

Tools for the ET Tower Vacuum system: outgassing database and outgassing budget

WP IV.1: Tower Vacuum

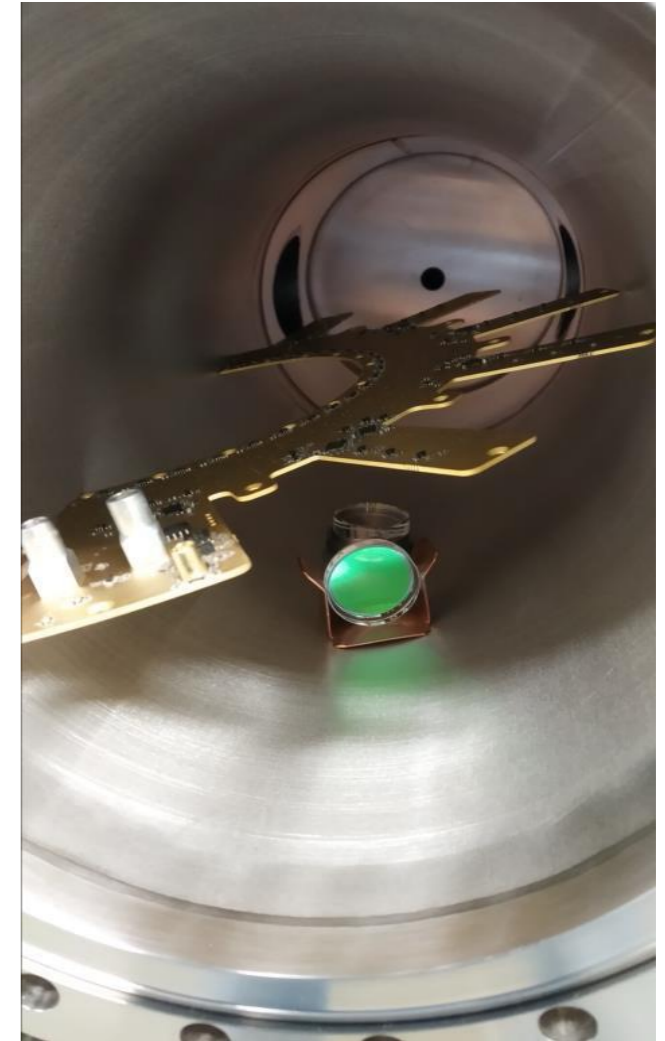
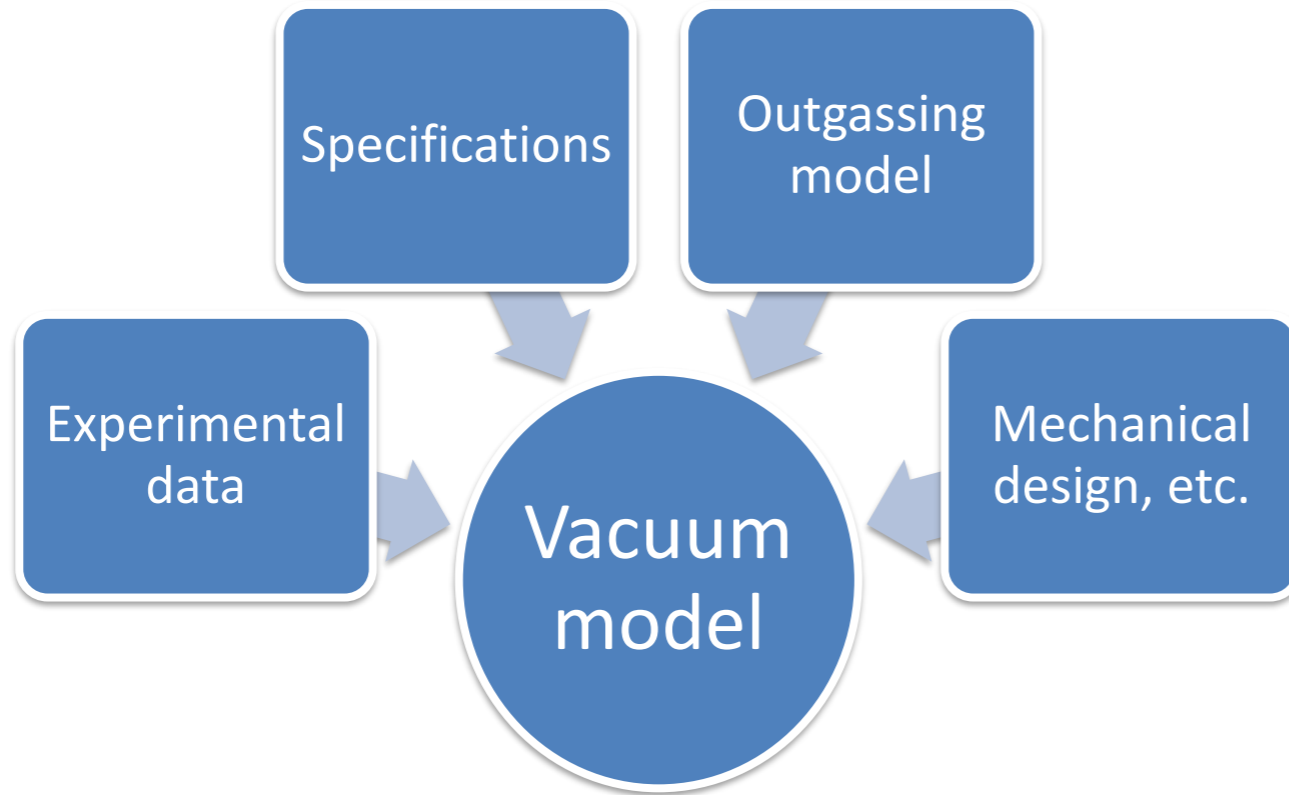
Hotel Hermitage (Italy, La Biodola Bay, Isola d'Elba)
30th September 2022

