

ELBE.

Operation of Cs_2Te in SRF-gun for ELBE

Rong Xiang on behalf of the SRF Gun Group

20-22. Sep. 2022, EWPAA 2022, Milano

HZDR

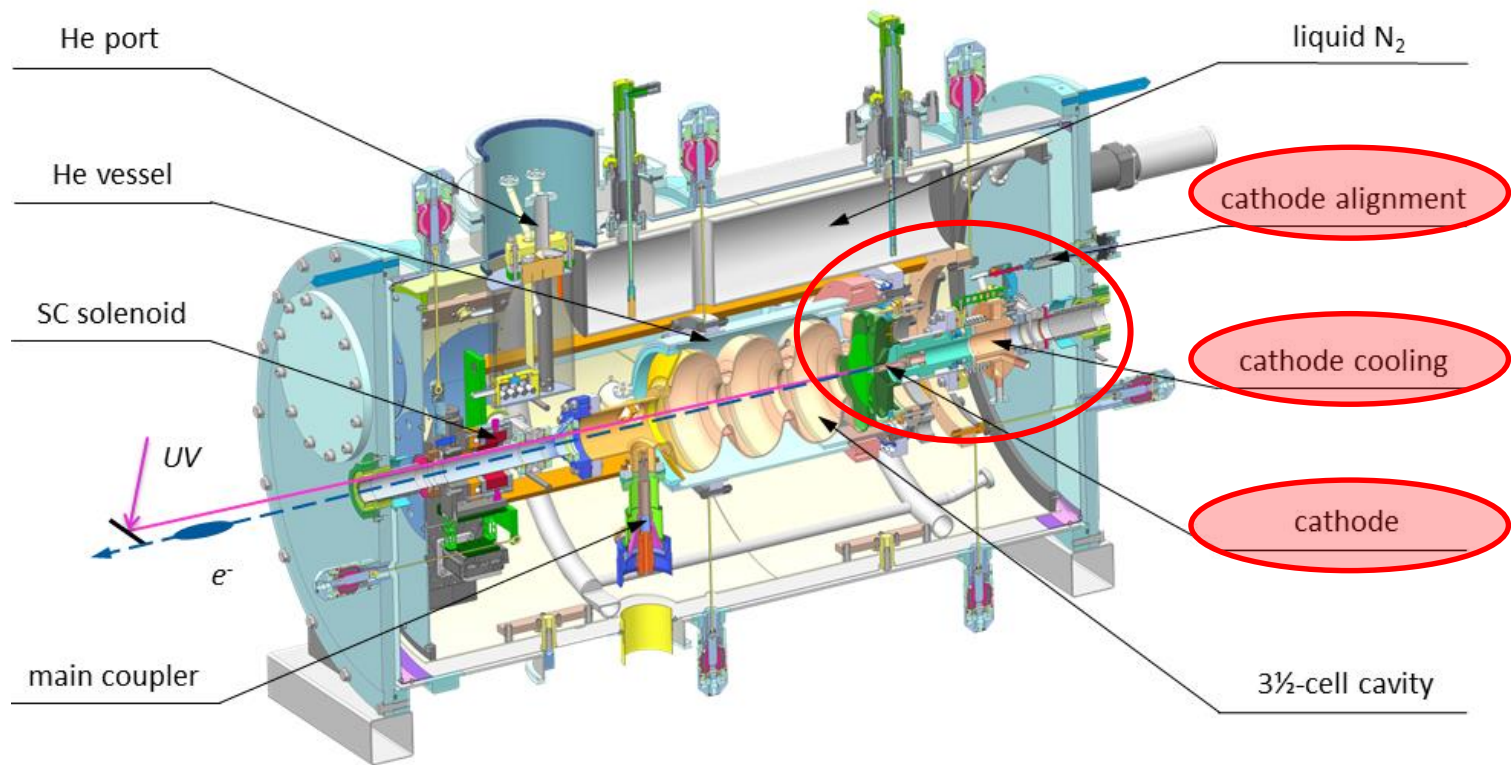
 **HELMHOLTZ**
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Outline

1. Introduction of SRF gun-II and ELBE
2. Cs_2Te photocathodes for SRF gun-II
3. Cathode QE evolution during operation
4. Summary and outlook



