

LHCb beam monitoring and safety systems

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on behalf of the LHCb collaboration

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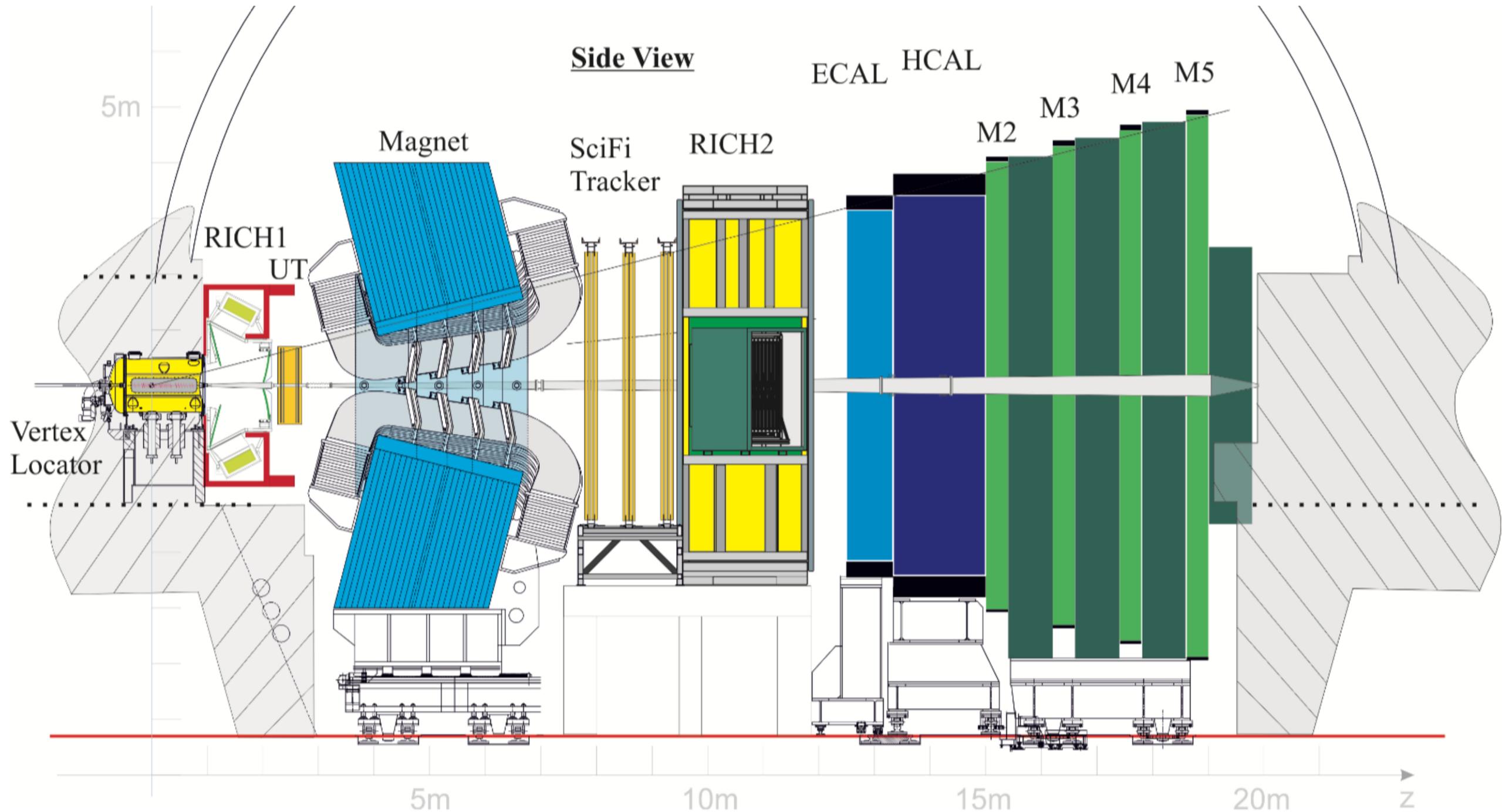
Radiation Monitoring

- ▶ Normal accelerator background depends on:
 - filling scheme
 - proton number
 - bunch length

