



## DAMPE MISSION



DArk Matter Particle Explorer (DAMPE)

Payload: 1300 kg

• Altitude: 500 km

Orbit:

95 minutes

97° inclination Sun-synchronous









#### DAMPE COLLABORATION



#### China

- Purple Mountain Observatory, CAS, Nanjing
- University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei
- Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS, Beijing
- Institute of Modern Physics, CAS, Lanzhou
- National Space Science Center, CAS, Beijing

#### **Switzerland**

- University of Geneva
- EPFL Lausanne

#### **Italy**

- INFN Perugia and University of Perugia
- INFN Bari and University of Bari
- INFN-LNGS and Gran Sasso Science Institute
- INFN Lecce and University of Salento





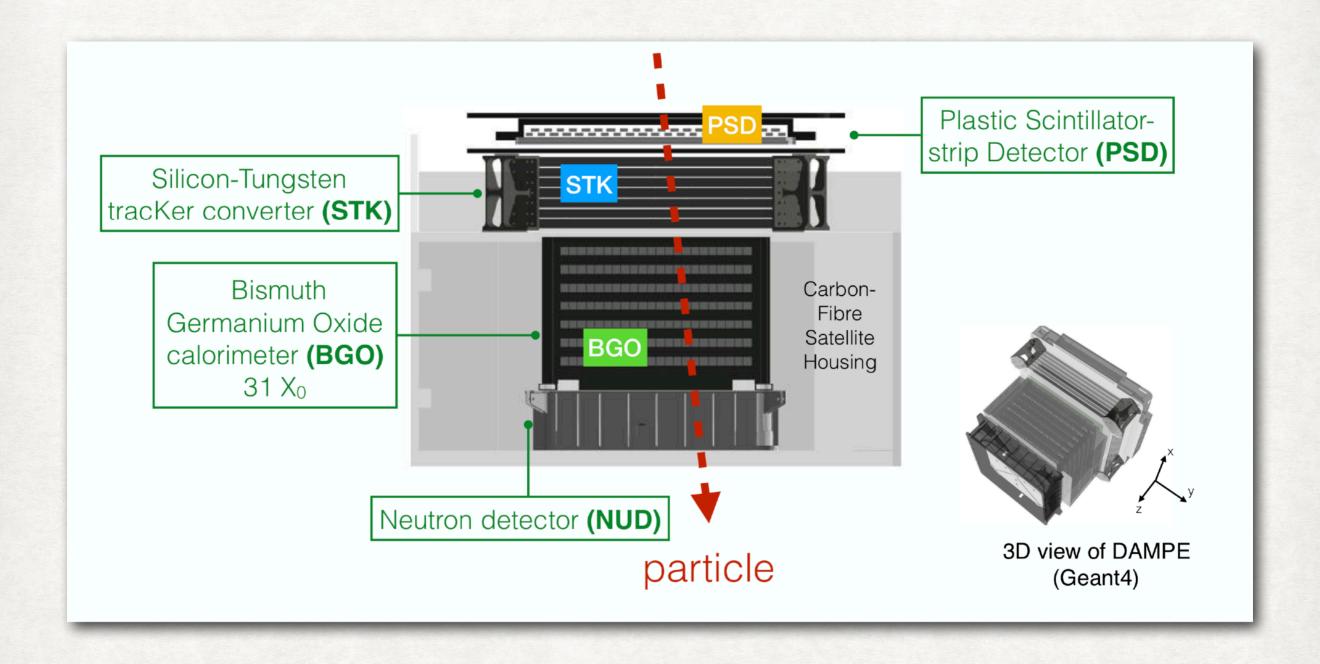






## DAMPE DETECTOR





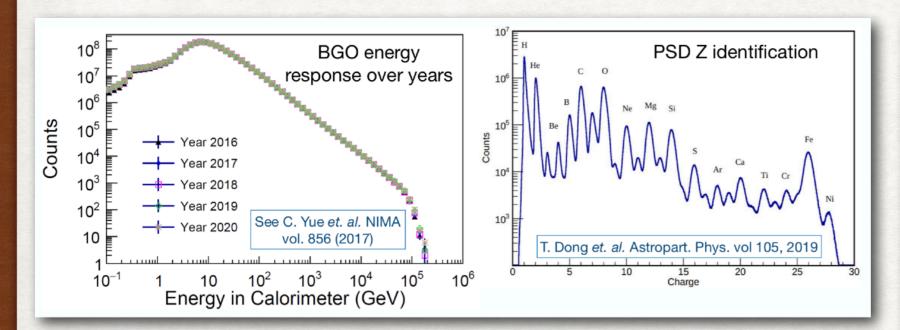




## ON-ORBIT DETECTOR STATUS



- Stable BGO energy response throughout more than 6 years
- Excellent PSD Z resolution
- Excellent STK noise stability and position resolution (alignment every 2 weeks)

