

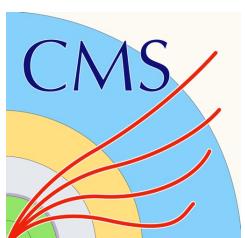


CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN

Data recorded: 2018-Nov-08 20:47:53.005743 GMT

Run / Event / LS: 326382 / 273255 / 7

Flow measurements in heavy ion collisions with CMS



Shengquan Tuo
(Vanderbilt University)
for the CMS Collaboration

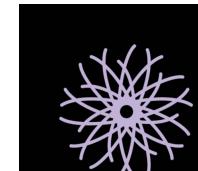


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

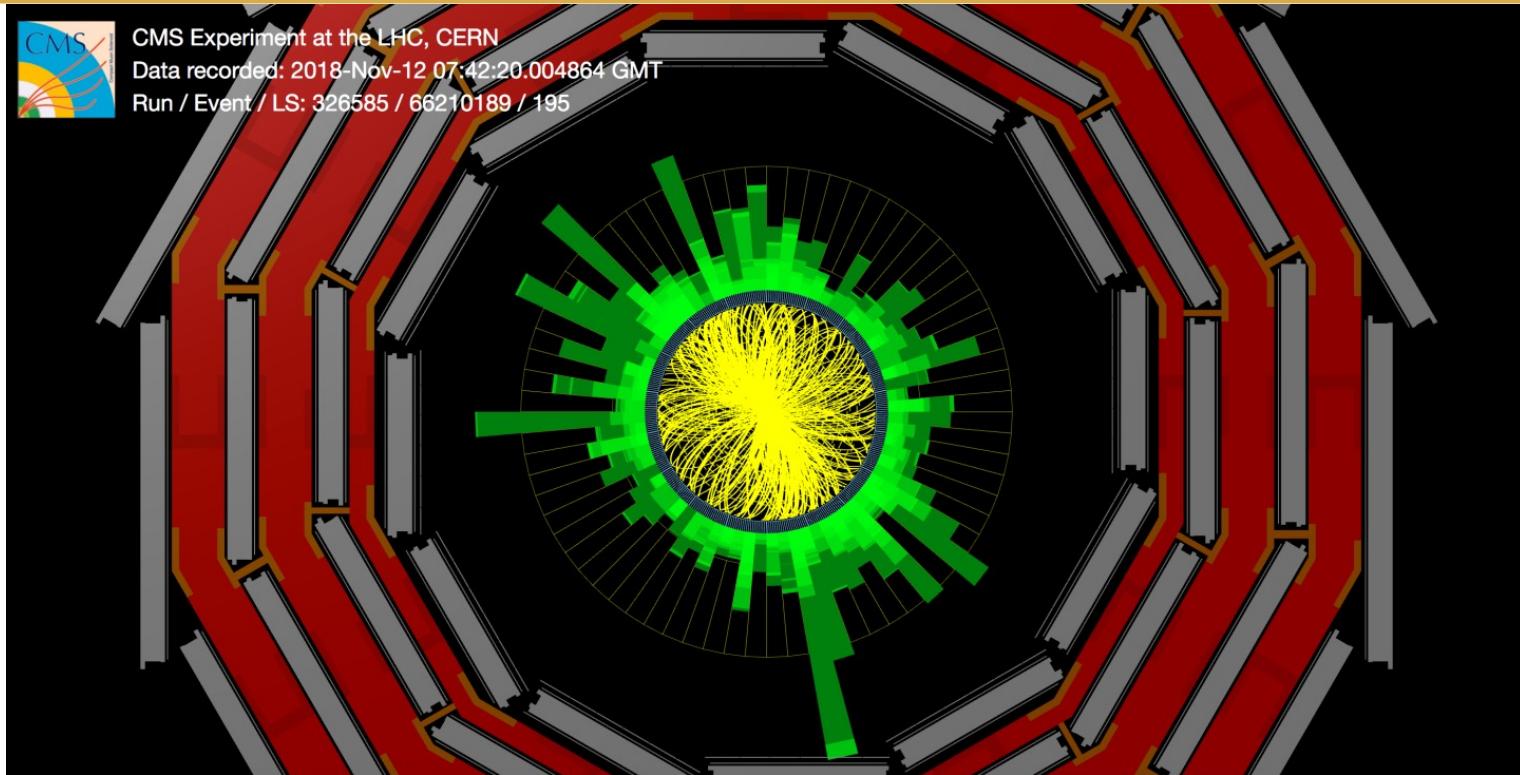
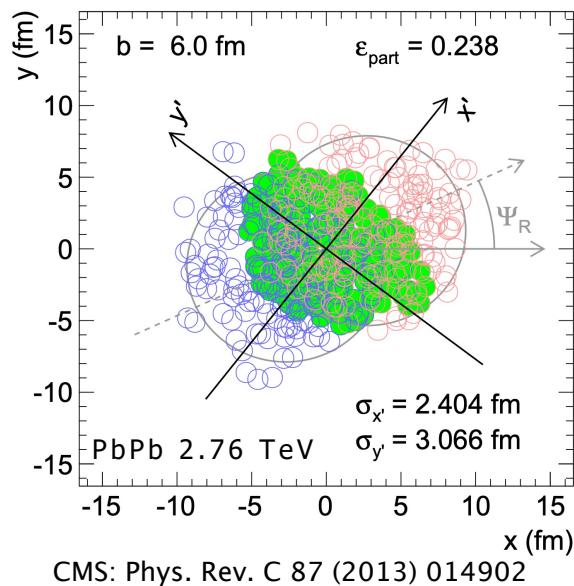
Office of
Science

July 8, 2022



 ICHEP 2022
BOLOGNA

FLOW IN HEAVY ION COLLISIONS

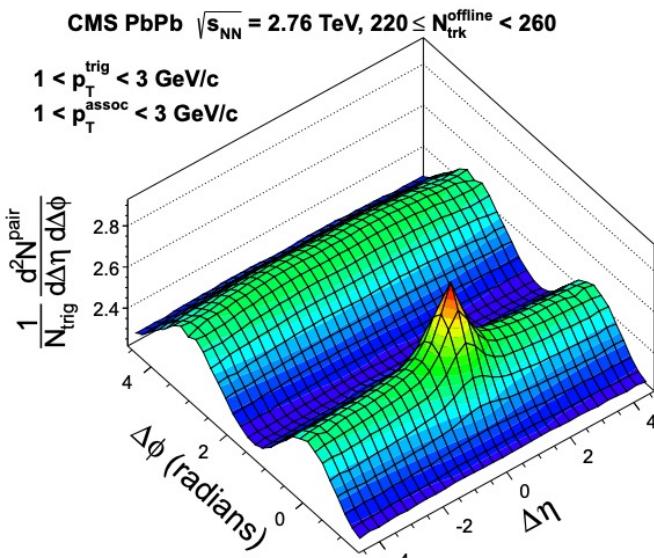


- One PbPb collision \rightarrow hundreds of nucleon-nucleon (NN) collisions
- Particles produced in preferred angles from hundreds of NN collisions at the same time \rightarrow collective FLOW of the created medium: Quark-Gluon Plasma
 - Initial state geometry, fluctuations
 - Medium properties, parton-medium interactions

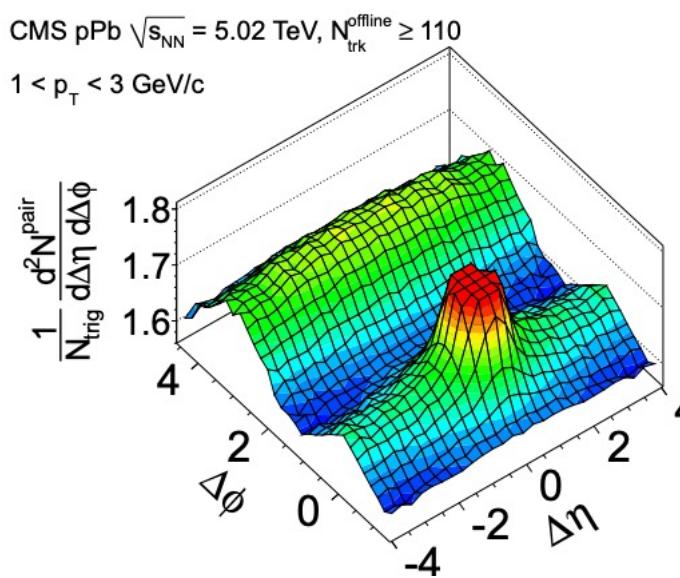
$$dN/d\phi \propto 1 + \sum_n v_n \cos(n(\phi - \Psi_n))$$

