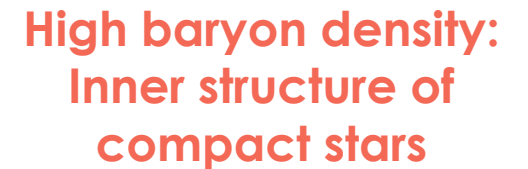


Study of hyperon production and dynamics in heavy ion collisions



Stefania Bufalino
Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
and Politecnico di Torino





QCD phase diagram

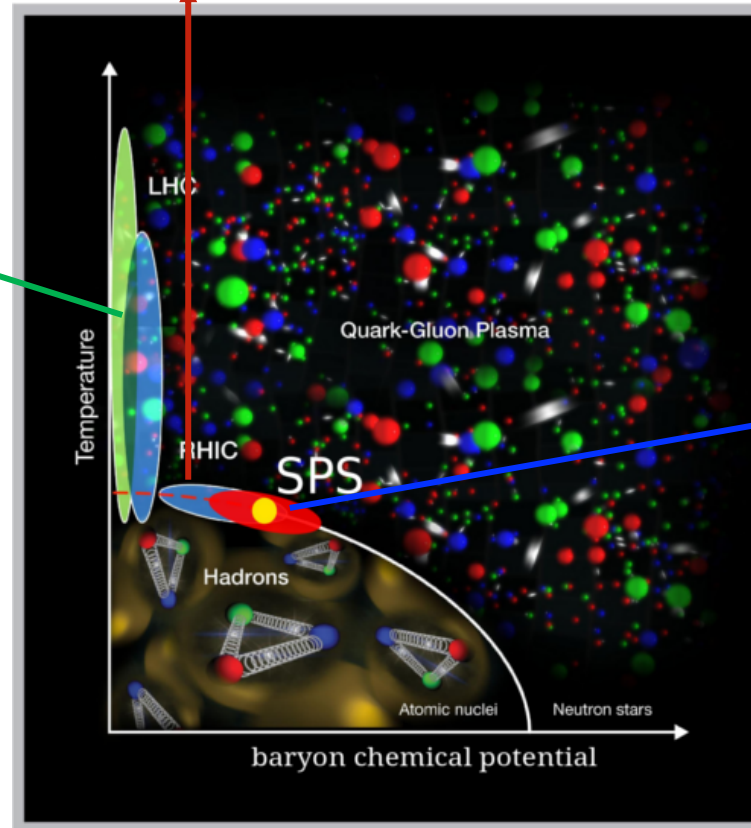
3

RHIC Beam Energy Scan

- Search for Critical Point
- Locate the first-order phase boundary

RHIC 200 GeV and LHC

- Small viscosity, high temperature
- Evidence of Quark-Gluon Plasma



RHIC BESII & SPS

- EoS of matter
- Strange production not fully understood
- Neutron stars

- At $\mu_B = 0$, smooth crossover
- Large μ_B , 1st order phase transition → QCD critical point

QCD phase diagram

4

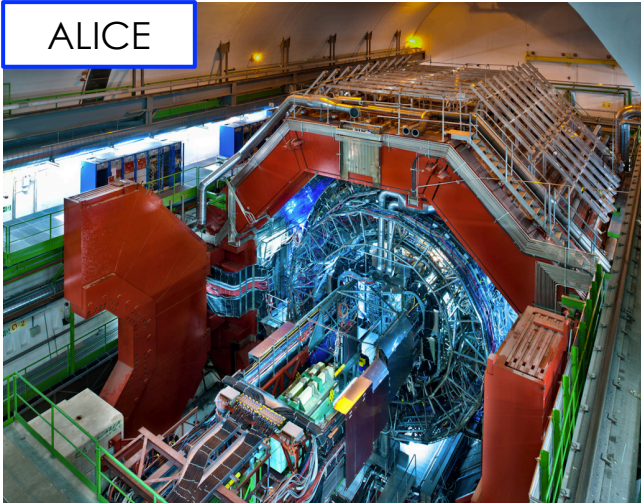
RHIC Beam Energy Scan

- Search for Critical Point
- Locate the first-order phase boundary

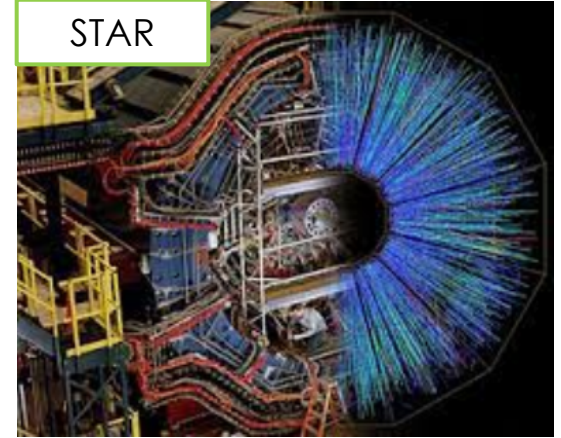
RHIC 200 GeV and LHC

- Small viscosity, high temperature
- Evidence of Quark-Gluon Plasma

ALICE

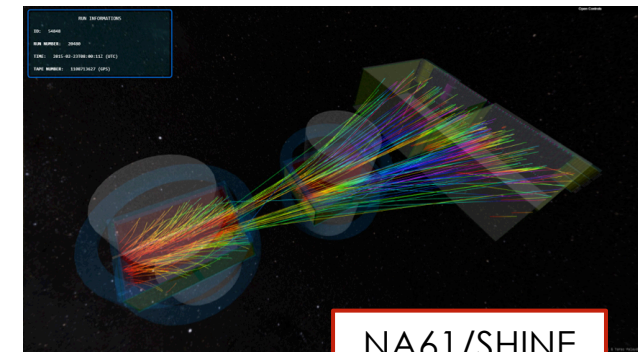
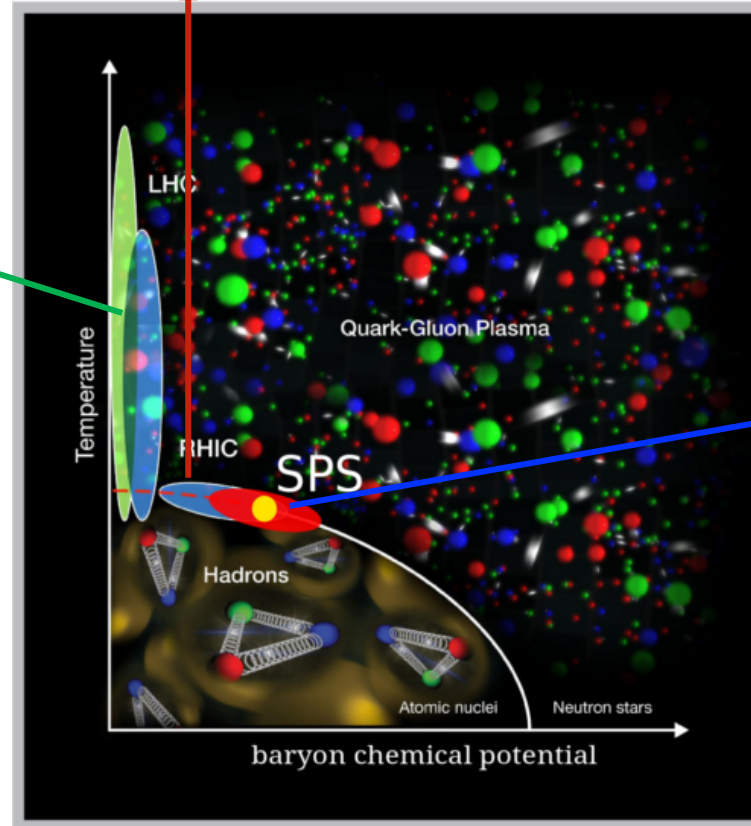


STAR



RHIC BESII & SPS

- EoS of matter
- Strange production not fully understood
- Neutron stars



NA61/SHINE

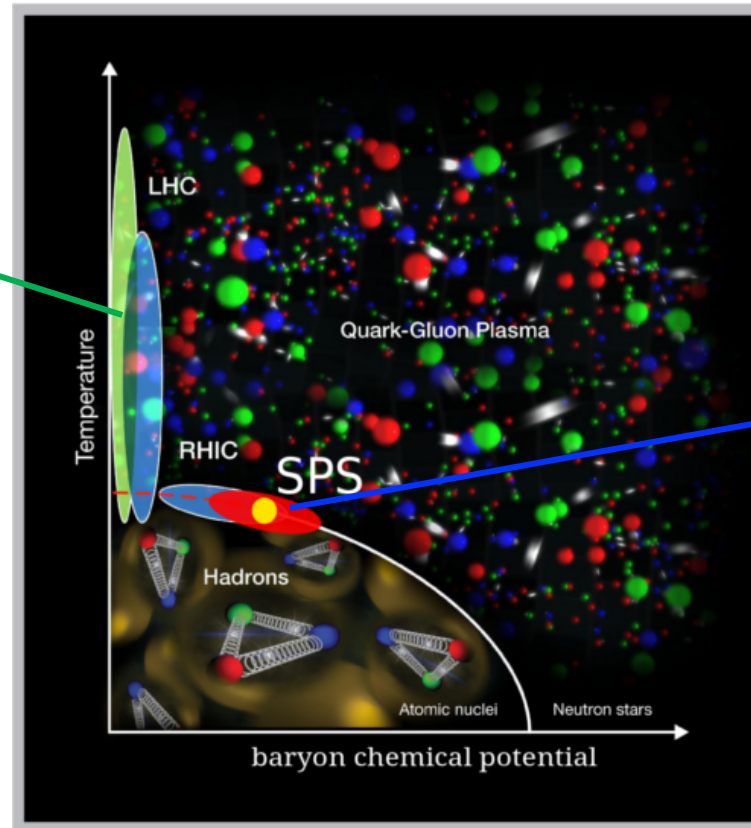
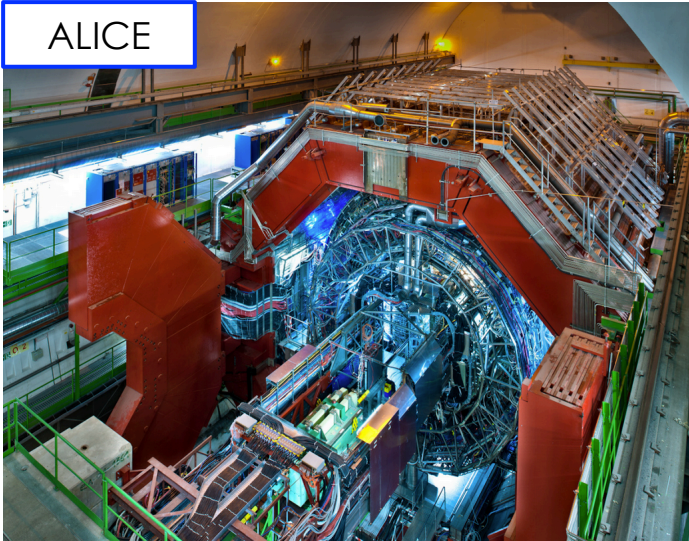
- At $\mu_B = 0$, smooth crossover
- Large μ_B , 1st order phase transition → QCD critical point