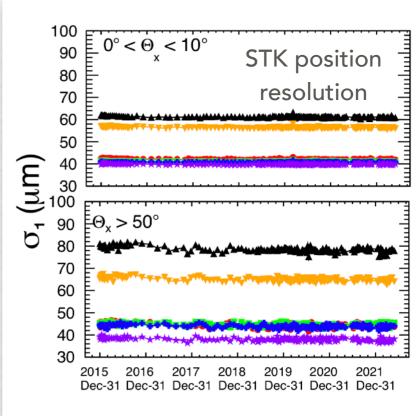


Stable data taking since December 2015!

Over 11 billion events for analysis,

>250 million events above 20GeV deposit energy

Almost a million events above 1TeV deposit energy



[A. Tykhonov *et. al.* NIMA vol. 893 (2018), vol. 924 (2019) ]





### e<sup>±</sup> FLUX WITH DAMPE



Relatively big geometric acceptance ~0.35 m<sup>2</sup> sr Deep hodoscopic calorimeter:

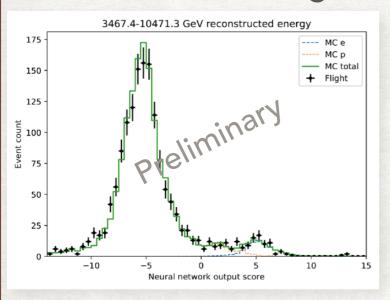
- ~31X<sub>0</sub>, 14 layers, 22 bars in each
- Energy resolution ~1% at >100GeV

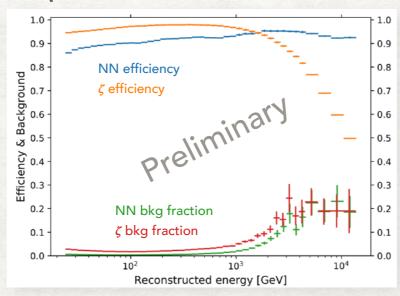
CRE loose energy due synchrotron radiation :

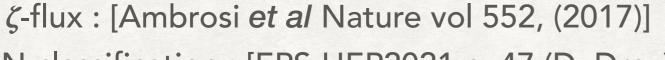
sources <1kpc at >~TeV

p background critical at ~10TeV —>

NN classifier is of great help

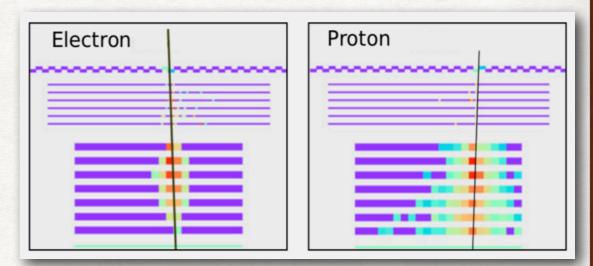


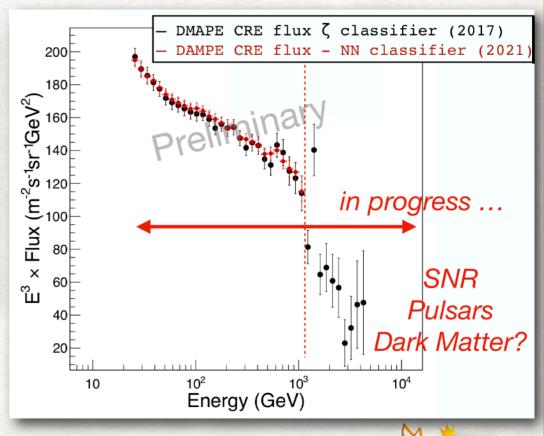




NN-classification: [EPS-HEP2021 n. 47 (D. Droz)]

[D. Droz et al 2021 JINST 16 P07036]



