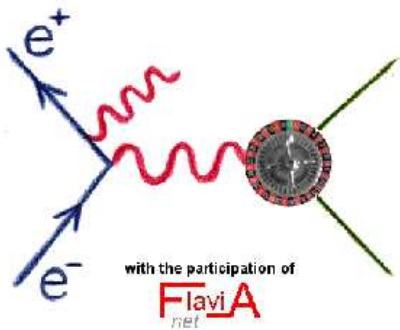


PHOKHARA 7.0 Monte Carlo generator.

H. CZYŻ, IF, UŚ, Katowice

MonteCarLow WG Meeting, Liverpool 2010



Based on:

H. Czyż, J. H. Kühn and A. Wapienik,

“Four-pion production in tau decays and e^+e^- annihilation:
an update,”

Phys. Rev. D **77** (2008) 114005

H. Czyż, J. H. Kühn

“Strong and Electromagnetic J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ Decays
into Pion and Kaon Pairs,”

Phys. Rev. D **80** (2009) 034035

H. Czyż, A. Grzelińska and J. H. Kühn

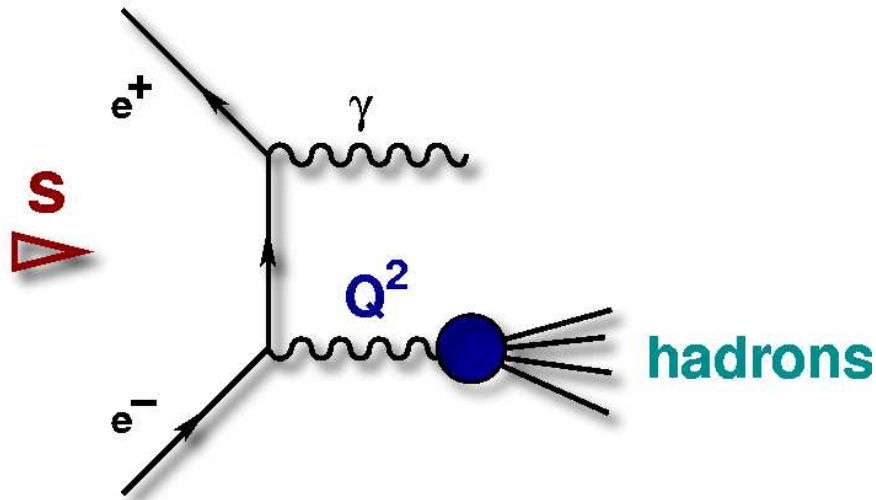
‘Narrow resonances studies with the radiative return method,’

Phys. Rev. D **81** (2010) 094014

THE RADIATIVE RETURN METHOD

$$d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons} + \gamma(\text{ISR})) =$$

$$H(Q^2, \theta_\gamma) d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})(s = Q^2)$$



- ▶ measurement of $R(s)$ over the full range of energies, from threshold up to \sqrt{s}
- ▶ large luminosities of factories compensate α/π from photon radiation
- ▶ radiative corrections essential (NLO,...)

High precision measurement of the hadronic cross-section
at meson-factories

MC generators needed

EVA: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

- tagged photon ($\theta_\gamma > \theta_{cut}$)
- ISR at LO + Structure Function
- FSR: point-like pions

[Binner et al.]

$e^+e^- \rightarrow 4\pi + \gamma$

- ISR at LO + Structure Function

[Czyż, Kühn, 2000]

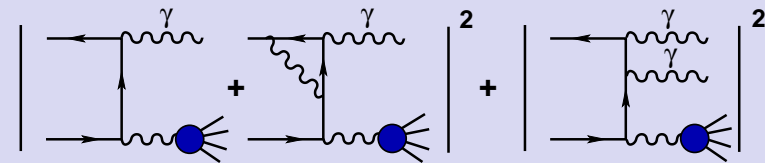
H.C., A. Grzełińska,

J. H. Kühn, E. Nowak-Kubat,

G. Rodrigo, A. Wapient

PHOKHARA 7.0: $\pi^+\pi^-$,
 $\mu^+\mu^-$, 4π , $\bar{N}N$, 3π , KK ,
 $\Lambda(\rightarrow \dots)\bar{\Lambda}(\rightarrow \dots)$, J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$

- **ISR at NLO:** virtual corrections to one photon events and two photon emission at tree level



- FSR at NLO: $\pi^+\pi^-$, $\mu^+\mu^-$, K^+K^-
- tagged or untagged photons
- Modular structure

<http://ific.uv.es/~rodrigo/phokhara/>

Isospin relations: 4π

$$\langle \pi^+ \pi^- \pi_1^0 \pi_2^0 | J_\mu^3 | 0 \rangle = J_\mu(p_1, p_2, p^+, p^-)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \pi_1^+ \pi_2^+ \pi_1^- \pi_2^- | J_\mu^3 | 0 \rangle = \\ J_\mu(p_2^+, p_2^-, p_1^+, p_1^-) + J_\mu(p_1^+, p_2^-, p_2^+, p_1^-) \\ + J_\mu(p_2^+, p_1^-, p_1^+, p_2^-) + J_\mu(p_1^+, p_1^-, p_2^+, p_2^-) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \pi^- \pi_1^0 \pi_2^0 \pi_3^0 | J_\mu^- | 0 \rangle = \\ J_\mu(p_2, p_3, p^-, p_1) + J_\mu(p_1, p_3, p^-, p_2) + J_\mu(p_1, p_2, p^-, p_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \pi_1^- \pi_2^- \pi^+ \pi^0 | J_\mu^- | 0 \rangle = \\ J_\mu(p^+, p_2, p_1, p^0) + J_\mu(p^+, p_1, p_2, p^0) \end{aligned}$$

J. H. Kühn (1999)

Isospin relations: 4π

$$\int J_{\mu}^{em} (J_{\nu}^{em})^* d\bar{\Phi}_n(Q; q_1, \dots, q_n) \\ = \frac{1}{6\pi} \left(Q_{\mu} Q_{\nu} - g_{\mu\nu} Q^2 \right) R(Q^2)$$

$$R(Q^2) = \sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})(Q^2) / \sigma_{point}$$

Isospin relations: 4π

$$\frac{d\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \nu + \text{hadrons}}}{dQ^2} = 2 \Gamma_e \frac{|V_{ud}|^2 S_{EW}}{m_\tau^2} \left(1 - \frac{Q^2}{m_\tau^2}\right)^2 \left(1 + 2\frac{Q^2}{m_\tau^2}\right) R^\tau(Q^2)$$

$$\int J_\mu^- J_\nu^{-*} d\bar{\Phi}_n(Q; q_1, \dots, q_n) = \frac{1}{3\pi} \left(Q_\mu Q_\nu - g_{\mu\nu} Q^2\right) R^\tau(Q^2)$$

Isospin relations: 4π

$$R^T(-\ 0\ 0\ 0) = \frac{1}{2} R(+\ +\ -\ -)$$

$$R^T(-\ -\ +\ 0) = \frac{1}{2} R(+\ +\ -\ -) + R(+\ -\ 0\ 0)$$

Isospin relations: 4π ; exp. situation

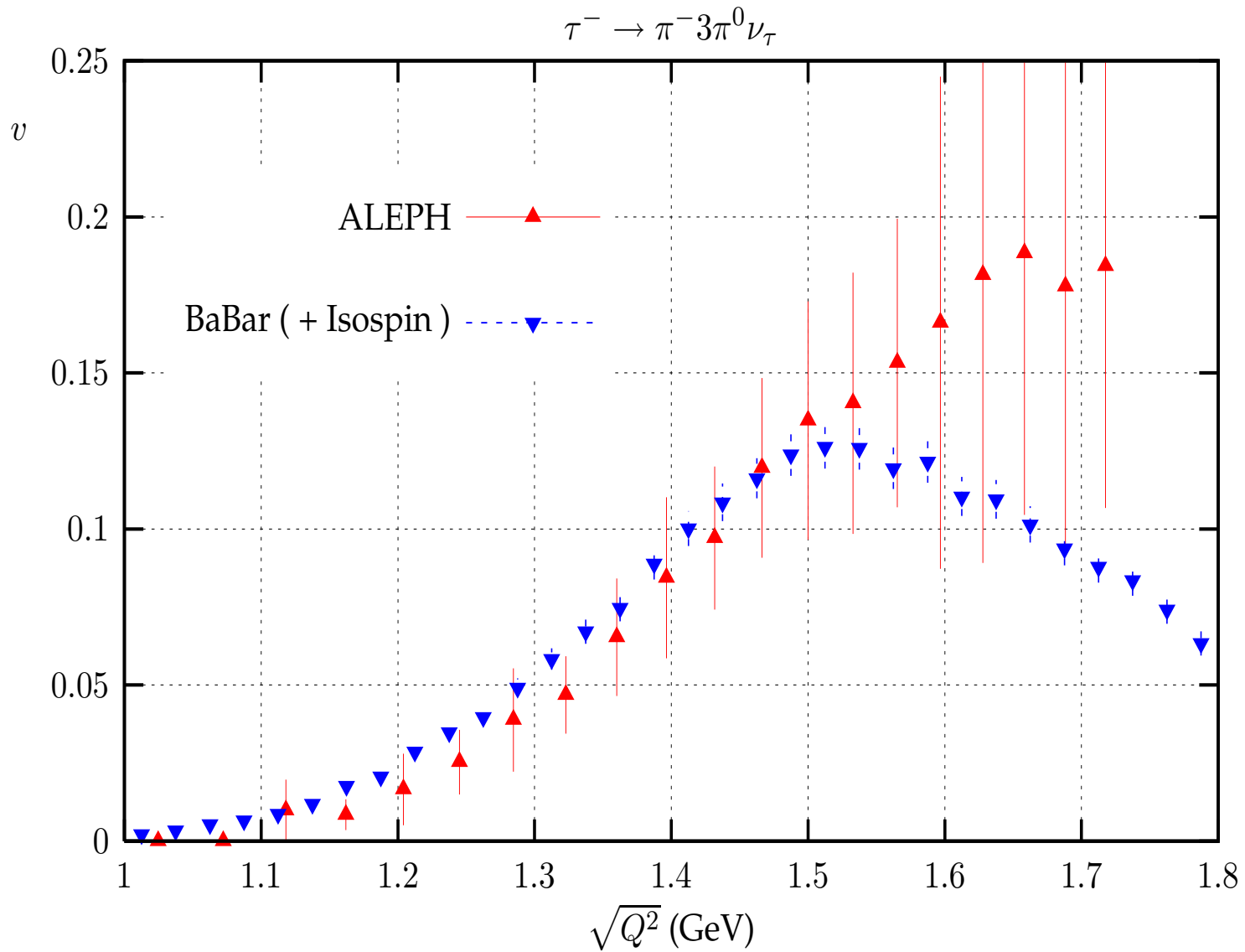
$e^+e^- \rightarrow 2\pi^+2\pi^-$: BaBar, CMD2, SND

