

# Light Meson Spectroscopy at BESIII

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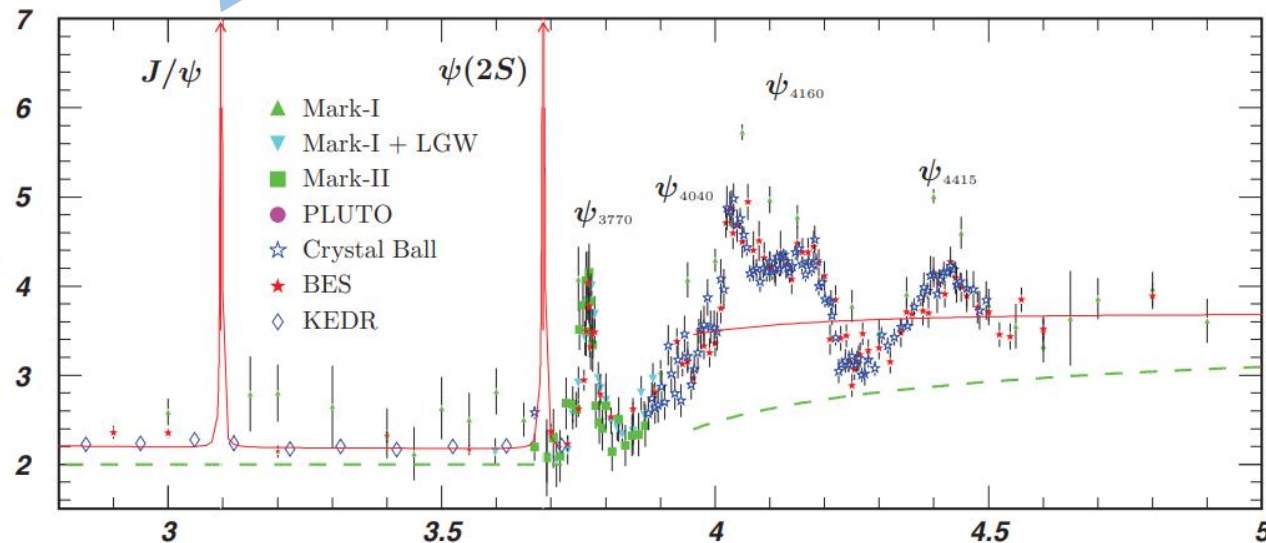


ICHEP 2022, 6-13 July, Bologna, Italy

# World's Largest $\tau$ -charm Data Sets in $e^+e^-$ Annihilation

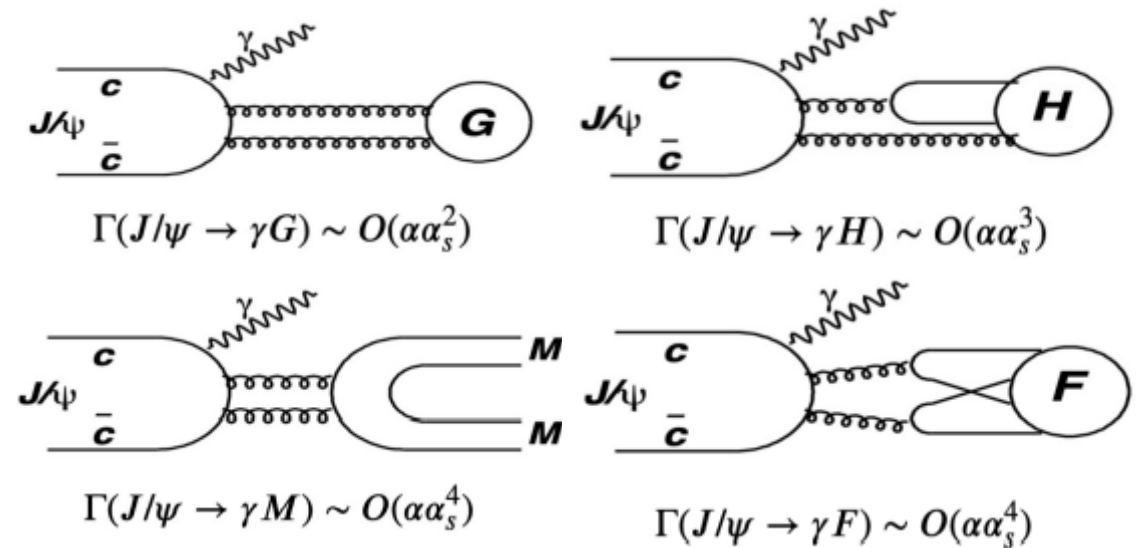
- $\tau$ -charm factory  $2.0 \leq \sqrt{s} \leq 4.9$  GeV
- Design luminosity:  $L_{\psi(3770)} = 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

$10 \times 10^9 J/\psi$



## Ideal lab for light hadron physics

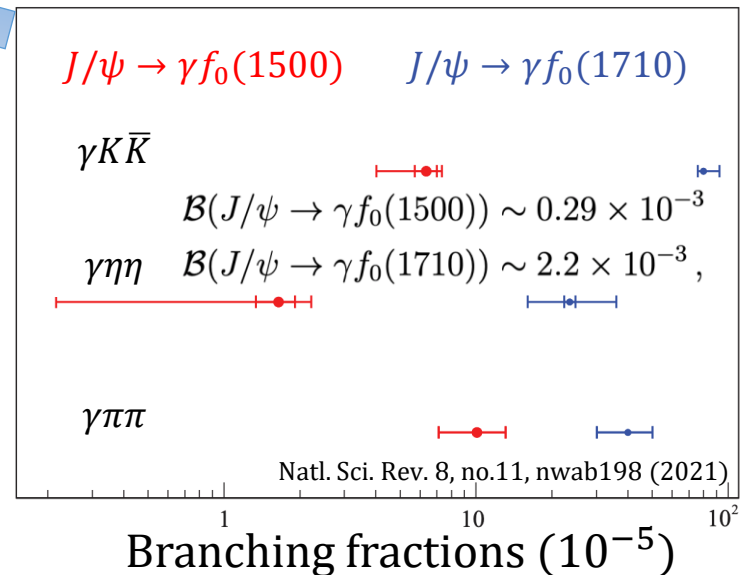
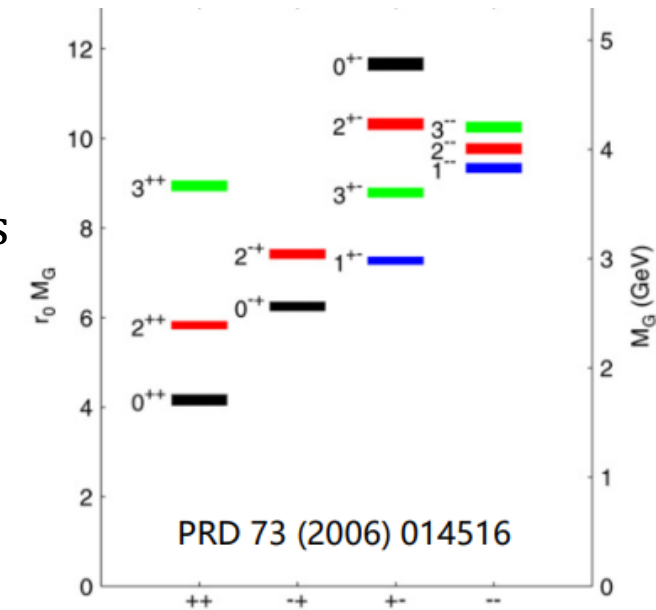
- Clean **high statistics** data samples
- Well defined initial and final states
  - Kinematic constraints
  - $I(J^{PC})$  filter
- “**Gluon-rich**” processes
 
$$\Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma G) > \Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma H) > \Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma M) > \Gamma(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma F)$$