1. Introduction of SRF gun-II and ELBE



parameters of SRF Gun-II in operation

$E_{\text{acc}} = 8 \text{ MV/m CW (20 MV/m peak field on axis)}$

$E_{\text{cathode}} = 12 \text{ MV/m (field on cathode)}$

$I_{\text{dark}} \sim 110 \text{ nA @ 8 MV/m}$

4 MeV kinetic energy, bunch charge < 0.4 nC

1. Introduction of SRF gun-II and TELBE

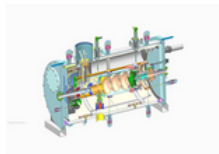
	Milestones of SRF Gun-II
Jun. 2010	cavity manufacture finish in JLab
Aug. 2014	commissioning at HZDR
Feb. 2015	first CW beam with Cu cathode
Mar./Jun. 2017	Cs ₂ Te (Mo) cathodes overheated in gun
Since 2017	User operation with Mg
Since May 2020	User operation with Cs ₂ Te (on Cu plug)

HIGHLIGHTED ARTICLES

Editors' Suggestion

Successful user operation of a superconducting radio-frequency photoelectron gun with Mg cathodes

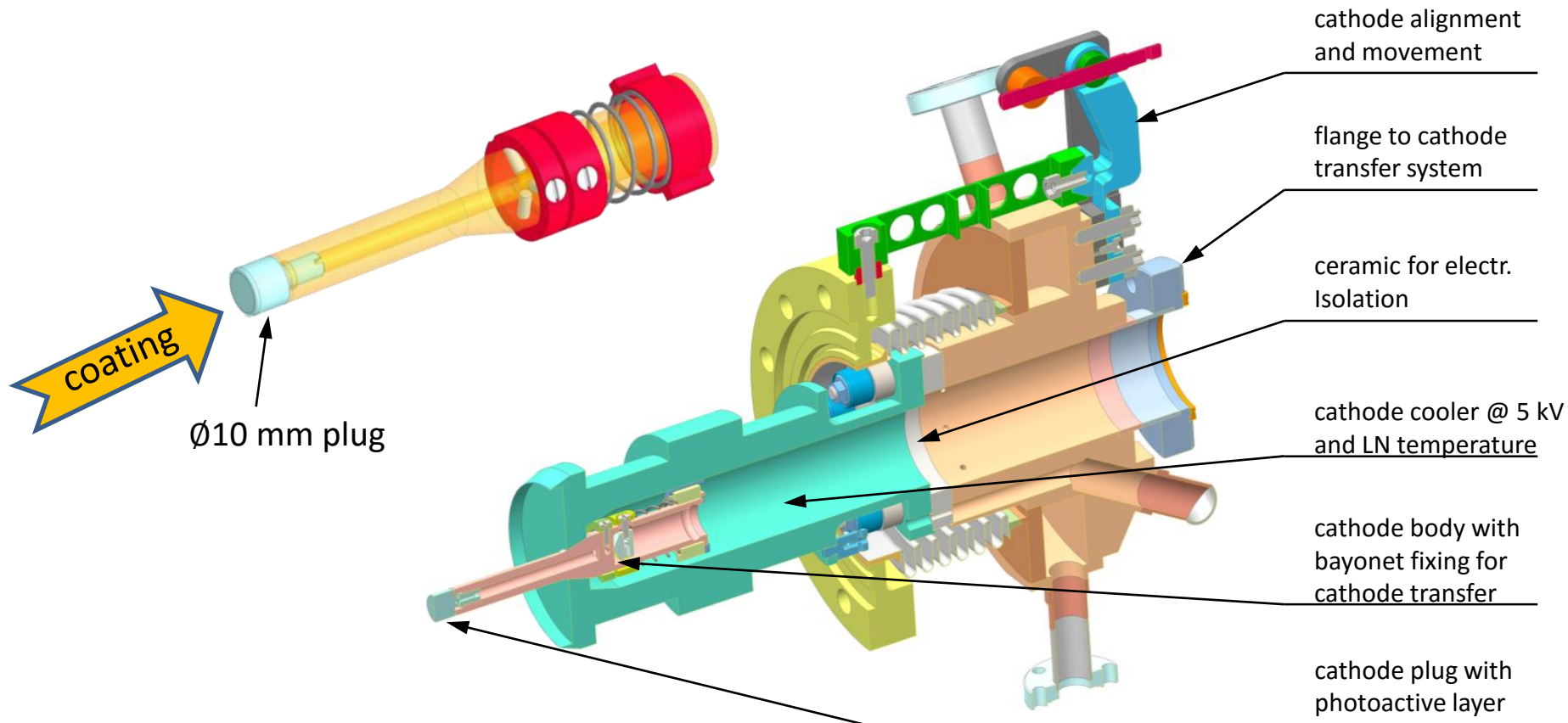
J. Teichert, A. Arnold, G. Ciovati, J.-C. Deinert, P. Evtushenko, M. Justus, J. M. Klopff, P. Kneisel, S. Kovalev, M. Kuntzsch, U. Lehnert, P. Lu, S. Ma, P. Murcek, P. Michel, A. Ryzhov, J. Schaber, C. Schneider, R. Schurig, R. Steinbrück, H. Vennekate, I. Will, and R. Xiang
Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams **24**, 033401 (2021) – Published 4 March 2021