- ▶ Background can reduce data quality

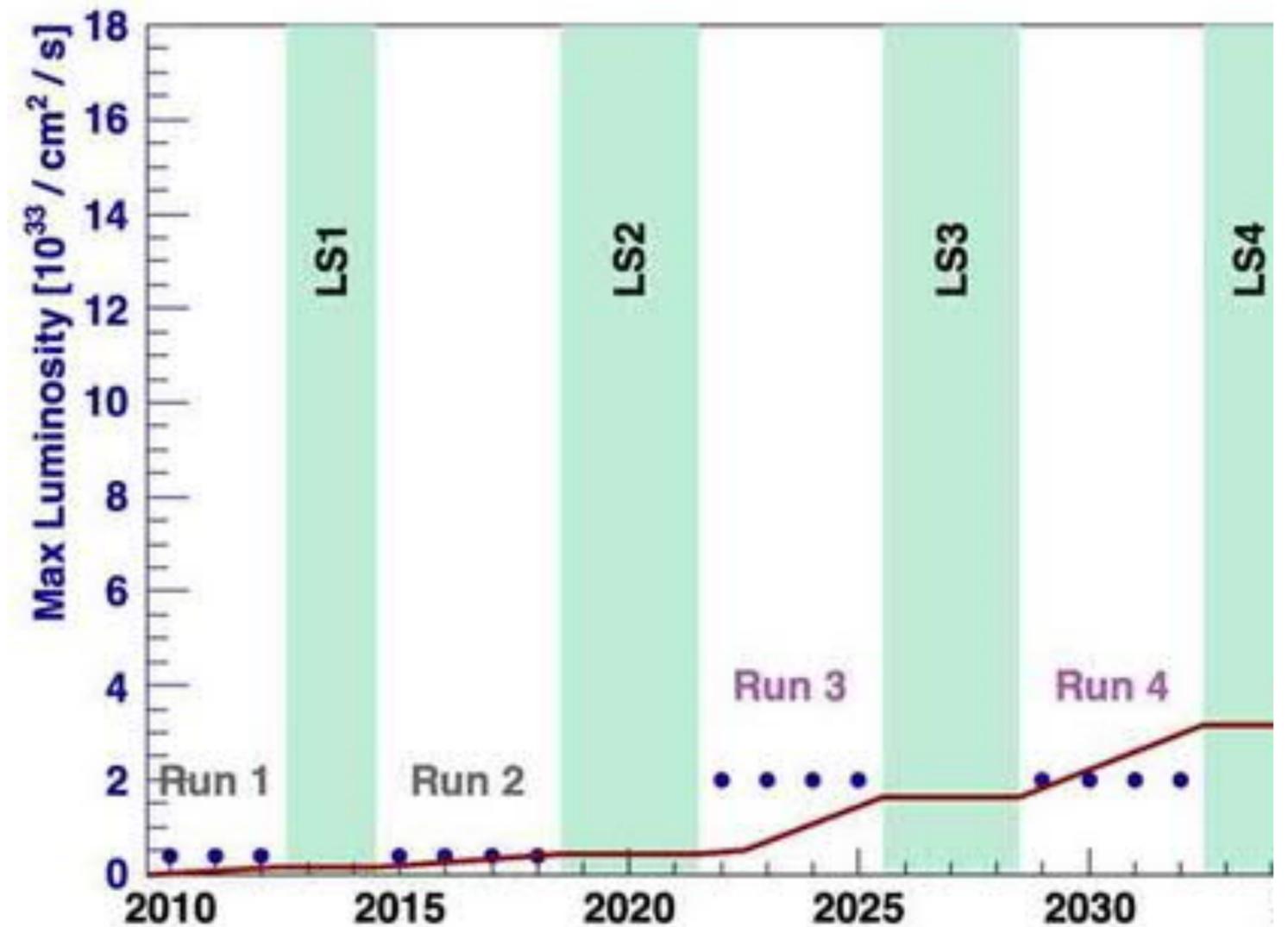
- ▶ Component damage possible

The LHCb Detector



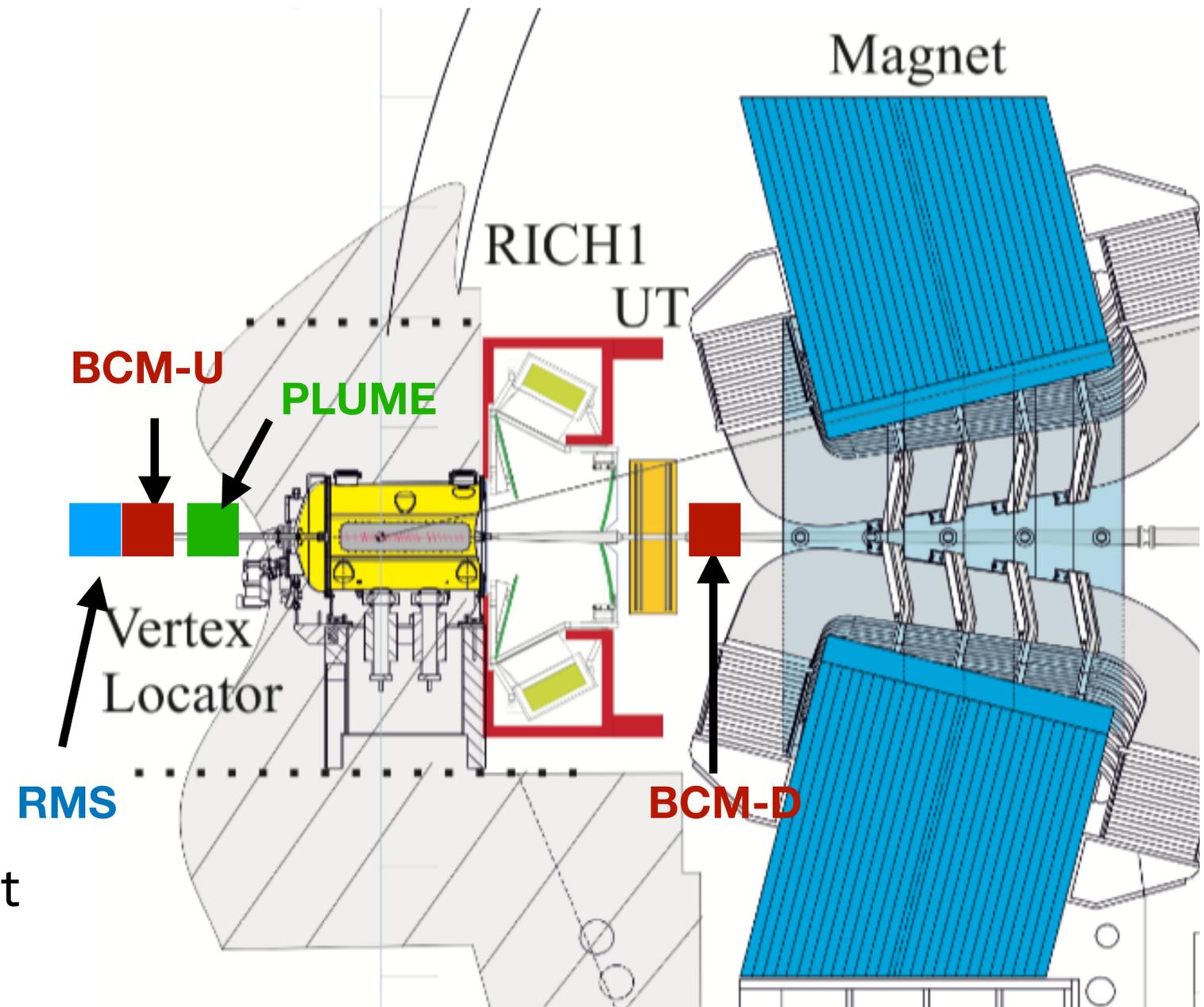
Conditions in Run 3 + 4

- ▶ Luminosity $2 * 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
- ▶ Integrated luminosity 50 fb^{-1} (~10 y)
- ▶ Full software trigger
- ▶ Trigger-less 40 MHz Detector readout
- ▶ Reduced VELO-beam distance
 - 5.1mm radial distance (8.2mm before)