# Glueballs

- **Low-lying glueballs** with ordinary  $J^{PC} \rightarrow$  **mixing** with  $q\bar{q}$  mesons
    - Systematic studies required
    - **out-numbering** of quark model (e.g.  $f_0(1370)$  &  $f_0(1500)$  &  $f_0(1710)$ )
    - study the **production & decay properties**
  - **Scalar glueball** expected to have a **large production** in  $J/\psi$  radiative decay:  $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma G_{0+}) = 3.8(9) \times 10^{-3}$  [1] LQCD
    - Observed  $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma f_0(1710))$  is x10 larger than  $f_0(1500)$
    - $f_0(1710)$  largely overlapped with scalar glueball
  - **$G \rightarrow \eta\eta'$  decay** is expected to be **suppressed**
    - SU(3) F symmetry for a pure glueball
 
$$\Gamma(G \rightarrow \pi\pi: K\bar{K}: \eta\eta: \eta\eta': \eta'\eta') = 3: 4: 1: 0: 1$$
    - $B(G \rightarrow \eta\eta')/B(G \rightarrow \pi\pi) < 0.04$ , predicted by Ref. [1]
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$  provides important information

LQCD prediction of glueball spectrum



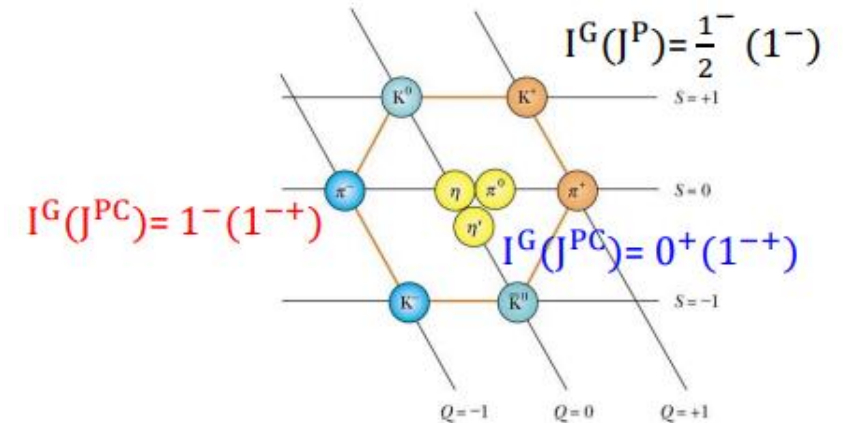
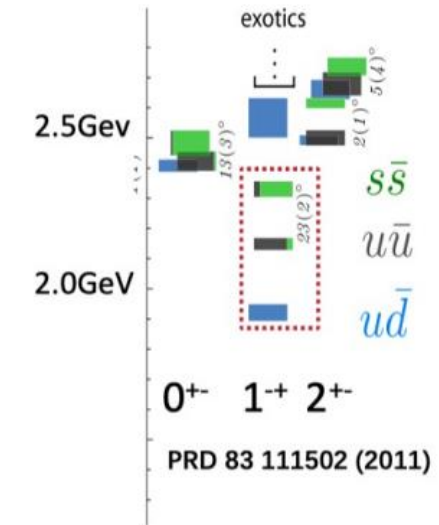
[1] PRD 92, 121902 (2015)

# Hybrids

- Low-lying hybrids can have **exotic quantum numbers**  $0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}$ , which is **forbidden by  $q\bar{q}$**  configuration
- The exotic  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$  **nonet of hybrids** is predicted to be the **lightest** ( $1.7 \sim 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ )
  - Only isovector candidate  $\pi_1(1400), \pi_1(1600), \pi_1(2015)$  observed yet**
- Isoscalar  $1^{-+}$**  is critical to establish the **hybrid nonet**
  - Can be produced in the gluon-rich charmonium decays
  - Can decay to  $\eta\eta'$  in P-wave [2][3][4]

➤ Search for Isoscalar  $1^{-+}$  in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$

## Lattice QCD Predictions:



# Observation of An Exotic Isoscalar State $\eta_1(1855)$ ( $1^-+$ ) in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$

10 billion  $J/\psi$

arXiv:2202.00621

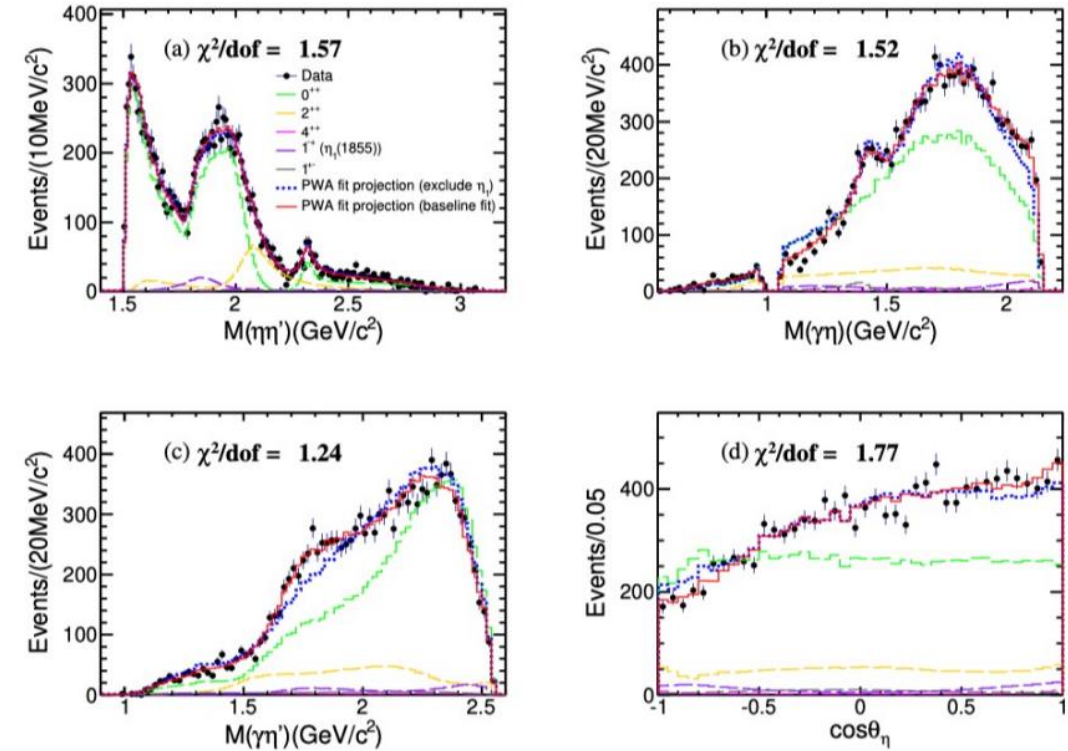
arXiv:2202.00623

- The  $\eta'$  is reconstructed from  $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$  &  $\eta\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $\eta$  from  $\gamma\gamma$
- Partial wave analysis of  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$