QCD phase diagram

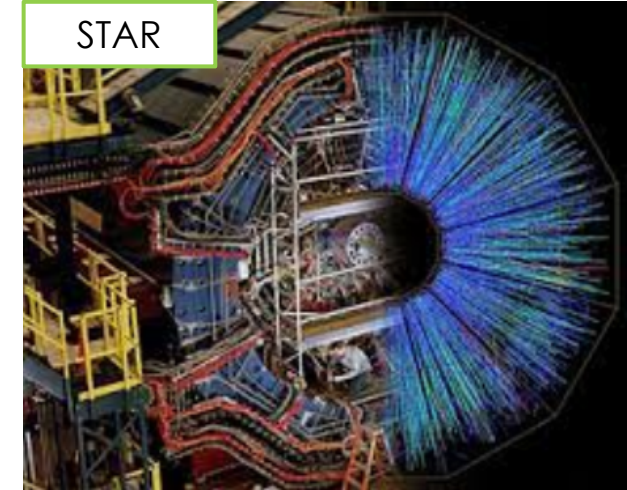
5

- **Strangeness enhancement** from small to large systems
- New developments with **multi-differential analyses**

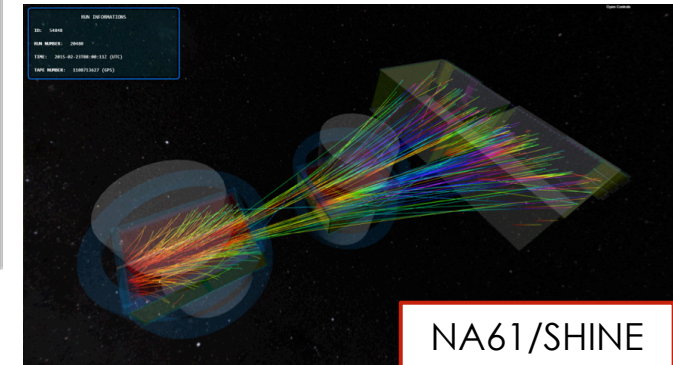
ALICE



STAR



- **Collectivity** in the **high μ_B** region
- **Strangeness production**: particle yields vs rapidity
- **Strangeness enhancement** at SPS energies



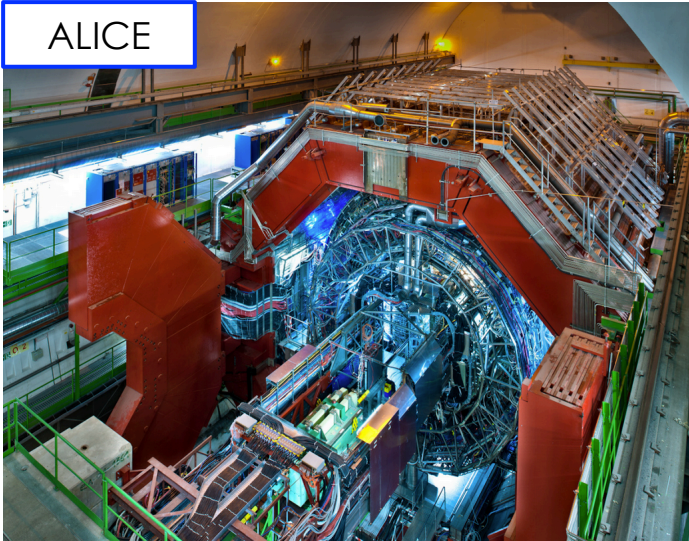
NA61/SHINE

QCD phase diagram

6

- **Strangeness enhancement** from small to large systems
- New developments with **multi-differential analyses**

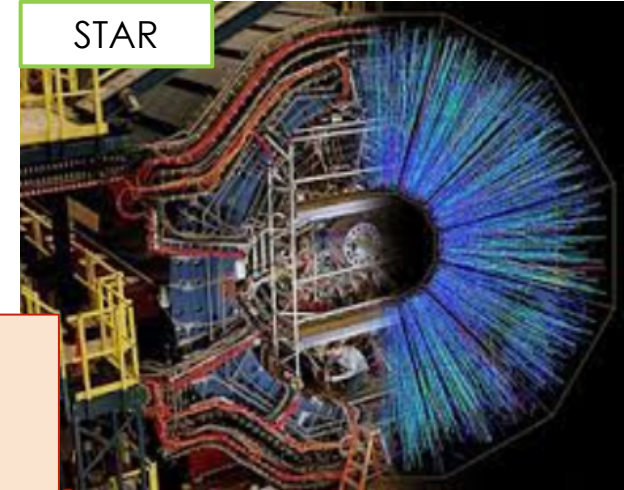
ALICE



WARNING!

This is a personal selection of the latest experimental findings

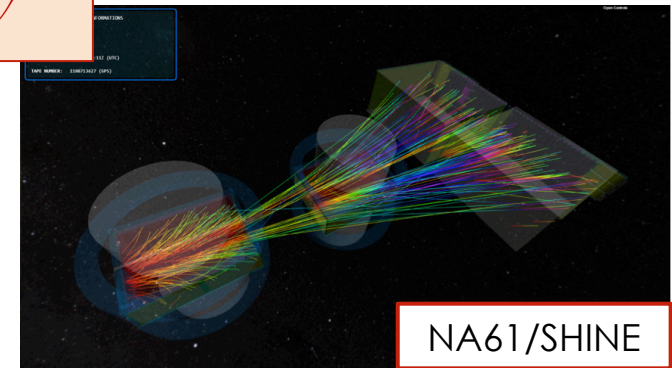
STAR



- **Collectivity** in the **high μ_B** region
- **Strangeness production**: particle yields vs rapidity
- **Strangeness enhancement at SPS energies**

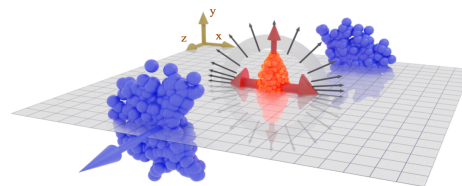
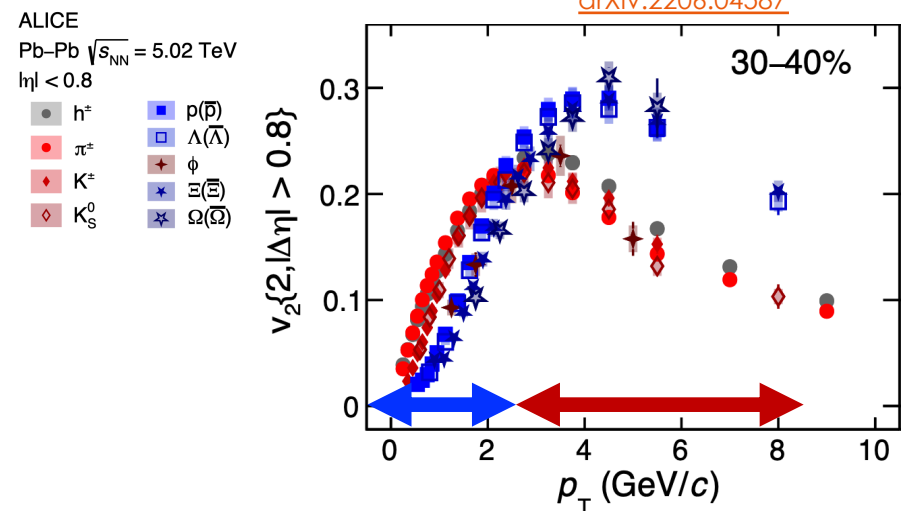
Atomic nuclei Neutron stars
baryon chemical potential

NA61/SHINE



Strangeness enhancement from small to large systems at the LHC

Strange hadron dynamic across collision systems

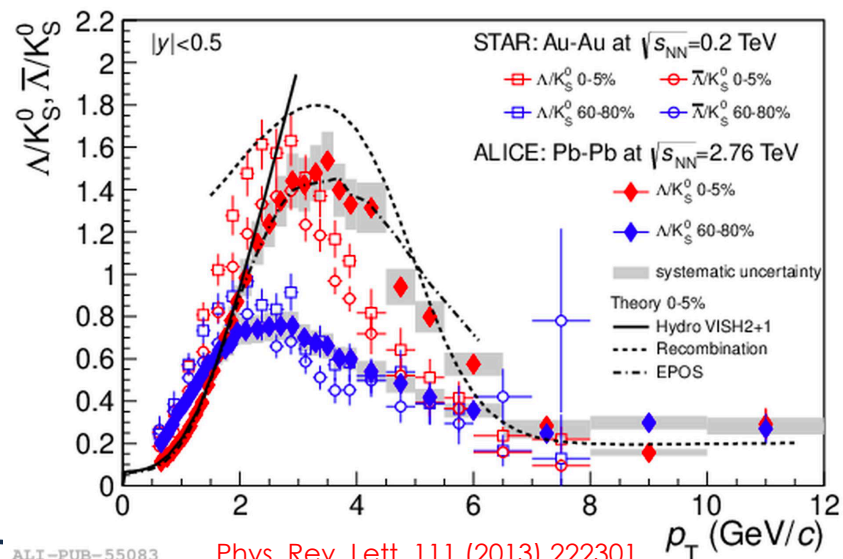


Mass ordering at **low p_T**

- described by hydrodynamics.

Baryon vs mesons grouping at **higher p_T**

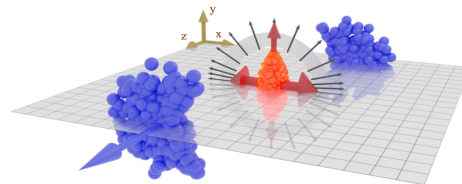
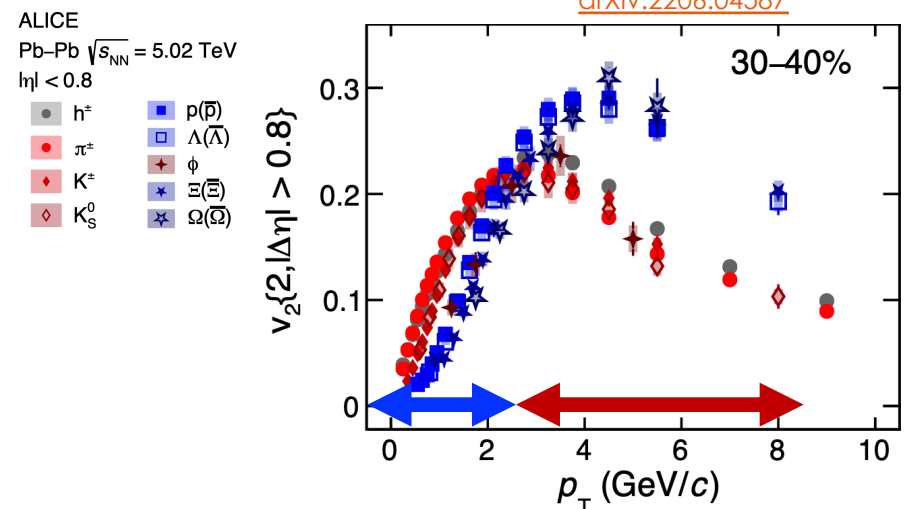
- quark-level flow + recombinations.