The first superconducting rf electron source to be operated in a free electron laser.

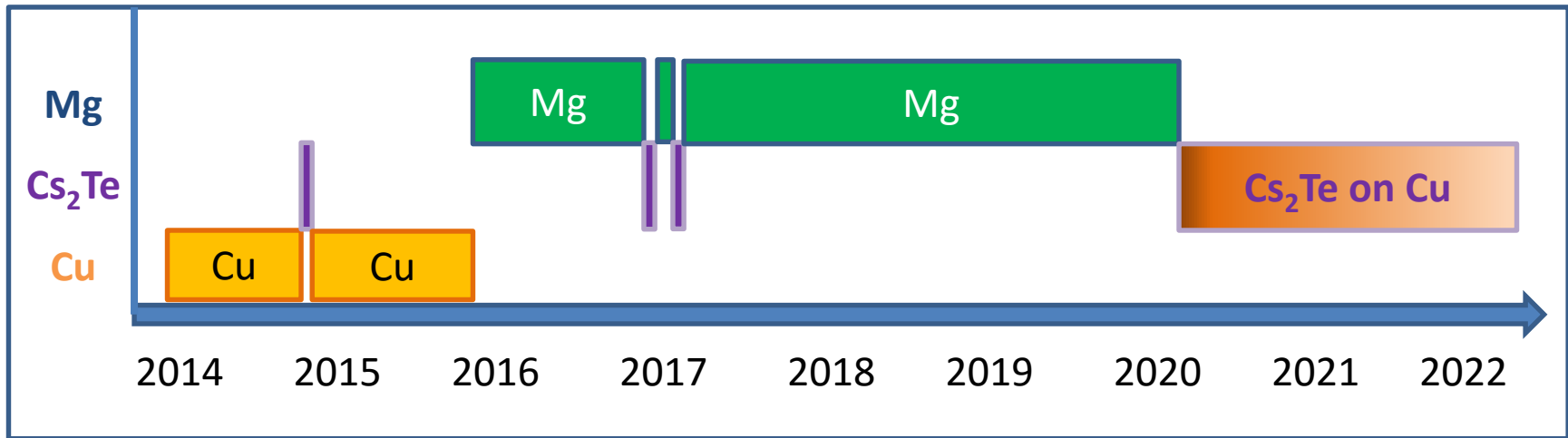
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1. Introduction of SRF gun-II and TELBE

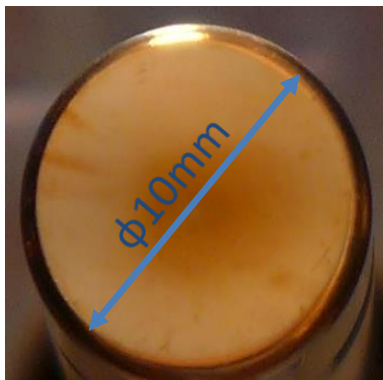


- **metallic** cathodes or **semicondcutor** cathodes
- cathode cooling by LN2 to 77 K
- cathode transfer into the cold gun
- therm. and electrical isolation, DC bias up to 7 kV to suppress MP
- moveable (± 0.6 mm) by remote stepper for best RF focusing

