

THE KM3NET EXPERIMENT

ROSA CONIGLIONE
FOR THE KM3NET COLLABORATION

INFN - LABORATORI NAZIONALI DEL SUD (ITALY)



KM3NET

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KM3NeT is a research infrastructure hosting two neutrino detectors in the Mediterranean Sea

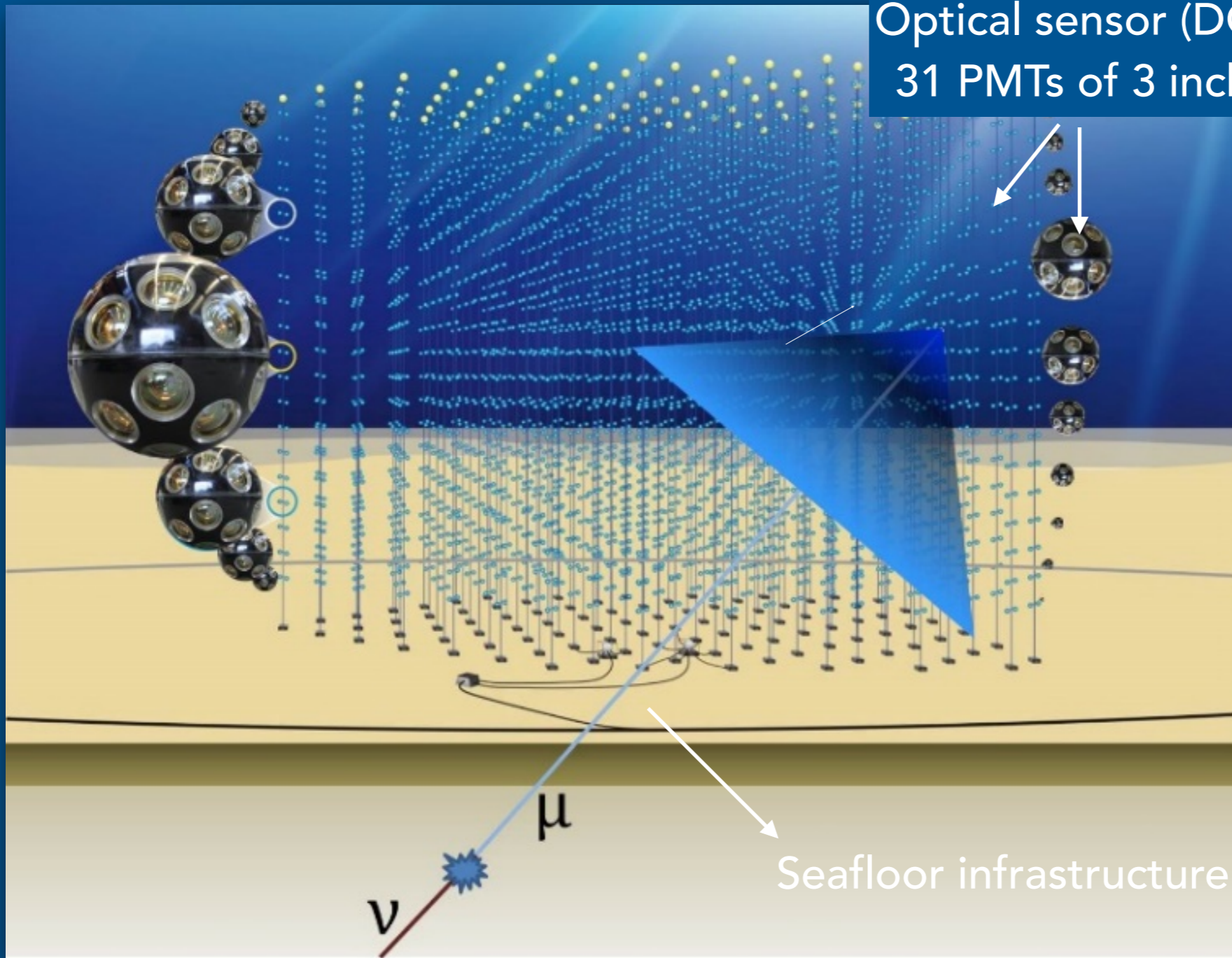
- **KM3NeT/ARCA** (Astroparticle Research with Cosmics in the Abyss)
 - observation of high energy (GeV ÷ PeV) neutrino sources ➡ a telescope offshore Capo Passero (Sicily-Italy) is in construction at a depth of 3500m
- **KM3NeT/ORCA** (Oscillation Research with Cosmics in the Abyss)
 - determination of the neutrino mass hierarchy ➡ a detector offshore Toulon (France) able to detect neutrinos of tens of GeV is in construction at a depth of 2500m

1 collaboration 1 technology ➡ 2 detectors

THE KM3NET DETECTORS

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Optical sensor (DOM)
31 PMTs of 3 inches



A building block



An array of 115 DU

Detection Unit (DU)

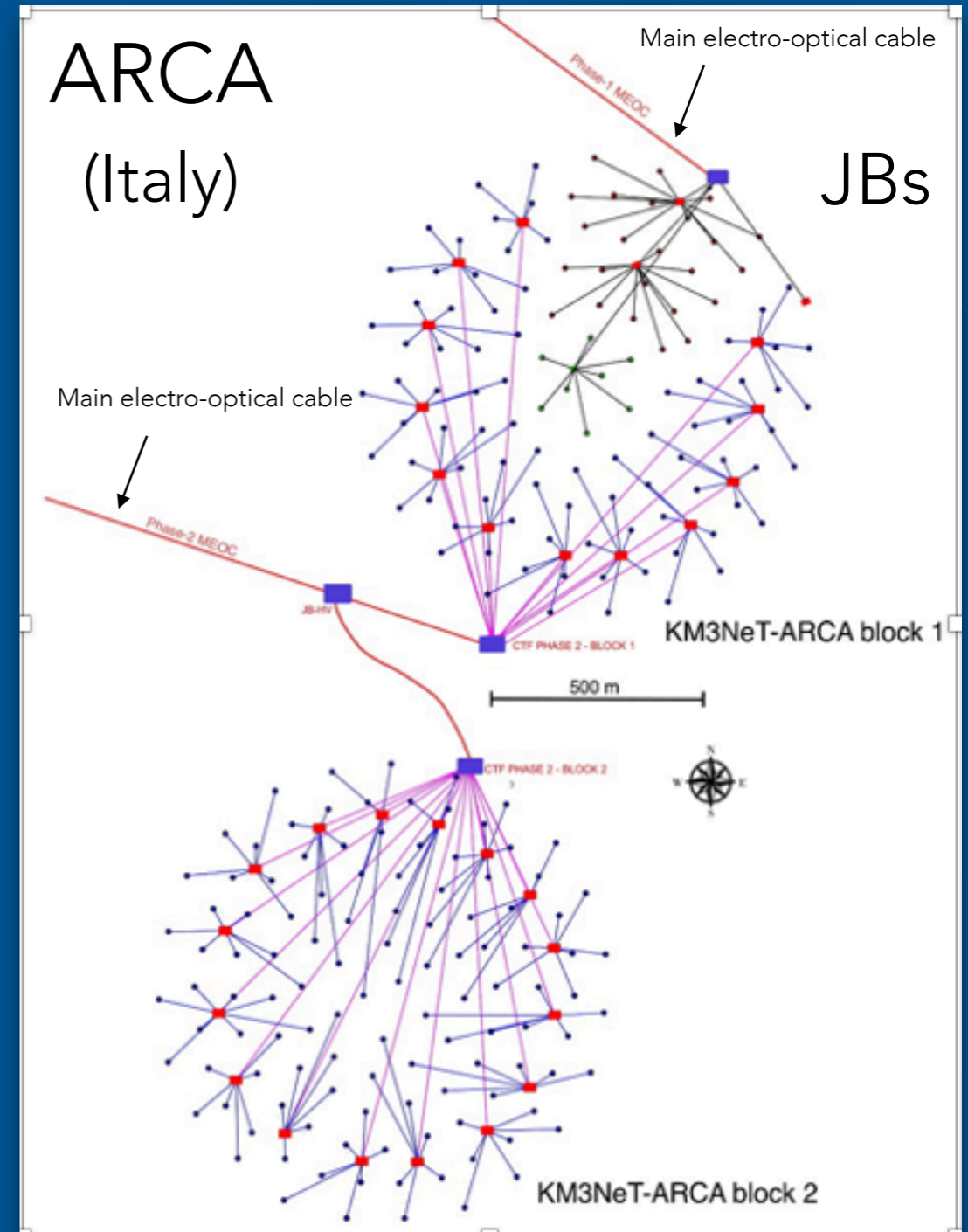
Detectors in construction

THE KM3NET/ARCA DETECTOR

4

ARCA

- Depth ~3500 m
- Two blocks of 115 Detection Units each
- Average distance between Detection Units ~90 m
- Vertical distance between DOMs ~36 m
- **Volume (0.5 × 2) km³ ≈ 1 Gton**



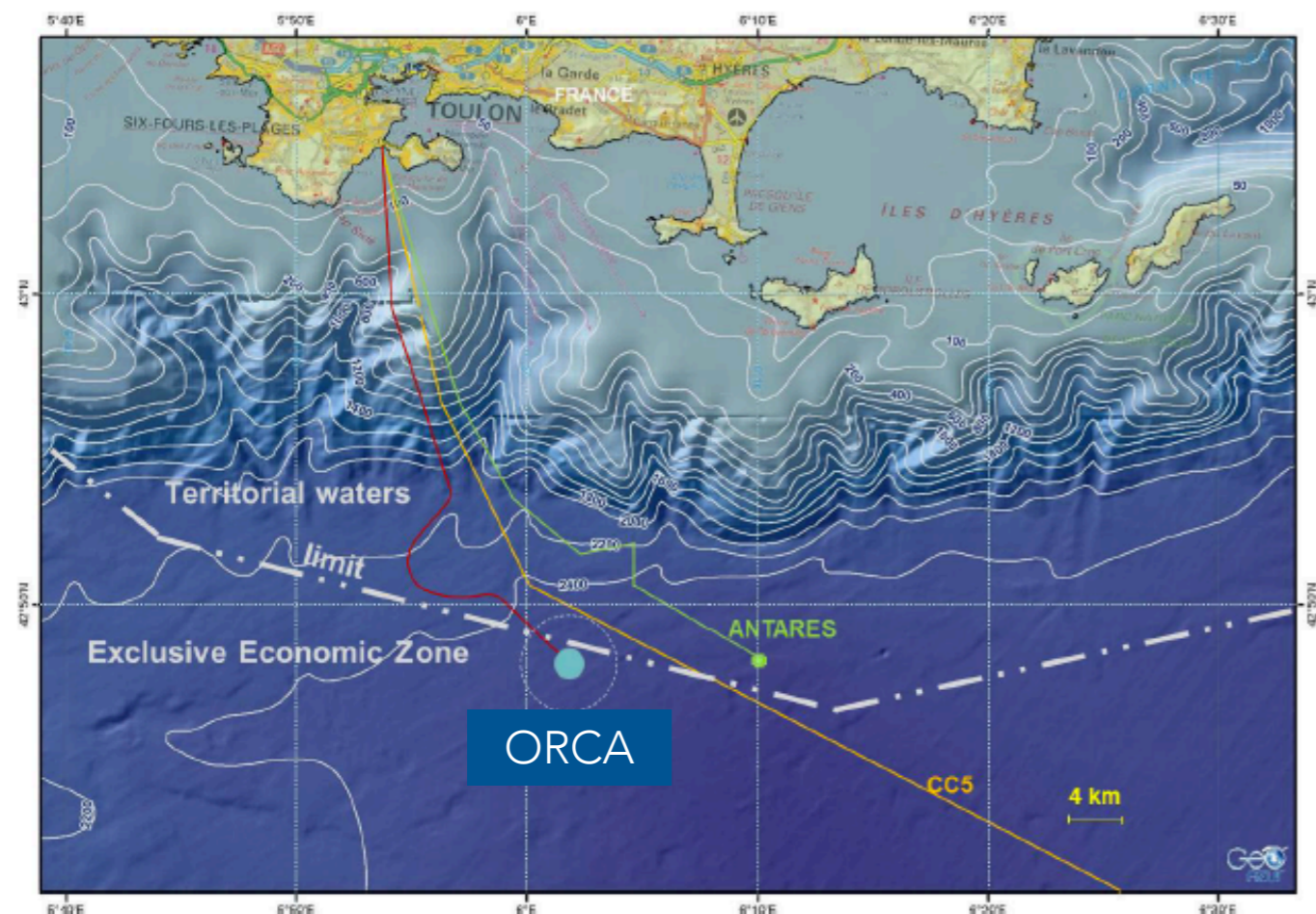
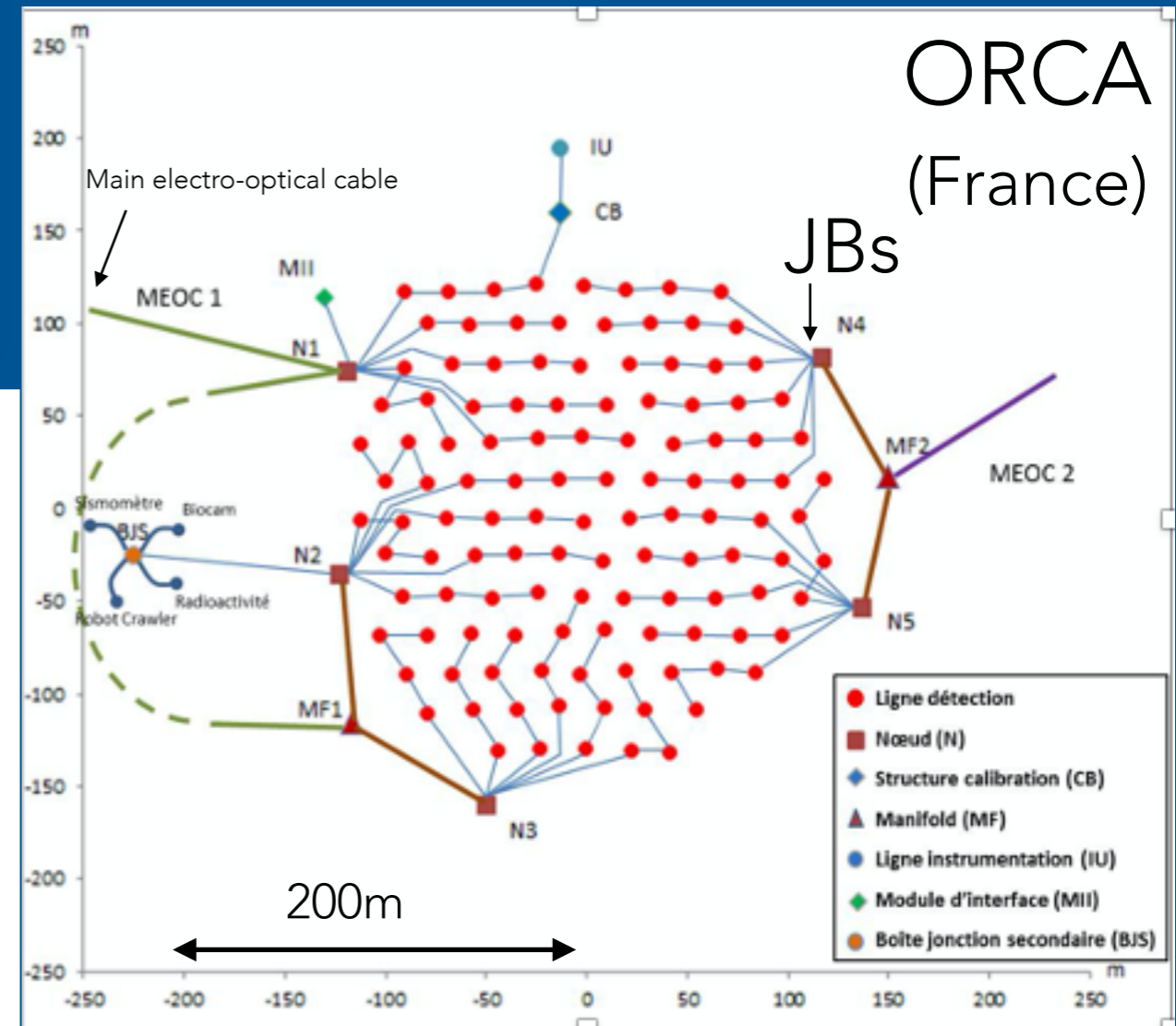
THE KM3NET/ORCA DETECTOR

