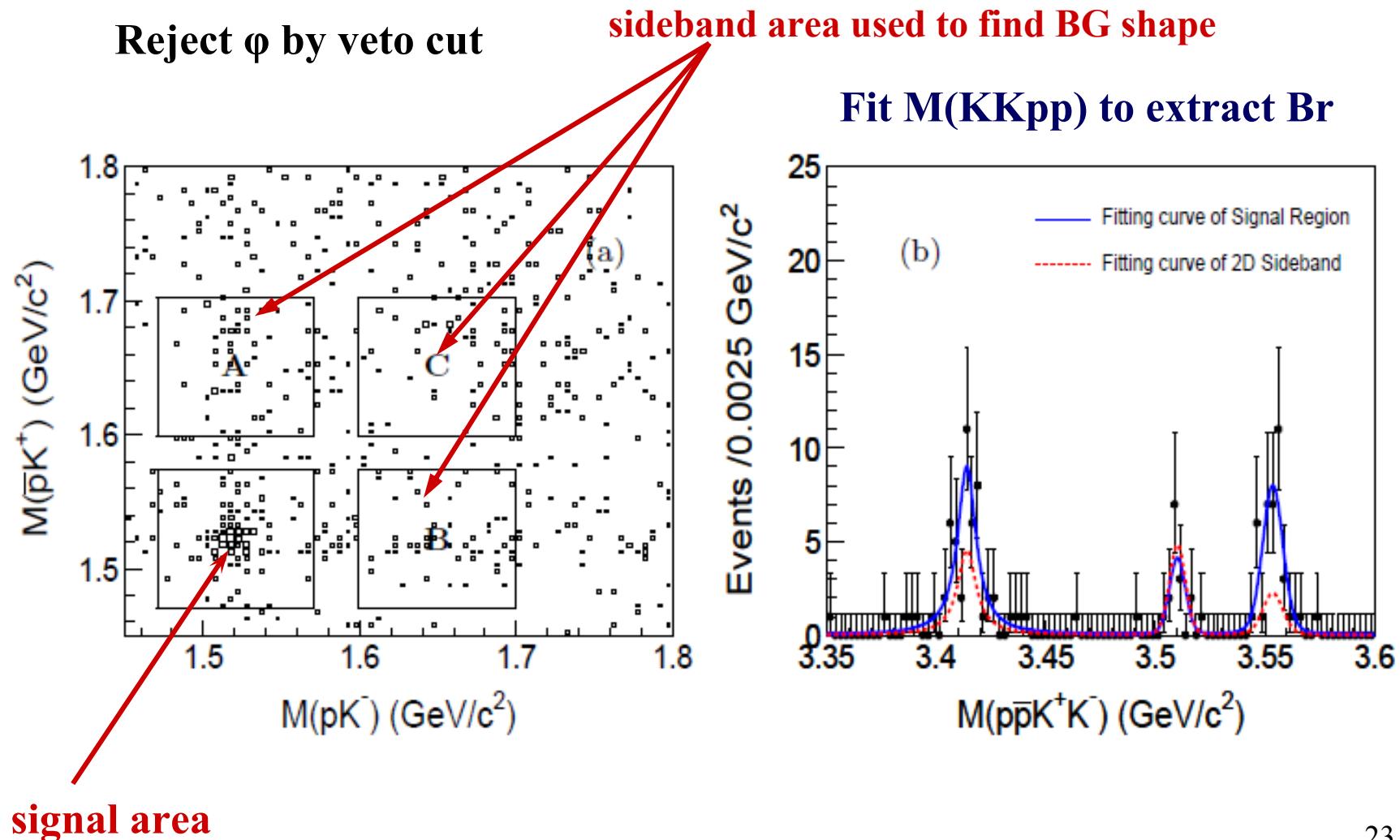
Clear sign of $\Lambda(1520)$ and ϕ



$\gamma K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$ candidate
selected using PID
info and 4C
kinematic fit

Study of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$ at BES III

Search for $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \bar{\Lambda}(1520)$



Results of $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- p\bar{p}$ at BESIII

