

b-jet triggers

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Amsterdam Trigger Workshop - October 21, 2010

Introduction

Outline

1. Introduction
2. Beam spot update from the b -jet perspective
3. Tracking in jets: SiTrack vs IDScan
4. Updated data/MC comparison results for online taggers
5. μ -jet triggers evolution
6. Rates and global rejection

Introduction

Where do we stand?

Two classes of primary triggers to satisfy different needs:

1. μ -jet triggers to select a calibration sample for both online and offline b -tagging:
 - ▶ select events containing an offline muon-jet pair;
 - ▶ topological algorithm matching a LVL1 jet with a LVL2 muon;
 - ▶ prescale adjustments for signatures with different thresholds in order to accumulate μ -jet candidates with uniform distribution in jet p_T ;
 - ▶ well understood on data;
 - ▶ starting from period G, they are used for offline b -tagging calibration and b -jet cross section measurements.
2. b -jet triggers to select multi b -jet events where jet triggers can't reject enough:
 - ▶ algorithms based on impact parameters exploiting likelihood approaches and JetProb technique;
 - ▶ beam spot is used as a primary vertex estimation in the transverse plane;
 - ▶ commissioning on data is being finalized;
 - ▶ so far in PT to study beam spot dependence, correlation with offline taggers and overall performance.

Beam spot

Important achievements in 2010 for b -jet triggers

Particularly sensitive to beam spot position and width shifts:

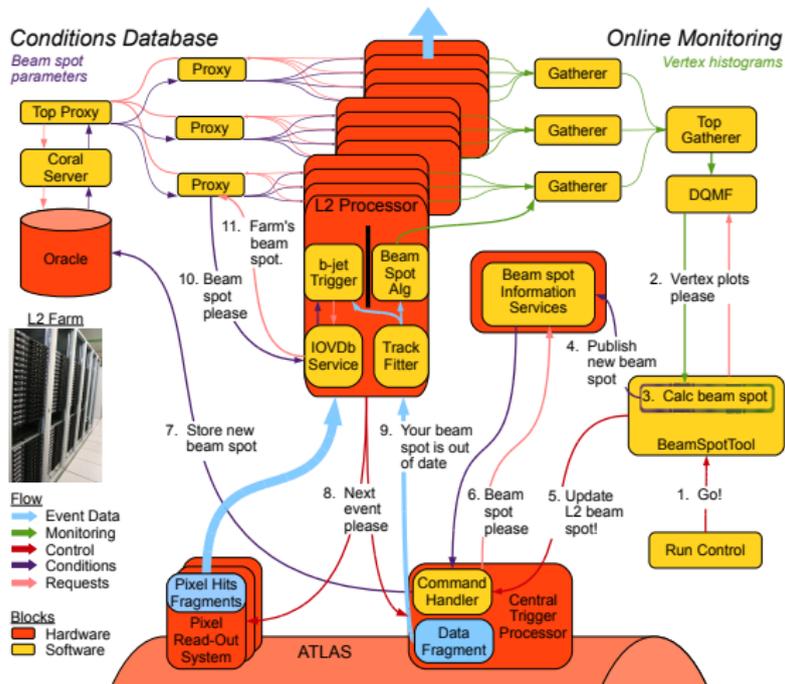
- ▶ primary vertex computation only along the z coordinate since tracking is performed in Rols;
- ▶ transverse impact parameter significances are computed taking into account the beam profile as it is known online.

Beam spot monitoring was already available for the 900 GeV running, but since:

1. COOL update to inject into HLT farm new parameters within a run is in place and well tested;
2. mechanism to correct the resolution width taking into account the LVL2 track resolution is developed and online.

