



Inclusive and differential cross-sections measurements in the single top tW $e\mu$ channel with CMS

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Reference: [CMS-PAS-TOP-21-010](#)

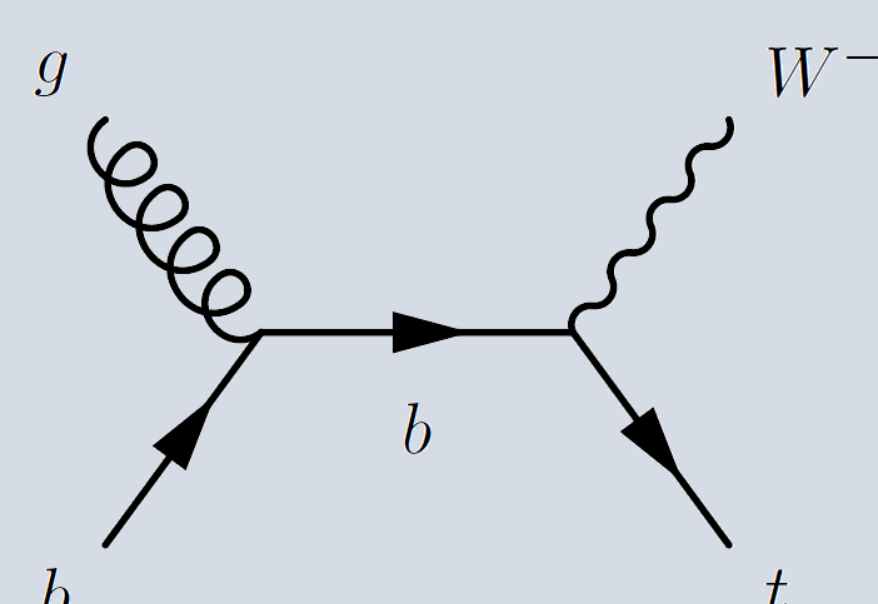


Motivation

- The tW process includes the most massive elementary particle of the SM, the top quark $\rightarrow m_t = 172.5$ GeV (PTEP 2020 (2020) 8).
- It has the second biggest cross section of single top production at the LHC.

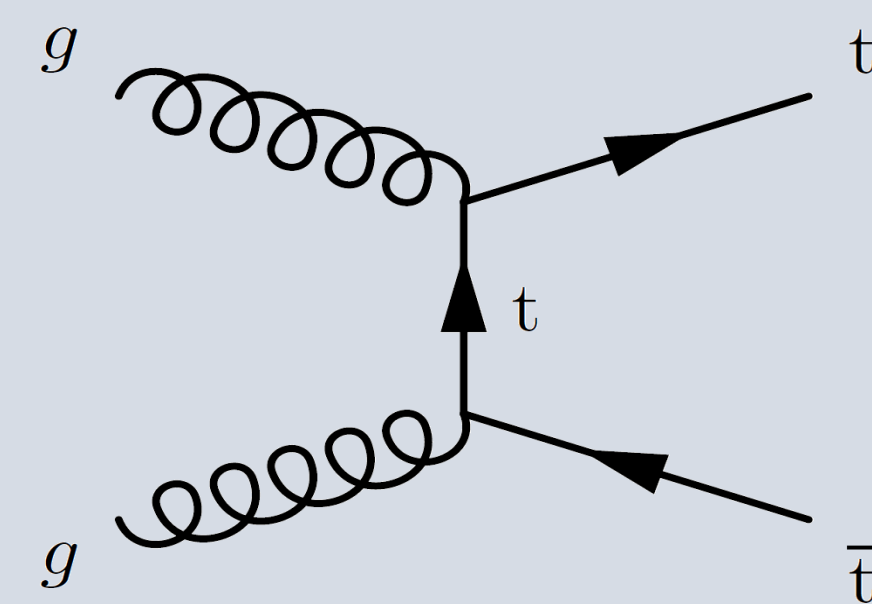
Challenge: background dominates signal!

