

# Multicritical Point Principle and Its Phenomenology

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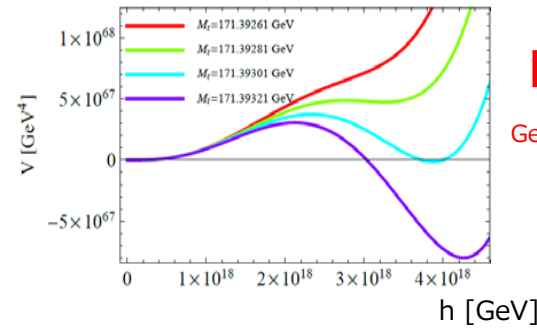
*JHEP* **01**, 087 (2008.08700 [hep-ph])

## □ Multicritical point principle (MPP)? *Froggatt & Nielsen (1995)*

$m_h \sim 125$  GeV and  $m_t \sim 171$  GeV can indicate **criticality**.

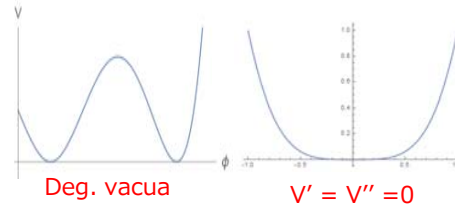
*Hamada, Kawai, Oda, Park (2015)*

$$V_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{eff}}(h)}{4} h^4$$



MPP: Parameters are tuned to one of the multicritical points of vacua.

Generalize E.g., 1 parameter tuning



We propose a minimal model for DM and dim. transmutation in the MPP.

## □ Minimal model with MPP

- SM +  $\Phi$  &  $S$  (real scalars, singlet under SM) with a  $Z_2$  sym.  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S \rightarrow -S \\ \text{(to be DM)} \end{array} \right.$
- Scalar potential with a maximal criticality:  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Others} \\ \rightarrow \text{even} \end{array} \right.$

Trigger the EWSB when  $\Phi$  develops a VEV

$$V_{\text{MPP}} = \frac{\lambda_H}{2} (H^\dagger H)^2 + \frac{\lambda_S}{4!} S^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi H}}{2} \phi^2 (H^\dagger H) + \frac{\lambda_{\Phi S}}{4} \phi^2 S^2 + \frac{\lambda_{SH}}{2} S^2 (H^\dagger H) + V_\phi$$

$$\bar{\phi} \equiv \frac{\phi}{M}$$

$$V_\phi = \mu_1^3 \phi + \frac{\mu_2^2}{2} \phi^2 + \frac{\mu_3}{3!} \phi^3 + \frac{m_S^4(\phi)}{64\pi^2} \ln \frac{\phi^2}{M^2} = \frac{3\lambda_{\Phi S}^2}{16\pi^2} M^4 \left[ -\frac{\bar{\phi}}{18e^{25/4}} - \frac{\bar{\phi}^2}{8e^{25/6}} - \frac{\bar{\phi}^3}{6e^{25/12}} + \frac{\bar{\phi}^4}{48} \ln \bar{\phi}^2 \right]$$

$$m_S^2(\phi) \equiv \frac{\lambda_{\Phi S}}{2} \phi^2$$

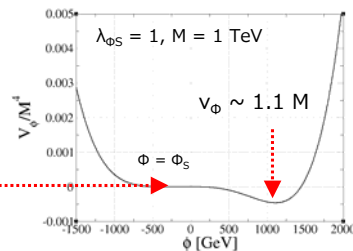
Maximal (triple) criticality

\*M is a scale where  $\lambda_\phi$  (coef. of  $\Phi^4$ ) vanishes.

$$M \sim \Lambda_{\text{pl}} \exp \left[ -\frac{16\pi^2}{3} \frac{\lambda_\phi}{\lambda_{\Phi S}^2} \right]_{\mu=\Lambda_{\text{pl}}}$$

Dim. transmutation

$$\frac{d^2 V_\phi}{d\phi^2} = \frac{d^3 V_\phi}{d\phi^3} = \frac{d^4 V_\phi}{d\phi^4} = \frac{d^5 V_\phi}{d\phi^5} = 0$$



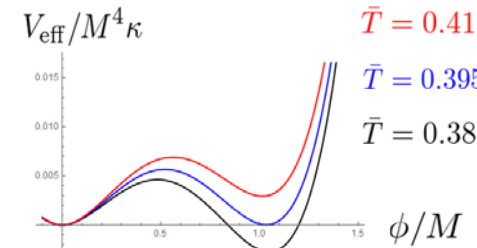
## □ Potential at finite temperature

$$\kappa = \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \lambda_{\Phi S}^2$$

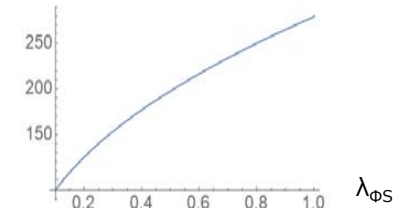
$$\bar{T} = \frac{T}{M} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{3}{\kappa} \right)^{1/4} = \frac{T}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\lambda_{\Phi S}}}$$

$$V_{\text{eff}}(\bar{\phi}, T) = V_{\text{eff}}(\bar{\phi}, T=0) + \Delta V_{\text{eff}}(\bar{\phi}, T)$$

$$= \kappa M^4 \left[ -\frac{\bar{\phi}}{18e^{25/4}} - \frac{\bar{\phi}^2}{8e^{25/6}} - \frac{\bar{\phi}^3}{6e^{25/12}} + \frac{\bar{\phi}^4}{48} \ln \bar{\phi}^2 + \frac{2\bar{T}^4}{3} \int_0^\infty dx x^2 \ln \left( 1 - e^{-\sqrt{x^2 + \bar{\phi}^2}/\bar{T}} \right) \right]$$



$T_c$  [GeV]  $M = 1$  TeV



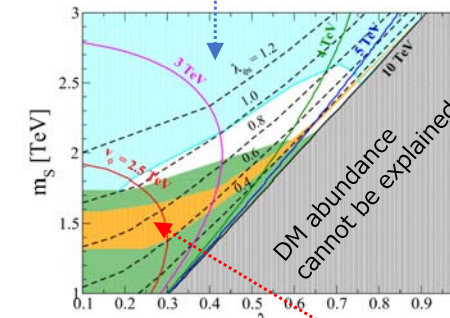
Critical temperature ( $T_c$ ) is determined only by  $\lambda_{\Phi S}$ .

1<sup>st</sup> order phase transition can be realized!  $\rightarrow$  GWs?

## □ Results

- Model parameters:  $\lambda_H, \lambda_{\Phi H}, \lambda_{\Phi S}, \lambda_{SH}, M$  ( $\lambda_S$ : not relevant to pheno.)  
 $\rightarrow m_h \sim 125$  GeV,  $v \sim 246$  GeV,  $m_S$  (DM mass),  $v_\phi, \lambda_{SH}$

Landau pole below  $10^{18}$  GeV



Excluded by XENON1T

Excluded by LHC

DM mass is well predicted to be  $\sim 2$  TeV and GW signature can be detected at DECIGO and/or BBO.

Gravitational wave spectrum

