



# Sean Paling STFC Boulby Underground Science Facility

Astroparticle physics & ultra low background studies



The search for  
Dark Matter & beyond



Earth and environmental science,  
Astrobiology and planetary  
exploration

## **Boulby Underground Laboratory:**

The UK's deep underground science facility. Status, plans and opportunities for growth



Underground lab @ Boulby



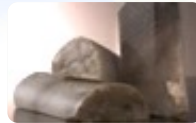
# Boulby Underground Laboratory



The UK's deep underground science facility operating in a working polyhalite & salt mine.

1.1km depth (2805 mwe). With low background surrounding rock-salt

Operated by the UK's Science & Technology Facilities Council (STFC) in partnership with the mine operators ICL

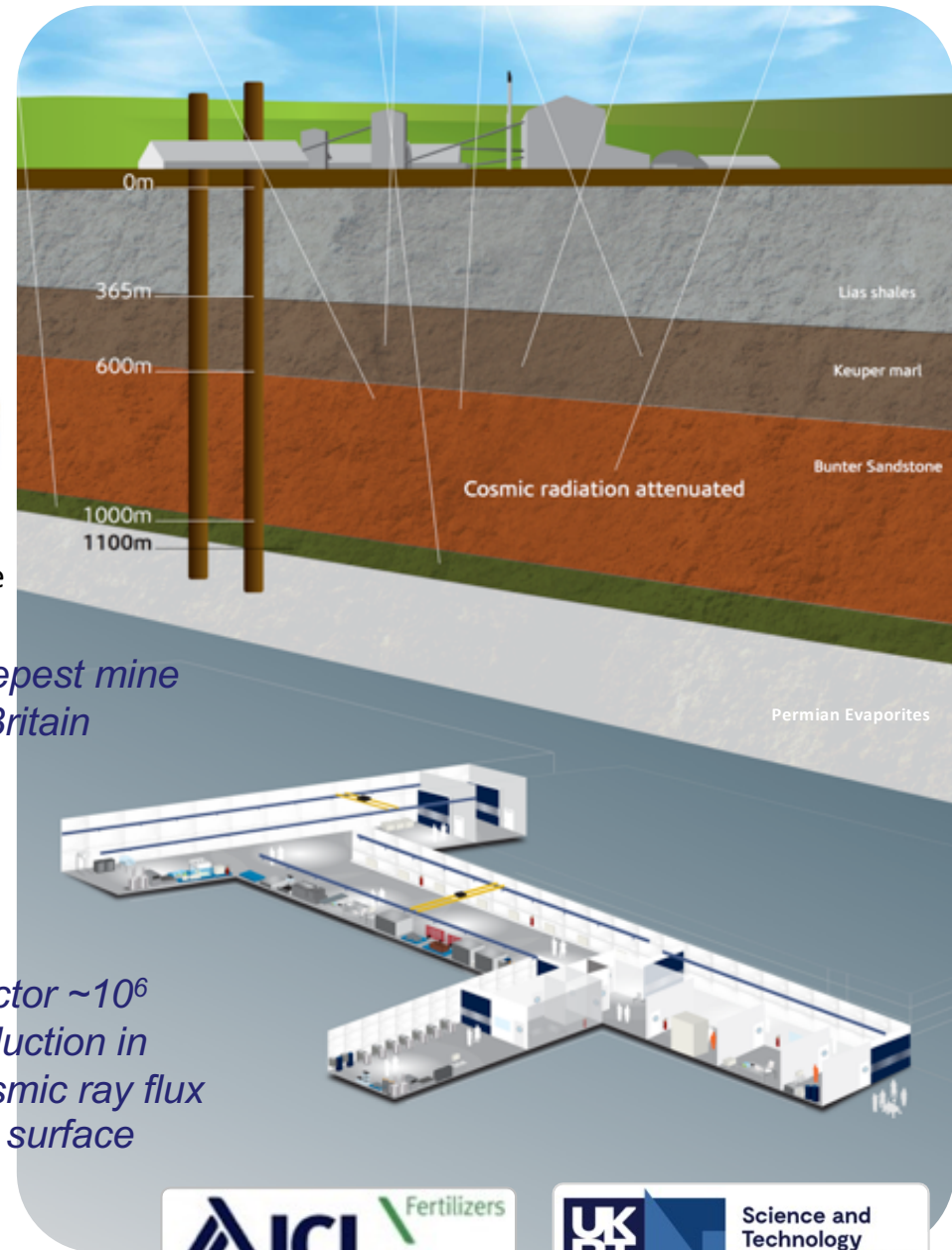


Polyhalite



*Deepest mine in Britain*

*Factor  $\sim 10^6$  reduction in cosmic ray flux vs. surface*

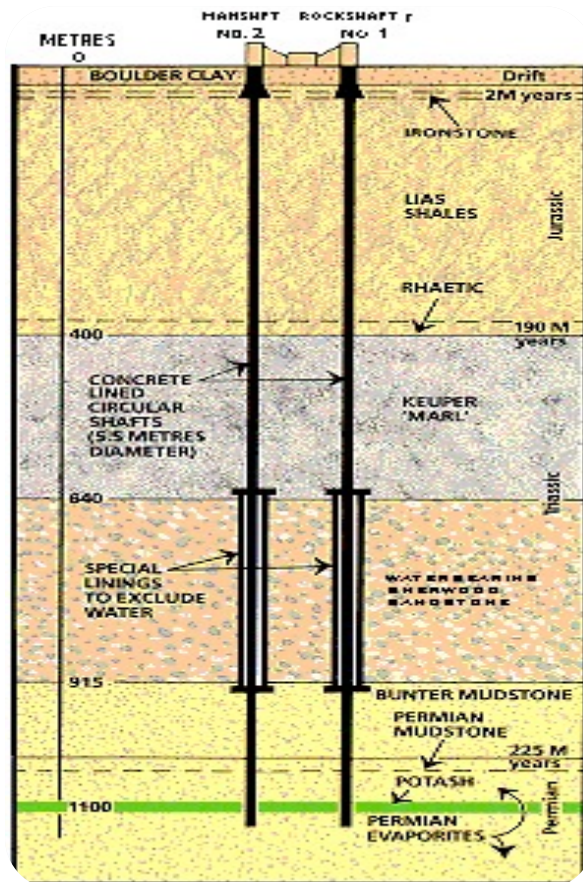


A **QUIET** place in the Universe



# Boulby Geology & Mining

Major local employer. Open since 1968.  
Originally mining potash (KCl) for fertiliser.  
Now first and only producers of polyhalite  
Excavations are in Salt (NaCl) & Potash (KCl) Permian evaporite layers left over from the Zechstein Sea.



Boulby Geology

Potash



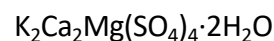
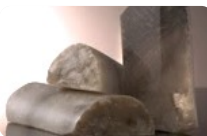
KCl

Rock-Salt



NaCl

Polyhalite



Typical Boulby Salt Roadway



Zechstein Sea







Surface support and staging building

Office space, chemistry & clean prep lab, storage and staging space, IT room, conference room,

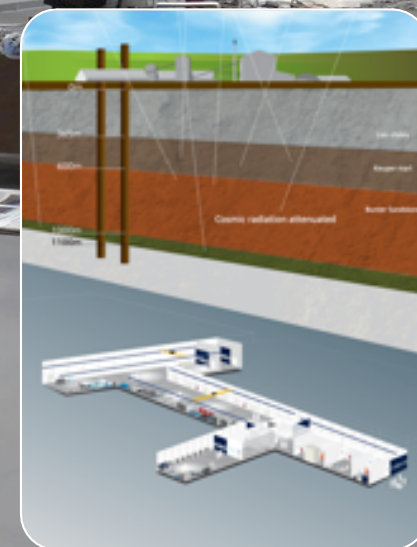


3000m<sup>3</sup> Outside Experimentation Area



BUGS+ Material screening

**Boulby Underground Lab Facilities 2020:**  
>4000m<sup>3</sup> class 1k & 10k clean room lab space  
100Mb Internet AC, Air filtration, 5T & 10T lifting, LN generation, fume hood & clean prep  
3000m<sup>3</sup> Outside Expt. Area. Power & internet





# Underground Science @ Boulby Mine



- DRIFT/CYGNUS: Directional Dark Matter
- Spherical Proportional Counters (NEWS-G) R&D
- BUGS: Ultra-low background material screening
- AWE(Ge): Atmospheric gamma spectroscopy
- RESOURCE: Salt cavity energy storage study
- Deep Carbon: Muon tomography for CCS+
- AIT-NEO: Neutrino detection for nuclear security
- BISAL: Geo-microbiology / Astrobiology studies
- MINAR: Space Exploration Tech. Development
- Etc... (More to come).



ULB screening of LZ PMTs



Astrobiology & planetary exploration

**A busy & growing multi-disciplinary science programme:**  
**Astrophysics and Low Background science**, Earth and  
Environmental Science, Astrobiology and Planetary Exploration.