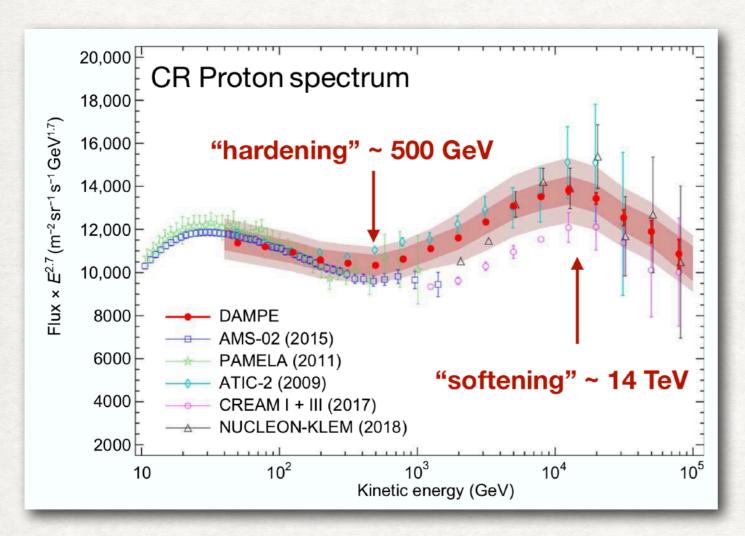


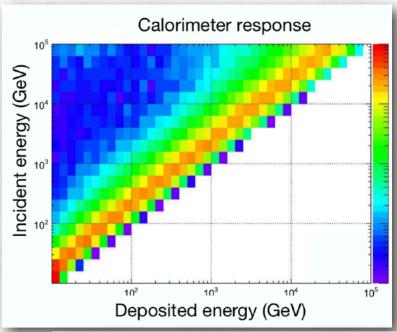


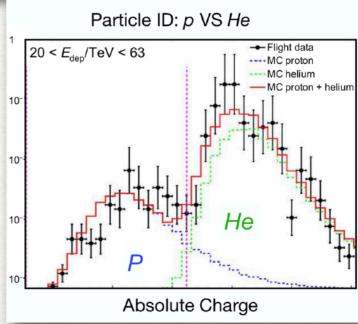
## PROTON FLUX WITH DAMPE



[DAMPE collaboration, *Science advances* 5.9 (2019): eaax3793.]







Dampe measurement : no single PL up to the knee (~4PeV) => new production/propagation mechanism? Nearby sources?

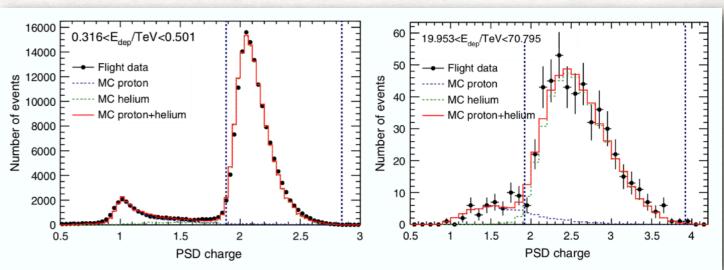
Systematics:
Hadronic models,
p-He separation

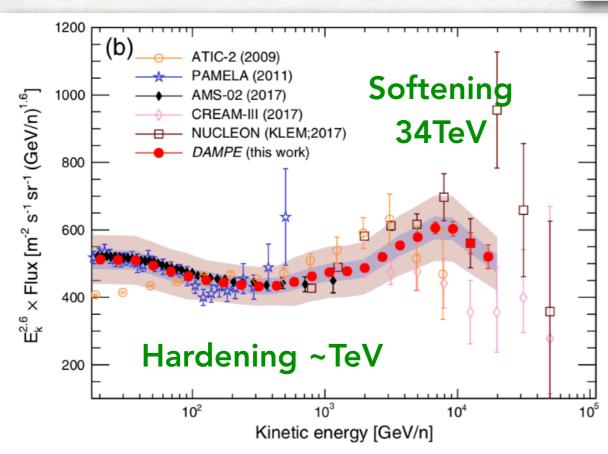


## He FLUX WITH DAMPE



[Alemanno, F., et al., *Physical Review Letters* 126.20 (2021): 201102.]





- Tracker helps provides additional charge measurement
- Dominant systematics : hadronic model

Together with proton results:

- indication for a Z-dependent source
- (A-dependent is not excluded)

More results are coming:

- More statistics,
- Improved analysis (see later)