Elliptic flow: v_2
Triangular flow: v_3

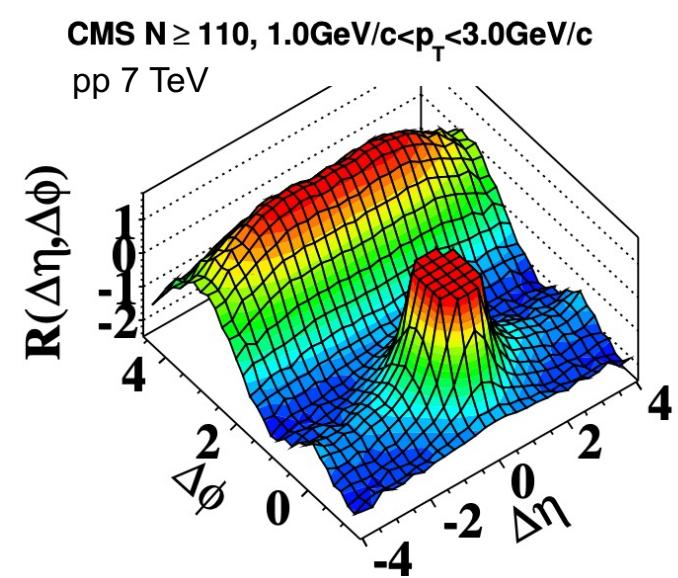
FLOW measurements in CMS



CMS: Phys. Lett. B 724 (2013) 213

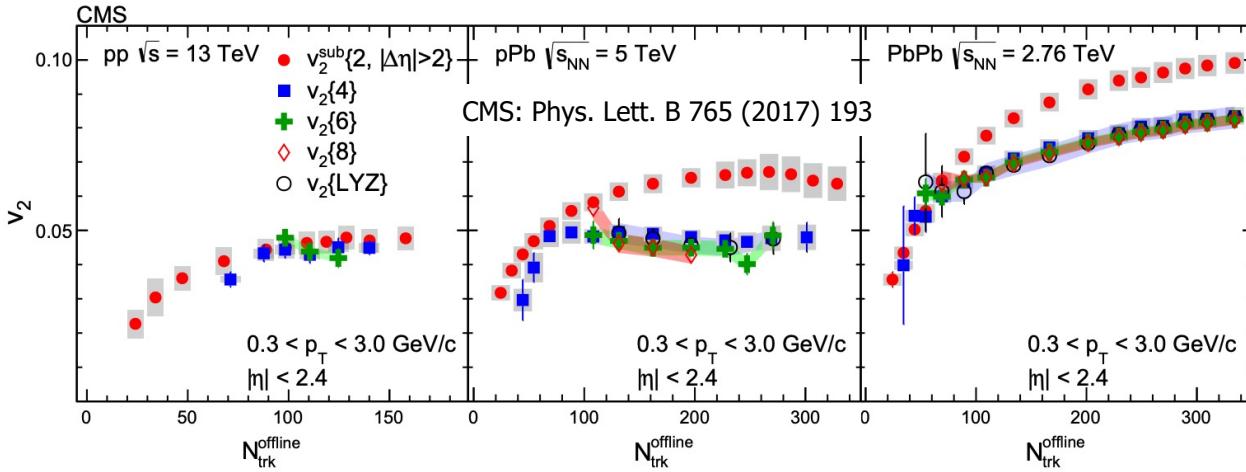


CMS: Phys. Lett. B 718 (2013) 795



CMS: JHEP 1009:091, 2010

Evidence of flow in small collision systems



Analysis methods:

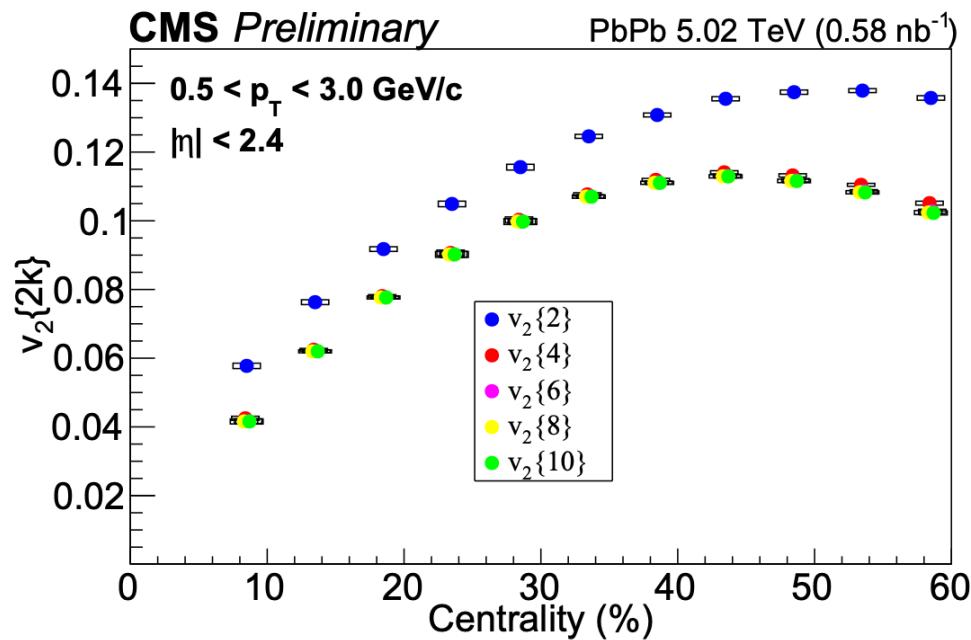
- Two particle correlations
- Multiparticle correlations to remove correlations that are not from collective flow (nonflow)

CMS heavy ion flow measurements include

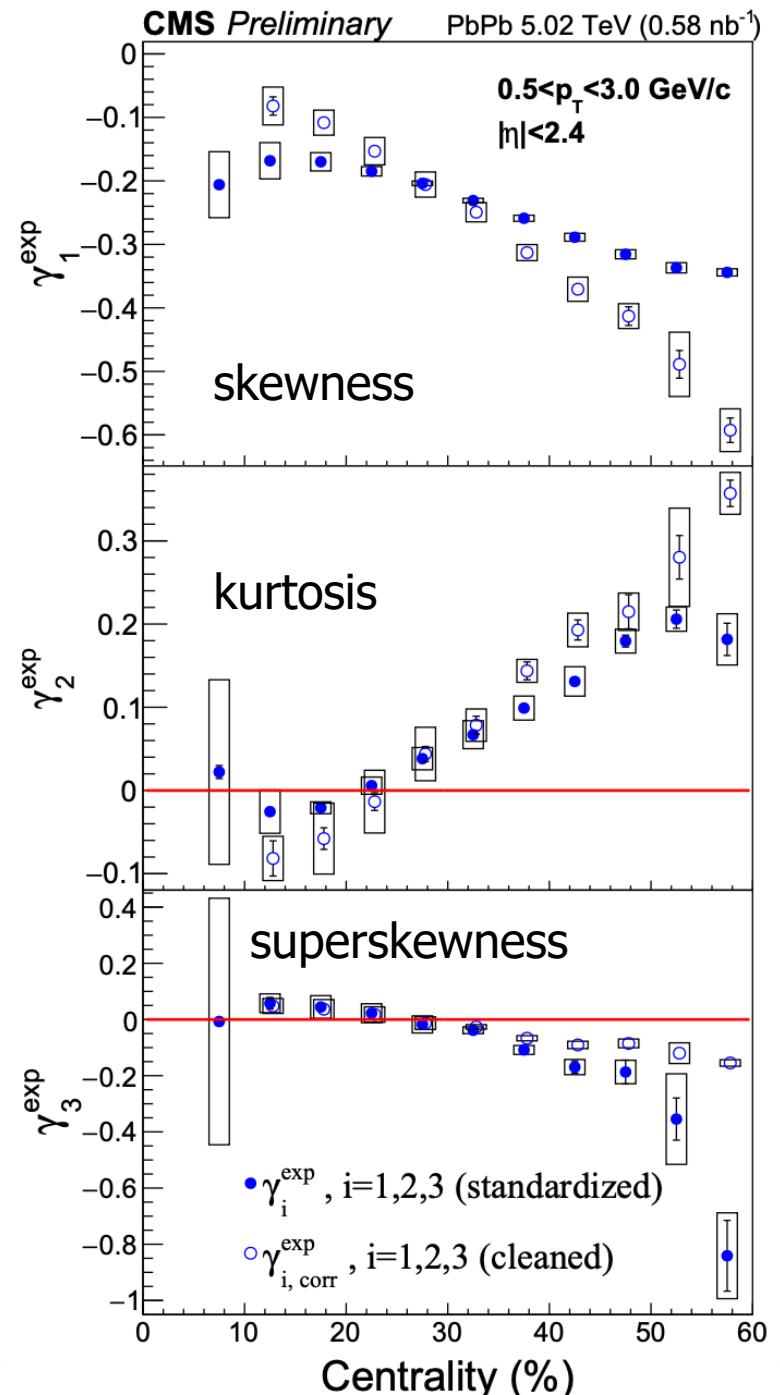
- Collision system size scan: PbPb, pPb, pp, γp collisions
- Particle species scan: Charged hadrons (mostly light quark), strange /charm /bottom hadrons, Jets, Z boson