# Boulby Facility Details...

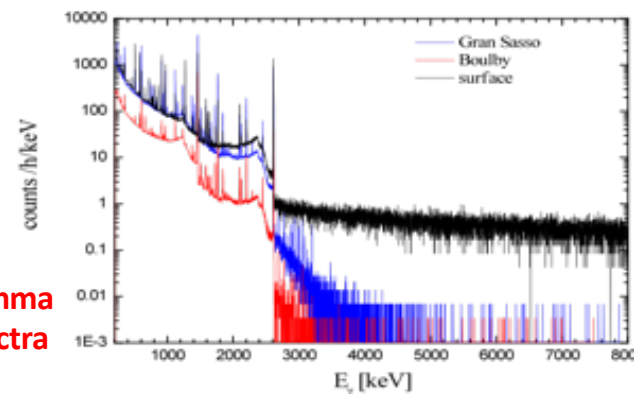
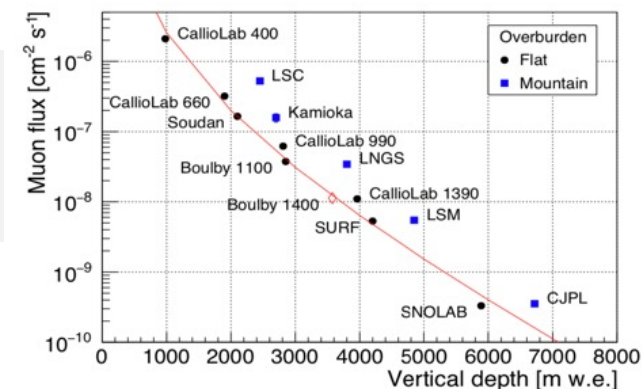


- The UK's deep underground science facility. One of 4 in Europe, <15 in the world.
- Supports work of >10 collaborative projects (astrophysics to climate, geology, environment etc), >40 institutions, >170 scientists & students.
- Facility funded and operated by the Science & Technology Facilities Council (STFC).
- Operations, H&S & science programme managed by 10 (+2) onsite staff and supported by Rutherford Appleton Lab (PPD).
- Mine operators ICL-UK provide wide-ranging operational & high level support.



**How does Boulby Compare?**

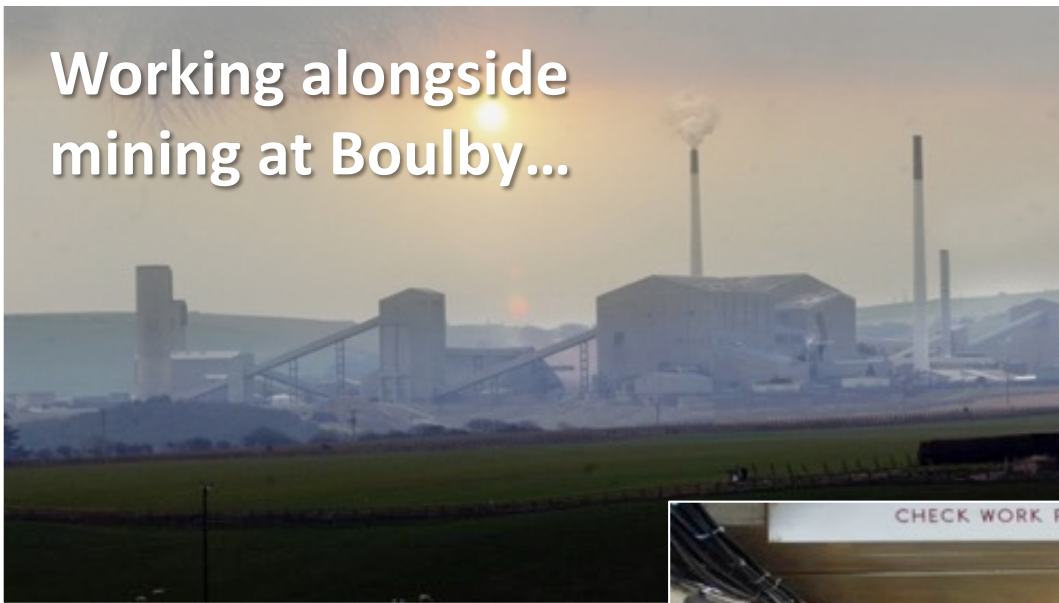
- Low Radon levels (3 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>)
- Diverse science programme.
- Science and Industry partnership



**Gamma Spectra**



# Working alongside mining at Boulby...



STFC-Boulby Lab responsibility:

- Run and maintain the lab
- Facilitate / Support Science
- Health & Safety
- Operations Impact
- Outreach & Media

CPL/ICL support us:

- Keep the mine operating and safe
- Emergency H&S
- Materials transportation
- High level support



# Science Programme Status & Plans.

- Astroparticle & Low Background Science
- Earth & Environmental Science
- Astrobiology & Planetary Exploration Studies
- Outreach & Education

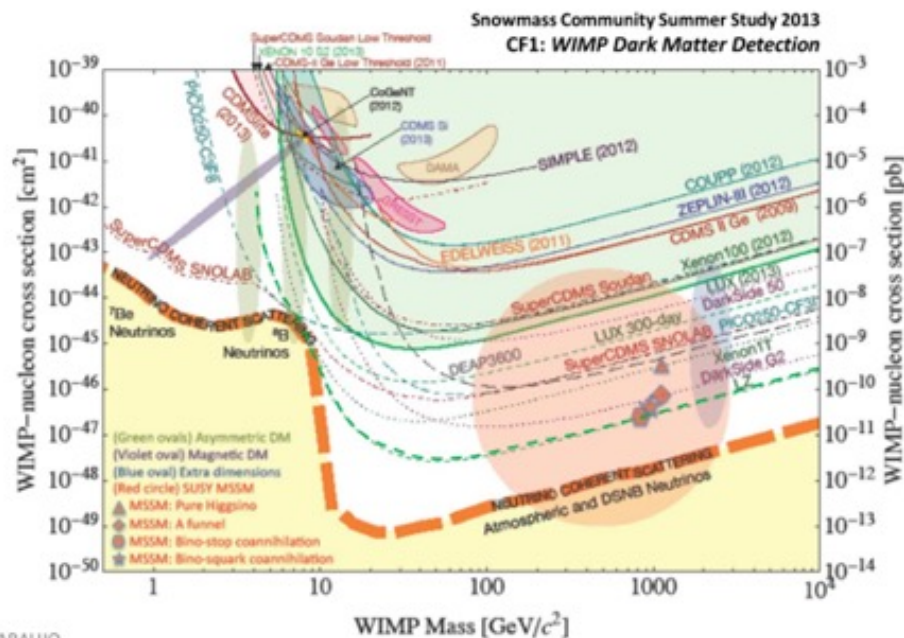
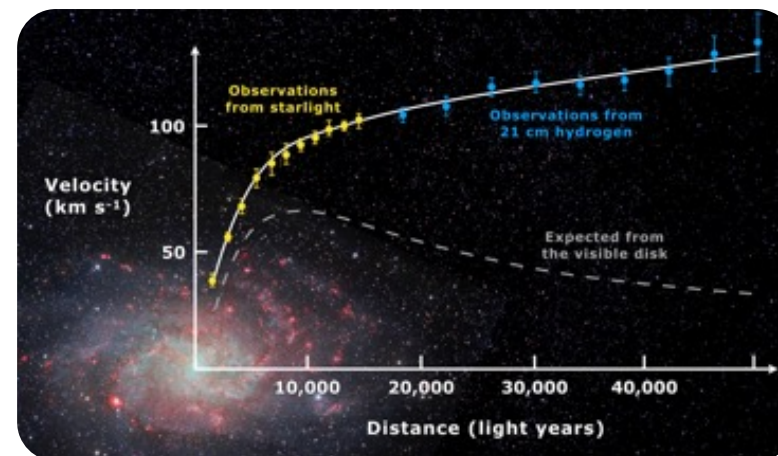


# Boulby Dark Matter Studies...

Boulby has hosted **Dark Matter search** studies for over two decades. Including the **NAIAD**, **DRIFT & ZEPLIN** experiment programmes.

Boulby now hosts CYGNUS directional DM programme, NEWS-G/Dark-Sphere R&D and providing ULB material screening for other studies, inc **LUX-ZEPLIN (LZ)**

*Galactic rotation curves*



**ZEPLIN-II & III:**  
The world's first  
2-phase Xenon  
dark matter  
detectors  
(Finished 2011)

*World DM particle  
search limits and  
future projections*

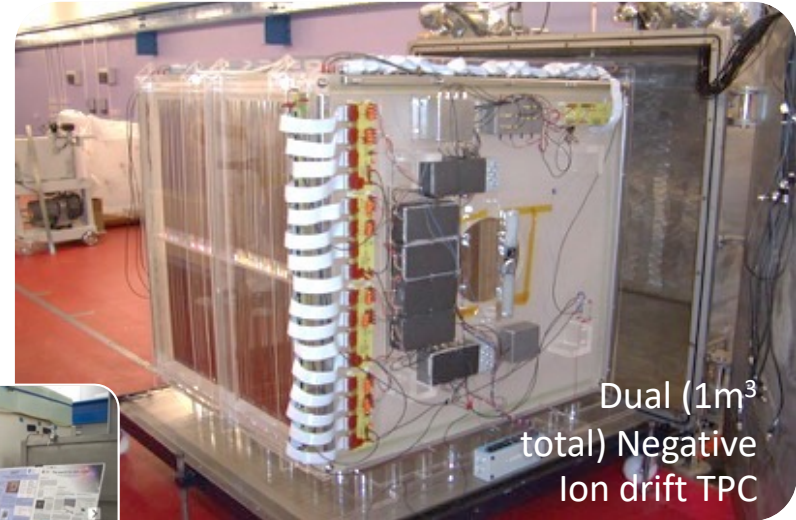


ZEPLIN-III @ Boulby

# Boulby Dark Matter Studies...

## DRIFT/CYGNUS: R&D for DIRECTIONAL Dark Matter detection.

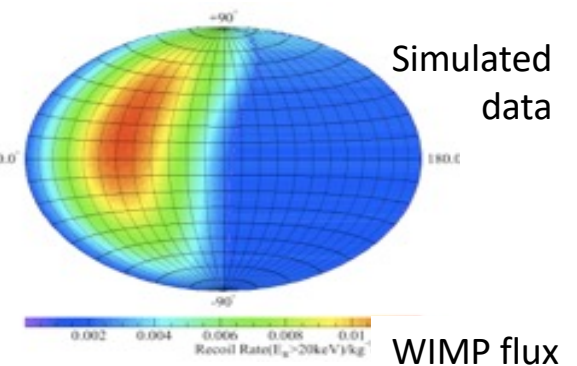
**STATUS:** Programme operating at Boulby since 2001. Currently limit-setting and conducting system performance & scale-up R&D. Plans for further R&D & expansion / collaboration (**CYGNUS**).