5

ORCA

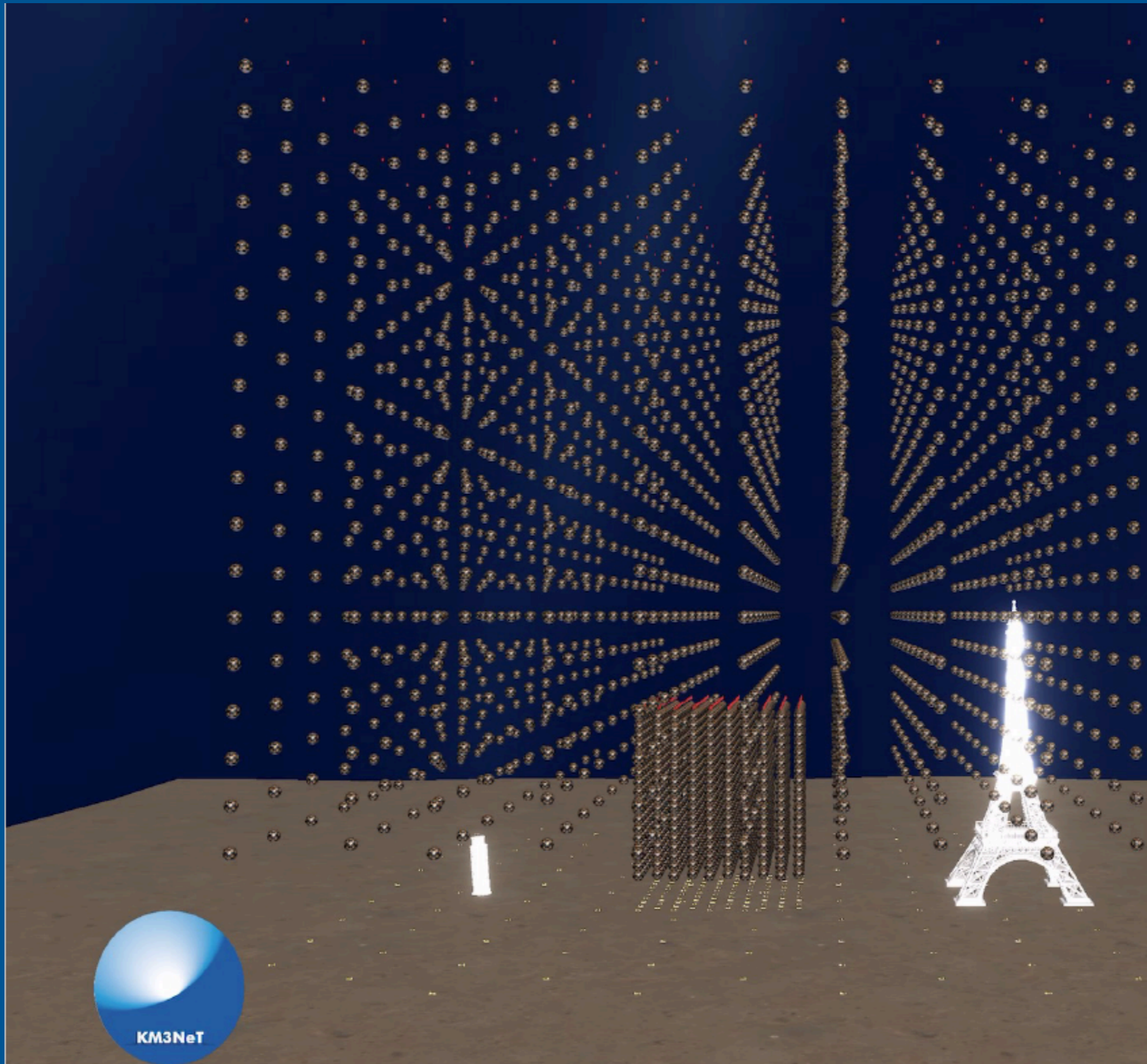
- Depth ~2500 m
- One block of 115 Detection Units
- Average distance between Detection Units ~20 m
- Average vertical distance between DOMs ~9 m
- **Volume \approx 7 Mton**

ORCA
(France)



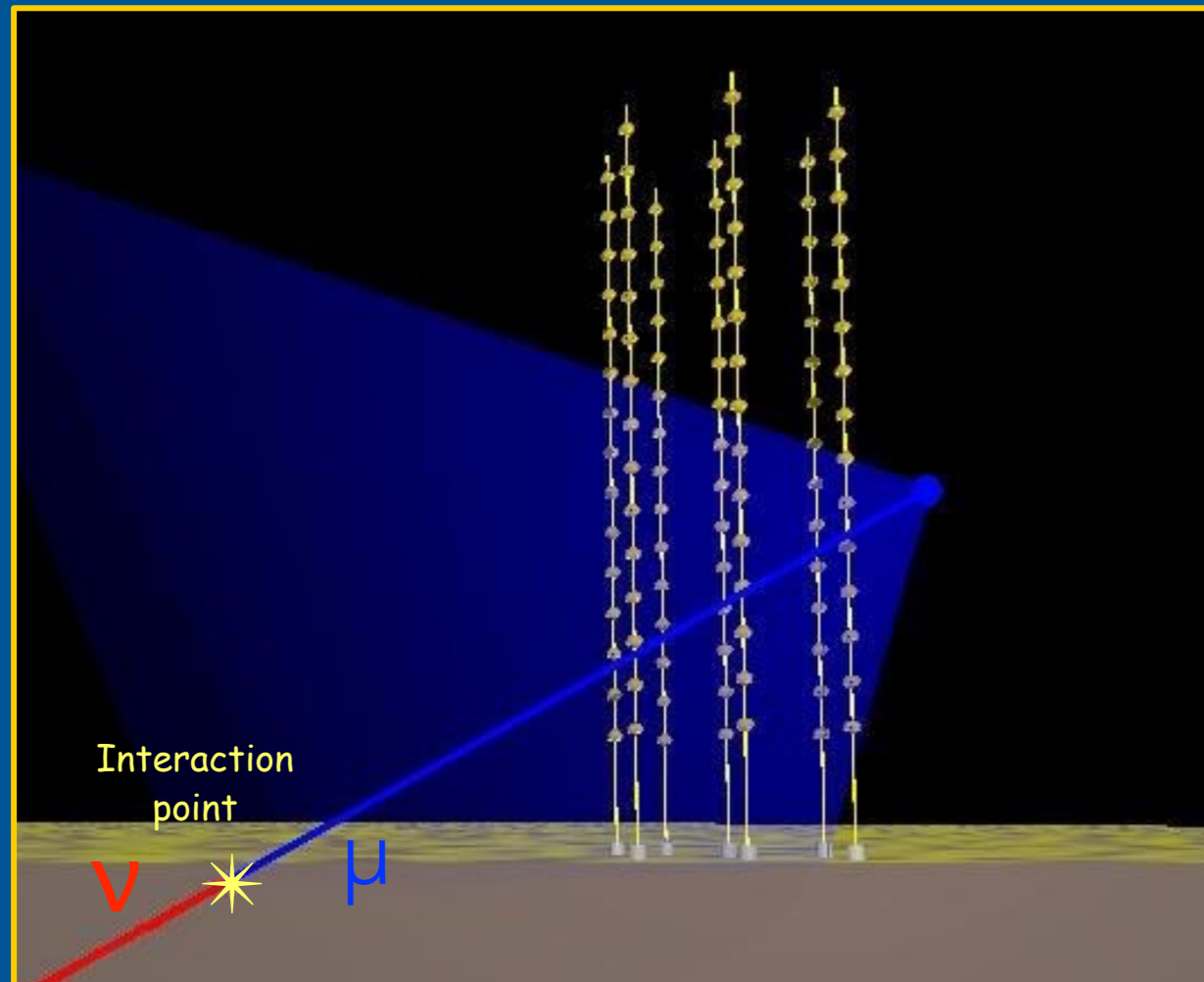
THE KM3NET DETECTORS

6



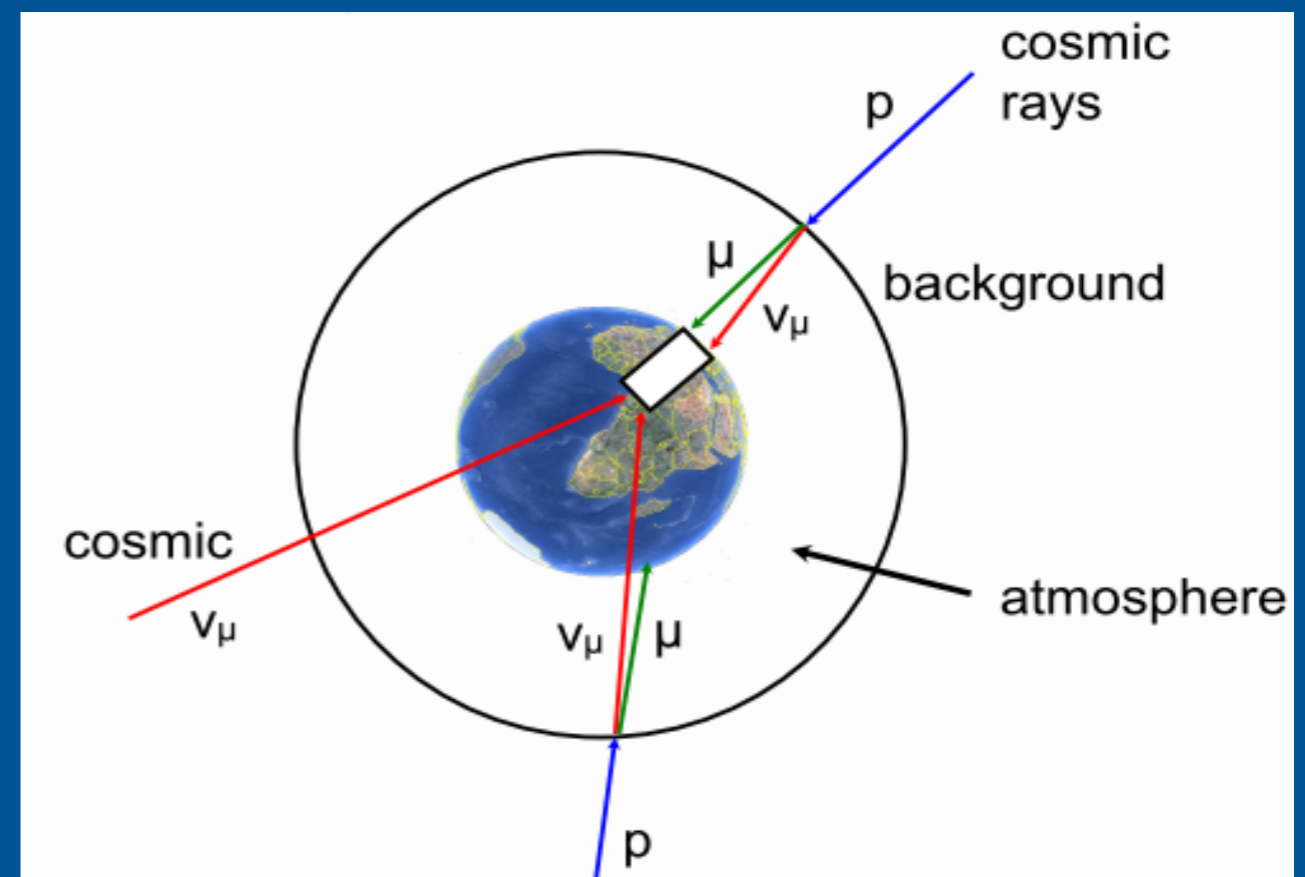
DETECTION PRINCIPLE

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For high energy studies:
background from the interactions of Cosmic
Ray with the atmosphere: muons and neutrinos
produced

- The neutrinos interact in the water/ice or rocks around the detector and produce secondary particles that emit Cerenkov light in a cone at 42° w.r.t the particle direction.
- Light detected by means of optical sensors (photomultipliers)
- From the arriving time of photons and from the positions of the photomultipliers is possible to determine the direction of the secondary particles. If muons, generated by ν_μ , the precision in the reconstruction of the direction is very high (0.1° - 0.2°). High energy neutrinos are collinear with muons
- Possible to detect also ν_e