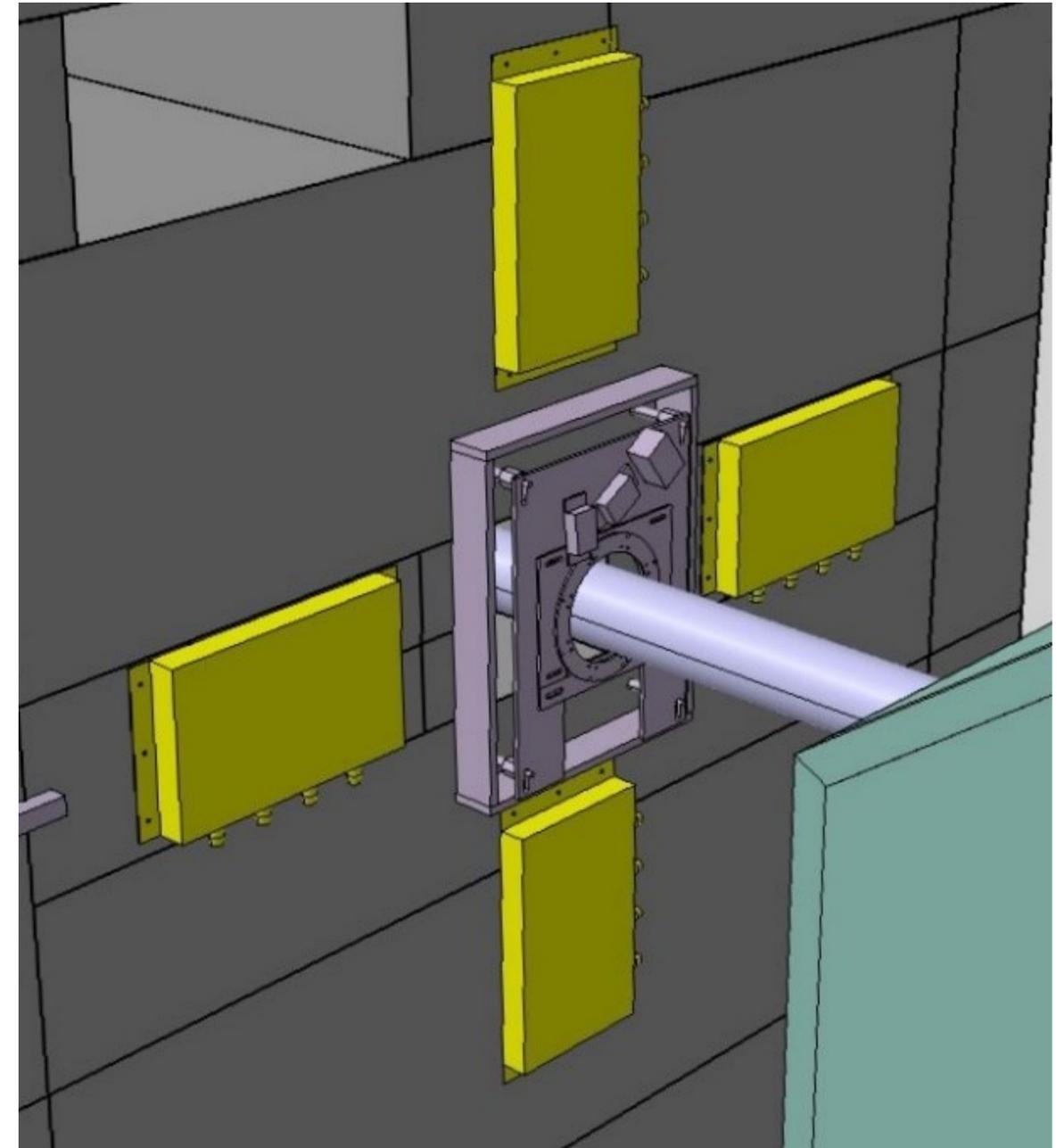
Monitoring system positions

- ▶ Radiation Monitoring System (**RMS**)
 - Shielding wall
- ▶ Beam Conditions Monitor (**BCM**)
 - Upstream next to RMS
 - Downstream in front of the magnet
- ▶ **PLUME**
 - Details in „Luminosity at LHCb in Run 3“ today 15:50
 - Poster : Probe for Luminosity Measurement at LHCb



