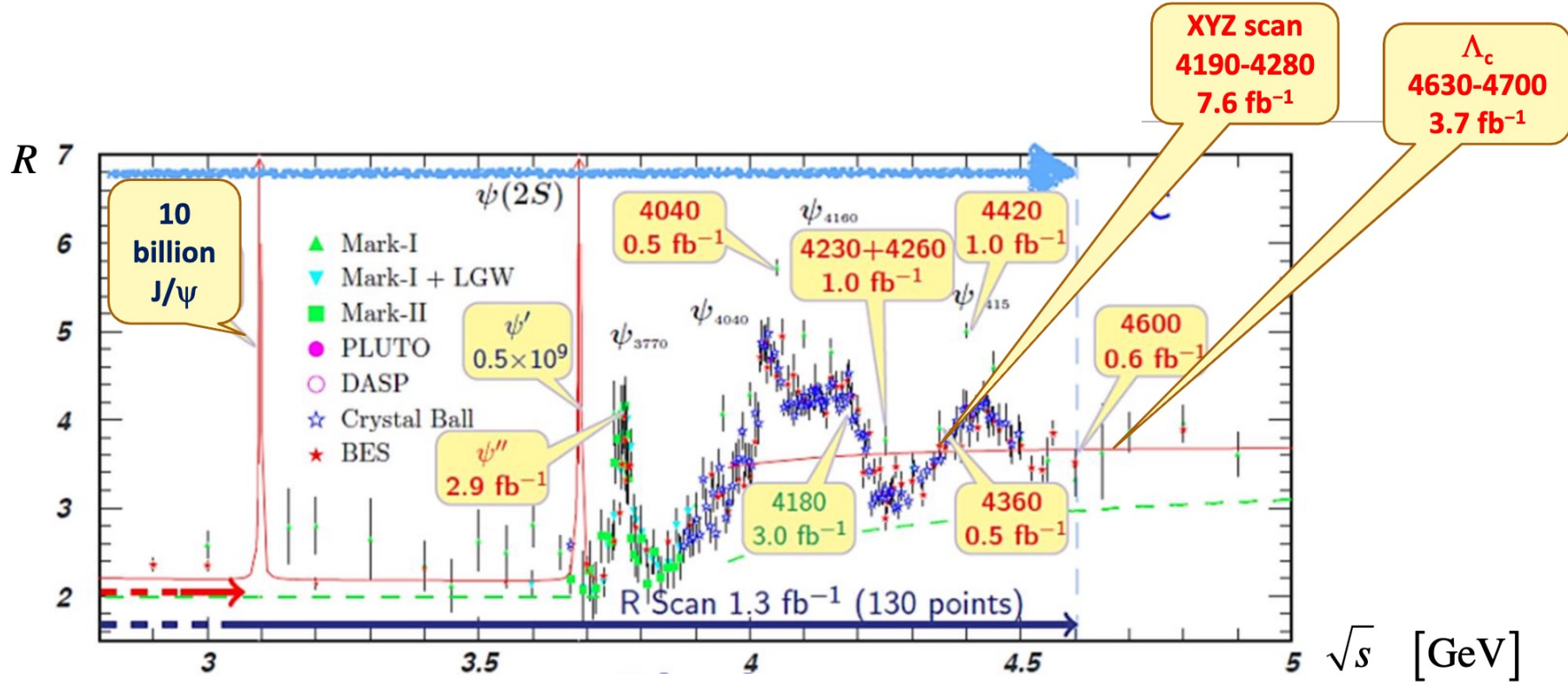


# Search for rare decays at BESIII

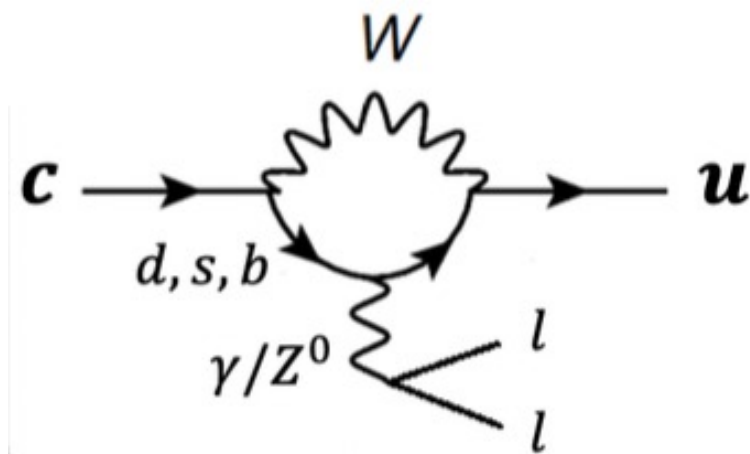
Yunxuan Song (PKU & UCAS)  
On behalf of the BESIII collaboration

## BESIII DataSets & Advantages

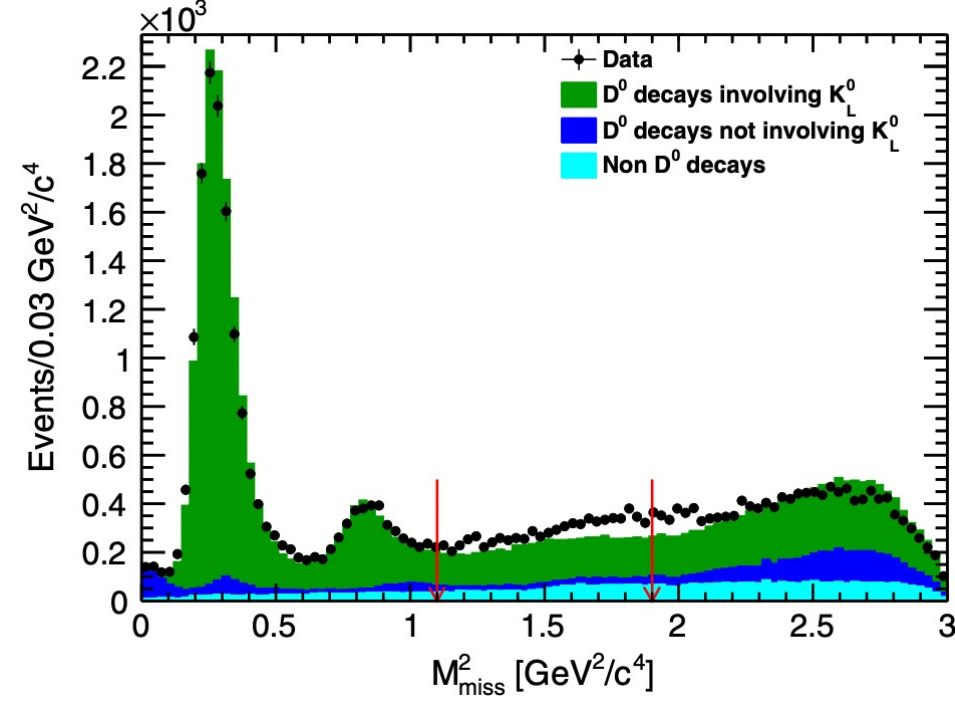
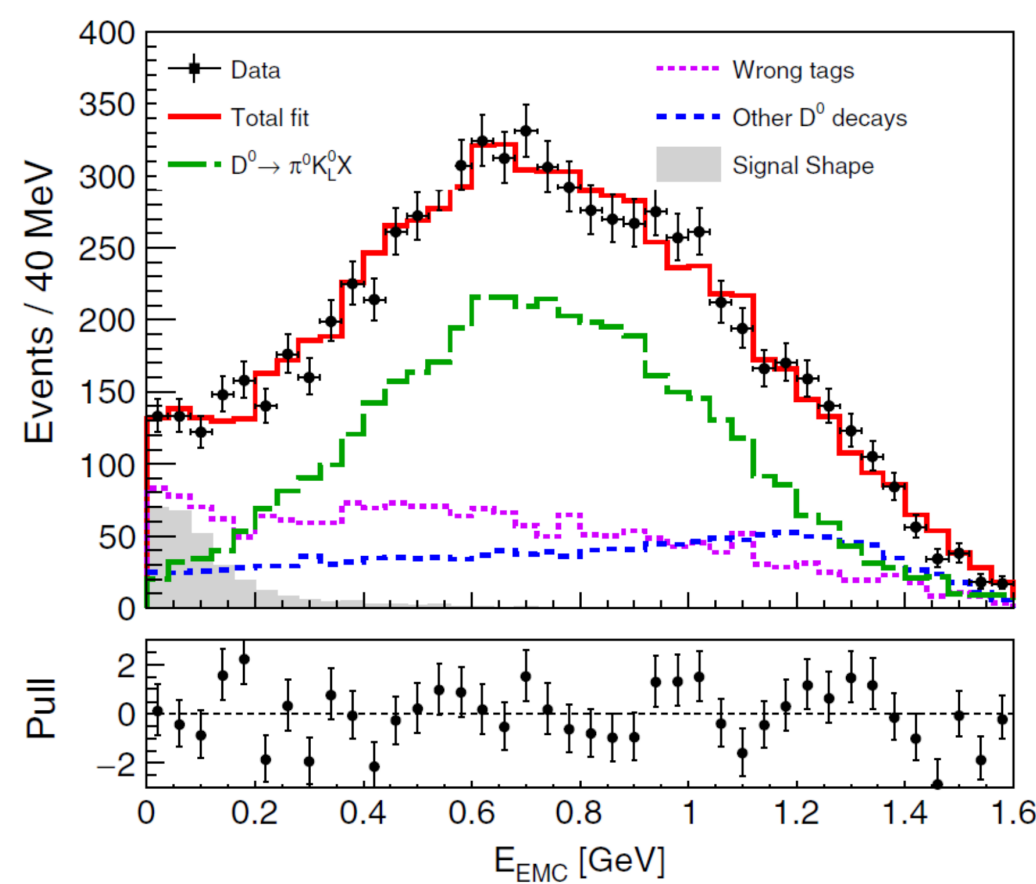
- BESIII is an integrated part of BEPCII, a double ring  $e^+e^-$  collider operating at 2.0–4.9 GeV c.m. energies with a design luminosity of  $1 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  at c.m. energy of 3.773 GeV.
- The world largest  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi(3686)$ ,  $\psi(3770)$  data samples.
- Clean high statics data samples from  $e^+e^-$  production.



