

Dynamics in Arc Compressors

S. Di Mitri

**Elettra Sincrotrone Trieste
Univ. Trieste, Dept. Physics**

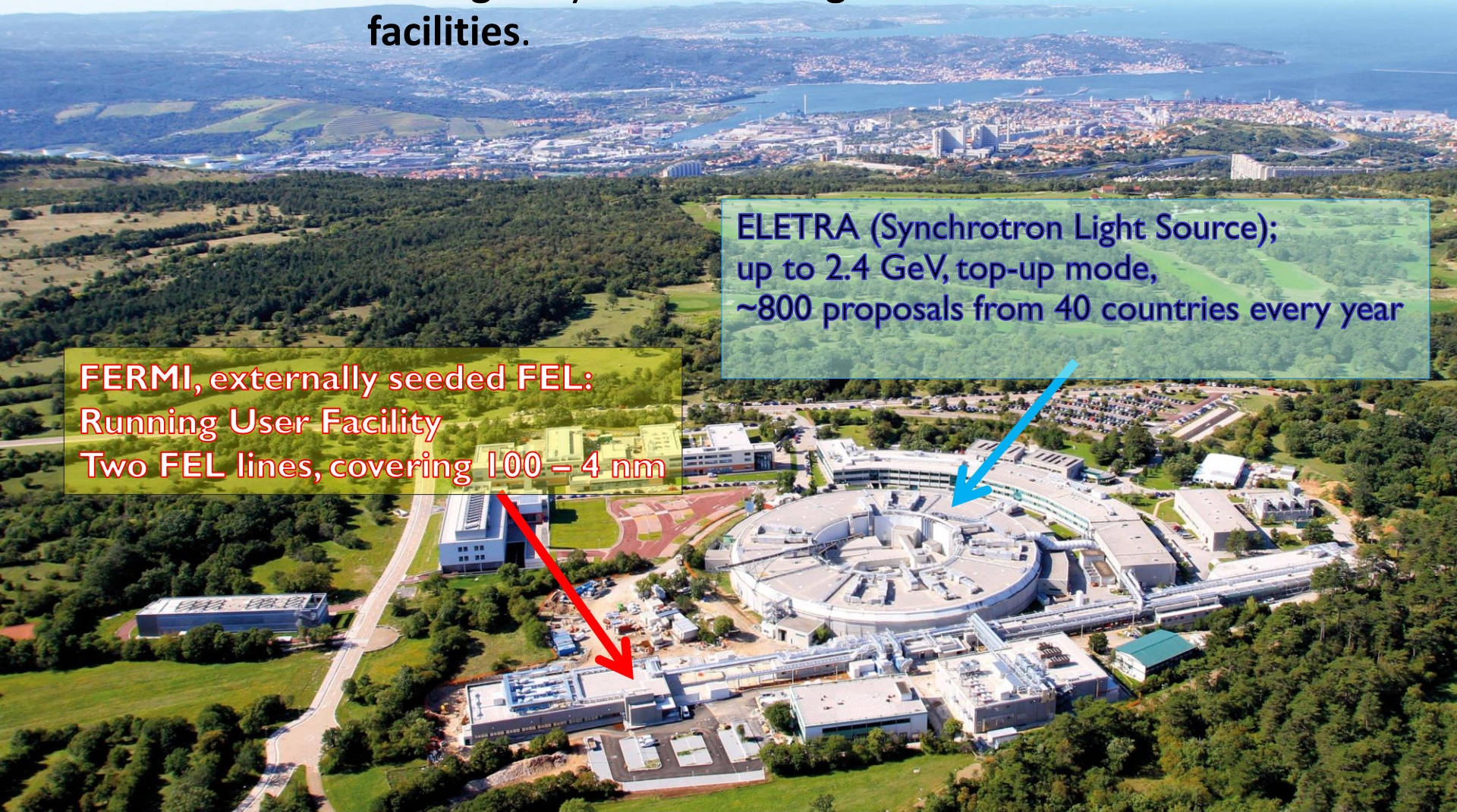


Elettra
Sincrotrone
Trieste

is a nonprofit shareholder company of national interest, established in **Trieste, Italy** in 1987 to **construct and manage synchrotron light sources** as **international facilities**.