DRIFT-II-d @ Boulby

Dual (1m<sup>3</sup> total) Negative Ion drift TPC

Directional detection



Spherical TPC R&D



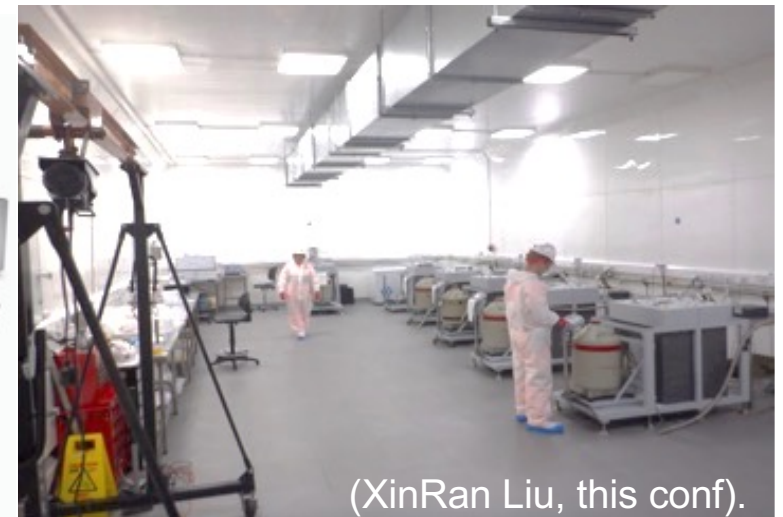
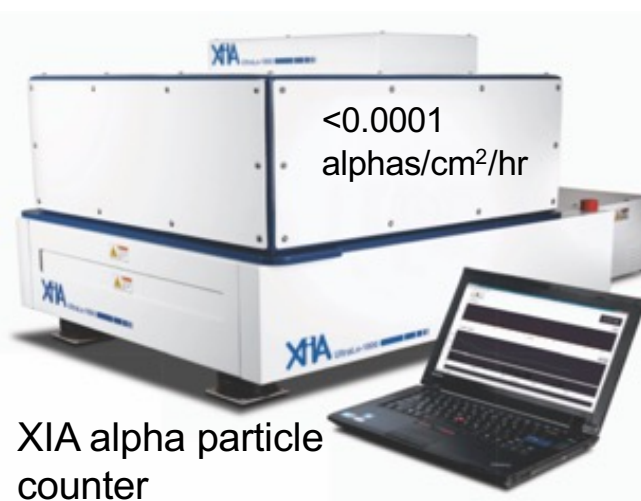
NEWS-G  
@Boulby  
Uni. B'ham  
& NEWS-G  
collab

Occidental College,  
New Mexico,  
Colorado State,  
Hawaii, Wellesley,  
Sheffield,  
Edinburgh, Boulby

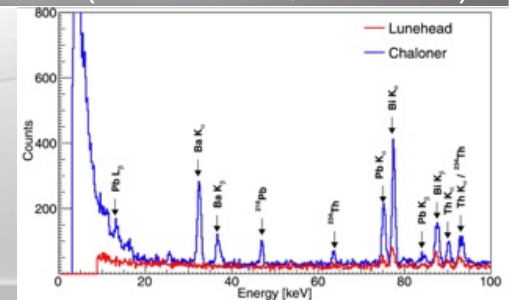
**NEWS-G: Spherical gas TPC: Low mass (0.1-10 GeV) DM detection & neutron spectrometry**

Directional DM detection providing the most powerful direct detection signature

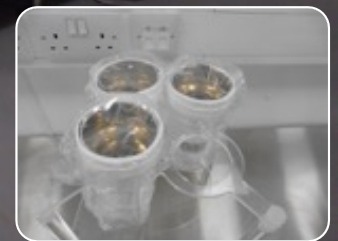
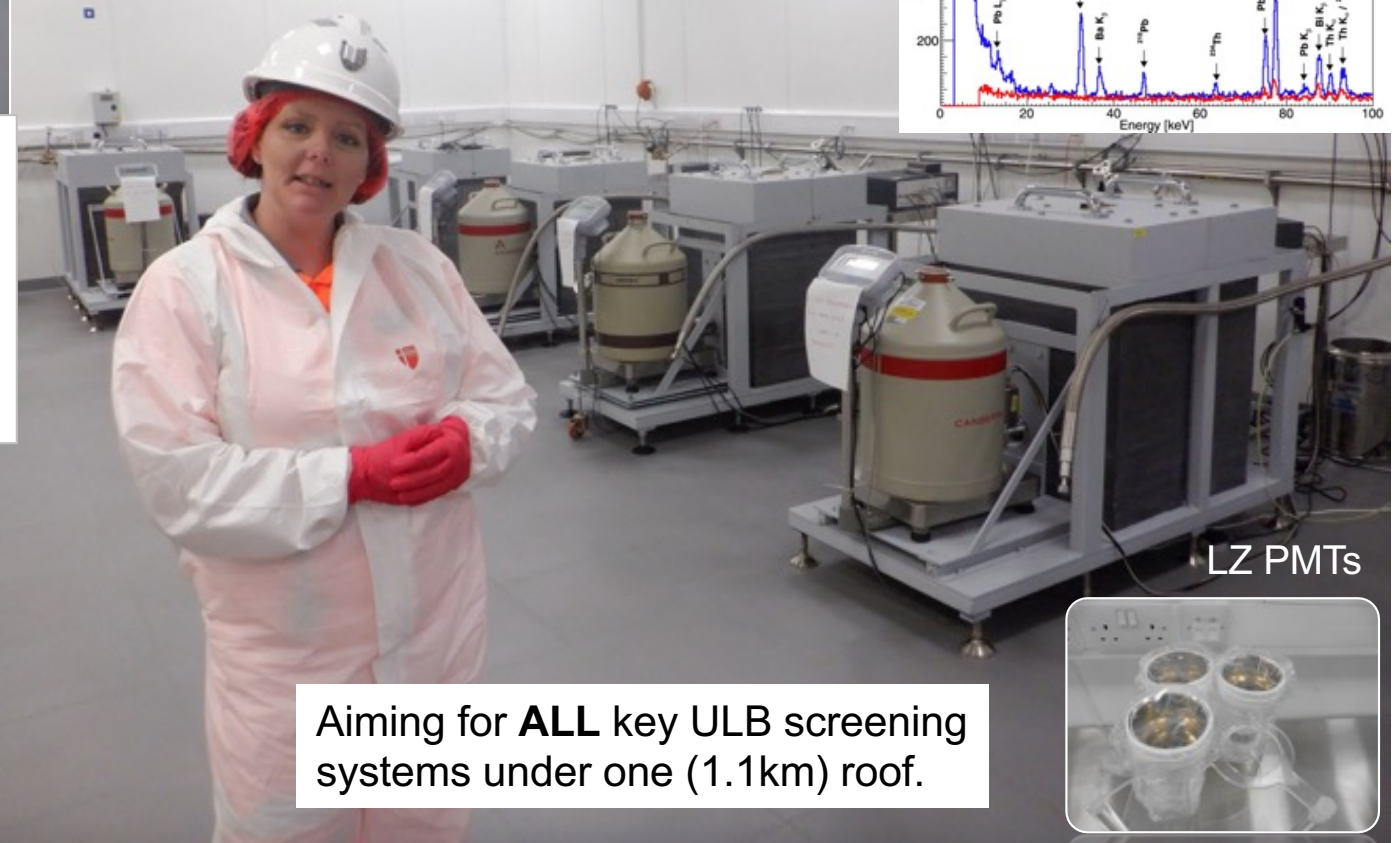




8 ULB Ge detector systems, 2 XIA alpha counters, Rn emanation, ICPMS to come



**BUGS (Boulby UnderGround Screening).** World-class material screening for current and future ULB experiments. Towards PPT sensitivity for G3 DM and Neutrino experiments



# Multi-Disciplinary Studies



**ERSaB:** Gamma spectroscopy & low background counting environmental radioactivity studies

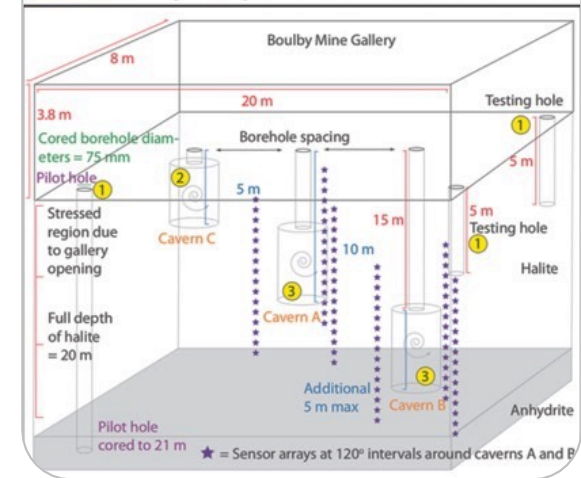
*Boulby, Scottish Universities Env. Research Ctr (SUERC), Atomic Weapons Estab. (AWE)*

**RESOURCE:** Rock engineering feasibility study of salt cavity compressed gas sustainable energy storage



*Boulby, British Geology Survey (BGS), Cambridge, Manchester.*

**Low Background Science, Earth & Environment Science, Astrobiology & Planetary Exploration...**



Life in Boulby Salt...



