



Paolo Craievich (PSI) on behalf of the FCCee Injector collaboration

# The FCC-ee Pre-injector studies and the PSI Positron Production at SwissFEL

ICHEP 2022, Bologna (Italy), 7 July



#### Outline



- Organization
- Where are we in FCC-ee?
- Pre-Injector: Linacs, Positron source and DR
- Pre-Injector parameters for Z-mode
- PSI Positron Source (P³) project
  - Novel components under development
- Concluding remarks



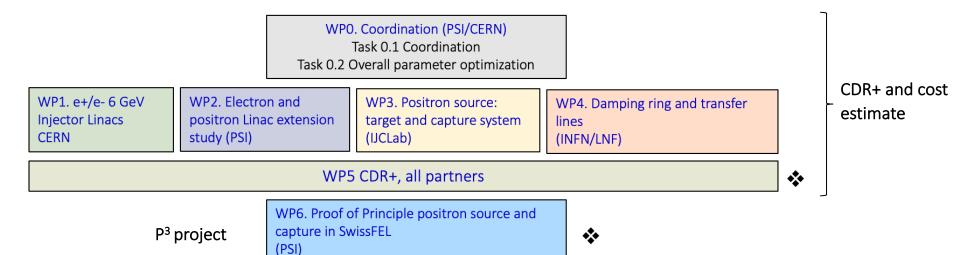
# FCC-ee (Pre-)Injector study



**Collaboration between PSI and CERN with external partners:** 

CNRS-IJCLab (Orsay), INFN-LNF (Frascati), SuperKEKB as observer (also interested in the P<sup>3</sup> project), INFN-Ferrara – radiation from crystal

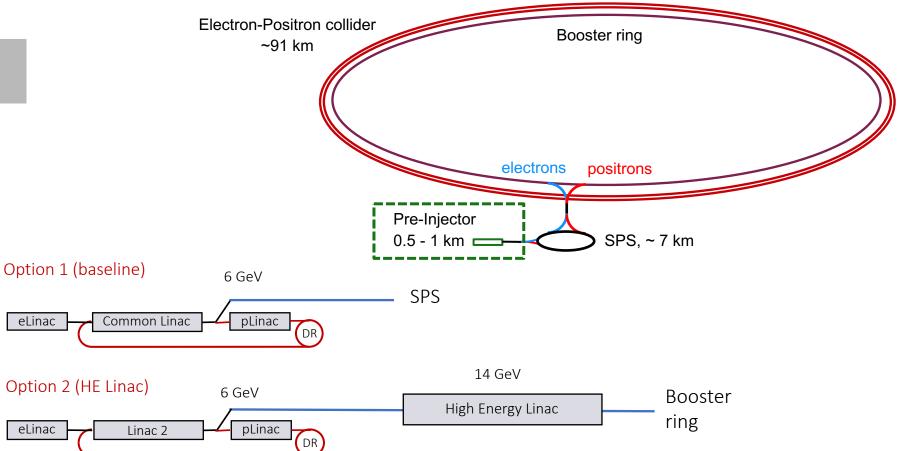
Financed by the CHART.CH programme and part of the FCC feasibility study





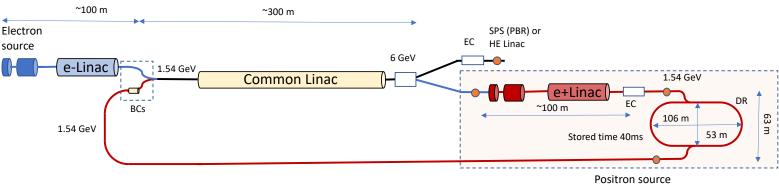
#### Where are we in FCC-ee?



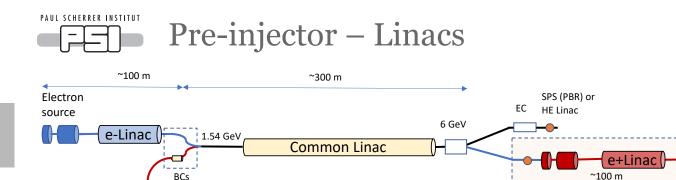


# Pre-injector (up to 6 GeV)





- Injector is splitted in WPs:
  - WP1: Electron source, e-Linac, e+Linac, HE linac (A. Grudiev CERN et al.)
  - WP3: Positron generation and capture (I. Chaikovska et al.)
  - WP4: DR and return lines with positron bunch compression (C. Milardi et al.)
- Linac efficiencies optimized: electron/positron beam with same energy, main and drive electron beam with same final energy
- 2-bunches at 200 Hz, time separation few tens of ns (minimum 17.5 ns), can fullfill the specification for the collider rings