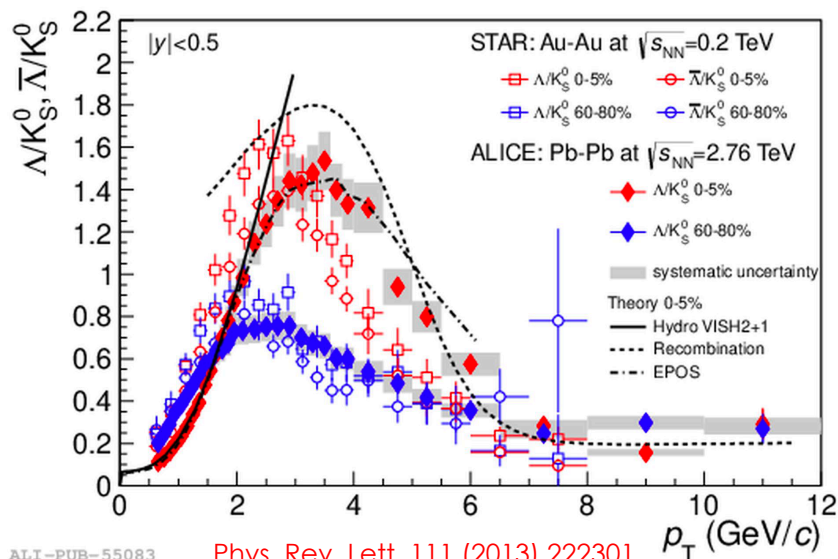
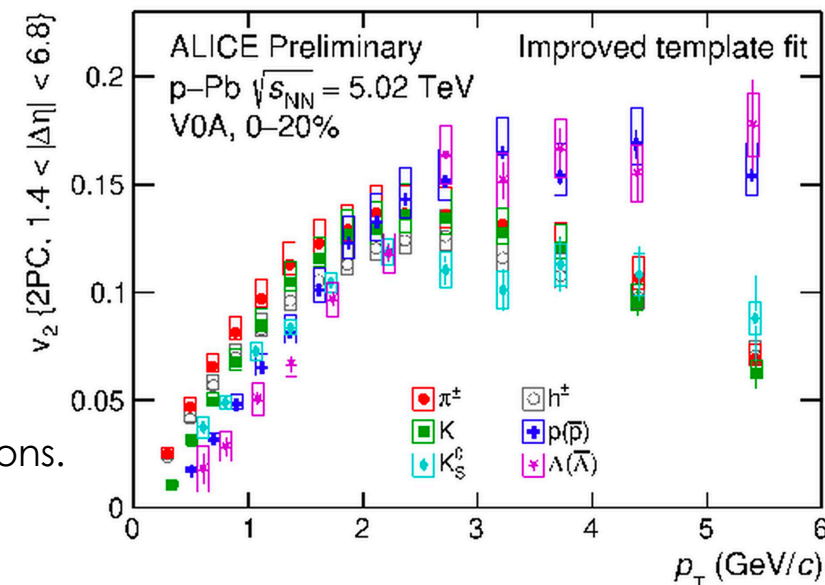
baryon/meson ratio
explained considering common
expansion velocity of partons

Strange hadron dynamic across collision systems

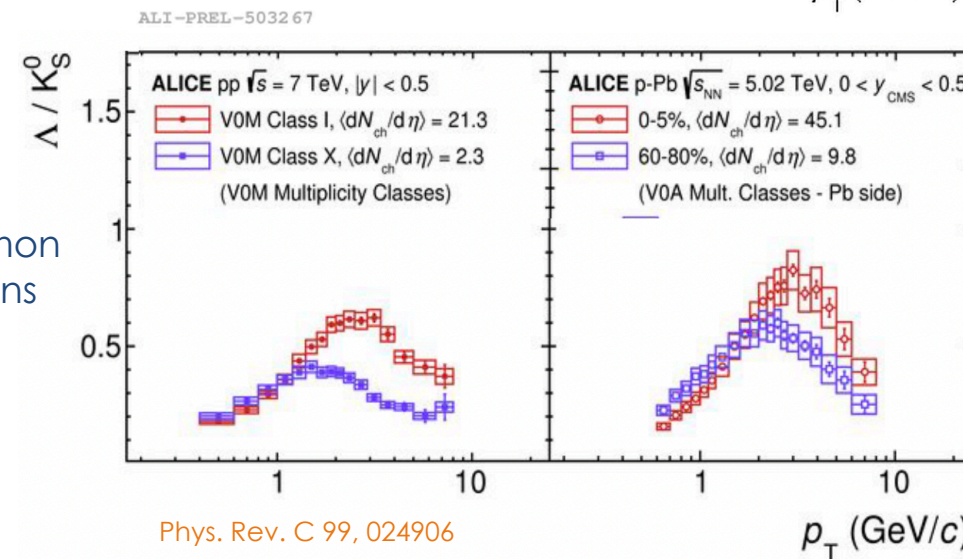
9



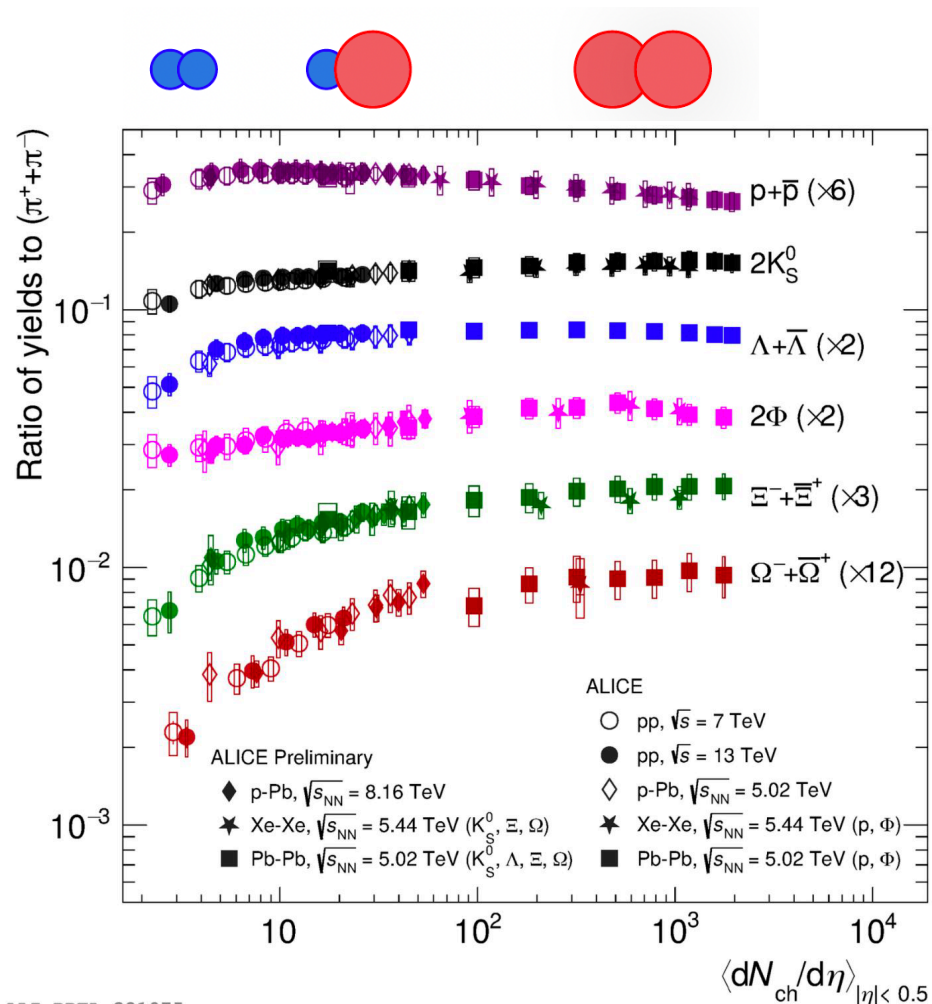
- Mass ordering at **low** p_T
- described by hydrodynamics.
- Baryon vs mesons grouping at **higher** p_T
- quark-level flow + recombinations.



baryon/meson ratio
explained considering common
expansion velocity of partons



Strangeness production across collision systems



ALI-PREL-321075

Nature Phys 13, 535-539 (2017)
 Eur. Phys. J. C 80, 167 (2020)

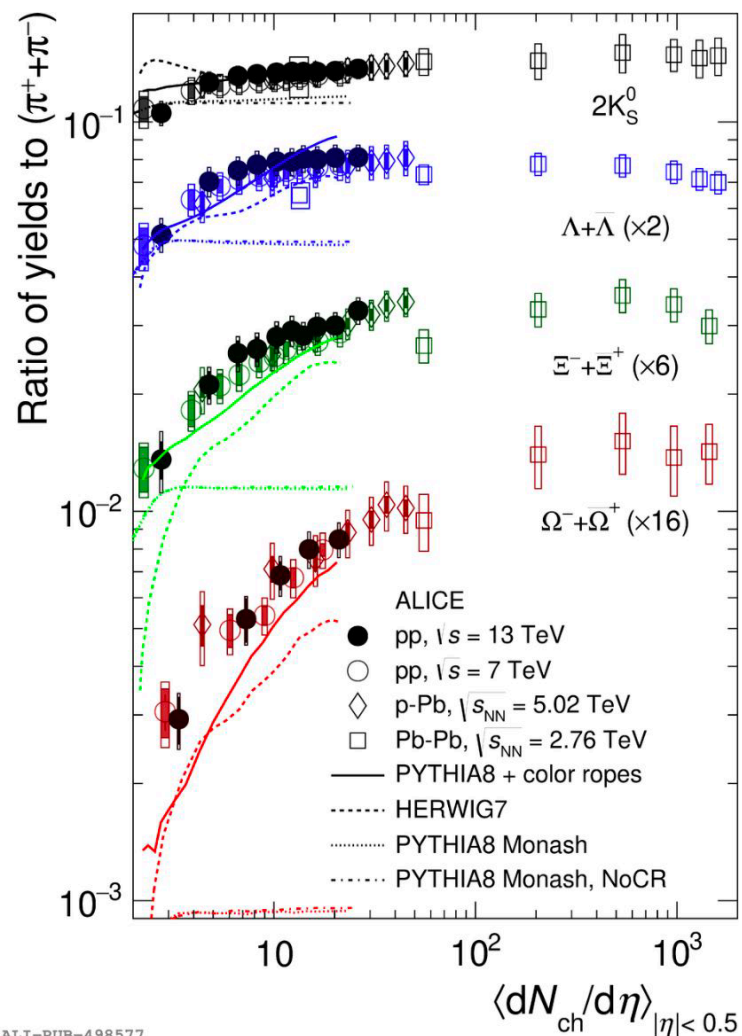
Strangeness enhancement was one of the first proposed signatures of **QGP formation** in heavy-ion collisions

What can we learn from this iconic figure?