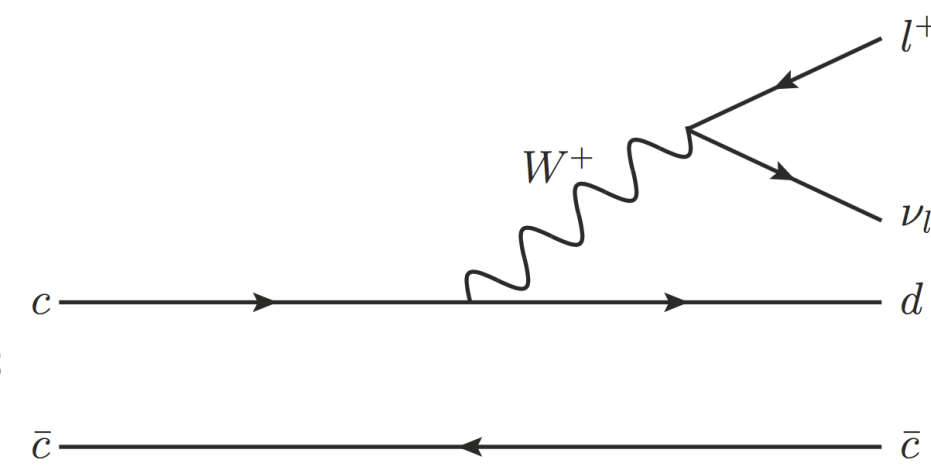
## $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$



