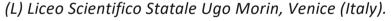


A (preliminary) catalog of new blazar candidates by high school students

L. Fronte^(L), B. Mazzon^(L), F. Metruccio^(L), N. Munaretto^(L).

M. Doro^(1,2), P. Giommi⁽³⁾, I. Viale^(1,2), U. Barres De Almeida⁽⁴⁾



- (1) Univ. Padova, Padova (Italy)
- (2) INFN sez. Padova, Padova (Italy)
- (3) Center for AstroParticle and Planetary Physics, New York University Abu Dhabi (UAE)
- (4) Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas (CBPF), Rio de Janeiro (Brasil)



Outline

- The Italian PCTO program
- Open Universe
- The Fermi unidentified catalog
- A new catalog
- Outlook







The PCTO program

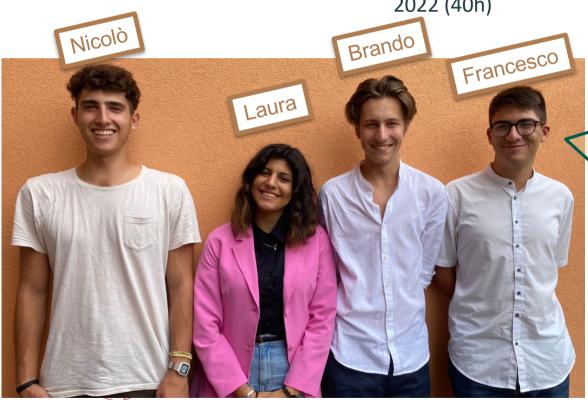
- Project of the Italian Ministry of Instruction, University and Research
 - Paths for Transveral skills and for orienting
- All high school students shall complement the learning scheme throught social- and work-related skills
- Consolidated tradition of students exchange at University of Padova





PCTO from LSS Ugo Morin

4 high school students from the 4th year of Liceo Scientico Statale Ugo Morin from October 2021 to April 2022 (40h)



"Our experience with UniPD is something unusual, alternative to the classical things that students do for PCTO, such as serving as an assistant in some every day jobs, which is nothing related with specific school subjects."

What is OPEN UNIVERSE?

The birth of OU



- Initially proposed by Italy (the Italian Space Agency within the framework of COPUOS, the UN Committee for the Peaceful Use of Space.
- Now coordinated by UNOOSA (United Nations
 Office for Outer Space Affairs) and sponsored by
 Brasil in collaboration with institutions in some
 countries, such as Italy, Armenia, Argentina and
 international organizations.



Paolo Giommi (former ASI now NYUAD)

The founding principle is that space science data become more and more accessible [...] and usable by the wider community possible, from professional scientists, to academic circles, to "Citizen scientist" [...] realizing a principle of transparency.