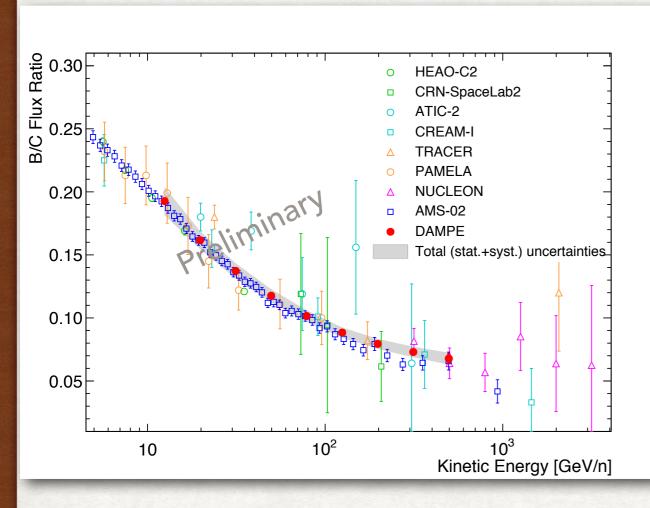


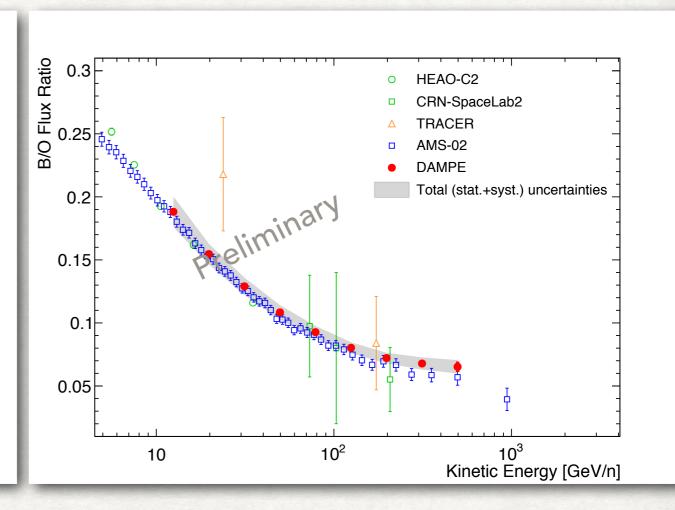


## B/C, B/O FLUX RATIOS



- B is secondary, C&O are primary: ideal for CR propagation study
- Most of systematics cancel out





A hint for the hardening at about 100 GeV/n:

- Break in diffusion coefficient? - B production at source? - Re-acceleration?..

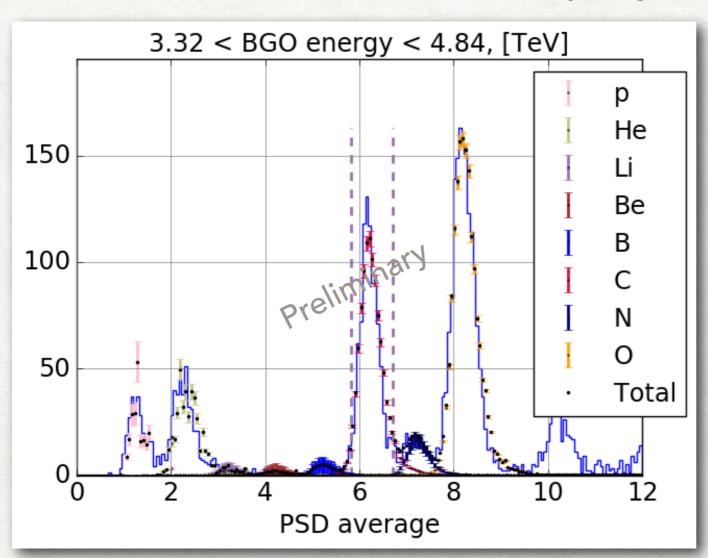


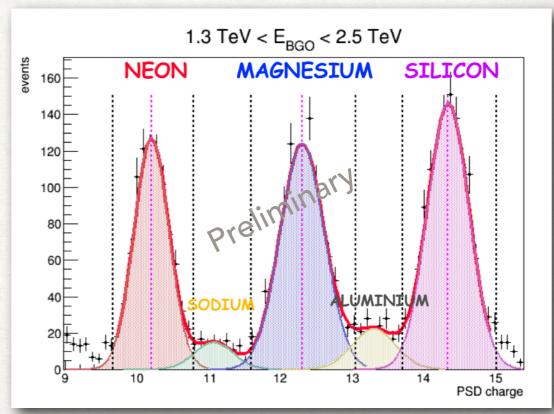




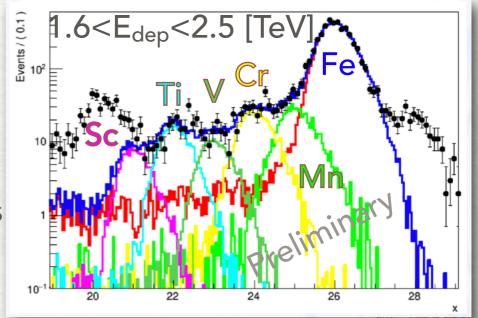


#### in progress





At highest energies the accurate track reconstruction is crucial for the charge measurement : see next slides