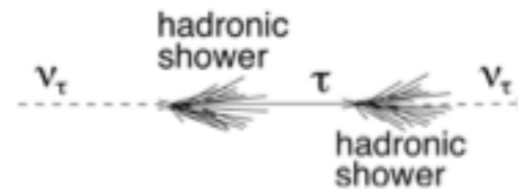
DETECTION PRINCIPLE

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CC ν_μ interaction



CC ν_τ interaction



CC ν_e interaction

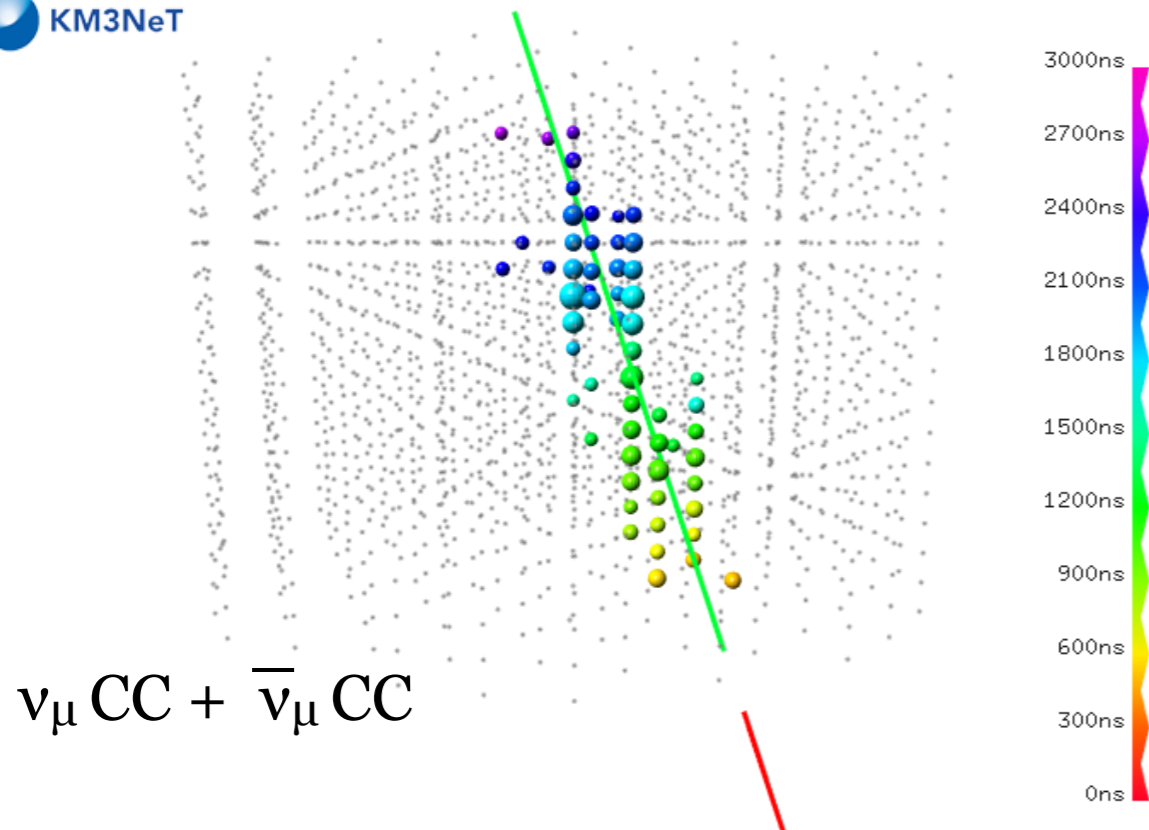


NC interaction



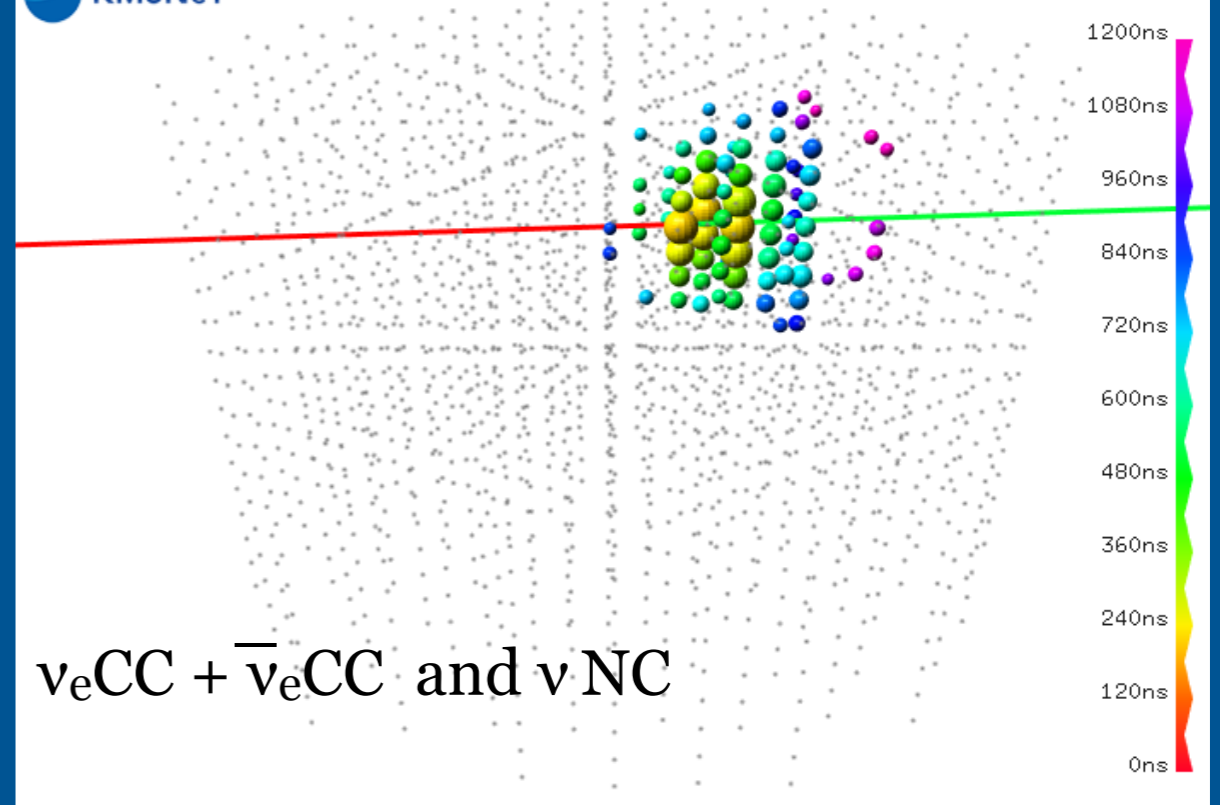
“Track-like” events mainly from ν_μ CC interactions

KM3NeT



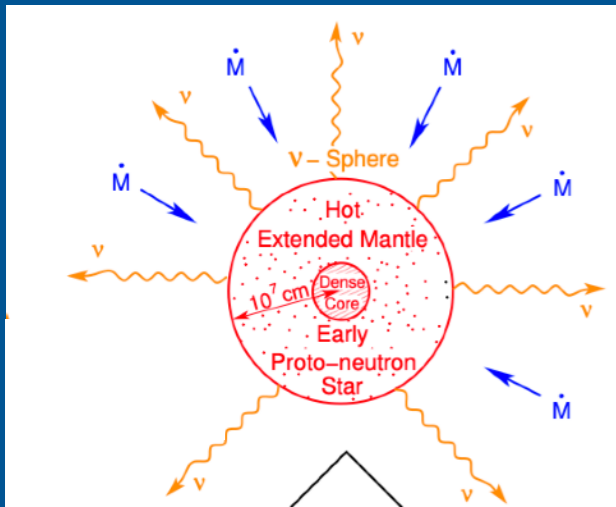
“Cascade-like” events mainly from ν_e CC and NC interactions

KM3NeT

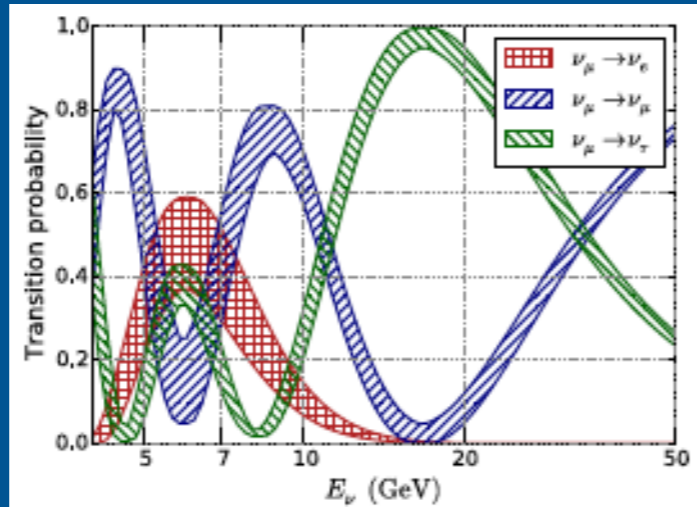


THE PHYSICS

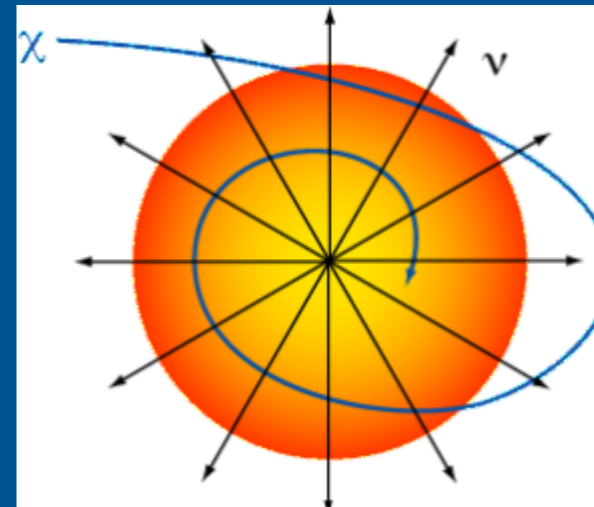
Neutrino Energy from MeV to PeV



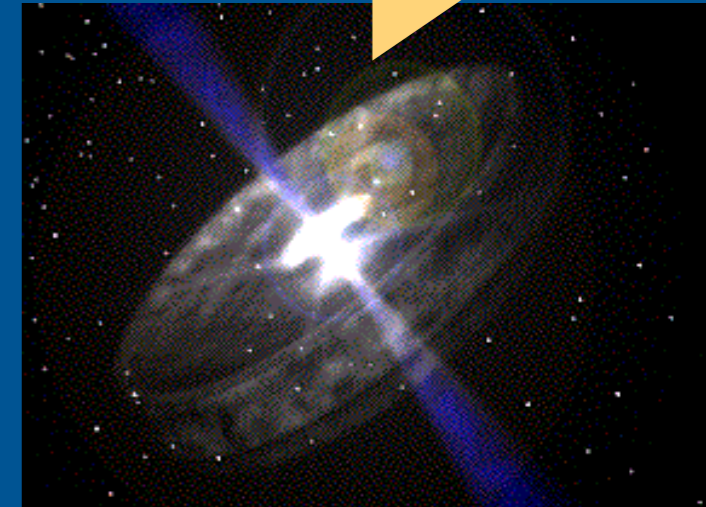
Super Novae explosion
MeV



Neutrino oscillation
GeV



Dark Matter
TeV

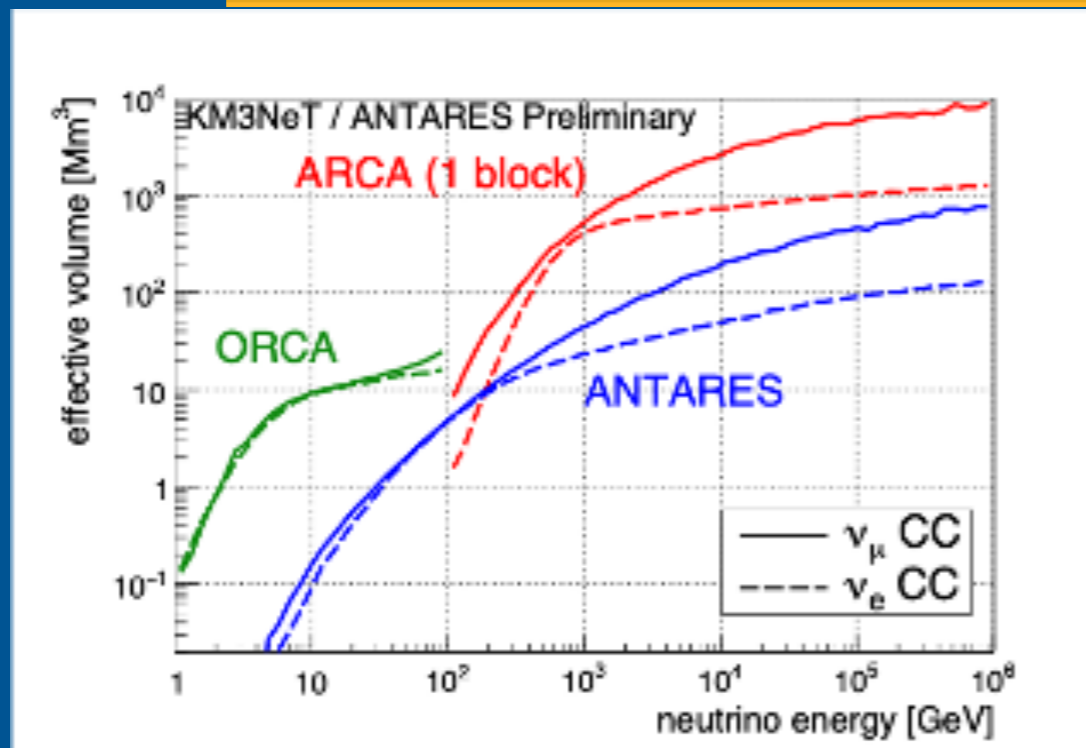


HE neutrinos
Multi-messenger program
PeV

ARCA + ORCA

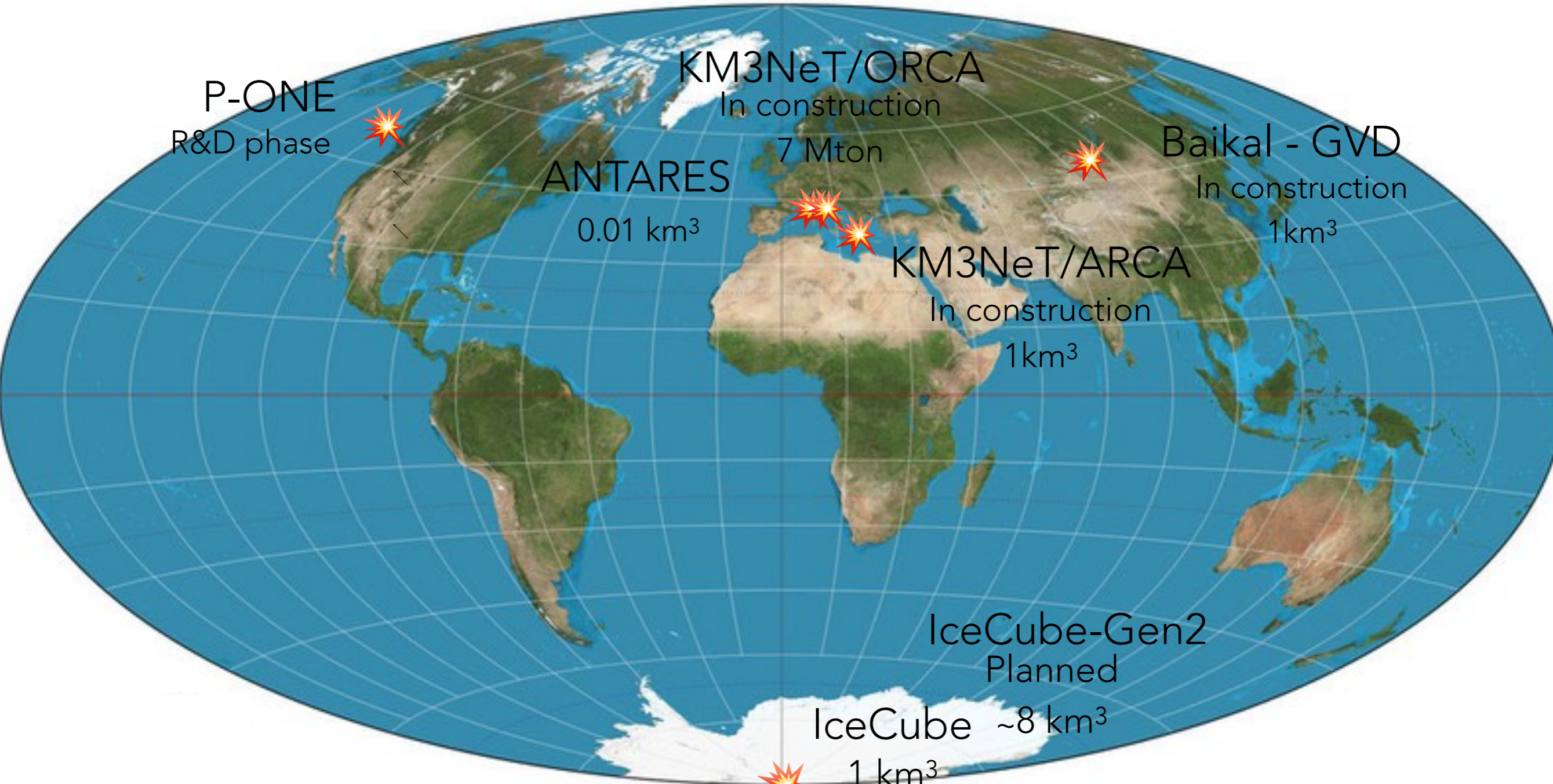
ORCA

ARCA



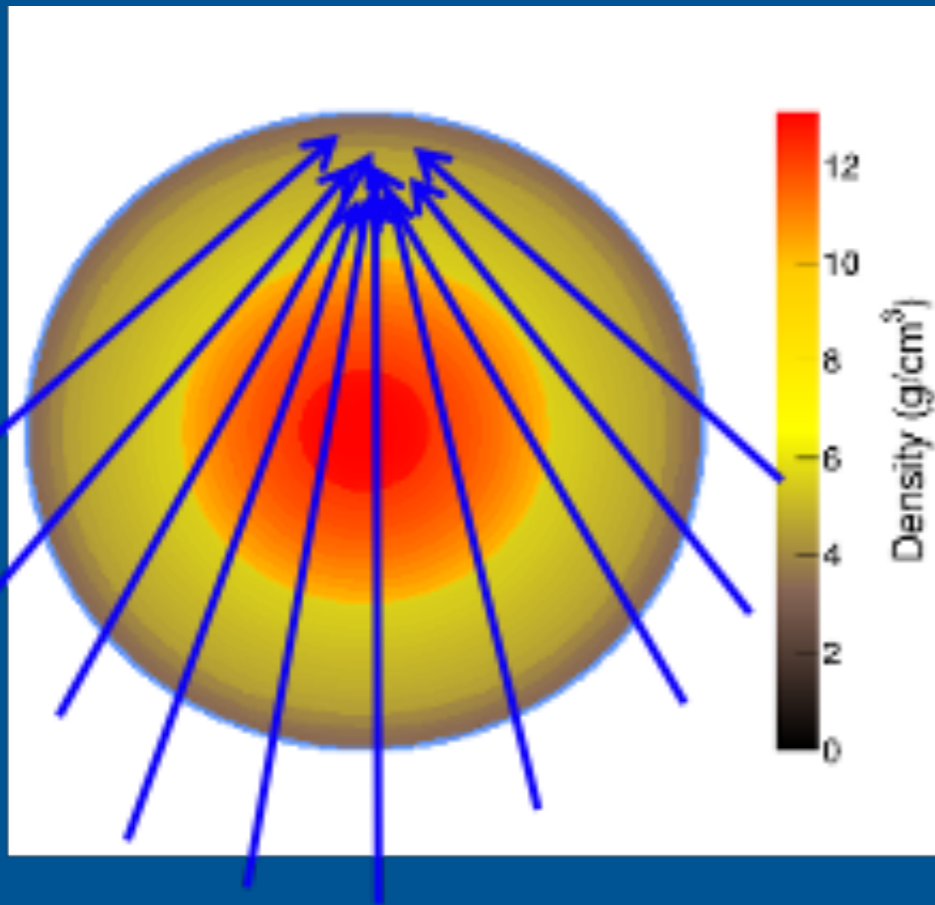
ANTARES:
A small size detector (0.01 km³) working from more than 10 years