J.Gargiulo, on behalf of the VAC team

1. Outgassing of Materials
2. Vacuum in ET towers
3. Outgassing Database Tool
4. Outgassing Budget
5. Outgassing Tests
6. Optical / Contamination Aspects
7. Collaborative Aspects



Outgassing of materials



Outgassing / optical test

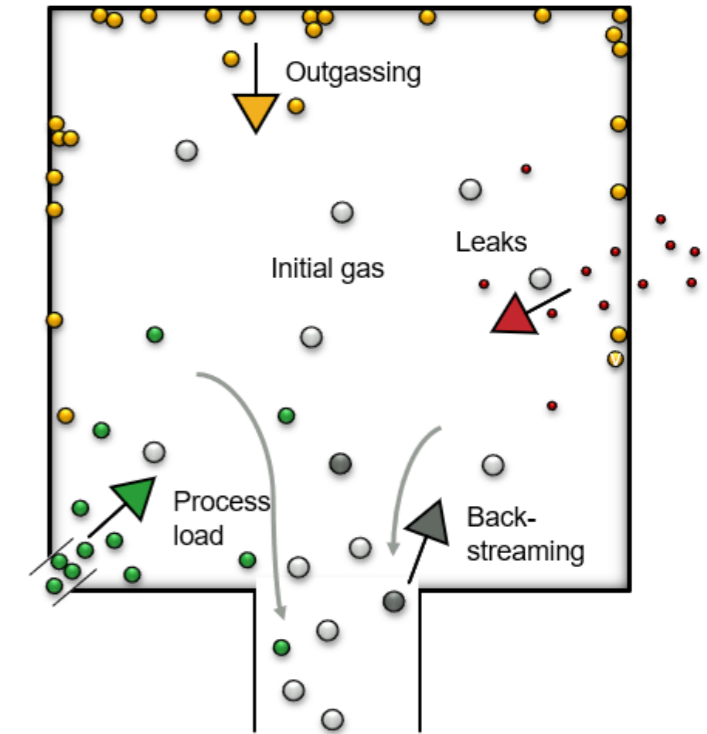
Good vacuum level and estimation of the outgassing budget
→ Essential for the good operation of the interferometer.

- Order of magnitude for diverse type of materials:
from 10^{-15} to 10^{-6} mbar.l/s.cm²

$$Pressure = \frac{Q}{Pumping\ Speed} + P_0$$

- Pumping speed usually varies between 10 to few 1000 l/s.
Except for cryogenics (that need large space + constraints).
- Importance of understanding and control outgassing within the vacuum chamber

→ Outgassing Budget → 1st step: outgassing database



Outgassing – Source: Leybold

Vacuum in ET Towers

Vacuum level: control the residual pressure and identification the gas species present in the tower.

The residual pressure can be estimated according to the pumping system (TMP, getter, cryotrap, etc.).

Procedure in collaboration with subsystems that design the assemblies, to allow the selection of materials fitting the vacuum requirements.

Cleaning and baking included.

The residual gas from the tower affects the deposition rate on the mirror (especially for LF interferometer) and on the pressure on the tube arms.

Interfaces with cryogenic tower (in LF) and cryogenic trap.



