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Constraining 3-3-1 Models at the LHC and Future Hadron Colliders

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In this work, we derive lower mass bounds on the Z' gauge boson based on the dilepton data from LHC with 13 TeV of center-of-mass energy, and forecast the sensitivity of the High-Luminosity-LHC with $L=3000fb^{-1}$, the High-Energy LHC with $\sqrt{s}=27$ -TeV, and also at the Future Circular Collider with $\sqrt{s}=100$ -TeV. We take into account the presence of exotic and invisible decays of the Z' gauge boson to find a more conservative and robust limit, different from previous studies. We investigate the impact of these new decay channels for several benchmark models in the scope of two different 3-3-1 models. We found that in the most constraining cases, LHC with $139fb^{-1}$ can impose $m_{Z'}>4$ -TeV. Moreover, we forecast HL-LHC, HE-LHC, and FCC-hh collider reach, and derived the projected bounds $m_{Z'}>5.8$ - TeV, $m_{Z'}>9.9$ -TeV, and $m_{Z'}>27$ -TeV, respectively. Lastly, we put our findings into perspective with dark matter searches to show the region of parameter space where a dark matter candidate with the right relic density is possible.

In-person participation

No

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