A GLOBAL VIEW OF THE UNDER WATER/ICE NEUTRINO DETECTORS



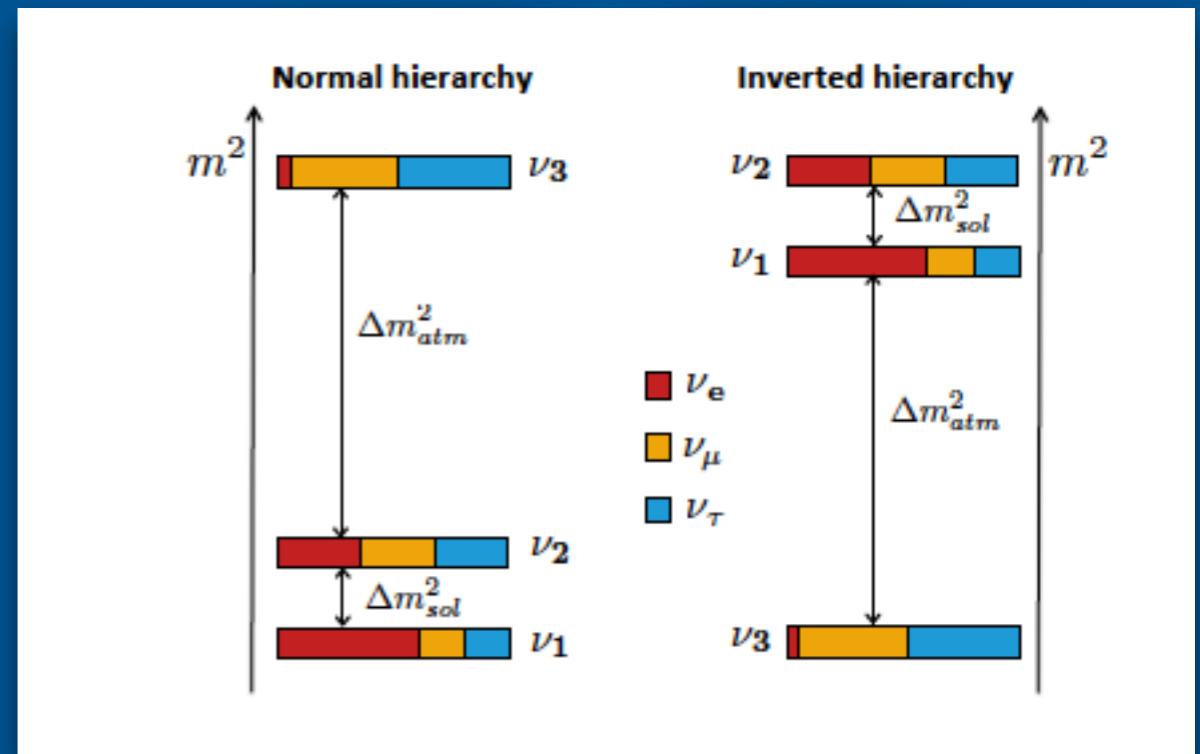
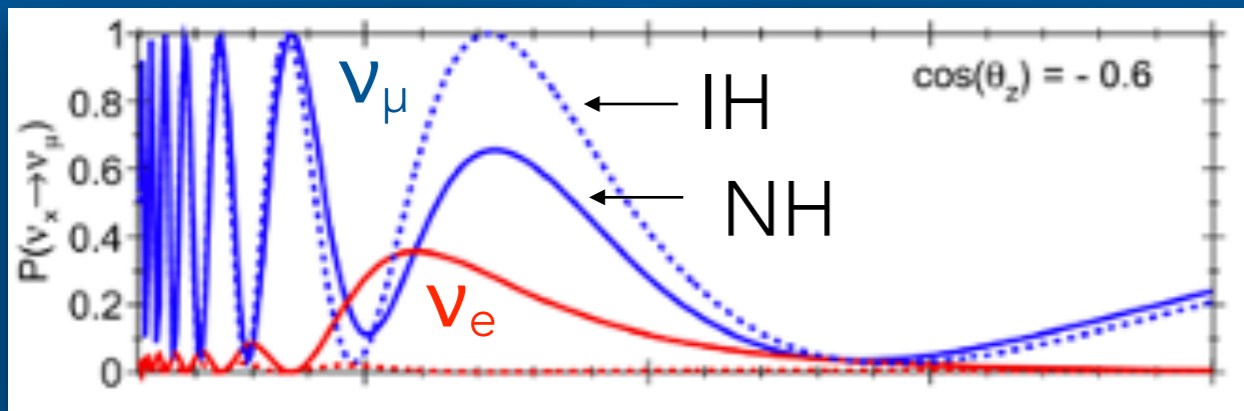
ORCA: THE NEUTRINO OSCILLATION PHYSICS

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Atmospheric neutrino measurement >1 GeV
 A "for free" beam of neutrinos of known composition (ν_e and ν_μ) and energies

- Neutrino mass ordering determination
- Neutrino oscillation parameters: sensitive to θ_{23} and Δm_{31}^2
- Sterile neutrinos
- Tau appearance
-



Needed:

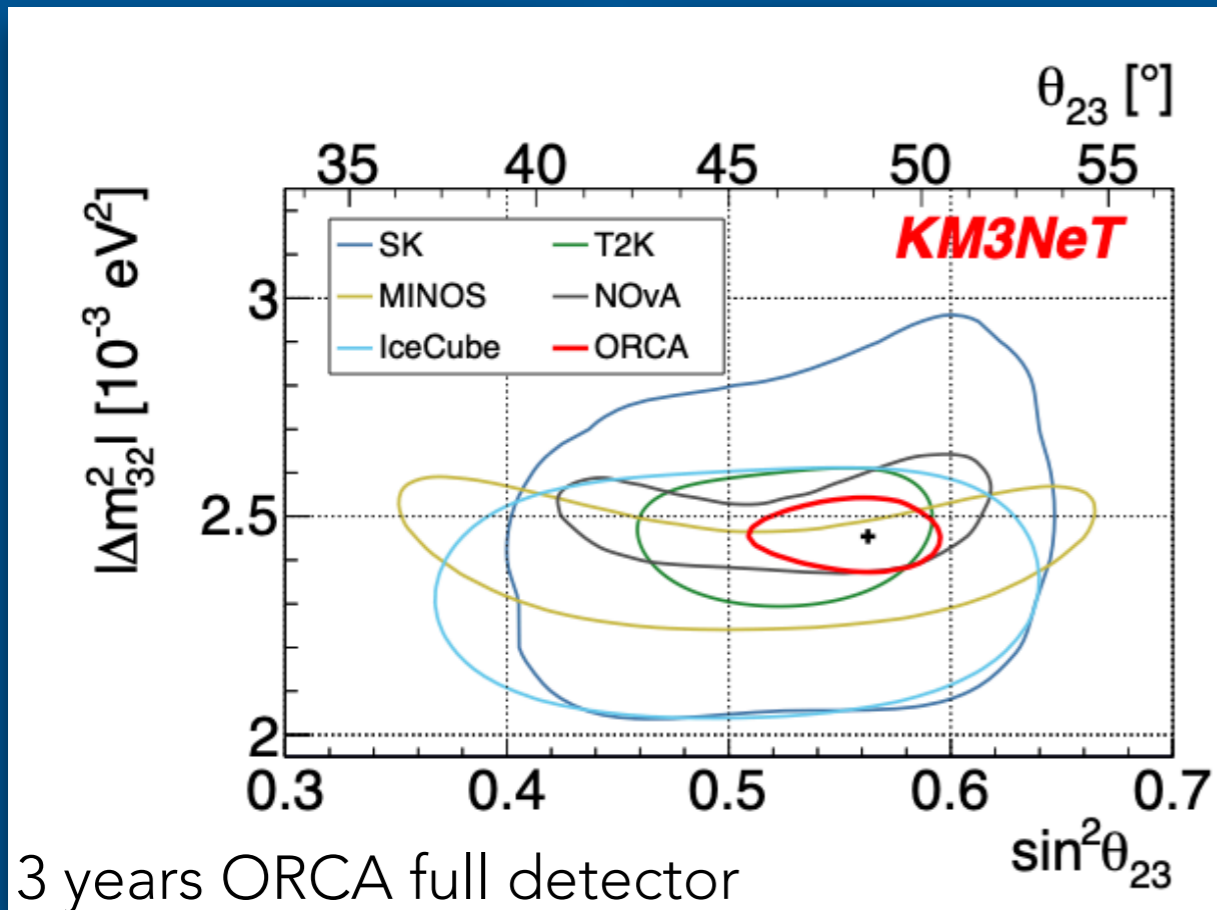
- Good angular and energy determination
- Good ν_e/ν_μ discrimination

THE MAIN ORCA PHYSICS GOALS

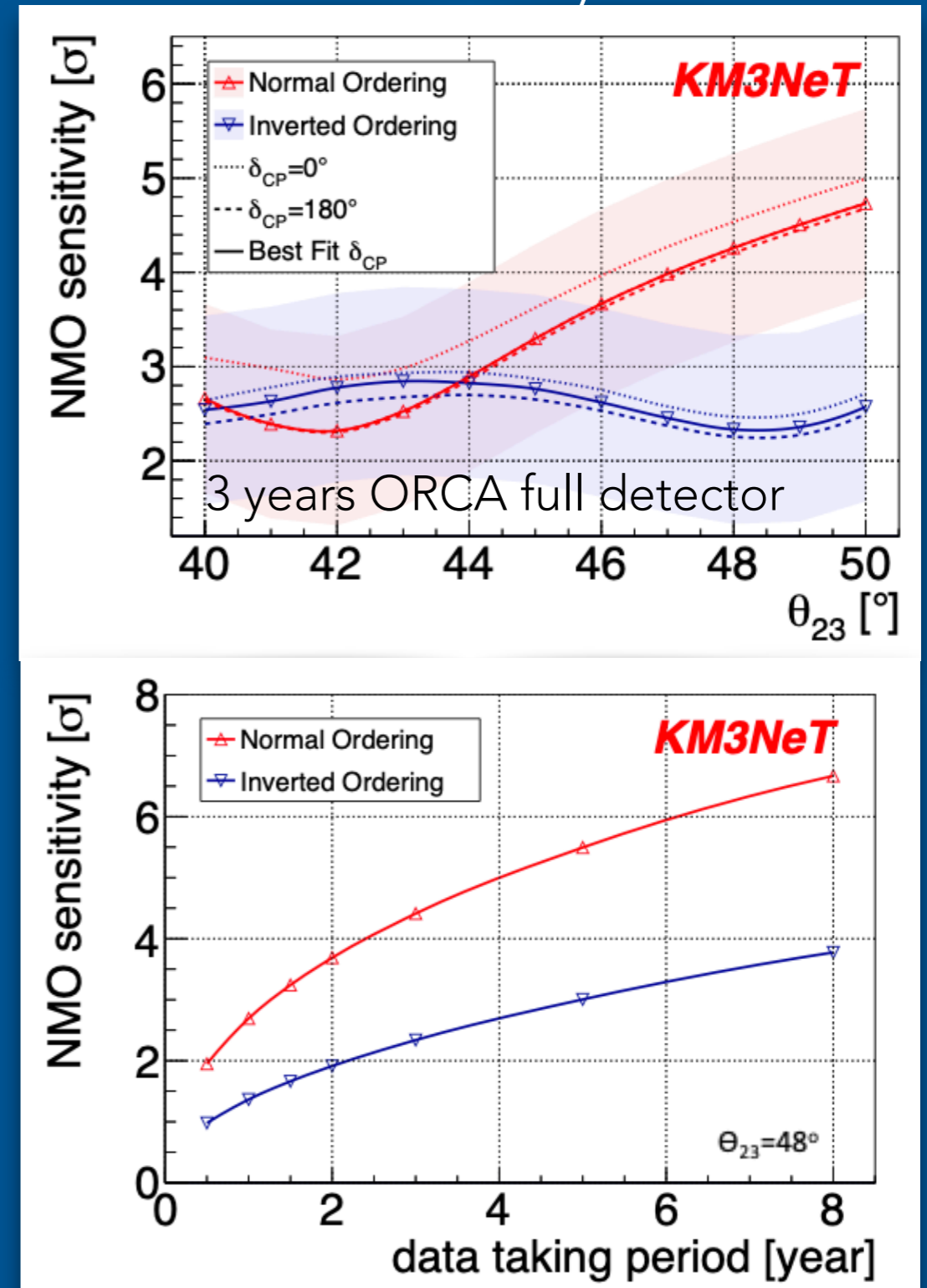
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ORCA: NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH ATMOSPHERIC NEUTRINOS

Measurements of mixing parameters



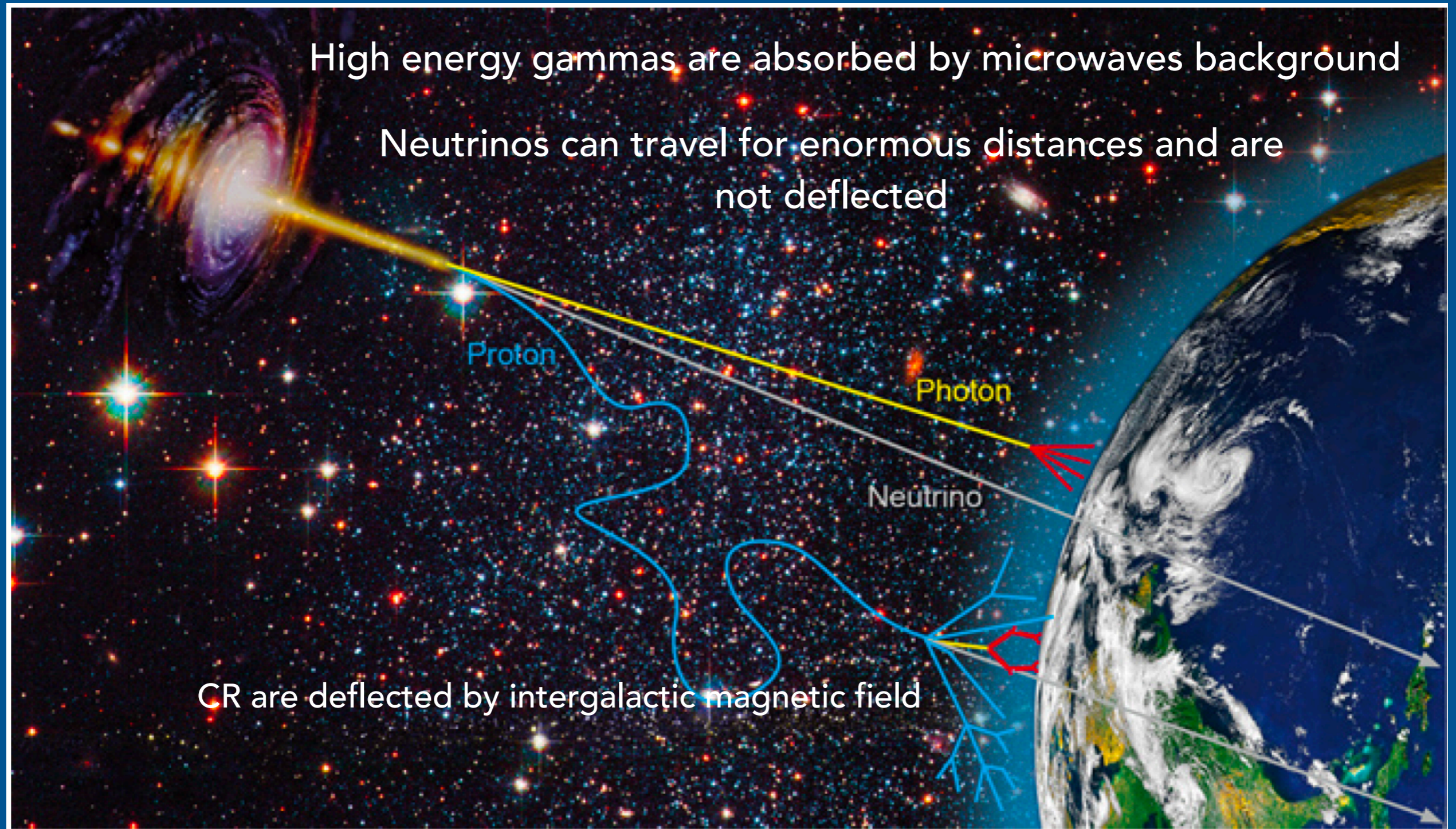
Measurements of the neutrino mass hierarchy