**Quasi two-body decay amplitudes** in the sequential decay processes  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X, X \rightarrow \eta\eta'$  and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta X, X \rightarrow \gamma\eta'$  and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta' X, X \rightarrow \gamma\eta$  are constructed using the **covariant tensor formalism**<sup>[5]</sup>

- All kinematically allowed known resonances** with  $0^{++}, 2^{++}, 4^{++}$  ( $\eta\eta'$ ) and  $1^{+-}, 1^{-+}$  ( $\gamma\eta^{(\prime)}$ ) are considered  
 $1^{-+}$  in  $\eta\eta'$  is also considered ( $\eta/\eta'$  not identical particle)

Decay mode	Resonance	$M$ (MeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	$\Gamma$ (MeV)	$M_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	$\Gamma_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV)	B.F. ( $\times 10^{-5}$ )	Sig.
$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$	$f_0(1500)$	1506	112	1506	112	$1.81 \pm 0.11^{+0.19}_{-0.13}$	$\gg 30\sigma$
	$f_0(1810)$	1795	95	1795	95	$0.11 \pm 0.01^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$	$11.1\sigma$
	$f_0(2020)$	$2010 \pm 6^{+6}_{-4}$	$203 \pm 9^{+13}_{-11}$	1992	442	$2.28 \pm 0.12^{+0.29}_{-0.20}$	$24.6\sigma$
	$f_0(2330)$	$2312 \pm 7^{+7}_{-3}$	$65 \pm 10^{+3}_{-12}$	2314	144	$0.10 \pm 0.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	$13.2\sigma$
	$\eta_1(1855)$	$1855 \pm 9^{+6}_{-1}$	$188 \pm 18^{+3}_{-8}$	-	-	$0.27 \pm 0.04^{+0.02}_{-0.04}$	$21.4\sigma$
	$f_2(1565)$	1542	122	1542	122	$0.32 \pm 0.05^{+0.12}_{-0.02}$	$8.7\sigma$
	$f_2(2010)$	$2062 \pm 6^{+10}_{-7}$	$165 \pm 17^{+10}_{-5}$	2011	202	$0.71 \pm 0.06^{+0.10}_{-0.06}$	$13.4\sigma$
	$f_4(2050)$	2018	237	2018	237	$0.06 \pm 0.01^{+0.03}_{-0.01}$	$4.6\sigma$
	$0^{++}$ PHSP	-	-	-	-	$1.44 \pm 0.15^{+0.10}_{-0.20}$	$15.7\sigma$
$J/\psi \rightarrow \eta' X \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta'$	$h_1(1415)$	1416	90	1416	90	$0.08 \pm 0.01^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	$10.2\sigma$
	$h_1(1595)$	1584	384	1584	384	$0.16 \pm 0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.01}$	$9.9\sigma$



- An **isoscalar** resonance with **exotic**  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$   
**➤ consistent with LQCD calculation** for the  $1^{-+}$  hybrid ( $1.7 \sim 2.1$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)



# Further Checks on the $1^- +$ State $\eta_1(1855)$

Angular distribution as a function of  $M(\eta\eta')$  can be expressed **model-independently** in terms of Legendre polynomial moments

$$\langle Y_l^0 \rangle \equiv \sum_{i=1}^{N_k} W_i Y_l^0(\cos\theta_\eta^i)$$

- **Neglecting** resonance contributions in the  $\gamma\eta$  and  $\gamma\eta'$  subsystems, the moments are related to the spin-0(S), spin-1(P), spin-2(D) amplitudes in  $\eta\eta'$  by:

$$\sqrt{4\pi}\langle Y_0^0 \rangle = S^2 + P^2 + D^2$$

$$\sqrt{4\pi}\langle Y_1^0 \rangle = \frac{2SP\cos\phi_P + 4PD\cos(\phi_P - \phi_D)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$\langle Y_1^0 \rangle = 0$  without P-wave contribution

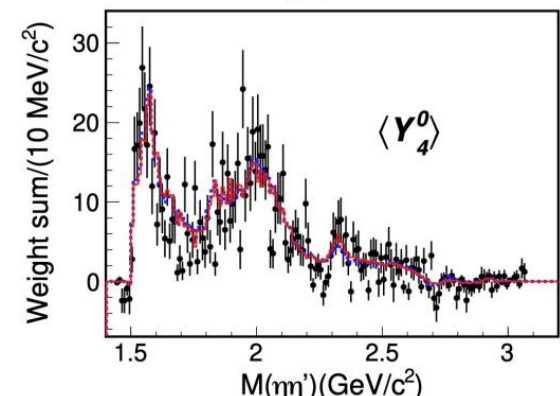
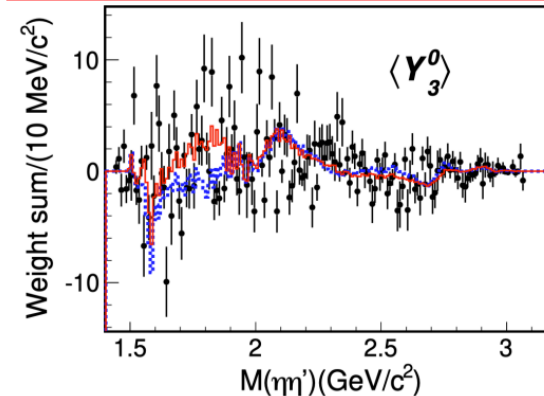
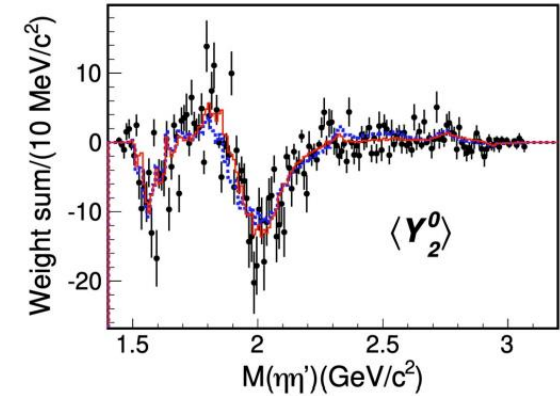
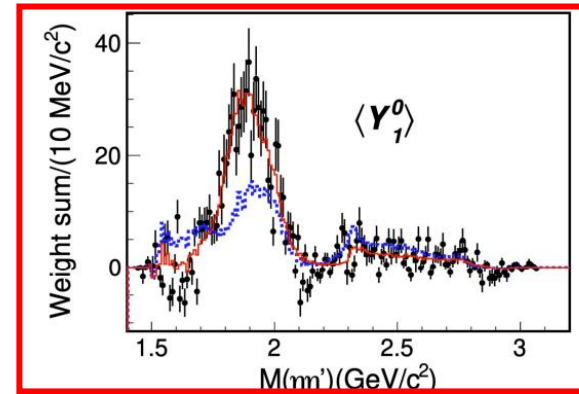
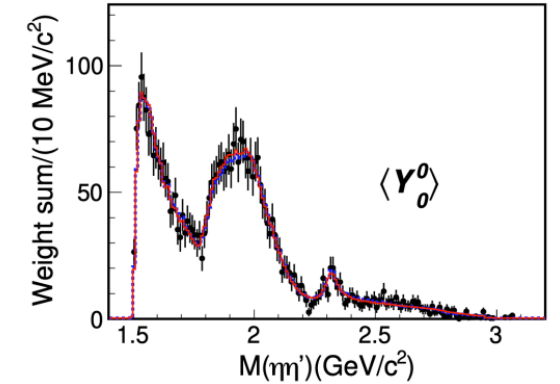
$$\sqrt{4\pi}\langle Y_2^0 \rangle = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}P^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{7}D^2 + 2SD\cos\phi_D$$