ELETRA (Synchrotron Light Source);
up to 2.4 GeV, top-up mode,
~800 proposals from 40 countries every year

FERMI, externally seeded FEL:
Running User Facility
Two FEL lines, covering 100 – 4 nm



Arc Compressors in (Recent) Literature

□ **ERLs design studies:** *BNL (2001), KEK (2007), ANL (2008), JLAB (2011), Cornell (2013).*

$E > 0.6 \text{ GeV}$

$Q = 50\text{--}150 \text{ pC}$

$C < 30 \text{ (77pC, 3.0GeV)}$

$\Delta\varepsilon_{nx} \sim 0.1 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$

- **Minimize the CSR-dispersion function.**
[R. Hajima, 528 (2004) 335].
- CSR primarily suppressed with a **low charge.**

□ **More extreme parameters:**

$E > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$

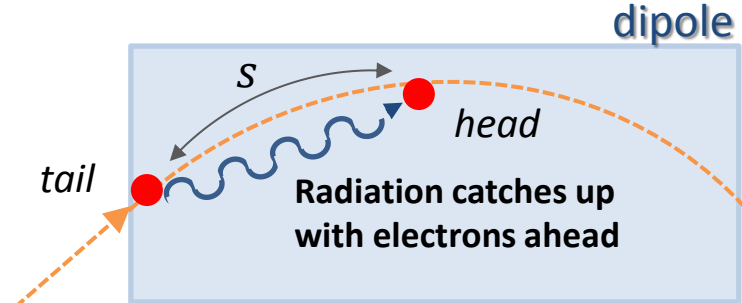
$Q = 100\text{--}500 \text{ pC}$

$C = 45 \text{ (500pC, 2.4GeV)}$

$\Delta\varepsilon_{nx} \sim 0.1 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$

- **Optics balance** to cancel successive CSR kicks...
[Di Mitri, Cornacchia, Spampinati, PRL 110 014801 (2013)].
- ...extended to a **varying bunch length.**
[Di Mitri, Cornacchia, EPL 109 (2015) 62002].
- **Background:** D.Douglas, JLAB-TN-98-012 (1998);
Y.Jiao et al., PRTSAB 17, 060701 (2014).

CSR Picture

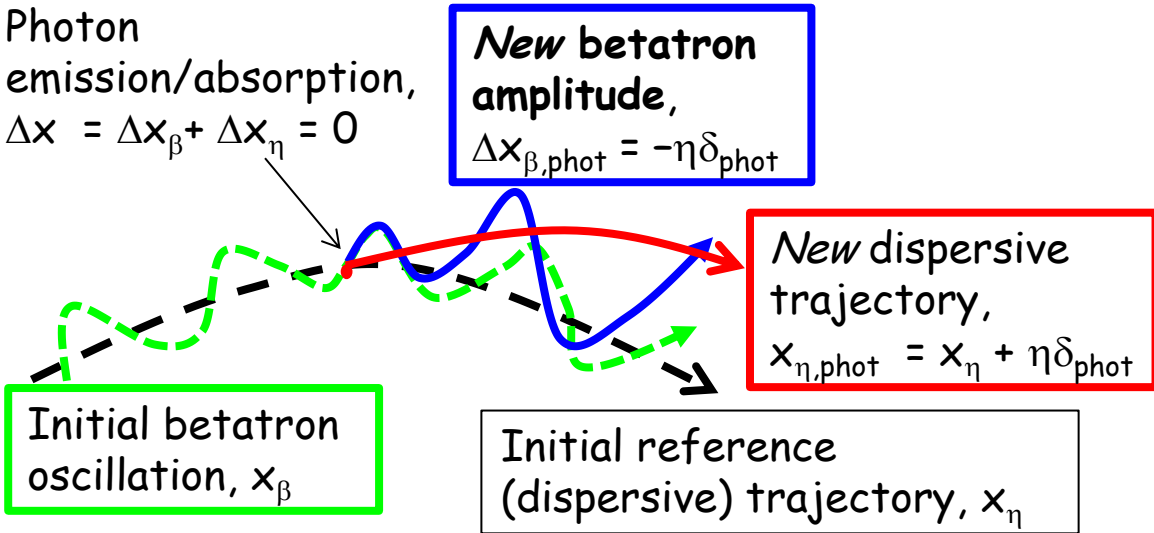


- Consider 1-D steady-state CSR emission, and linear optics.
- Transient CSR effects and nonlinear dynamics will be included in the simulations.