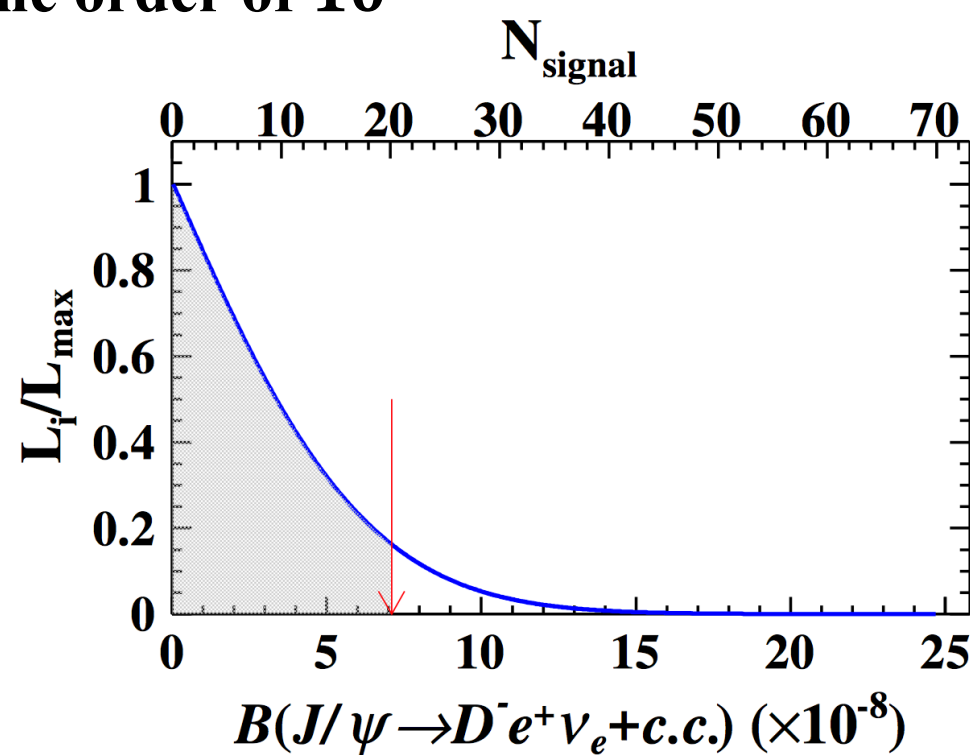
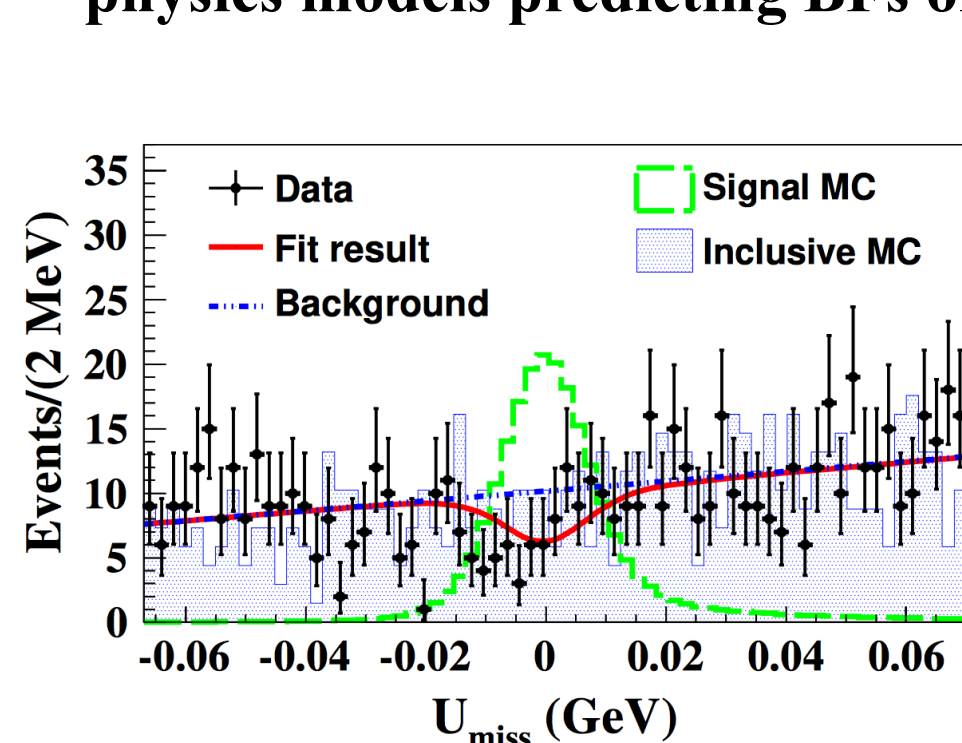
- $\mathcal{B}(D^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) < 2.1 \times 10^{-4}$
- FCNC is forbidden in SM at tree level but allowed in loop/box diagrams.
- Discriminator: EMC energy not associated with signal and tag decays.
- Provide a clean probe to search for New Physics in charm sector.