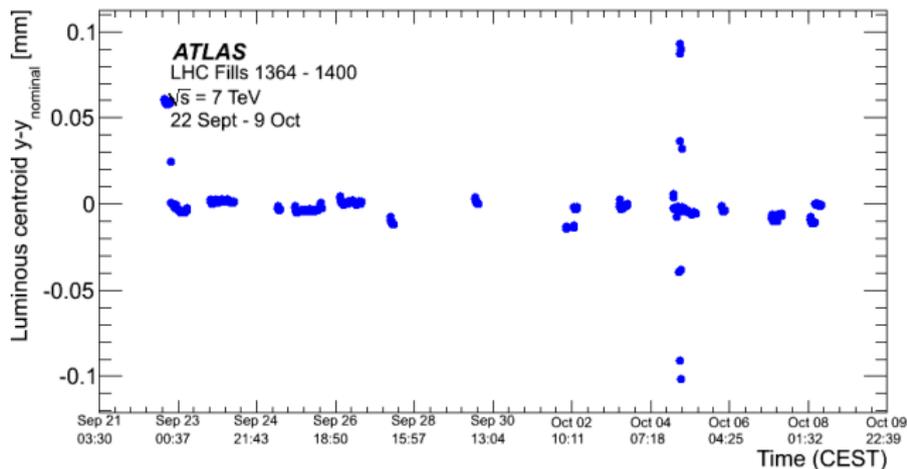
Beam spot

1. Beam spot update



Beam spot

1. Beam spot update

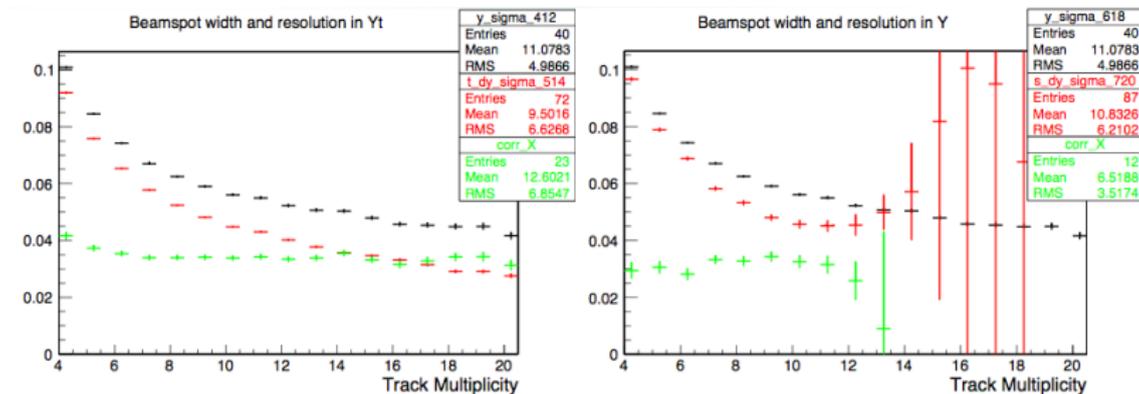


- ▶ so far, human intervention to trigger the update to gain experience;
- ▶ now need to define automatic checks to automatize the entire loop.

Beam spot

2. Resolution corrected width

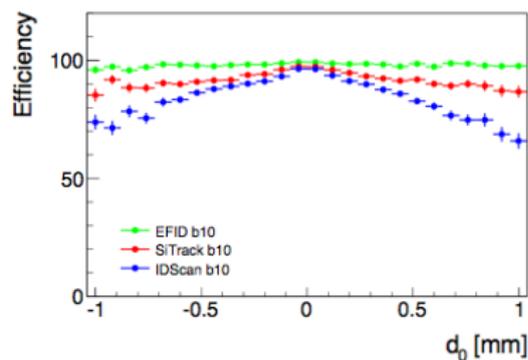
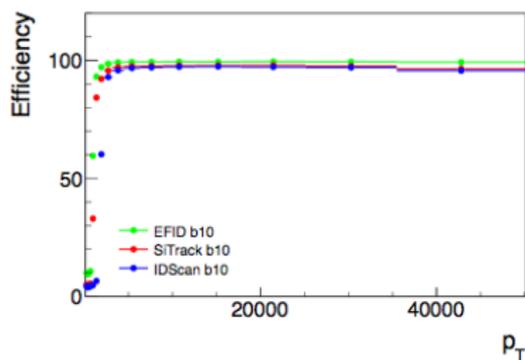
- ▶ raw width;
- ▶ MC truth and split vertex resolution;
- ▶ corrected width.