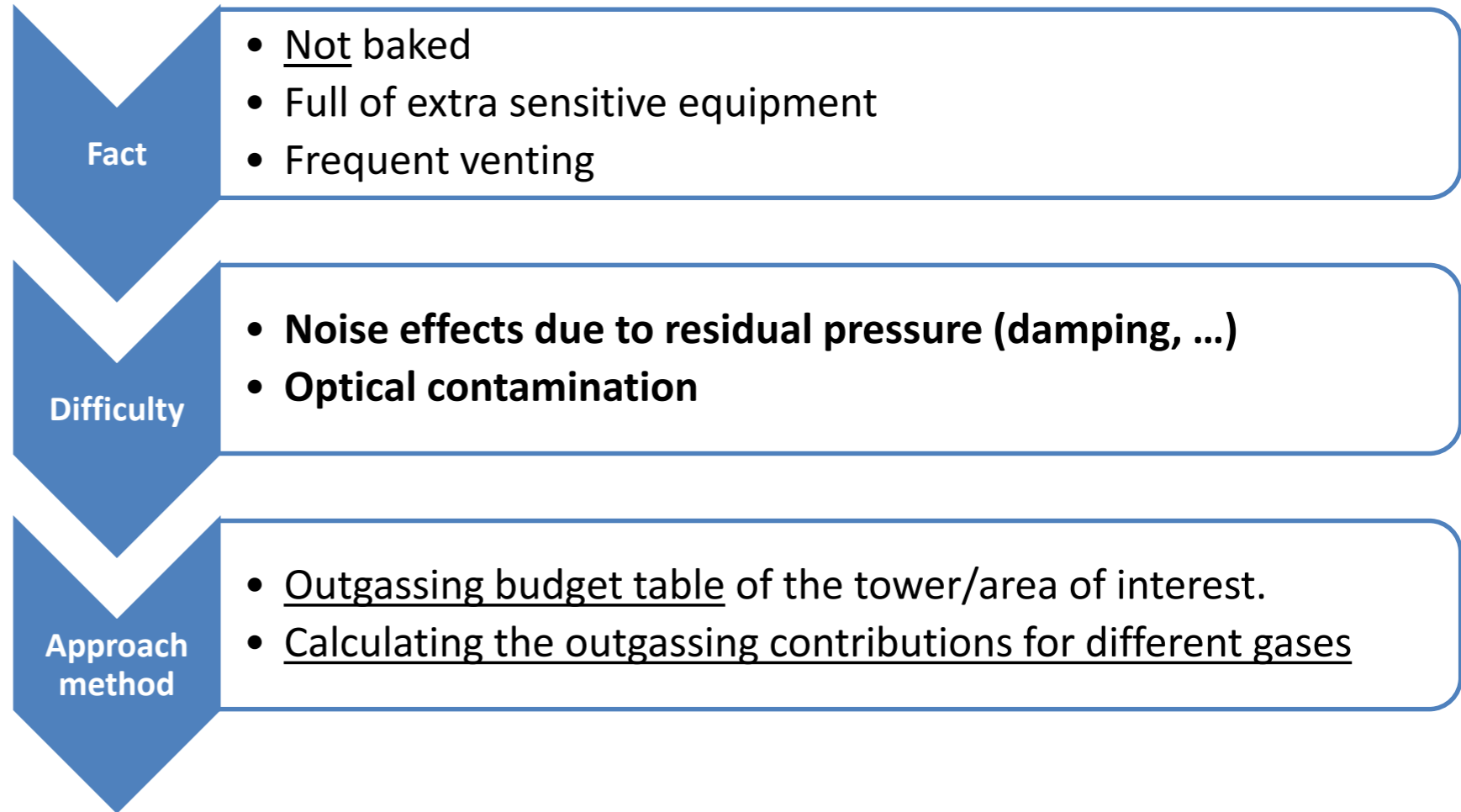
Illustration of a possible ET Tower

Vacuum in ET Towers

Large vacuum chambers hosting optical or suspension devices, delicate instruments.

Transient mode after venting, time to pump down before re-starting the experiment.

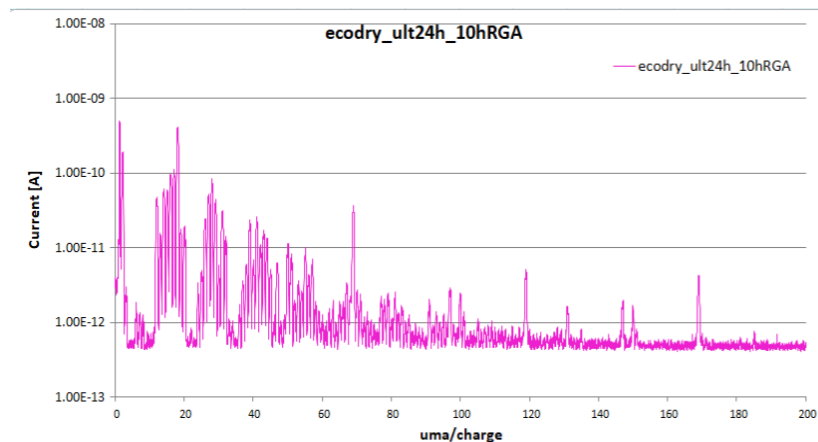
- *Lower part: 10^{-9} mbar range.*
- *Upper part: 10^{-7} mbar range.*



Outgassing of raw materials included – with their respective treatments - AISI 304L, PEEK, Copper, etc.

Main use with assemblies that are inserted into the tower.

One principal treat is the non-volatile compounds... their partial pressure must be calculated.



Outgassing measurement - Pump

Proposed definition for: Low volatile compound «Hydrocarbon» HC:

Sum of fragments > 45



Background subtracted

During blank test the values of fragments > 45 is noted, constant value. Then removed from the outgassing measurement of the test sample.

Considering for each fragment the same sensitivity as Nitrogen.

Available at (need a gitlab.et-gw.eu account):

https://apps.et-gw.eu/et_outgassing_db/

Component					Q Optical measurements		Vacuum measurements													
Item	Manufacturer	Main material	History	Optical check	Optical losses (ppm)	Test procedure	mbar-l/s						Q_HC (peaks N>44) (m/z)	Preparation (highlight)	Pre-baking			Notes	Installation scenario	Reference
							Q_H2O @24h	Q_H2O @100H	Q_H2O @1000H	Q_H2	Q_N2+OTHERS @24h	Q_N2+OTHERS @100h			Q_HC (level>44)	Done?	Temperature (°C)			
Baffle PCB#10-21	IFAE	Pyr lux AP		Absolute losses @LMA	0.50	throughput method	1.03e-8	5.43e-9	1.94e-9			3.31e-11	5.00e-13	IPA cleaning	Yes	70	168	After pre-baking, one day in a clean room ISO5.	Mirror compartment	IMC Instrumented Baffle, Ref. IFAE-PCB#10-21
Al EN AW-6061	N.A.	Al EN AW-6061		No		throughput method	4.86e-10	1.17e-10	1.17e-11	5.50e-14				Factory Cleaning	No			Q_H2O : $Q=Q_0*t^{-\alpha}$, with $Q_0=4.2e-3$ (Pa L s ⁻¹ cm ⁻²) and $\alpha=1$	Lower compartment	NIST: DOI: 10.1116/6.0000657
AISI 316L Vacuum Fired	N.A.	AISI 316L		No		throughput method	8.64e-11	2.43e-11	3.21e-12	5.10e-14				Factory Cleaning	No			Vacuum fire process: 950°C for 24h Q_H2O : $Q=Q_0*t^{-\alpha}$, with $Q_0=3.30e-4$ (Pa L s ⁻¹ cm ⁻²) and $\alpha=0.91$	Lower compartment	NIST: DOI: 10.1116/6.0000657
AISI 316L	N.A.	AISI 316L		No		throughput method	1.20e-10	3.09e-11	3.48e-12	1.00e-12				Factory Cleaning	No			Q_H2 : conventional outgassing rate Q_H2O : $Q=Q_0*t^{-\alpha}$, with $Q_0=7.25e-4$ (Pa L s ⁻¹ cm ⁻²) and $\alpha=0.95$	Lower compartment	NIST: DOI: 10.1116/6.0000657
AISI 304L	N.A.	AISI 304L		No		throughput method	2.68e-10	4.19e-11	2.10e-12	1.00e-12				Factory Cleaning	No			Q_H2 : conventional outgassing rate Q_H2O : $Q=Q_0*t^{-\alpha}$, with $Q_0=7.00e-2$ (Pa L s ⁻¹ cm ⁻²) and $\alpha=1.3$	Lower compartment	NIST: DOI: 10.1116/6.0000657

- H₂O fluxes:
 - short time (about 1 day),
 - Medium time (about 1 week),
 - Long time (about 1 month),
- N₂ and other volatile compounds fluxes at medium term,
- H₂ flux
- HC flux and/or species (hard to measure flux because of the high sticking properties).

https://apps.et-gw.eu/et_outgassing_db/

Information about preparation and pre-baking added to see the effect on the outgassing.
 Help for choosing a manufacturing and cleaning process.