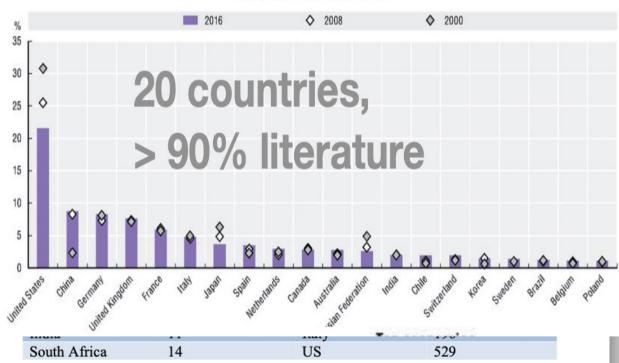


e.g. Hubble Space Telescope

#1 Data use for science

Figure 1.11. Top producers in space literature, per country

Share of total space-related publications



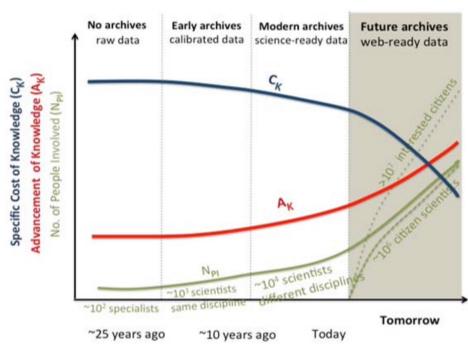


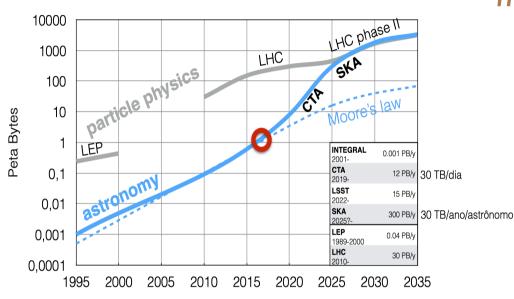


#2 Data amount

Veja A/AC./105/2016/CRP.6

II. The specific cost of knowledge in the digital era





I. exponential growth in the availability of data produced by astronomy missions and observatories





Why cooperation with United Nations





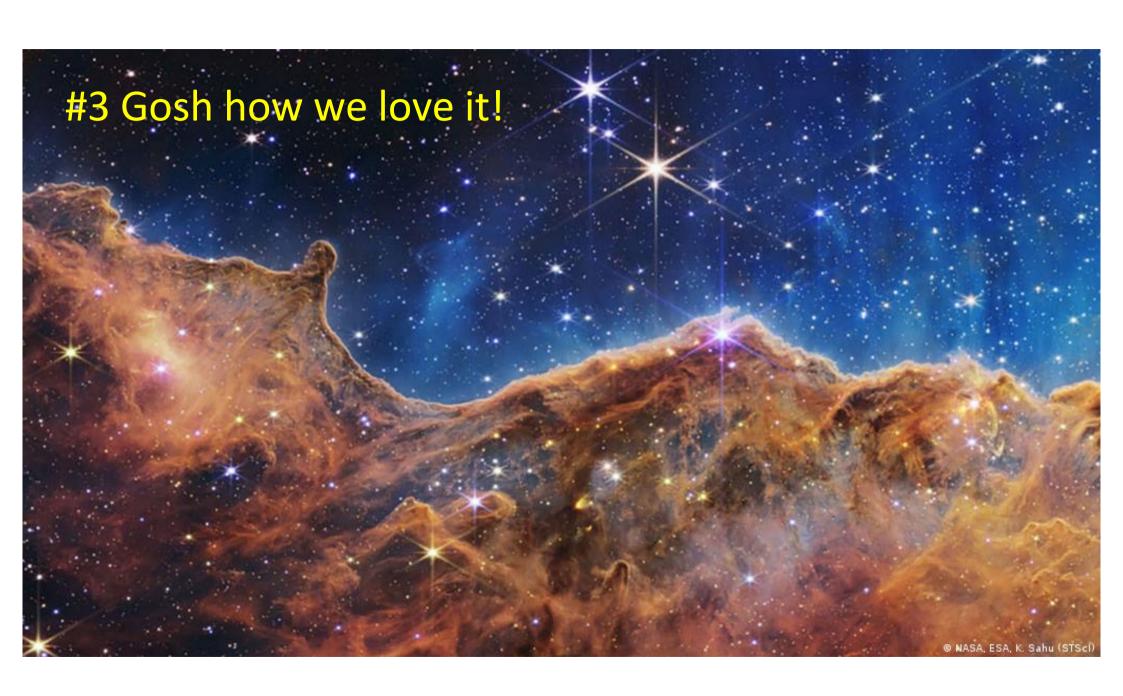
INCREASE TRANSPARENCY of already accessible resources: including promoting FAIR (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable) guiding principles, promoting adoption of widely-used standards, processing from raw data to web-ready products, interfacing and facilitating cooperation between data providers and data centres and archives...



RESURFACE DATA and other hidden or otherwise hardly accessible resources: by identifying inaccessible data and working with national and regional entities to solve the challenges to make them public, as well as bringing new main players and actors in the international space science arena into the Initiative and in contact with other public data access solutions.