Tracking comparison in jets

Plots using JetTauEtMiss stream from run 162526

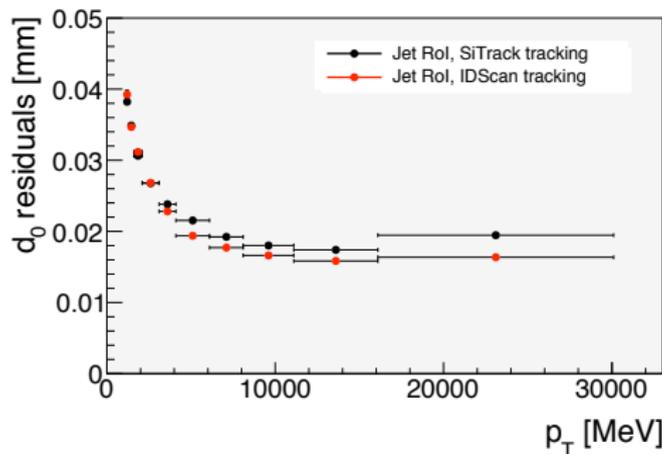
- ▶ efficiency is with respect to offline tracks not matched to any physics object;
- ▶ in general comparable performance of LVL2 algorithms, lower SiTrack fake rate drove the decision about the primary tracking algorithm when it was requested;
- ▶ both algorithms are still running in commissioning trigger and allow further studies;
- ▶ among the studies, the LVL2 d_0 acceptance needs investigations since it is expected to be flatter, as in other instances.



Tracking comparison in jets

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- ▶ both algorithms are still running in commissioning trigger and allow further studies;
- ▶ just a first look at d_0 resolution in p_T bins: preliminary plot.



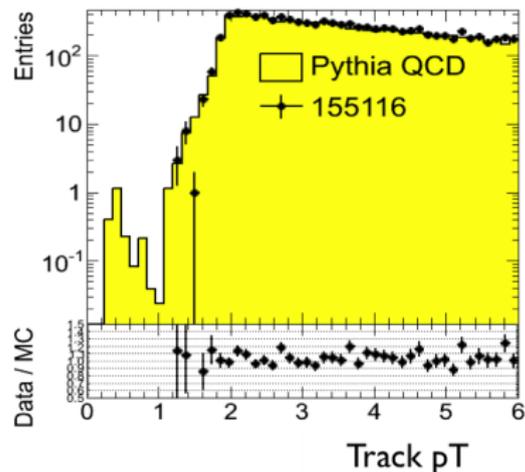
b -jet trigger performance

Data/MC comparison

For data/MC comparison studies:

- ▶ could not performed detailed analysis on whatever run;
- ▶ focus on runs with good beam spot knowledge;
- ▶ focus on relatively old runs to have the same track selection in simulation and online;
- ▶ candidate run 155116.

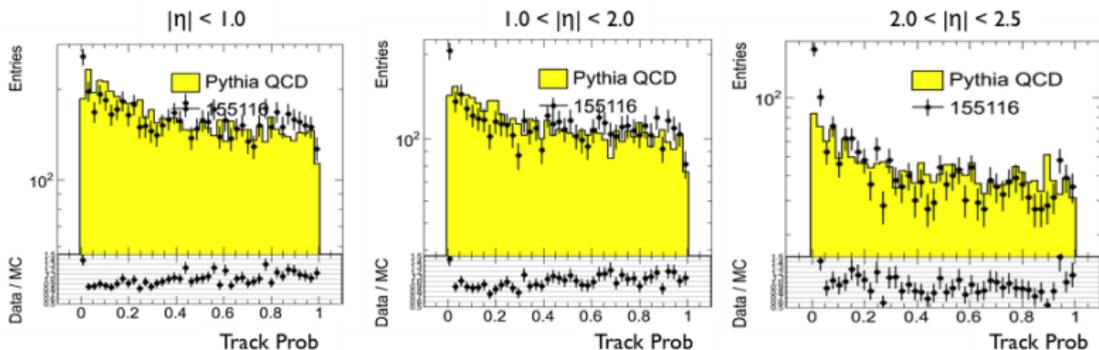
BS	offline	online
$\Rightarrow x$	-0.0335	-0.347 \Leftarrow
$\Rightarrow y$	0.611	0.613 \Leftarrow
z	-1.6	-2.25
$\Rightarrow \sigma(x)$	0.0332	0.0335 \Leftarrow
$\Rightarrow \sigma(y)$	0.0335	0.0289 \Leftarrow
$\sigma(z)$	50.3	36.8