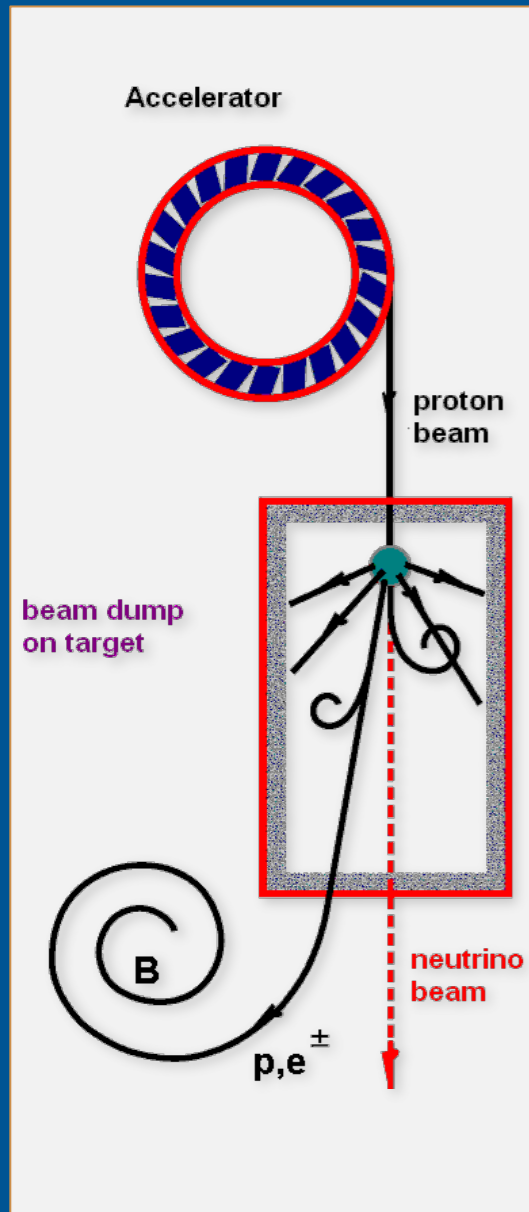
THE HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINO ASTRONOMY

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High energy neutrinos: a new messenger to observe the sky



The astrophysical beam dump



Leptonic production of high energy γ

Inverse Compton

$$e + \gamma_{\text{Synchrotron}} \rightarrow e' + \gamma'_{\text{HE}}$$

Hadronic production of ν and high energy γ

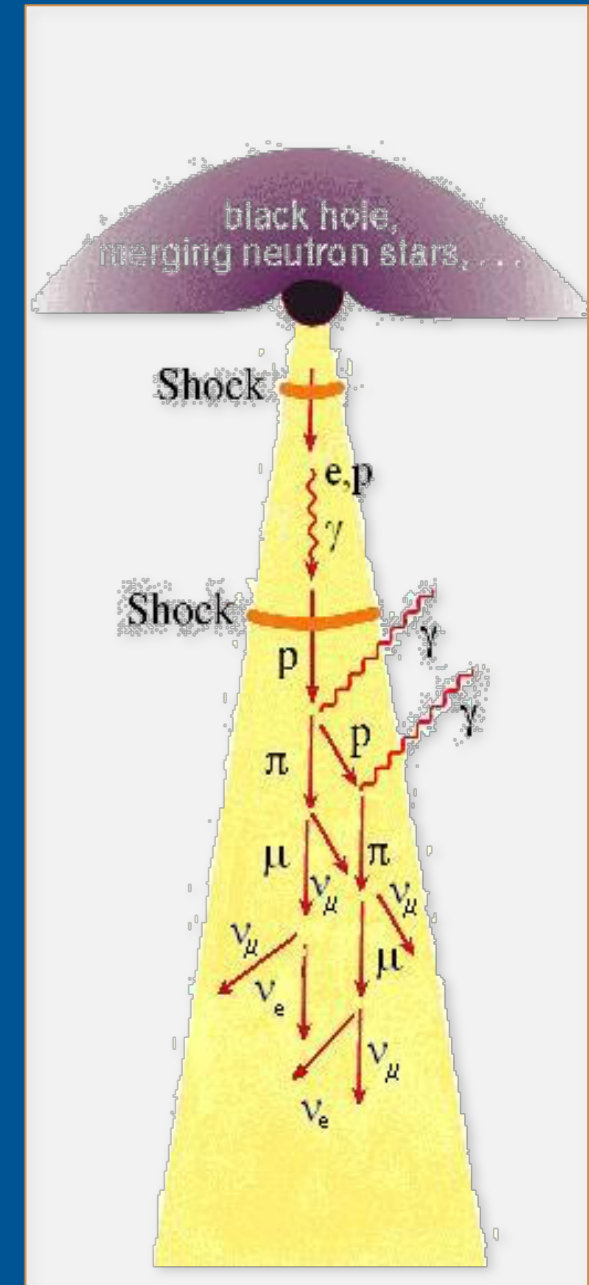
$$p + p \rightarrow X, \pi$$

$$p + \gamma \rightarrow N\pi$$

Pion and muon decays

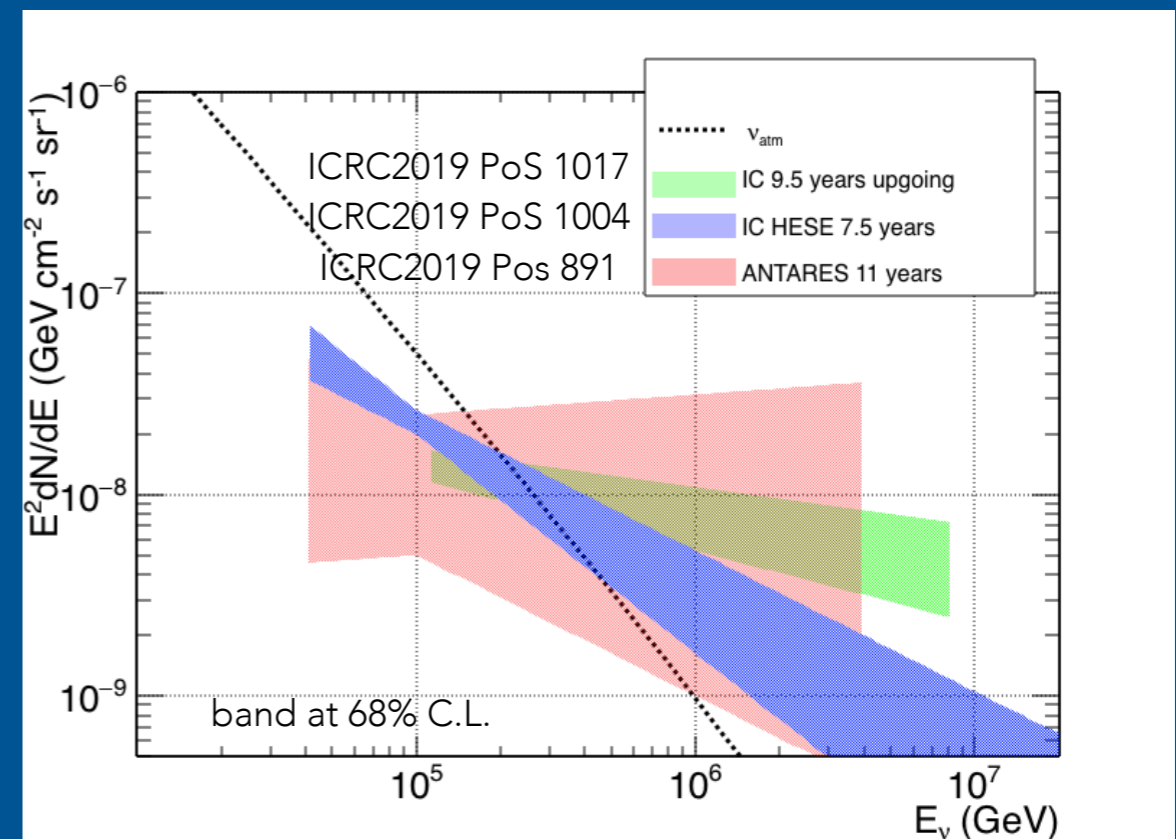
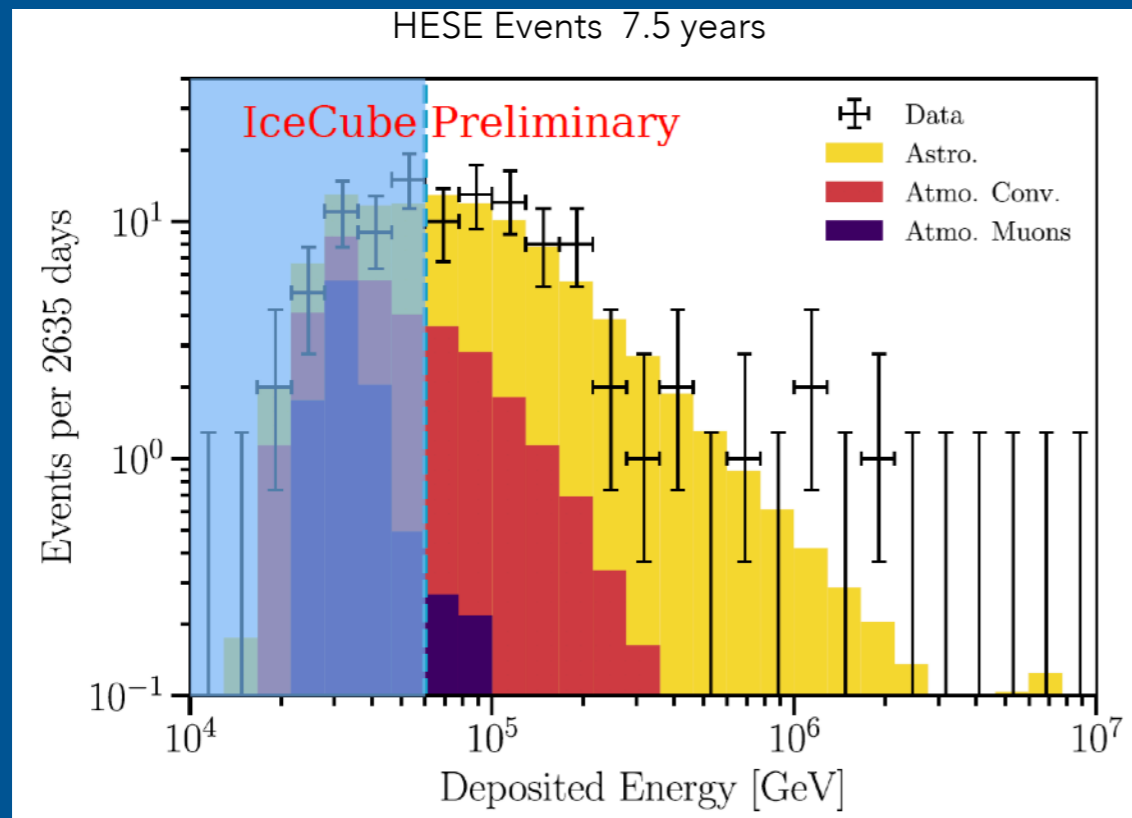
$$\text{neutral pions} \rightarrow \text{HE gammas}$$

$$\text{charged pions} \rightarrow \text{HE } \nu_{\mu} \nu_e$$



Neutrino detections from astrophysical sources: a clear signature for hadronic processes

First evidence of cosmic neutrino in 2013



Big uncertainties present in the data

- Single power law? Statistics not enough to distinguish between different models.
- Currently no model is significantly preferred compared to a single power law (ICRC2019 PoS 1004)

Neutrino origin not known

THE HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINOS: THE EXISTING DATA

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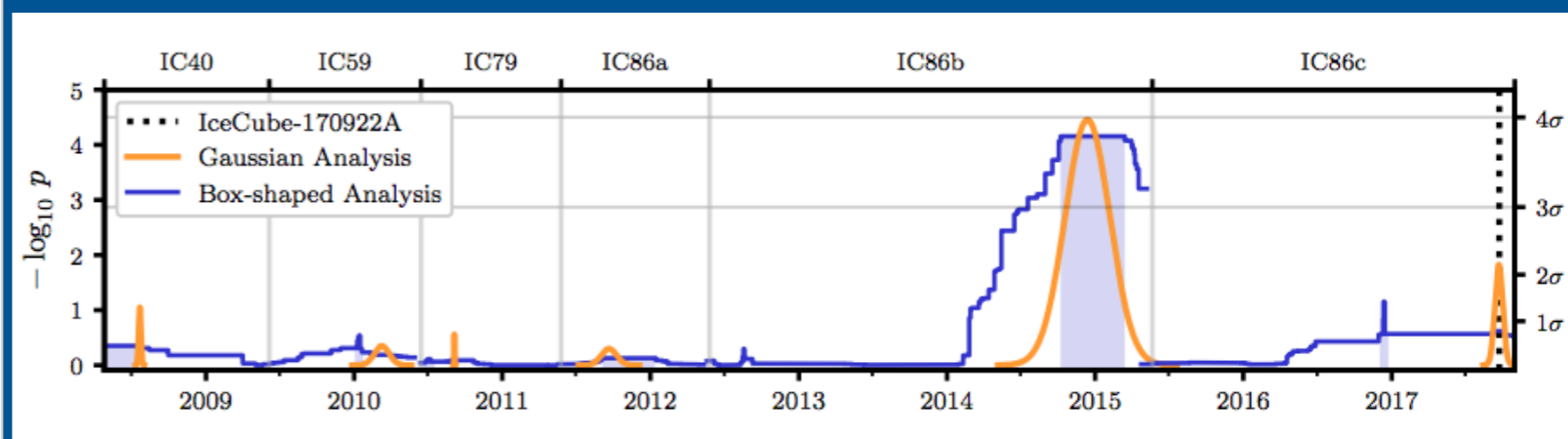
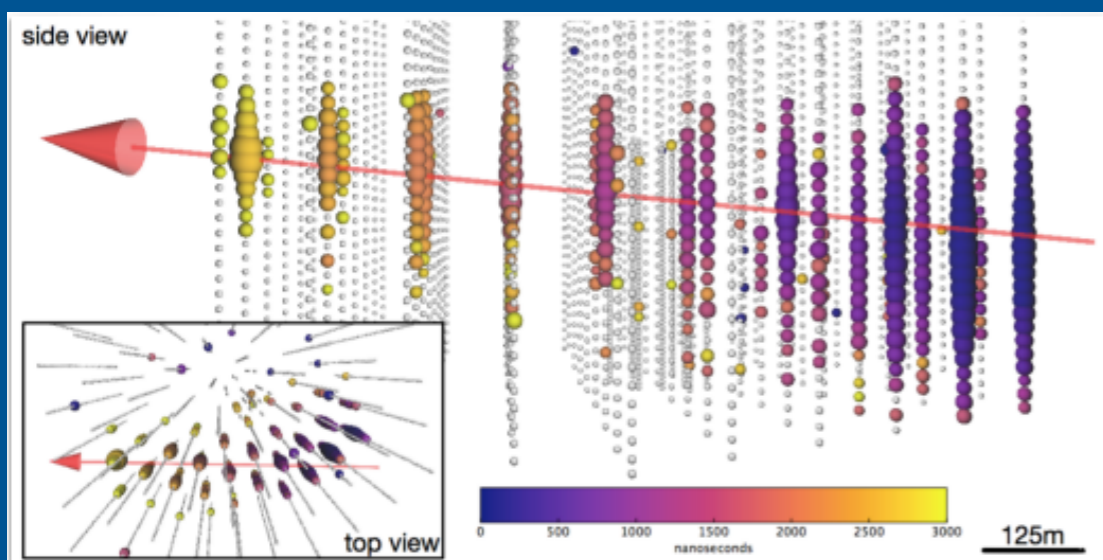
Thanks to multi-messenger observation the first source of neutrino was discovered ($\sim 3\sigma$ significance)  the blazar TXS 0506+056