**MINAR:** Space Technology Development

*Boulby, Edinburgh, NASA, York, ICL etc.*

**Plus** Misc. Geology & Geoscience (& more to come)...

**BISAL:** Astrobiology / Geo-microbiology. Studies of life in salt, life on Earth & beyond



*STFC Boulby April 2022*



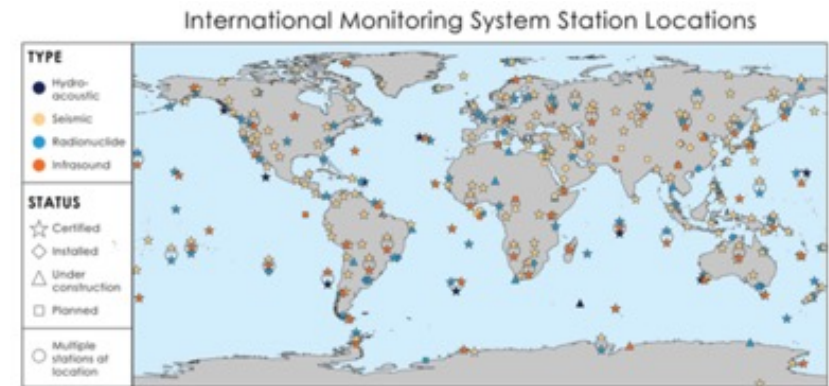
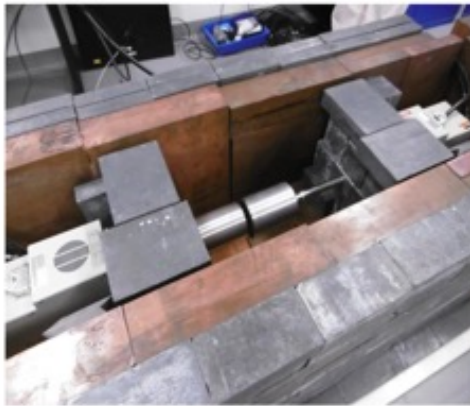


# AWE-Ge: CTBT Atmospheric Radionuclide Monitoring

## Improving the sensitivity of Nuclear Test Monitoring

A V Davies, R Britton

AWE, Aldermaston, Reading, Berkshire, RG7 4PR

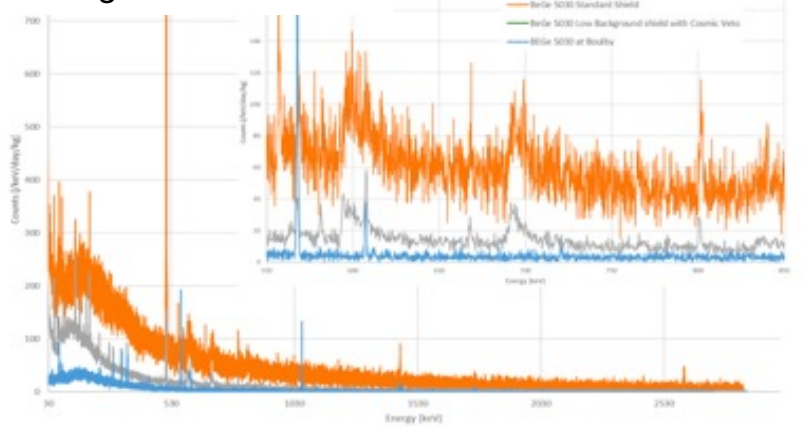


Credit: K. Cantner, AGI.

International Monitoring System Sites

Improving the accuracy & sensitivity of atmospheric radionuclide monitoring for international Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) verification

### Background reduction



Nuclide	Singles MDA Bq/m3	Gate Energy	Projected Peak	RIMMER Factor	Background Counts (projected)	Lc Currie	Lc Poisson	MDA Currie	MDA Poisson	Ratio to singles
CS-134	3.38E-07	604.721	796.00	2.02E-03	2	9	6		4.85E-08	0.143
BA-133	4.41E-07	30.625	356.00	7.10E-01	54	37	49	8.47E-10		0.002
AG-108m	4.76E-07	24.013	434.00	2.37E-04	61	39	75	2.68E-06		5.632
CO-60	5.14E-07	1173.23	1330.00	8.73E-04	1	7	3		5.61E-08	0.109
AG-110m	4.33E-07	657.76	885.00	1.04E-03	3	11	7		1.09E-07	0.253
EU-152	8.23E-07	40.118	245.00	2.08E-02	40	32	52	2.52E-08		0.031
SB-125	1.99E-06	27.202	408.00	9.01E-03	34	30	45	5.40E-08		0.027
SC-46	4.71E-07	889.277	1120.00	1.31E-03	1	7	3		3.73E-08	0.079
RH-102	1.08E-06	21.836	475.00	1.64E-04	30	28	41	2.81E-06		2.603
FE-59	9.00E-07	192.343	1100.00	1.81E-04	9	17	16		1.44E-06	1.600
LA-140	1.15E-06	328.762	487.00	1.08E-03	11	18	18		2.71E-07	0.235
CS-136	1.30E-06	31.817	1240.00	1.82E-03	7	15	13		1.16E-07	0.090
SB-126	1.01E-06	414.7	666.00	1.81E-03	5	13	10		8.99E-08	0.089

# Renewable Energy StOrage in UndergrounD CavErns (RESOURCE)

STFC Boulby Mine, BGS and the University of Cambridge

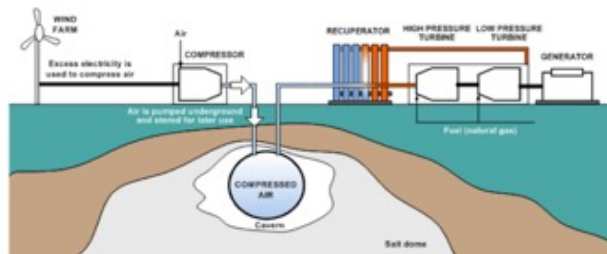
NERC Grant Proposal 2020

British Geological Survey

Boulby Underground Lab

U.Cambridge & U.Manchester

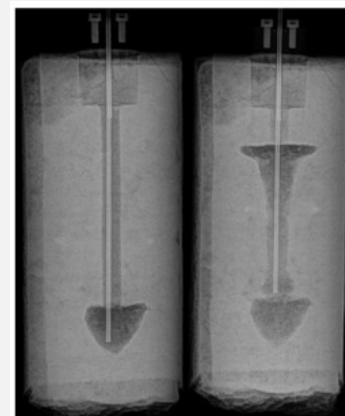
## Low Carbon Technologies



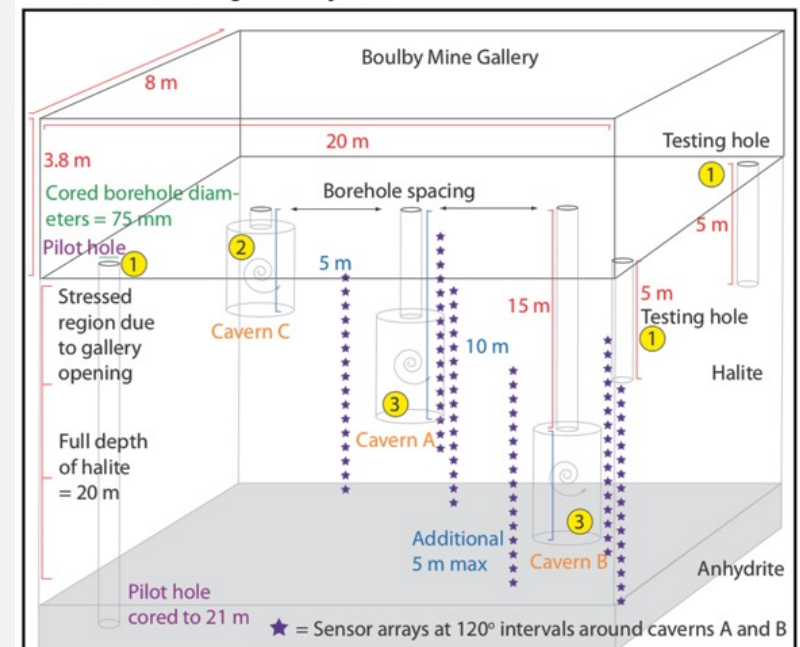
- Engineering solutions have been devised to store energy whilst production is high and feed it into the grid when production is low (e.g. CAES, hydrogen storage)
- Helps to regulate the production of renewable energy