b -jet trigger performance

Track probability to originate from PV at LVL2

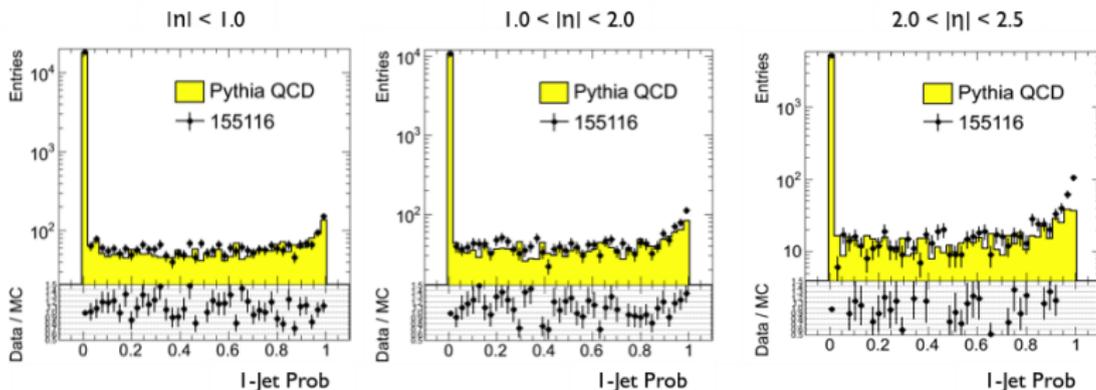
- ▶ good data/MC agreement, especially at low η (this trend is only see at LVL2);
- ▶ slightly better agreement at the EF level.



b -jet trigger performance

Overall jet probability to originate from PV at LVL2

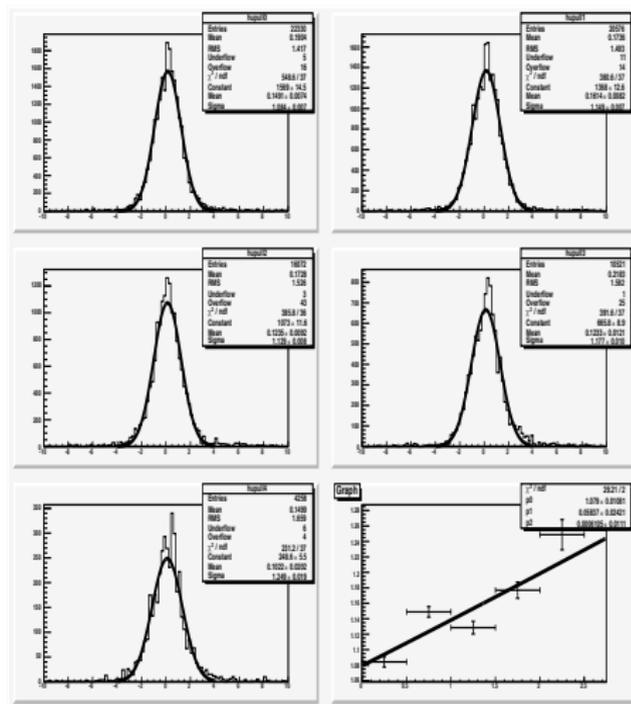
- ▶ peak at 0 is due to jet RoI with no reconstructed/selected tracks;
- ▶ a higher b content is seen at high η (also in track prob distributions) and is related to the LVL2 d_0 track pull;
- ▶ mismatch at high η for displaced tracks probably due to a track selection fix which is being validated at CAF now.