$e^+e^- \rightarrow 2\pi^0\pi^+\pi^-$: BaBar(preliminary), CMD2, SND

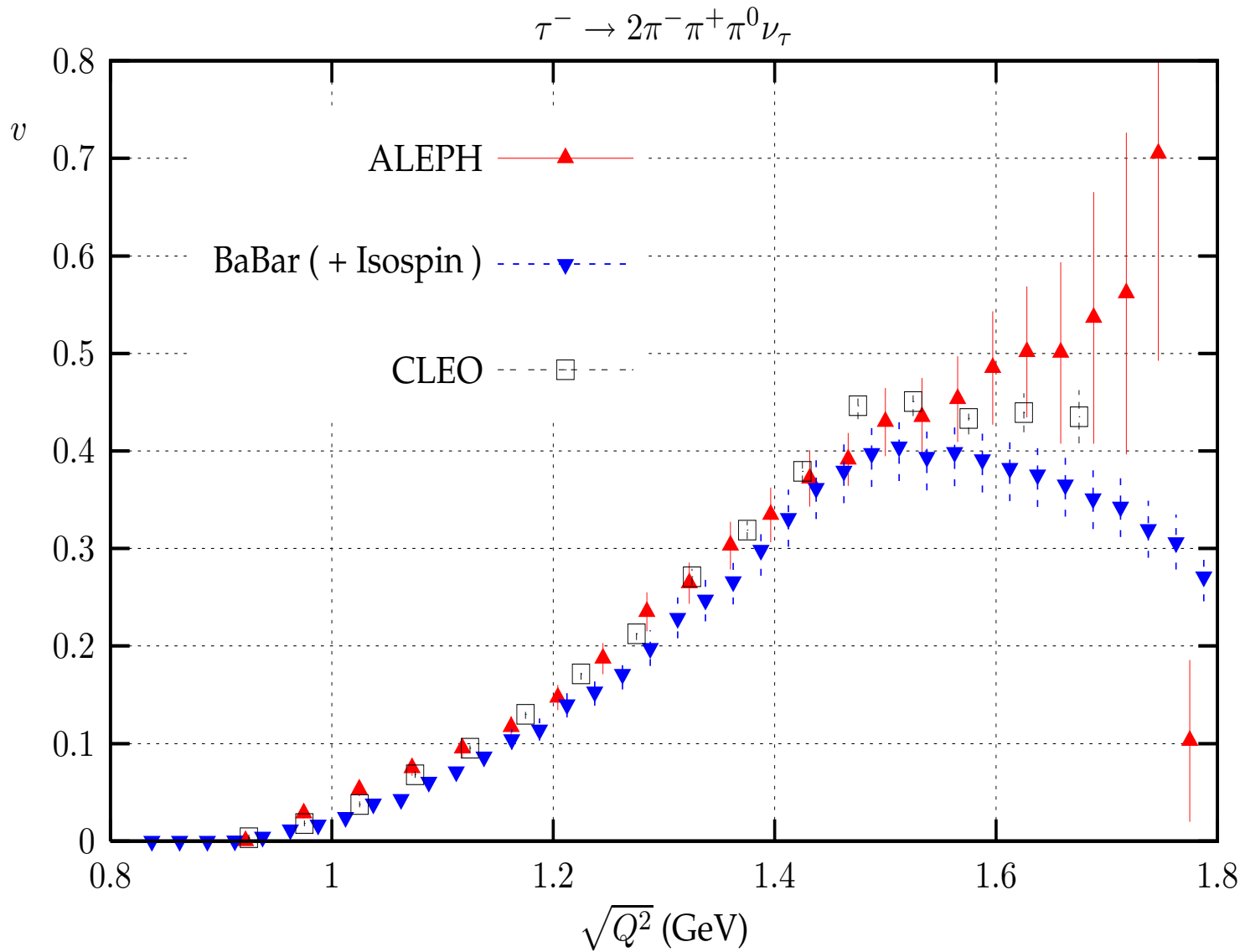
$\tau^- \rightarrow \nu 3\pi^0\pi^-$: ALEPH

$\tau^- \rightarrow \nu 2\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$: ALEPH, CLEO

Isospin relations: 4π ; exp. situation



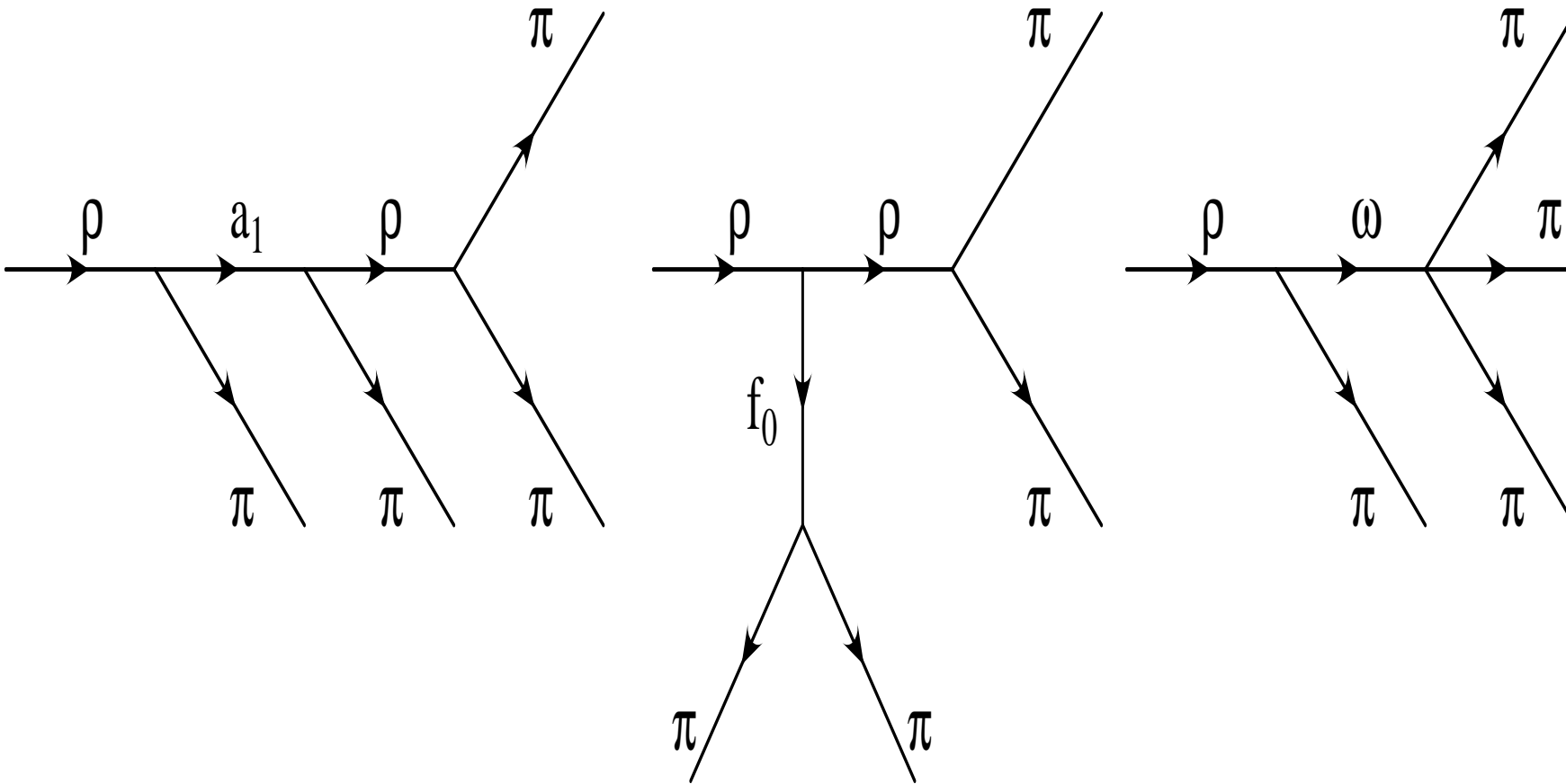
Isospin relations: 4π ; exp. situation



4π : exp. situation

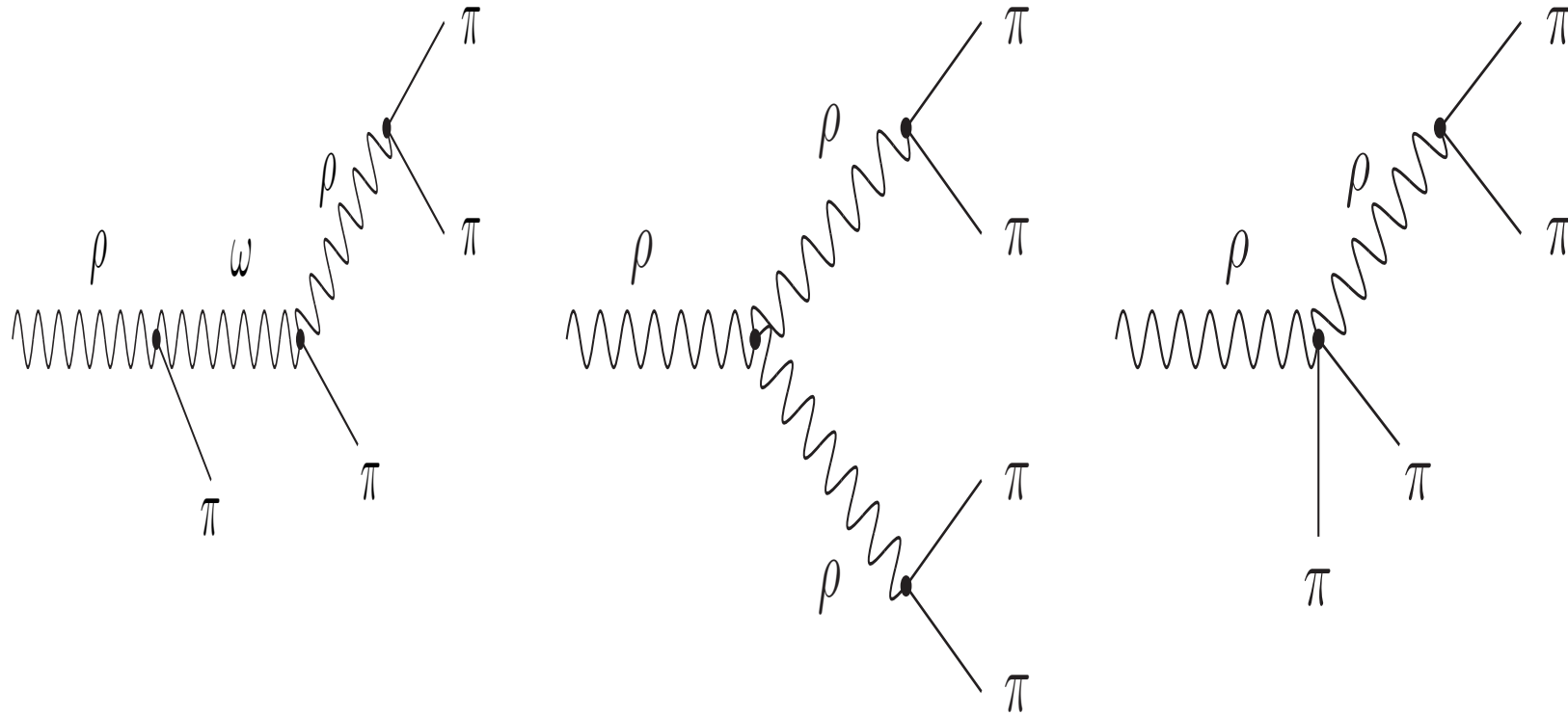
- ▶ $\pi\omega(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$: CLEO, BaBar(prel.)
- ▶ $\rho \rightarrow \rho(\rightarrow \pi\pi)\rho(\rightarrow \pi\pi)$: BaBar(prel.)