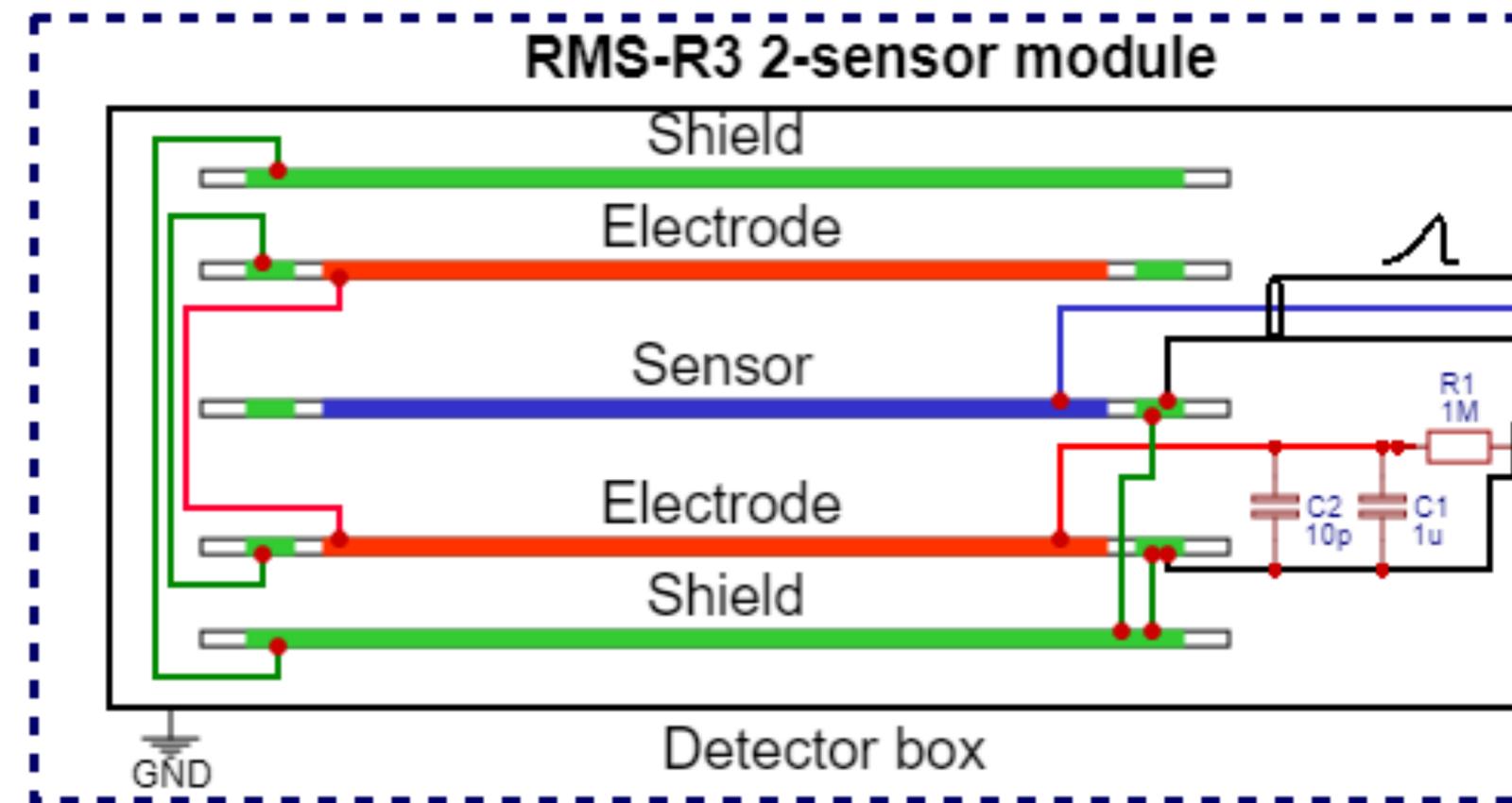
RMS-R3

- ▶ 4 Modules symmetrically around beam-pipe
- ▶ Backward acceptance of 7-14 degrees
- ▶ Relative beam interaction rate
- ▶ Interaction Point shifts -> Flux asymmetries
- ▶ Background conditions monitoring



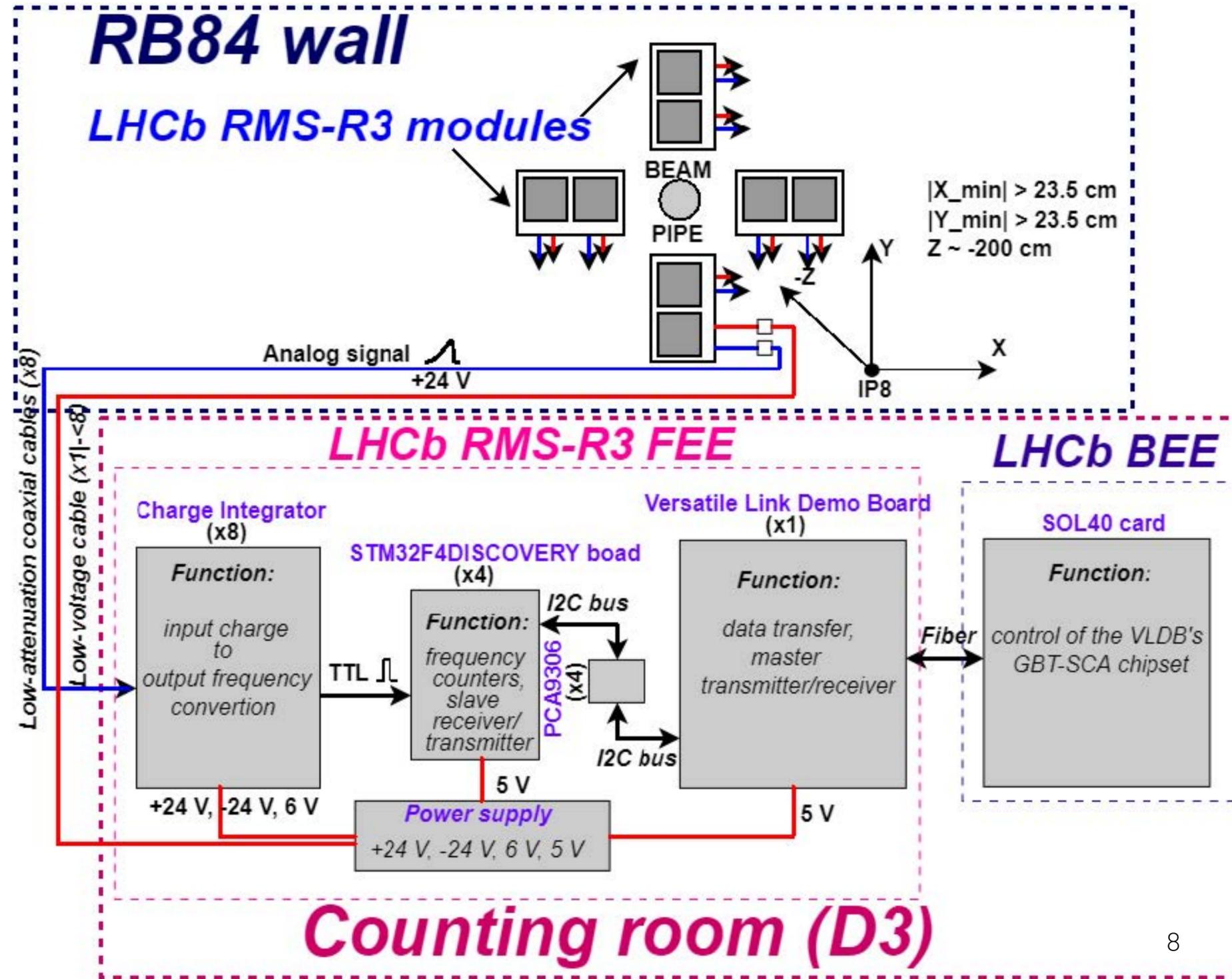
RMS module

- ▶ Metal foil detector (MFD) with 5 Layer
- ▶ Sensor layer 50 μm copper
- ▶ Bias voltage 24 V
- ▶ Secondary electron emission -> positive charge in foil
- ▶ Dynamic range from $10^3 - 10^9$ MIP/sec
- ▶ Channel noise and resolution < 1%