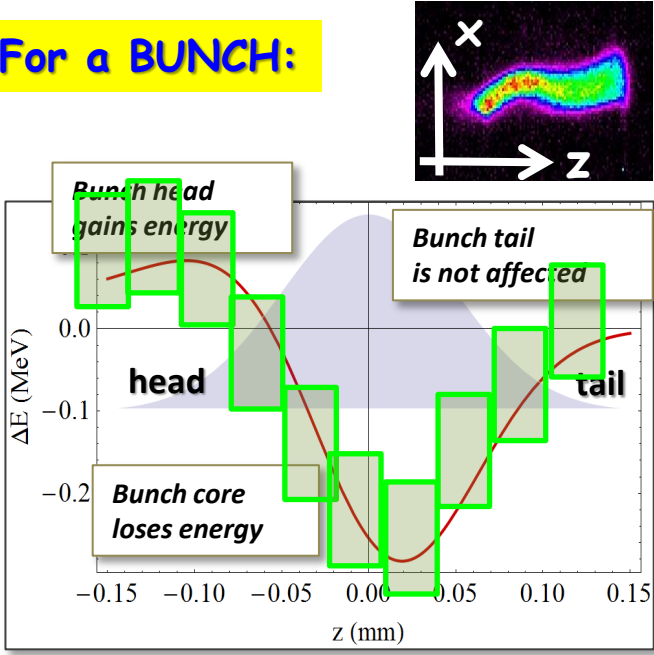
RELATIVE ENERGY SPREAD of GAUSSIAN bunch, per DIPOLE:

$$\sigma_{\delta, CSR} = 0.2459 \cdot r_e^2 \frac{N_e \theta R^{1/3}}{\gamma \sigma_z^{4/3}}$$

For a SINGLE PARTICLE:

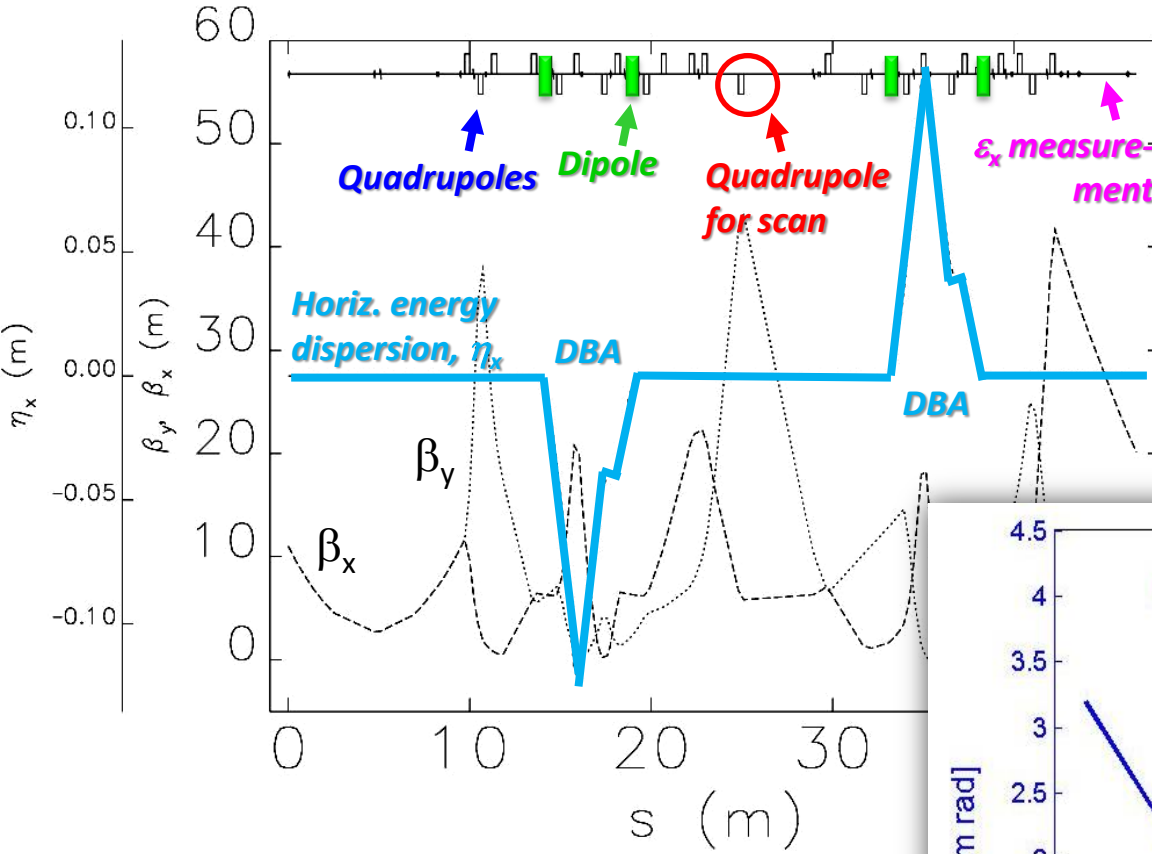


For a BUNCH:



Note: distortion is both in x and x'