The model



H.C., J.H. Kühn (2000)

The model



H.C., J.H. Kühn, A. Wapienik (2008)

H.C., A. Grzelińska, J.H. Kühn, G. Rodrigo(2006)

Comparing with τ data

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \nu_\tau 2\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0)$$

PDG06

$$(4.46 \pm 0.06)\%$$

model

$$(4.12 \pm 0.21)\%$$

BaBar (CVC)

$$(3.98 \pm 0.30)\%$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \nu_\tau \pi^- \omega(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0))$$

PDG06

$$(1.77 \pm 0.1)\%$$

model

$$(1.60 \pm 0.13)\%$$

BaBar (CVC)

$$(1.57 \pm 0.31)\%$$

Comparing with τ data

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \nu_\tau \pi^- 3\pi^0)$$

PDG06

$$(1.04 \pm 0.08)\%$$

model

$$(1.06 \pm 0.09)\%$$

BaBar (CVC)

$$(1.02 \pm 0.05)\%$$

Experimental data: PDG09 + ...

	J/ψ	$\psi(2S)$
M [MeV]	3096.916 ± 0.011	3686.09 ± 0.04
Γ_{ee} [keV]	$5.55 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.02$	2.38 ± 0.04
$\mathcal{B}(e^+e^-)$ [%]	5.94 ± 0.06	0.752 ± 0.017
$\mathcal{B}(K^+K^-)$ [10^{-5}]	23.7 ± 3.1	6.3 ± 0.7
$\mathcal{B}(K_S^0K_L^0)$ [10^{-5}]	14.6 ± 2.6	5.4 ± 0.5
$\mathcal{B}(\pi^+\pi^-)$ [10^{-5}]	14.7 ± 2.3	0.9 ± 0.5 [w.a. by CLEO]
$\sigma(K^+K^-)$ [pb]	-	5.7 ± 0.8 [CLEO]
$\sigma(K_S^0K_L^0)$ [pb]	-	< 0.74 (90% C.L.) [CLEO]
$\sigma(\pi^+\pi^-)$ [pb]	-	9.0 ± 2.2 [CLEO]
$\Delta\alpha$	0.02117 [F.J.+...]	0.02219 [F.J.+...]

Contributions to $e^+e^- \rightarrow P\bar{P}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow P\bar{P}) &= \frac{\pi\alpha^2}{3s} |F_P|^2 \beta^3 \\
 &\times \left(\frac{1}{(1-\Delta\alpha)^2} + \sum_R \left\{ \frac{9s}{\alpha^2} \frac{(\Gamma_e^R)^2}{(s-M_R^2)^2 + \Gamma_R^2 M_R^2} \right. \right. \\
 &\times \left[|1 + c_P^R|^2 + \frac{2\alpha M_R}{3\sqrt{s}(1-\Delta\alpha)} \frac{\Gamma_R}{\Gamma_e^R} \text{Im}(c_P^R) \right] \\
 &\left. \left. + \frac{6\sqrt{s}\Gamma_e^R}{\alpha(1-\Delta\alpha)} \frac{\left(1 + \text{Re}(c_P^R)\right)(s-M_R^2)}{(s-M_R^2)^2 + \Gamma_R^2 M_R^2} \right\} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Decay width

One should not use

$$\Gamma(R \rightarrow P\bar{P}) = \Gamma^{QED} \times |1 + c_P^R|^2$$

but

$$\Gamma(R \rightarrow P\bar{P}) = \Gamma^{QED} \times \left[|1 + c_P^R|^2 + \frac{2\alpha M_R}{3\sqrt{s}(1-\Delta\alpha)} \frac{\Gamma_R}{\Gamma_e^R} \text{Im}(c_P^R) \right]$$

Pion form factor

$$|F_\pi|^2 = \frac{4\mathcal{B}(R \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{\beta_\pi^3 \mathcal{B}(R \rightarrow e^+ e^-)}$$

	J/ψ	$\psi(2S)$
$ F_\pi ^2 [10^{-3}]$ above Eq.	10.0 ± 1.6	4.8 ± 2.73
$ F_\pi ^2 [10^{-3}]$ off peak	-	5.92 ± 1.46

CLEO: Phys. Rev. Lett. 95, (2005) 261803

$$|F_\pi|^2(\sqrt{s} = 3.671 \text{ GeV}) = (5.63 \pm 1.42) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$

$$R_+ \equiv \frac{4\mathcal{B}(K^+ K^-)}{\beta_{K^+}^3 \mathcal{B}(e^+ e^-)} = |F_{K^+}|^2 [|1 + c_+|^2 + r \text{Im}c_+]$$

$$r = \frac{2\alpha}{3(1-\Delta\alpha)\mathcal{B}(e^+ e^-)} = 0.663 \pm 0.015$$

$$R_+ = (3.75 \pm 0.43) \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$

$$S_+ - R_+ \frac{\gamma^2}{4} = |F_{K^+}|^2 [1 + \gamma(1 + \text{Re}c_+)]$$

$$S_+ = \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-)(1 - \Delta\alpha)^2 / \left(\frac{\pi\alpha^2}{3s} \beta_{K^+}^3 \right)$$

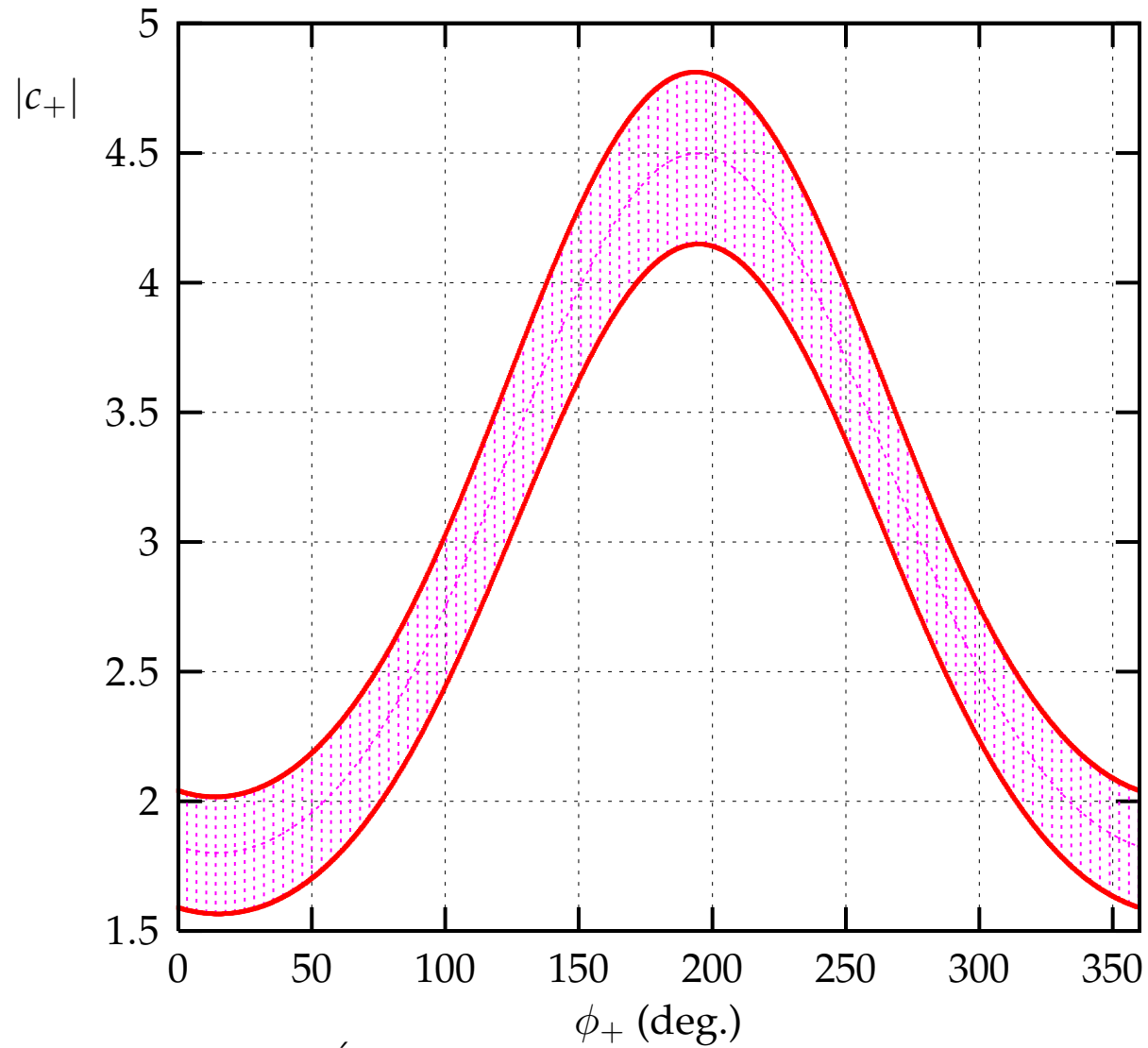
$$\gamma = \frac{\Gamma_e}{E - M_R} \frac{3(1 - \Delta\alpha)}{\alpha}$$