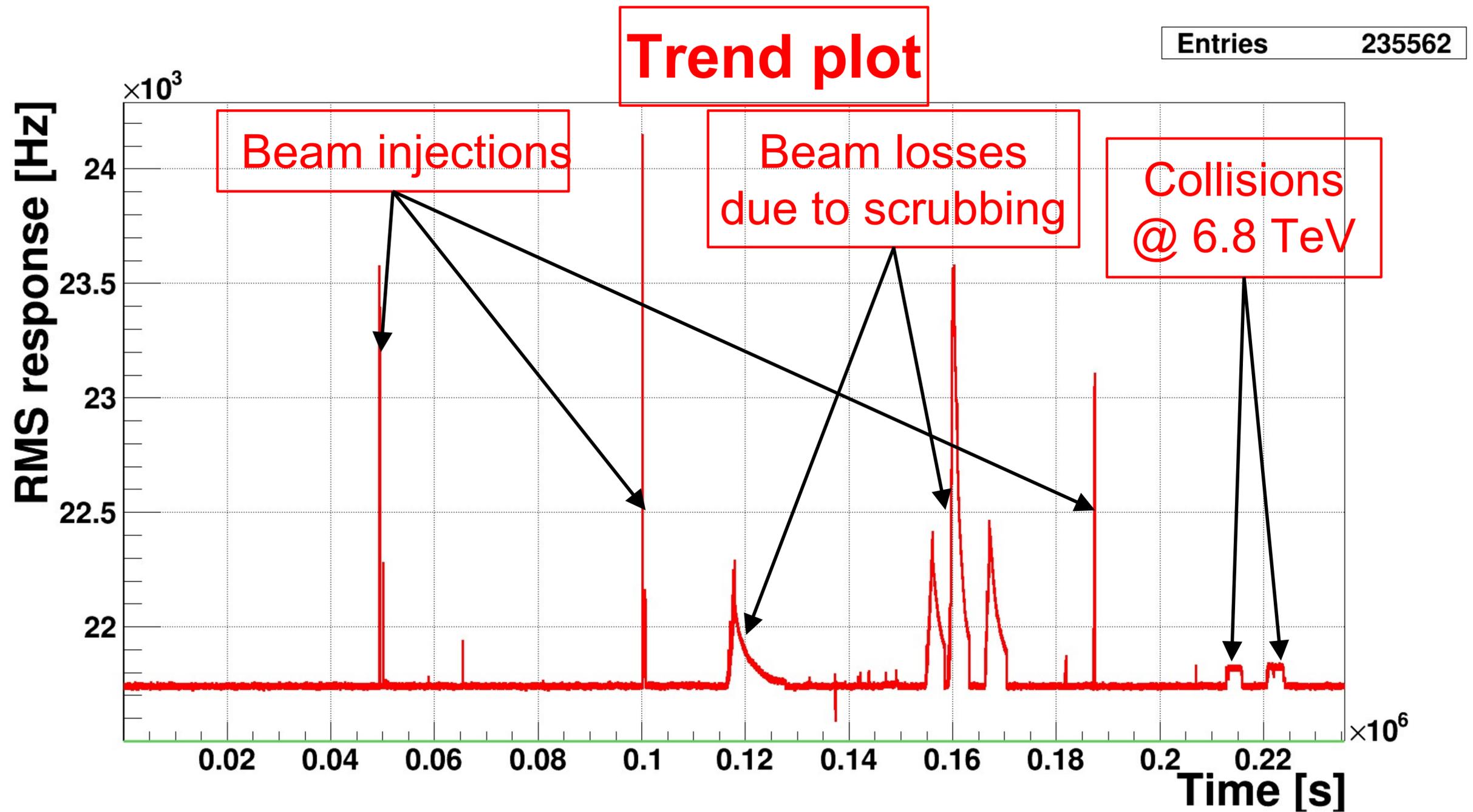


RMS data chain

- ▶ Integration time 1 s
- ▶ Current frequency converter
- ▶ Frequency counter
- ▶ Interface to LHCb via SOL40