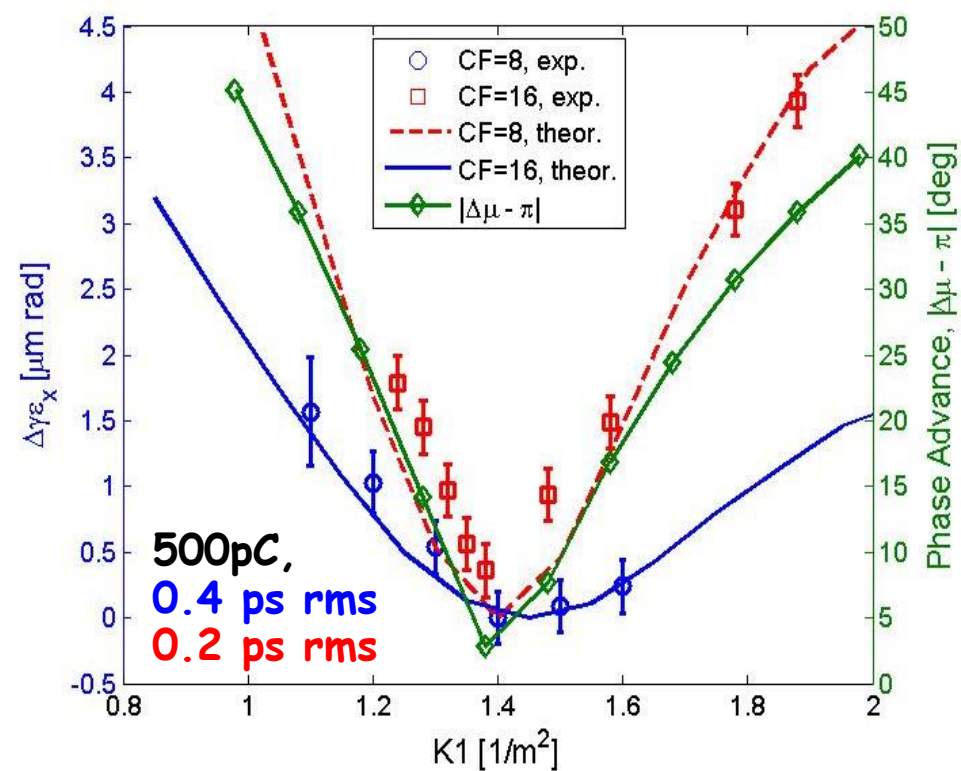
Experimental Proof at FERMI



Quadrupoles ensure π -phase advance between dipoles and proper values of β_x, α_x to cancel the CSR-emittance.

One quadrupole's strength is scanned to vary the phase advance between the DBAs.

- Results:**
- Minimum $\epsilon_{n,x}$ for nominal optics (π -phase advance and optimum Twiss parameters).
 - Larger $\epsilon_{n,x}$ for shorter beam.



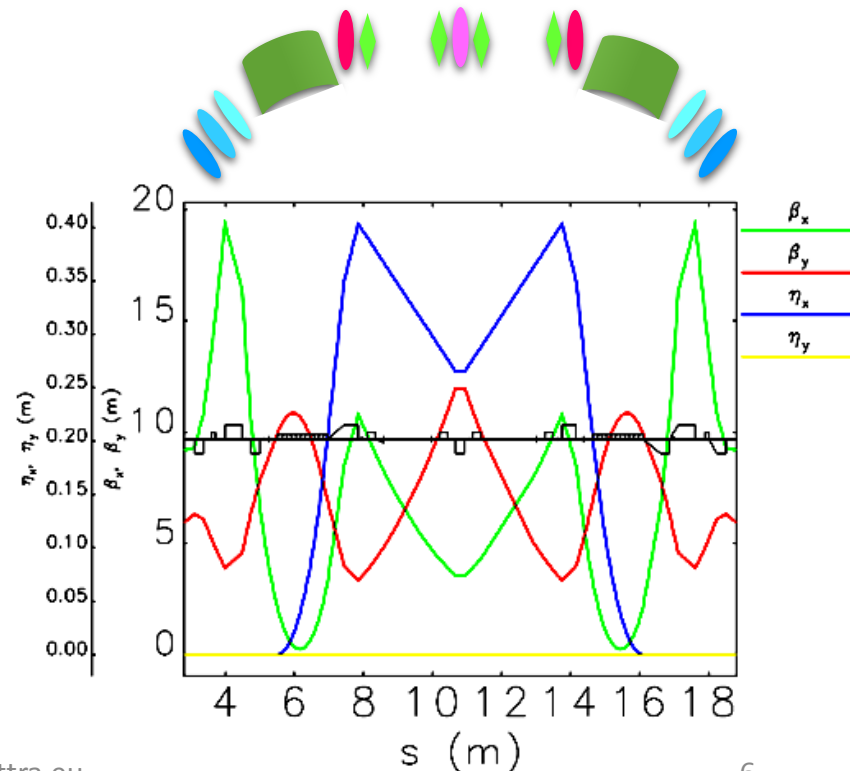
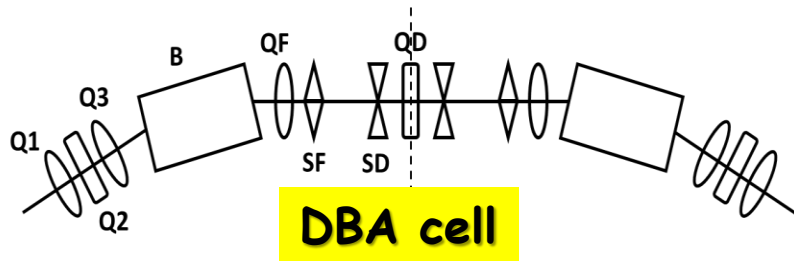
Periodic Arc Compressor