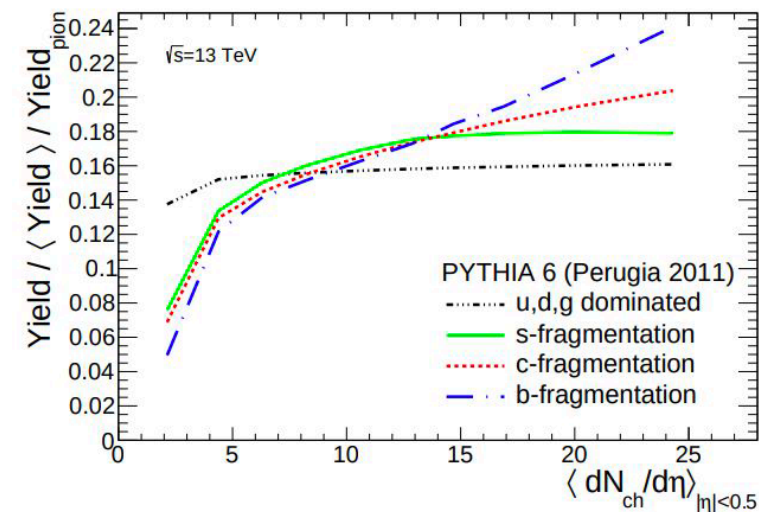
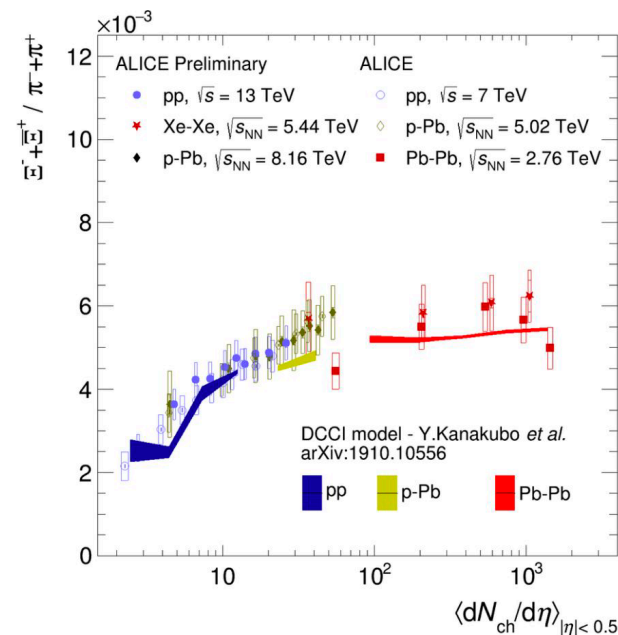
- smooth strangeness enhancement (SE) vs **final state multiplicity**
- strange content hierarchy: $SE(\Omega) > SE(\Xi) > SE(\Lambda, K_S^0)$
- strangeness- and not baryon-related

The interpretation..so far

ALICE Collaboration, Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 693



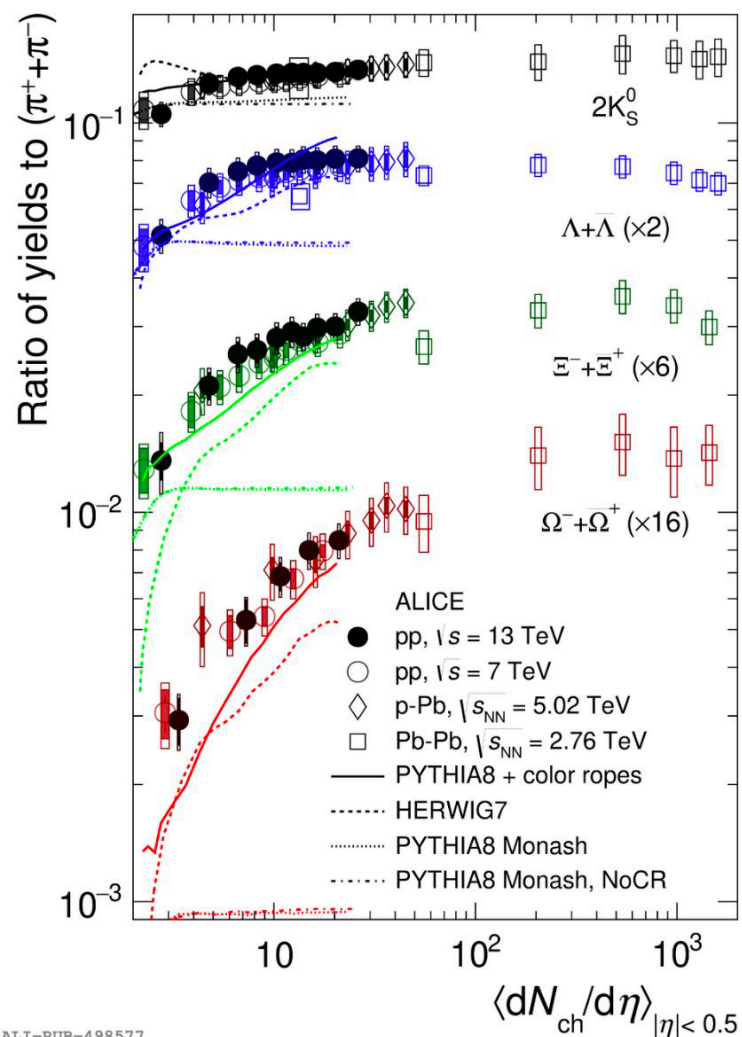
Y. Kanakubo et al., Phys. Rev. C 101, 024912 (2020)



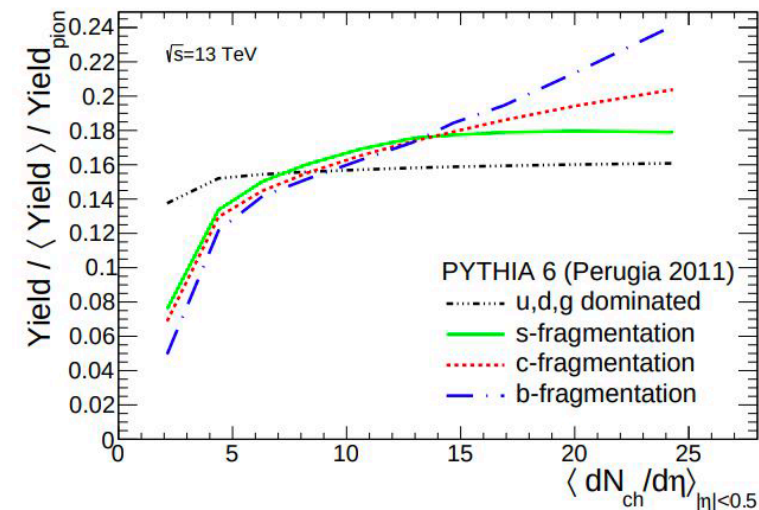
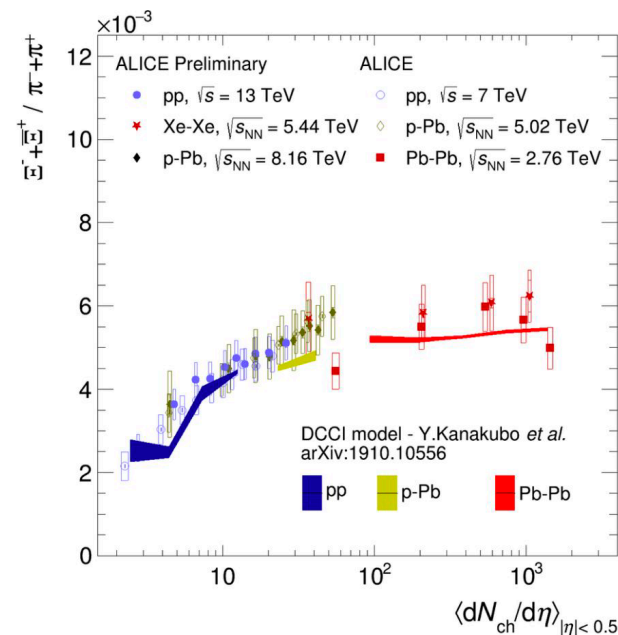
A. Morsch, C. Loizides, arxiv.org/abs/2109.05181

The interpretation..so far

ALICE Collaboration, Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 693



Y. Kanakubo et al., Phys. Rev. C 101, 024912 (2020)

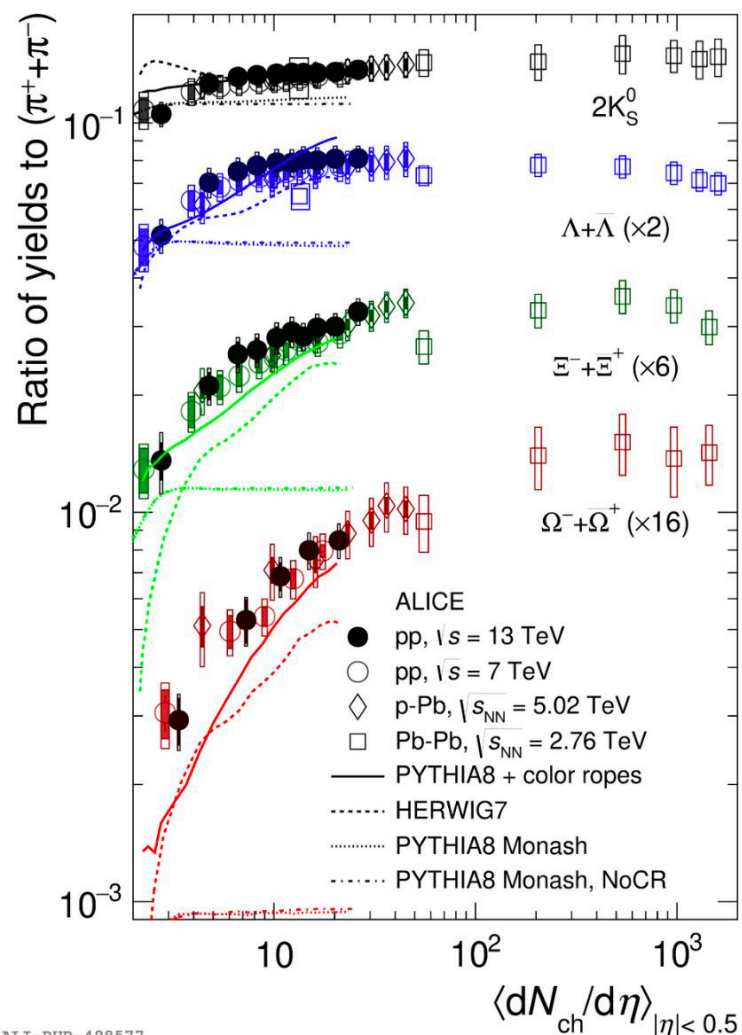


A. Morsch, C. Loizides, arxiv.org/abs/2109.05181

- Microscopic models are improving hadrochemistry description (color ropes)
- Two component models ok for hadrochemistry (interplay between core and corona) and basic features of hydro-like phenomena (e.g. radial flow)

Recent developments to address some questions

ALICE Collaboration, Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 693



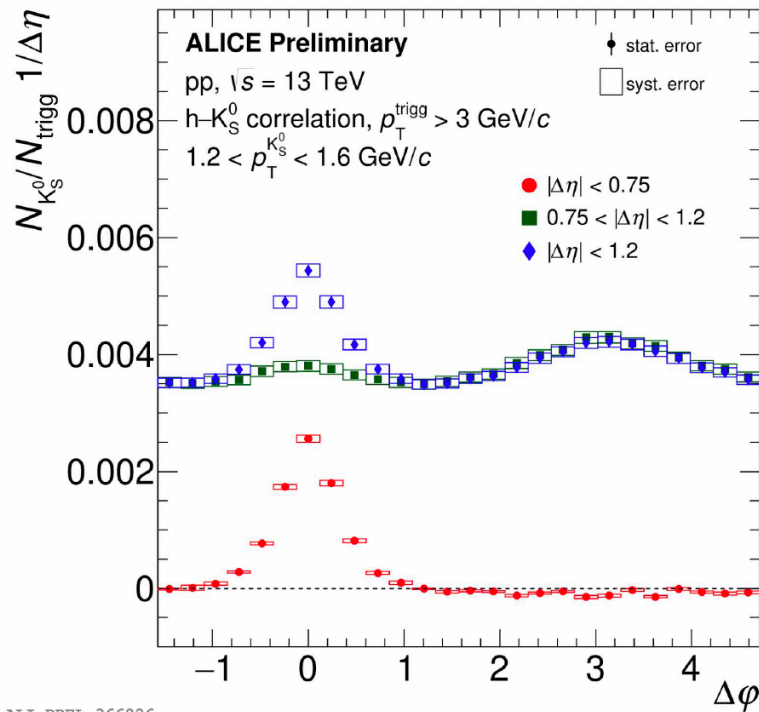
Does strangeness production depend only on final state particle multiplicity, or is it also **correlated to the initial stage of the collision?**

Is strangeness mainly produced in hard processes, such as **jets, or out-of-jet processes?**

Strangeness production in- and out-of- jets

Does strangeness production depend only on final state particle multiplicity, or is it also **correlated to the initial stage of the collision**?