$$\sqrt{4\pi}\langle Y_3^0 \rangle = \frac{6}{5}\sqrt{\frac{15}{7}}PD\cos(\phi_P - \phi_D)$$

$$\sqrt{4\pi}\langle Y_4^0 \rangle = \frac{6}{7}D^2$$

- **Narrow structure** in  $\langle Y_1^0 \rangle$ 
  - **Cannot be described by resonances in  $\gamma\eta(\eta')$**
  - **$\eta_1(1855) \rightarrow \eta\eta'$  needed**

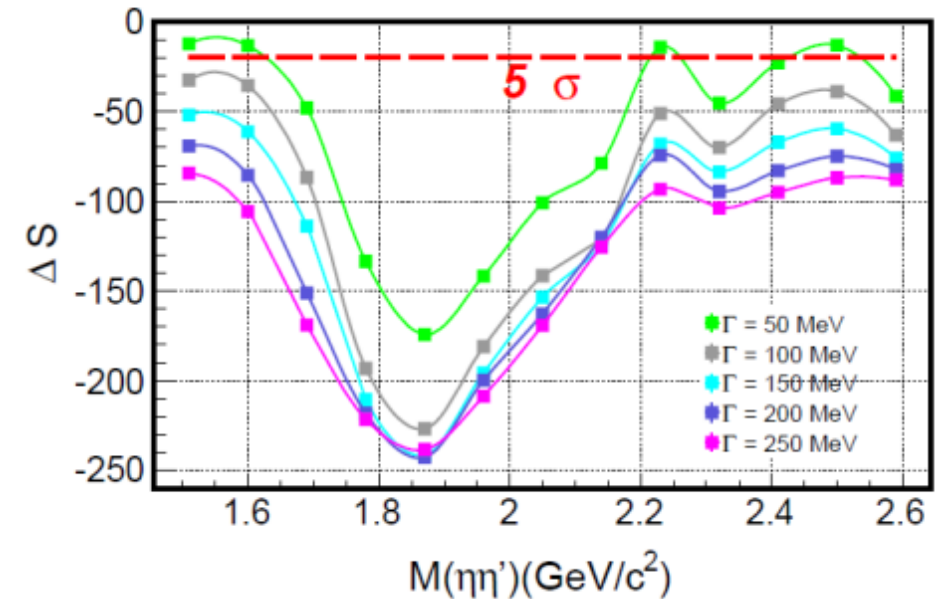
◆ Data - Sideband  
 — PWA fit projection (baseline fit)  
 ... PWA fit projection (exclude  $\eta_1$ )



# Further Checks on the $1^-+$ State $\eta_1(1855)$

- Change  $J^{PC}$  of  $\eta_1(1855)$ : log-likelihood  $\downarrow 235$ 
  - $J^{PC}$  prefer  $1^-+$
- Remove **BW phase motion** of  $\eta_1(1855)$ : log-likelihood  $\downarrow 43$ 
  - **Resonance structure** needed
- **Assuming  $\eta_1(1855)$  as additional resonance**, evaluate its significance with various **masses and widths**
  - Significant  $1^-+$  contribution around  **$1.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$**  needed
- Systematic uncertainties are studied, and **significance of  $\eta_1(1855)$  remains larger than  $19\sigma$**  in all cases

significance of  $\eta_1(1855)$  with various masses and widths



# Discussions about $f_0(1500)$ & $f_0(1710)$

- **Significant  $f_0(1500)$**

$$\frac{B(f_0(1500) \rightarrow \eta\eta')}{B(f_0(1500) \rightarrow \pi\pi)} = (8.96_{-2.87}^{+2.95}) \times 10^{-2}$$

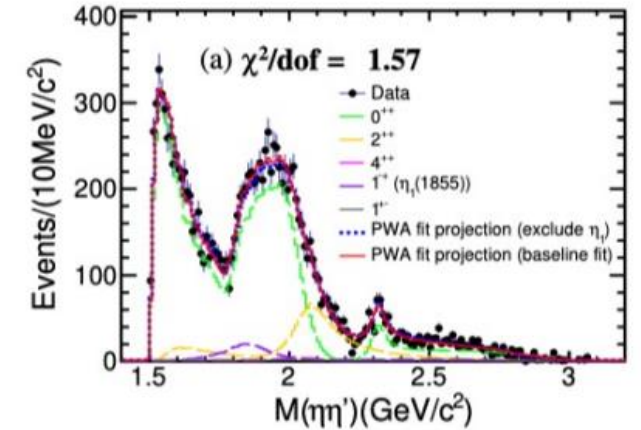
consistent with PDG

- **Absence of  $f_0(1710)$**

$$\frac{B(f_0(1500) \rightarrow \eta\eta')}{B(f_0(1500) \rightarrow \pi\pi)} < 1.61 \times 10^{-3} \text{ @90\% C.L.}$$

➤ **Supports** to the hypothesis that  **$f_0(1710)$  overlaps** with the ground state scalar ( **$0^{++}$** ) **glueball**

- Scalar glueball expected to be **suppressed in  $\eta\eta'$** :  
 $B(G \rightarrow \eta\eta')/B(G \rightarrow \pi\pi) < 0.04$



Decay mode	Resonance	$M$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	$\Gamma$ (MeV)	$M_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	$\Gamma_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV)	B.F. ( $\times 10^{-5}$ )	Sig.
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# Partial Wave Analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta' \eta'$

- Observation of the  $f_0(2480)$ ,  $f_0(2020)$ ,  $f_0(2330)$  and  $f_2(2340)$  decays to  $\eta' \eta'$