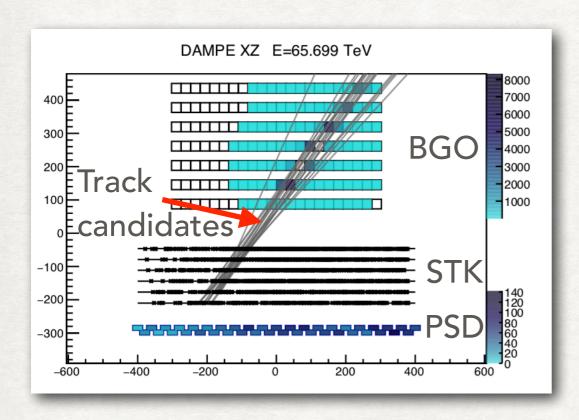




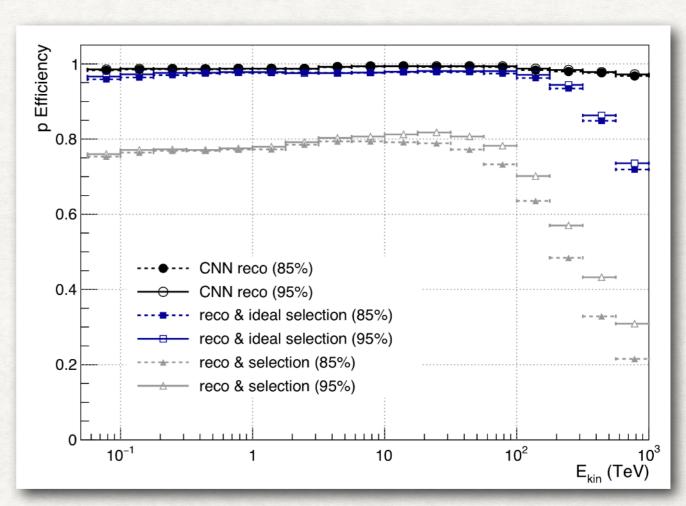
### TOWARDS PeV FLUXES

#### MACHINE LEARNING TRACKING

Machine learning track identification: advantageous over classical approach at multi-TeV



[Tykhonov, Andrii, et al., arXiv:2206.04532 (2022).]



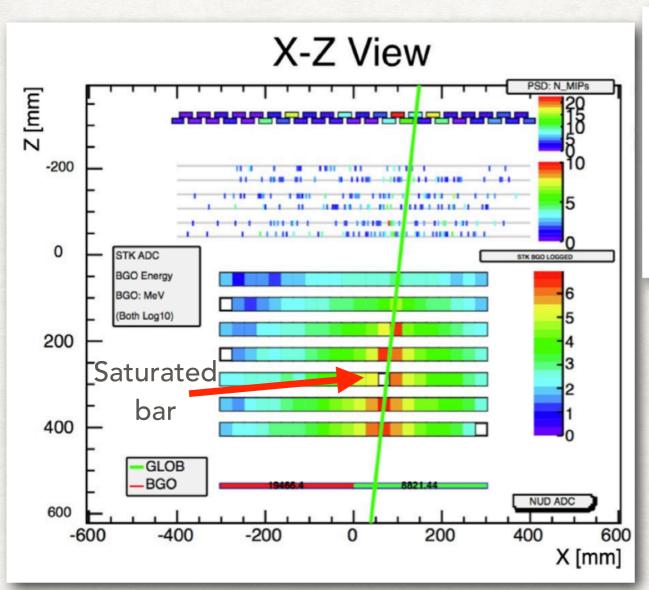


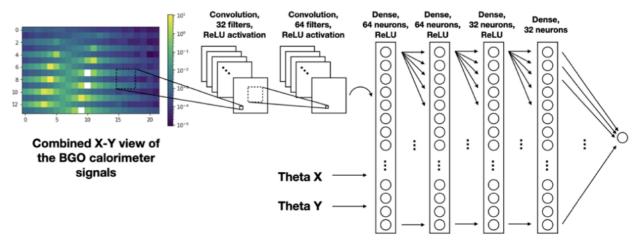


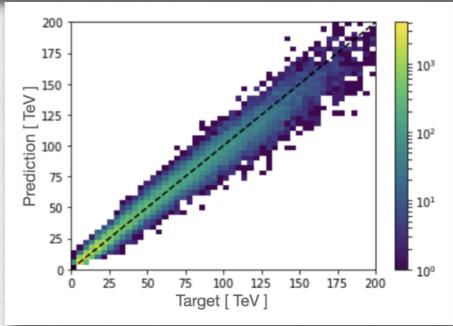


#### TOWARDS PeV FLUXES

#### BGO SATURATION CORRECTION







[M. Stolpovskiy et al., 2022 *JINST* **17** P06031]