No counterpart observation in the period 2014-2015

horizontal track with a good angular resolution

$5.7^{+0.50}_{-0.30}$ - below the horizon

most probably $E_\nu = 290$ TeV



IceCube Coll. Science 361, eaat1378 (2018)

OPEN QUESTIONS

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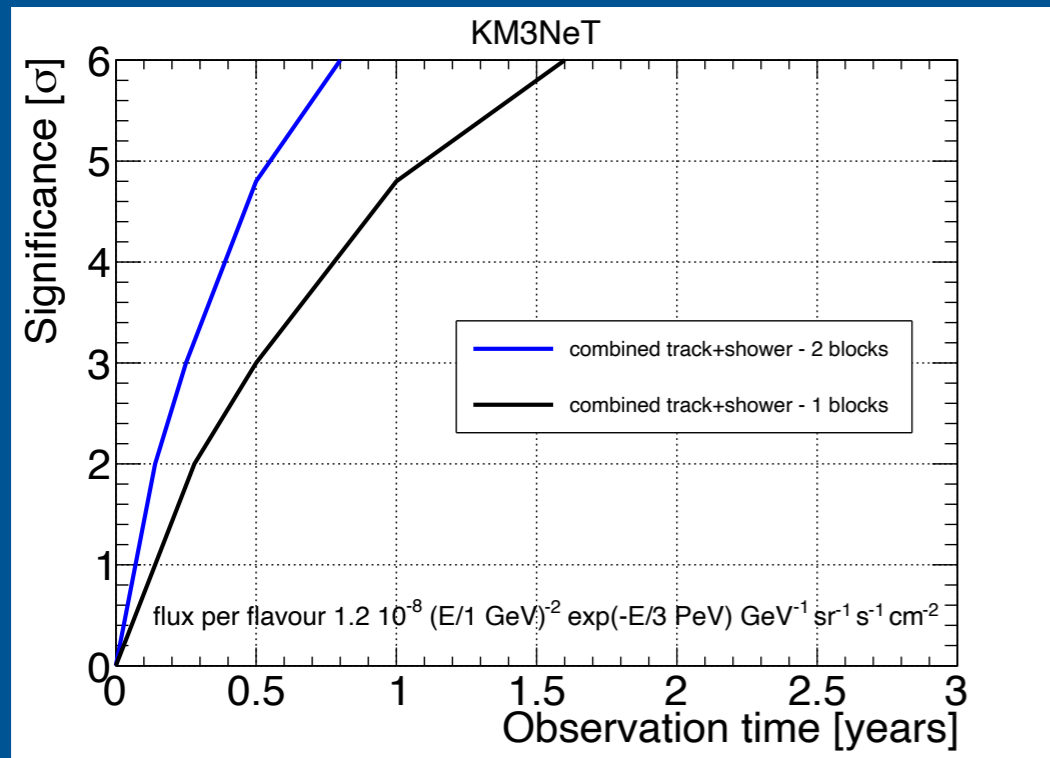
- Which classes of sources contribute to the observed diffuse neutrino flux ?
- Which mechanism is responsible for the neutrino emission p-p or/and p- γ ?
- Which is the flavor composition ?
- Are neutrinos and gammas/CR observed from the same sources?
- Which is the contribution of neutrino from the Galactic plane ?

ARCA: THE MAIN PHYSICS GOALS

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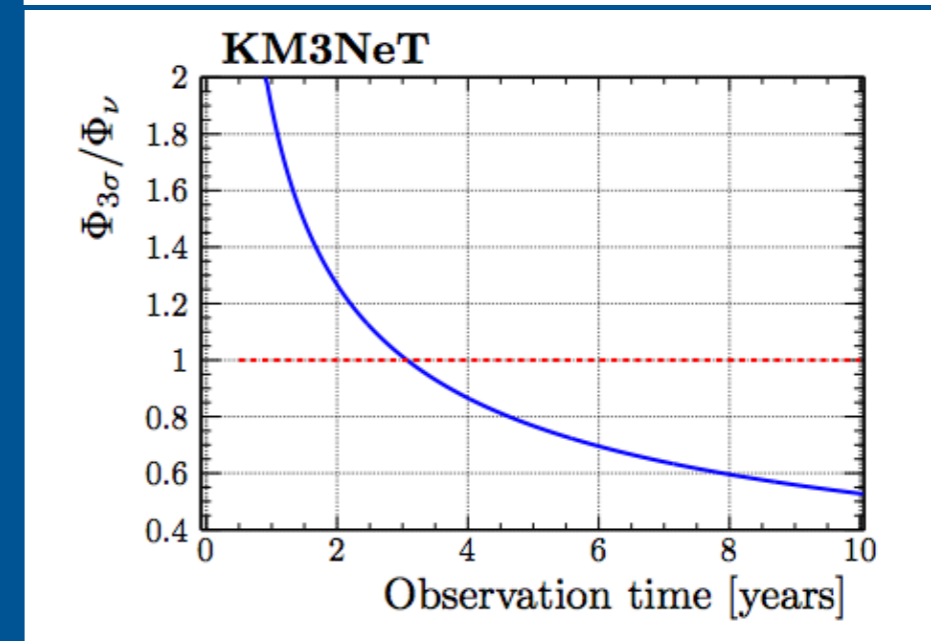
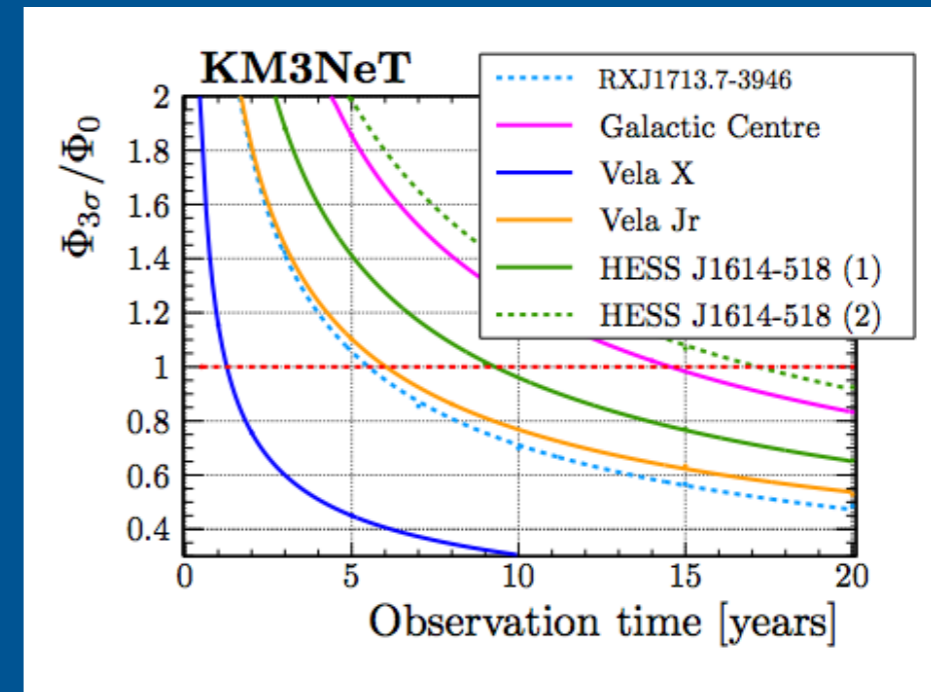
ARCA: ASTROPHYSICS AND MULTI MESSENGER

Detection of cosmic diffuse neutrinos



$5\sigma \sim 1$ year for one block detector (115 DUs)

Galactic sources



Observation within a few years if their γ -ray emission is of purely hadronic origin.
Stacking Vela Jr and RX J1713.7-3946 $\rightarrow 3\sigma$ significance within 3 years.

EVENT TYPE AND **ANGULAR** RESOLUTION

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	TRACK*	CASCADE*
ANTARES	0.3°	3°
KM3NET	0.1°	1.5°
ICECUBE	0.3°	7°-8°
BAIKAL -GVD	0.25°	3° - 3.5°

Tracks: very long path ($E_\mu > 1\text{TeV}$ several km)
Big lever arm

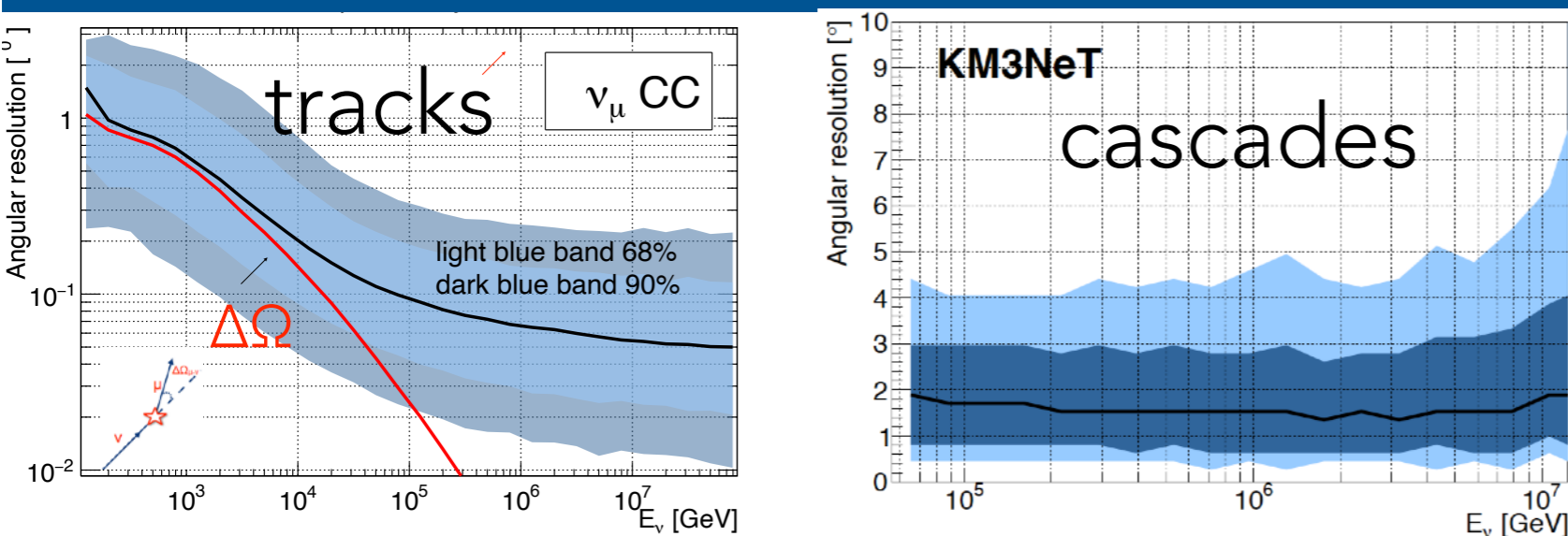
- Good angular resolution

Cascades: small path ($E_{\text{casc}} > 1\text{TeV}$ some tens of meters)