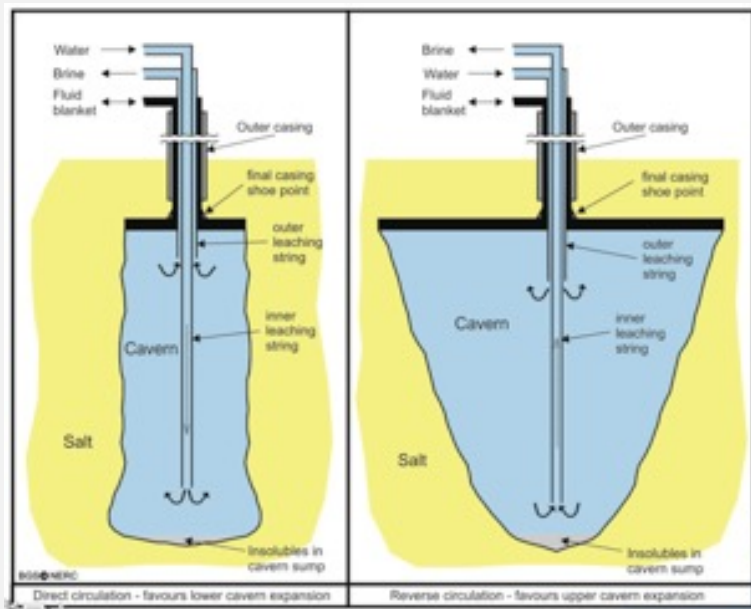
Plan for In-situ Testing at Boulby Mine



Above: Scoping lab-based dissolution tests of salt from Boulby Mine, giving in-sight into the solution mining process.



- 1 Drill and core pilot hole. Study fabric, chemistry and mechanical properties of core. Also drill and core testing holes. Study core and run dissolution tests.
- 2 Drill and core shallow hole to 5m. Case hole, cement casing and form solution-mined cavern.
- 3 Drill and core intermediate hole to 8m and deep hole to 15m. Study and compare core. Case holes and form solution-mined caverns. Seal holes and pressure cycle.



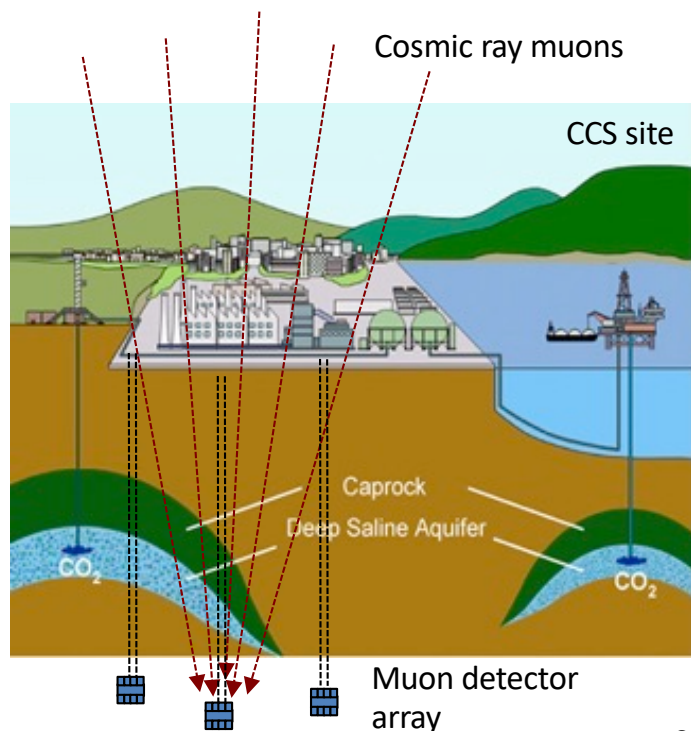
Mid-scale rock engineering tests of gas containment in salt cavities for energy storage



# Muon Tomography / Geo-survey

Development of a **Muon Tomography** techniques for deep 3D geological surveying - inc Carbon Capture @ Storage (CCS)

STFC-Boulby,  
Durham, Sheffield,  
Bath, NASA



**Potential for cheap, reliable, practical, real-time long-term monitoring of deep structures. Potential applications:**

- Deep geological repository monitoring.
- **Monitoring in Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS)**



Muon-tides detector development

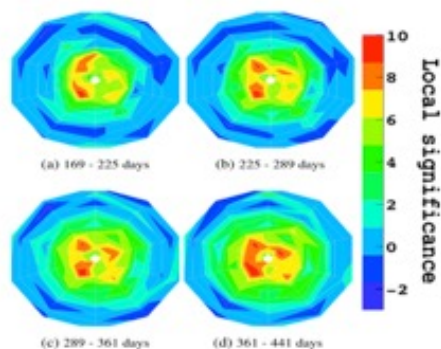


Bore hole detector installation

**Status:** Project phase 1 complete. Spin-out company for Muon Tomog applications created (Sheffield, Durham).

**Next:** UK-Japan proposed study of Muon Tomography for Tsunami early warning (2020)

CCS site simulation



**Deep-Carbon Project: £1.4M funding from UK Dept of Energy & Climate change (DECC) & Premier Oil:**

- Bore-hole detector development & testing
- Muon-Tides technology demonstrator
- Simulations of technique performance in CCS



# Astrobiology & Planetary Exploration



Sampling life in Boulby Brine



Subsurface Astrobiology Laboratory



A base for studies of life in Boulby rock – studies of limits of life on earth and on other planets



**ALSO: An important 'Mars Analogue site'** – with geology & conditions to allow explorations & astrobiology technique & instrumentation development

Led by Edinburgh, UKCA



Mining & extraplanetary exploration instrumentation development

Boulby and Instrumentation for Earth and Space Exploration



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# MINAR V. 9<sup>th</sup> to 20<sup>th</sup> October 2017

## MINAR 5

### Overall objectives:

- To test instruments and methods for the subsurface exploration of the Moon and Mars.
- To develop new educational material.

MINAR – Pac Man, HABIT & many more

### Main accomplishments:

- Testing of life detection equipment and planetary exploration instruments from: NASA JPL, NASA Ames, University of Leicester, Space-X Institution, University of Newcastle, University of Edinburgh, Luleå University of Technology.
- Development of education materials on planetary exploration at primary and secondary school level.
- Training of ESA Astronaut, Matthias Maurer.
- Life links from Boulby with up to 38,000 views.
- Live link with Kalam Centre, India



MINAR - SPLIT



MINAR - Pancam



Boulby Underground Laboratory shared UK Centre for Astrobiology's live video.

Published by Emma Meehan [?] · 17 October ·



14,955 Views

UK Centre for Astrobiology was live.

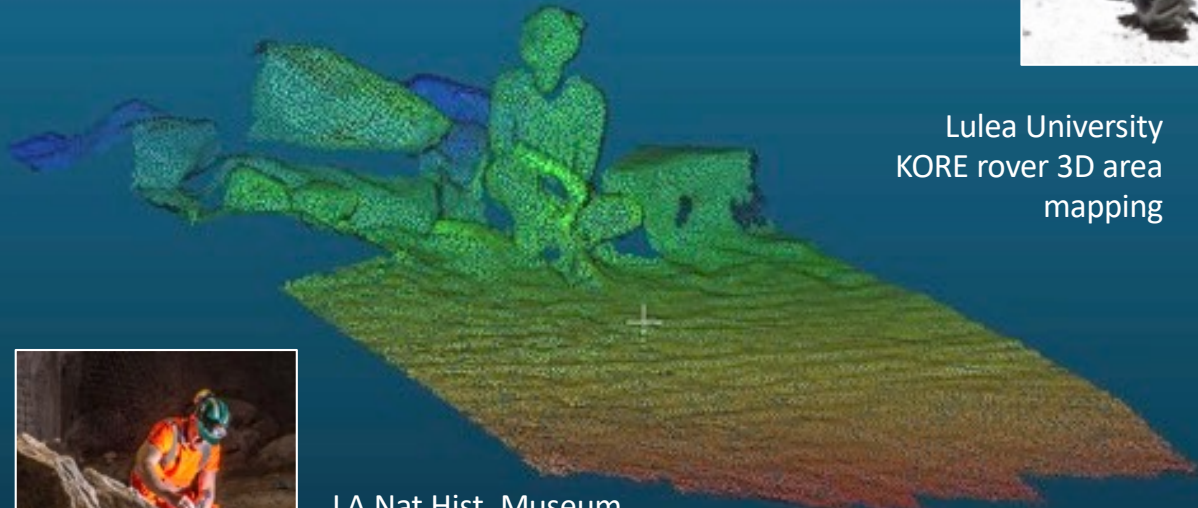
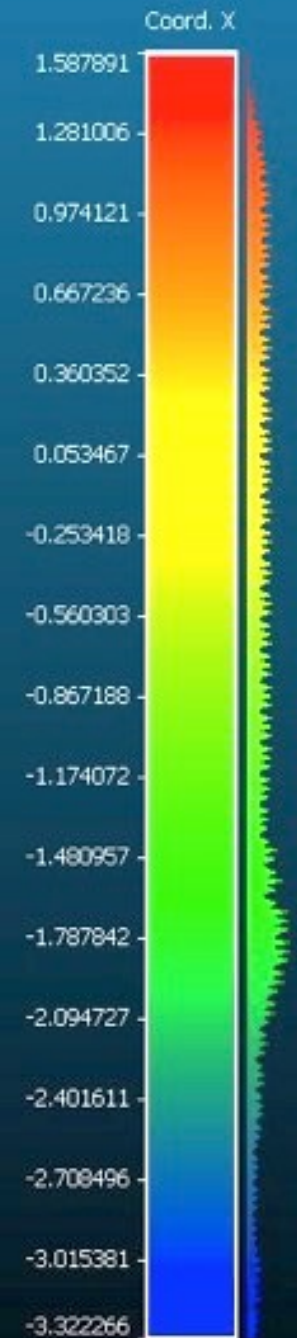
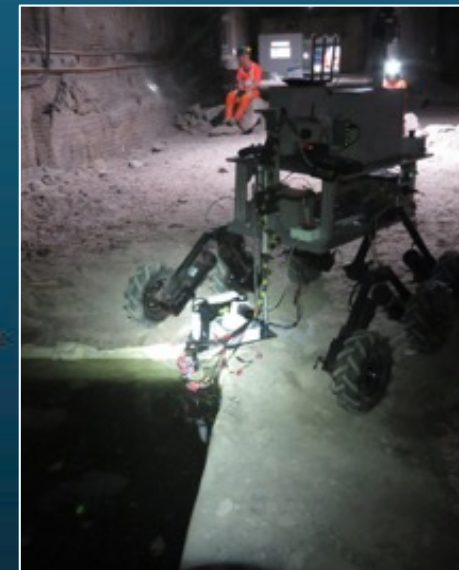