- H_x has to be small at the dipoles $\Rightarrow \theta$ and β_x small
- R_{56} has to be large enough to cumulate a $C > 30 \Rightarrow \theta$ not too small
- Suitable β_x, α_x, μ_x along the line for CSR cancellation \Rightarrow many quadrupoles
- We want to linearize the longitudinal phase during compression \Rightarrow sextupoles
- Possibly simple, robust and compact lattice



- 6 DBA cells (Elettra-like lattice, ECG).
- 180°, 125 m long at 2.4 GeV
- $R_{56} = +35$ mm per cell

Due to symmetry and short bends, $\Delta\mu_x \approx \pi$.



Optimum Optics *along* the Arc Compressor:

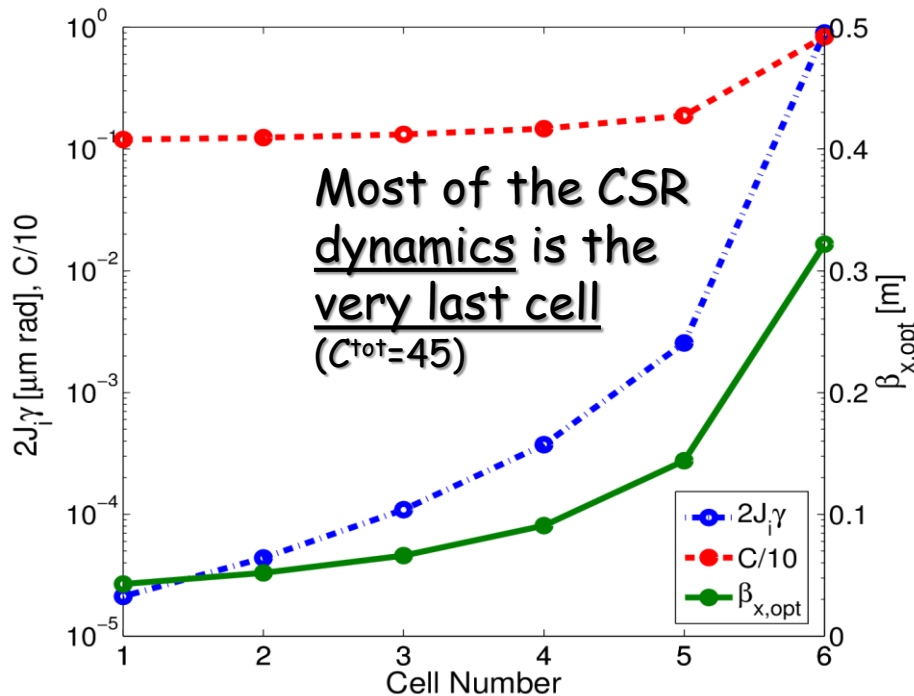
1. The local C_i depends on the upstream E-chirp, which varies along the arc:
2. The optimum $\beta_{x,dip}$ depends on C_i , thereby it varies along the arc.

$$h_i = \frac{1}{E_0} \left(\frac{dE}{dz} \right)_i \approx \frac{\sigma_{\delta,0}}{\sigma_{z,i}}$$

