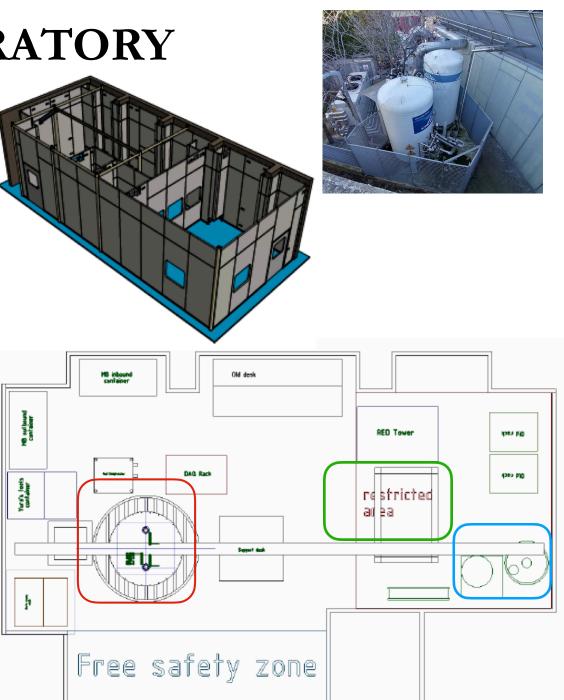
Activity in Napoli Bologna 12/11/2021 DUNE-Italia meeting F. Di Capua on behalf of Napoli group



ORGANIZATION OF LABORATORY

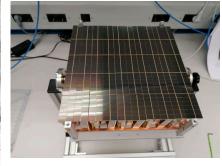
- \bullet Two indipendent filling lines which can be used for both LN_2 and Lar
- Three different main test systems:
 - A large cryostat (Facility) equipped for darkside PDU qualification tests (in use for next two years)
 - **Proto-0** system (independent system with LAr condenser from gas and purification system): darkside prototyper with TPC in assembly phase (it will take data throughout 2022)
 - Standalone system: used for short term tasks (could be used in 2022 for possible DUNE actyvities)
- Small cryostat for low scale tests and a dry system chamber



ONGOING ACTIVITIES







Standalone system:

since two month LN_2 test for SiPM burst investigation on a $25x25 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ PDU}$

Dry system





- Cryocooler PT60
- Heater system to modify the temperature
- System to be refurbished

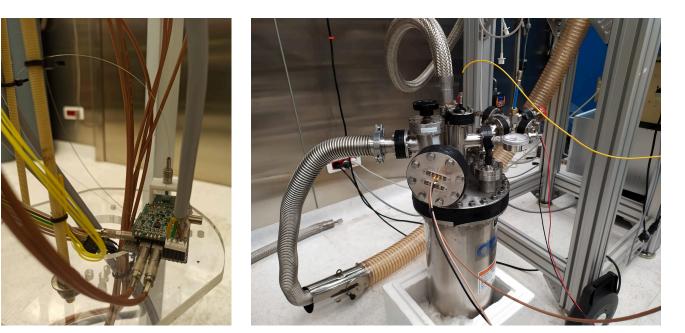
...some problem at beginning of 2021

- water flooding from extremely heavy rain in the clean room
- floor damages: need to rebuild
- delay in darkside scheduled activities



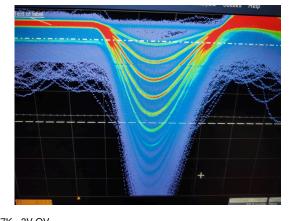
DUNE activities in CRYOLAB

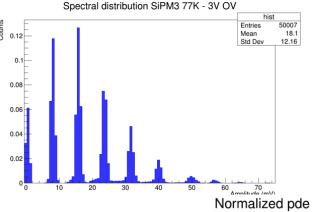
- Equipped a small cryostat for single SiPM tests
 - optical and electrical feedthroughs
 - temperature monitoring

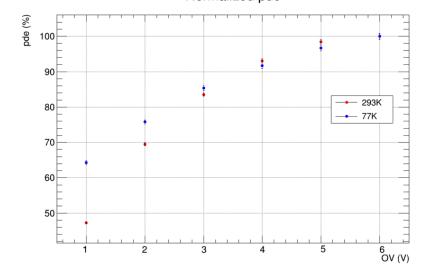




Single stage cold amplifier

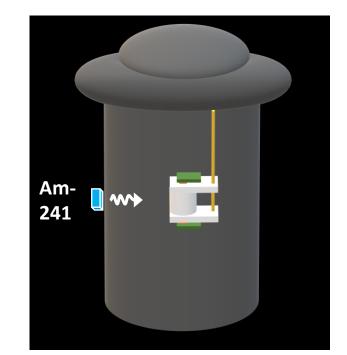






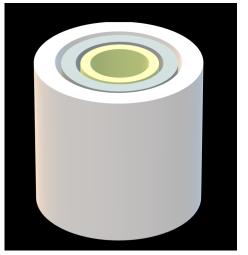
DUNE ongoing activities

- Test in LAr
 - PTFE with simmetric geometry
 - two SiPMs to be monitored at two sides
 - electronic with first and second stage amplifier
 - test with PEN and TPB wls
 - including LAr cartridge
 - assembly is ongoing and first data in next month (master thesis to be completed within March 2022)