b -jet trigger performance

d_0 pull degradation for LVL2 tracking

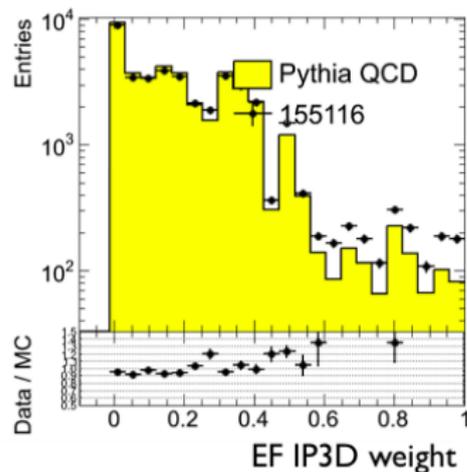
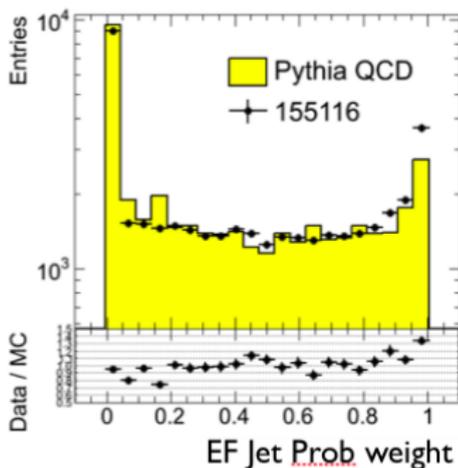
- ▶ plots based on MC top sample;
- ▶ trend is visible in η and not in p_T ;
- ▶ EF tracking is not affected;
- ▶ impact on b -tagging performance is found to be negligible therefore no a posteriori correction is taken.



b-jet trigger performance

data/MC comparison for main EF taggers

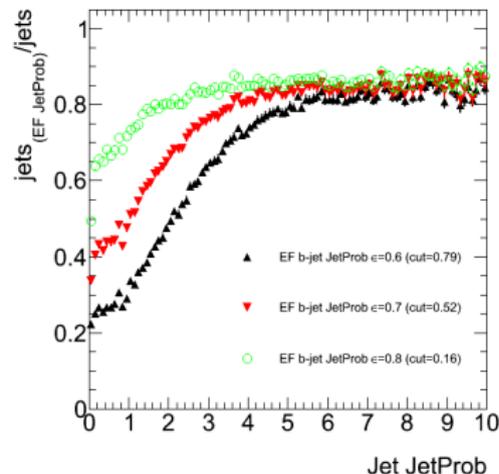
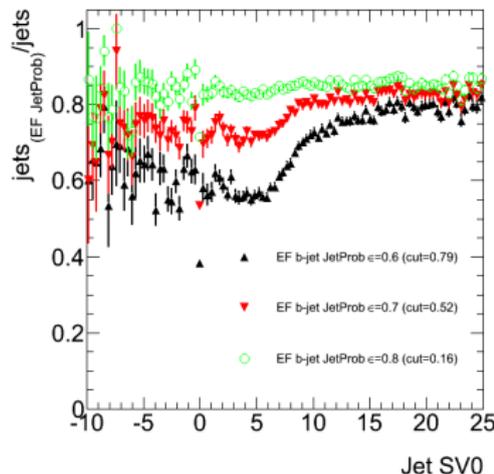
- ▶ in general better agreement in Jet Prob distributions;
- ▶ new EF likelihood calibrations being validated now;
- ▶ given the better data/MC agreement, working points are being defined using JetProb.



b -jet trigger performance

EF JetProb correlation with offline SV0 and JetProb

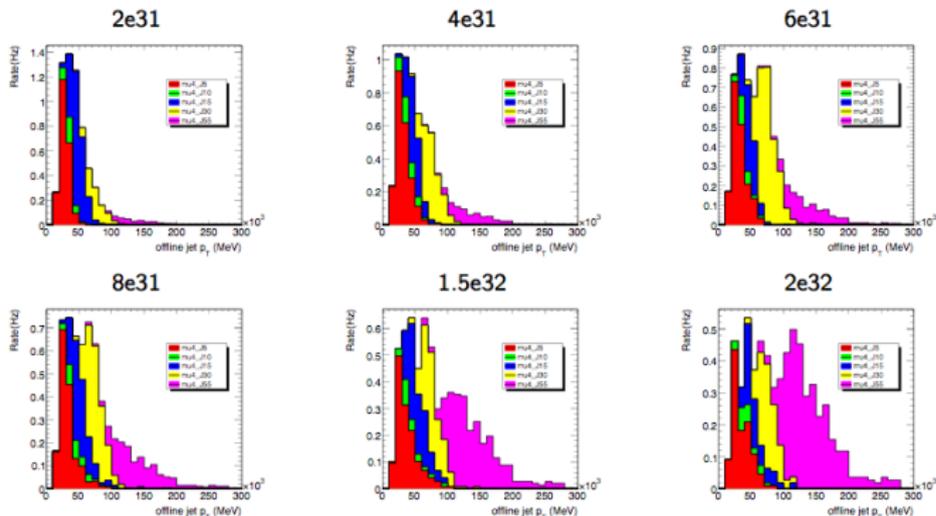
- ▶ based on MC sample and for various HLT working points;
- ▶ better correlation using the same tagger;
- ▶ saturation at 85% indicates a trigger bias;
- ▶ bias contribution seems to be due to empty Rols and matching near $\eta = 2.5$ (since not related to b -tagging itself).