1. Introduction of SRF gun-II and TELBE



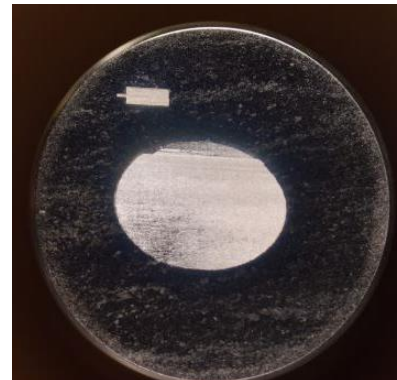
Cathodes applied in SRF Gun-II



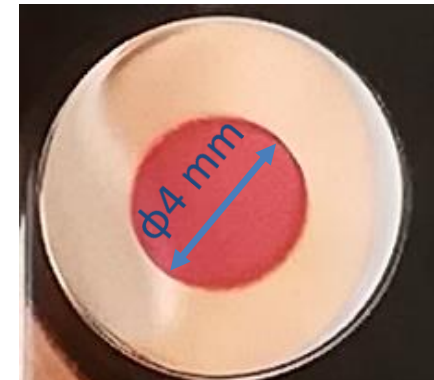
Cu plug (used in gun)



Cs₂Te on Mo plug



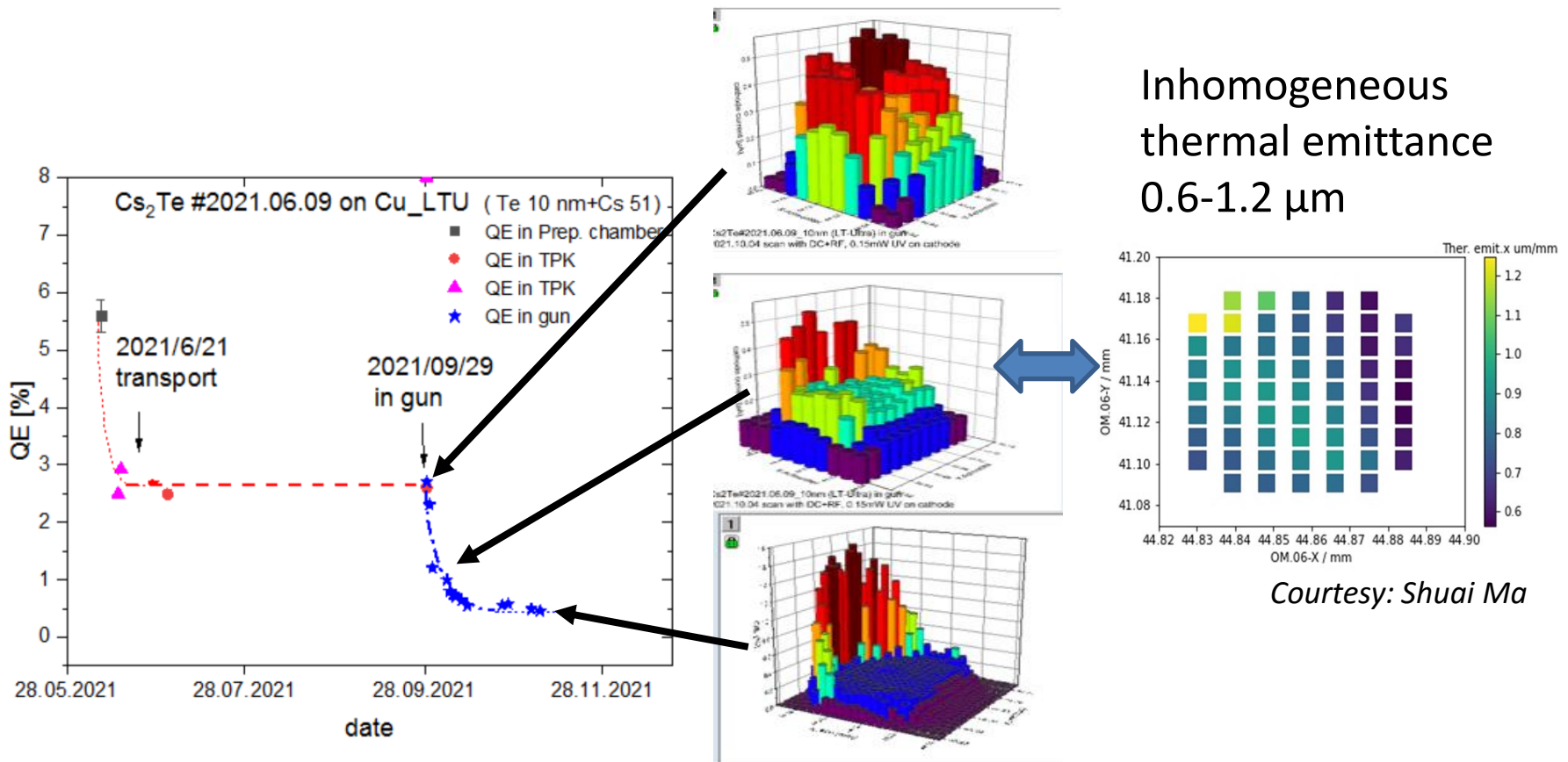
Mg (ps laser clean)