CLEO: $\gamma = -0.063 \pm 0.001$

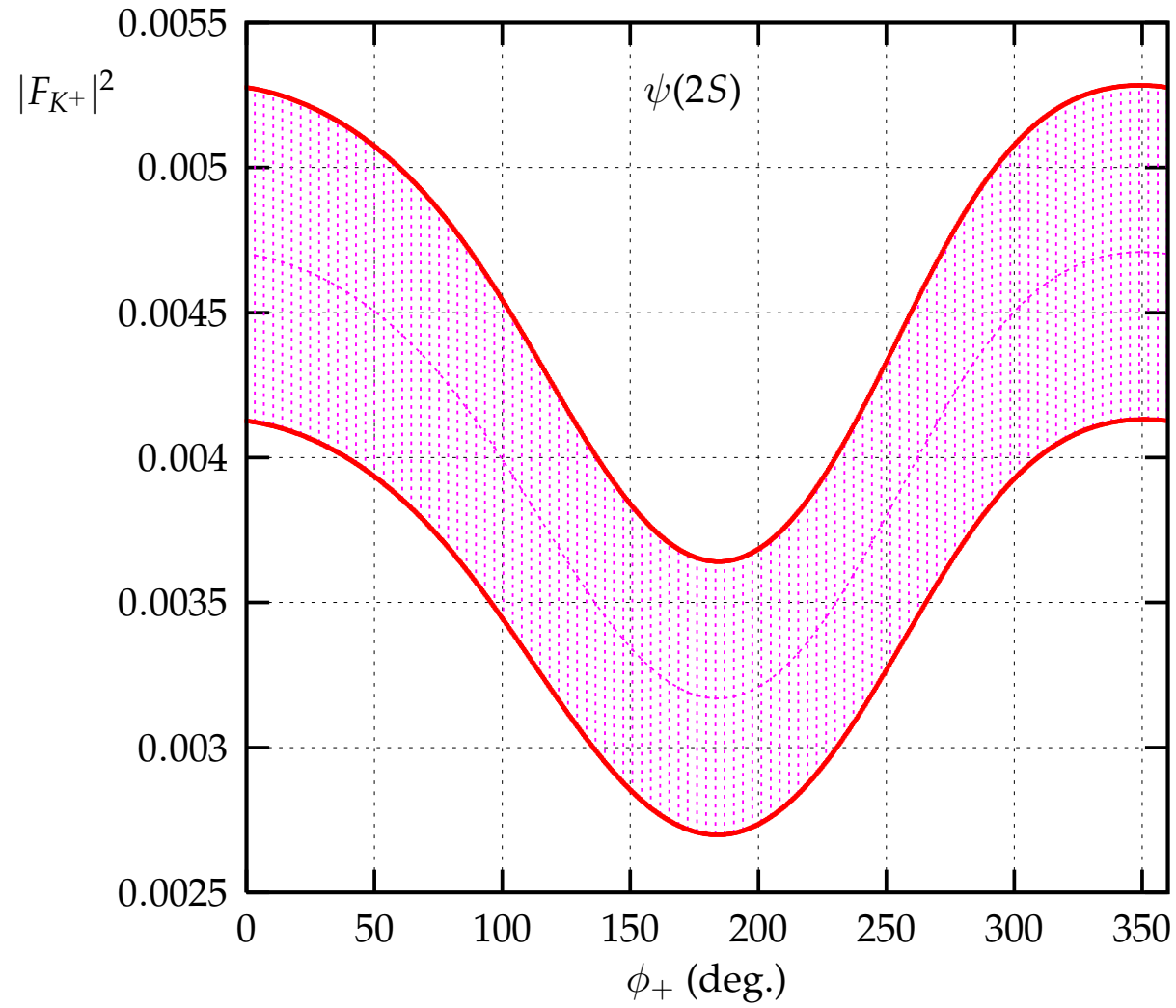
$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$

$$\frac{R_+}{S_+ - R_+ \frac{\gamma^2}{4}} = \frac{1 + 2|c_+| \cos(\phi_+) + |c_+|^2 + r|c_+| \sin(\phi_+)}{1 + \gamma(1 + |c_+| \cos(\phi_+))}$$

$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$



$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$



$$\psi(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$$

$$0.052 < |F_{K^+}| < 0.073$$

to be compared with CLEO

$$0.059 < |F_{K^+}| < 0.067$$

Contributing amplitudes

$$|M_{\gamma_1, LOISR} + M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR}|^2$$

$$|M_{2\gamma, ISR}|^2 \quad 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, NLOISR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^\dagger)$$

$$|M_{\gamma_1, ISR ; \gamma, FSR}|^2 \quad 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^{NLOFSR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^\dagger)$$

$$|M_{\gamma, ISR ; \gamma_1, FSR}|^2 \quad 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR}^{NLOISR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR}^\dagger)$$

The cross section

$d\sigma =$

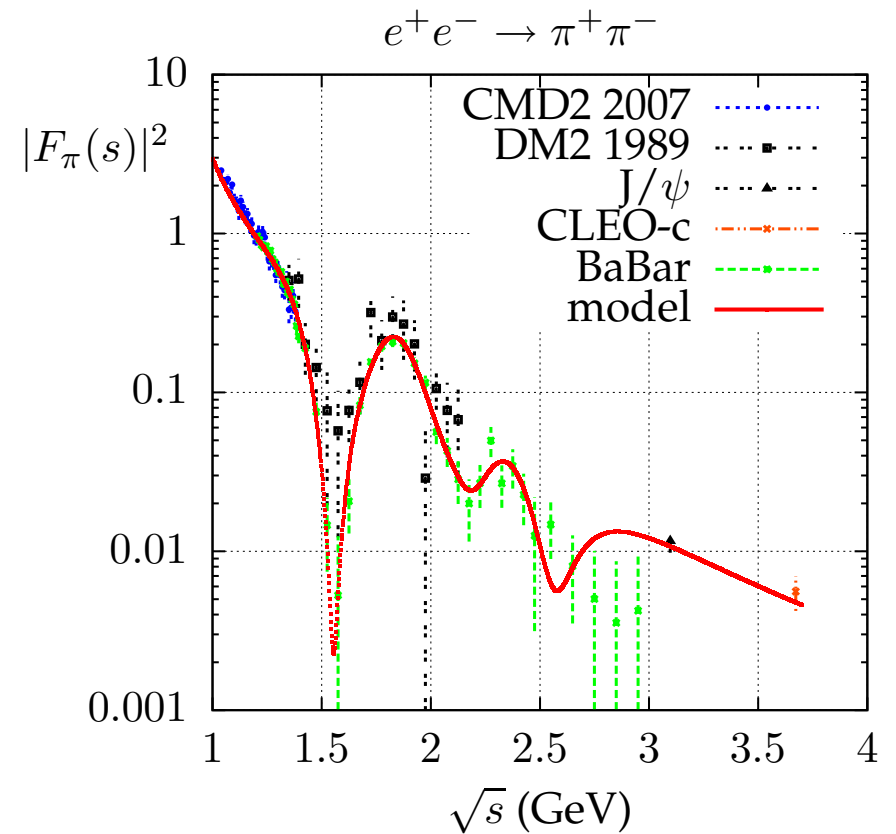
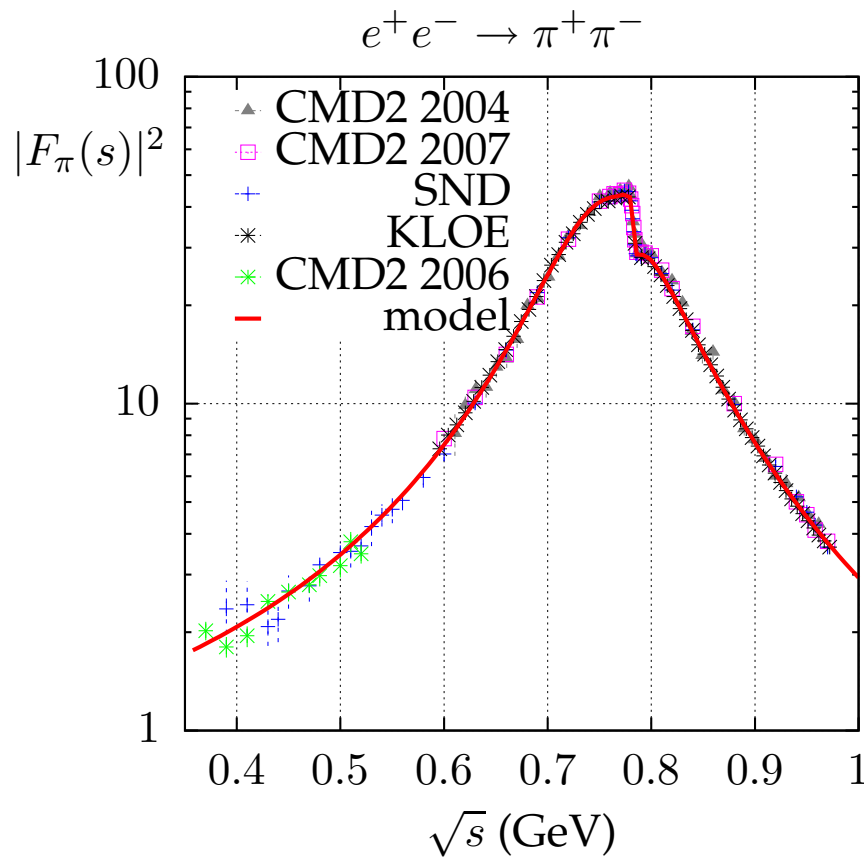
$$\begin{aligned}
 & |M_{\gamma_1, LOISR} \cdot C_{R,P}^{VP}(Q^2) + M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR} \cdot C_{R,P}^{VP}(s)|^2 d\Phi_1 \\
 & + |M_{2\gamma, ISR} \cdot C_{R,P}^{VP}(Q^2)|^2 d\Phi_2 \\
 & + 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, NLOISR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^\dagger) \cdot |C_{R,P}^{VP}(Q^2)|^2 d\Phi_1 \\
 & + |M_{\gamma_1, ISR ; \gamma, FSR} \cdot C_{R,P}^{VP}((Q + k_\gamma)^2)|^2 d\Phi_2 \\
 & + 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^{NLOFSR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOISR}^\dagger) \cdot |C_{R,P}^{VP}(Q^2)|^2 d\Phi_1 \\
 & + |M_{\gamma, ISR ; \gamma_1, FSR} \cdot C_{R,P}^{VP}((Q + k_{\gamma_1})^2)|^2 d\Phi_2 \\
 & + 2 \operatorname{Re}(M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR}^{NLOISR} \times M_{\gamma_1, LOFSR}^\dagger) \cdot |C_{R,P}^{VP}(s)|^2 d\Phi_1 ,
 \end{aligned}$$

The cross section ...

$$C_{R,P}^{VP}(s) = \frac{1}{1 - \Delta\alpha(s)} - \frac{3\Gamma_e^\phi}{\alpha m_\phi} BW_\phi(s) \delta_P \\ + C_{J/\psi,P}(s) + C_{\psi(2S),P}(s) ,$$

$$C_{R,P}(s) = \frac{3\sqrt{s}}{\alpha} \frac{\Gamma_e^R(1 + c_P^R)}{s - M_R^2 + i\Gamma_R M_R} .$$

The pion form factor



$$\chi^2/d.o.f. = 271/270$$

C. Bruch, A. Khodjamirian and J.H. Kühn, Eur. Phys. J. C39(2005)41

H. C., A. Grzelińska and J.H. Kühn, Phys.Rev.D81:094014,2010

The pion form factor

$$F_{\pi}(s) = \left[\sum_{n=0}^N c_{\rho_n}^{\pi} BW_{\rho_n}(s) \right]_{fit} + \left[\sum_{n=(N+1)}^{\infty} c_{\rho_n}^{\pi} BW_{\rho_n}(s) \right]_{dQCD}$$

$$BW_{\rho_n}(s) = \frac{m_{\rho_n}^2 + H(0)}{m_{\rho_n}^2 - s + H(s) - i\sqrt{s} \Gamma_{\rho_n}(s)}$$