1.54 GeV



DR

53 m

63

1.54 GeV

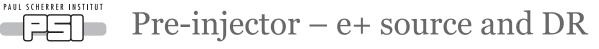
106 m

Stored time 40ms

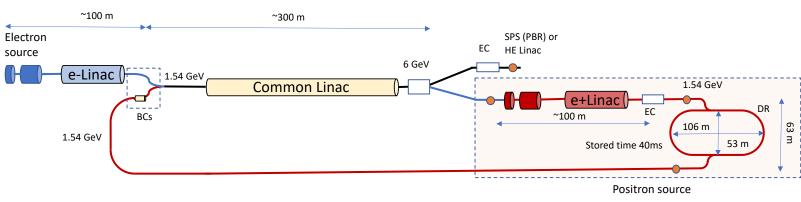
Positron source



- Common linac: Frequency 2.8 GHz, repetition rate 200 Hz+200 Hz when positron are generated (klystron at 400 Hz from CETD could be feasible), optimization of the RF structures well advanced
- DR has to provide a delay of 2.5 ms to allocate the positron bunches on the on the right rf bucket in the common linac
- e+ linac: rf design well advanced 2 GHz, 200 Hz, large iris aperture, beam dynamics ongoing (solenoidal channel up to 1.54 GeV vs quadrupoles under investigation)







- Simulation for the positron production showed yield > 7 BUT DR acceptance to be reviewed and energy compression to be investigated
- Two options still open for the AMD: HTS solenoid or Flux concentrator
- Target: Engineering, intergration and radiation losses on-going for the SC/AMD based on HTS tape. We fixed the aperture for the SC/AMD (key parameter).
- The concepts for the DR and the return transfer line are well established, to be decided the RF systems



# Injector parameters for the Z-mode



	Baseline	HE Linac	Unit
Ring for injection	SPS/PBR	BR	
Injection energy	6	20	GeV
Bunch population both species	3.47 (5.55)	3.12 (5.0)	1E10 (nC)
Repetition rate	200	200	Hz
Number of bunches	2	2	
Bunch spacing	17.5- <mark>50</mark>	17.5- <mark>50</mark>	ns
Normalized emittance (x, y) (rms)	50, 50	50, 50	mm.mrad
Bunch length (rms)	~1	~1	mm
Energy spread (rms)	<0.1	<0.1	%

- The bunch by bunch intensity will randomly vary from 0 to 100%, depending on the intensity balance between the collider rings
- Bunch-by-bunch injection intensity stability: 3%
  - → Electron source: an injector based on a photocathode RF gun can provide electrons for both ring injection and positron production AND the laser system can provide the bunch-to-bunch intensity modulation and stability required

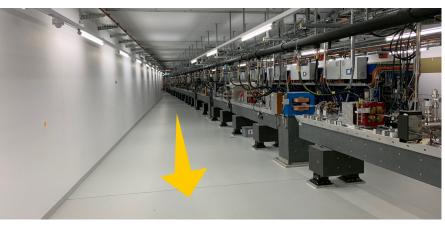


### PSI Positron Source Experiment at PSI



P<sup>3</sup> project funded by the CHART program

	FCC-ee	SwissFEL	
Beam energy	6 GeV		
RMS beam size	~ 0.5 mm		
Rep. rate	200 Hz	1 Hz	
Bunch charge	~ 1.5 nC	≤ 0.2 nC	
Bunches/pulse	2	1	



#### What we want to validate with the experiment

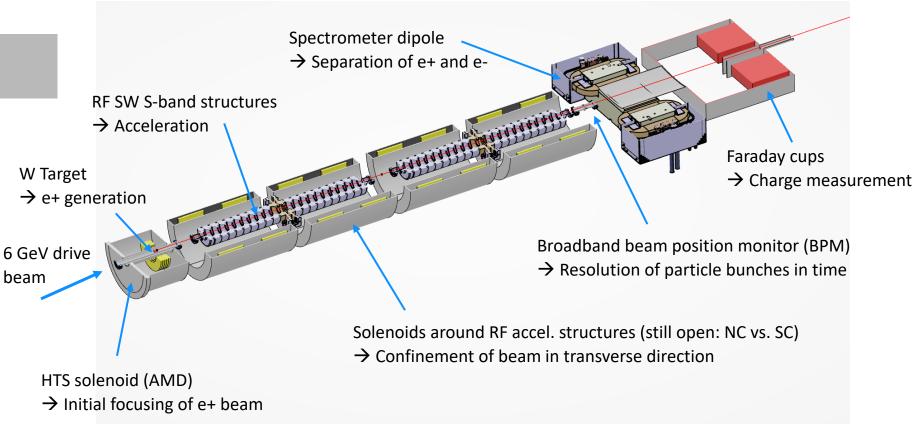
- ✓ Positron Yield > 3 (simulation showed > 7) with conventional scheme (simulation vs measurement)
- ✓ AMD: SC Solenoid with HTS technology including mech. and thermal (cryostat) concept
- ✓ RF structures: large iris aperture
- ✓ NC versus SC solenoids around the rf structures.
- ✓ Phase 2: hydride scheme with crystal