⌚ Vacuum measurements												
Test procedure	mbar-l/s							Q_HC (peaks N>44) (m/z)	Preparation (highlight)	Pre-baking		
	Q_H2O @24h	Q_H2O @100H	Q_H2O @1000H	Q_H2	Q_N2+OTHERS @24h	Q_N2+OTHERS @100h	Q_HC (level>44)			Done?	Temperature (°C)	Hours
throughput method		6.20e-8		2.80e-8		9.30e-9	8.00e-10	69	Factory Cleaning	Yes	150	47

Outgassing Database tool

https://apps.et-gw.eu/et_outgassing_db/

Installation scenario
Mirror compartment

Installation scenario will have an importance on the outgassing budget

For component installed close to the optics, assessing the contamination level and effect on optical losses is critical!

Optical measurements	
Optical check	Optical losses (ppm)
Absolute losses @LMA	0.02

All components to be inserted in the towers shall be tested on vacuum outgassing test. The results of the test can then be inserted in the database.

All non-metallic materials shall be tested on thermal outgassing under vacuum. Temperature and duration will depend on specifications and operating conditions of each component.

Outgassing Database tool

+ Add measurement [X]

Component

Item... [v] +

Manufacturer... [v] +

Material... [v] +

Optical measurements

Optical check... [v] +

Optical losses (ppm) [v]

Vacuum measurements

Test procedure... [v] +

Measurements	
Q_H2O @24H (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_H2O @100H (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_H2O @1000H (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_H2 (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_N2+OTHERS @24H (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_N2+OTHERS @100H (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_HC (level>44) (mbar-l/s)	[v]
Q_HC (peaks N>44) (m/z)(mbar-l/s)	[v]

Preparation... [v] +

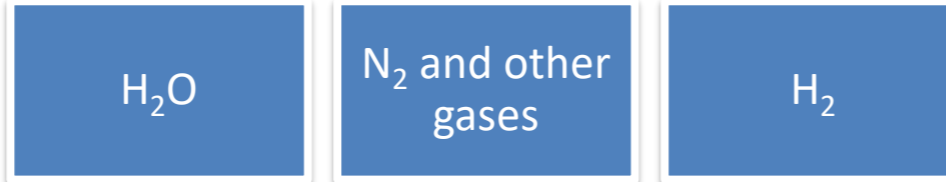
Pre-baking

Pre-baking done? [v]

Temperature (°C) [v]

Hours [v]

Notes



Proposed test activities:

- Water, “air” in thick polymers (> 3mm): ex. PEEK.
- Hydrophobic coatings: behaviour of water or sticky gases during pump-down.
- Hydrogen outgassing in metals.
- Process: Baking, Roughness, etc.
- Correlation between the detected HC level and optical losses.

We need your contribution on expanding the database!
It is a dynamic and shared tool!

- Data taken from literature following the ISO 20177 are accepted.

A template for reporting outgassing test is available : [ISB-VC-0039](#)

- Any comments and remarks to improve the database or template are welcomed!

Outgassing Budget

Methodology

The outgassing budget is build for each compartment of the diverse tower types.

1. Material of the vacuum chamber itself,
2. Equipment added in the chamber (Payload, Suspensions, Optics, etc.):
Type and outgassing (raw material or full assembly tested),
 - Restrictions on some high outgassing assemblies or materials.
 - Outgassing test report included into the database.
3. Compilation of outgassing fluxes (H_2 , H_2O , N_2 , etc.),
4. Screening control when new equipment is added in the tower.

Outgassing Budget

Methodology – Databases are needed:

- Raw material outgassing (from tests or literature)
- Outgassing of assemblies (full objects, in-house tests)
- BOM of inserted components with the exposed surface

If no budget

- Accepting too many elements,
- Medium / strong outgassing rate

The risk is:

The result is an ultimate pressure elevation and / or longer pumping time to acceptable pressure level.

Acceptable time to start the experiment wrt pressure needs to be defined.

For an estimation of pressure in the vacuum chamber, the installed pumping system with speed wrt diverse gas shall be known.

Outgassing Budget - Example

The outgassing table is build by compiling outgassing databases with the BOM.

mbar.l/s	Sum of Outgassing_flow_ HC	Sum of Outgassing_flow_ H2	Sum of Outgassing_flow_H2O_ 20h	Sum of Outgassing_flow_H2O_ 100h	Sum of Outgassing_flow_H2O_ 1000h	Sum of Outgassing_flow_ N2+Other_100h
Cat.1	~1E-08	~3E-08	~4E-04	~1E-04	~5E-05	~1E-04
Cat.2	Negl.	~3E-07	~1E-04	~1E-05	~7E-07	Negl.
Cat.3	Negl.	~2E-08	~9E-05	~1E-05	~2E-06	?
Grand Total	~1E-08	~4E-07	~6E-04	~2E-04	~5E-05	?

Synthesis of an outgassing budget table – Not all categories are shown

At present time: using an excel file for each outgassing table.