Signal $\rightarrow tW$



Electroweak
production

Main background $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$



Strong
production

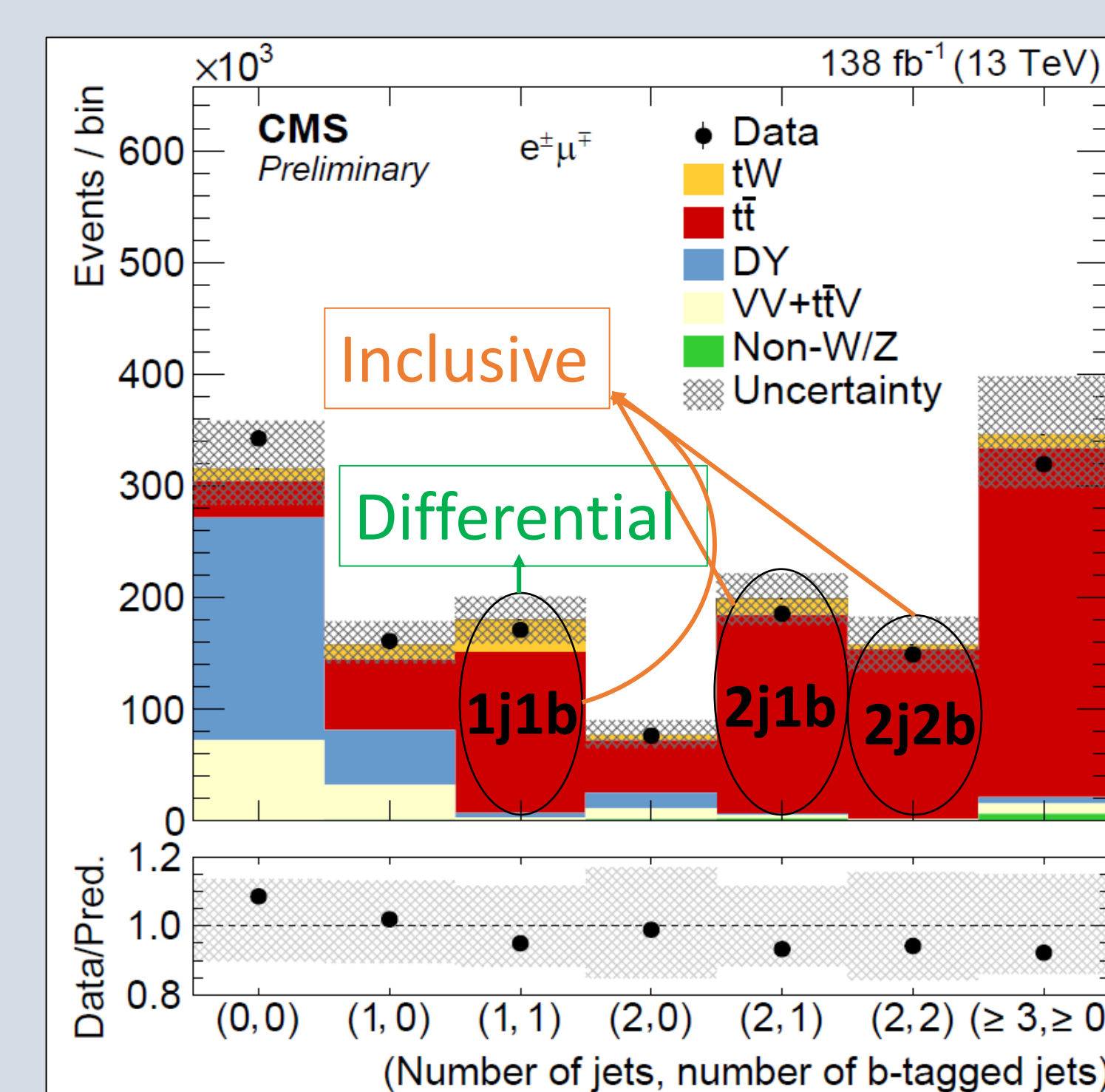
- Interference between $t\bar{t}$ and tW at NLO in QCD.
- Two schemes are defined to avoid double counting:
 - DR**: all doubly resonant diagrams are removed from the ME calculation.
 - DS**: a gauge invariant term is introduced in the ME calculation that locally cancels the doubly resonant diagrams.

Measurement performed using the full dataset recorded with the CMS detector during Run 2 at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in pp collisions

Baseline event selection

- The two first leading leptons must be an electron and a muon of opposite charge.
- Leading lepton $p_T > 25$ GeV.
- The invariant mass of the dilepton pair must be greater than 20 GeV.

Different regions for the inclusive and differential measurements are defined based on the number of **jets** and **b-tagged jets**.