# MINAR VII & VIII. 2018 - 2020



NASA-JPL  
Signatures of life studies



Lulea University  
KORE rover 3D area  
mapping



LA Nat Hist. Museum  
Fluid inclusions in salts



Edinburgh University  
MUFFHINS water activity  
monitoring payload





# Boulby Growth Potential & Plans....



*Develop as an internationally-important centre for astro-particle physics and pure and applied multi-disciplinary science.*

- **Expand in all current science theme areas:**
  - Astro-particle Physics & Low Background Science
  - Earth & Environmental Science
  - Astrobiology & Planetary Exploration Studies
- **For Astro-particle Physics & Low Background Science:**
  - Develop BUGS to give world-class support for future ULB projects
  - Host/support new medium-scale projects: (BOLEYN, DarkSPHERE+)
  - **EXPAND** to host Next Generation Dark Matter & Rare Event Studies & more.

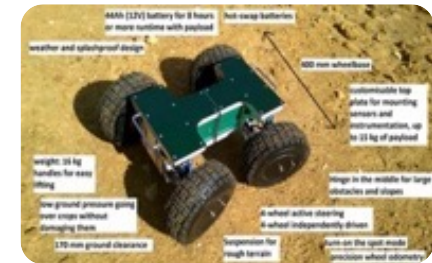
Find out more:  
@BoulbyLab  
[www.stfc.ac.uk/boulby](http://www.stfc.ac.uk/boulby)



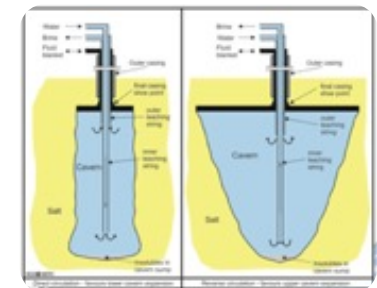
# Future Science...

Continue current studies, PLUS...

- Expanded **MINAR & Planetary exploration technology** development. Links to mining / industry, **Robotics**.
- RESOURCE+**: Advanced salt cavity test facility for studies of compressed gas energy storage.
- Misc. Geoscience R&D: **geological repositories / waste containment, geothermal energy** and more.
- BUGS+**: Expanding ultra low background material screening and environmental gamma spectroscopy.
- Misc. applied low background studies: **AWE-Ge/RECON, Muon Tomography, QCLB** (Quantum Computing)
- Misc: medium scale astro-particle studies: **DarkSPHERE, AION, LEGEND, AIT-NEO / BOLEYN**,
- Large scale EXPANSION: **Next Gen DM /  $0\nu\beta\beta$  decay +**



Robotics



RESOURCE: Salt cavity energy storage



Develop as a truly multi-disciplinary facility for **Astrophysics and Low Background science, Earth and Environmental Science, Astrobiology and Planetary Exploration Technology Development.**





# AIT-NEO (WATCHMAN)

World  
antineutrino  
flux levels



## A WATER Cherenkov Monitor of ANTineutrinos

Design,  
excavation,  
installation &  
operation 2019  
to 2027(+)

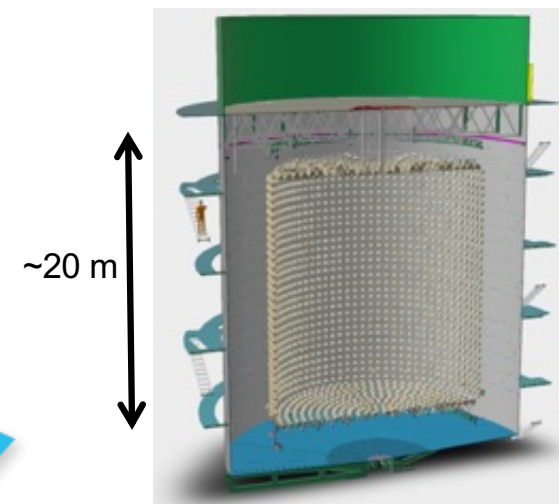
### HARTLEPOOL REACTORS



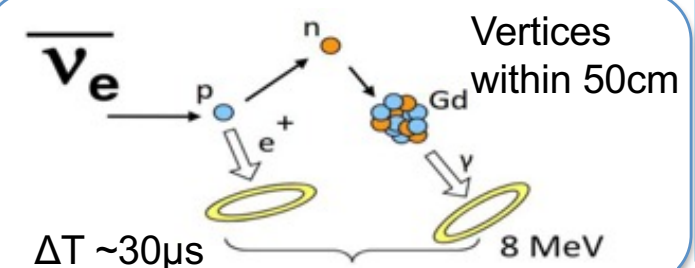
- 2 cores
- 1570 MWt per core
- 25 km standoff



### WATCHMAN detector at the Boulby mine

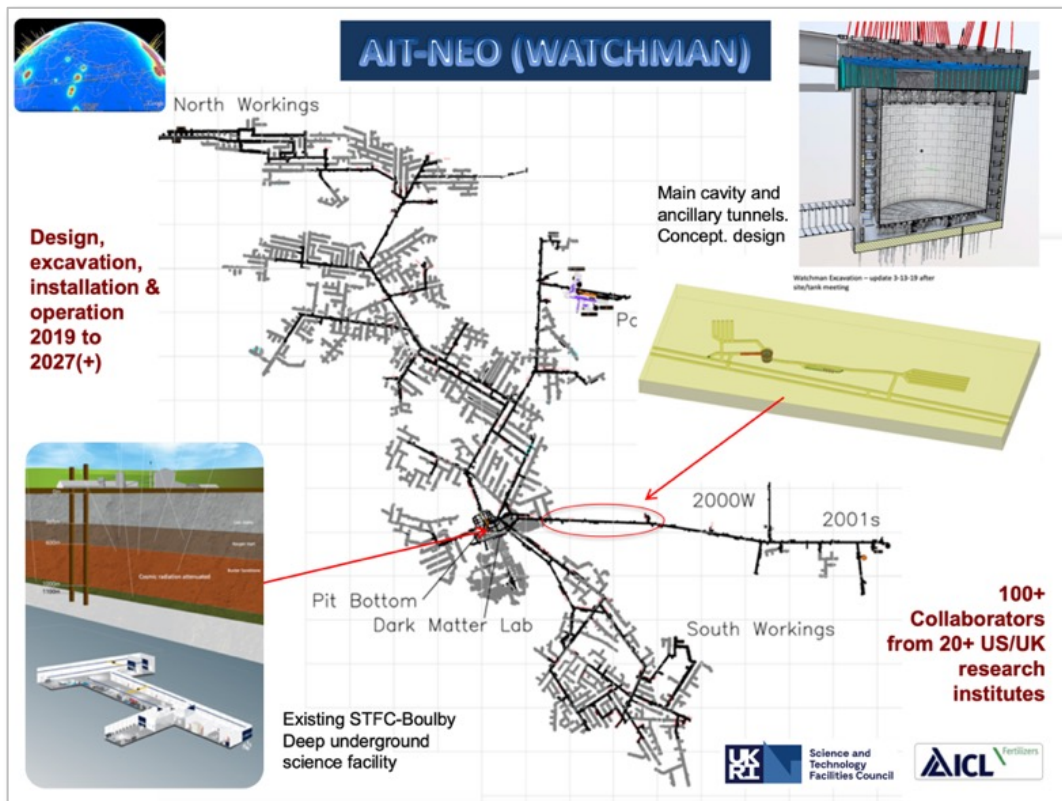


A ~6kT Gd-loaded water (& WBLs) detector looking at anti-neutrinos from nearby nuclear reactors