CHARGED HADRONS – CUMULANTS IN PbPb

CMS-PAS-HIN-21-010

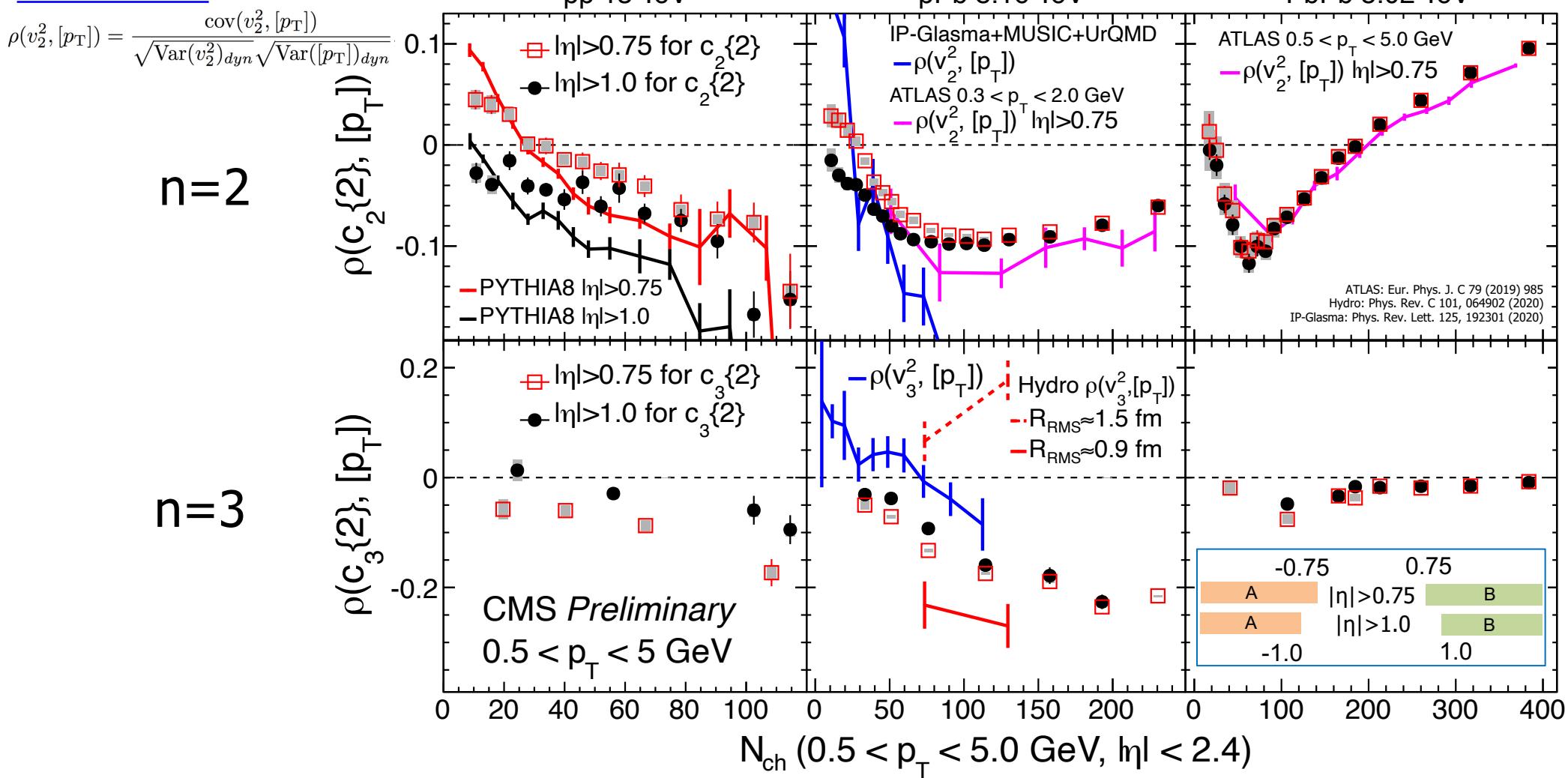


- Measurements of v_2 with up to 10 particle correlations from the cumulant method
- Splittings between cumulant of different orders are sensitive to non-Gaussian fluctuations of v_2
- Hydrodynamics and initial state models can be tested with the moments: skewness, kurtosis, and superskewness



FLOW-MEAN PT CORRELATIONS

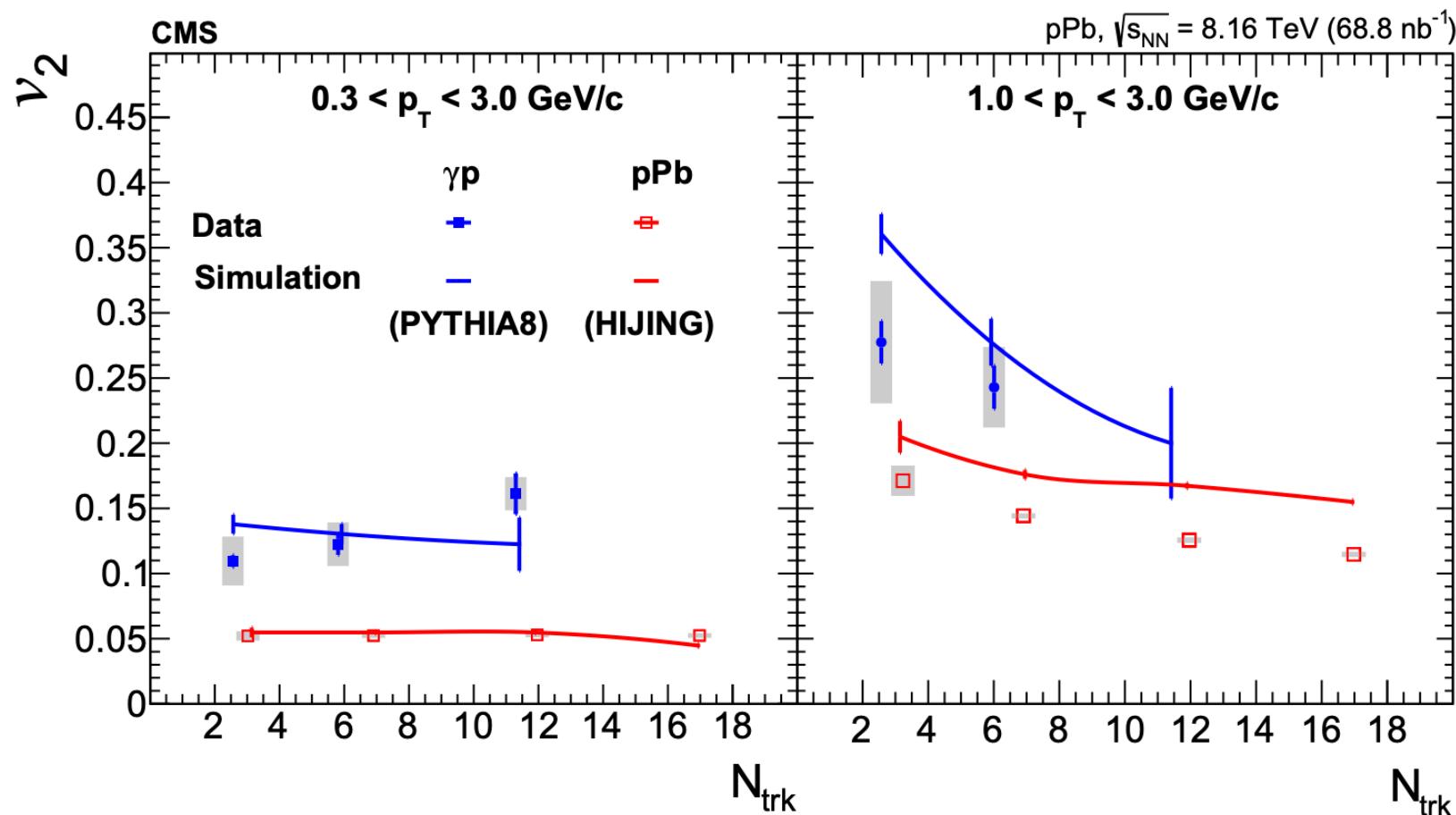
CMS-PAS-HIN-21-012



- Apparent sign change for $\rho(c_2\{2\}, [p_T])$ in pPb \rightarrow agree with IP-Glasma+hydrodynamics
- However, no sign change is observed when using $|\eta| > 1.0$ for $c_2\{2\}$
- After removing nonflow with larger η gap, no evidence of CGC in data
- Data better described by the smaller initial fireball $R_{RMS}=0.9 \text{ fm}$ in hydrodynamics

FLOW IN PHOTON-P COLLISIONS

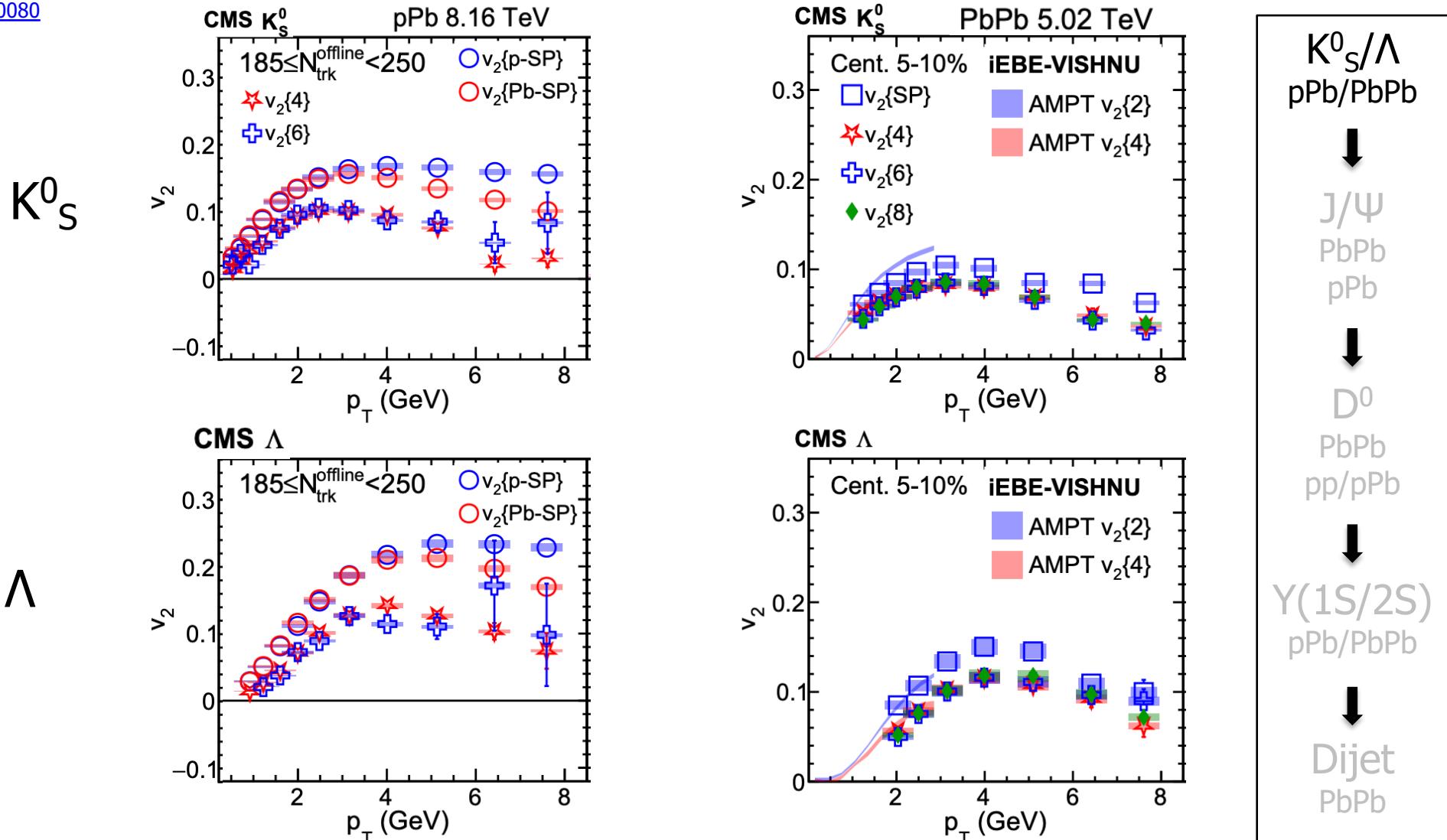
arXiv:2204.13486



- Search for azimuthal anisotropy in γp interactions with $p\text{Pb}$ UPC
- Nonflow peripheral subtraction not applied
- Consistent with simulations without collective effects for both γp and $p\text{Pb}$ in the N_{trk} range