Inclusive cross section measurement

Methodology

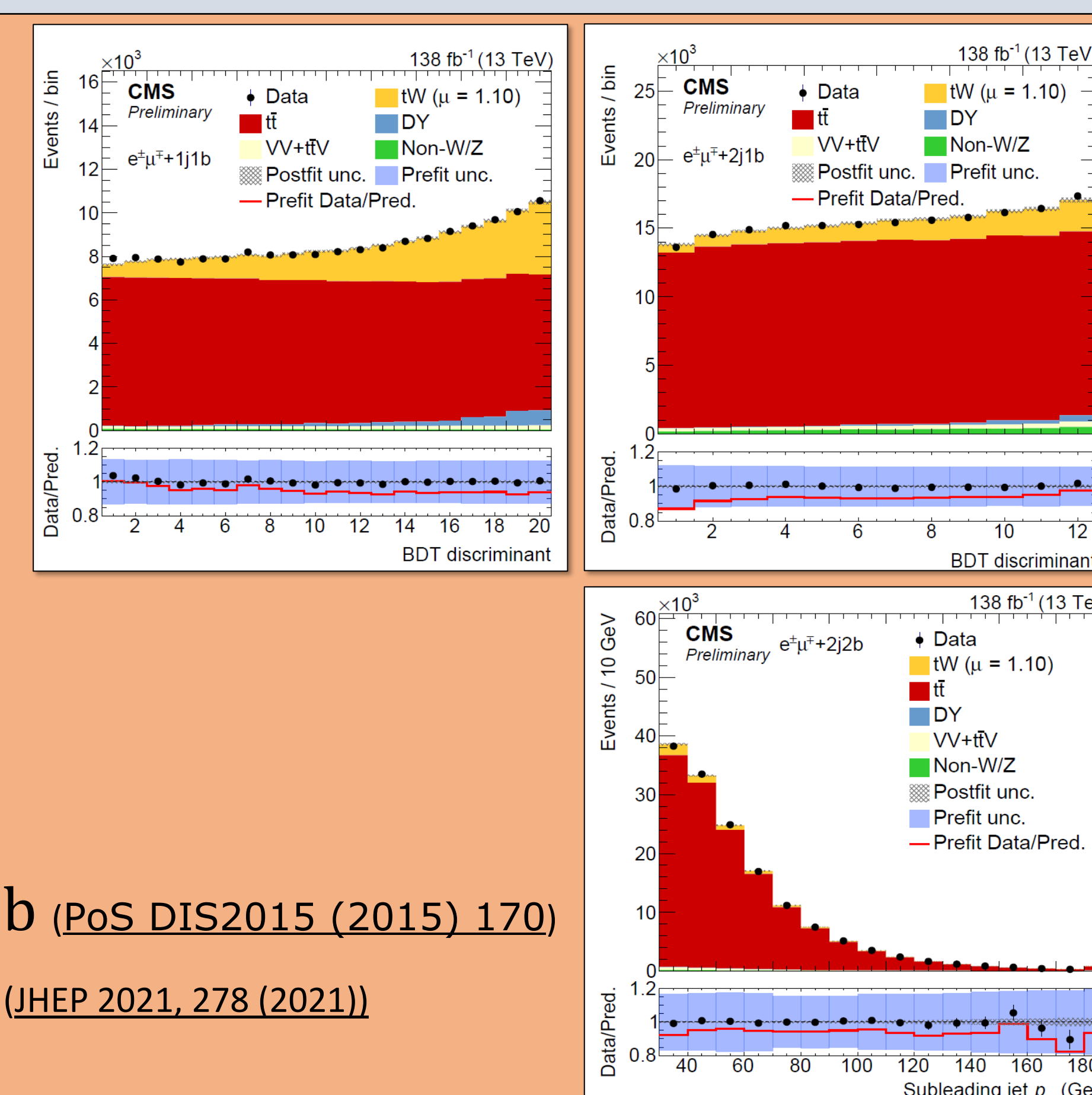
- BDT used to discriminate tW from $t\bar{t}$.
- The **2j2b** region is used as a $t\bar{t}$ control region.
- To extract the signal, a ML-fit is performed using the two BDT output and the subleading jet p_T in the 2j2b region.