Cs₂Te on Cu plug

3. Cathode QE evolution during operation

Another problem: several cathodes showed inhomogeneous QE distribution during operation.

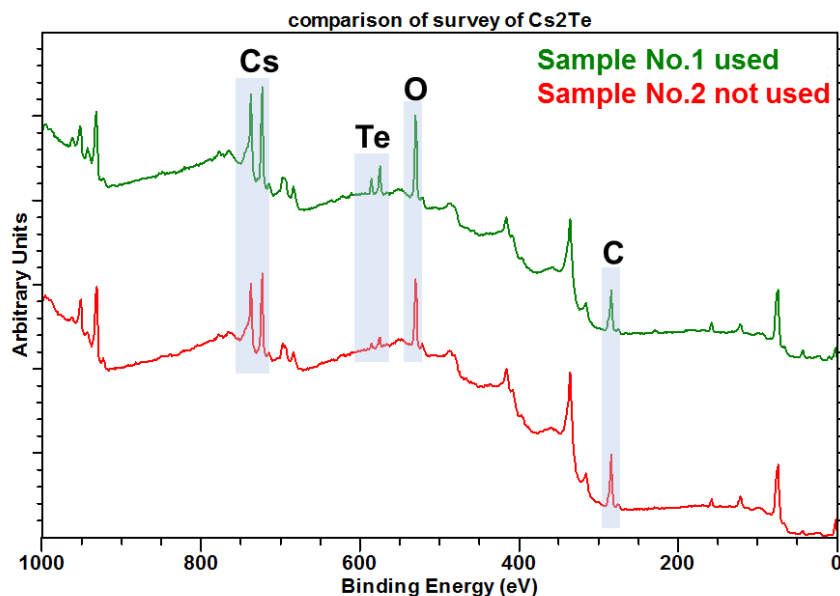


3. Cathode QE evolution during operation

XPS PHI 5600

No.	Thickness Monitor			XPS survey		
	Te	Cs	Cs/Te	Te peak area (%)	Cs peak area (%)	Cs/Te
1. #2021.06.07 used in gun	8.2 nm	40.3 nm	4.91	7.70 %	28.01 %	3.64
2. #2021.06.15 not used in gun	6.0 nm	32.1 nm	5.35	3.04 %	25.48 %	8.38

Courtesy: Jana Schaber



Lessons from XPS measurement:

1. Cs might desorb from surface when sample **No. 1** was used in the gun.
2. In vacuum transport is necessary:
 - All Te oxidize to Te 6+ & 4+.
 - All Cs exist as Cs 1+

4. Summary and outlook

✓ **Cs₂Te on Cu is working well in HZDR SRF gun**

- QE ~1%, charge life time > 10 C
- no thermal contact problem during operation
- acceptable dark current

❖ **Dedicated RF starting up process** is important to avoid MP and to preserve cathode.