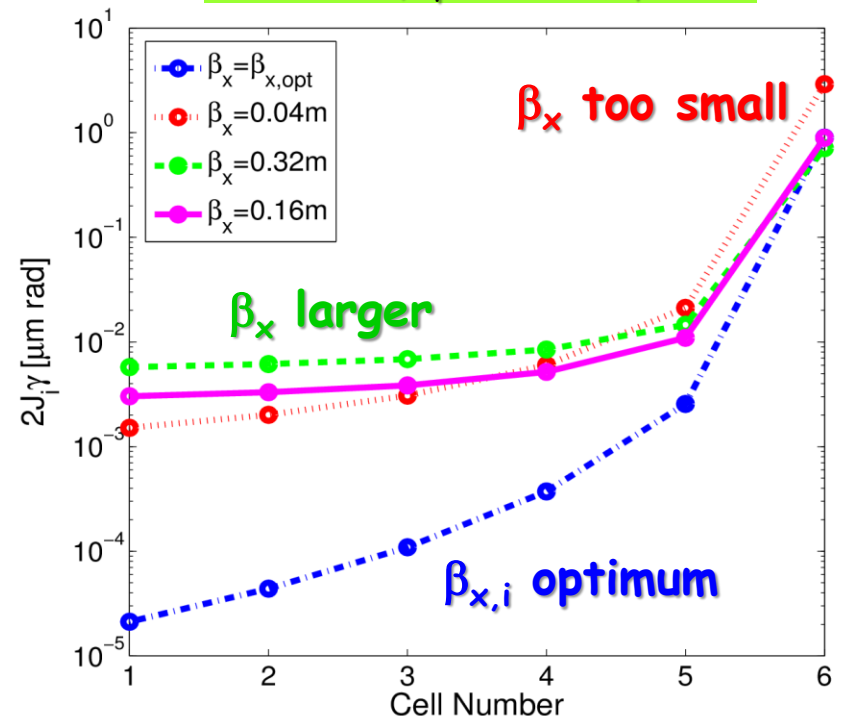
$$C_i^{loc} = \frac{1}{|1 + C_{i-1} h_{i-1} R_{56}|},$$

$$C_j^{tot} = \prod_{i=1}^j C_i^{loc} \quad i, j = 1, \dots, 6$$

Optimum $\beta_{x,dip}$, C_i^{loc} and J_i , for $\alpha_{x,dip}=0$:



J_i vs. $\beta_{x,dip}$, for $\alpha_{x,dip}=0$:



Final Emittance vs. Charge and Energy

Ansatz: the emittance sums in quadrature after each DBA:

$$\varepsilon_{x,i}^2 = \varepsilon_{x,i-1}^2 + \varepsilon_{x,i-1} J_{i-1}$$

$$\varepsilon_{x,f}^2 \approx \varepsilon_{x,0}^2 + \varepsilon_{x,0} \sum_1^j J_{i-1} \Leftrightarrow \sum_1^j J_{i-1} \ll \varepsilon_{x,0}$$

- Theory: J_i as above.
- Steady: 1-D CSR in Elegant.
- Total: Steady + Edges + Drifts.

This is:

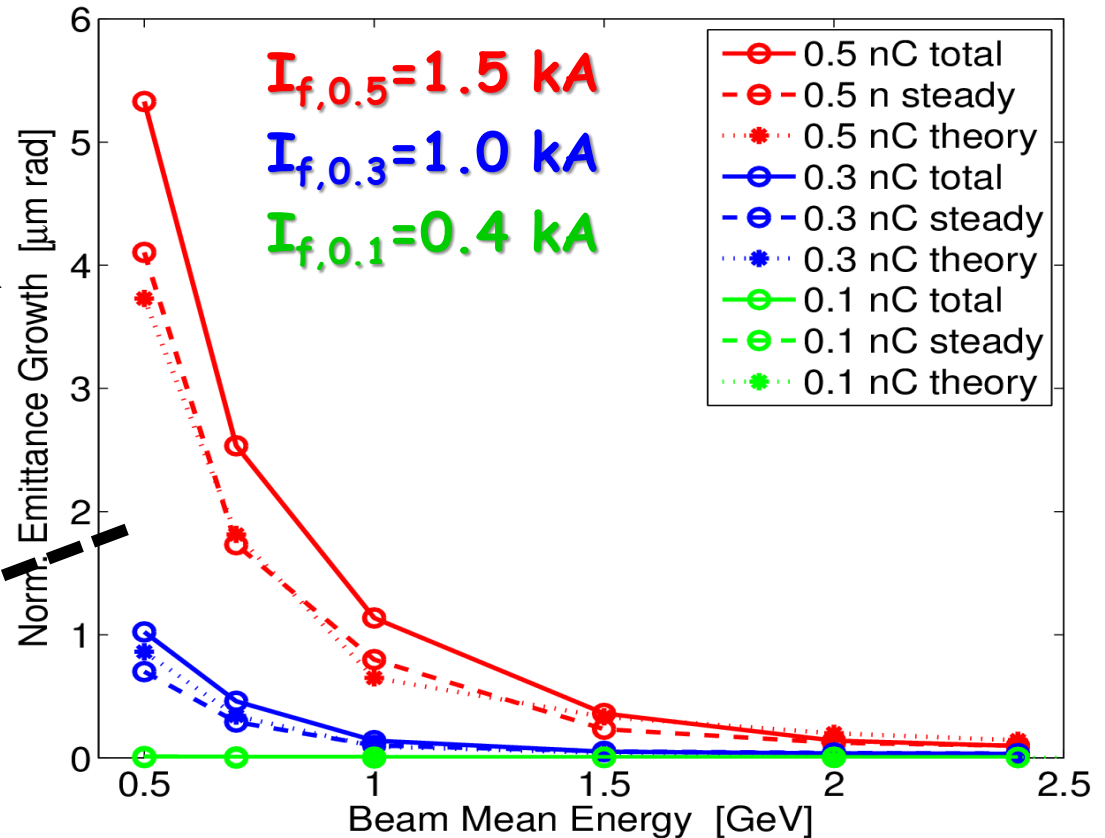
$$\text{sqrt}[(\varepsilon_{nx,f})^2 - (\varepsilon_{nx,0})^2],$$