...BUT repetition rate 1 Hz with 200 pC@6GeV (due to radiation losses in SwissFEL) > the dissipated power on the target less than in the FCCee target (~W against few kW)



#### P<sup>3</sup> Layout

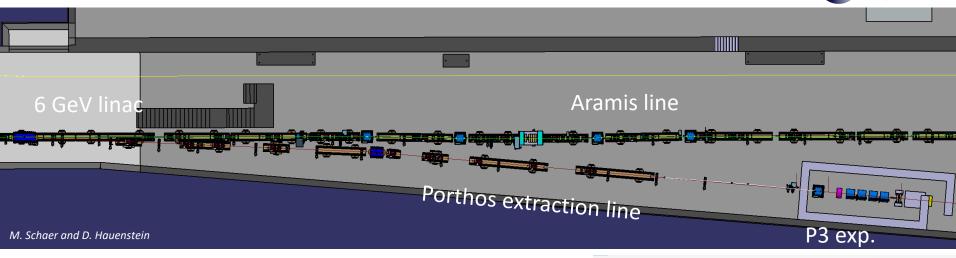




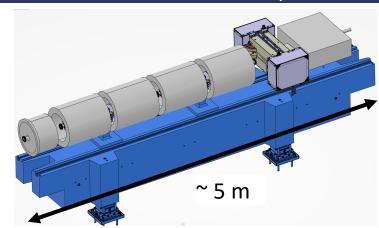


#### Installation in SwissFEL





- P<sup>3</sup> experiment will be installed in the extraction line for Porthos (third SwissFEL BL)
- 3D layout design well advanced
- Installation plan based on scheduled shutdowns: 3/year
- Radiation losses under estimation to evaluate the additional shielding/bunker





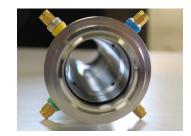
#### Novel components under development at PSI





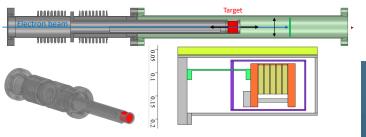


2x SW  $\pi$ -mode cavitiy (18 MV/m @ 15 MW for  $\beta$ =2) Advanced RF and mechanical design (R. Zennaro et al.)

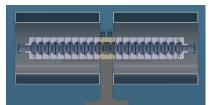


Development of broadband pickup (E. Ismaili and F. Marcellini)

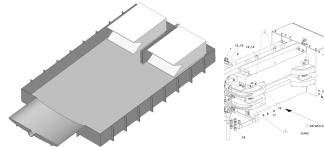
HTS solenoid integrated in the cryostat (M. Duda et al.) Peak magnetic field: 12 T (test up to 18 T)



**Movable Target Insertion Device** (R. Zennaro et al.)



SC solenoids (NbTi) NC (~ 0.4 T) vs. SC (1 – 1.5 T)



Special Faraday cup and spectrometer (N. Vallis and R. Zennaro) Page 12



# (Some) Concluding remarks



#### – (Pre-)Injector study:

- Studies are well advanced on all parts of the injector
- Still some parameters to be confirmed from the SPS, booster and collider sides
- ❖ General consideration: As deliverable for CHART (and for the FCC feasibility study) we have to provide a cost estimate for the injector. After the design phase we have to start with a cost model for the different part of the injector
- ❖ Next deadline: mid study costing exercise in Summer 2023 with external reviewer

#### P³ project

- Concept and design phase well advanced, engineering ad procurement ongoing
  - But engineering and installation at PSI are strongly influenced by other two major ongoing project (SLS2 and IMPACT)
- Present schedule: First experiment in 2025
- ❖ The P³ project will provide a positron beam of nearly 1 nC: some ideas for using it are welcome



#### Credits



PSI: R. Zennaro, M. Schaer, N. Vallis, B. Auchmann, M. I. Besana, S. Bettoni, H. Braun, M.

Duda, E. Hohmann, D. Hauenstein, R. Ischebeck, P. Juranic, J. Kosse, G. L. Orlandi, M.

Pedrozzi, J.-Y. Raguin, S. Reiche, S. Sanfilippo

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