



ID contributo: 262

Tipo: Parallel Talk

Extending the ALICE strong-interaction studies to nuclei: measurement of proton-deuteron and Λ -deuteron correlations in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

sabato 9 luglio 2022 17:30 (15 minuti)

In the journey to explore the strong interaction among hadrons, ALICE has for the first time flared out its femtoscopic studies to nuclei. The large data sample of high-multiplicity pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV allows the measurement of the proton-deuteron (p-d) and the hyperon-deuteron (Λ -d) momentum correlations. The femtoscopic study of these systems opens the door to investigate the formation mechanism of the light nuclei in hadron-hadron collisions.

In this contribution, the measured correlation functions for p-d and Λ -d are presented and compared to theoretical predictions. In the case of p-d correlations, the data show a shallow depletion at low relative momenta, while the full-fledged model calculations which include all relevant interactions predict a strong repulsive signal. Possible explanations include a late formation of the deuterons leading to the suppression of strong interactions between protons and deuterons. In addition, the measured Λ -d correlation is in agreement with hypothesis of no strong interaction due to the late formation of deuterons, supporting the findings in p-d. In general, we demonstrate how correlation functions can be exploited to study the production mechanism of light nuclei at the LHC.

In-person participation

Yes

Autore principale: CC CHAIRS, ALICE**Relatore:** SINGH, Bhawani (Technical University of Munich)**Classifica Sessioni:** Strong interactions and Hadron Physics**Classificazione della track:** Strong interactions and Hadron Physics