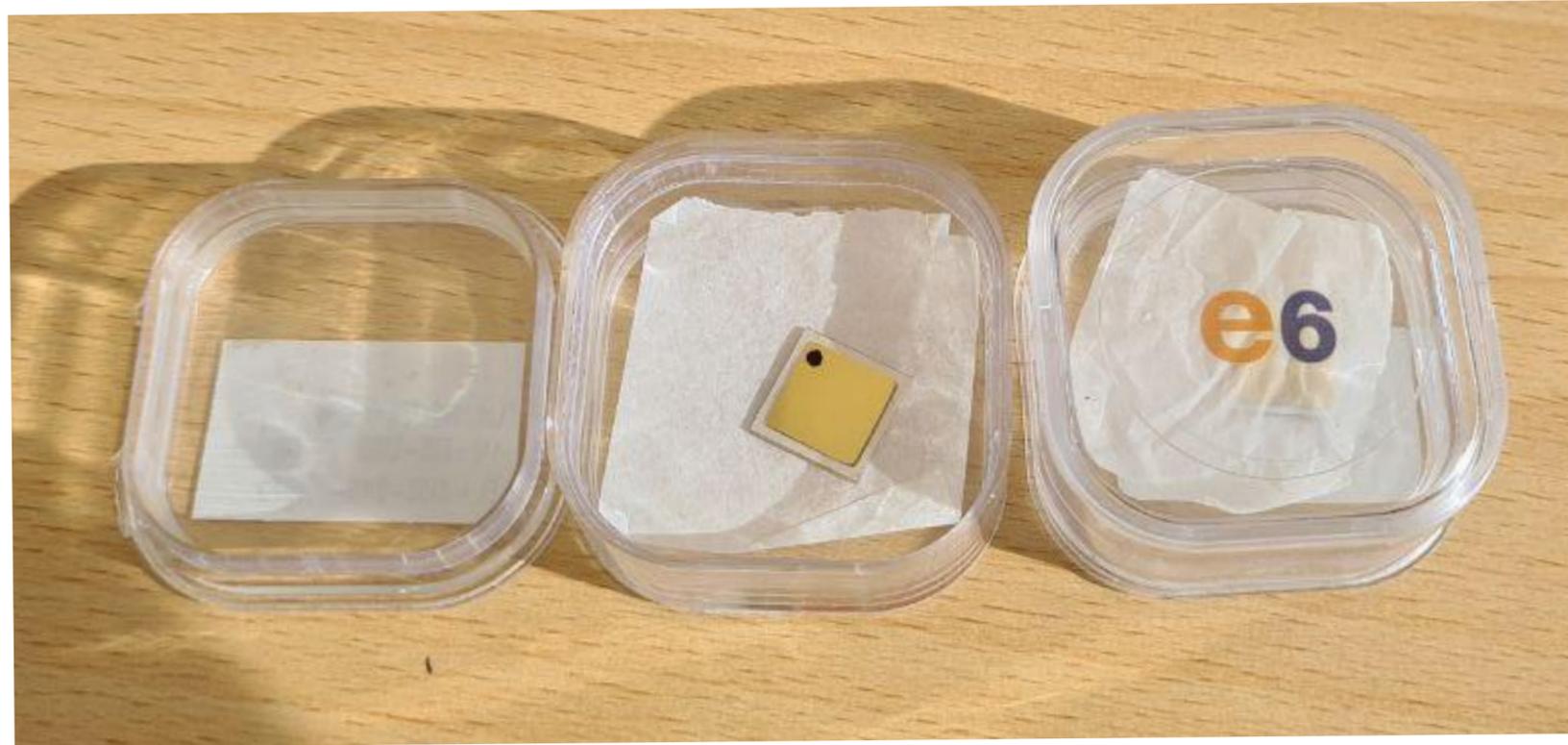


First RMS run 3 data



BCM

- ▶ 8 Diamond sensors per station
 - Synthetic and poly-crystalline
 - 10 mm * 10 mm and 0.5 mm thick
 - Steamed titanium-gold contacts
- ▶ Bias voltage = 200 V
- ▶ Custom made support structures