BROADEN THE USER-BASE of astronomy and space science data: to include as well the rapidly growing community of citizen scientists, by providing the necessary tools to use astronomy and space science data for a range of target groups, including educators and students in universities, schools, planetariums or any amateur scientists or other potential end-user





Generalities and a Disclaimer

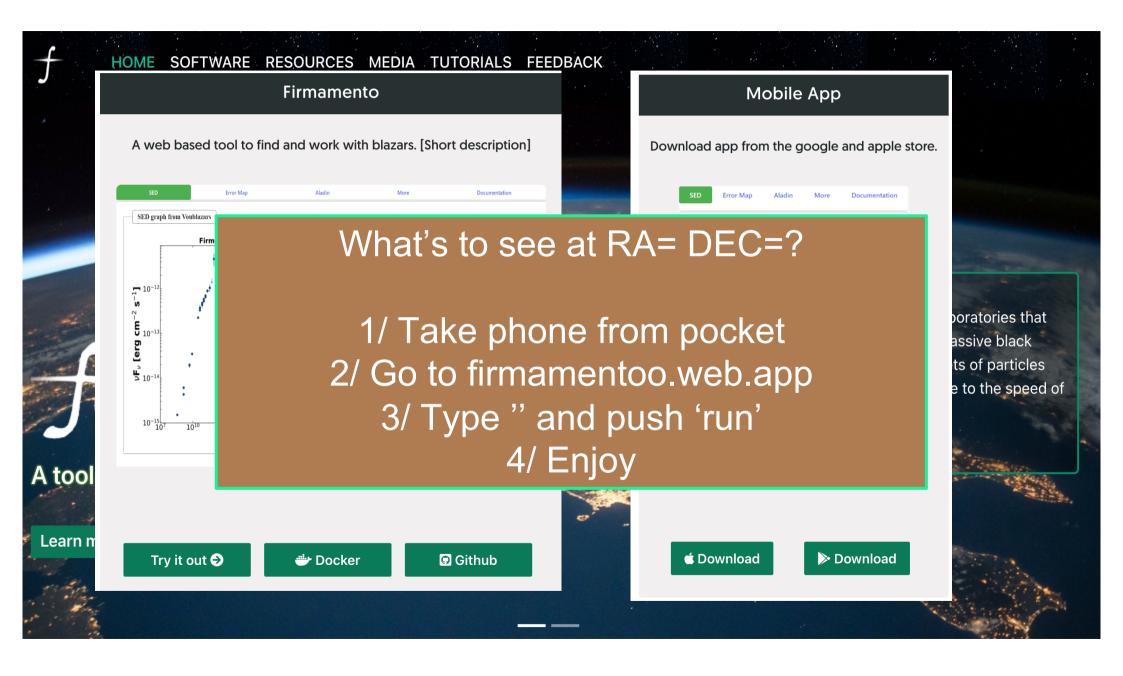
DISCLAIMER

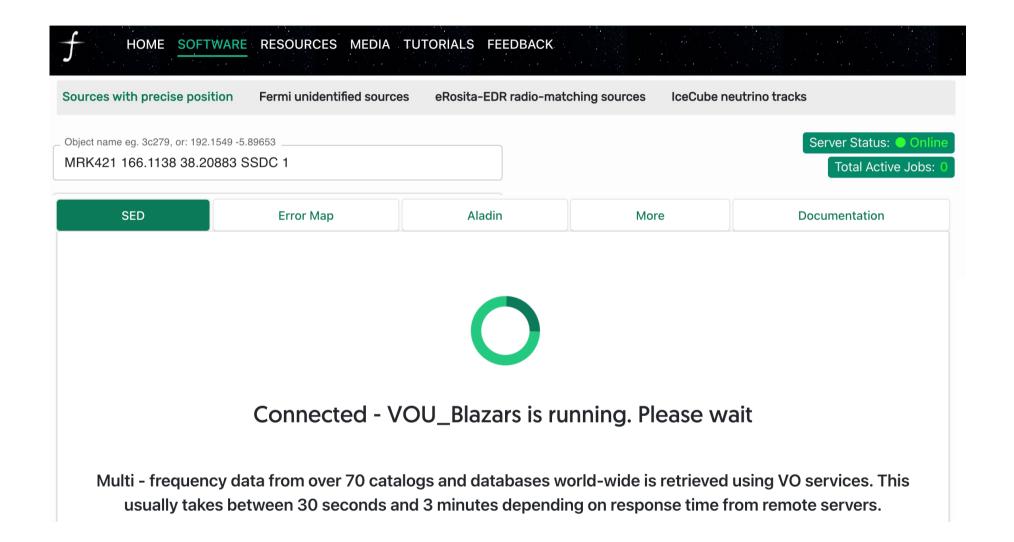
- OU is a set of evolving tools and ideas
- No central government at the moment, only passionate people
- If you like it, use it or join it!