Outgassing Budget - Example

Component_name	Category	Material	Exposed_Area_cm2	Outg_flow_HC	Outg_flow_H2O_10h	Outg_flow_H2O_20h	Outg_flow_H2O_100h	Outg_flow_H2O_200h	Outg_flow_H2O_800h	Outg_flow_H2O_02_200h	Outg_flow_H2	Outgassing rate - total 20h mbar.Ls-1.cm-2	Outgassing rate - total 200h mbar.Ls-1.cm-2	Outgassing rate - total 800h mbar.Ls-1.cm-2	Notes
anello-500-3		Aluminio EN AW-6082	2615.49	0.00E+00	7.85E-07	3.92E-07	7.85E-08	3.92E-08	9.81E-09	0.00E+00	1.05E-10	1.50E-10	1.50E-11	3.79E-12	
0820-D-1MovePlate M3 Wl		Aluminio 6061	718.70	0.00E+00	8.41E-07	4.19E-07	8.41E-08	4.19E-08	1.06E-08	0.00E+00	3.95E-11	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
0825-D-1MovePlate M2_Wl		Aluminio 6061	724.88	0.00E+00	8.48E-07	4.23E-07	8.48E-08	4.23E-08	1.06E-08	0.00E+00	3.99E-11	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
Baffle-CITF-side -284		AISI 316 L	2873.80	0.00E+00	7.41E-07	3.83E-07	8.27E-08	4.29E-08	1.16E-08	0.00E+00	2.68E-09	1.44E-10	1.70E-11	5.32E-12	
schermo-B		Aluminio EN AW-6082	3133.82	0.00E+00	9.42E-07	4.71E-07	9.42E-08	4.71E-08	1.18E-08	0.00E+00	1.26E-10	1.50E-10	1.50E-11	3.79E-12	
schermo-B_MIR1		Aluminio EN AW-6082	3133.82	0.00E+00	9.42E-07	4.71E-07	9.42E-08	4.71E-08	1.18E-08	0.00E+00	1.26E-10	1.50E-10	1.50E-11	3.79E-12	
anello-bobine-new		Aluminio EN AW-6082	4232.68	0.00E+00	1.27E-06	6.35E-07	1.27E-07	6.35E-08	1.59E-08	0.00E+00	1.69E-10	1.50E-10	1.50E-11	3.79E-12	
0814-D-1BasePlate M3 Wl		Aluminio 6061	1215.33	0.00E+00	1.42E-06	7.09E-07	1.42E-07	7.09E-08	1.77E-08	0.00E+00	6.68E-11	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
0826-D-1BasePlate M1_Wl		Aluminio 6061	1216.43	0.00E+00	1.42E-06	7.09E-07	1.42E-07	7.09E-08	1.78E-08	0.00E+00	6.69E-11	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
0822-D-1BasePlate M2_Wl		Aluminio 6061	1230.49	0.00E+00	1.44E-06	7.17E-07	1.44E-07	7.17E-08	1.80E-08	0.00E+00	6.77E-11	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
orecchia_2014		Vetro	80.86	0.00E+00	1.61E-06	8.07E-07	1.61E-07	8.07E-08	8.07E-09	0.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E-08	1.00E-09	1.00E-10	
orecchia_2014_MIR1		Vetro	80.86	0.00E+00	1.61E-06	8.07E-07	1.61E-07	8.07E-08	8.07E-09	0.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E-08	1.00E-09	1.00E-10	
0815-D-1Pedestal M3		Aluminio 6061	2011.72	0.00E+00	2.35E-06	1.17E-06	2.35E-07	1.17E-07	2.94E-08	0.00E+00	1.11E-10	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
Mirror Safety 2015 Roma 1		AISI 316 L	7349.15	0.00E+00	2.03E-06	1.05E-06	2.27E-07	1.18E-07	3.17E-08	0.00E+00	7.35E-09	1.44E-10	1.70E-11	5.32E-12	
0823-D-1Pedestal M2_Wl		Aluminio 6061	2042.02	0.00E+00	2.39E-06	1.19E-06	2.39E-07	1.19E-07	2.98E-08	0.00E+00	1.12E-10	5.83E-10	5.84E-11	1.47E-11	
Det-1		PEEK	159	3.18E-13	1.95E-07	1.38E-07	6.16E-08	4.36E-08	2.18E-08	4.13E-08	0.00E+00	1.13E-07	5.34E-08	1.37E-08	
marionetta-input-new		AISI 316 L	8413.52	0.00E+00	2.33E-06	1.20E-06	2.60E-07	1.35E-07	3.63E-08	0.00E+00	8.41E-09	1.44E-10	1.70E-11	5.32E-12	
Det_ON1000_ON400		AISI 304 L	3725.55	0.00E+00	8.12E-06	3.30E-06	4.08E-07	1.65E-07	2.72E-08	0.00E+00	9.73E-09	3.40E-10	1.80E-11	3.80E-12	
culla-titanio5		Titanio	9648.42	0.00E+00	3.48E-06	1.14E-06	3.48E-07	1.75E-07	4.35E-08	0.00E+00	2.41E-10	1.18E-10	1.81E-11	4.54E-12	
DISCO-BOBINE-INPUT		Aluminio EN AW-6082	13420.01	0.00E+00	4.03E-06										
spingi-orecchia		PEEK	2.89	5.38E-13	3.30E-07	2.33E-07									
spingi-orecchia_MIR		PEEK	2.89	5.38E-13	3.30E-07	2.33E-07									
Tank-Flangia-2100		AISI 304 L	14573.41	0.00E+00	1.22E-05	4.94E-06									
RHing		Vetro	260.46	0.00E+00	5.21E-06	2.60E-06									
GAMBONI-NORD		Aluminio EN AW-6082	17406.91	0.00E+00	5.22E-06	2.61E-06									
VAC-LNK-1265-2		AISI 304 L	26272.25	0.00E+00	2.19E-05	8.91E-06									
Ass_support		PEEK	7.21	1.44E-12	8.83E-07	6.24E-07									
PUNTE-PEEK		PEEK	7.46	1.49E-12	9.14E-07	6.46E-07									
Part-24-window glass		Vetro	749.91	0.00E+00	1.50E-05	7.50E-06									
punta-peek-specchio		PEEK	3.61	1.92E-12	1.18E-06	8.33E-07									
Assi-blocca-fili		PEEK	9.97	1.99E-12	1.22E-06	8.64E-07									
BaffleTCS_Post		Vetro	1001.60	0.00E+00	2.00E-05	1.00E-05									
Piastra-2400		AISI 304 L	10984.00	0.00E+00	9.17E-06	3.72E-06									
VAC-LNK-1262-2		AISI 304 L	68374.79	0.00E+00	5.71E-05	2.32E-05									
Tank-Flangia-Inferiore		AISI 304 L	23397.00	0.00E+00	2.45E-05	9.97E-06									
OTTICA		BK7	1217.37	0.00E+00	2.43E-05	1.22E-05									
antiribaltamento		PEEK	28.20	5.64E-12	3.46E-06	2.44E-06									
antiribaltamento_MIR		PEEK	28.20	5.64E-12	3.46E-06	2.44E-06									
antiribaltamento_MIR1		PEEK	28.20	5.64E-12	3.46E-06	2.44E-06									
CP-Mirror		Vetro	2306.55	0.00E+00	4.61E-05	2.31E-05									
staffa-rotante - motore		PEEK	38.94	7.77E-12	4.76E-06	3.37E-06									
staffa-rotante		PEEK	40.86	8.17E-12	5.01E-06	3.54E-06									
staffa-rotante-PH		PEEK	41.57	8.31E-12	5.09E-06	3.60E-06									
ASS-Mirror-Fibers		Vetro	4352.01	0.00E+00	8.70E-05	4.35E-05									
guida01_MIR2		PEEK	54.58	1.09E-11	6.69E-06	4.73E-06									
guida01		PEEK	54.58	1.09E-11	6.69E-06	4.73E-06									
Piattina1		PFK	61.05	1.22E-11	7.48E-06	5.29E-06									