PTFE – 15.3 mm REFLECTOR Vikuiti Enhanced Specular Reflecto

Specular Reflector (ESR) – 65 μm

PEN - 50 μm

Absolute PDE system: the project

- McPherson mod 234/302 Monocromator and controller
- Focusing elbow and collimation optics
- Deuterium Lamp
- Xenon Lamp
- NIST calibrated photodiode
- Grating
- Cryocooler
- Vacuum chamber
- Vacuum system
- Vacuum Linear Traslator
- Calibrated PMT



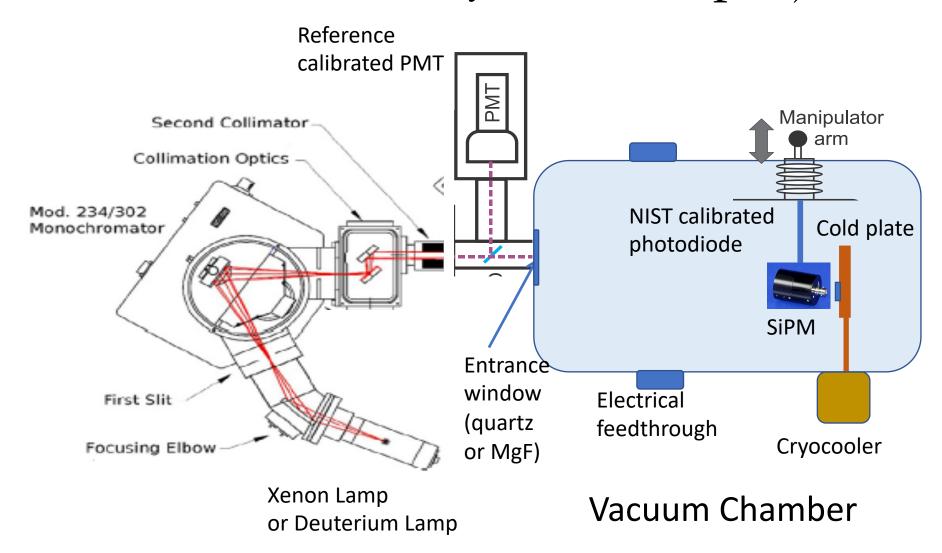




Not funded

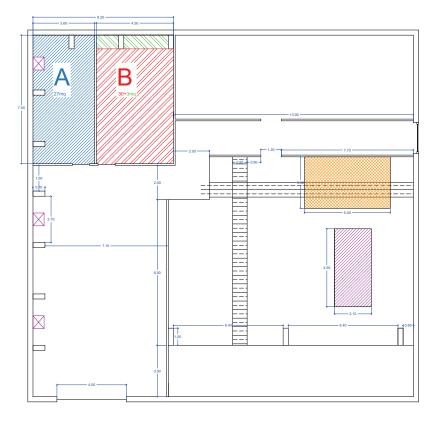


Absolute PDE system: the project

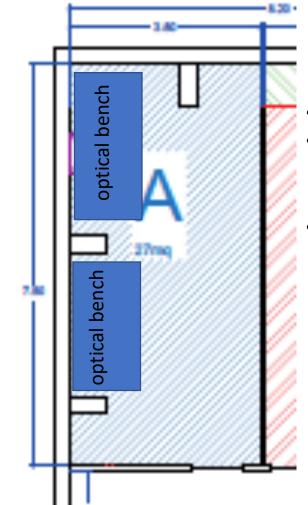


No space in CRYOLAB for the PDE system: (no space for an optical table!!!)