BES III Preliminary

	χ_{c0}	χ_{c1}	χ_{c2}
$Br(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p\bar{p}K^+ K^-) \times 10^{-4}$	$1.24 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.18$	$1.35 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.19$	$2.08 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.30$
$Br(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \bar{p}K^+ \Lambda(1520) + c.c.) \times 10^{-4}$	$3.00 \pm 0.58 \pm 0.50$	$1.81 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.28$	$3.06 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.54$
$Br(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\bar{\Lambda}(1520)) \times 10^{-4}$	$3.18 \pm 1.11 \pm 0.53$	$< 1.00 @ 90\% C.L.$	$5.05 \pm 1.29 \pm 0.93$
$Br(\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p\bar{p}\phi) \times 10^{-5}$	$6.12 \pm 1.18 \pm 0.86$	$< 1.82 @ 90\% C.L.$	$3.04 \pm 0.85 \pm 0.43$

Main sources of systematic: tracking efficiency (~8%), PID(~8%), fitting procedure (0-9%), branchings (3-7%), mass windows cut (2-11%)



Summary

- The BES-3 experiment runs successfully, and already provided many interesting results
- Many the world best measurements in charmonium physics during last year, and a number of measurements were made for the first time
- Some of our results are quite unexpected
- Now it is turn of theorists to explain our findings
- Much more new exciting results from BES-3 are coming soon



Thank you



BACKUP SLIDES



First publications of BESIII

- Charmonium Spectroscopy and Transitions
 - Measurements of h_c in ψ' decays (*PRL 104, 132002 (2010)*)
- Charmonium Decays
 - $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0, \eta\eta$ (*PRD 81, 052005 (2010)*)
 - $\psi' \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0, \gamma\eta, \gamma\eta'$ (*arXiv:1011.0885, PRL. 105, 261801 (2010)*)
 - $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow 4\pi^0$ (*arXiv:1011.6556, PRD 83, 012006 (2011)*)
- Light Quark States
 - $a_0(980) - f_0(980)$ mixing (*PRD 83, 032003 (2011)*)
 - $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ matrix element (*arXiv:1012.1117, PRD 83, 012003 (2011)*)
 - X(1860) in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma(pp)$ (*Chinese Physics C 34, 4 (2010)*)
 - X(1835) in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma(\eta'\pi^+\pi^-)$ (*PRL 106, 072002 (2011).*)



BESIII Collaboration



**More than 300 physicist
48 institutions from 9 countries**

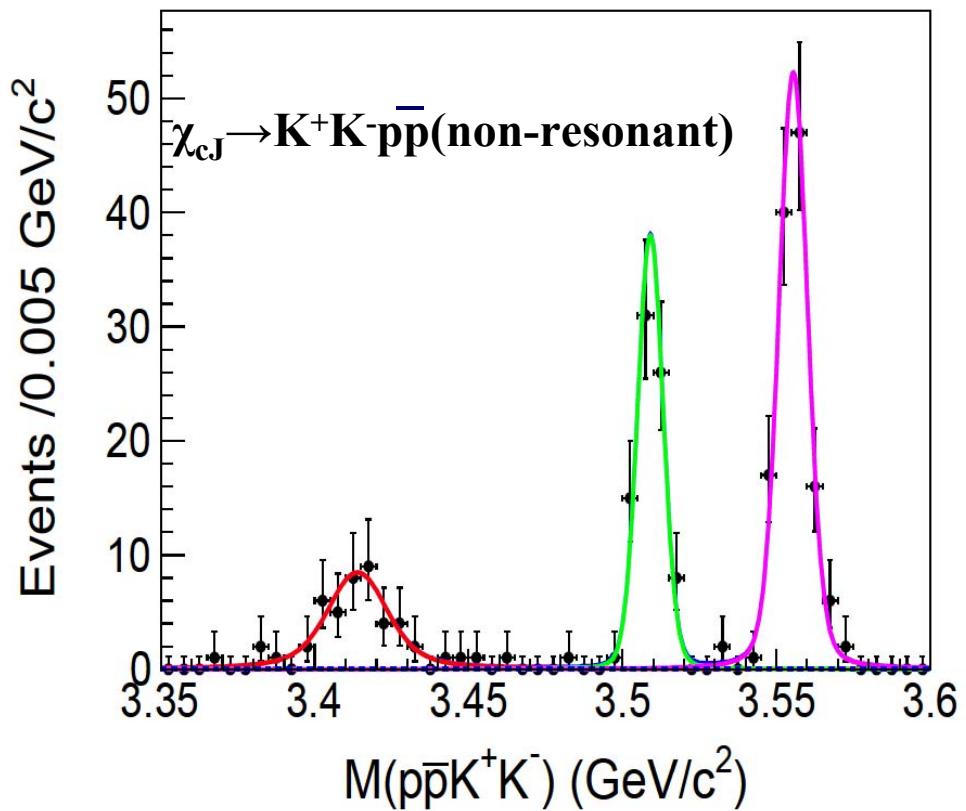
$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- pp$ at BESIII non-resonant contribution