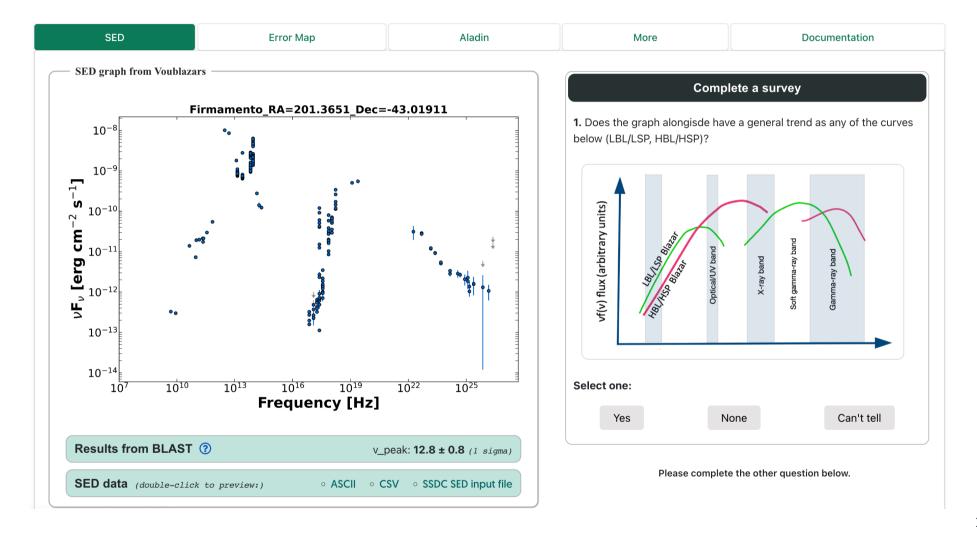
- Set of web-based tools to have explore the sky, have fun and learn, and possibly do science
- Access to 70+ catalogues, or add you own catalog
- Tools (and problems) provided by experts, plans for supervision