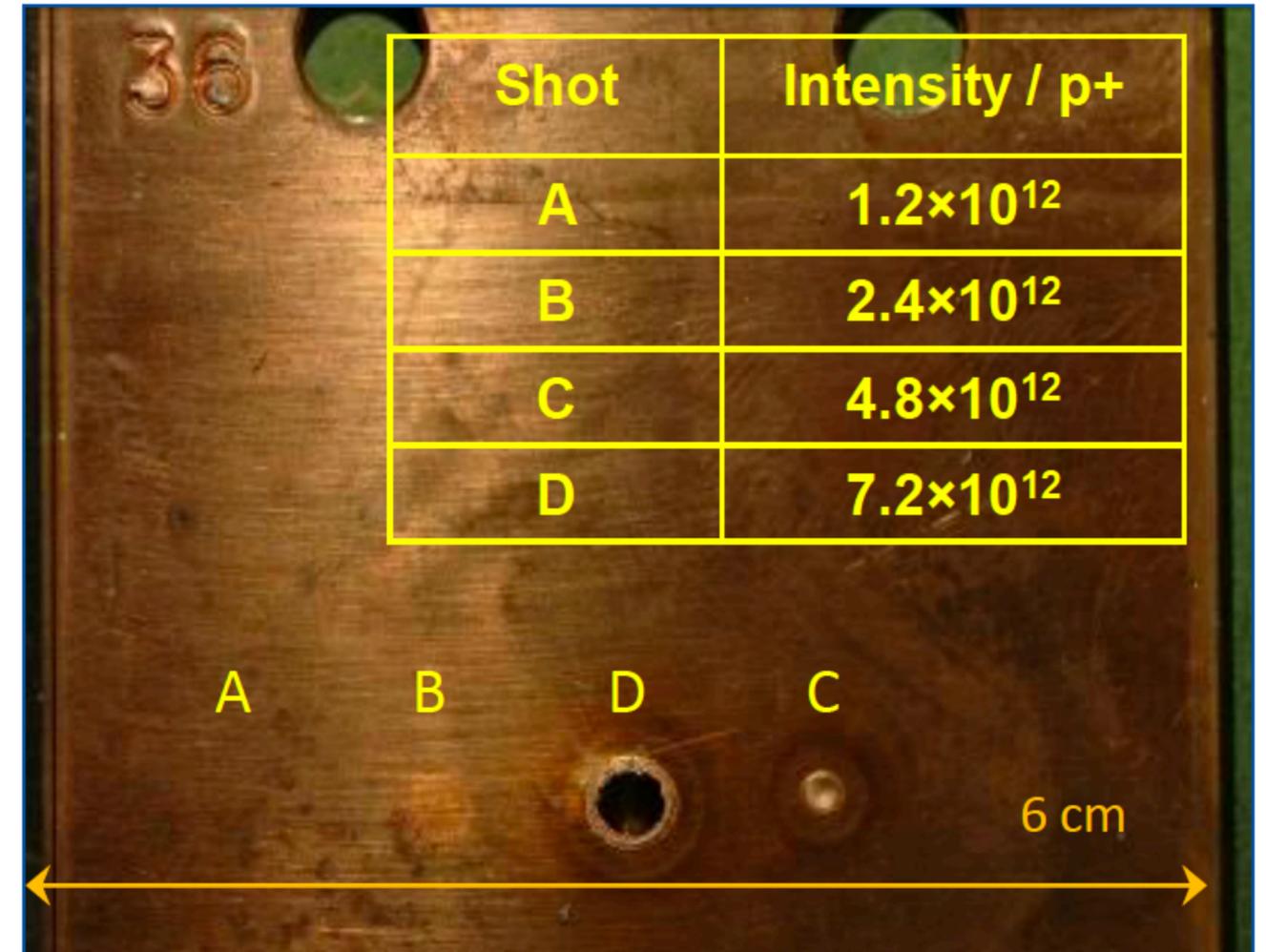
BCM motivation

▶ LHC beam 2 injection in front of LHCb

- Large beam-shape
- Most imprecise condition

▶ VELO in vacuum

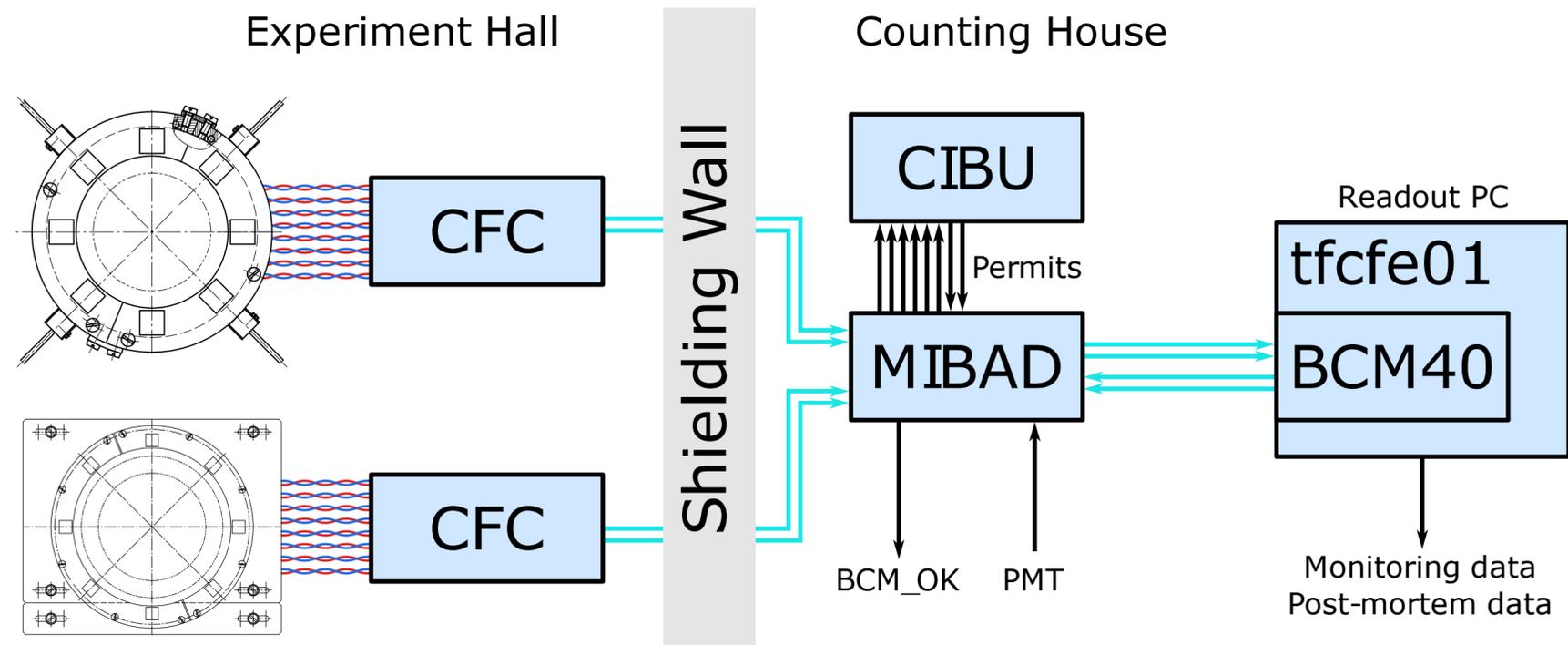
- Stable beam condition -> sensors are moved closer to the beam
- Sensor 5.1 mm, RF-foil 3.5 mm
- BCM interlock signal needed



SPS 450 GeV beam

Signal processing

- ▶ Current integration via CFC card
 - Time window = 40 μ s
 - Data sent via optical link
- ▶ Beam permit in non-radiative area
- ▶ Signal threshold comparison on custom FPGA, Aria V



BCM beam-dump logic

Current Measurements every 40 μ s

Short range abort (~1 LHC turn)

Apply threshold for each diamond and frame

Threshold passed for two consecutive measurements ?

In three neighbouring diamonds?

Long range abort (~14 LHC turn)

Sum current per diamond over 32 measurements

Sum diamonds in each station (excluding 2 largest and 1 smallest)