Results

- The measured cross section is:
 $\sigma_{tW} = 79.2 \pm 0.8$ (stat) $\pm_{7.2}^{7.0}$ (syst) ± 1.1 (lumi) pb
- Measurement dominated by **systematic** uncertainties being the jet energy corrections, the matrix element μ_R and μ_F scales, and the modelling of the final state radiation for tW and $t\bar{t}$, the most important ones.

$$\text{aNNLO(QCD): } \sigma_{tW}^{\text{SM}} = 71.7 \pm 1.8 (\text{scale}) \pm 3.4 (\text{PDF}) \text{ pb (PoS DIS2015 (2015) 170)}$$

$$\text{aN}^3\text{LO(QCD): } \sigma_{tW}^{\text{SM}} = 79.5 \pm_{1.8}^{1.9} (\text{scale}) \pm_{1.4}^{2.0} (\text{PDF}) \text{ pb (JHEP 2021, 278 (2021))}$$

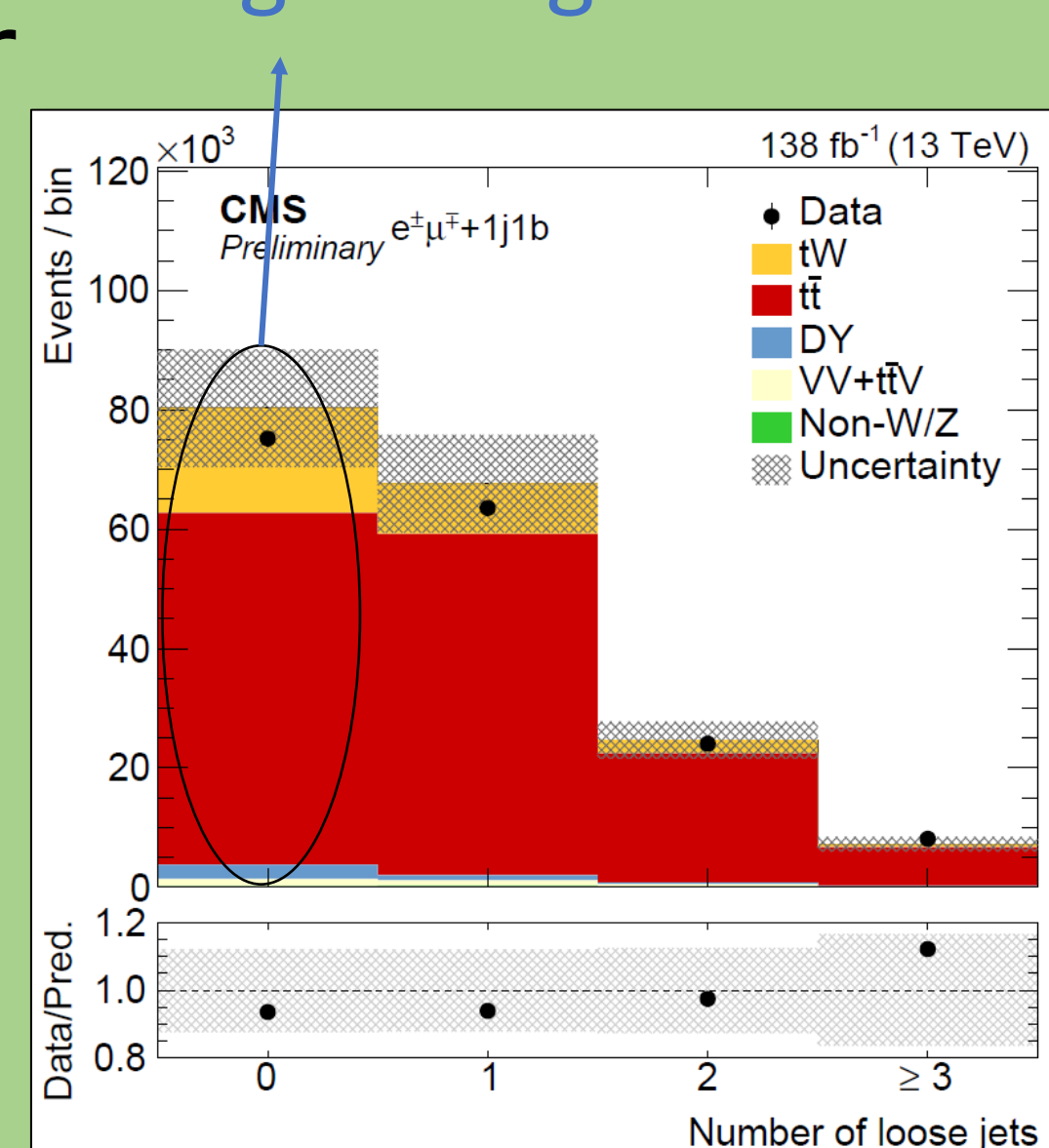


Differential cross section measurements

Methodology