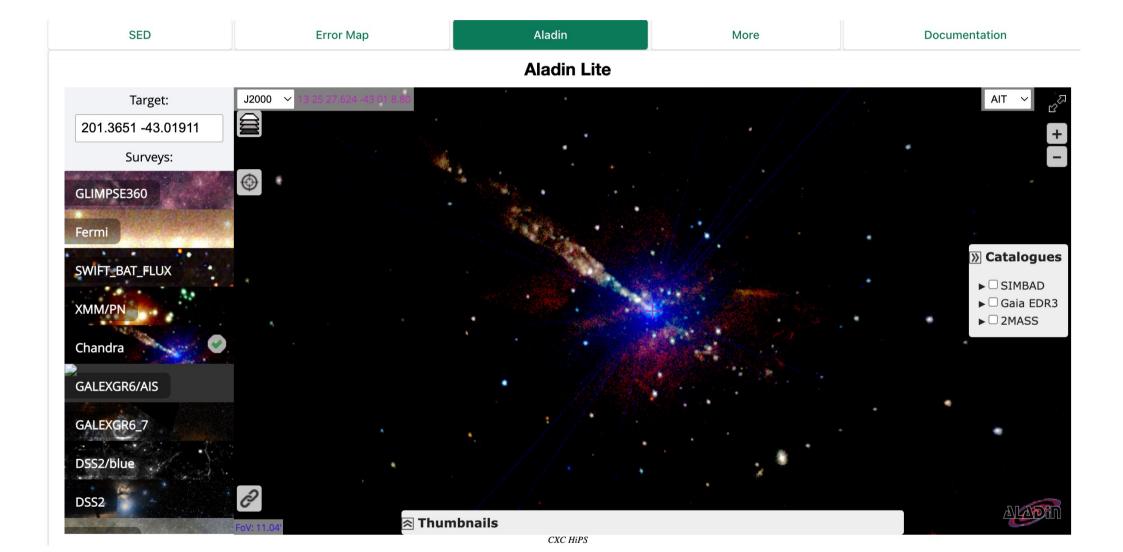




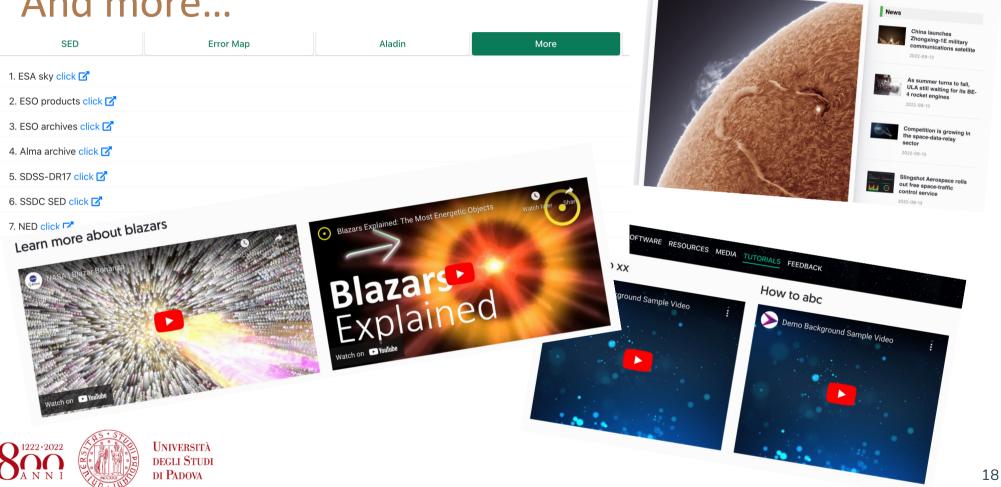












HOME SOFTWARE RESOURCES MEDIA TUTORIALS FEEDBACK

Nasa Astronomy picture of the day

What did the students do in the PCTO?

The case of unidentified Fermi-LAT targets

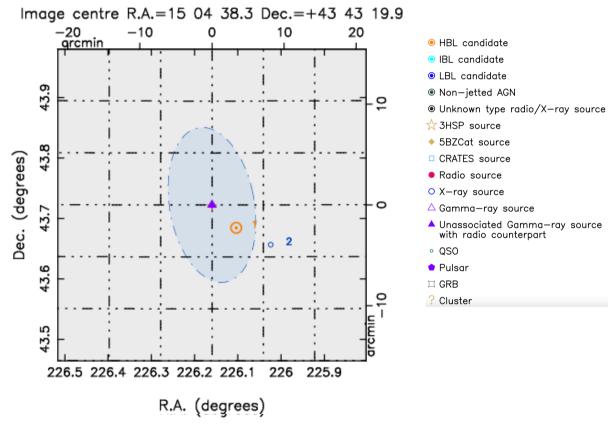


- Due to angular resolution and sensitivity (and maybe some physical mechanisms) Fermi-LAT accumulated in 10 years more thousands of unidentified/unassociated targets
- Fermi-LAT has automatic association tools that can loose targets specially without X-ray counterparts.
- Are there blazars in this list? Very likely?
- We started with a list of 198 4FGL candidates (name,
 RA/Dec, error circles x,y) and gave them to the students



Step 1/ Check for Counterparts

- Input ra/dec, error region on Open Universe portal
- Code finds catalogs and then possible radio/x counterparts within a user-defined error circle
- 3. Classification based on number and type of counterparts

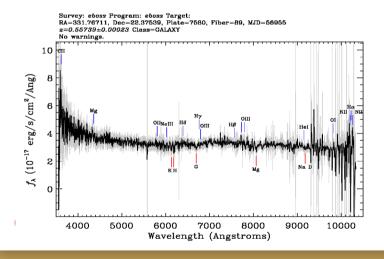


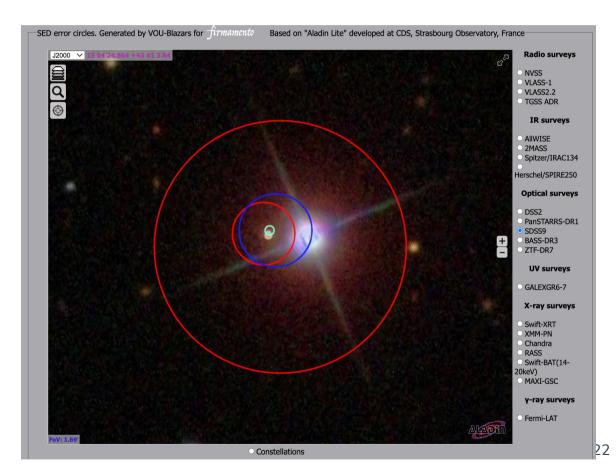


Step 2/ Check the candidate associates

Take 1st candidate association, visual and quantitative check in the sky

- Presence of a galaxy
- Is redshift available?