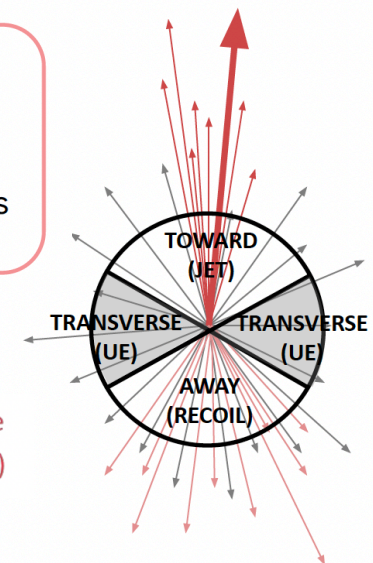
Is strangeness mainly produced in hard processes, such as **jets, or out-of-jet processes**?



Toward leading = Full – Transverse to leading

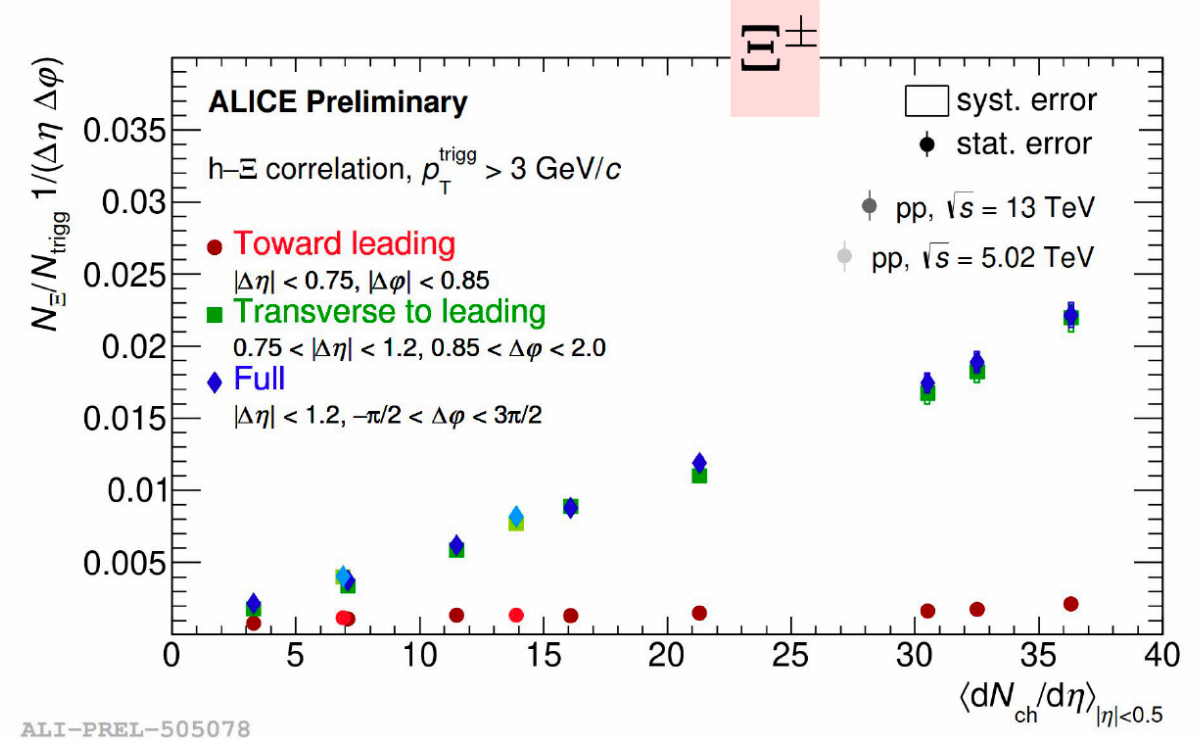
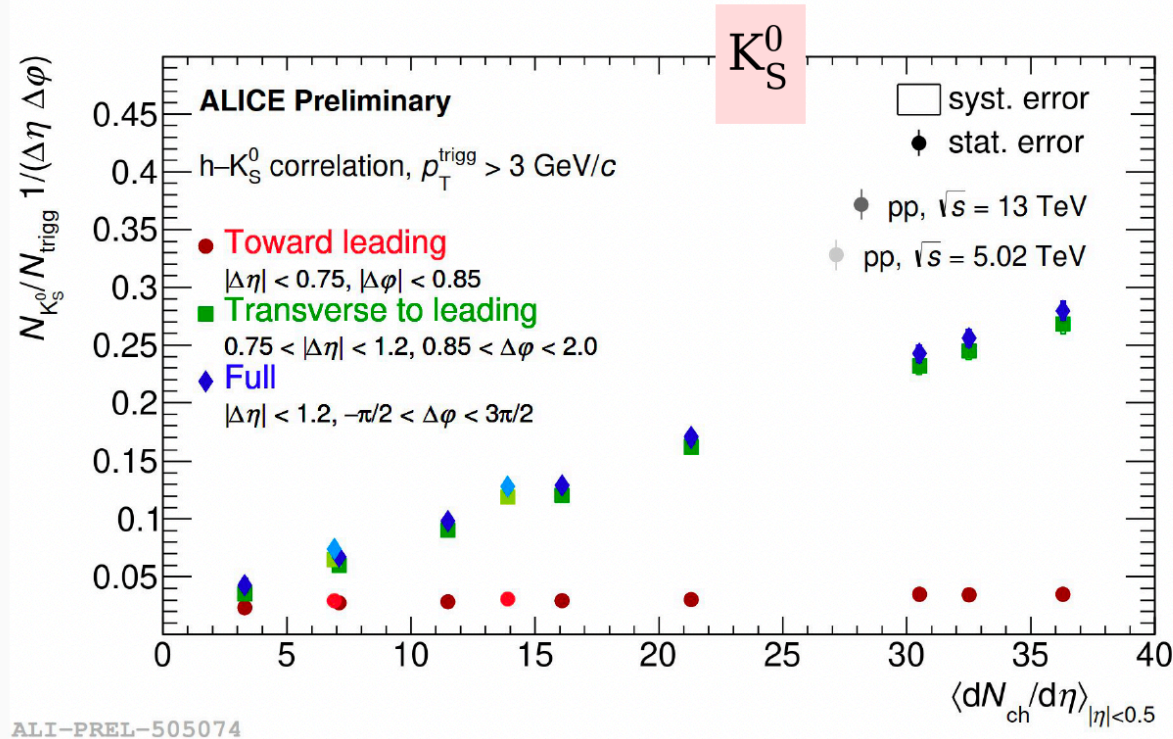
ANGULAR CORRELATION METHOD

- 1) **Trigger particle** as a proxy for the **jet axis** ($p_T > 3$ GeV/c)
- 2) Identification of **associated particles** (strange hadrons)
- 3) **Angular correlation** between trigger and associated particles



The jet direction is the direction of the highest- p_T hadron ($p_T^{\text{leading}} > X$ GeV/c)

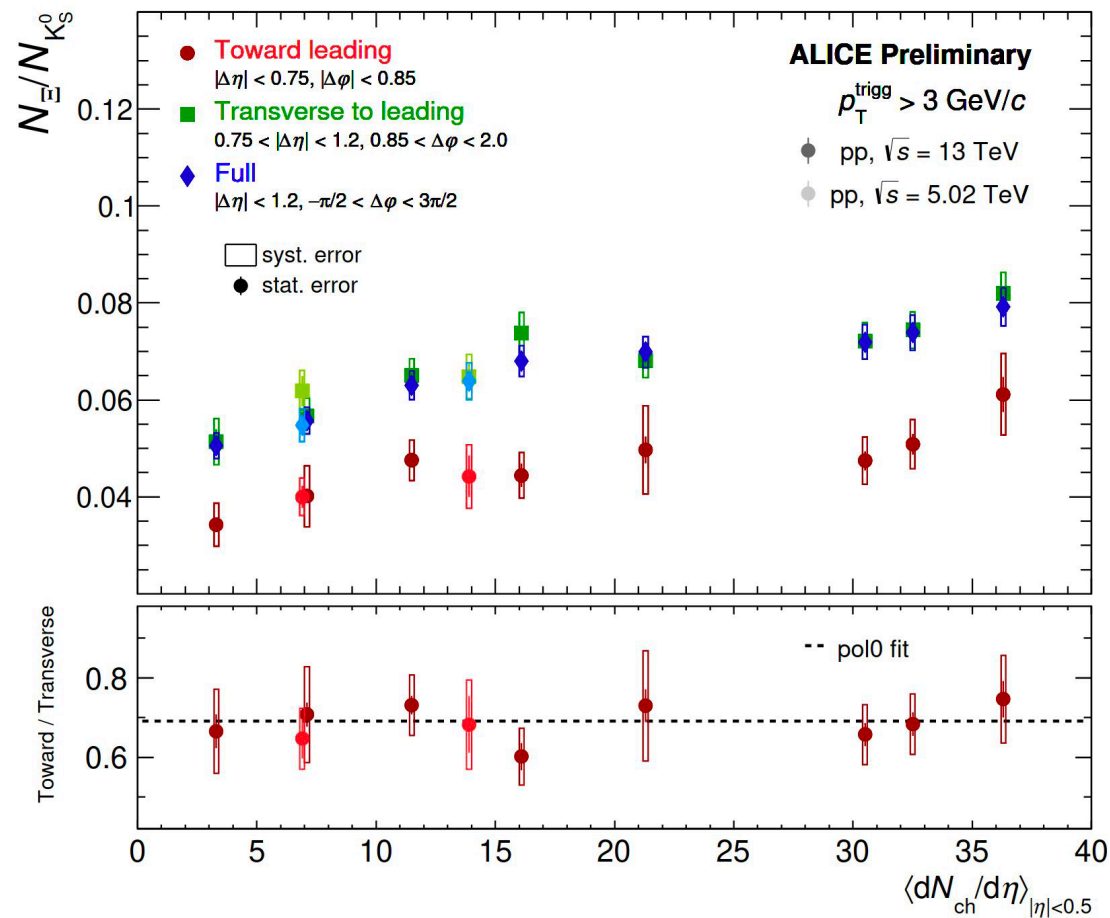
Yields in- and out-of- jets



- **transverse to leading** production w.r.t. **toward leading** production increases with multiplicity
- The **full yield** and the **transverse to leading** yield increase with multiplicity
- (multi-)strange hadrons are mostly produced outside the jet

