

Streaming Readout

Marco Battaglieri Jefferson Lab/INFN

1-8 Meerine Sept 30

M.Battaglieri - JLA

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Present & future

Jefferson Lab: CLASI2

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*****Primary Beam: Electrons

* Beam Energy: 12 GeV • $10 > \lambda > 0.1$ fm

- nucleon \rightarrow quark transition
- baryon and meson excited states

*100% Duty Factor (cw) Beam

- coincidence experiments
- Four simultaneous beams
- Independent E and I

* Polarization

- spin degrees of freedom
- weak neutral currents

Luminosity > 10⁷ - 10⁸ x SLAC at the time of the original DIS experiments!



Jefferson Lab

Present & future



- Unique discovery space for new physics up to 38 TeV mass scale, with a purely leptonic probe
- CD-I approved Dec 2020
- Expected to operate in FY26

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 SOlenoidal Large Intensity Device – new multipurpose detector facility optimized for high luminosity (10³⁷⁻³⁹ cm⁻² s⁻¹) and large acceptance



- Luminosity 100-1000 times that of HERA
- Polarized protons and light nuclear beams
- Nuclear beams of all A $(p \rightarrow U)$
- Center mass variability with minimal loss of luminosity
- Large acceptance
- Frwrd/Bckw angles
- Precise vertexing
- HRes Tracking
- Excellent PID



Why SRO is so important?

* High luminosity experiments

- Current experiments are limited in DAQ bandwidth
- Reduce stored data size in a smart way (reducing time for off-line processing)

* Shifting data tagging/filtering from the front-end (hw) to the back-end (sw)

- Optimize real-time rare/exclusive channels selection
- Use of high level programming languages
- Use of existing/ad-hoc CPU/GPU farms
- Use of available AI/ML tools
- (future) use of quantum-computing

* Scaling

- Easier to add new detectors in the DAQ pipeline
- Easier to scale
- Easier to upgrade

Many NP and HEP experiments adopt the SRO scheme (with different solutions):

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- CERN: LHCb, ALICE, AMBER
- FAIR: CBM
- DESY:TPEX
- BNL: sPHENIX, STAR, EIC
- JLAB: SOLID, BDX, CLASI2, ...

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SRO advantages are evident but it needs to be demonstrated by the use in real experimental conditions







SRO for EIC

14.6 Data Acquisition



14.6.1 Streaming-Capable Front-End Electronics, Data Aggregation, and Timing Distribution

A streaming readout is the likely readout paradigm for the EIC, as it allows easy scaling to the requirements of EIC, enables recording more physics more efficiently, and allows better online monitoring capabilities. The EIC detectors will likely be highly segmented,



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EIC Detector R&D Proposal and Progress Report

Date: Mar 05, 202

Project ID: eRD23

Project Name: Streaming readout for EIC detectors Period Reported: from 6/26/2020 to 2/28/2021 Project Leader: M. Battaglieri and J. C. Bernauer Contact Person: M. Battaglieri and J. C. Bernauer Project members J. Huang, M.L. Purschke Brookhaven National Laboratory, Uptown, NY S. Ali, V. Berdnikov, T. Horn, M. Muhoza, I. Pegg, R. Trotta Catholic University of America, Washington DC M. Battaglieri, M. Bondí, A. Celentano, L. Marsicano, P. Musico INFN, Genova, Italy F Ameli INFN, Roma La Sapienza, Italy L. Cappelli, T. Chiarusi, F. Giacomini, C. Pellegrino INFN, Bologna, Italy D. K. Hasell, C. Fanelli, I. Friščić, R. Milner Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA J C Bernauer Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY and Riken BNL Research Center, Upton, NY E. Cline Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY S. Boyarinov, C. Cuevas, M. Diefenthaler, R. Ent, Y. Furletova, V. Gyurjyan, G. Heyes, D. Lawrence, B. Raydo Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, Newport News, VA

Abstract

The detectors foreseen for the future Electron-Ion Collider will be some of the few major collider detectors to be built from scratch in the 21^{ss} century. A truly modern EIC detector design must be complemented with an integrated, 21^{ss} century readout scheme that supports the scientific opportunities of the machine, improves time-to-analysis, and maximizes the scientific output. A fully streaming readout (SRO)

EIC R&D Streaming Readout Consortium eRD23

Last workshop

- Organized by ORNL
- virtual, Dec 8-10 2021



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Some examples ...

x 10 '

7000

6000

5000

4000

3000

2000

1000

Streaming Readout

Streaming readout for EIC

A triggerless DAQ provides advantages for all EIC reaction channels

Inclusive channel

- Excellent e/h and e/ $\!\gamma$ discrimination
- At large η (large Q²), low-momentum electrons are overwhelmed by hadrons background

Triggerless DAQ system allows a sophisticated electron selection, making use of advanced algorithms applied to the full information from detectors



Exclusive channels

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Several trigger conditions tailored to physics Eg. DVCS

- DVCS benefits by the measurement of the hard photon together with the scattered electron
- The dominant BH background can be rejected by reconstructing θ_e and θ_Y and cutting on $(\theta_e \theta_Y)$

Large flexibility to add new triggers for different physics cases!

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Some examples ...