## $J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu$



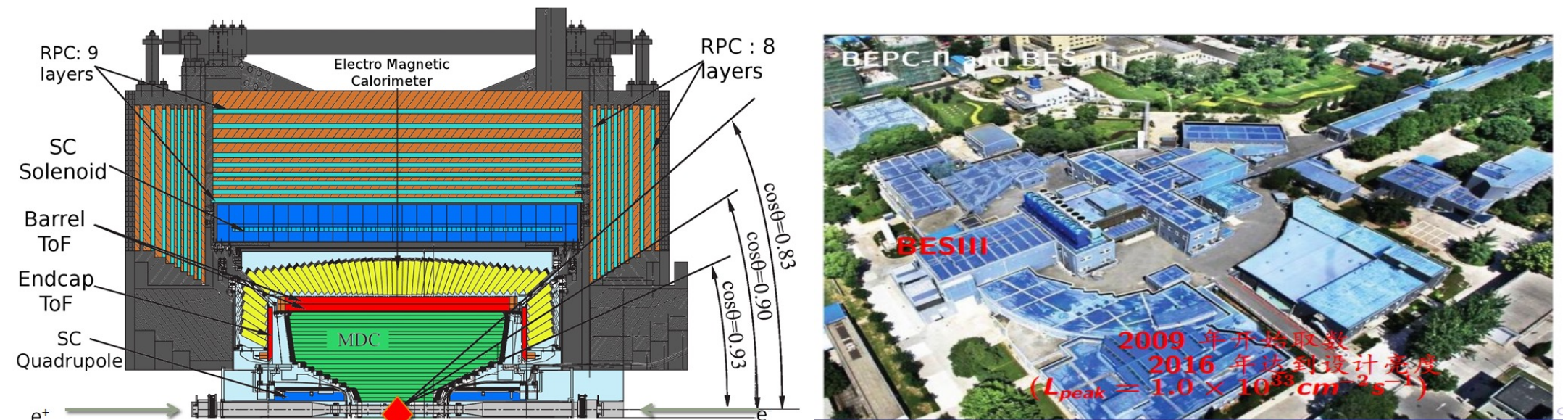
- $\mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e + c.c.) < 7.1 \times 10^{-8}$
- $J/\psi \rightarrow D^- e^+ \nu_e, D^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
- Puts a stringent constraint on the parameter spaces for different new physics models predicting BF's of the order of  $10^{-5}$



- The results of  $J/\psi \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} e^+ \nu_e, D^0 e^+ e^-, \bar{D}^0 \pi^0, \bar{D}^0 \rho^0, \bar{D}^0 \eta, D^- \pi^+, D^- \rho^+$  using full  $J/\psi$  data are coming soon.