STRANGE PARTICLE FLOW

[arXiv:2205.00080](https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.00080)

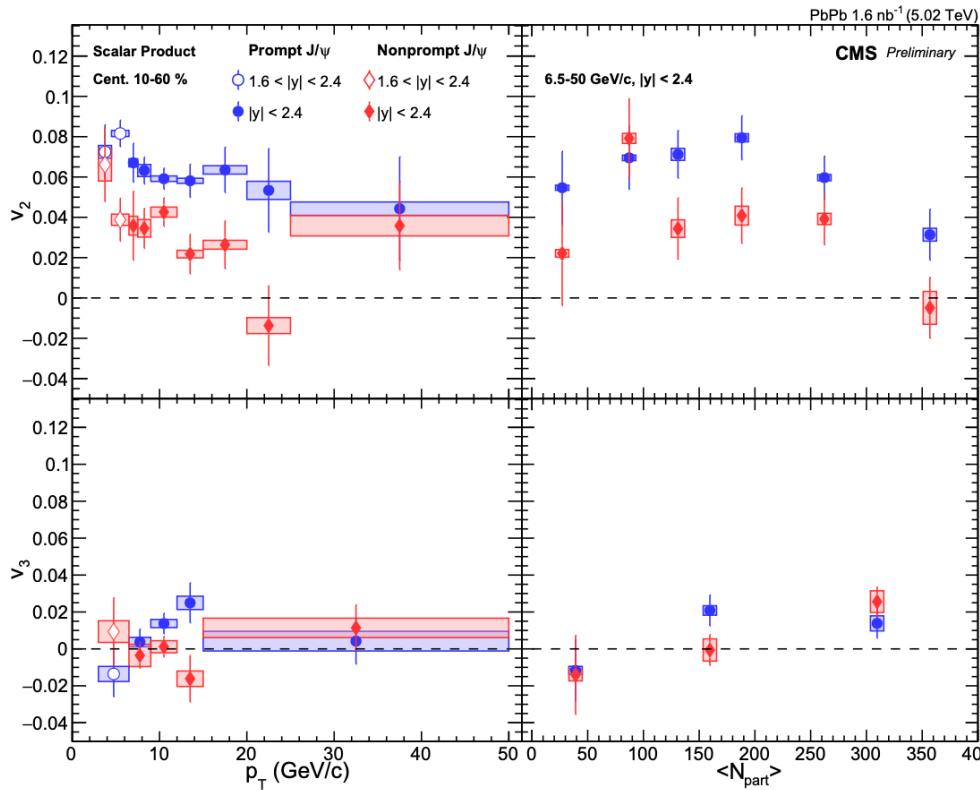


- K^0_s and Λ flow studied with multiparticle correlations
- Four and six particle correlations are nearly identical
- Compared with PbPb to illustrate the system size dependence of event-by-event fluctuations

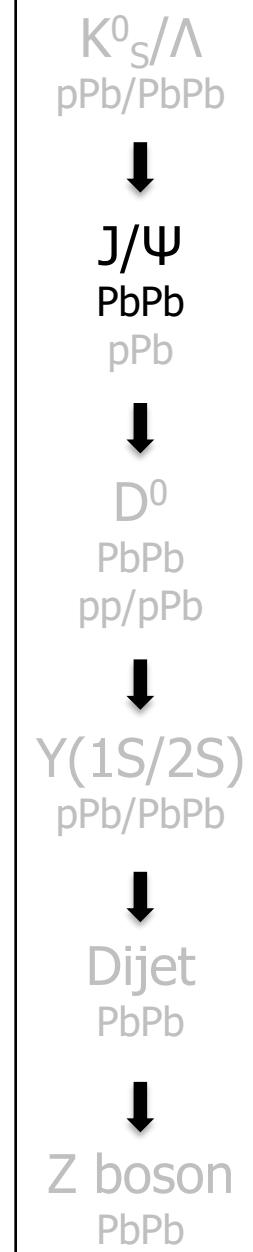
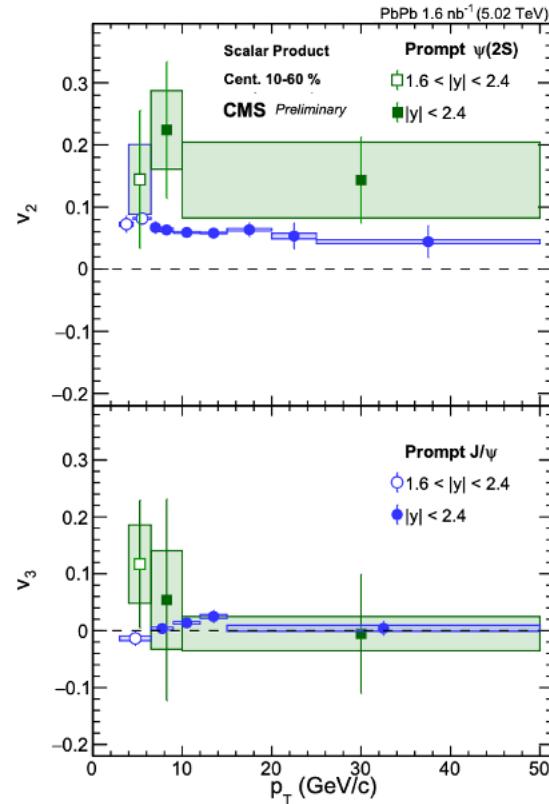
J/ ψ AND $\Psi(2S)$ FLOW IN PbPb

CMS-PAS-HIN-21-008

Prompt J/ ψ and b \rightarrow J/ ψ



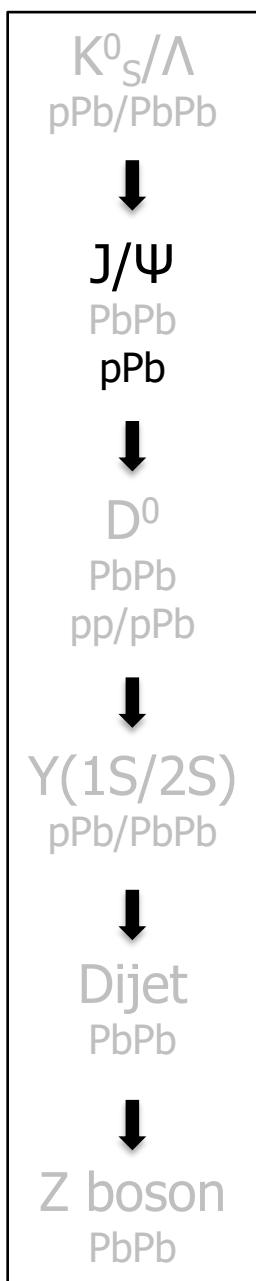
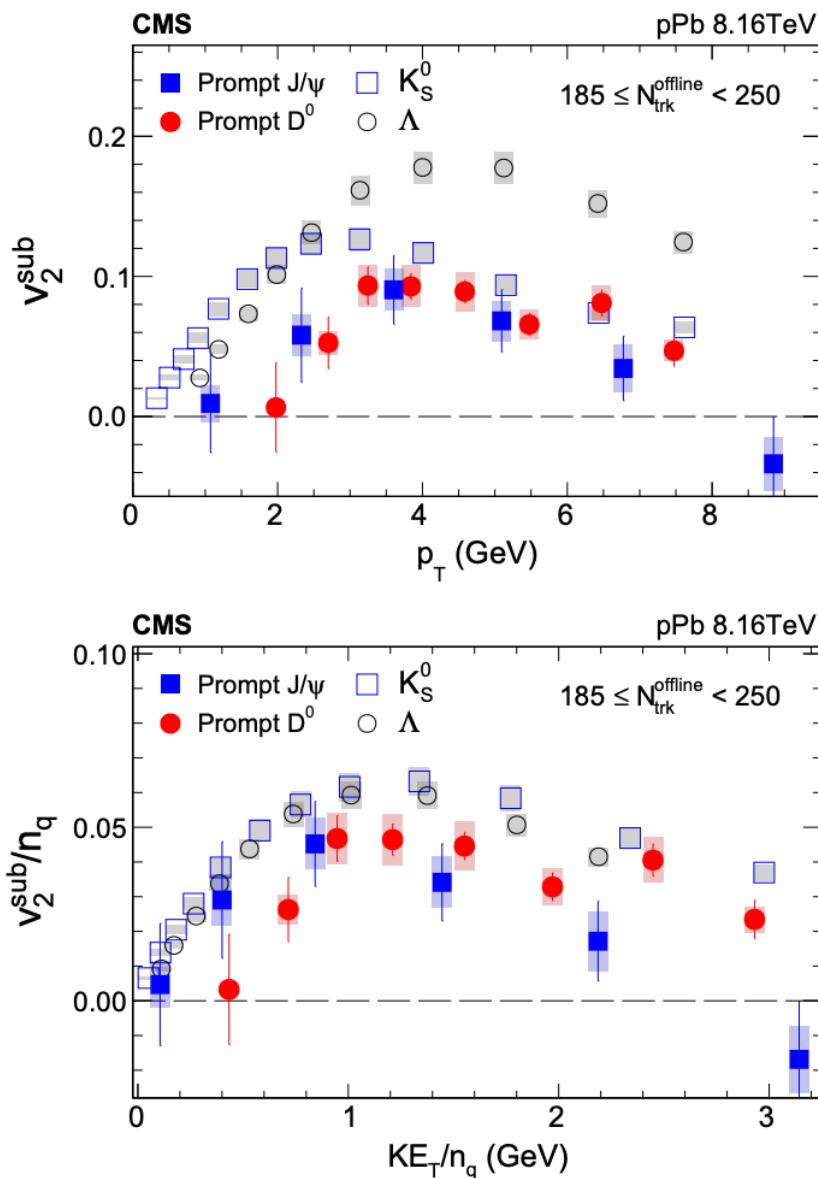
Prompt $\Psi(2S)$