The pion form factor

ω contribution

$$c_{\rho_0}^\pi BW_{\rho_0}(s) \rightarrow \frac{c_{\rho_0}^\pi BW_{\rho_0}(s)}{1 + c_\omega^\pi BW_\omega} (1 + c_\omega^\pi BW_\omega)$$

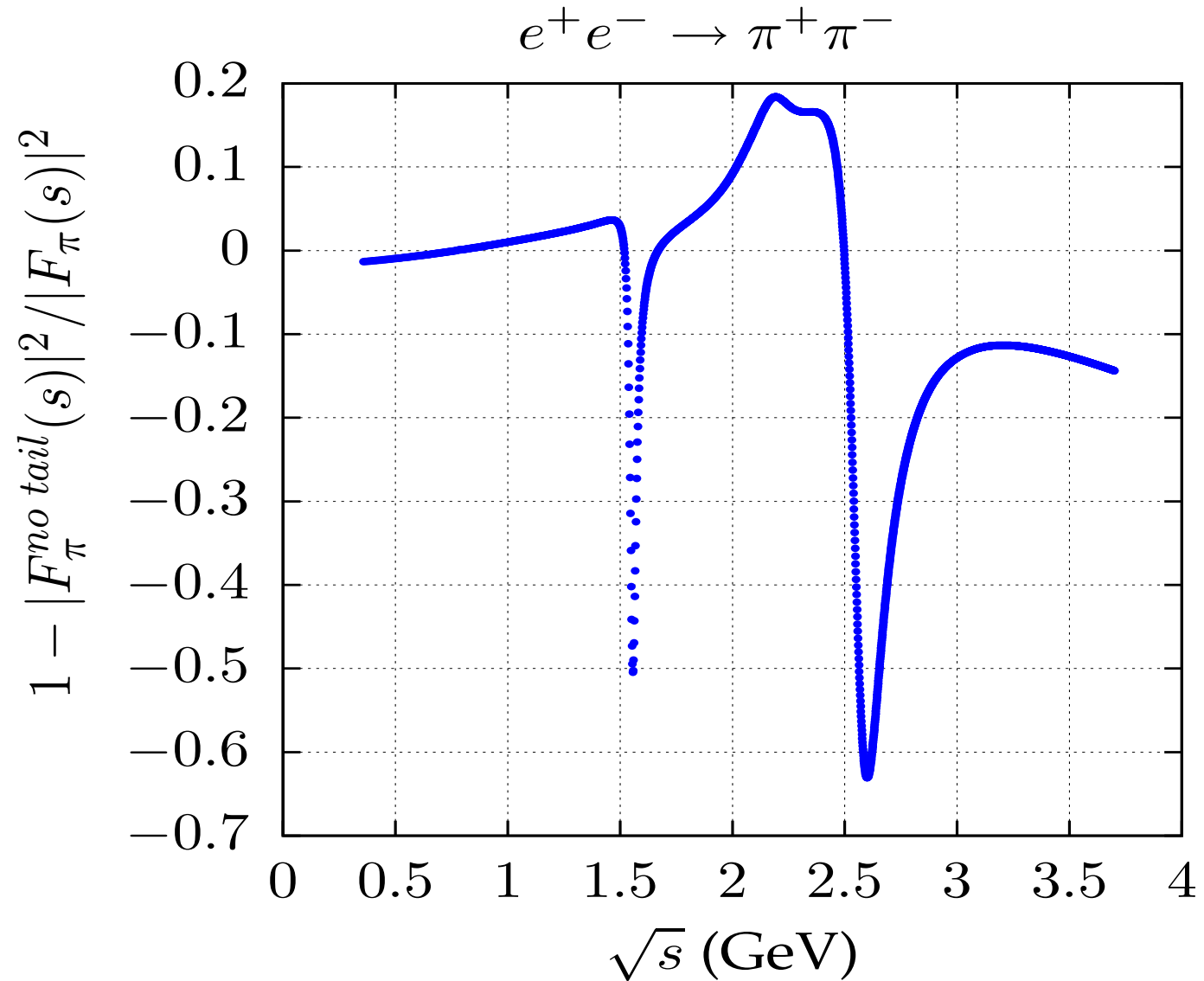
expansion parameters

$$c_{\rho_n}^\pi = \frac{(-1)^n \Gamma(\beta - 1/2)}{\alpha' m_{\rho_n}^2 \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(n + 1) \Gamma(\beta - 1 - n)},$$

$$\alpha' = 1/(2m_{\rho_0}^2), \quad m_{\rho_n}^2 = m_{\rho_0}^2 (1 + 2n)$$

$$f_n = F_n \left(\sum_{i=1}^5 c_{\rho_i}^\pi \right) / \left(\sum_{i=1}^5 F_i \right) \quad n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$$

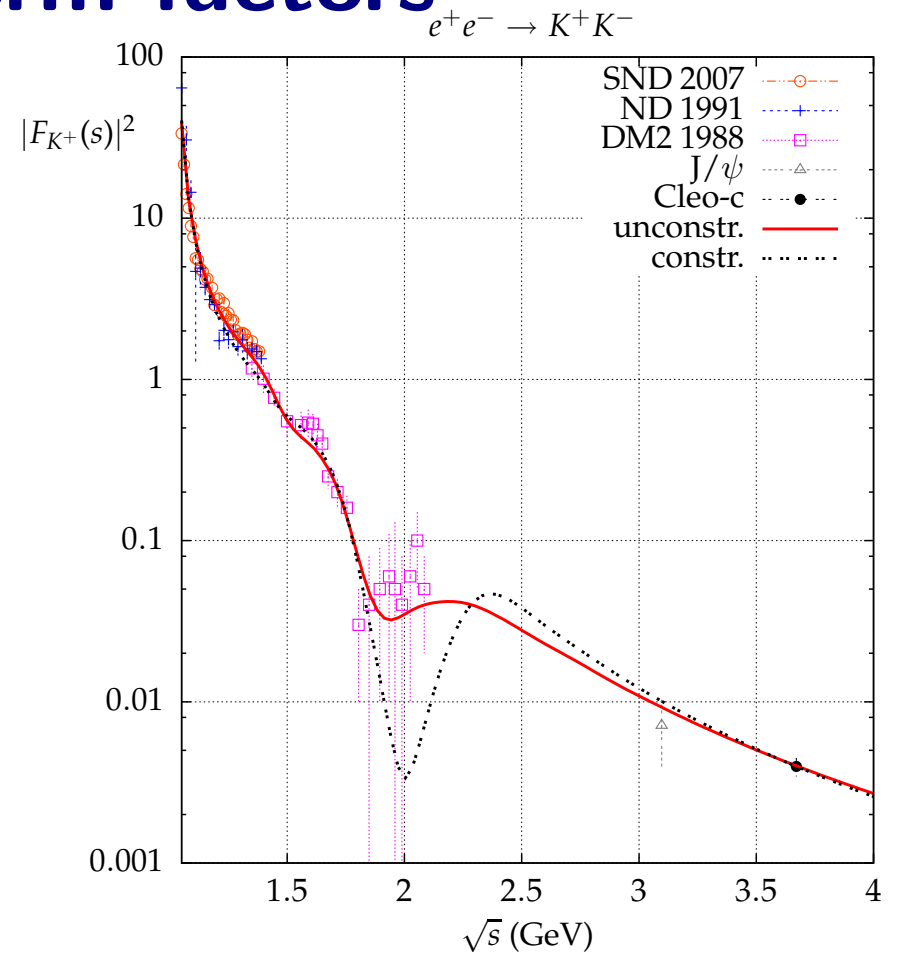
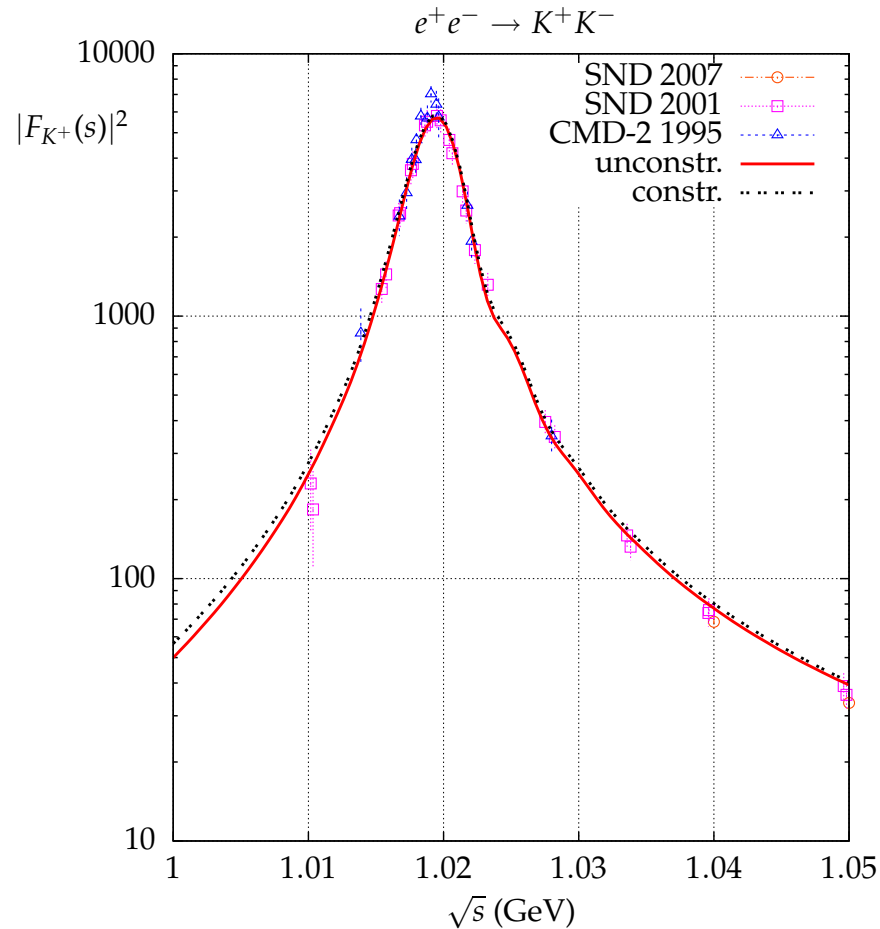
The pion form factor