## BEPCII and BESIII

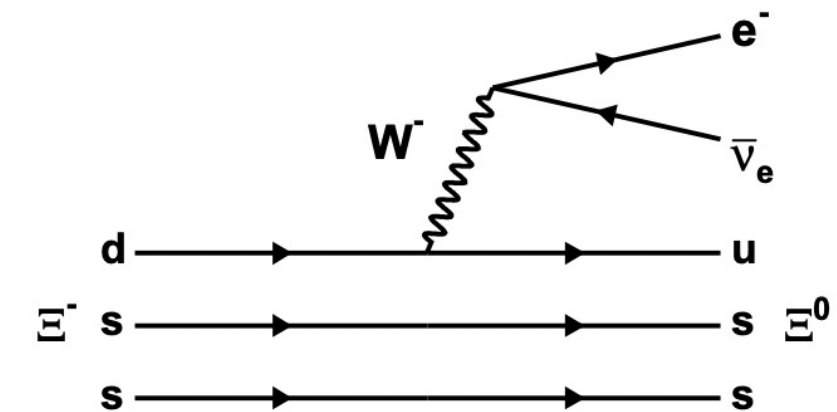
The BESIII detector at the BEPCII collider is a large solid-angle magnetic spectrometer running in  $\tau$ -charm energy region with a geometrical acceptance of 93% of  $4\pi$  solid angle.



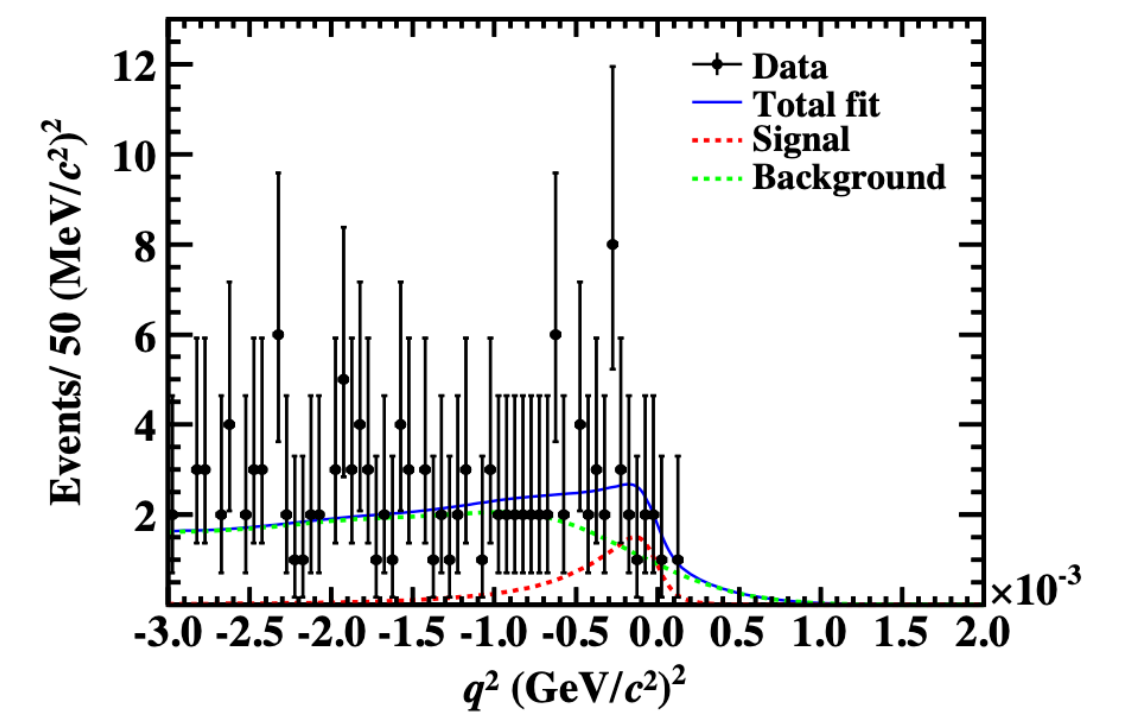
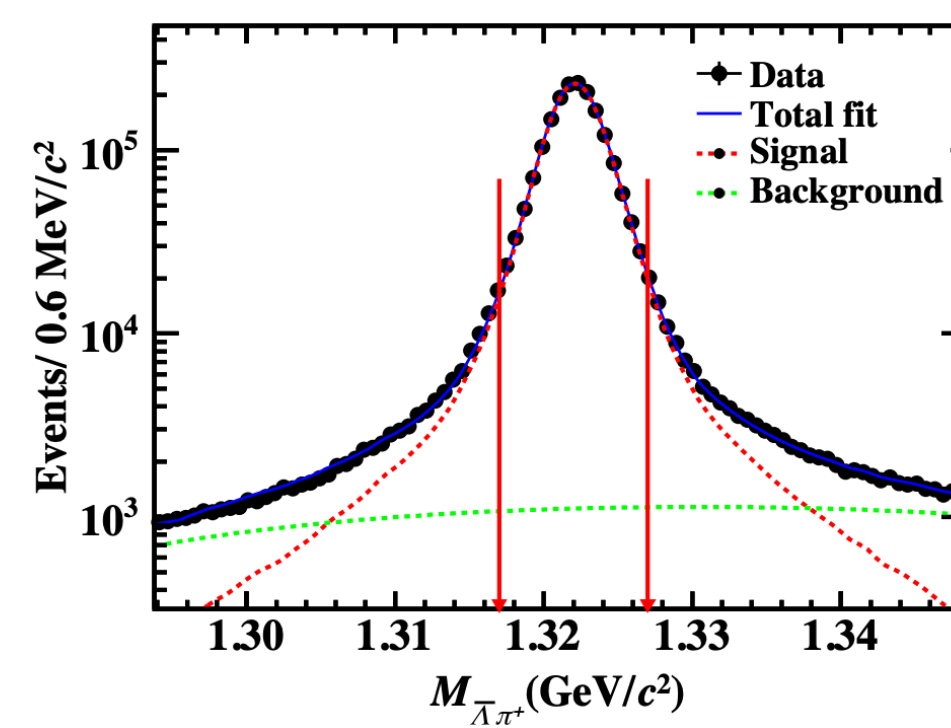
BEijing Spectrometers III and Beijing Electron Positron Collider II