- Significant v_2 for Prompt J/ ψ and b \rightarrow J/ ψ
 - Different dynamics for c and b quark
- First separation of v_3 for prompt and b \rightarrow J/ ψ
- First $\Psi(2S)$ with $v_2 > 0$; consistent with 0 for v_3

J/PSI AND D⁰ IN PPB

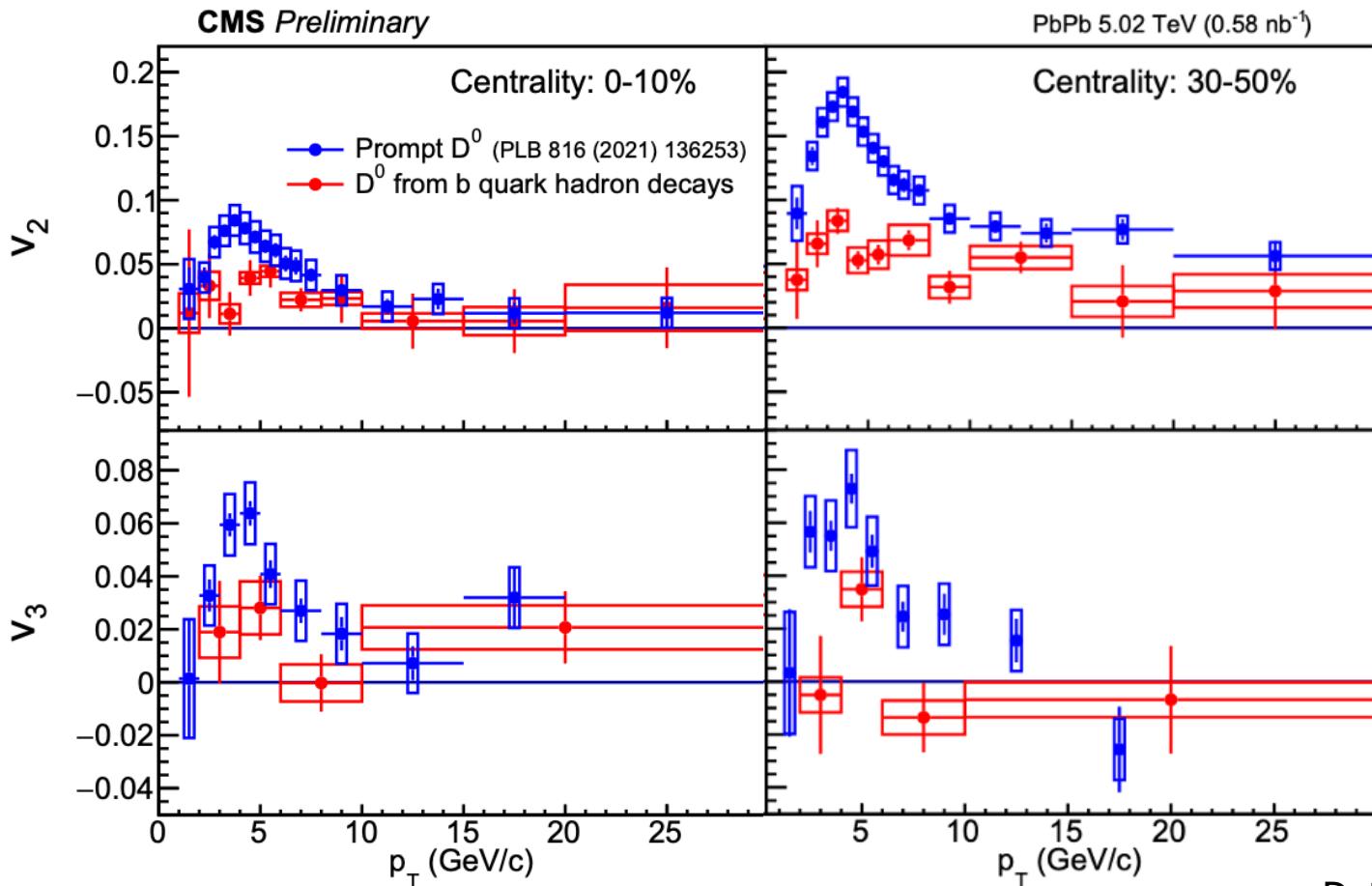
[arXiv:1810.01473](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.01473)



- Evidence of charm quark collectivity in high multiplicity pPb
- Heavy quarks exhibit weaker collective behavior

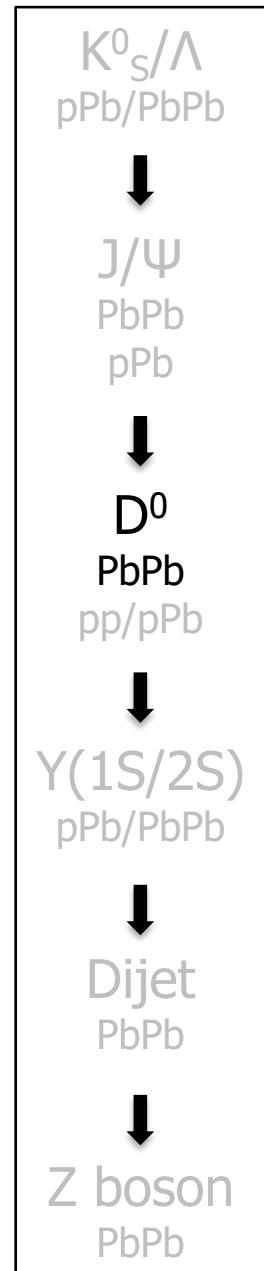
PROMPT D^0 AND $B \rightarrow D^0$ FLOW IN PbPb

CMS-PAS-HIN-21-003



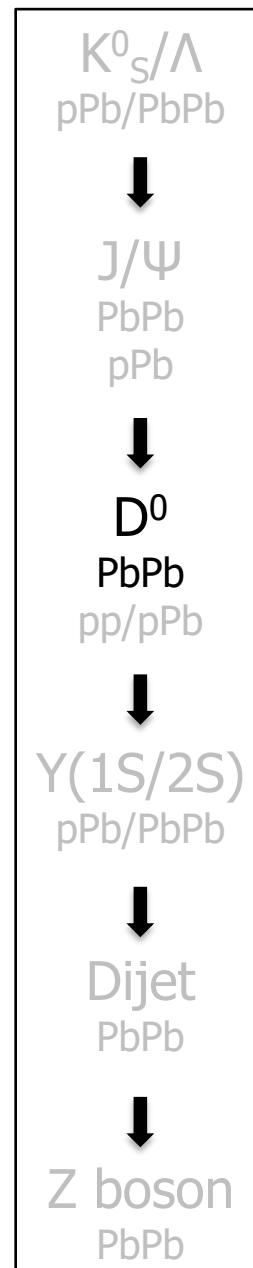
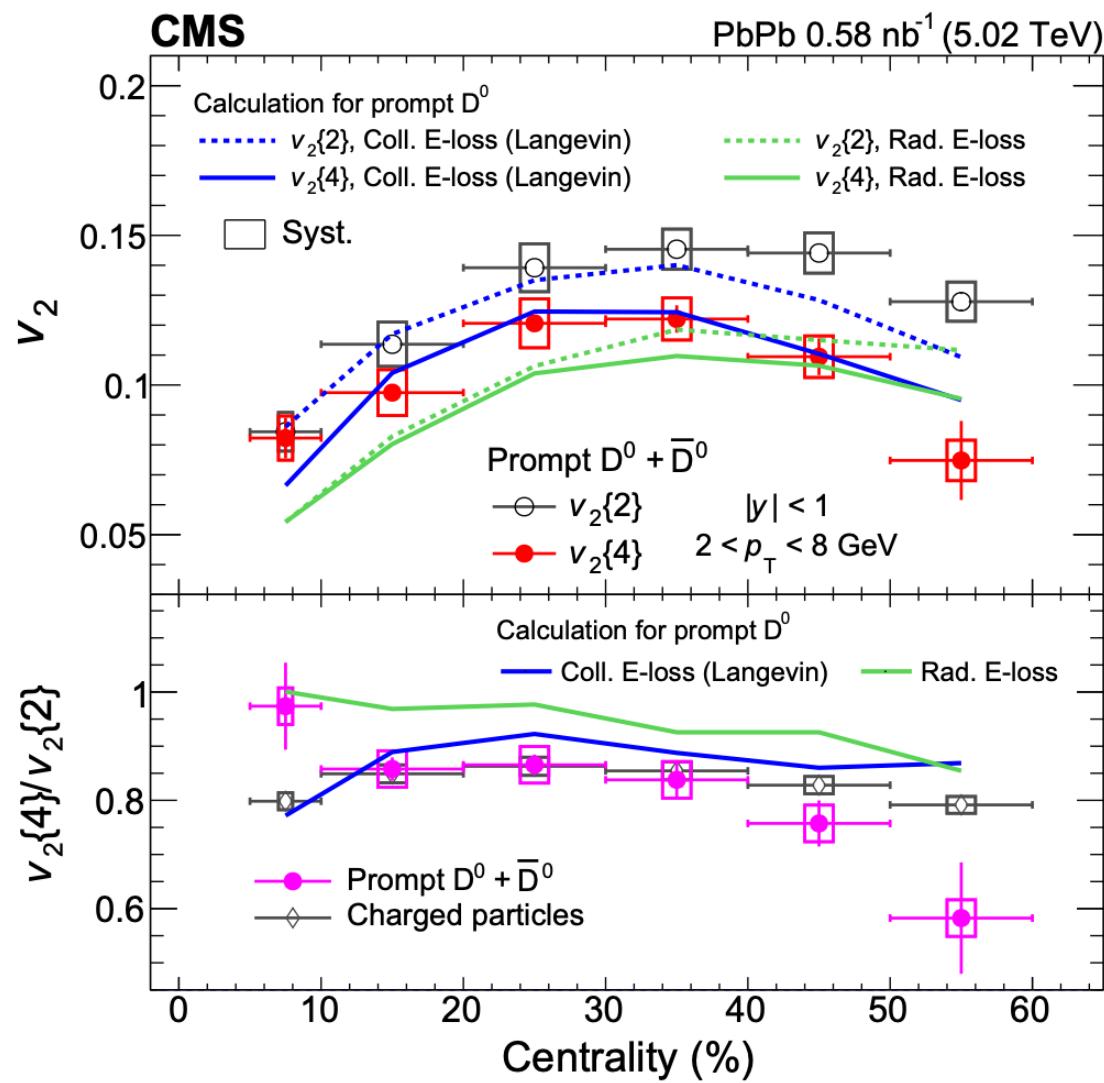
Details in Milan's talk:
[Thursday 15:00](#)