New photosensor laboratory in Napoli



Napoli physics department: hangar area

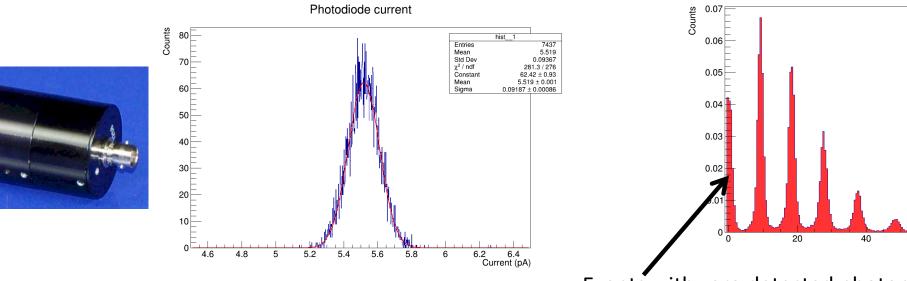


- Project approved
- Works on delimitation and new flooring will begin early 2022
- Two optical tables are going to be bought in few next days

Some preliminary measurement at warm



- SiPM illuminated with PLP Hamamatsu laser
- Laser spot contained in the SiPM
- Amout of light measured with the NIST calibrated photodiode



Events with zero detected photons

Spectral distribution SiPM3 293K - 3V OV

hist

100

Amplitude (mV)

Entries

Mean Std Dev

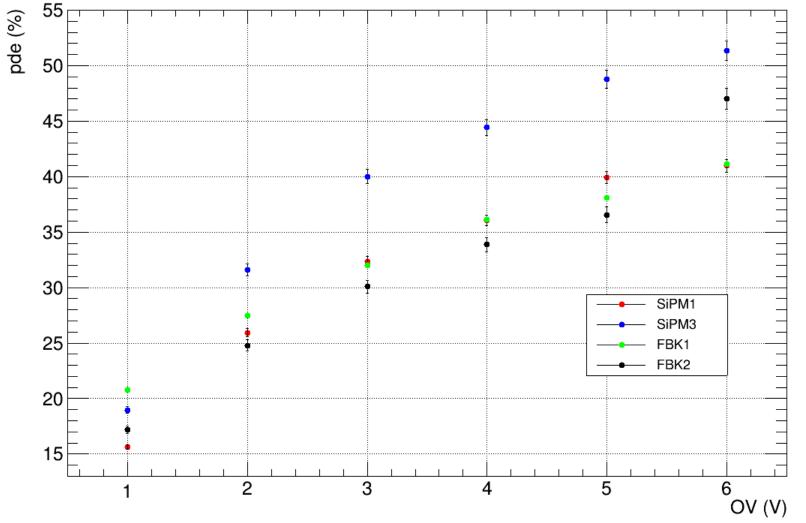
80

104280

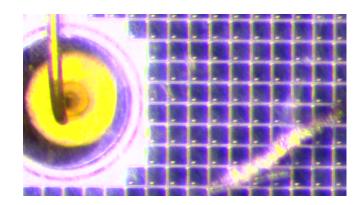
17.78

13.44

Some preliminary measurement at warm



- Illuminated small central SiPM region
- Possible alignement systematics
- Measurement will be repeated with an integrating sphere



DUNE research group composition

At the present:

- Giuliana Fiorillo (PO)
- Francesco Di Capua (RTDB)
- Yury Suvorov (RTDA)
- Emanuele Romeo (Master student)

In addition next year:

- A INFN permanent position of technologist
- One year scolarship for a young technologist (INFN)
- One year scolarship for a young researcher (INFN)
- One year scolarship for a young researcher (University)
- One additional master student

Conlusions and perspectives

CRYOLAB

- small-size experiments in LN_2 and LAr for relative PDE studies of single SiPMs
- Setup a small LAr chamber with PEN/PTB and Am241 source for relative PDE measurements
- A bigger cryostat (300 l) is already available, eventually, for DUNE activities: material testing, X-Arapuca, GRAIN?...(to be definied with other DUNE groups)
- After darkside PDU testing, the big 1 ton capacity cryostat will be available

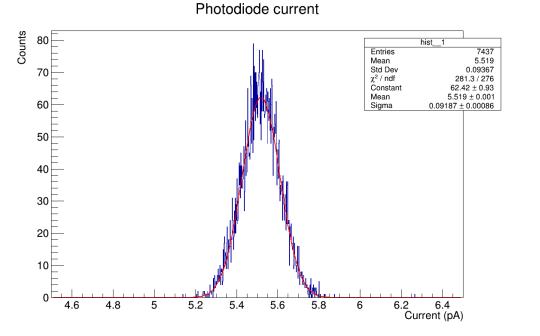
Photosensor laboratory

- Assembly of the new PDE system with monocromator (warm part)
- Cold side: we wil go on with the project also for not funded parts (we will manage to build a chamber from abandoned parts)

back-up

NIST Calibrated photodiode: OL-730-5C UV-enhanced silicon detector





• Laser at maximum repetition rate (100 MHz)

- Photodiode current measured with keythley 6485 picoammeter
- Current converted in Watt (NIST calibration) and then converted in number of photons per pulse
- Current measured at 10 MHz, SipM measurement performed at 10 KHz (current scaling verified)
- Setting laser in order to have about 6 photons per pulse
- During data taking light behaviour is monitored in a splitted optical line