**NEW** ~6kT prototype detector: R&D for anti-neutrino monitoring of nuclear reactors for global nuclear non-proliferation purposes & more

# AIT-NEO (WATCHMAN) Status...



## AIT-NEO recent happenings:

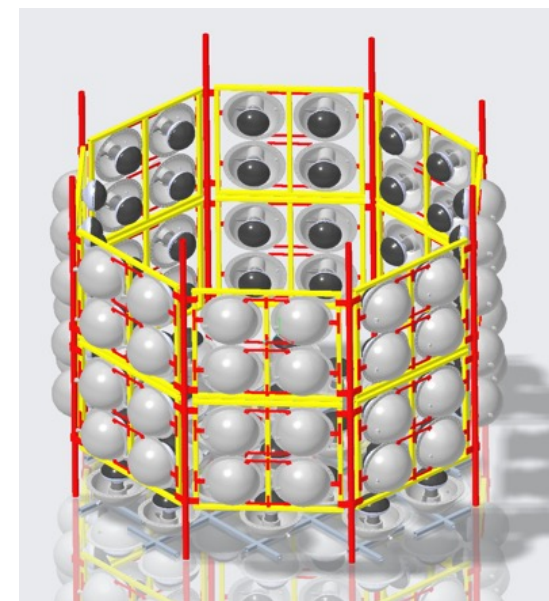
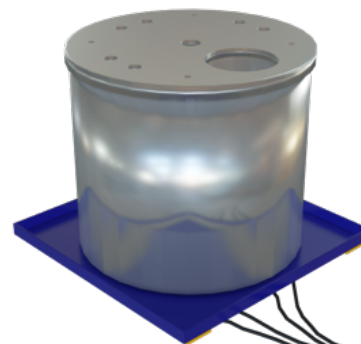
- **2018-Present:** Detector design and performance studies. Studies of new site location, geology, designs, costs and schedule
- **June 2021:** NEW news from EDF of **Hartlepool closure in 2024** due to new understanding of aging rates.
- **December 2021:** News of **early closure (2028) of next nearest power stations** (Heysham 2 and Torness).

BOLEYN.

~30T antineutrino technology testbed.

## Status & Next Steps

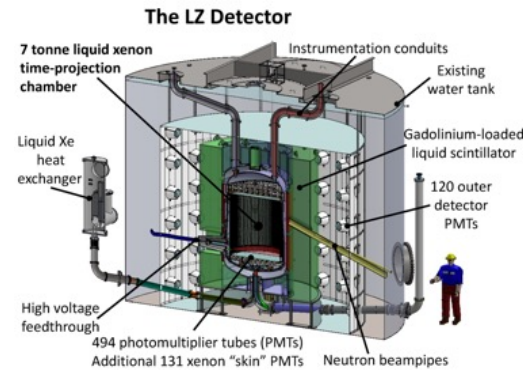
- Full AIT-NEO now not likely to go ahead at Boulby
- Continued collaborative (US/UK) work undertaken on technology demonstrators – inc 30T system @ Boulby
- **‘BOLEYN’:** Boulby antineutrino detection technology testbed. Engineering, operation, technology, fill medium and low-background studies.
- Installation → operation @ Boulby: 2022-2024



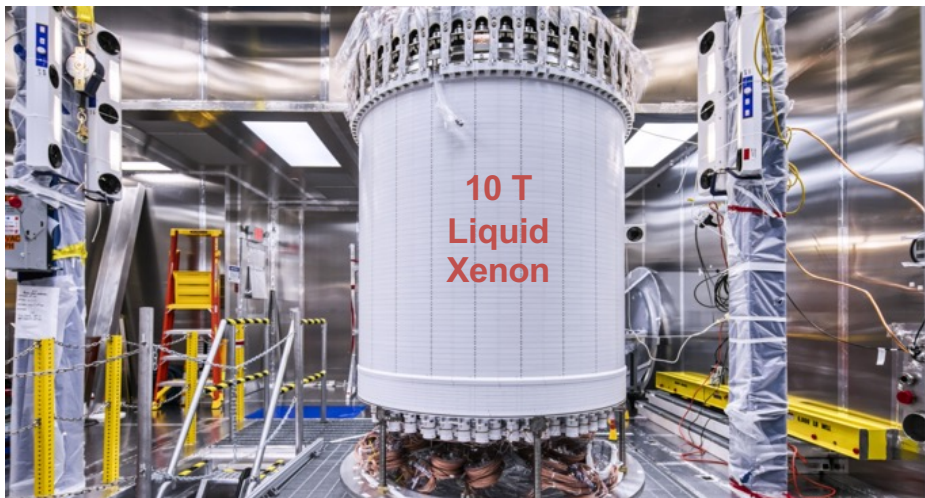
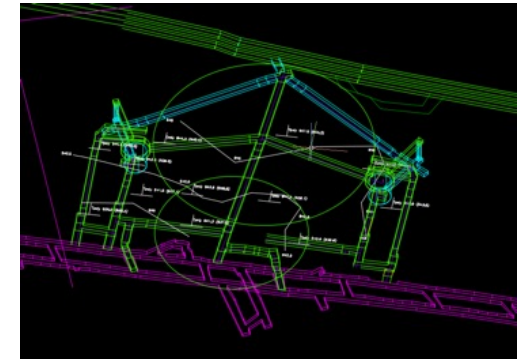


# Next Generation Rare Event Studies @ Boulby

Towards EXPANDING Boulby to host MAJOR international Dark Matter, neutrino & fundamental science projects from **2028+**



**Boulby-FS study:**  
Infrastructure design,  
feasibility & costing  
studies for next  
generation Dark Matter  
and/or 0vBB detectors  
**Study undertaken  
2020-2021**



LZ Detector, SURF. USA

**Next Generation @ Boulby?**

- **HIGH**-impact, world-leading science
- **LARGE** multi-national collaborations
- **BIG** fundamental science questions
- **MAJOR** local & national investment, impact and visibility

# Boulby Feasibility Study (Boulby-FS)

Submitted to  
STFC June  
2021

## FINAL REPORT

### FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR DEVELOPING THE BOULBY UNDERGROUND LABORATORY INTO A FACILITY FOR FUTURE MAJOR INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS

Supported by the STFC Opportunities Call 2019

H M Araújo<sup>1</sup>, J Dobson<sup>2</sup>, C Ghag<sup>2</sup>, S Greenwood<sup>3</sup>, V A Kudryavtsev<sup>4</sup>, P Majewski<sup>3</sup>,  
S M Paling<sup>5</sup>, V Péc<sup>4</sup>, R Saakyan<sup>2</sup>, P R Scovell<sup>2</sup>, N Smith<sup>6</sup>, and T J Sumner<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Imperial College London, UK  
<sup>2</sup>University College London, UK  
<sup>3</sup>STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, UK  
<sup>4</sup>University of Sheffield, UK  
<sup>5</sup>STFC Boulby Underground Laboratory, UK  
<sup>6</sup>SNOLAB, CA  
\*Corresponding author (t.sumner@imperial.ac.uk)

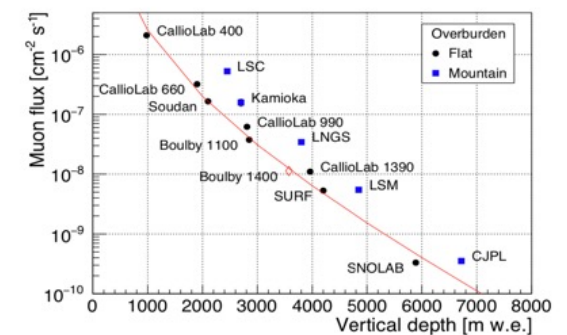
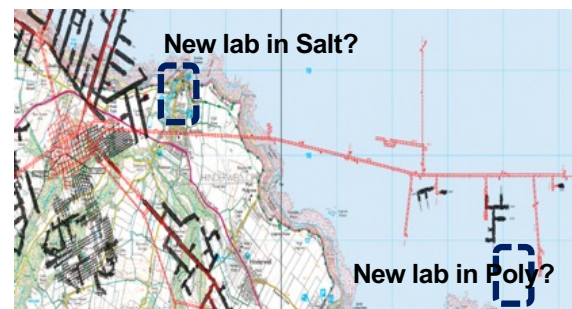
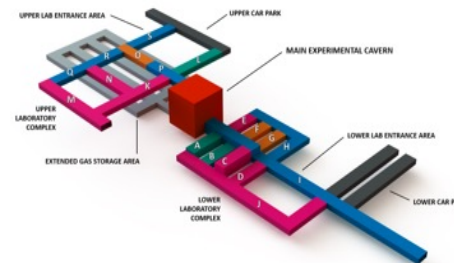
June 25, 2021

Issue v1.0

OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE [COMMERCIAL]

## Boulby-FS Study Overview:

- Context and need: Dark Matter (DM), Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay (0vBB)
- Infrastructure specifications for potential projects (LXe & LAr DM, Ge 0vBB, and more)).
- Conceptual designs for excavations and outfitted labs – in 1.1km (Salt) and 1.4km (Polyhalite) layers
- Staffing and surface facility needs.
- Detailed costs and schedules.