In some events: saturation => lost >~10TeV
We are able to recover this lost energy
Better deposit-kinetic E correspondence



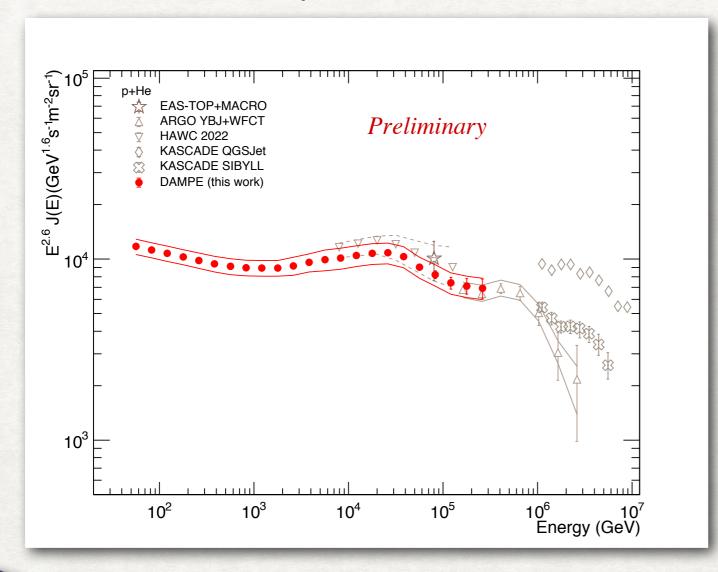
## NEWEST STUDIES, TOWARDS PeV



p+He

Combined analysis of p+He:

- Direct comparison with ground-based experiments,
- Larger acceptance => can measure at larger energies



Another break is suggested by ground based experiments at ~0.5PeV. Will we see it with DAMPE?..

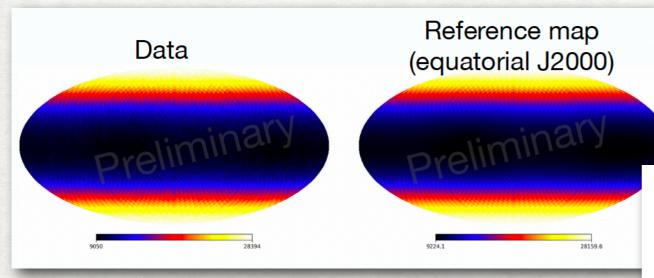




## CR ANISOTROPY

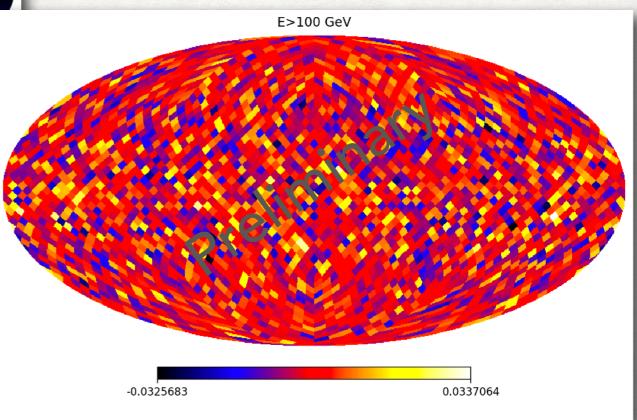


- CR are highly isotropic. Small anisotropies are seen with ground-based experiments
- No anisotropy so far with any cosmic experiment, but worth trying:
  - Full sky coverage
  - Particle identification capability