μ -jet trigger evolution

Fixed allocated bandwidth and all rejection at LVL2

- ▶ linear prescale interpolation for intermediate lumi points;
- ▶ purity (fraction of events containing an offline μ -jet candidate) is found to be 94% (95%) in data (MC);
- ▶ starting from period G prescales are in place to enhance the higher pt spectrum.



b-jet trigger rates and menu

General considerations

Overall load on the system will depend on allocated bandwidth and physics input. A general comment already heard during this workshop: [fruitful discussions with combined performance groups](#) but would expect a lot more input from physics groups as well.

- ▶ you already know we are unhappy with the present allocated bandwidth corresponding to 5 Hz of exclusive rate for both μ -jets and *b*-jets;
- ▶ work ongoing to better synchronize μ -jet and single *b*-jet triggers to enlarge the sample for efficiency studies;
- ▶ studies in the offline *b*-tagging community are ongoing to estimate the efficiency error per p_T bin as a function of the available sample selected with μ -jet triggers;
- ▶ many options are available for *b*-jet trigger optimizations, more physics input is needed!

b -jet trigger rates and menu

General considerations

For μ -jet triggers:

- ▶ can be easily adjusted with PS with no serious impact on their usefulness;
- ▶ all of the selection is performed at LVL2 minimizing the EF input rate;
- ▶ a clear roadmap do exist up to 5e32,
- ▶ a further jet threshold ($\mu 4_L1J75_matched$) may be added in 2011.

For b -jet triggers:

- ▶ single b -jet triggers are for commissioning and monitoring purposes;
- ▶ we are studying possible optimizations for the 2011 and possibly we will only retain $b_10_IDTrkNoCut$ and b_10 for tracking and b -tagging monitoring;
- ▶ multi b -jet triggers should be run as much as possible unrescaled: chain rejections depend on various factors, approximative numbers can be quoted (next slides).

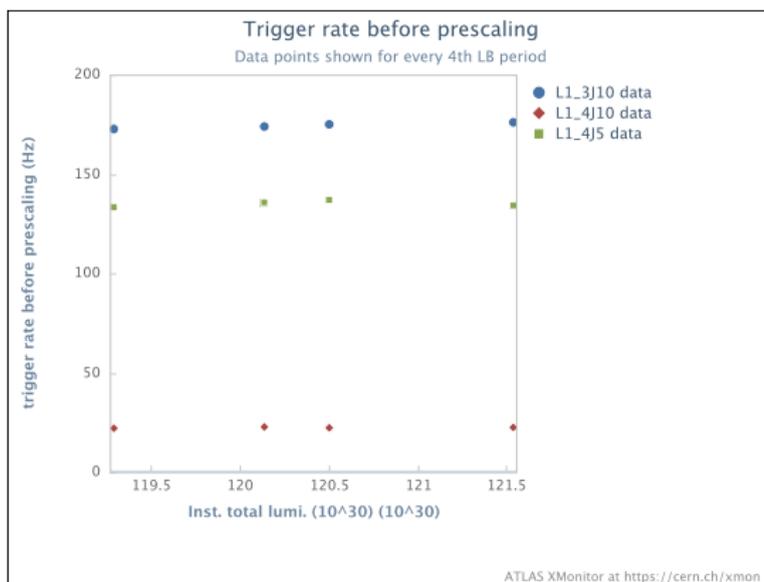
b-jet trigger rates and menu

Unprescaled LVL1 multi-jet rates

LVL1 multi-jet rates at 10^{31}
from run 162690, LBs 264-272:

L1_3J10	$11.8 \pm 1.1\text{Hz}$
L1_3J15	$4.75 \pm 0.7\text{ Hz}$
L1_4J5	$8.4 \pm 0.9\text{ Hz}$
L1_4J10	$1.6 \pm 0.4\text{ Hz}$

LVL1 multi-jet rates at 1.2×10^{32}
from one of the latest LHC fill using xmon:



b-jet trigger rates and menu

Recap on menu composition

Multi *b*-jet triggers

EF_b15_4L1J5	L2_b15_4L1J5	L1_4J5
EF_2b10_4L1J5	L2_2b10_4L1J5	L1_4J5
EF_3b10_4L1J5	L2_3b10_4L1J5	L1_4J5
EF_2b10_3L1J10	L2_2b10_3L1J10	L1_3J10
EF_2b15_3L1J15	L2_2b15_3L1J15	L1_3J15
EF_b10_4L1J10	L2_b10_4L1J10	L1_4J10
EF_3b10_4L1J10	L2_3b10_4L1J10	L1_4J10
EF_3b15_4L1J15	L2_3b15_4L1J15	L1_4J15

μ -jet triggers (X=5, 10, 15, 30, 55 GeV)

EF_mu4_L1JX_matched	L2_mu4_L1JX_matched	L1_MU0_JX
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Single *b*-jet triggers

EF_b10	L2_b10	L1_J10
EF_b10_IDTrkNoCut	L2_b10_IDTrkNoCut	L1_J10
EF_b15	L2_b15	L1_J15
EF_b30	L2_b30	L1_J30

b-jet trigger rates and menu

Global rejection on real data affordable by *b*-jet triggers in 2011?

- ▶ assuming algorithms as they are now online;
- ▶ new EF likelihood calibrations have been released (in validation at CAF now);
- ▶ computing efficiency on *b*-jets from MC top sample having $SV0 > 5.72$;
- ▶ computing rejection on real data using b10_IDTrkNoCut chain.

For **JetProb** tagger:

efficiency	LVL2 cut	EF cut	LVL2 rejection	HLT rejection
0.7	0.02	0.79	1.6	6.5
0.6	0.27	0.93	2.1	13
0.5	0.77	0.96	5.5	23

For **IP3D** tagger (for EF results, we need new calibrations):

efficiency	LVL2 cut	LVL2 rejection
0.7	0.5	17
0.6	0.68	31
0.5	0.81	65

b-jet trigger rates and menu

Global rejection affordable by *b*-jet triggers in 2011?

- ▶ scaling the LVL1 multi-jet item rates at $5e32$ the input LVL2 rate is ~ 0.5 KHz;
- ▶ assuming 1-2 Hz per multi *b*-jet chain we need global rejections of 500/500/200/50 for chains starting from L1_4J5/L1_3J10/L1_3J15/L1_4J10;
- ▶ worst scenario and latest assumption: JetProb will have the role of selecting events at $5e32$.

Global rejection per chain type:

$R=6.5$ on single jets

chain	rej
1b/4j	~ 2
2b/3j	~ 15
2b/4j	~ 9
3b/4j	~ 75

$R=13$ on single jets

chain	rej
1b/4j	~ 4
2b/3j	~ 60
2b/4j	~ 30
3b/4j	~ 580

$R=23$ on single jets

chain	rej
1b/4j	~ 6
2b/3j	~ 200
2b/4j	~ 100
3b/4j	~ 3000

Conclusions

- ▶ tracking was demonstrated to be stable and efficient in the whole 2010 data-taking period;
- ▶ ready to fully rely on the automatic beam spot update;
- ▶ estimation on real data of global rejection factors of b -jet triggers ensures an affordable rate for both LVL2 and EF for the whole 2011 data-taking period;
- ▶ few enhancements still in the pipeline (new EF likelihood calibrations and slight track selection update);
- ▶ b -jet trigger menu is finalized but not fixed, any physics input is more than welcome;
- ▶ b -jet triggers will be in rejecting mode by the start of 2011;
- ▶ μ -jet triggers in good shape and already used by flavor tagging group.