For one compartment, **EXAMPLE:**

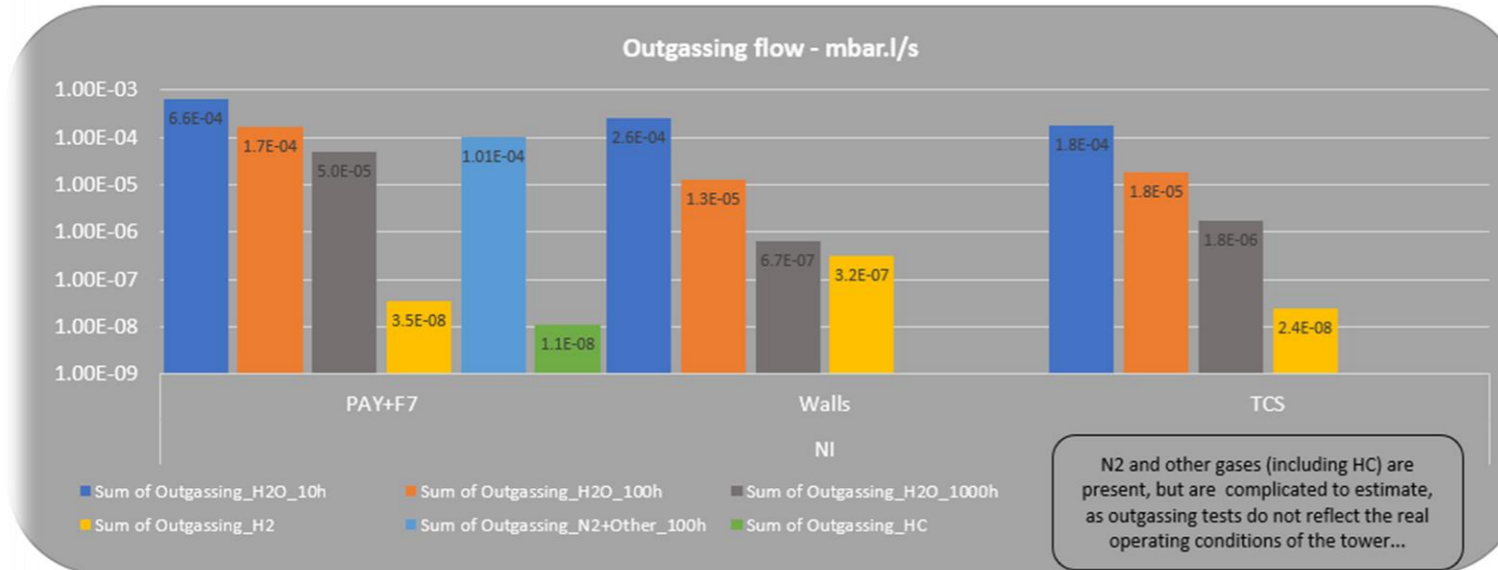
- More than 250 components (including 30 assemblies)
- 20 materials

Components can be classified into categories such as:

Blades, Magnets, Coils, Filters, etc.

Outgassing Budget - Example

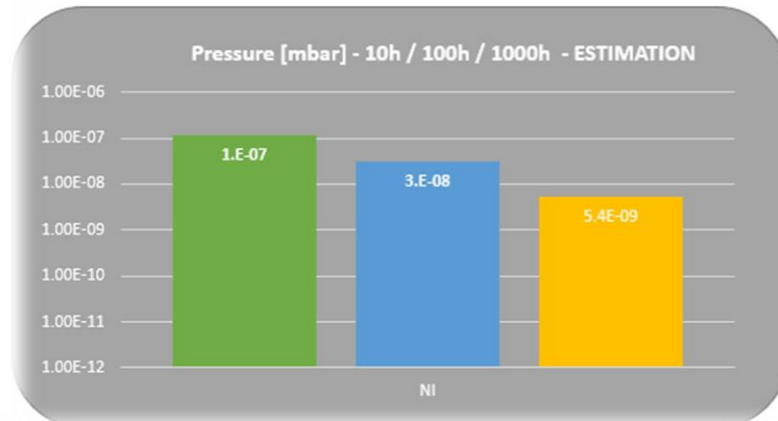
EXAMPLE - DASHBOARD - NI TOWER - LOWER COMPARTMENT



Outgassing Budget dashboard:
Lower Part NI_WI.