Alexandre Camsonne, Jeffery Landgraf



ATHENA

We envision a triggerless streaming DAQ system following the outline described in the Yellow Report

- Gets rid of many latency constraints
- Gets of the need for a hardware trigger
- Amplifies the need for robust zero-suppression / data compression
- No trigger allows for any physics process studies off-line

SCIENCE REQUIREMENTS AND DETECTOR CONCEPTS FOR THE ELECTRON-ION COLLIDER EIC Yellow Report





Some examples ...



- Collider parameters:
 - ~500KHz of collisions
 - ~60-100Gbps zero suppressed data
 - ~I5 KB/event
 - ~100 bytes/bunch crossing
- Significant number of channels
- Challenging data compression scheme
 - Noise reduction
 - Zero suppression

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- Background elimination
- Keeping option of data selection before going to tape in case data volume too large to record all the streams

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Detector	Readout Technology	Channel Count
Silicon Tracking	Si MAPS	37B
GEM/MMG Layer	GEM	217K
Cylindrical MPGD *	GEM	60M
HP-DIRC	MAP/MT	100-330k
ECAL	SiPM	1.7К
HCAL	SiPM	24K
HCAL imaging	Si MAPS	480M
dRICH	PMT/ <u>SiPM</u>	350K
mRICH	PMT/ <u>SiPM</u>	330K
В0	Si MAPS	32M + 320K
Off-Momentum	AC-LGAD (eRD24)	750K
Roman Pots	AC-LGAD (eRD24)	500K
ZDC	LGAD + ASIC eRD27	225+366
TOF	AC-LGAD	15M











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SRO concept validation I) Assemble SRO components 2) Test SRO DAQ in lab 3) Test SRO DAQ on-beam

FrontEnd

D.Abbott, F.Ameli, C.Cuevas, P. Musico, B.Raydo

* JLab fADC250 + VTP bord

- JLab 250 MHz flash ADC digitizer currently used in many experiments
- Overcome VXS limitations (<24 Gb/s) using JLab VTP board (<40 Gb/s)
- Not optimised but reuse of existing boards: ready-to-go solution while waiting for fADC250.v2

* INFN WaveBoard

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• SRO dedicated INFN 250 MHz flash ADC digitizer

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-JSA









Jefferson Lab



Jana2 + reconstruction

N.Brei, D.Lawrence, M.Bondi', A.Celentano, C.Fanelli, S.Vallarino

* JANA2 + TriDAS

- Integration between On-line and off-line
- Real-time tagging/filtering data
- Offline algorithm development immediately available for use in Software Trigger
- Level I"minimum-bias": at least one crystal with E> 2 GeV

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• Level 2 plugins (tagging and filtering)

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- "standard" FT-CAL clustering ($N_{cluster} \ge 1, 2, 3$)
- cosmic tracking
- Al clustering algorithm: at least two cluster in the FT-CAL









Cebaf Online Data Acquisition (CODA)

S.Boyarinov, B.Raydo, G.Heyes

- Originally designed for trigger-based readout systems
- Controllers (ROCs) and VXS Trigger Boards (VTPs)
- TheTrigger Supervisor (TS) synchronizes components using clock, sync, trigger and busy signals.-time tagging/ filtering data

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- CODA adapted to the SRO
- Replaced EB to use timestamp)

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ROC communication via VTP (not VXS bus)

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JLab SRO validation

V.Berdnikov, T.Horn

*** EIC ECal PbWO prototype**

- Use the Hall-D Pair Spectrometer setup
- Secondary e+/e- beam: E range (3-6) GeV
- Simple setup to compare TRIGGERED to TRIGGERLESS

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- 3x3 PbWO crystals, PMT and SiPM readout
- fADC250+VTP and WaveBoard front end

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SiPM(left) & PMT(right) cal. prot.

cal. prot. Waveboard





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Scintillation Hodoscope



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JLab SRO test

M.Bondi, S.Vallarino, A.Celentano, A.Pilloni, P.Moran

* CLASI2 Forward Tagger

- Data corrected for time walk effect and energy calibrated
- Two targets: Pb (primary) + Al scattering chamber window
- Two pi0 peaks (correct/wrong assumption on vertex)

All

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Preliminary test results



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Run I Data analysis (AI-supported)



*The cut-based clustering seems to assign more hits to the highest energy seed cluster.

• Run I: off-line only • Run2: real time!

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Data analysis in progress

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JLab current SRO effort

- Hall-D and Hall-B test results demonstrated the first JLab SRO DAQ system
- What next:
 - Integration of different components in n optimised SRO framework

ERSAP

- Reactive, event-driven datastream processing framework that implements microservices architecture
- Provides basic stream handling services (stream aggregators, stream splitters, etc.)
- Adopts design choices and lessons learned from TRIDAS, JANA, CODA and CLARA

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Next steps

- We built SRO DAQ working system (FE+TRIDAS+JANA) with a join effort INFN/JLAB
- Tested on EIC cal prototype (PbWO)
- Tested in on-beam tests at Jefferson Lab (CLASI2-FT)
- Tested some AI-supported algorithms (off-line) for clustering

Workplan 2022

- Secure resources for Iy postdoc from MAECI grant to hire for dedicated effort
 - Scintillating glass tests with cosmic rays (INFN-GE)
 - dRICH data

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- Implementation of AI/ML-supported algorithms at both front-end and backend
- FE: implementation on FPGA boards? filtering?
- BE: high level analysis: raw data (clustering, tracking, ...) and beyond

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