East-West, Compton-Getting effects are taken into account

Consistent with no anisotropy

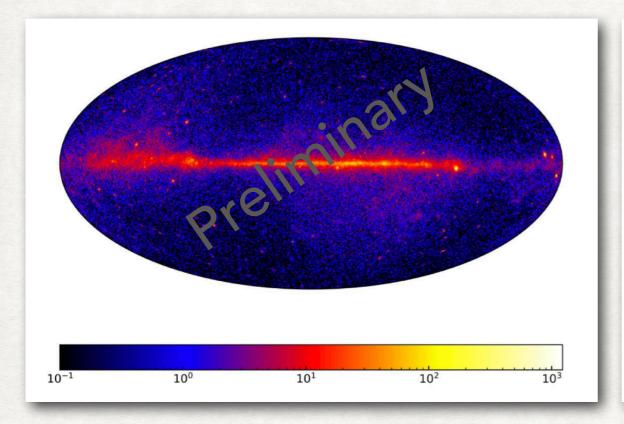




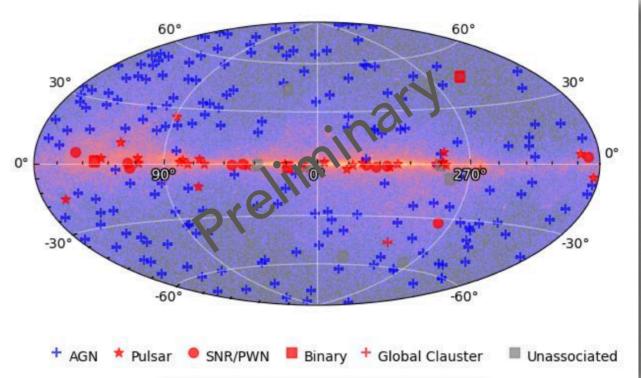


# GAMMA-RAYS SKY MAP AND SOURCES

#### 6-years count map



#### Sources



Source Type	Number
AGN	188
Pulsar	30
SNR/PWN	10
Binary	3
Globular cluster	1
Unassociated	9
Total	260

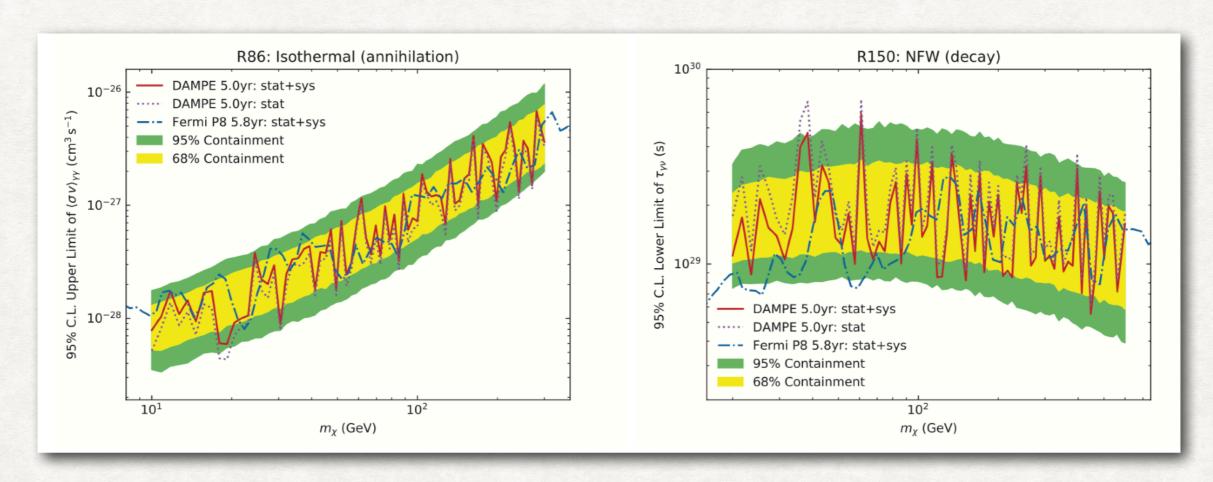






# GAMMA-RAYS LINE SEARCH

- Excellent energy resolution
  - Sensitivity comparable with FermiLAT (in spite of lower acceptance)
- Decaying DM: most stringent limit on decay lifetime for DM mass < 100 GeV



[F. Alemanno et al. Search for gamma-ray lines in the Galaxy with DAMPE, December 2021]