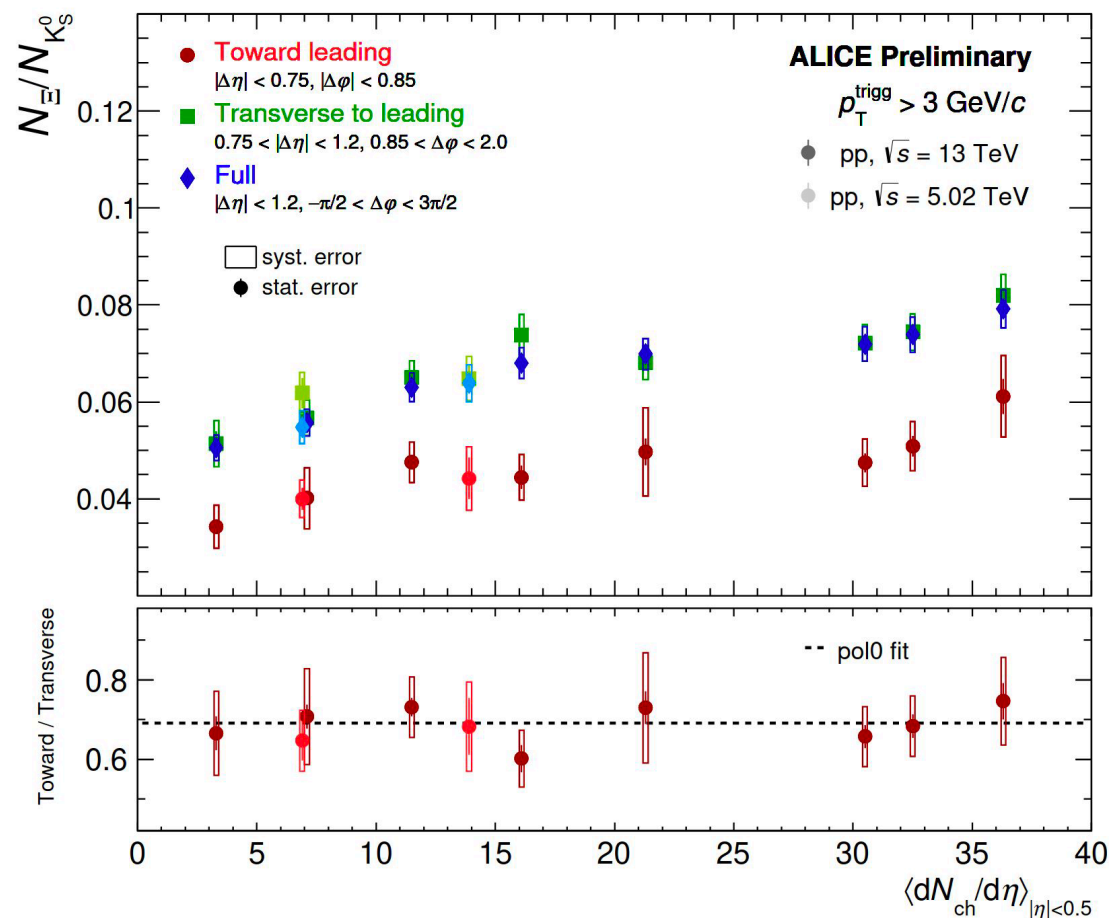
Strangeness enhancement in- and out-of- jets

(multi-)strange hadrons are mostly produced outside the jet but in- and out-of jet strangeness enhancement looks very similar



ALI-PREL-505157

Let's look to the effective energy

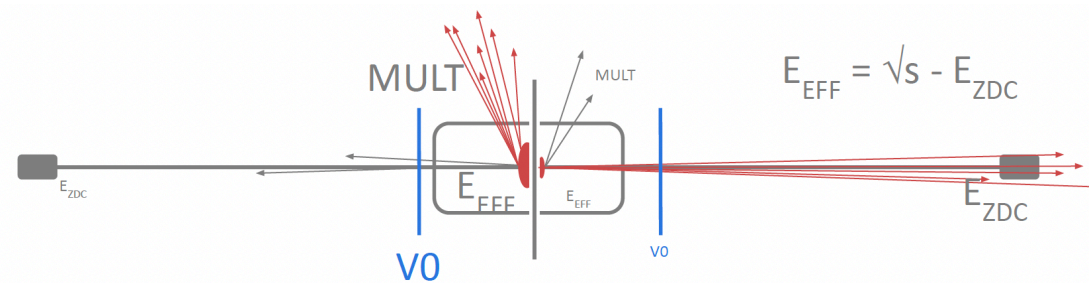


ALI-PREL-505157

(multi-)strange hadrons are mostly produced outside the jet **but in- and out-of jet strangeness enhancement looks very similar**

Charged-particle multiplicity produced in a pp collision:

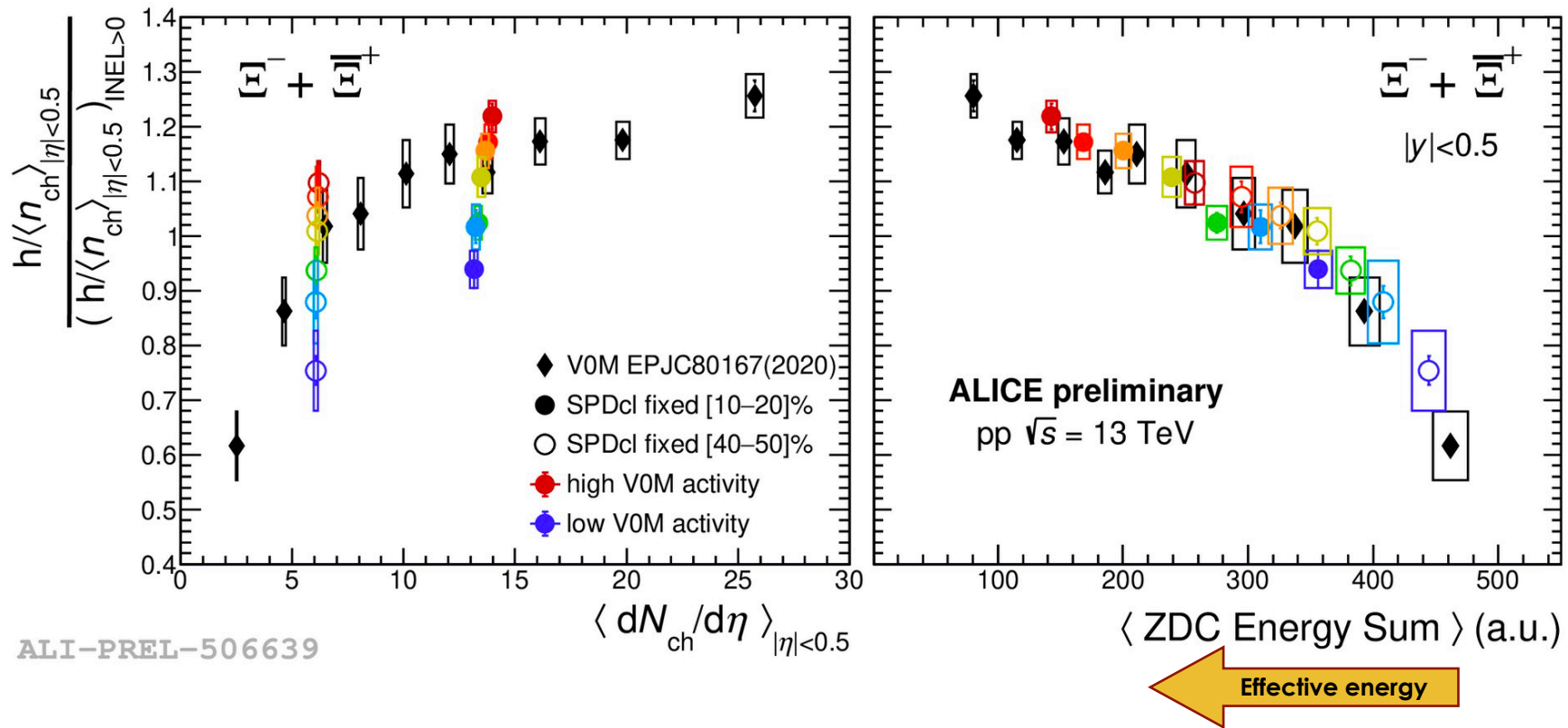
- characteristic of the hadronic final state
- strongly correlated to the **initial effective energy**



EFFECTIVE ENERGY

energy available for particle production in the **initial stages** of the pp collision

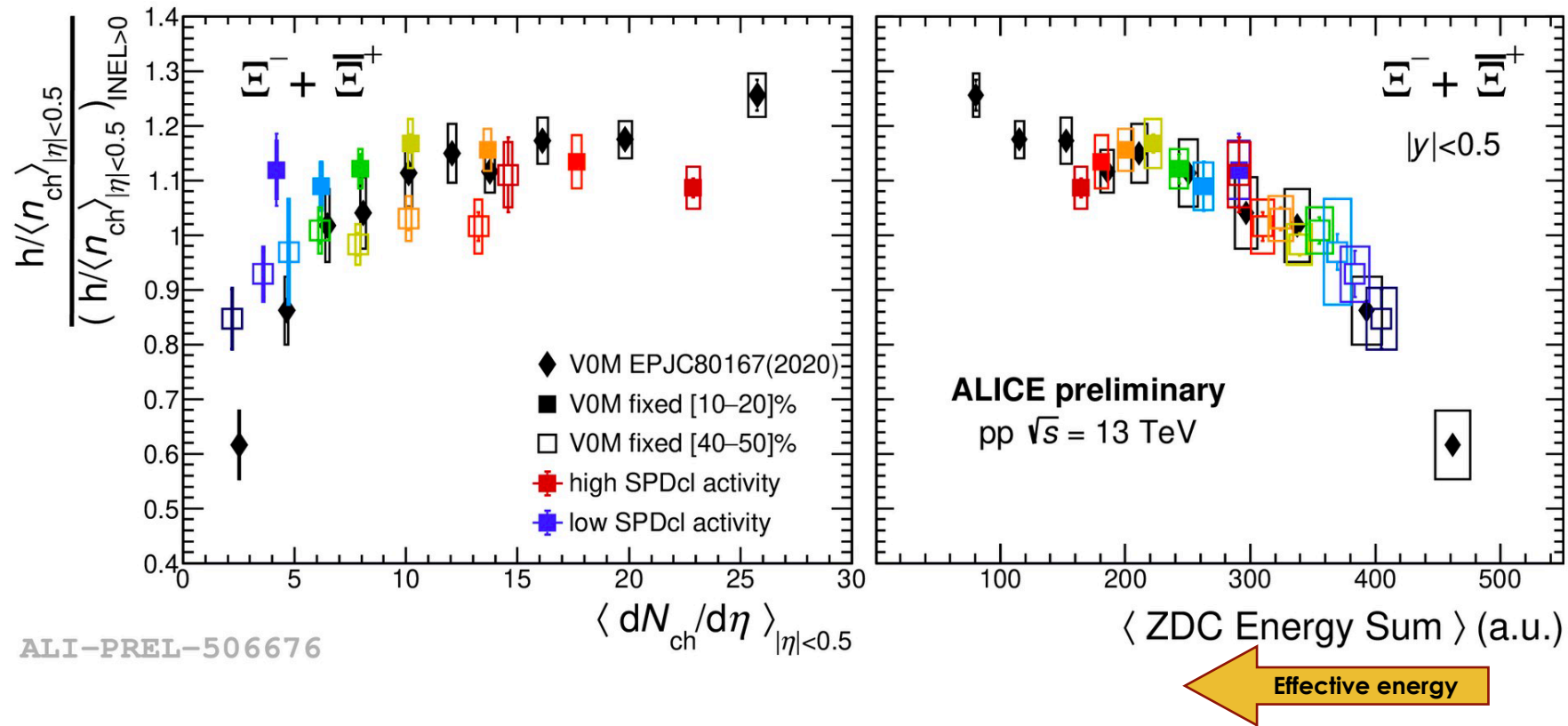
Ξ production at fixed multiplicity



There is SE with the effective energy when the multiplicity at mid-rapidity is fixed