- A new  $0^{++}$  state  $f_0(2480)$

- after considering the phase-space factor :

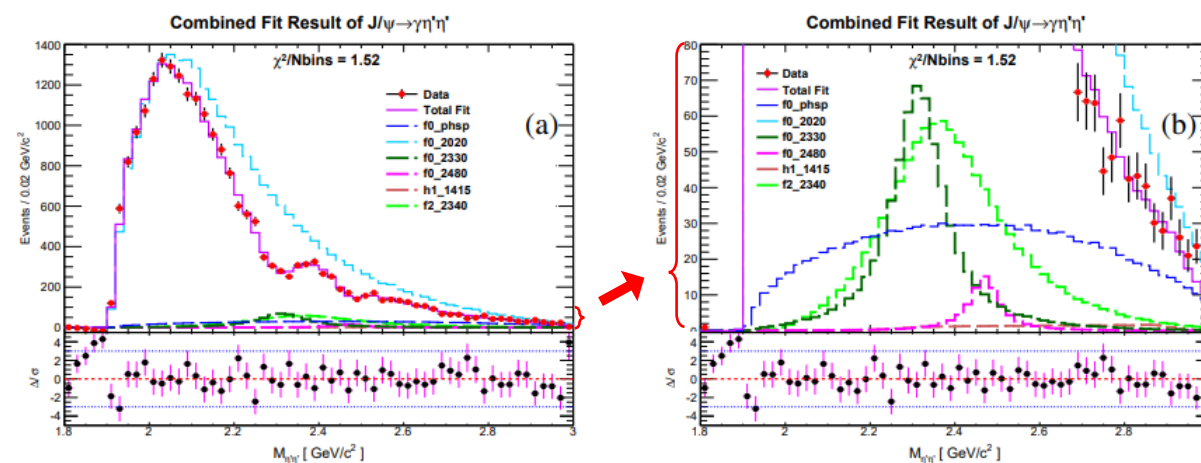
$$\frac{\Gamma(f_0(2020) \rightarrow \eta \eta')}{\Gamma(f_0(2020) \rightarrow \eta' \eta')} = 0.0148$$

- Indicates that  $f_0(2020)$  is a **flavor singlet**<sup>[5]</sup>

10 billion  $J/\psi$

Phys. Rev. D **105**,072002 (2022)

Resonance	M(MeV/ $c^2$ )	$\Gamma$ (MeV)	B.F.	Significance ( $\sigma$ )
$f_0(2020)$	$1982 \pm 3^{+54}_{-60}$	$436 \pm 4^{+46}_{-89}$	$(2.63 \pm 0.06^{+0.31}_{-0.46}) \times 10^{-4}$	$\gg 25$
$f_0(2330)$	$2312 \pm 2^{+10}_{-9}$	$134 \pm 5^{+30}_{-9}$	$(6.09 \pm 0.64^{+4.00}_{-1.68}) \times 10^{-6}$	16.3
$f_0(2480)$	$2470 \pm 4^{+4}_{-6}$	$75 \pm 9^{+11}_{-8}$	$(8.18 \pm 1.77^{+3.73}_{-2.33}) \times 10^{-7}$	5.2
$h_1(1415)$	$1384 \pm 6^{+9}_{-0}$	$66 \pm 10^{+12}_{-10}$	$(4.69 \pm 0.80^{+0.74}_{-1.82}) \times 10^{-7}$	5.3
$f_2(2340)$	$2346 \pm 8^{+22}_{-6}$	$332 \pm 14^{+26}_{-12}$	$(8.67 \pm 0.70^{+0.61}_{-1.67}) \times 10^{-6}$	16.1
$0^{++}$ PHSP	...	...	$(1.17 \pm 0.23^{+4.09}_{-0.70}) \times 10^{-5}$	15.7



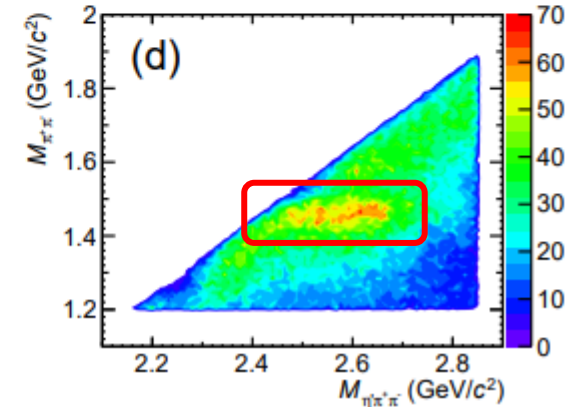
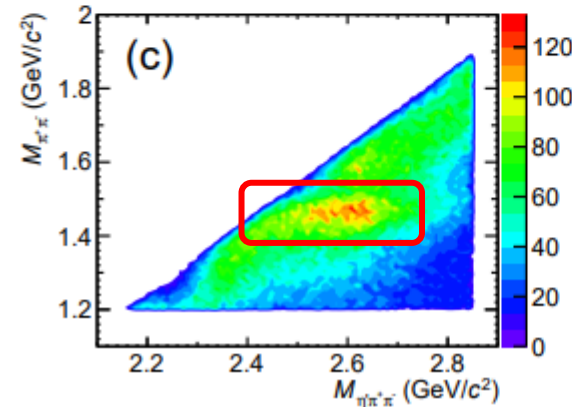
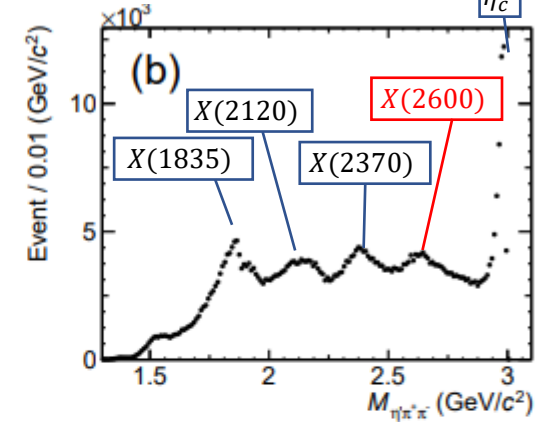
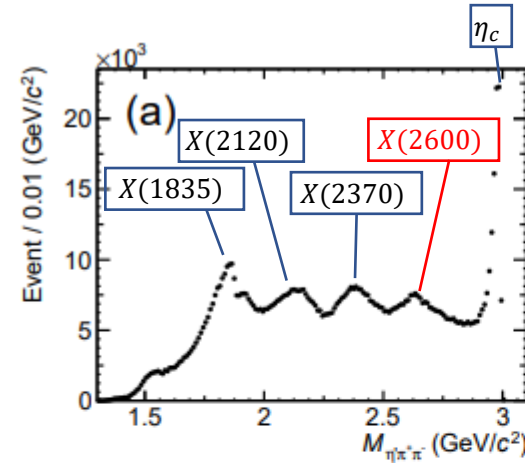
[5] Phys. Lett. B 826, 136906 (2022)