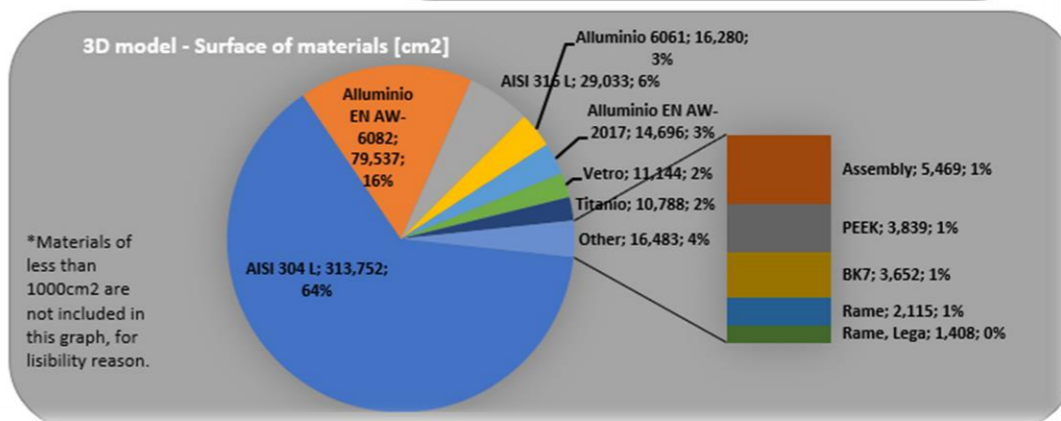
- 3D model needed for BOM and surface determination.
- Material / Assembly outgassing databases from EGO tests and literature.

Done the 21/09/2022.



Conventional estimation, as usual ($P=Q/S$).
 Large organics: HC = sum of > 44 amu/z peaks (43 is acetone, 45 and 41,43 alcohol)

Pumping speed, taken as average in the central area:
 10000 l/s for H2O and HC, and 2000 l/s for H2.
 Flows in MBAR.L/S

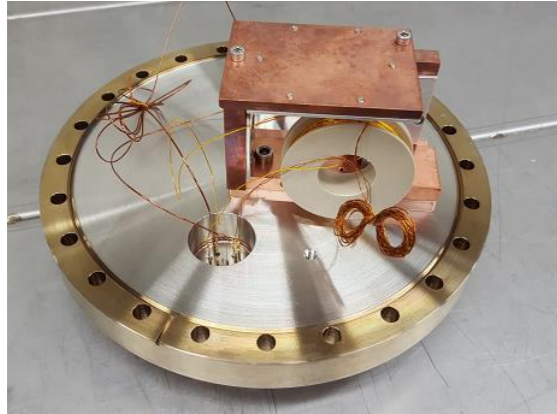


Outgassing Budget

The outgassing budget table depends entirely on the quality of the inputs:
Outgassing database and BOM.

- The Bill of Material shall be updated when maintenances are done.
- Outgassing flows on sticky gases, such as H₂O and HC are complicated to estimate.

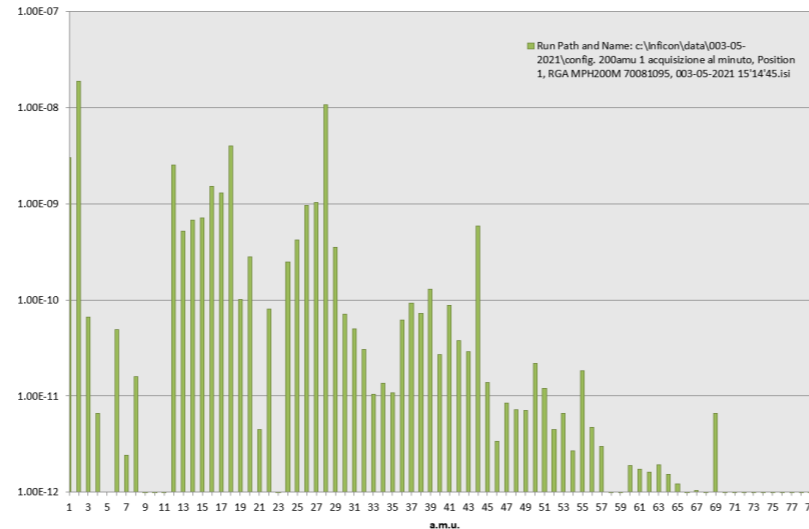
Nevertheless it is a powerful tool to manage the vacuum quality on the system.



Coil being tested

No correlation
between the
detected HC level
and optical losses

- New bench for measuring H₂ outgassing by accumulation
 - H₂O and other gases by the throughput method.