- Modest angular resolution

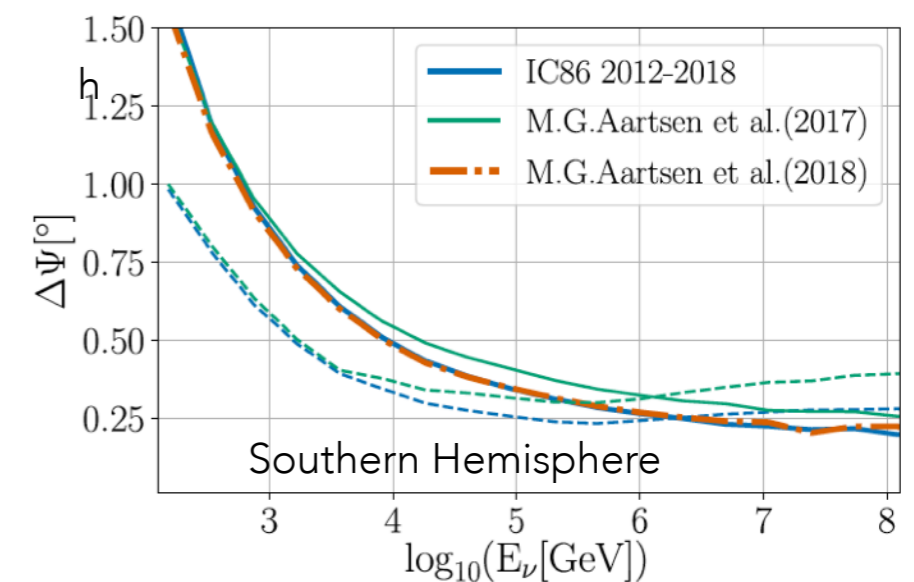
*Resolution at 100 TeV

KM3NeT



IC resolution for tracks

from arXiv:1910.08488, 15 October 2019



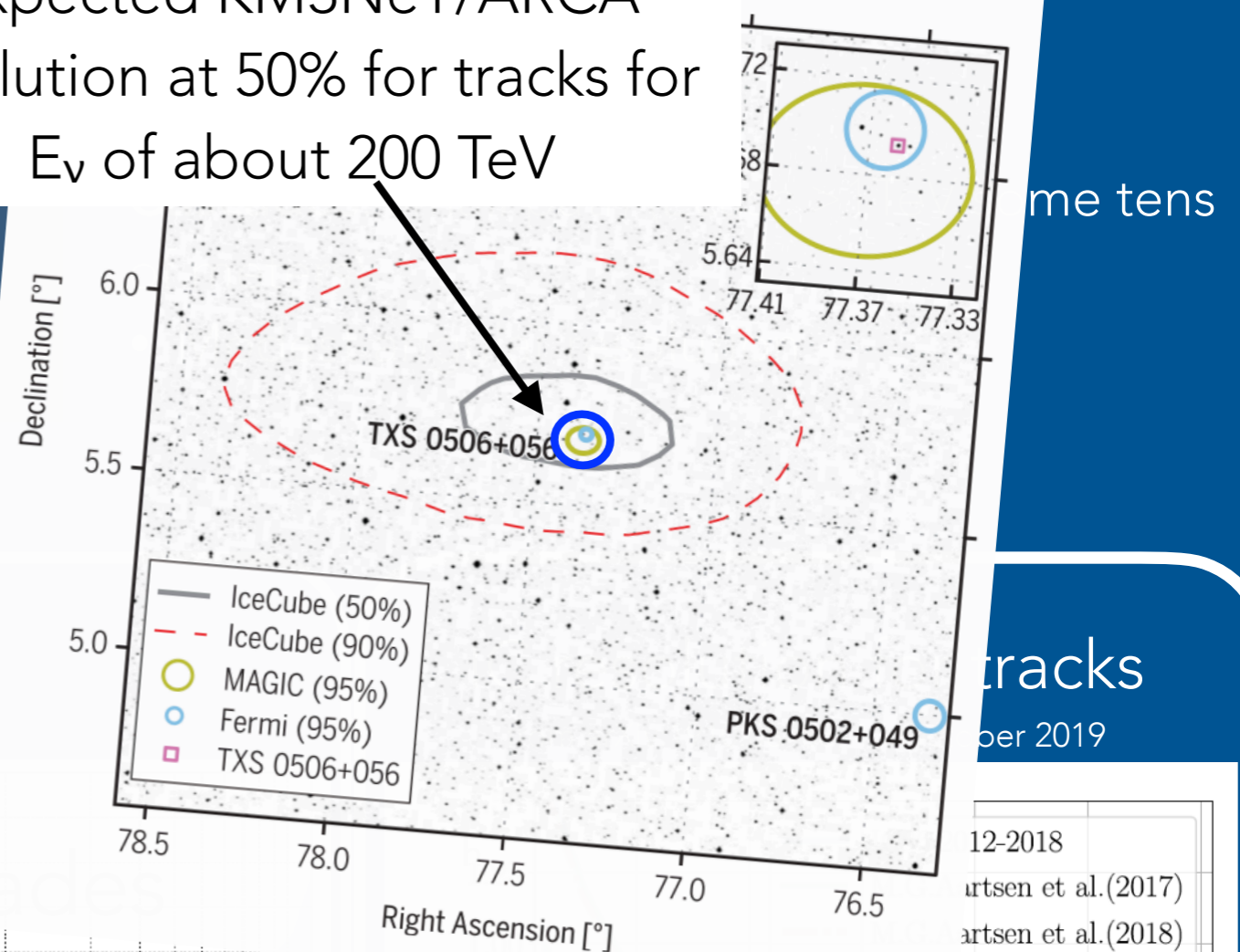
EVENT TYPE AND **ANGULAR** RESOLUTION

	TRACK*	CASCADE*
ANTARES	0.3°	
KM3NET	0.1°	1°
ICECUBE	0.3°	7°-8°
BAIKAL -GVD	0.25°	3° - 3.5°

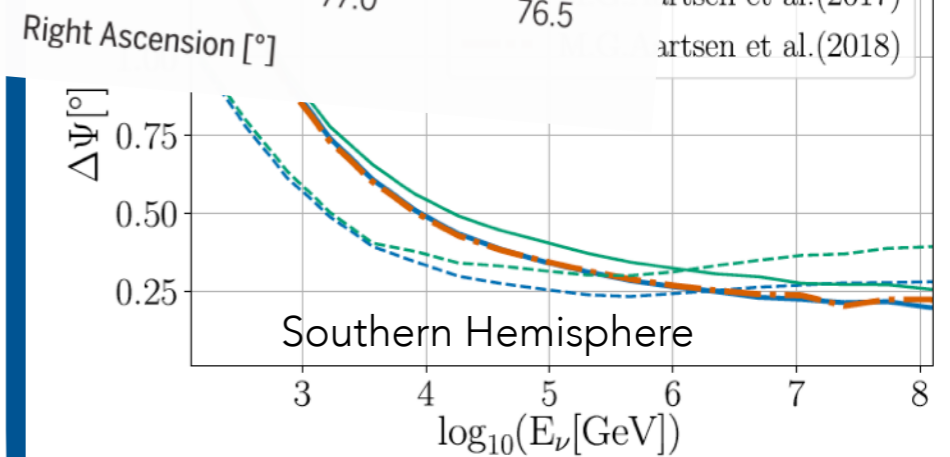
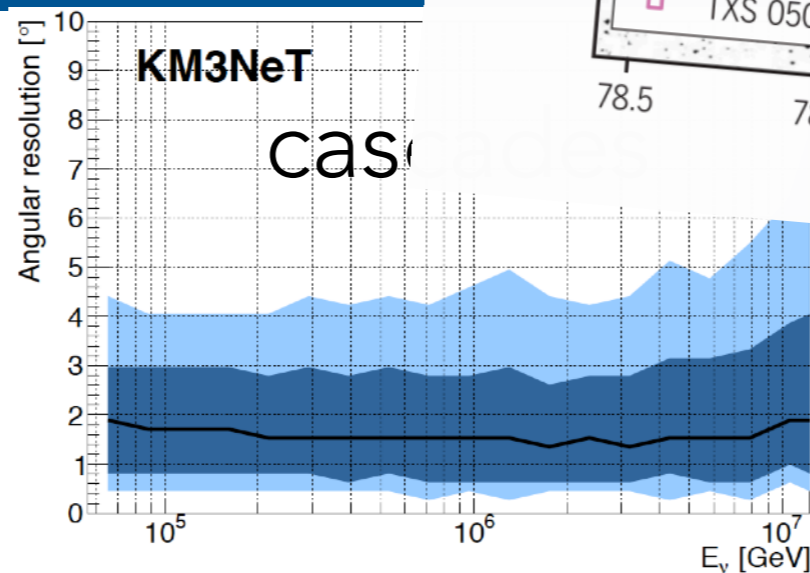
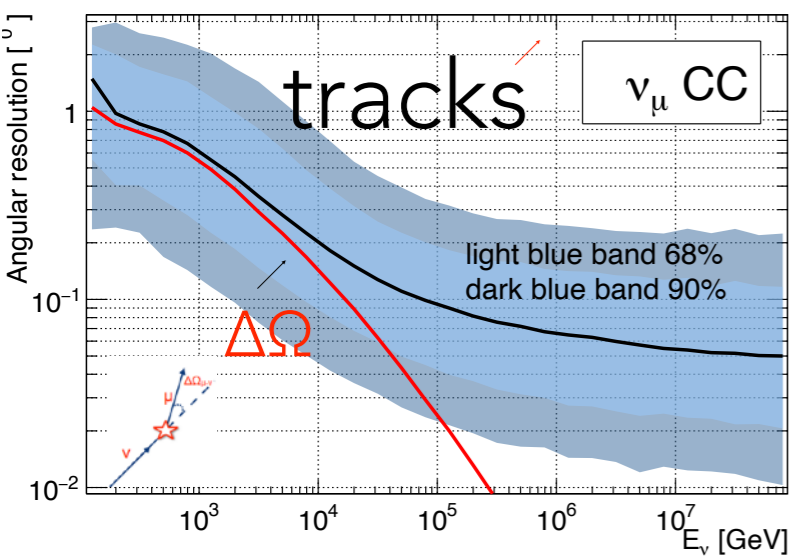
*Resolution at 100 TeV

Tracks: very long path ($E_\mu > 1 \text{ TeV}$ several km)

Expected KM3NeT/ARCA resolution at 50% for tracks for E_ν of about 200 TeV

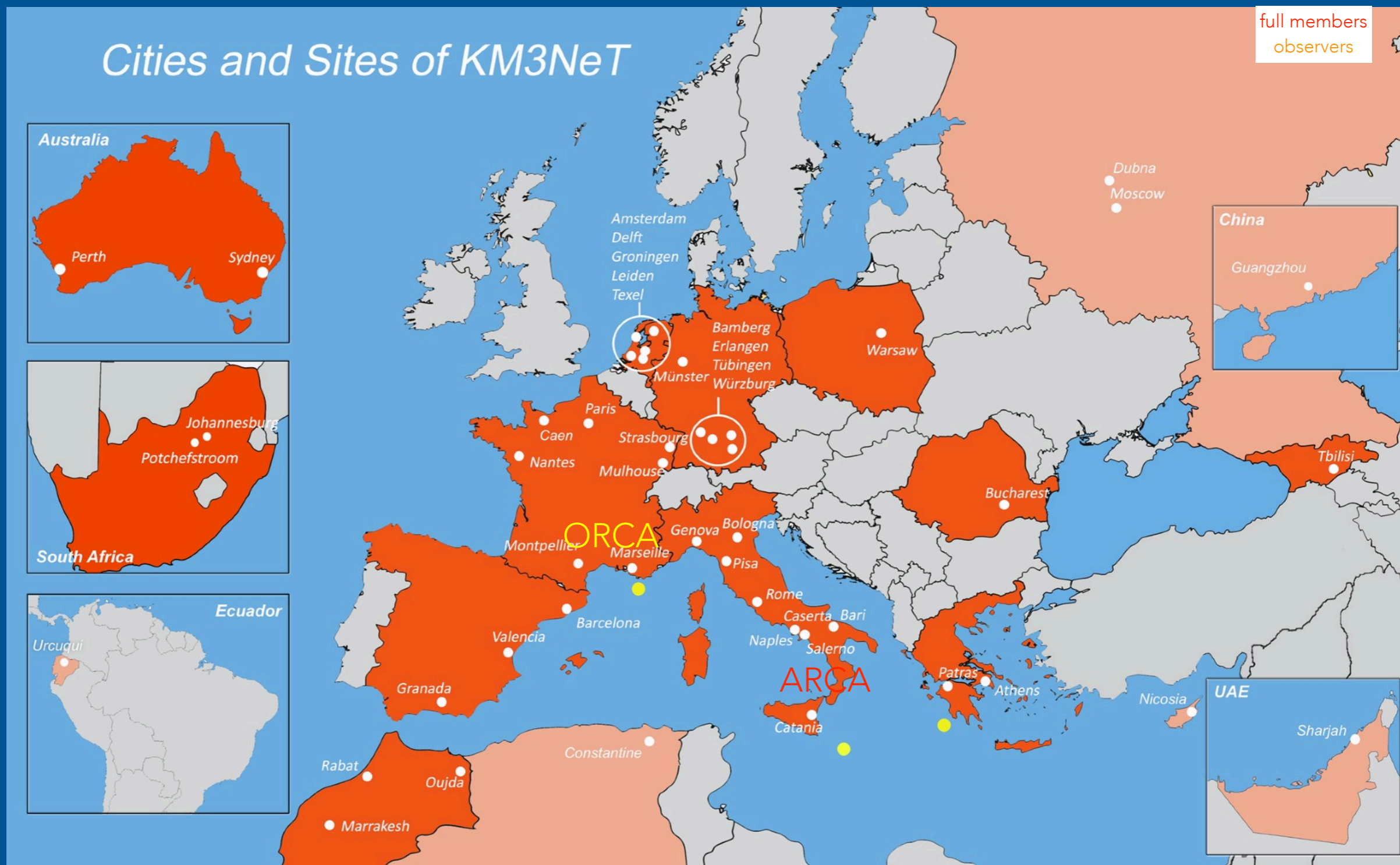


KM3NeT



THE KM3NET COLLABORATION

56 institutes in 17 countries



THE TECHNOLOGY

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The basic elements:

- Optical sensors 🖱️ DOMs (Digital Optical Module)
- Strings 🖱️ DU (Detection Unit)
- Seafloor network 🖱️ Electro-optical cables and JBs (Junction Boxes)



DOM

It is a 17" glass sphere with inside:

- 31 3" PMTs (photocathode area $\approx 3 \times 10$ " PMTs)
- LED and Piezo
- Front-end electronics -> FPGA



DU

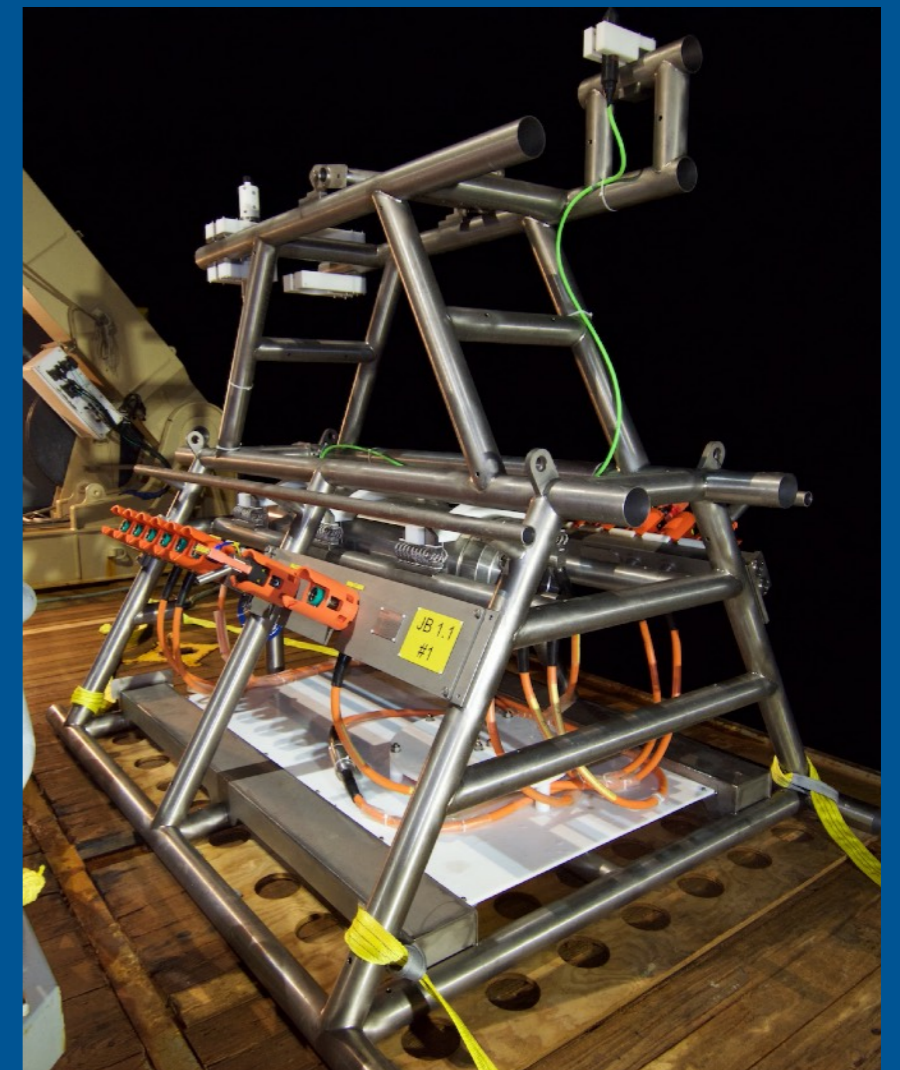


LOM

Anchor

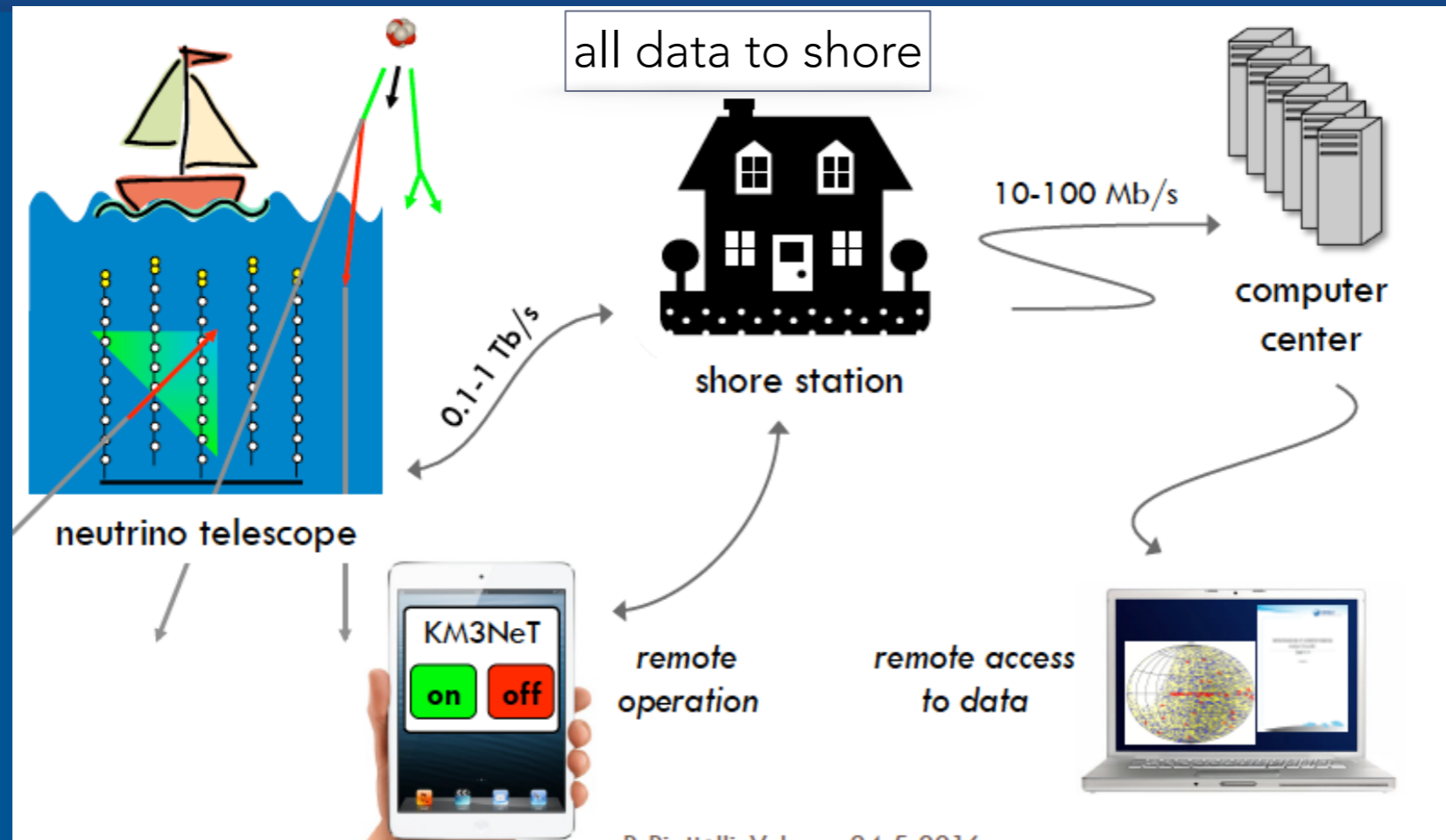
18 DOMs in a DU

JB



THE KM3NET ARCHITECTURE

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D. Di Mattioli, Volume 24, 5, 2014