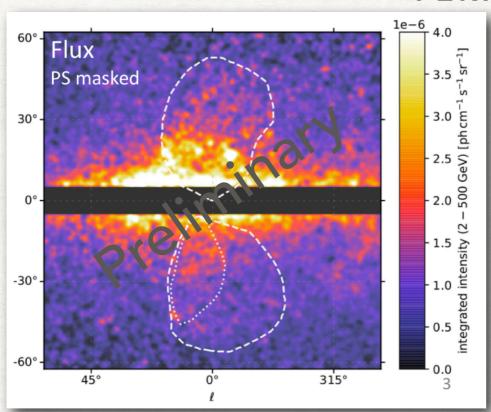


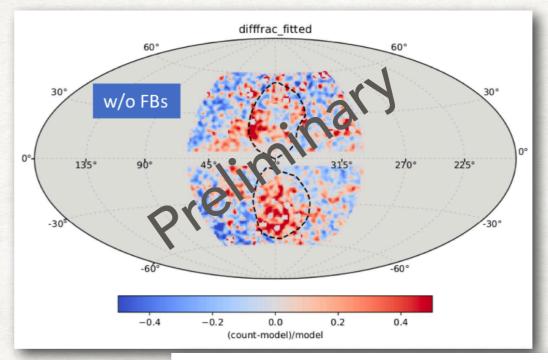


## **GAMMA-RAYS**

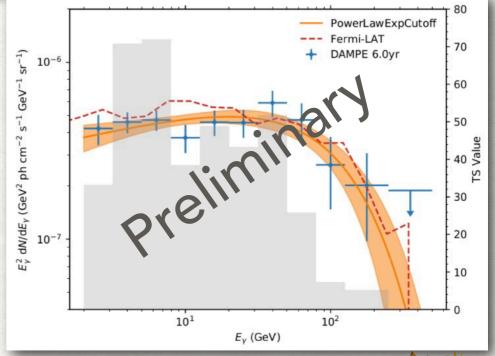
# UNIVERSITÉ DE GENÈVE

#### FERMI BUBBLES





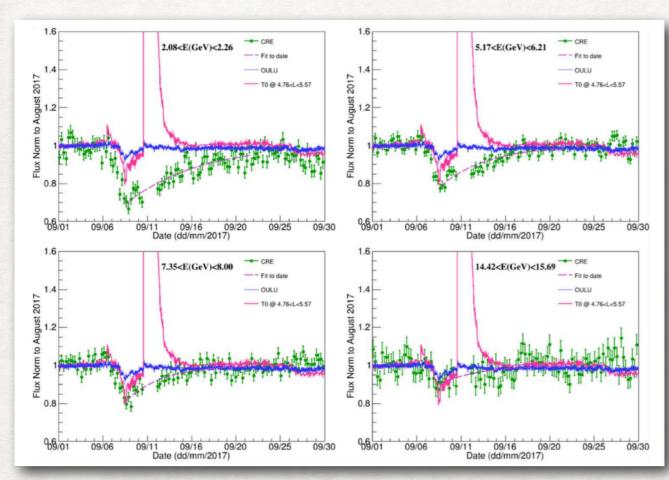
- Fermi Bubbles : diffuse structures discovered by
   Fermi LAT, associated with Galactic Centre
- Spectrum consistent with Fermi LAT
- Features: spectrum curvature (>3 $\sigma$ ), excess in cocoon (>3 $\sigma$ ), more to come...





#### HELIOPHYSICS

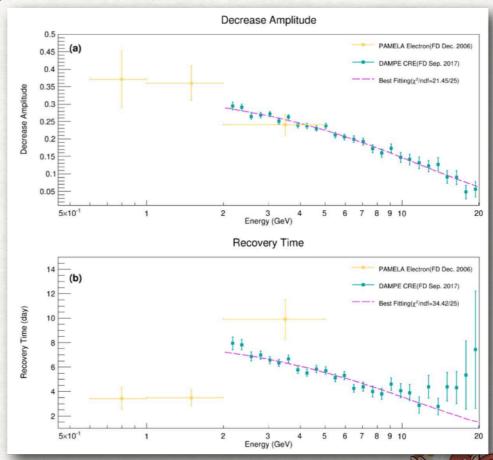




[Alemanno, F., et al., The Astrophysical Journal Letters 920.2 (2021): L43.]

Forbush Decrease (FD) — CR follow-up of energetic solar flares

- Orbit reaching polar regions (reduced geomagnetic cutoff)
- 0.35 m2 sr acceptance => highprecision measurement of FD





### CONCLUSIONS



- DArk Matter Particle Explorer (DAMPE)
  - In-flight operation 2015 now
  - Excellent performance & stability
  - Unique for multi-TeV Cosmic Rays (CR)
- Rich Physics Program:
  - CR e± direct observation of TeV-break, more is coming...
  - CR p & He enter TeV-PeV frontier, more is coming...
  - CR B, C, O, Fe and + in progress... Interesting results on B/C and B/O are coming soon.
  - Y-ray sky, Fermi Bubbles, DM search
  - Heliophysics
- ML for 100TeV-PeV energies