Contaminated chamber

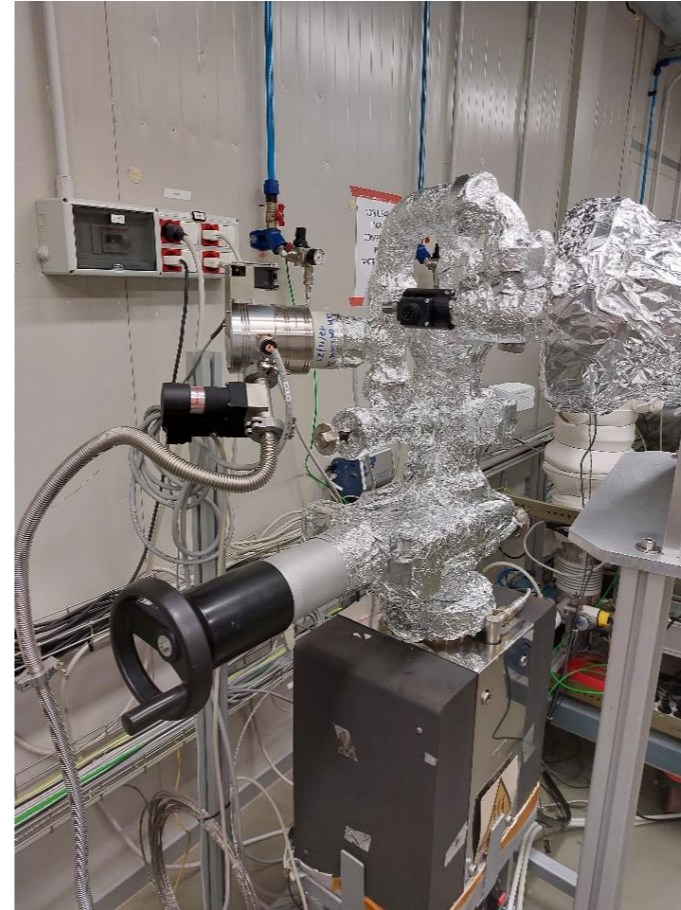
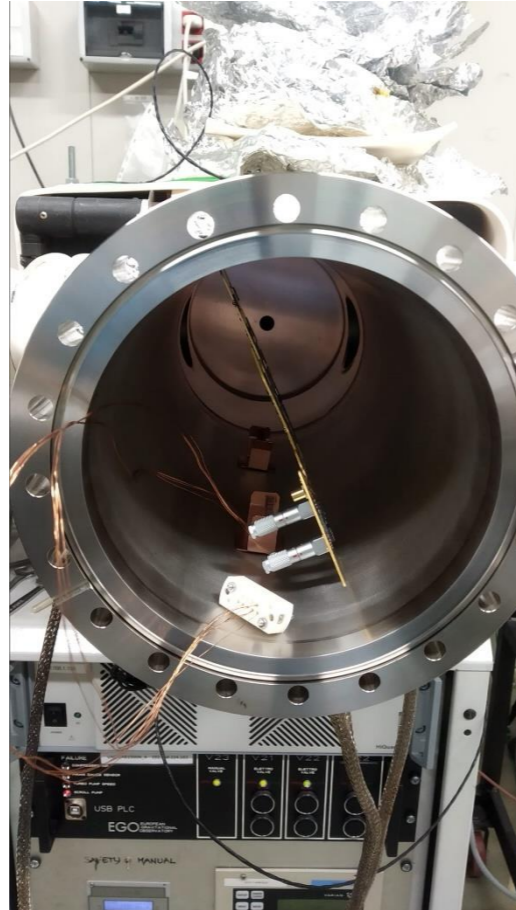


Vacuum laboratory section

‘Throughput method’

$$Q = C * (P_1 - P_2)$$

Thermal degassing cycles,
HC level measurements
(at different temperatures)



”Accumulation”

method
(rate-of-rise)

Use of RGA to analyse accumulated gases

$$q_{acc} = S_{eff} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \frac{I}{S} dt$$

s: sensitivity factor for the considered gas

Optical / Contamination Aspects

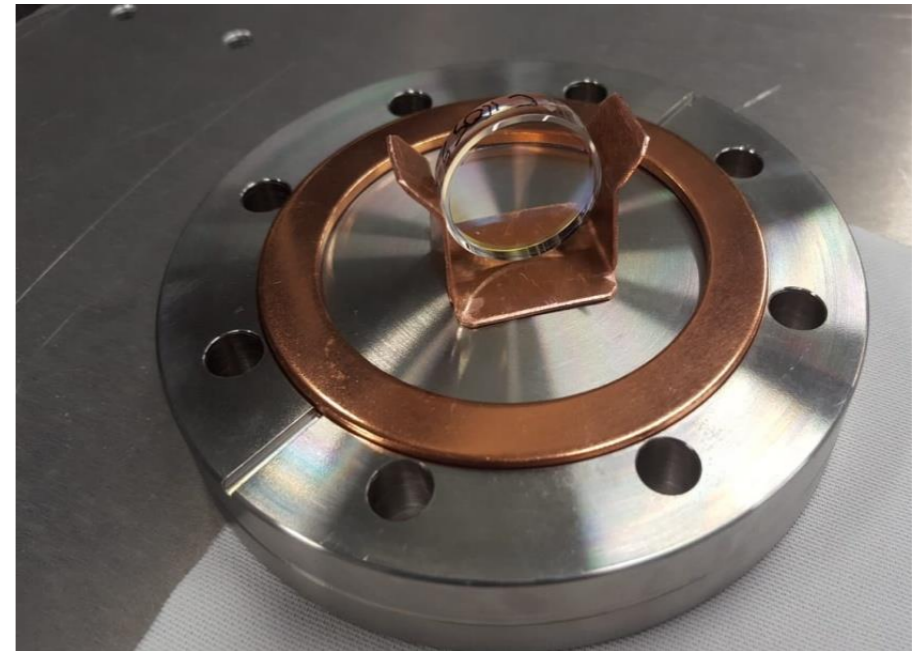
The contamination is measured in the traditional way:
Usual Absorption bench using photothermal deflection
technique @1064 nm.

This method is very effective but takes time and skilled
people to perform it.

Goal: Investigating new ways to analyse contamination,
understand the condensate nature on the surface.

A quantitative estimate of the acceptable deposit (now
done conventionally) needs to be defined.

- Optical measurement:
Information about degradation of the
optical performances due to exposition
under vacuum.



Viewing factor between test mirror and material under
test may be relevant.

Collaborative Aspects

- The database is a shared tool
 - Contributions can drive the choice of materials
 - Link with subsystems for the heat treatment and cleaning processes
- Outgassing tests
 - Diverse raw materials, treated materials, chambers and assemblies to test...
 - Long tests and little availability: mutualisation of the tests.



Arm pipe module test - Virgo