The pion form factor

Parameter	model(fit)	PDG value [34]	model
m_{ρ_0}	773.37 ± 0.19	775.49 ± 0.34	input
Γ_{ρ_0}	147.1 ± 1.0	149.4 ± 1.0	input
m_ω	782.4 ± 0.5	782.41 ± 0.12	-
Γ_ω	8.33 ± 0.27	8.49 ± 0.08	-
m_{ρ_1}	1490 ± 11	1465 ± 25	1340
Γ_{ρ_1}	429 ± 27	400 ± 60	256
m_{ρ_2}	1870 ± 25	1720 ± 20	1730
Γ_{ρ_2}	357 ± 46	250 ± 100	330
m_{ρ_3}	2120 [22]	-	2047
Γ_{ρ_3}	300 [22]	-	391
m_{ρ_4}	model	-	2321
Γ_{ρ_4}	model	-	444
m_{ρ_5}	model	-	2567
Γ_{ρ_5}	model	-	491
β	2.148 ± 0.003	-	input
$ c_\omega^\pi $	$(18.7 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^{-4}$	-	-
$Arg(c_\omega^\pi)$	0.106 ± 0.020	-	-

The kaon form factors

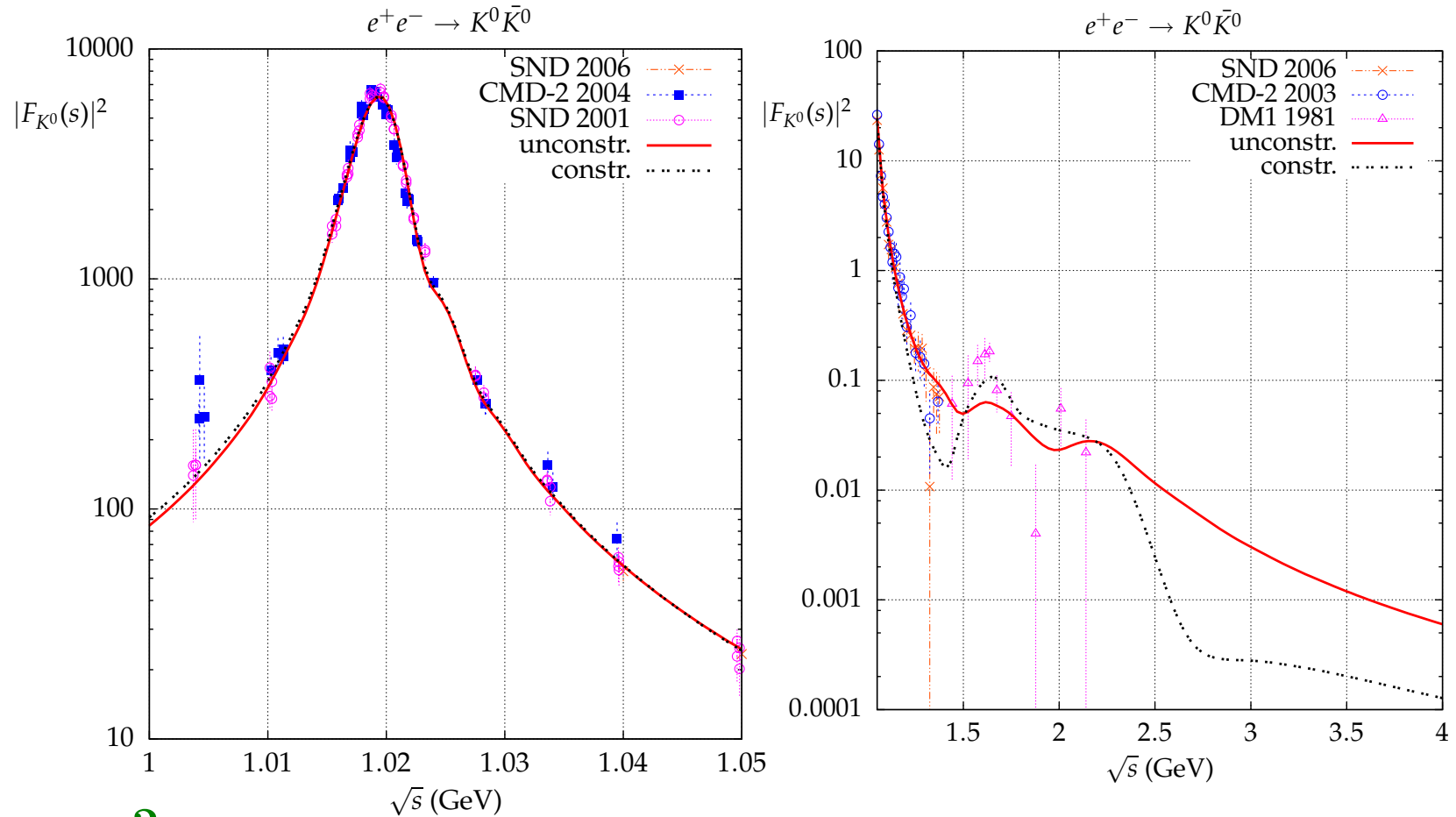


$$\chi^2/d.o.f. = 277/256(\text{con})221/260(\text{uncon})$$

C. Bruch, A. Khodjamirian and J.H. Kühn, Eur. Phys. J. C39(2005)41

H. C., A. Grzelińska and J.H. Kühn, Phys.Rev.D81:094014,2010

The kaon form factors



$$\chi^2/d.o.f. = 277/256(\text{con})221/260(\text{uncon})$$

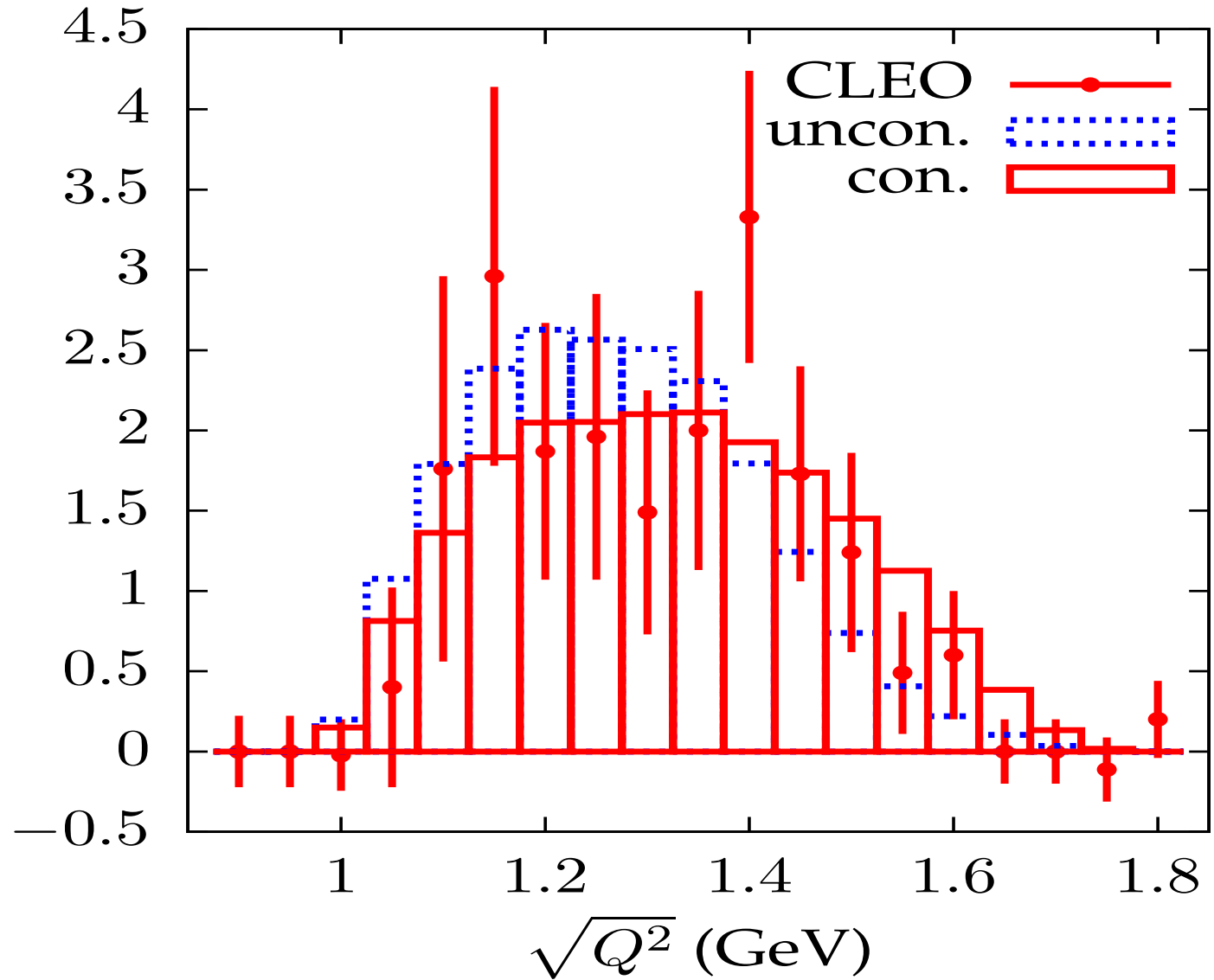
C. Bruch, A. Khodjamirian and J.H. Kühn, Eur. Phys. J. C39(2005)41