and $\varepsilon_{nx,0} = 0.8 \mu\text{m}$.

We may achieve

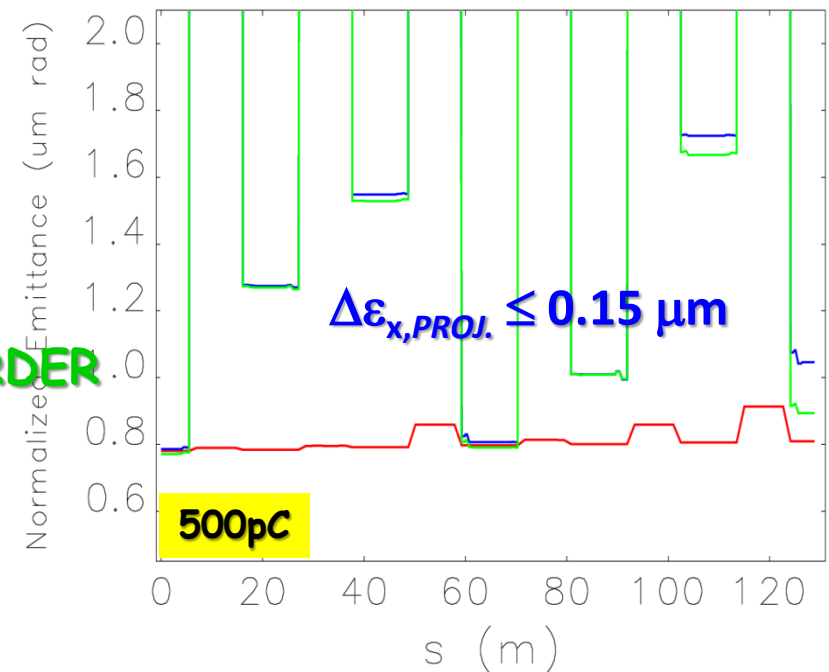
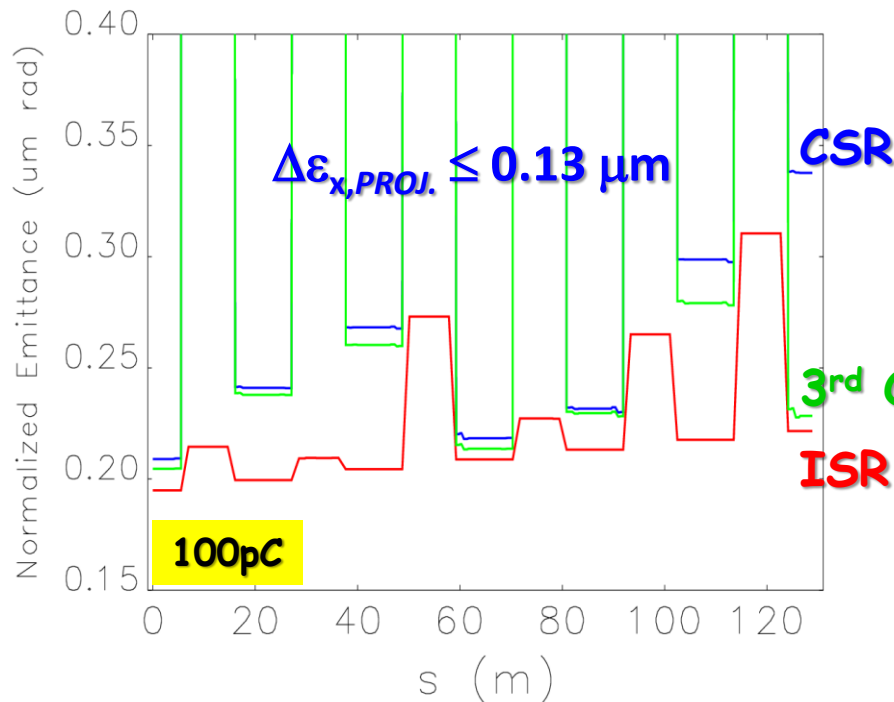
$\Delta\varepsilon_{nx} \leq 0.1 \mu\text{m}$ for, e.g.:

- 100pC, $E > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$
- 300pC, $E > 1.0 \text{ GeV}$
- 500pC, $E > 2.0 \text{ GeV}$



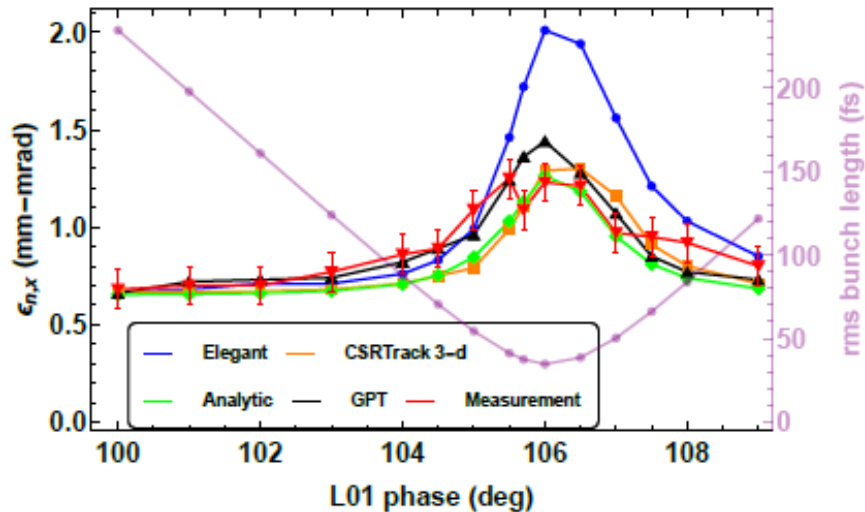
Nonlinear Dynamics

- Nonlinearities in the longitudinal phase space evolve during compression due to:
 - Incoming RF curvature,
 - T_{566} of the DBA cells,
 - Nonlinear CSR-induced energy chirp.
- **24 sextupole magnets linearize the compression.** Strengths and positions optimized for minimizing chromatic aberrations (these are responsible for the emittance modulation along the line, see below).

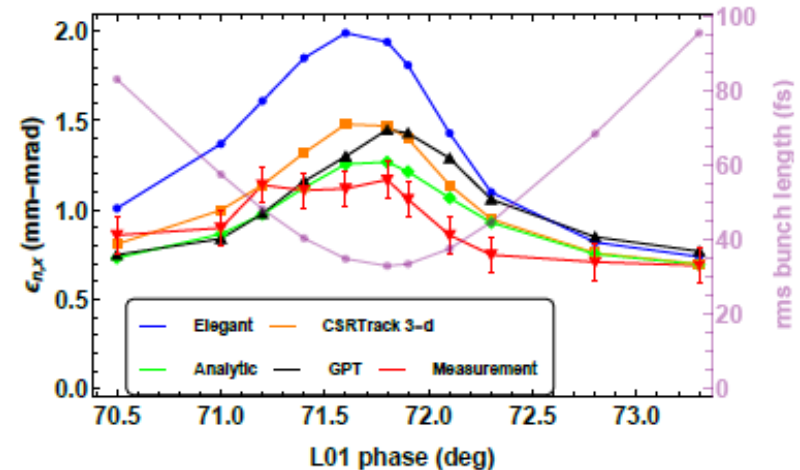


Caveat

- 3-D CSR effects neglected in Elegant. They are important when approaching full compression (upright phase space). Most likely, the hor. emittance growth is over-estimated by the code.



(a) Results from the L01 phase scan.



(b) Results from the BC01 angle scan.

Conclusions

- ✓ The extension of CSR-driven liner optics balance to the case of varying bunch length leads to a simple formula for a *periodic* system.
- ✓ The final *emittance estimate* is in reasonable agreement with 1-D tracking results.
- ✓ A proof-of-principle *experiment* is still pending.