# A New State $X(2600)$ Observed in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$

- $X(1835)$  was first observed and confirmed in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$ <sup>[6][7]</sup>, with  $J^{PC} = 0^{-+}$ <sup>[8]</sup>, and an anomalous line shape at  $p\bar{p}$  threshold<sup>[9]</sup>
- $X(2120)$ ,  $X(2370)$  also observed in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$ <sup>[7]</sup>
- With the 10 billion  $J/\psi$  events, a **new state  $X(2600)$**  in  $M(\eta'\pi^+\pi^-)$  is observed, which is correlated to a **structure @1.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> in  $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$**

arXiv:2201.10796

Accepted by PRL



reconstruct  $\eta'$  from  $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$  (left) &  $\eta(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$  (right)

# A New State $X(2600)$ Observed in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$

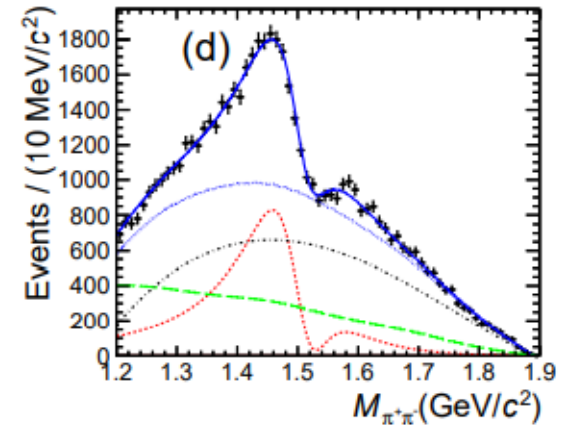
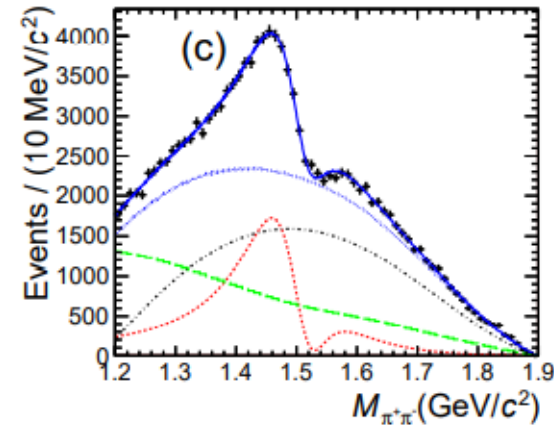
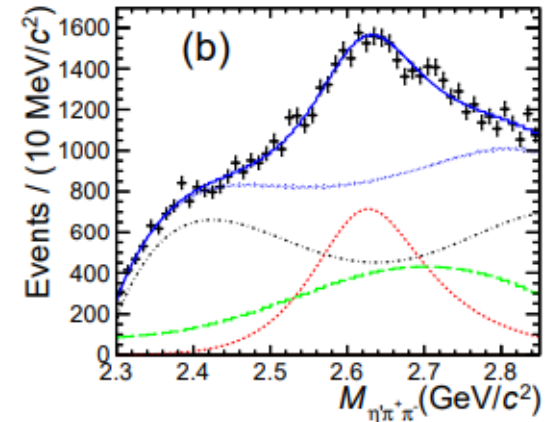
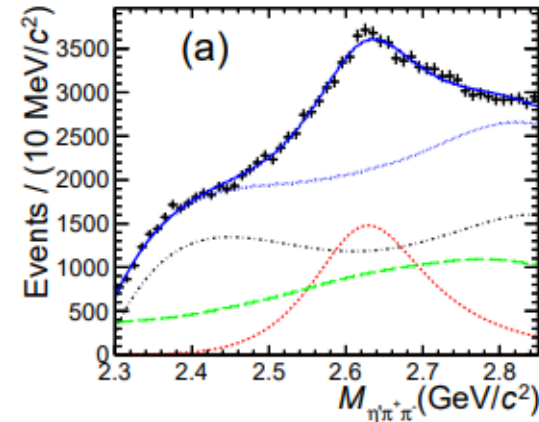
- To study  **$X(2600)$  parameters**, a simultaneous fit to  $\eta'\pi^+\pi^-$  and  $\pi^+\pi^-$  is performed
- The **structure in  $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$**  well described with the interference between  $f_0(1500)$  and  $X(1540)$

@ $> 20\sigma$	Mass (MeV/ $c^2$ )	Width (MeV)
$f_0(1500)$	$1492.5 \pm 3.6^{+2.4}_{-20.5}$	$107 \pm 9^{+21}_{-7}$
$X(1540)$	$1540.2 \pm 7.0^{+36.3}_{-6.1}$	$157 \pm 19^{+11}_{-77}$
$X(2600)$	$2618.3 \pm 2.0^{+16.3}_{-1.4}$	$195 \pm 5^{+26}_{-17}$

Case	$f_0(1500)$	$X(1540)$
Events	$24585 \pm 1689$	$21203 \pm 1456$
BF ( $\times 10^{-5}$ )	$3.09 \pm 0.21^{+1.14}_{-0.77}$	$2.69 \pm 0.19^{+0.38}_{-1.21}$

$$J^{PC} = 0^{-+} \text{ or } 2^{-+}$$



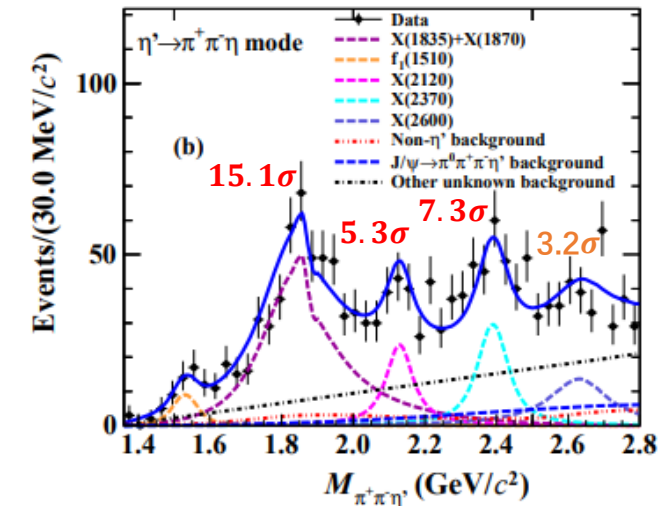
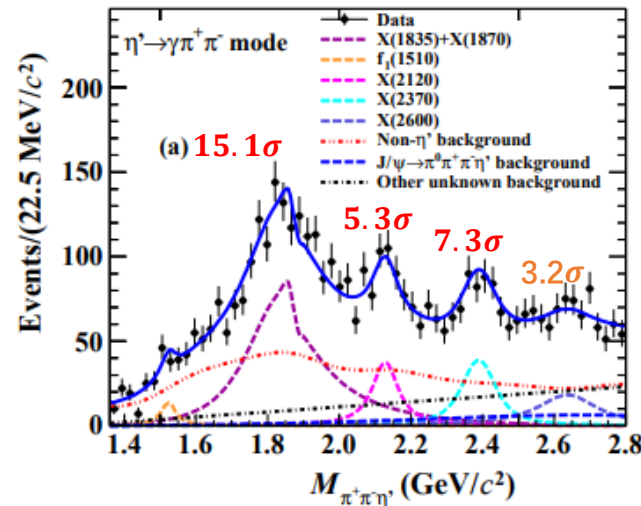
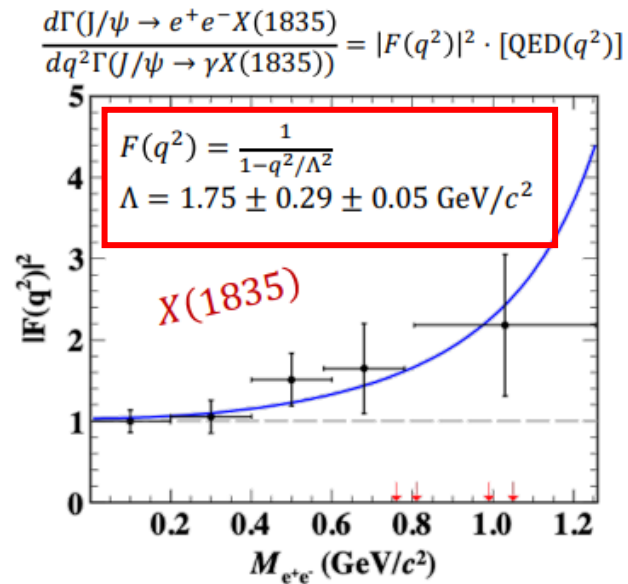
reconstruct  $\eta'$  from  $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$  (left) &  $\eta(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$  (right)