H. C., A. Grzelińska and J.H. Kühn, Phys.Rev.D81:094014,2010

The kaon form factors

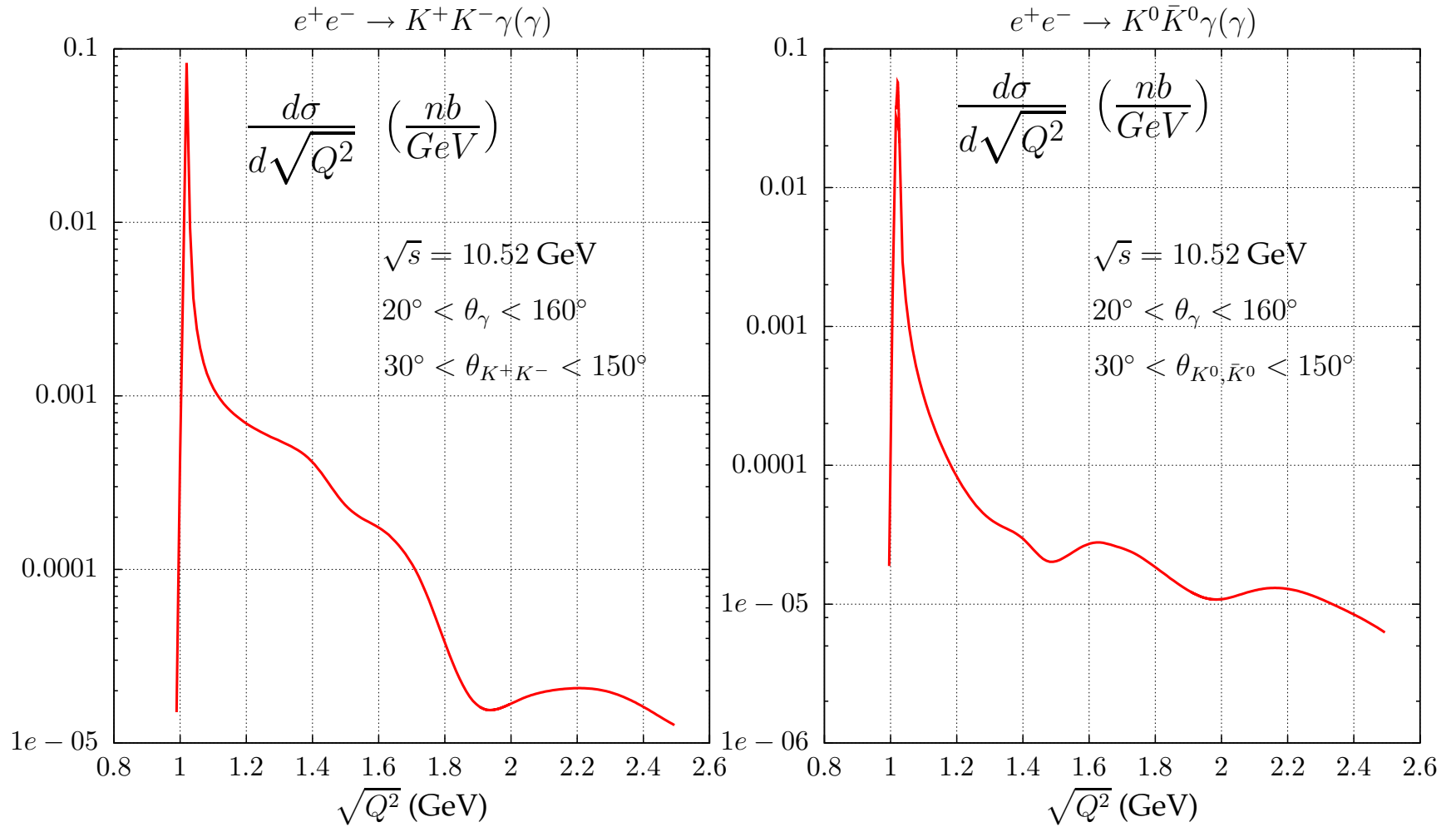
$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{K^+}(s) = & \frac{1}{2} \left(\left[\sum_{n=0}^{N_\rho} c_{\rho_n}^K BW_{\rho_n}(s) \right]_{fit} + \left[\sum_{n=N_\rho+1}^{\infty} c_{\rho_n}^K BW_{\rho_n}(s) \right]_{dQCD} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{6} \left(\left[\sum_{n=0}^{N_\omega} c_{\omega_n}^K BW_{\omega_n}^c(s) \right]_{fit} + \left[\sum_{n=N_\omega+1}^{\infty} c_{\omega_n}^K BW_{\omega_n}^c(s) \right]_{dQCD} \right) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3} \left(\left[\sum_{n=0}^{N_\phi} c_{\phi_n}^K BW_{\phi_n}^K(s) \right]_{fit} + \left[\sum_{n=N_\phi+1}^{\infty} c_{\phi_n}^K BW_{\phi_n}^K(s) \right]_{dQCD} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau \rightarrow KK\nu$$

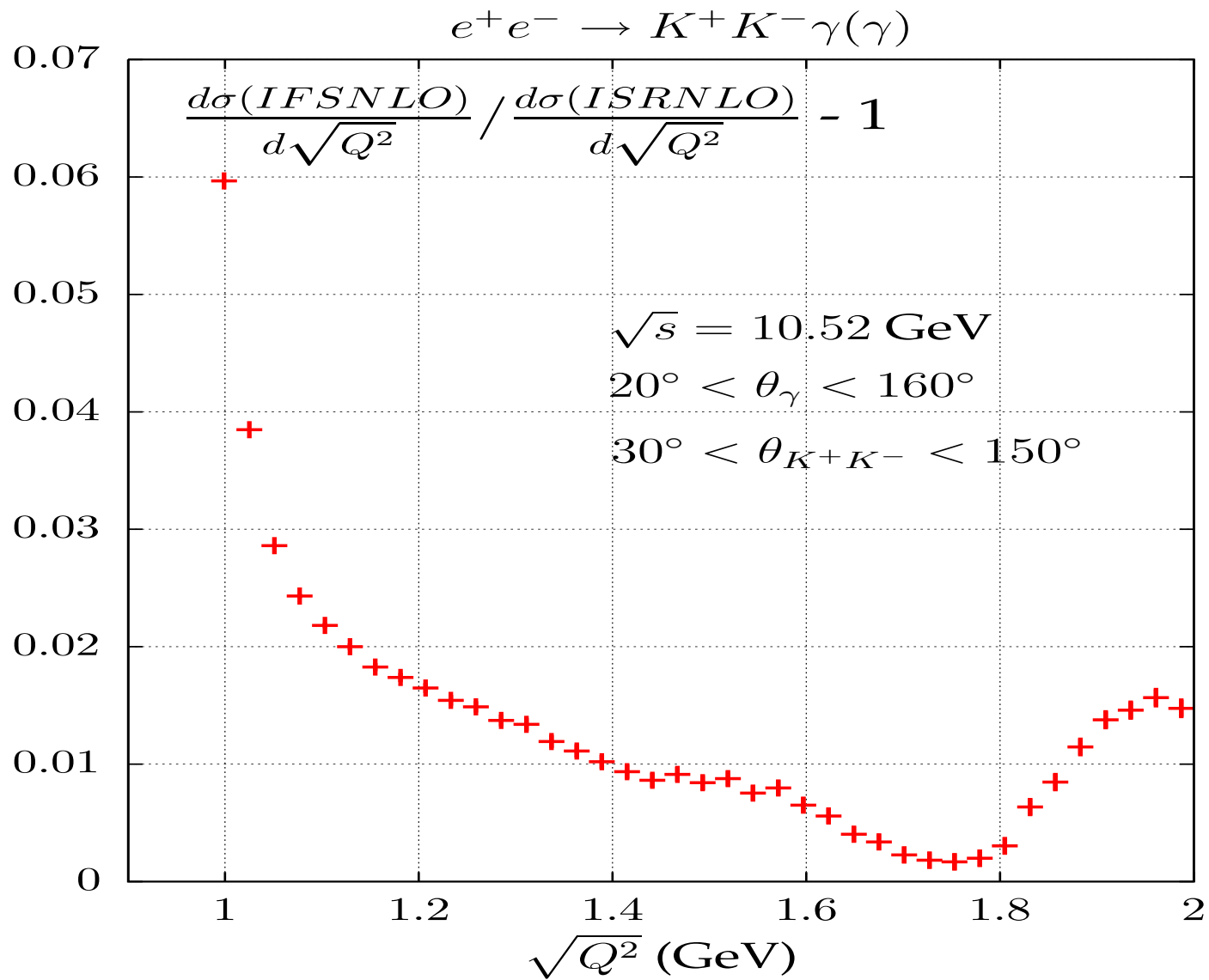


CLEO Phys. Rev. D 53, 6037 (1996)