➡ Effective energy plays an important role in the strangeness enhancement

Ξ production with reduced effective energy



The evolution of SE strongly affected from constrained effective energy

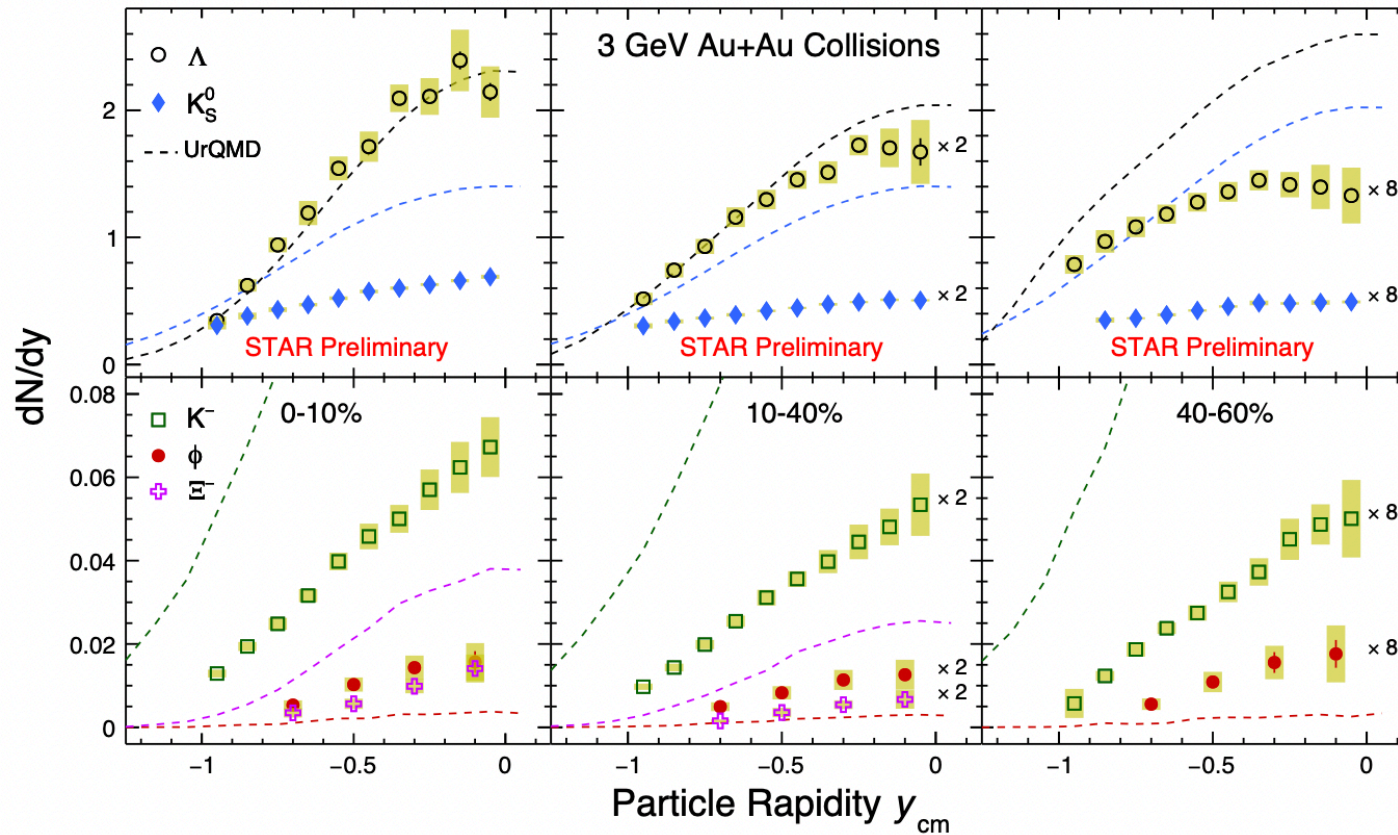
➡ physics mechanism behind SE strongly connected to the initial state of the collision

Strange particle production and collectivity in the high μ_B region

Strange hadron production at 3 GeV

21

Phys. Lett. B 831 (2022), 137152

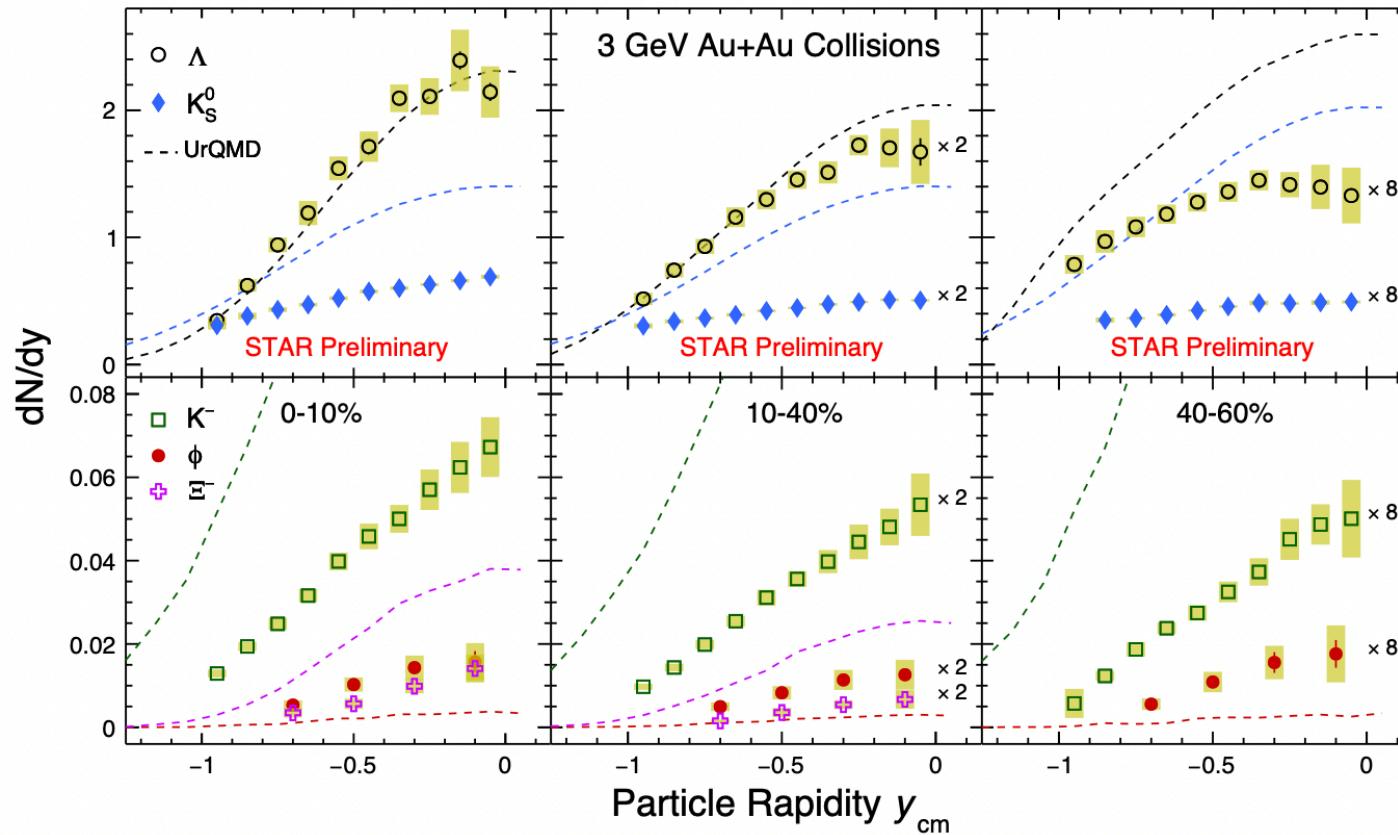


- Measurements from mid-rapidity to target rapidity
- UrQMD reproduces Λ yield in central collisions, but over-estimates K_S^0 , K^- , Ξ^- and under-estimates ϕ production

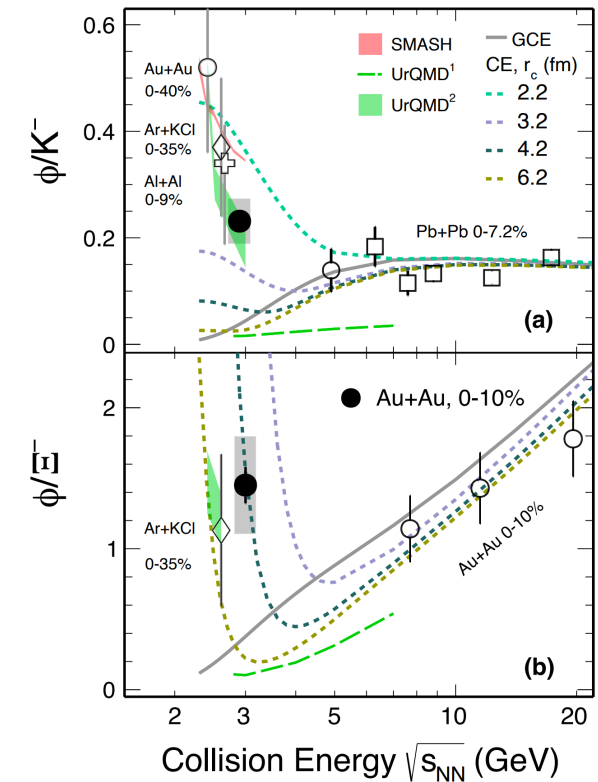
Strange hadron production at 3 GeV

22

Phys. Lett. B 831 (2022),137152

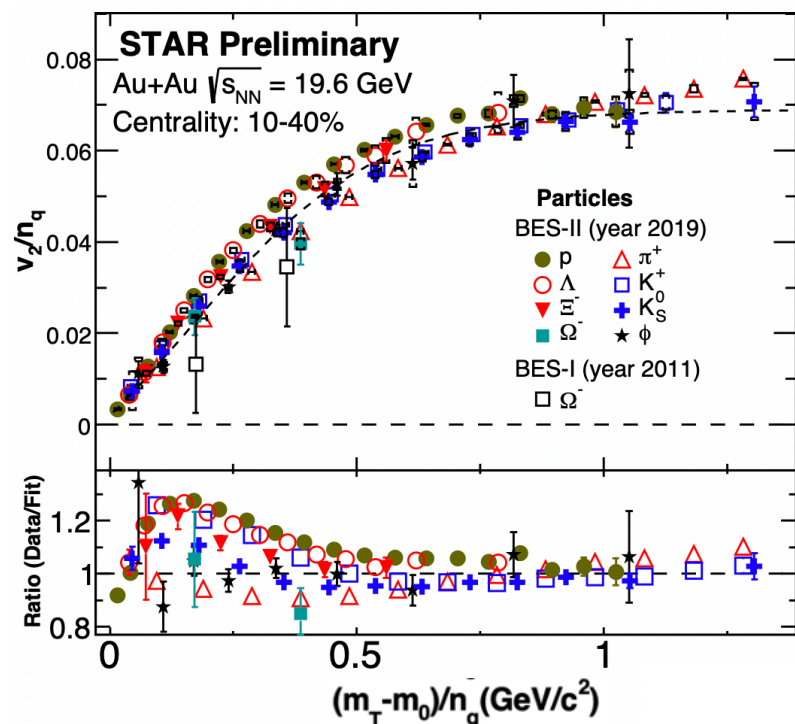


- Measurements from mid-rapidity to target rapidity
- UrQMD reproduces Λ yield in central collisions, but over-estimates K_S^0 , K^- , Ξ^- and under-estimates ϕ production