- $(b \rightarrow D^0) v_n$ significantly lower than prompt $D^0 v_n$
- $(b \rightarrow D^0) v_2$, less centrality dependence compared to prompt $D^0 v_2$
 - b quark collectivity affected by fluctuations



D⁰ WITH MULTIPARTICLE CORRELATIONS

arXiv:2112.12236

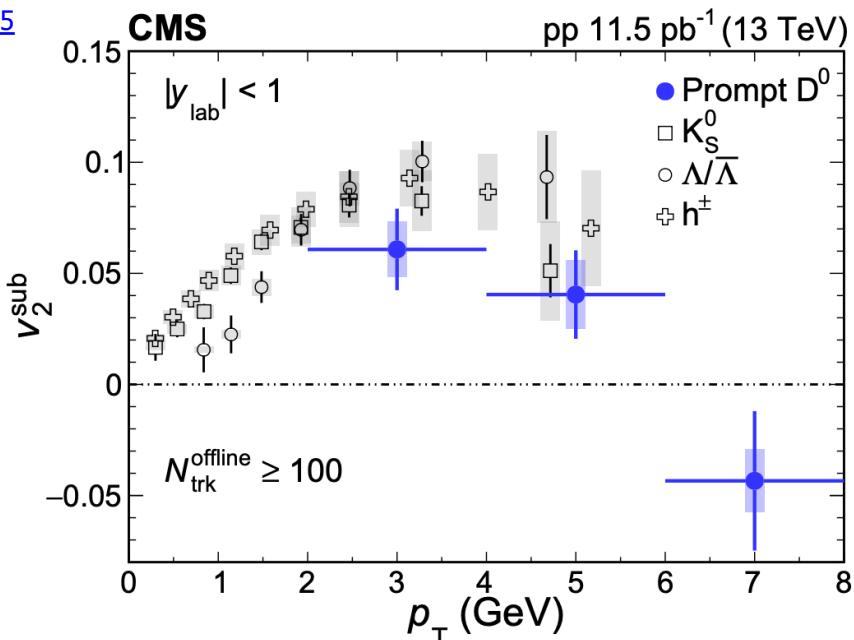


- Probe event-by-event fluctuations
- $v_2\{4\} < v_2\{2\}$ for D^0
- Indications of possible differences in energy loss fluctuations between D^0 and charged hadrons