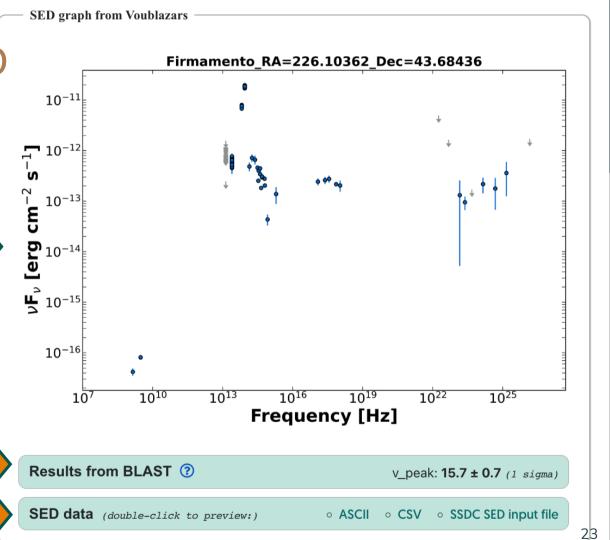




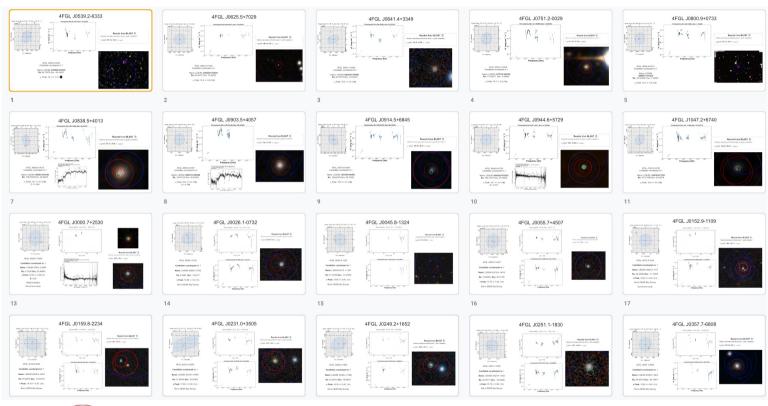
3/ The candidate SED

- Code is run a 2nd time on the updated position of the candidate to generate the SED
- Synchrotron peak estimated with BLAST [Glauch+ 2207.03813]
- Download data





Step 4/ Mumble mumble and further checks





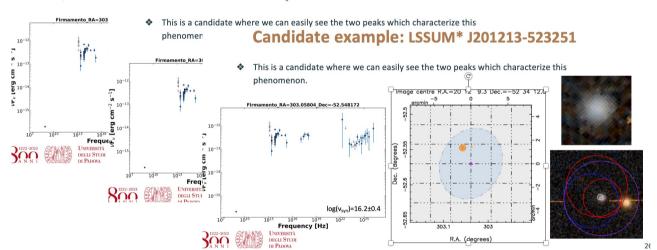


AND....RESULTS!

Candidate list

Candidate example: LSSUM* J201213-523251

This is a candidate where we can easily see the two peaks which characterize this phenomeno
Candidate example: LSSUM* J201213-523251



Out of 189
Fermi-LAT
unassociates,
54 valid
candidates



4FGL

The LSSUM catalog

We dubbed them LSSUM (Liceo Scientifico Statale Ugo Morin)! (see proceedings of this conference)



Table 1. The preliminary LSSUM (Liceo Scientifico Statale Ugo Morin) catalog of blazar candidates.

WHAT NEXT?