# Observation of X(1835), X(2120) and X(2370) in $J/\psi$ EM Dalitz Decays

$$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$$

- **Confirmation** of **X(1835), X(2120), X(2370)** previously observed in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$
- Measurement of the **Transition Form Factor** of  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-X(1835)$ 
  - Gives additional information of the **internal structure of X(1835)**

10 billion  $J/\psi$   
arXiv:2112.14369  
Accepted by PRL

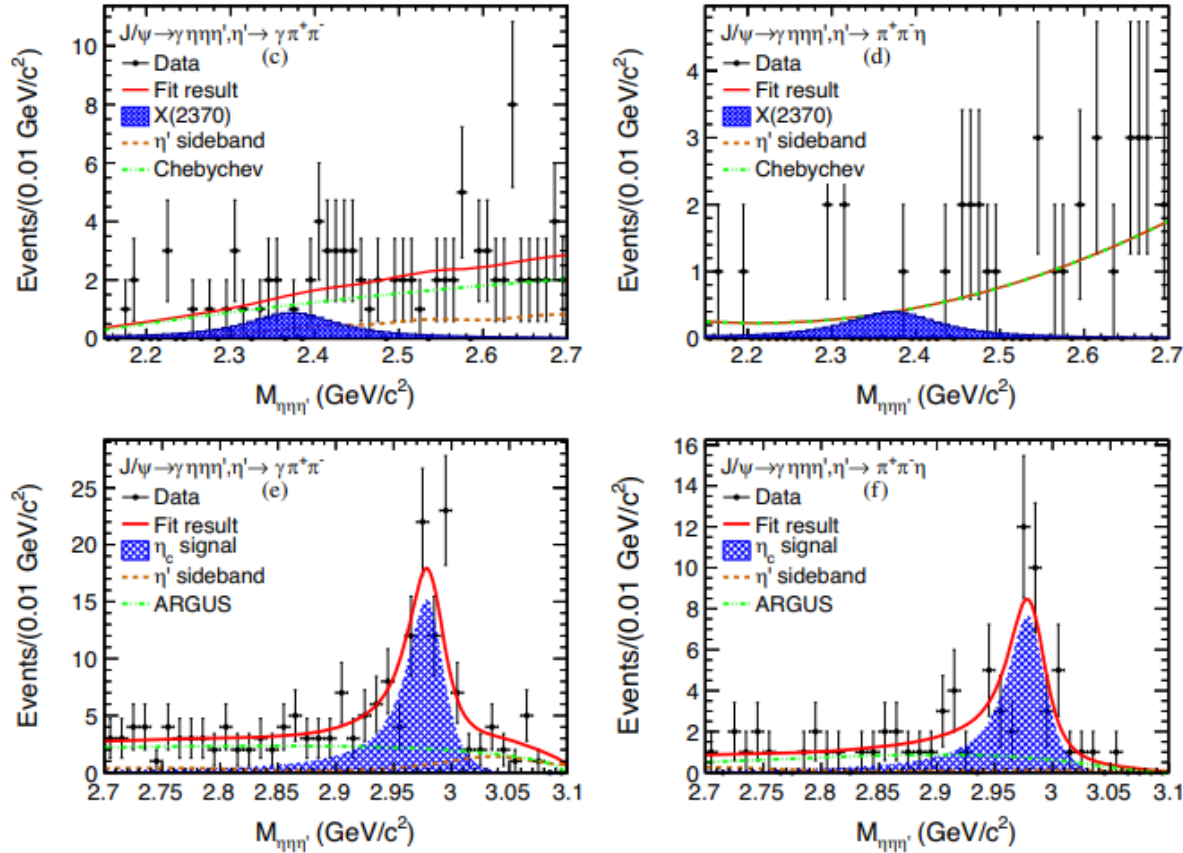


reconstruct  $\eta'$  from  $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$  (left) &  $\eta(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$  (right)

# Search for X(2370) in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta\eta'$

1.3 billion  $J/\psi$

Phys. Rev. D 103, 012009(2021)




reconstruct  $\eta'$  from  $\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$  (left) &  $\eta(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$  (right)

**X(2370)** previously observed in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$  [10] and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K\bar{K}\eta'$  [11], and possibly a **pseudoscalar glueball candidate**

- **No evident signal of X(2370) in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta\eta'$**   
 $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X(2370) \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta\eta') < 9.2 \times 10^{-6}$  (@ 90% C.L.)
- No contradiction with prediction of the branching ratio for pseudoscalar glueball [12]
- Observation of  **$\eta_c \rightarrow \eta\eta\eta'$**   
 $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta\eta\eta') = 4.86 \pm 0.62(stat.) \pm 0.45(sys.)$



# Summary

- $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta \eta'$ 
    - Observation of **exotic isoscalar  $1^{-+} \eta_1(1855)$** 
      - Hybrid? Molecule? Tetraquark? ... needs **further study**
    - Support  **$f_0(1710)$**  overlap with **scalar glueball**
  - $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta' \eta'$ 
    - $f_0(2020), f_0(2330), f_2(2340)$  and a **new state  $f_0(2480)$**  observed
    - **$f_0(2020)$**  observed to be a **flavor singlet**
  - **New  $X(2600)$**  observed in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$  in addition to  $X(1835), X(2120), X(2370)$
  - **Confirmation of  $X(1835), X(2120), X(2370)$**  in  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$  and measurement of **Transition form factor** of  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^- X(1835)$
  - **Upper limit for  $X(2370)$**  in  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \eta \eta \eta'$  and observation of  **$\eta_c \rightarrow \eta \eta \eta'$**
- 
- **Other partners** in hybrid nonet:  
 $\pi_1(b_1 \pi, f_1 \pi, \dots)$  and  $K_1(K_1(1270) \pi, \dots)$
  - **Production & decay** of  $\eta_1(1855)$ 
    - $J/\psi(\psi') \rightarrow V X, \dots$
    - $X \rightarrow a_1 \pi, K_1 K, f_1 \eta, \dots$
- With the world's largest charmonium data sets, BESIII provides great opportunities to map out light meson spectroscopy and study QCD exotics.