**Government 'fit': Levelling Up,  
Strength in Places, Build Back Better**

**Results: It IS feasible, well motivated and timely.**  
Outfitted facility: £100m+ (Inc contingency, VAT)



# Next Generation Dark Matter(+) @ Boulby?

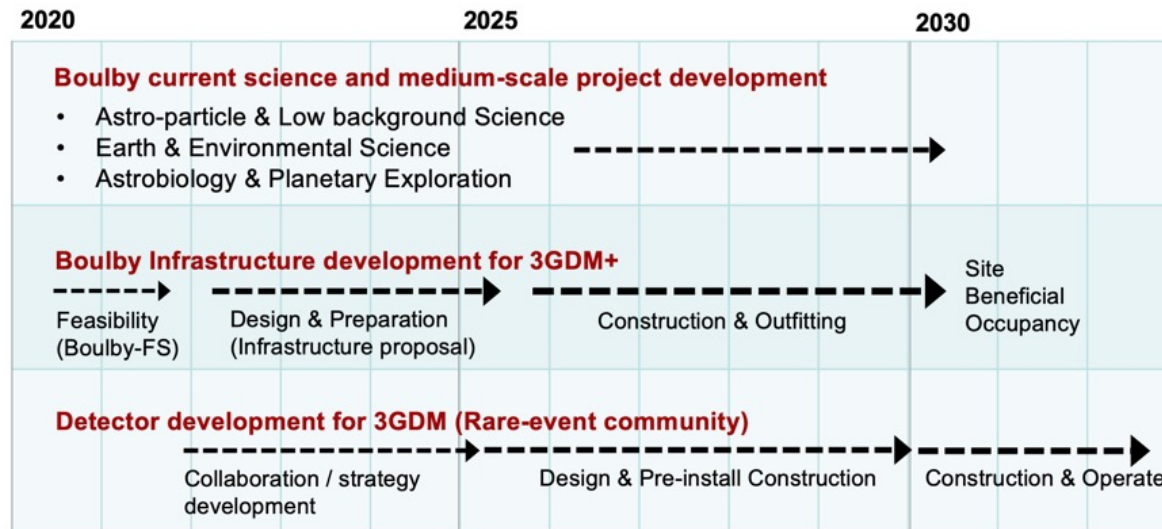
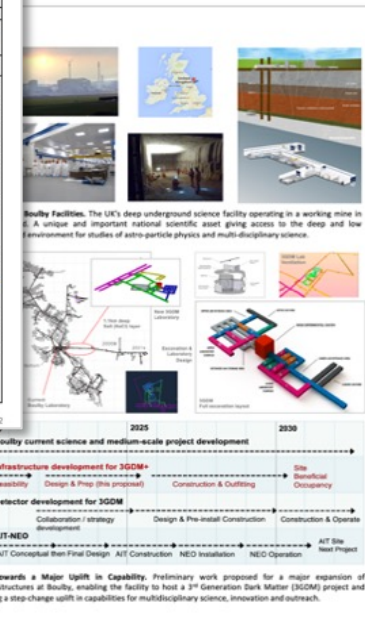


## Status & Next Steps

- Next steps funding request submitted to UKRI in 2021.
- Future (3 year) work includes:
  - Next step facility conceptual designs (1.1km & 1.4km)
  - Scoping, networking, community engagement.
  - Business case, economic impact studies, risks → **Submission to BEIS**

Preliminary details and descriptions	
Name of project (and acronym or short name if relevant)	Boulby Underground Laboratory – Dark Matter and Beyond
Type of infrastructure project	Significant change to existing capability (e.g. major upgrade, new wave of a survey or other data collection activity)
Submitting Council(s)/UKRI team(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> AHRC <input type="checkbox"/> BBSRC <input type="checkbox"/> EPSRC <input type="checkbox"/> ESRC <input type="checkbox"/> Innovate UK <input type="checkbox"/> MRC <input type="checkbox"/> NERC <input type="checkbox"/> Research England <input type="checkbox"/> STFC <input type="checkbox"/> S-Infrastructure Team <input type="checkbox"/> Large multidisciplinary facilities (STFC managed)
Name(s)	Prof. Sean Pating (WG contact – Alish Woodcock)
UKRI Contact(s) Email address(es)	sean.pating@stfc.ac.uk
Phone number(s)	01287 546300
One-line description of the preliminary activity for use in summary tables to IAC, ExCo etc. (22 words)	
Essential design work, engineering studies and business case preparation for a major uplift in capability of the Boulby Underground Laboratory from 2026.	
Long description of the preliminary activity (800 words, please continue to the next box when full – for IAC)	
<p>This proposal describes preliminary work required for a major uplift in science infrastructure at Boulby Underground Laboratory from 2026, enabling the UK to host a major new international Dark Matter (DM) detector in the coming decade. This uplift will offer a step-change increase in UK capability and prominence in particle physics and wider underground science and bring the UK truly to the forefront of one of the most important studies in science at a critical time in the field.</p> <p>Boulby is the UK's deep underground science laboratory, 1.1 km deep in a working polyhalite and salt mine in NE England. Boulby is a unique and important national scientific asset, offering vastly reduced levels of cosmic ray and radiological backgrounds necessary for sensitive experiments across disciplines, including DM detection, neutrino and atomic physics, and quantum technologies. The facility also enables access to the unique deep underground environment for wider studies of earth and environmental science and more. Boulby is one of only a few such facilities in the world, including laboratories in USA, Canada and Japan. Although not the deepest or largest amongst these, Boulby has key advantages: it is readily accessible nationally and internationally, the geology is favourable for background levels and construction, and the commercial mining activity enables safe and efficient operation at relatively low cost.</p> <p>Confirming the existence of DM through direct detection is arguably the highest priority question in both particle physics and astronomy. The UK has invested in DM detection for over three decades, with sustained intellectual lead. Current experiments aim to confirm or rule out the hypothesis that DM comprises heavy particles (WIMPs) not included in the Standard Model of particle physics. The key detection technique – dual-phase liquid xenon (LUX) – was invented by UK scientists and developed at Boulby. This has enabled ground-breaking experiments in other countries, but it is over fifty years since any major experiment in fundamental physics took place on UK soil.</p> <p>Within five years, the current-generation experiments (operating in the USA and Italy) will report on the latest searches for DM – a positive detection would be an epochal event comparable to the discovery of the Higgs boson. Whatever these results, the essential next step will be a larger and more advanced detector – to confirm and broadly expand on early detections, or to continue the search to the ultimate limit imposed by neutrino backgrounds. Cost and complexity will mandate a single 'third-generation Dark Matter detector' (3GDM), with worldwide participation and investment.</p>	

## Boulby Future: UKRI Bid



## Now seeking community:

- Attention / understanding
- Support..
- Collaboration & involvement...



# Thank You....



Sean Paling  
STFC Boulby Underground Laboratory

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Facebook: [Boulby Underground Laboratory](https://www.facebook.com/BoulbyUndergroundLaboratory)  
You Tube: [Boulby Underground Laboratory](https://www.youtube.com/BoulbyUndergroundLaboratory)





# Boulby Underground Lab Backgrounds

## Cosmic ray muon backgrounds:

Measured as  $(3.79 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.11(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$  ( $2850 \pm 20 \text{ mwe}$ )

*H. Araujo, et al., Astroparticle Physics 29 (2008) 471–481.*

## Radon:

Measured as  $2.5 \pm 1.6 \text{ Bq} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$  (year round)

*Internal reports (JIF Lab 2015)*

## Neutrons:

Simulations based on U/Th content:

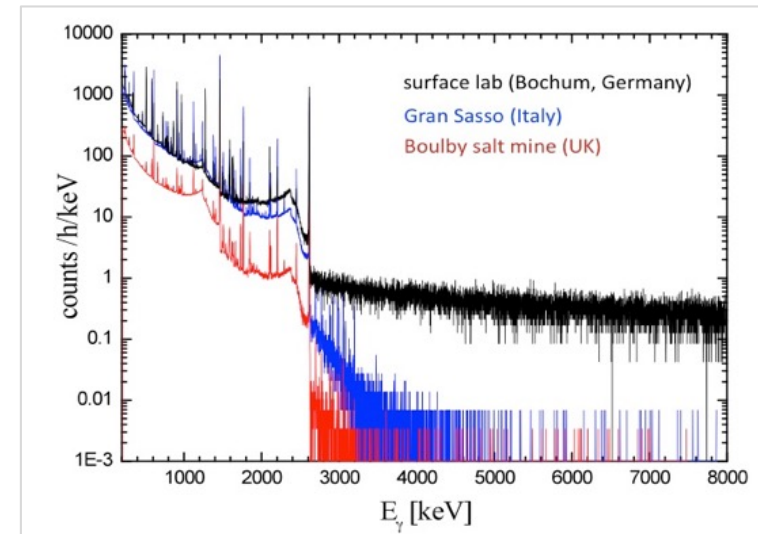
$1.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ neutrons} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$  ( $>500 \text{ keV}$  @rock/cavern bndry).

*M.J. Carson et al., Astrop. Phys 21 (2004) 667.*

Measured as:  $(1.72 \pm 0.61(\text{stat}) \pm 0.38(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

*M.J. Tziaferi et al., Astrop. Phys 27 (2007) 326-338.*

*Sean Paling, Paul Scovell - 2021*



## Gammas:

Germanium detector survey of Boulby JIF Lab Area

Flux =  $0.128 \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

*D. Malczewski et al. J. Radioanal. Nucl. Chem. 298 (2013) 1483-1489.*