❖ **Possible reasons for degradation in gun:**

1. Photoelectrons & unwanted beam hit cavity wall, release gases, which contaminate the cathode surface.
2. Released gas molecules are ionized by photoelectrons & unwanted beam, and ions back bombard cathode.
3. RF heats the dielectric Cs₂Te layer.

Thank you!

Many thanks to the ELBE team and our cooperators!

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The study on GaN by Jana Schaber
Thursday 11:40.



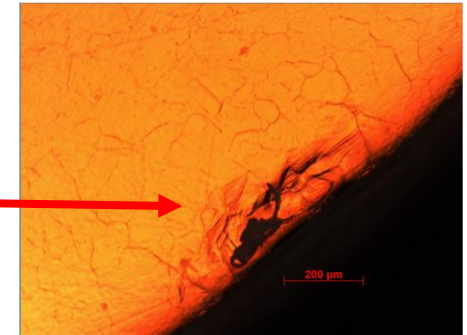
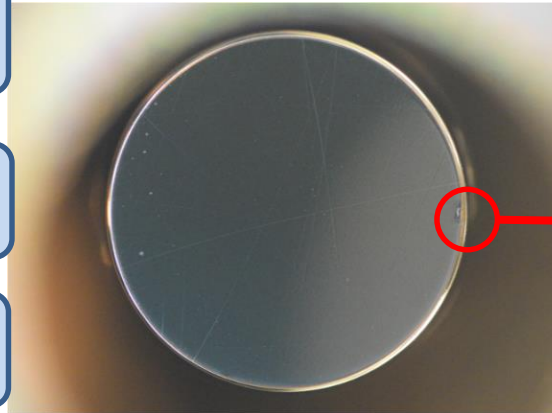
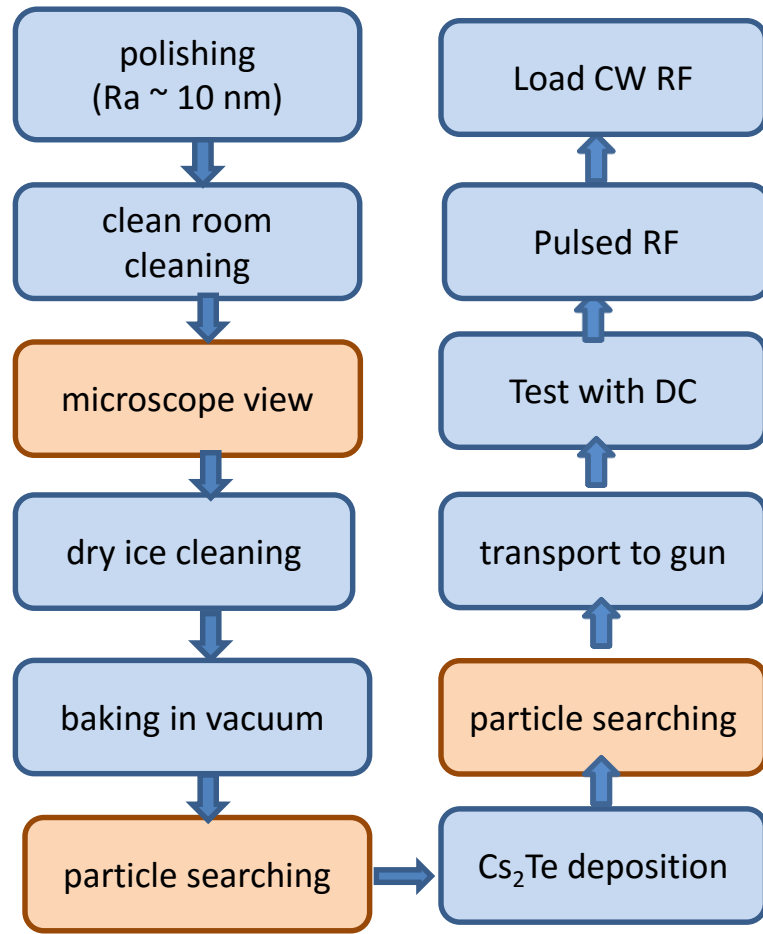
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2. Cs₂Te photocathodes for SRF gun-II



Before/after coating, high resolution photos are taken for particle counting.

No contamination to cavity after 2018