- ❑ Main drift chamber (MDC):  $\Delta P/P = 0.5\%$
- ❑ Time-of-Flight system (TOF):  $\sigma_T = 60 \sim 68 \text{ ps}$
- ❑ Electromagnetic Calorimeter (EMC):  $\Delta E/E = 2.5\%$
- ❑ Muon chamber (MUC):  $\sigma_{z,\phi} = 2 \text{ cm}$
- ❑ Superconductor (SC): 1.0 Tesla

## $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Xi^0 e^- \bar{\nu}$



- $\mathcal{B}(\Xi^- \rightarrow \Xi^0 e^- \bar{\nu}) < 2.59 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- $10^6 \Xi^-$  events are produced via  $J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi^- \Xi^+$  within  $10^{10} J/\psi$  data.
- Provides an important experimental constraint for the theoretical study of the SU(3) symmetry-breaking mechanism.



## Summary and Prospect

- BESIII has performed wide range of searches of BSM new physics with unique datasets and analysis techniques.
- BESIII will collect  $20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @ 3.773 GeV data sample. Along with 10 Billion  $J/\psi$  data and 3 Billion  $\psi(3686)$  data, more searches for rare decays will bring more exciting results in the future.

## References

- [1] BESIII Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 105 L071102 (2022).
- [2] BESIII Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 104 072007 (2021).
- [3] BESIII Collaboration, J. of High energy Phys. 06 157 (2021).
- [4] BESIII Collaboration, Chinese Phys. C 44 040001 (2020).