4-body $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow KKpp$

selected applying veto cuts
on KK and Kp mass:

- $|M(pK^-) - 1.52| > 0.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$,
- $|M(K^+p) - 1.52| > 0.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- $|M(K^+K^-) - 1.02| > 0.03 \text{ GeV}/c^2$





$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow K^+ K^- pp$ at BESIII

$\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow pK^+\Lambda(1520) + \text{c.c.}$

Separate analysis for χ_{c0} χ_{c1} , χ_{c2} candidates

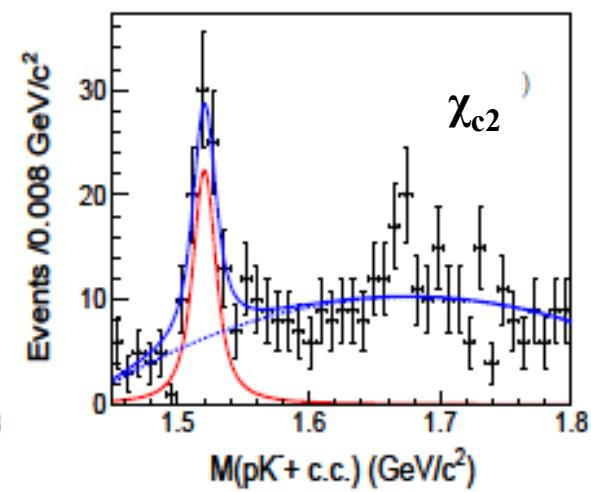
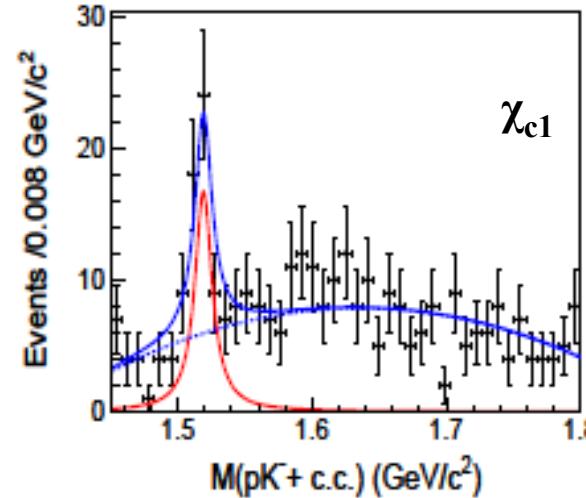
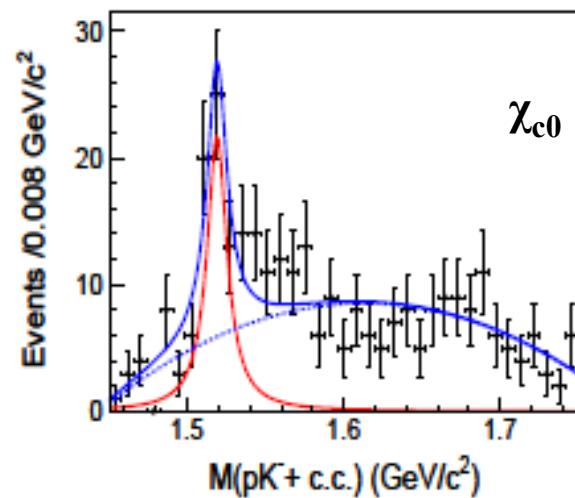
χ_{c0} : $3.365 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M(pp\bar{K}^+K^-) < 3.455 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

χ_{c1} : $3.490 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M(pp\bar{K}^+K^-) < 3.530 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

χ_{c2} : $3.530 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < M(pp\bar{K}^+K^-) < 3.580 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

+ Λ veto, + ϕ veto

Fit: BW x gauss, BG: 2d-order polynomial



Similar procedure for $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow p\bar{p}\phi$