PHOKHARA 7.0



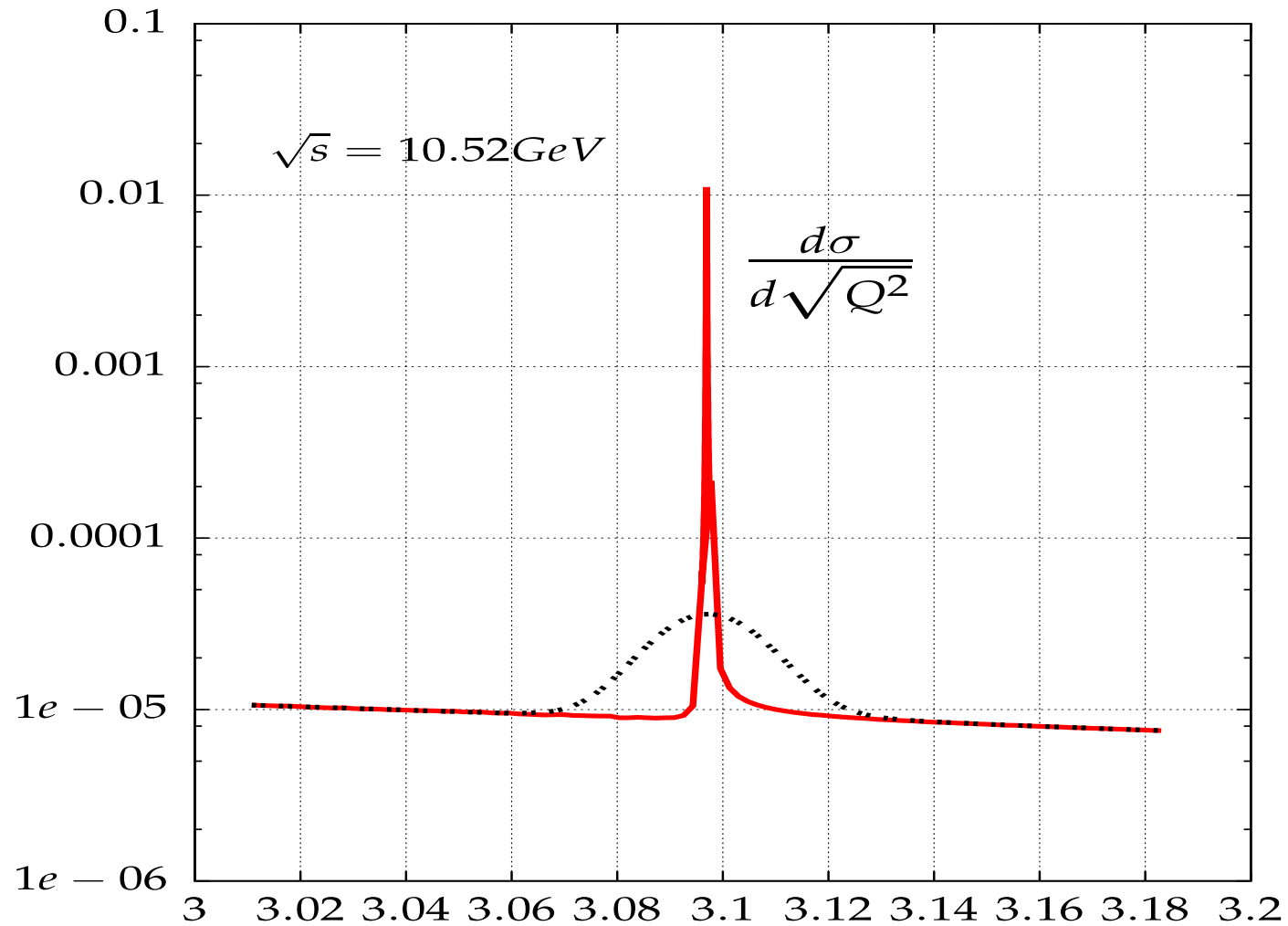
PHOKHARA 7.0 - FSR



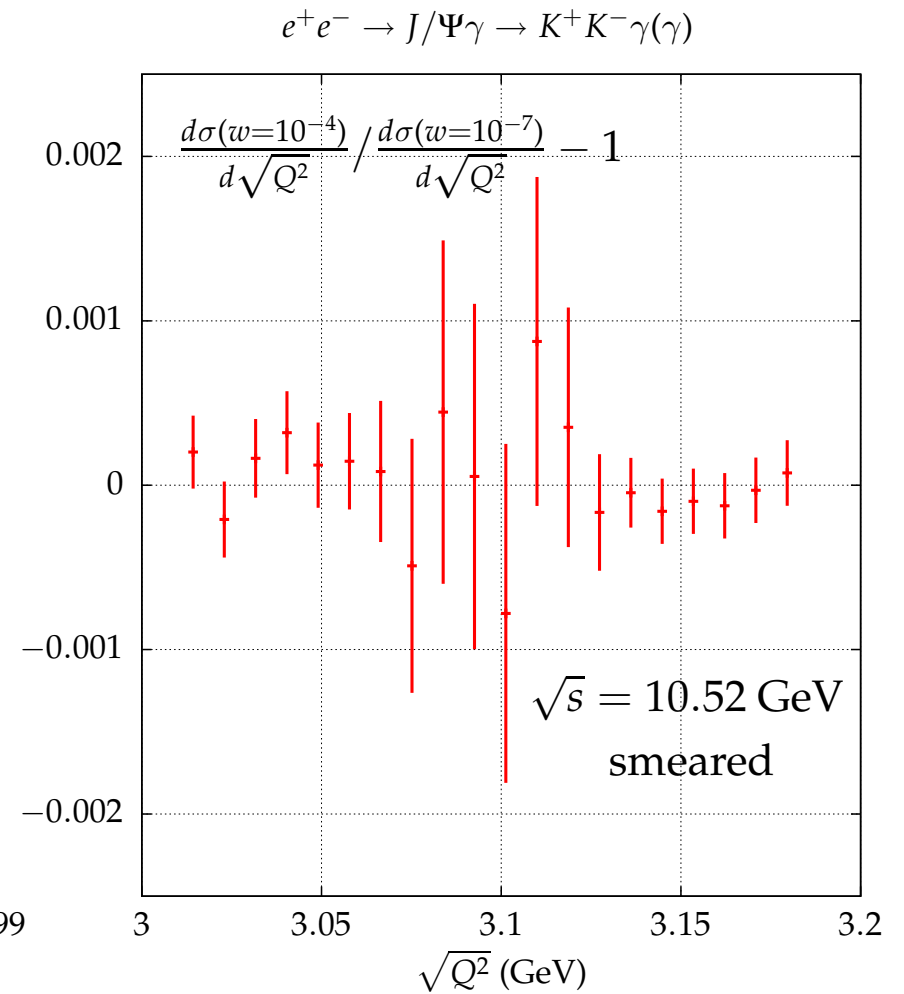
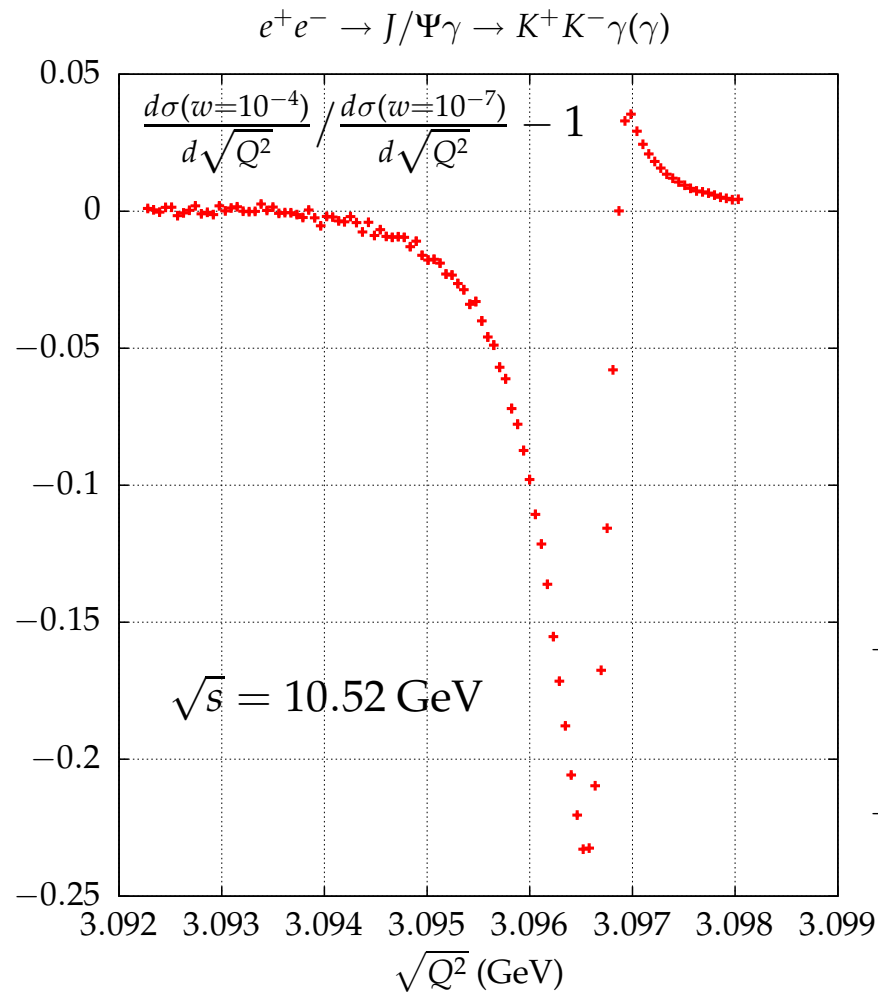
Energy resolution

$\Delta q = 14.5 \text{ MeV}$

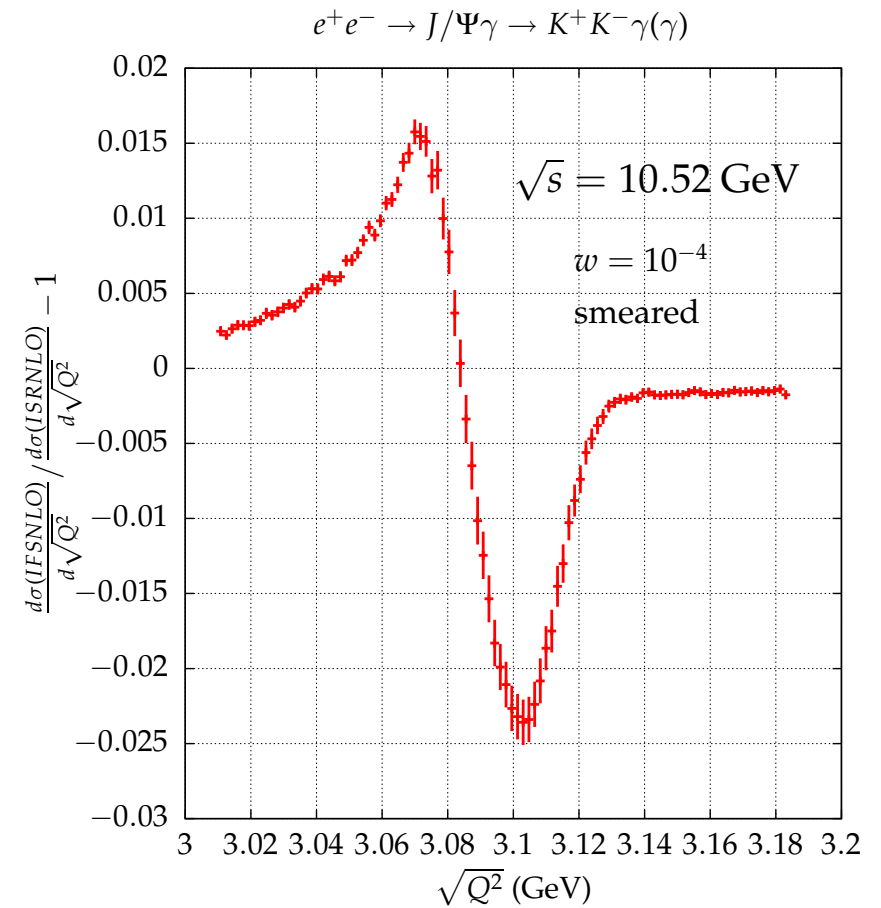
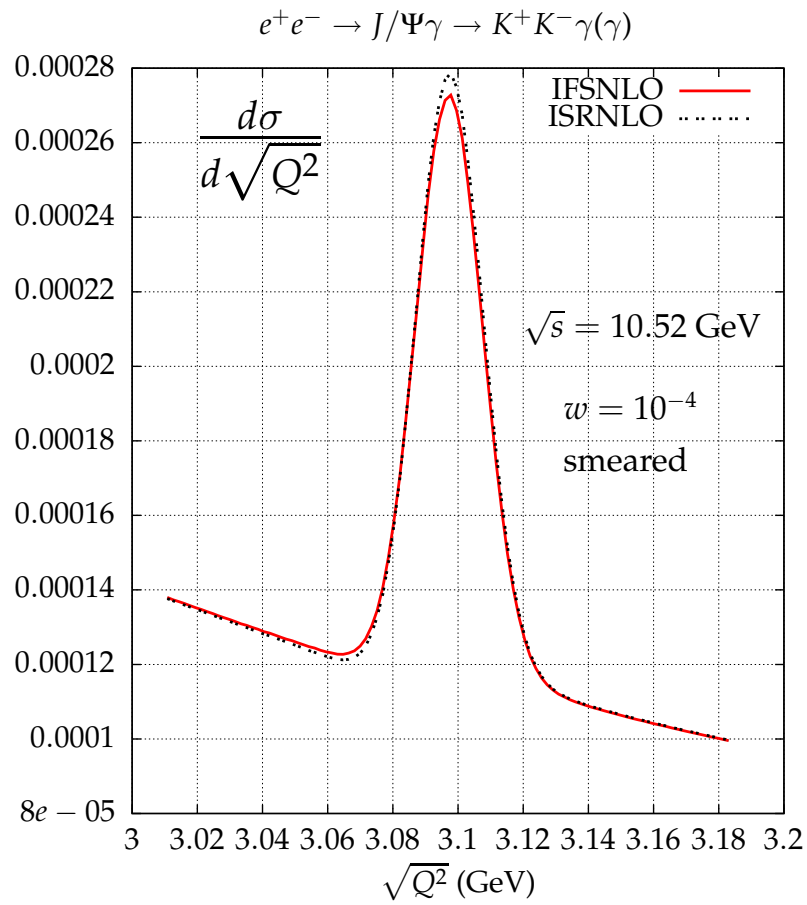
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma(\gamma)$$



PHOKHARA 7.0 - FSR



PHOKHARA 7.0 - FSR



Summary and outlook

PHOKHARA 7.0 - fully tested

- ▶ new 4 π hadronic current
 - ▶ new pion and kaon form factors
 - ▶ J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ contributions included
- NLO FSR corrections important
at a few percent level

Left over 1-loop corrections to $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$
to be included soon