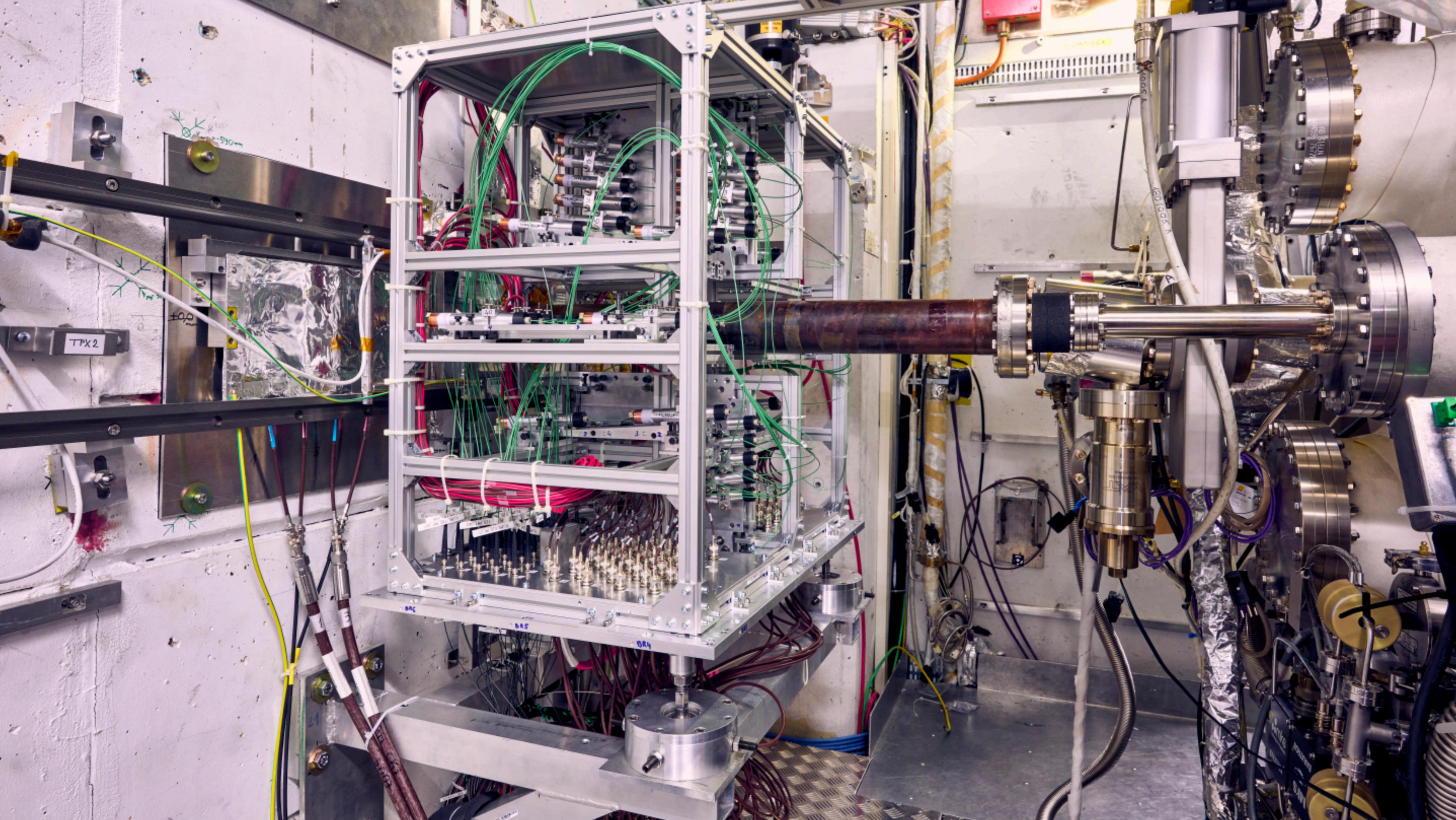
Apply threshold

Beam dump via LHC interface

BCM-U

- ▶ Limited space
- ▶ Sliding doors with half ring
- ▶ Most activated area at LHCb
- ▶ Quick replacement, in case of damage

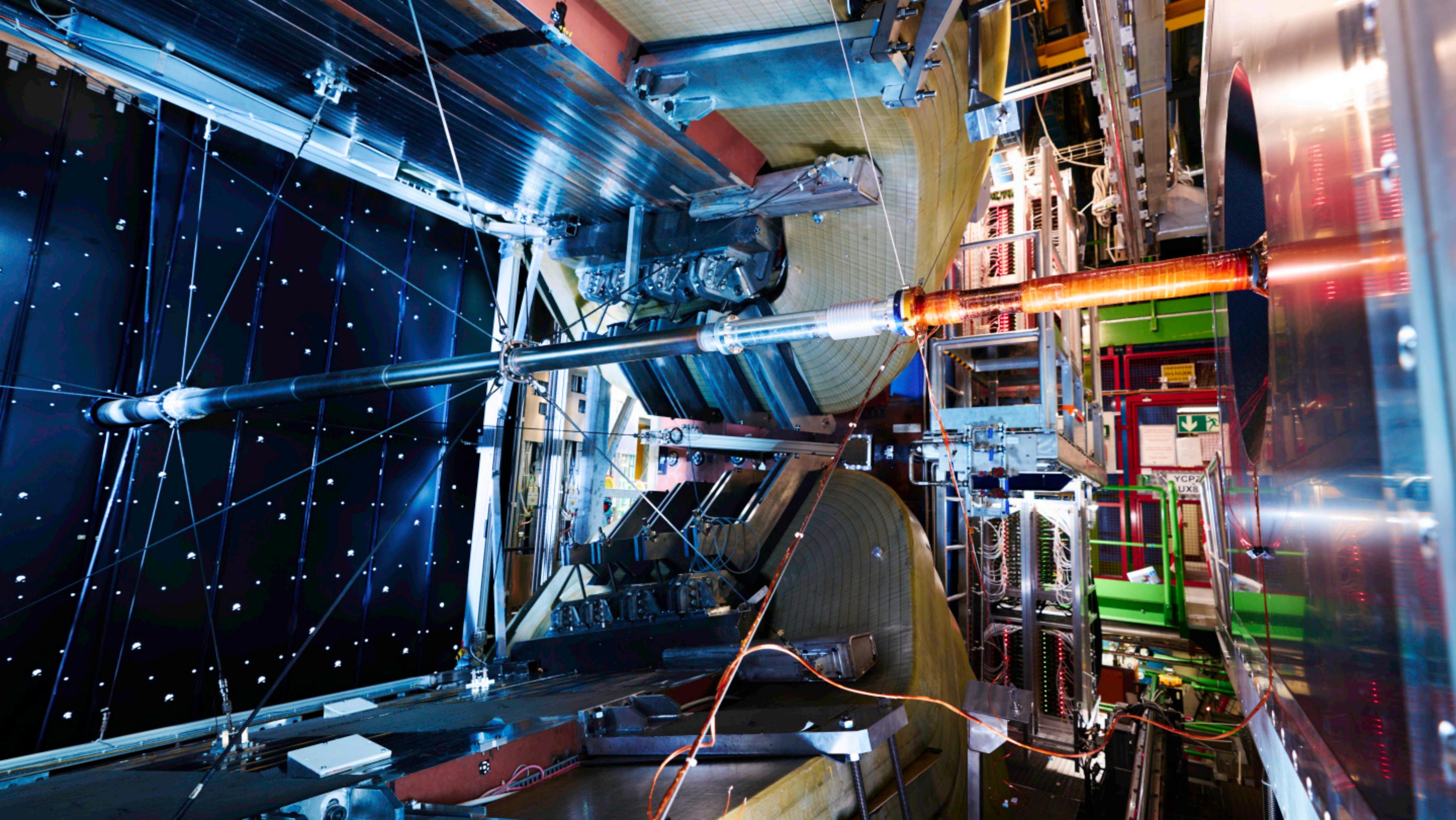




BCM-D

- ▶ Mounted around beryllium beam-pipe
- ▶ Support ring made of Tekapeek
 - Radiation hard
 - Low material budget
- ▶ Station and cable Kapton shielded





Conclusion

- ▶ RMS and BCM ready for RUN 3
- ▶ Successful data taking during
 - Beam test
 - Scrubbing / loss maps
 - First 13.8 TeV collisions