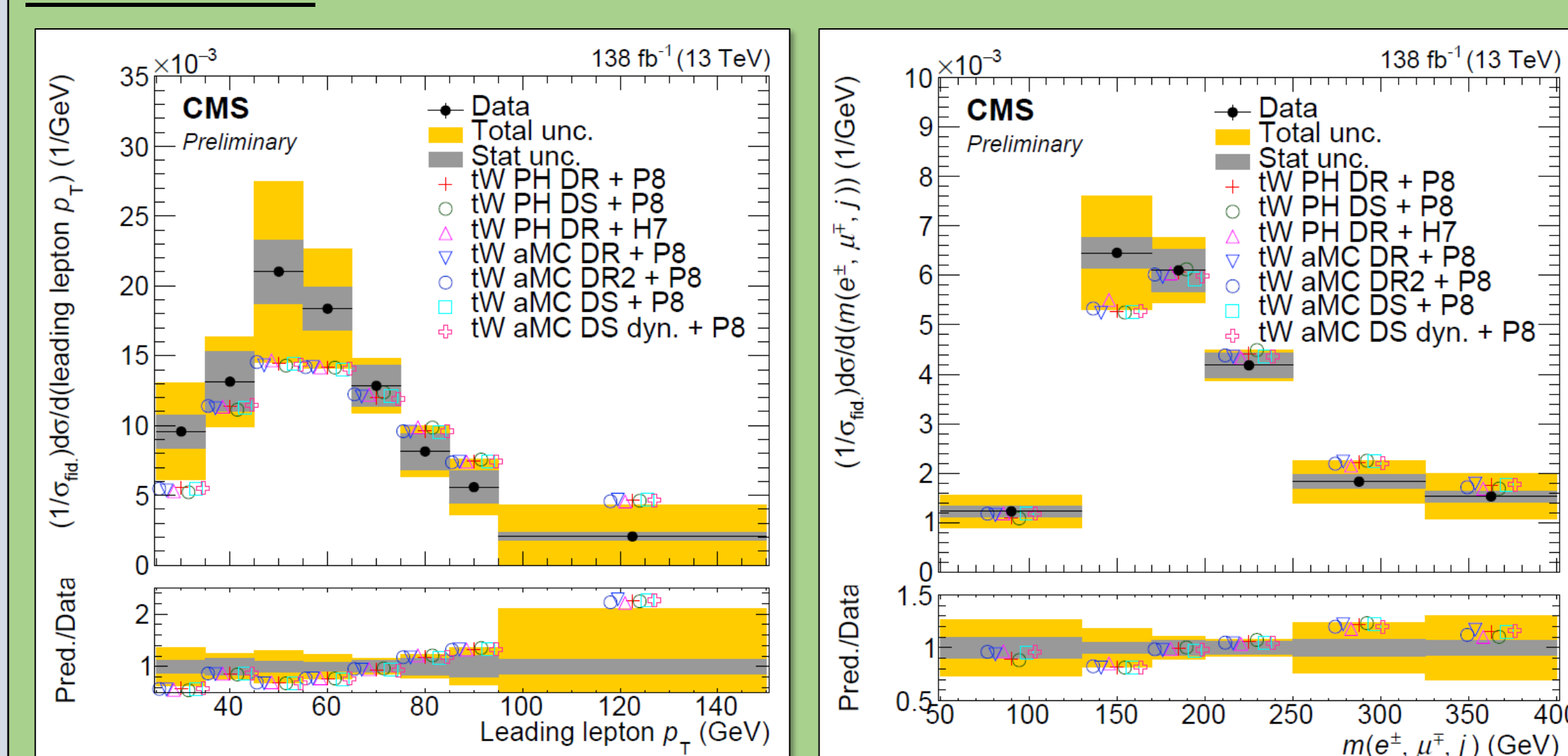
- The **1j1b** region with a veto on the number of loose jets is chosen as the signal region.
- The differential cross sections are measured as a function of the leading lepton p_T , jet p_T , $\Delta\phi(e^\pm, \mu^\mp)$, $p_z(e^\pm, \mu^\mp, j)$, $m(e^\pm, \mu^\mp, j)$ and $m_T(e^\pm, \mu^\mp, j, p_T^{\text{miss}})$.
- Signal extraction and unfolding to a fiducial region in particle level (defined to mimic the signal region) are done at the same time in a maximum likelihood fit.
- The results are normalised to the fiducial cross section.

Signal Region



Jets with $p_T \in [20, 30]$ GeV

Results



- Overall agreement between data and expectations within uncertainties.
- Compatible results between the DR and DS schemes.