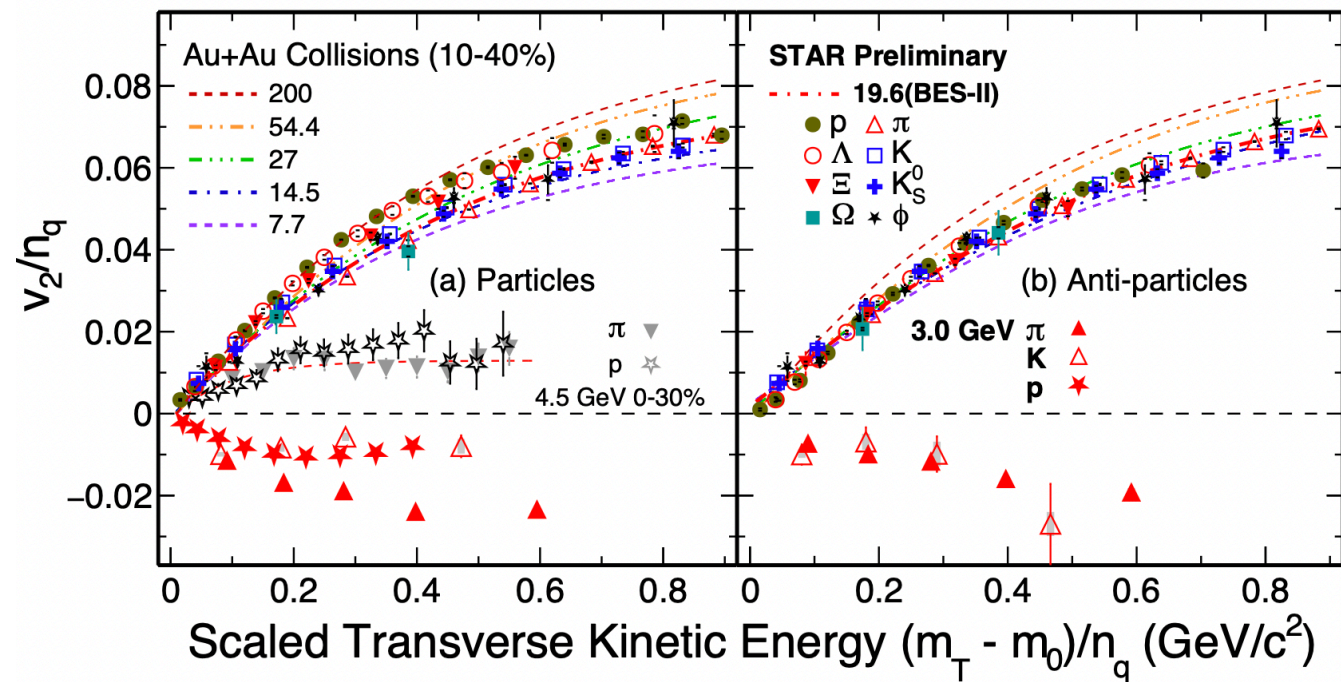
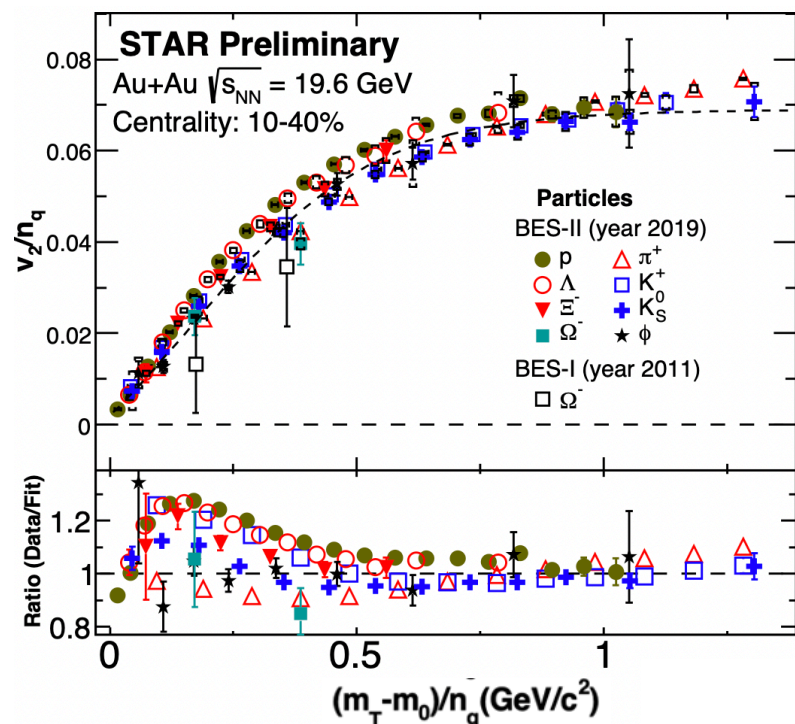
- Yield ratios show canonical suppression of strangeness at 3 GeV
- Can help constrain strangeness correlation length in the medium
- Default UrQMD fails to describe the data

Collectivity: test of NCQ scaling



- improvement of precision of v_2 measurements with BES-II data
- NCQ scaling observed to hold within 10% for anti-particles and within 20% for particles
- dominance of partonic interactions in the generation of collective flow

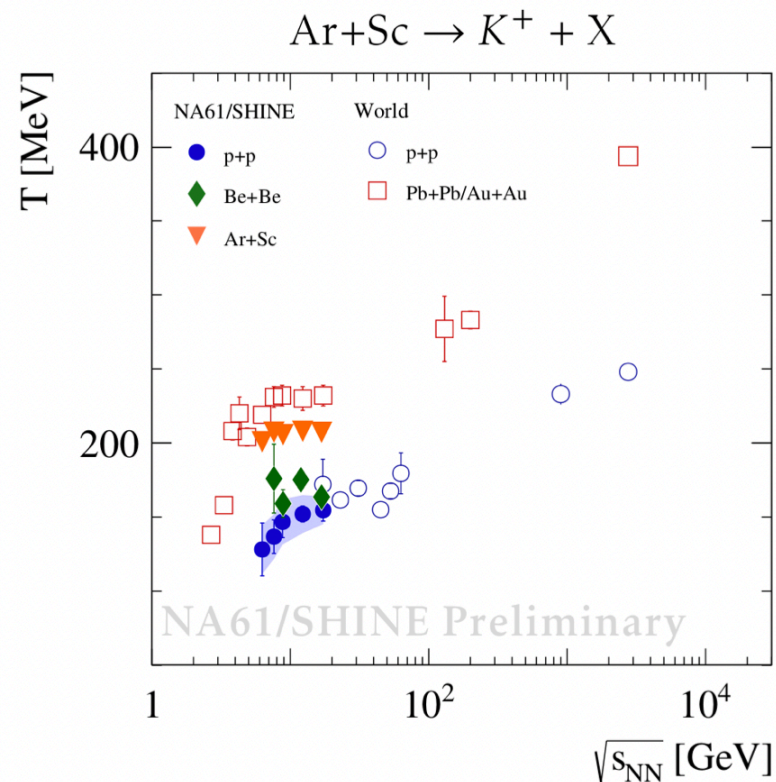
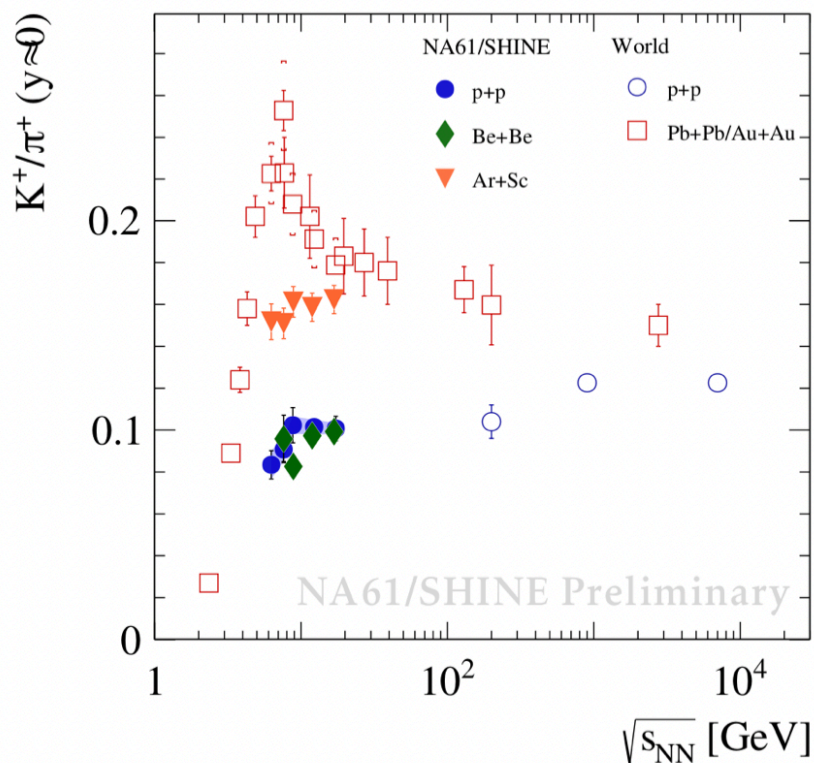
Collectivity: test of NCQ scaling



STAR, Phys. Lett. B 827, 137003 (2022)

NCQ scaling holds within uncertainties till = 4.5 GeV
 The scaling breaks for 3 GeV collisions: medium not dominated by partonic interactions

Strangeness enhancement at SPS energies



- Yield ratio: rapid increase collision energy in Pb-Pb/Au-Au and then plateaus. Argued to be from deconfinement and enhancement of strangeness
- Ratio in **Be-Be and p+p show similar behavior**. Trend for **Ar-Sc clearly separated from small systems** but its **energy dependence does not resemble the sharp peak seen in heavy-ion reaction**
- **Strong system size dependence** for both the yield ratio and T

Summary

Solid observations on strangeness production from small to large systems at the LHC energies:

- Enhancement VS multiplicity \propto s-content. Saturation at high multiplicity
- Intense theoretical activity trying to reproduce these data
- New developments with multi-differential analyses in small systems show hints of a significant correlation of SE with initial state conditions

Indication of change in EoS of matter produced in collisions at 3 GeV

- Disappearance of partonic collectivity at 3 GeV
 - Flow dominated by baryonic interactions

Strangeness production and collectivity at high μ_B

- Canonical suppression of strangeness in 3 GeV collisions and below
- At SPS energies no indication of «horn» in Ar+Sc collisions
- Unexpected system size dependence ($p+p \approx \text{Be}+\text{Be}$) \neq ($\text{Ar}+\text{Sc} \leq \text{Pb}+\text{Pb}$)