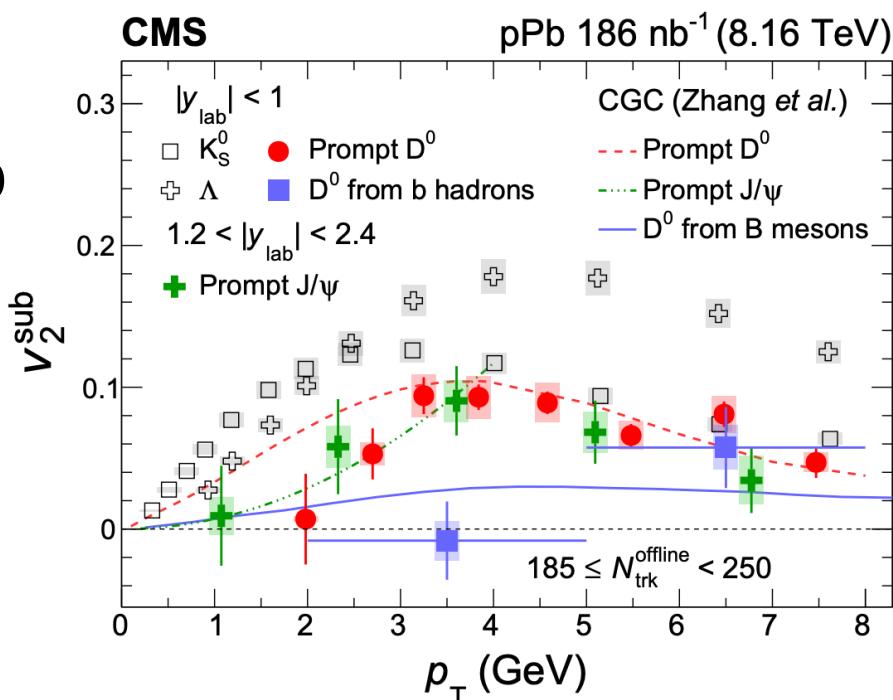
D⁰ FLOW IN PP AND PPB

arXiv:2009.07065

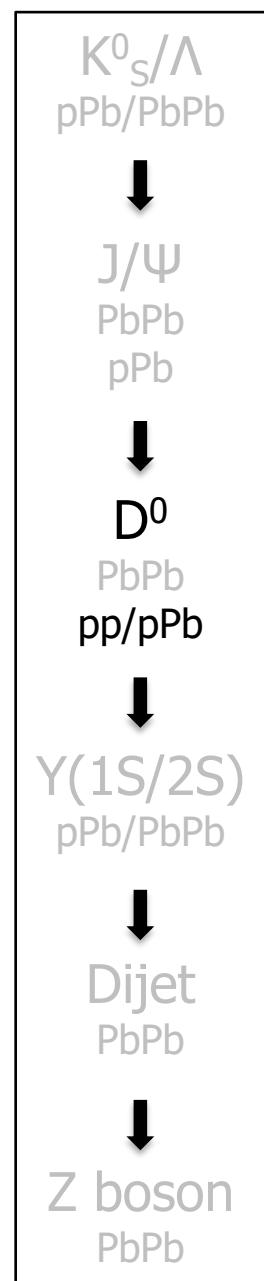
pp



pPb

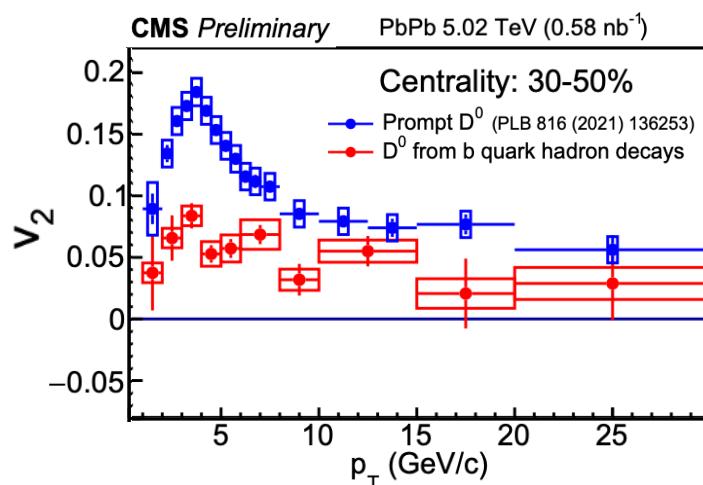
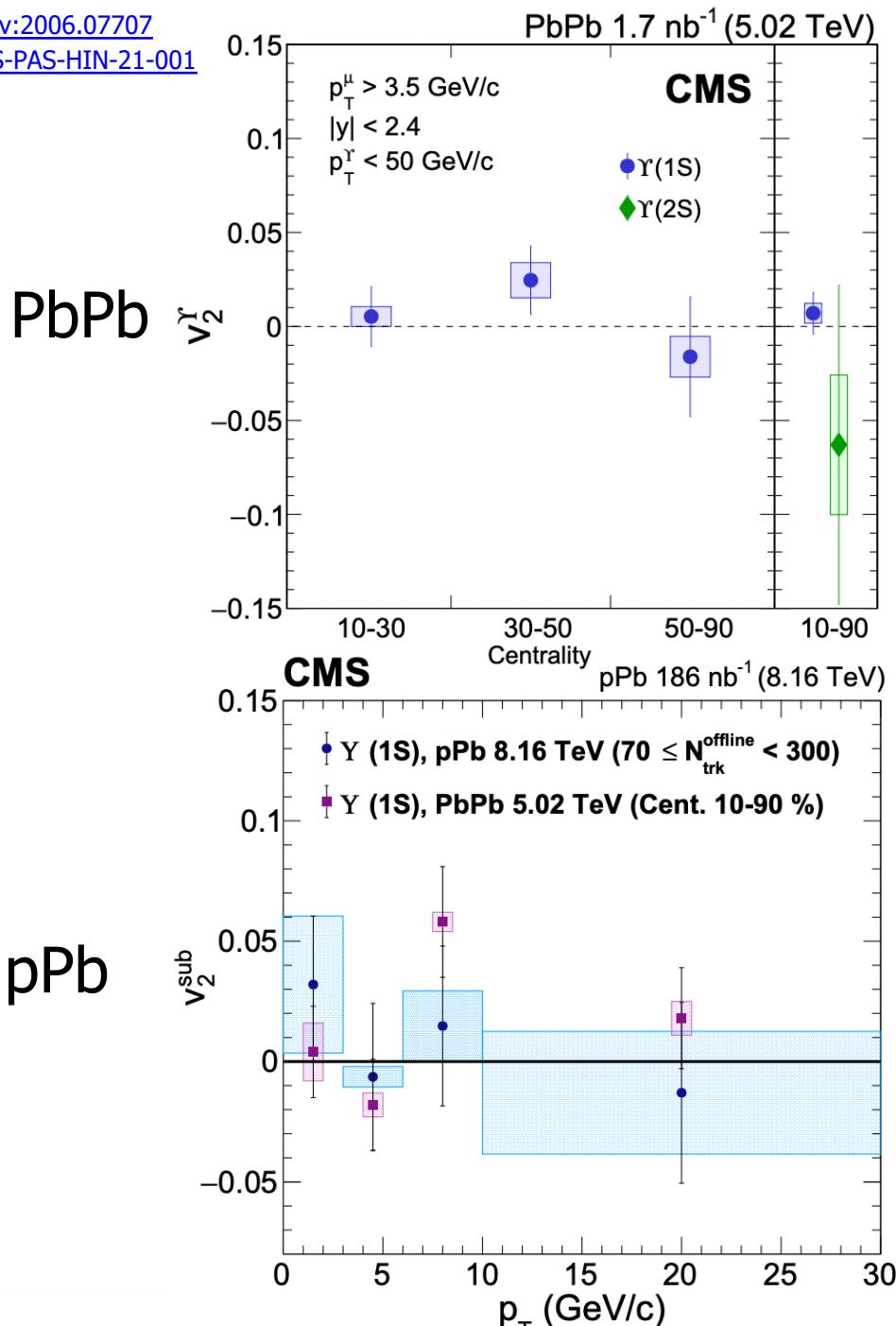


- Indications of positive D⁰ v_2 in pp
- (b \rightarrow D⁰) has much smaller v_2 compared to prompt D⁰ in pPb
- mass dependent v_2



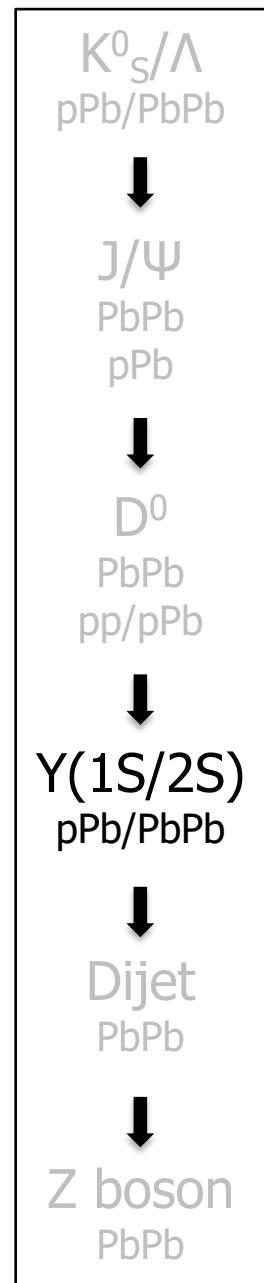
Y(1S) AND Y(2S) FLOW

arXiv:2006.07707
CMS-PAS-HIN-21-001



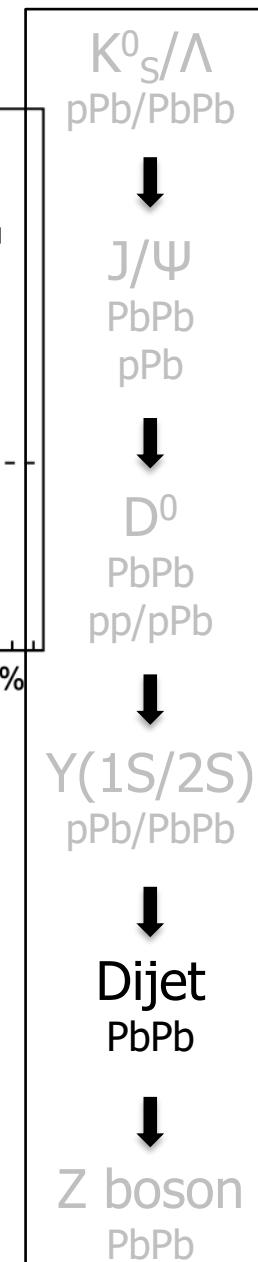
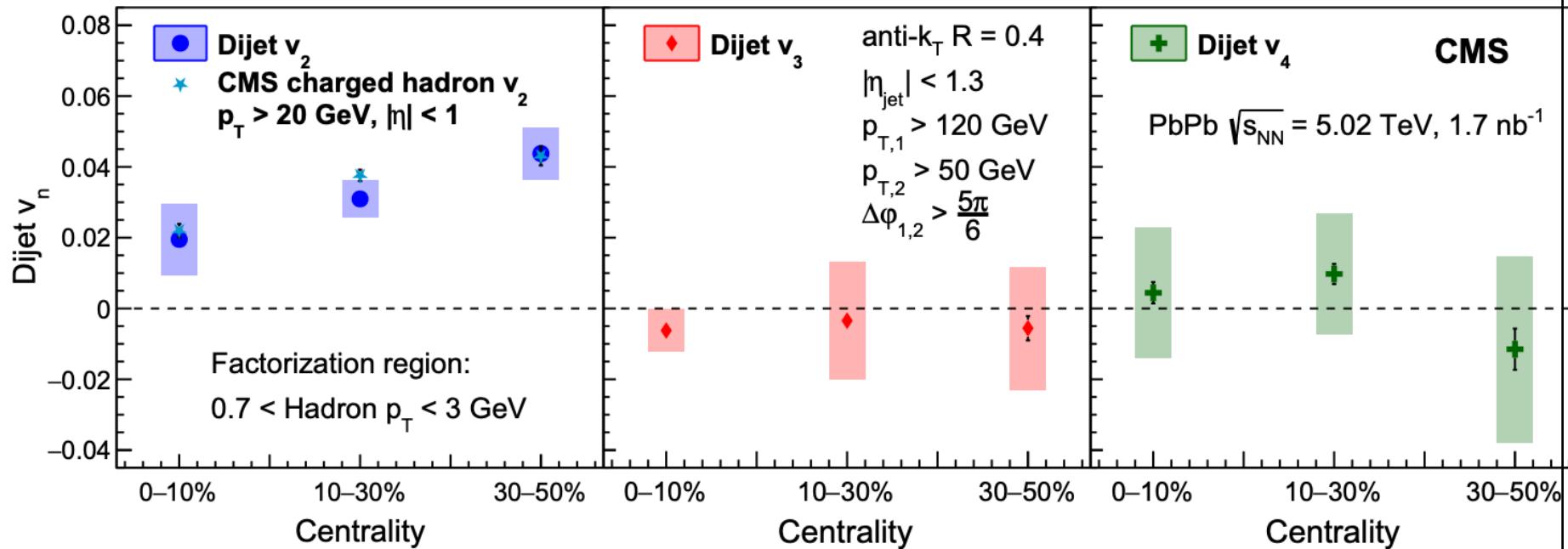
- v_2 of $\Upsilon(1S)$ and $\Upsilon(2S)$ are both consistent with 0 in PbPb
 - But non-zero ($b \rightarrow D^0$) v_2 in PbPb
- $\Upsilon(1S)$ v_2 consistent with 0 in pPb

Details in Florian's talk:
[Saturday 9:15](#)