Outlook

A preliminary catalog of new blazar candidates by high school students

> L. Fronte¹, B. Mazzon¹, F. Metruccio¹, N. Munaretto¹ M. Doro^{†,2,3}, P. Giommi⁴, I. Viale^{2,3}, U. Barres de Almeida⁵

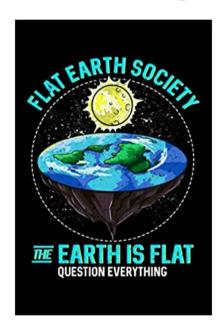
- ¹ Liceo Scientifico Statale U. Morin, via Asseggiano 39, I-30174, Venezia, Italy
- 2 Università di Padova, Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, via Marzolo 8, I-35131, Padova, Italy
- 3 Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, sez. Padova, via Marzolo 8, I-35131, Padova, Italy
- ⁴ Agenzia Spaziale Italiana, xxx
- ⁵ Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brasil

- Expand Fermi-LAT unassociated sample
- Finalize checks
- For some candidates
 - Propose optical observation (redshift estimation)
 - Propose X-ray and gammaray observation
- Publication?



Last remarks

Yes, it's taking a lot of time, but...



I believe in such times of mistrust for science, it's our duty to reach out as much as possible...



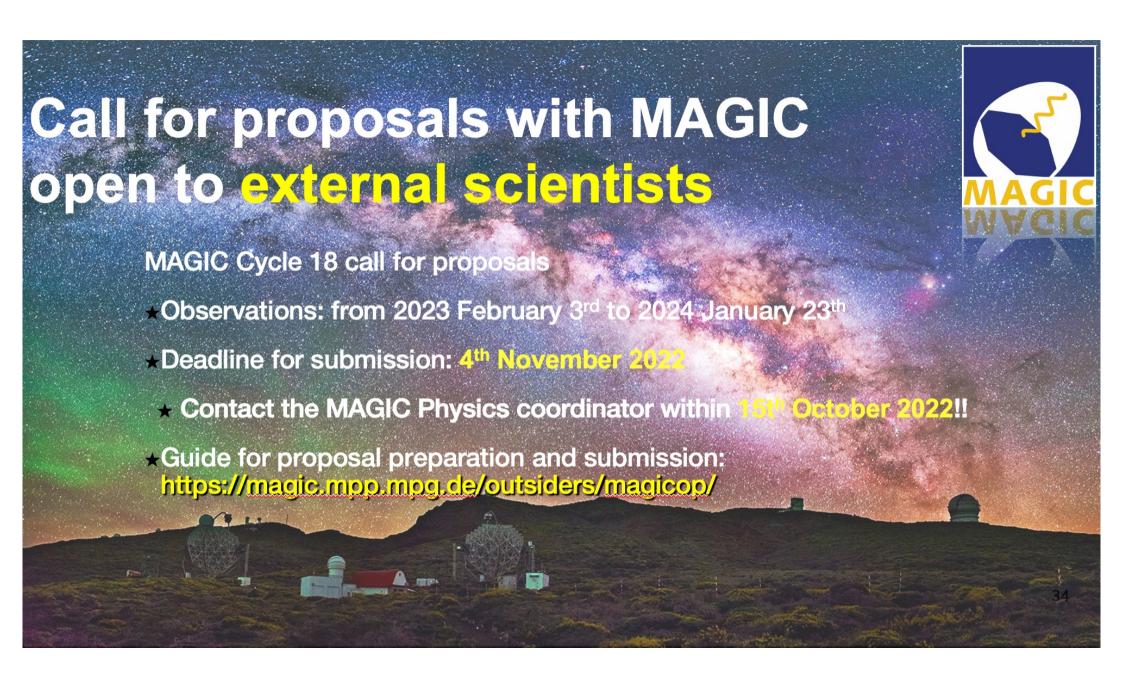
Can become a powerful tool for citizen science







Thank you for your attention!



Call for proposals with MAGIC open to external scientists

MAGIC Cycle 18 call for proposals

- ★ Observations: from 2023 February 3rd to 2024 January 23th
- ★ Deadline for submission: 4th November 2022
 Contact the Physics coordinator <u>before October 15th!</u>
- ★ Guide for proposal preparation and submission: https://magic.mpp.mpg.de/public/magicop/





Backup