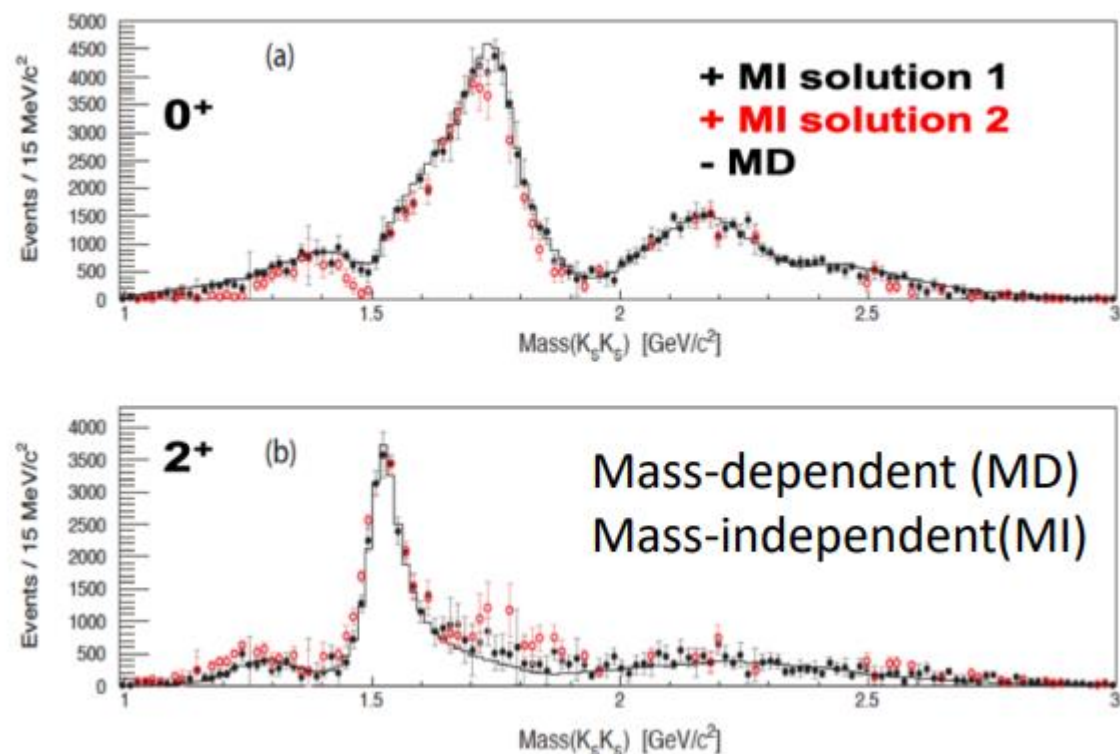
**Thank you for your attention!**

# Backup slide

# Amplitude analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S K_S$

1.3 billion  $J/\psi$   
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MD analysis is well consist with MI analysis



Resonance	$M$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	$M_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	$\Gamma$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	$\Gamma_{\text{PDG}}$ (MeV/ $c^2$ )	Branching fraction	Significance
$K^*(892)$	896	$895.81 \pm 0.19$	48	$47.4 \pm 0.6$	$(6.28^{+0.16+0.59}_{-0.17-0.52}) \times 10^{-6}$	$35\sigma$
$K_1(1270)$	1272	$1272 \pm 7$	90	$90 \pm 20$	$(8.54^{+1.07+2.35}_{-1.20-2.13}) \times 10^{-7}$	$16\sigma$
$f_0(1370)$	$1350 \pm 9^{+12}_{-2}$	1200 to 1500	$231 \pm 21^{+28}_{-48}$	200 to 500	$(1.07^{+0.08+0.36}_{-0.07-0.34}) \times 10^{-5}$	$25\sigma$
$f_0(1500)$	1505	$1504 \pm 6$	109	$109 \pm 7$	$(1.59^{+0.16+0.18}_{-0.16-0.56}) \times 10^{-5}$	$23\sigma$
$f_0(1710)$	$1765 \pm 2^{+1}_{-1}$	$1723^{+6}_{-5}$	$146 \pm 3^{+7}_{-1}$	$139 \pm 8$	$(2.00^{+0.03+0.31}_{-0.02-0.10}) \times 10^{-4}$	$\gg 35\sigma$
$f_0(1790)$	$1870 \pm 7^{+2}_{-3}$	-	$146 \pm 14^{+7}_{-15}$	-	$(1.11^{+0.06+0.19}_{-0.06-0.32}) \times 10^{-5}$	$24\sigma$
$f_0(2200)$	$2184 \pm 5^{+4}_{-2}$	$2189 \pm 13$	$364 \pm 9^{+4}_{-7}$	$238 \pm 50$	$(2.72^{+0.08+0.17}_{-0.06-0.47}) \times 10^{-4}$	$\gg 35\sigma$
$f_0(2330)$	$2411 \pm 10 \pm 7$	-	$349 \pm 18^{+23}_{-1}$	-	$(4.95^{+0.21+0.66}_{-0.21-0.72}) \times 10^{-5}$	$35\sigma$
$f_2(1270)$	1275	$1275.5 \pm 0.8$	185	$186.7^{+2.2}_{-2.5}$	$(2.58^{+0.08+0.59}_{-0.09-0.20}) \times 10^{-5}$	$33\sigma$
$f'_2(1525)$	$1516 \pm 1$	$1525 \pm 5$	$75 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$73^{+6}_{-5}$	$(7.99^{+0.03+0.69}_{-0.04-0.50}) \times 10^{-5}$	$\gg 35\sigma$
$f_2(2340)$	$2233 \pm 34^{+9}_{-25}$	$2345^{+50}_{-40}$	$507 \pm 37^{+18}_{-21}$	$322^{+70}_{-60}$	$(5.54^{+0.34+3.82}_{-0.40-1.49}) \times 10^{-5}$	$26\sigma$
$0^{++}$ PHSP	-	-	-	-	$(1.85^{+0.05+0.68}_{-0.05-0.26}) \times 10^{-5}$	$26\sigma$
$2^{++}$ PHSP	-	-	-	-	$(5.73^{+0.99+4.18}_{-1.00-3.74}) \times 10^{-5}$	$13\sigma$