DIJET FLOW IN PbPb

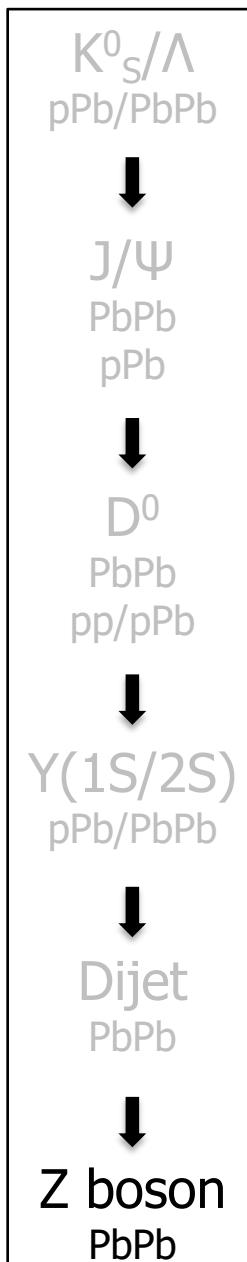
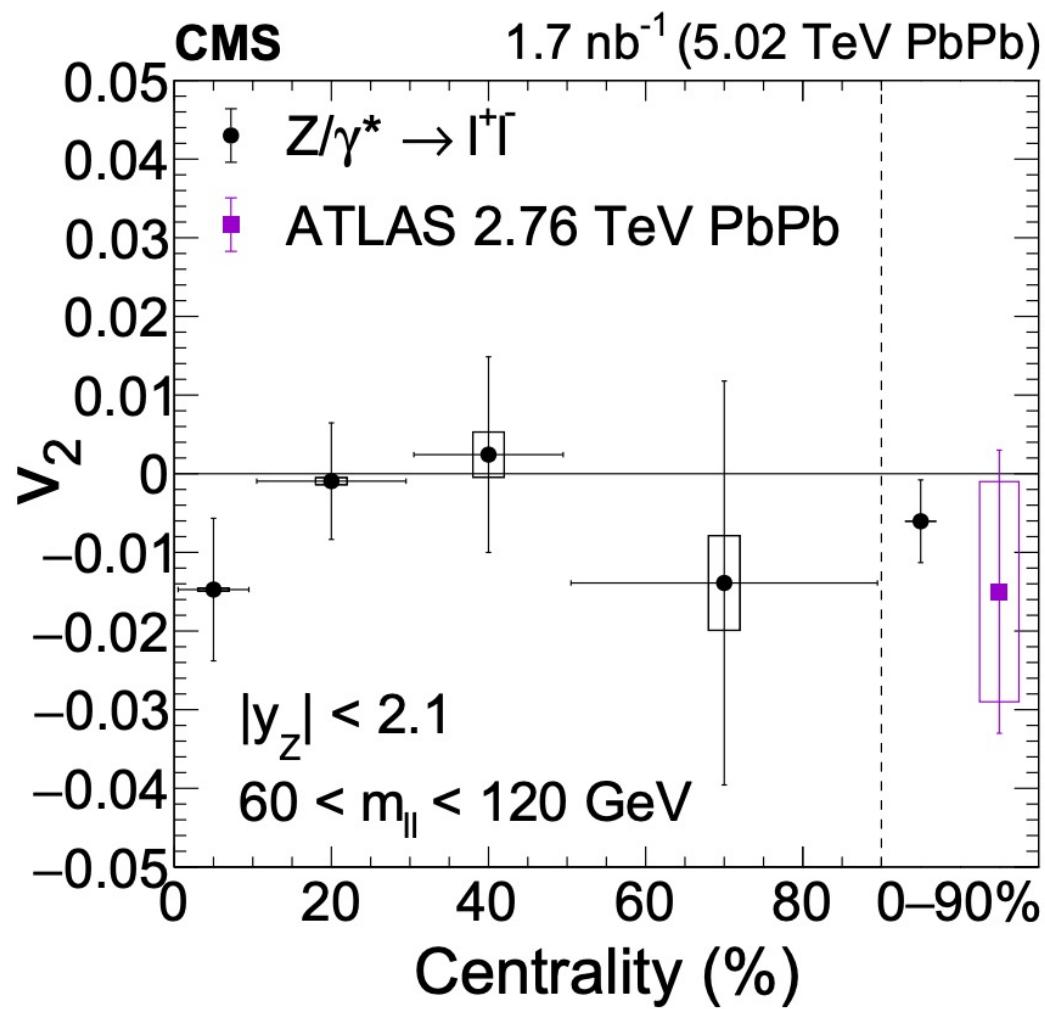
CMS-PAS-HIN-21-002



- Significant v_2 for dijet \rightarrow path length dependence of energy loss
- Dijet v_3 and v_4 are consistent with 0 \rightarrow need better precision to constraint initial state effect

Z BOSON FLOW IN PbPb

arXiv:2103.14089



- v_2 is consistent with 0 for Z bosons in PbPb
 - Z bosons do not experience significant final-state interactions in the medium

SUMMARY

Flow measurements in CMS with

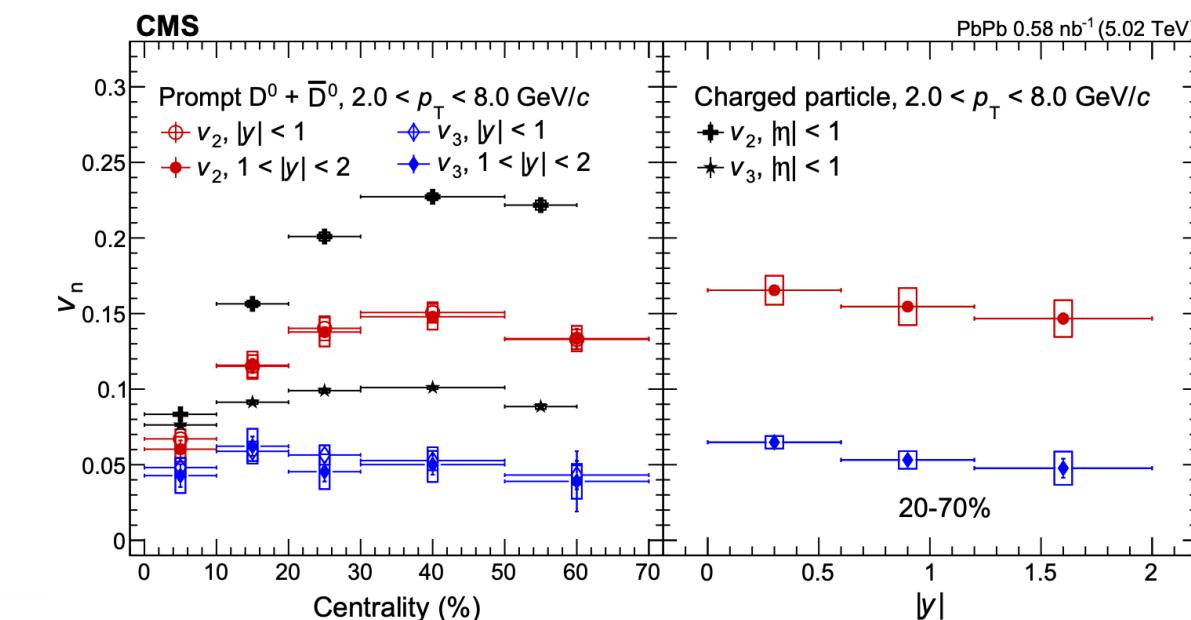
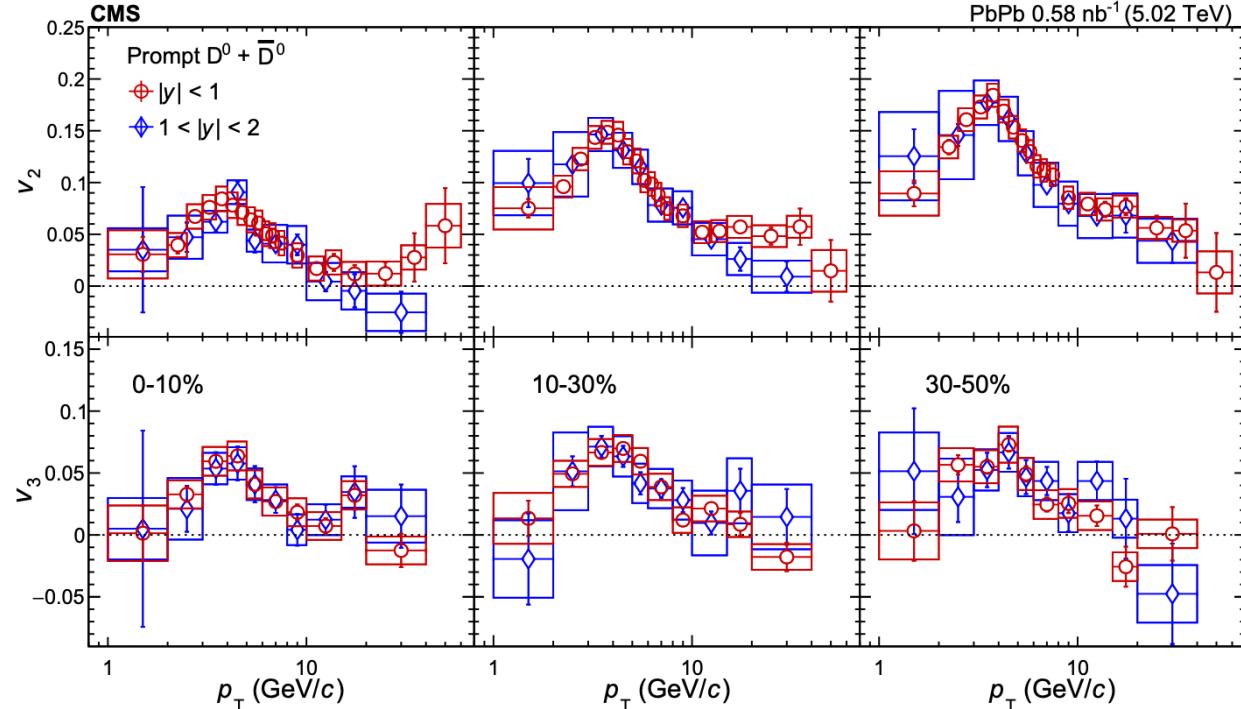
- Collision system size scan: PbPb, pPb, pp, γp collisions
- Particle species scan: Charged hadrons, strange/charm/bottom hadrons, Jets, Z boson

Do we see flow signals?

	Charged hadron	Strange	Prompt J/ ψ	b \rightarrow J/ ψ	Prompt D 0	b \rightarrow D 0	Y(1S/2S)	Dijet	Z boson
PbPb	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
pPb	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	No		
pp	Yes	Yes			Yes				

BACKUP - PROMPT D⁰ IN PbPb

arXiv:2009.12628



- Significant prompt D⁰ v_2 and v_3 in PbPb
- Less centrality dependence for v_3