ORCA shore station

Institute Michel Paccard
La Seine sur Mer



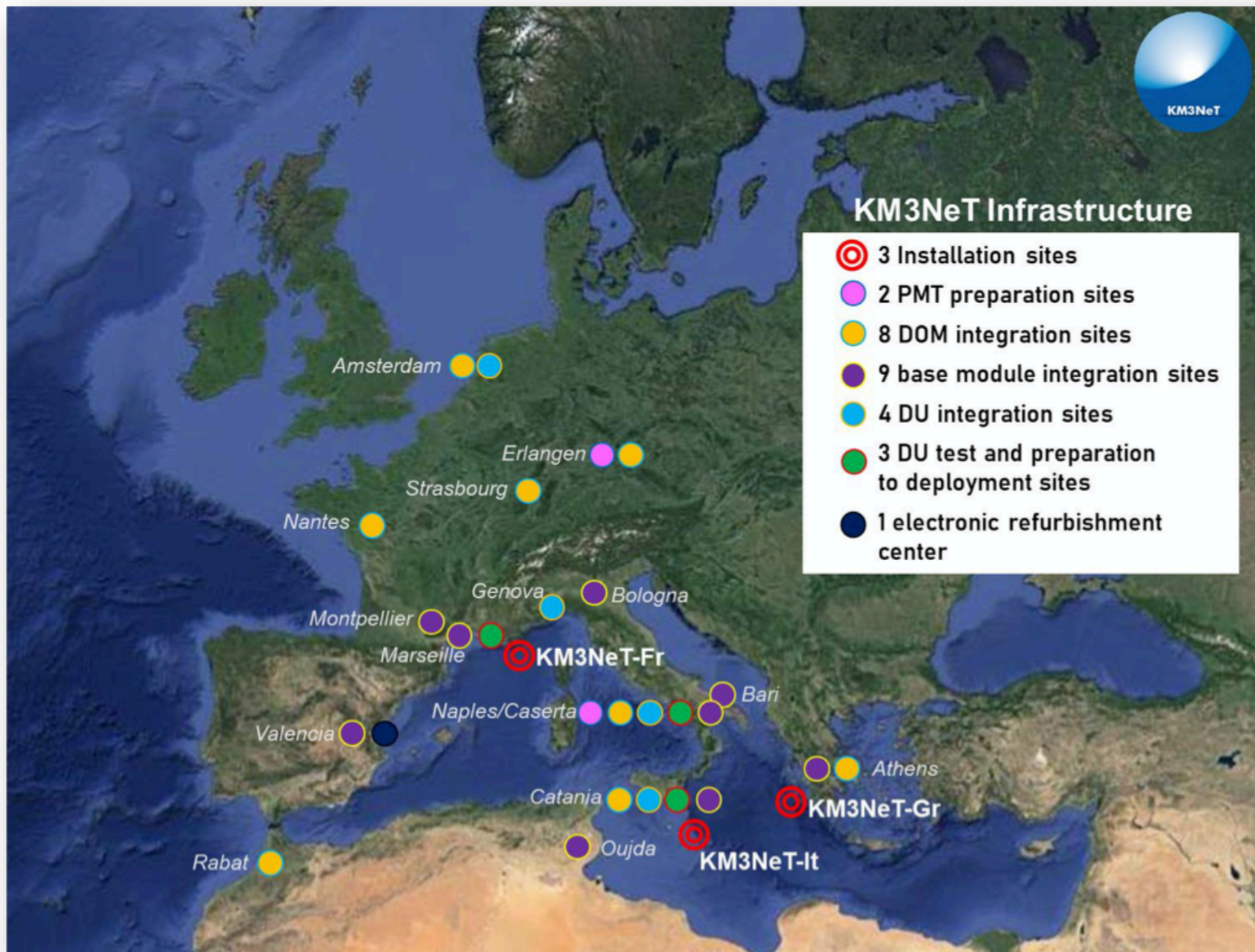
ARCA shore station

Porto Palo di Capo Passero



THE DETECTOR CONSTRUCTION

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DOMs:

- 8 integration sites
- 640 DOM produced (400 ARCA, 240 ORCA)
- 100 currently in progress

BMs:

- 9 integration sites
- 27 BMs produced
- 6 currently in progress

DUs:

- 5 integration sites
- 13 DUs produced
- 8 currently in progress

Total: 22 integration sites!
(last year: 15)

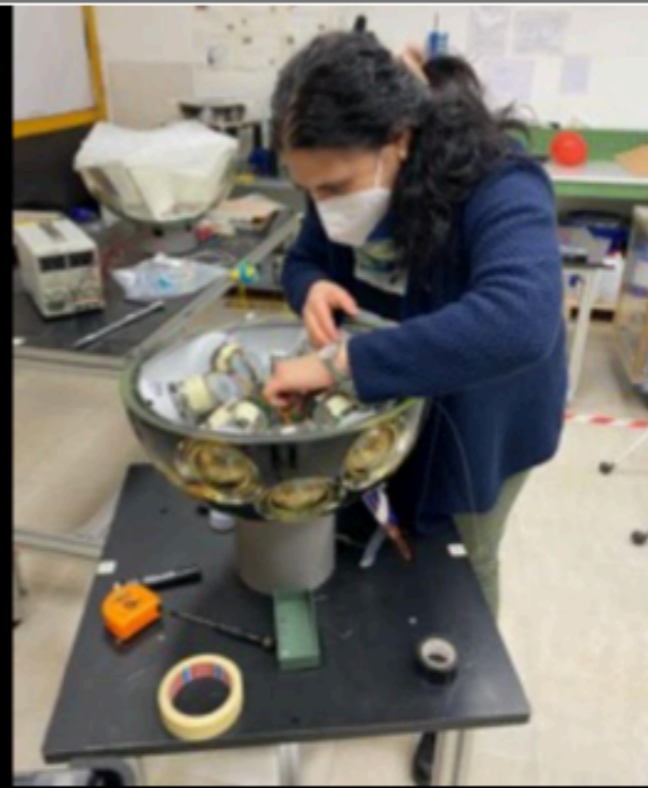


Despite pandemic big efforts are on going in the detector construction

THE INTEGRATION

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DOM integration



Base Module integration



THE INTEGRATION

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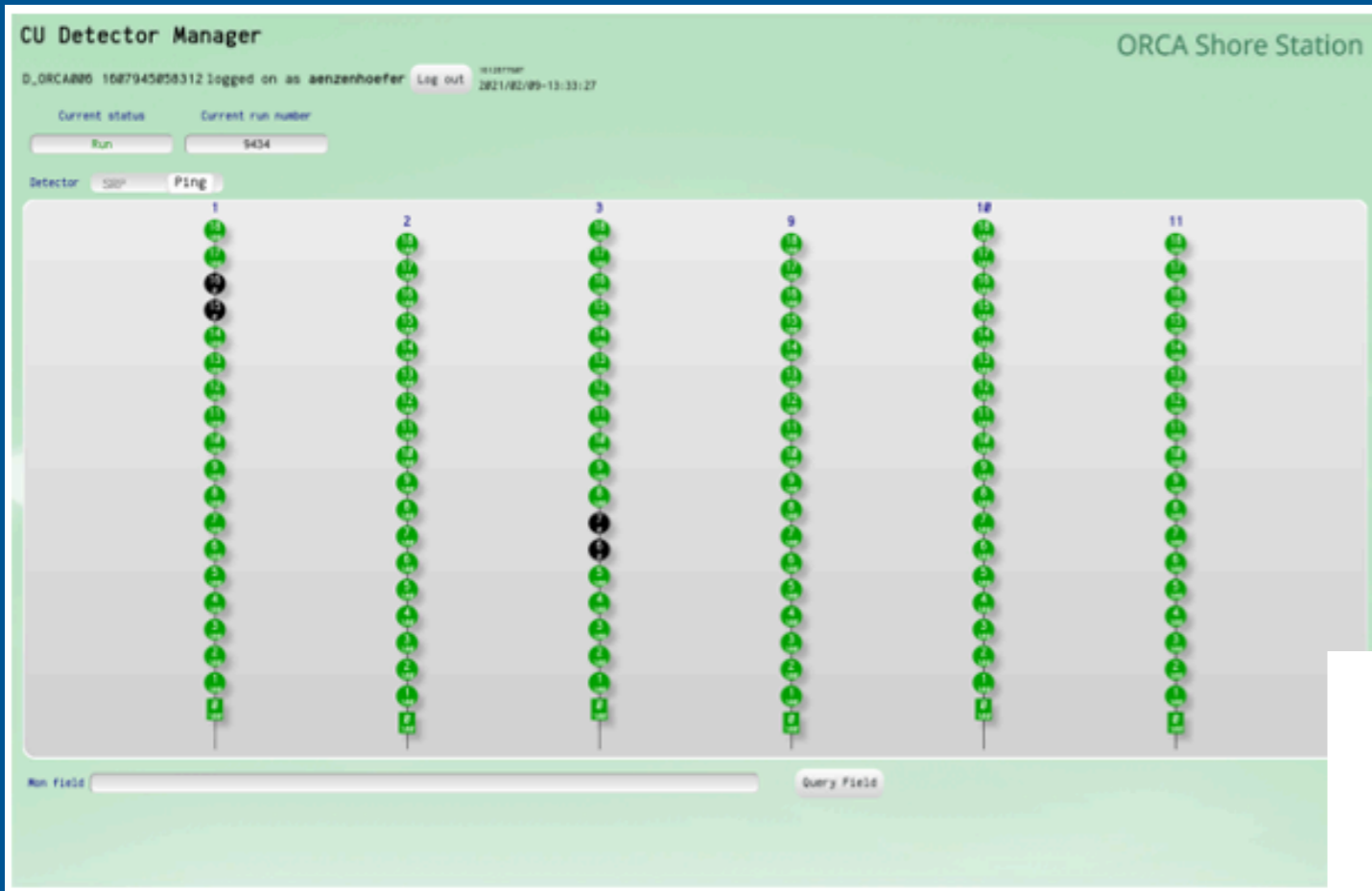
DU integration



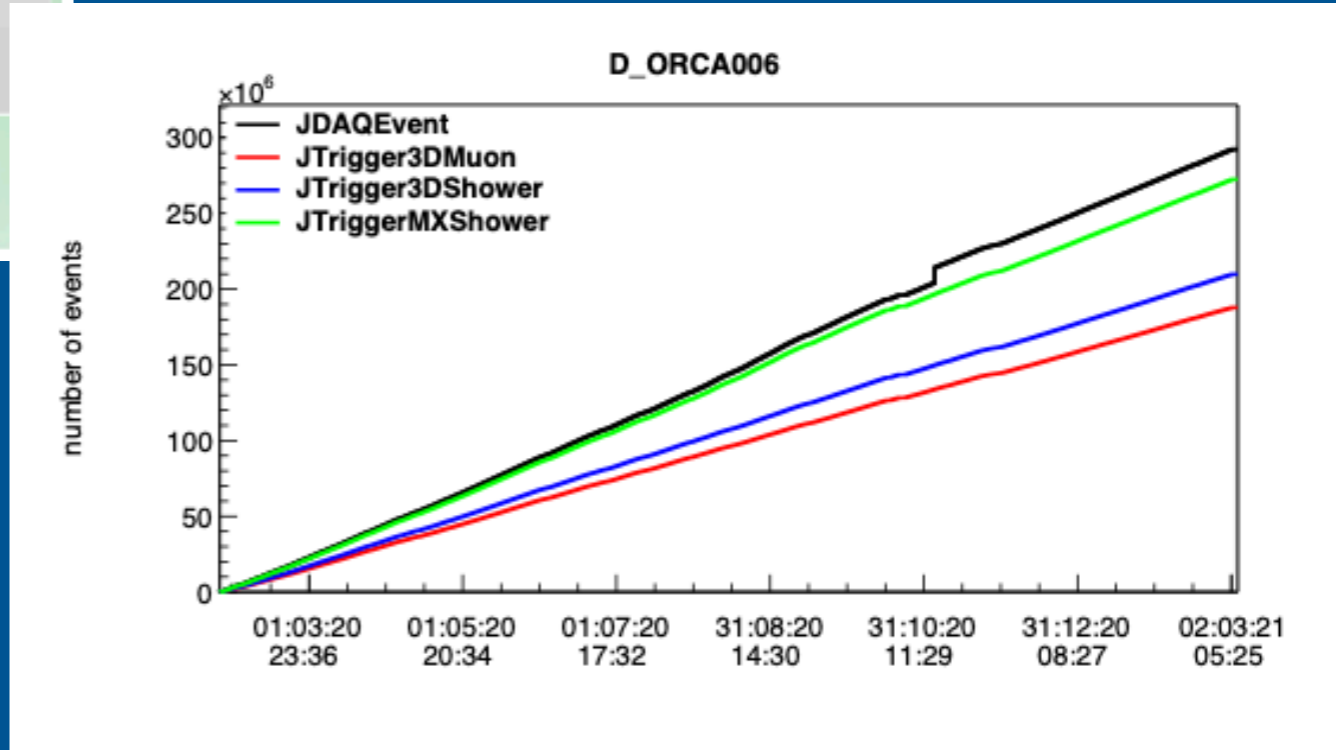
ORCA STATUS

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From February 2020 six detection units in operation



More than one year of data available

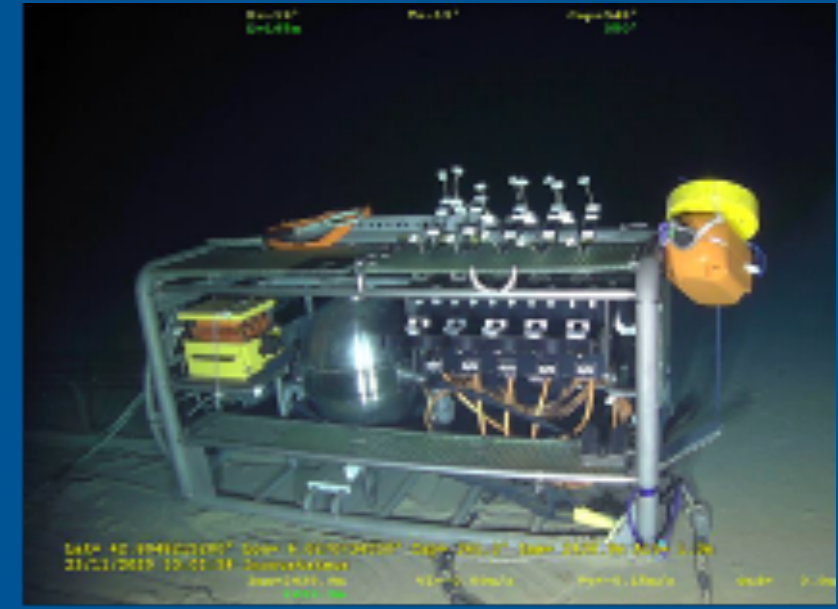
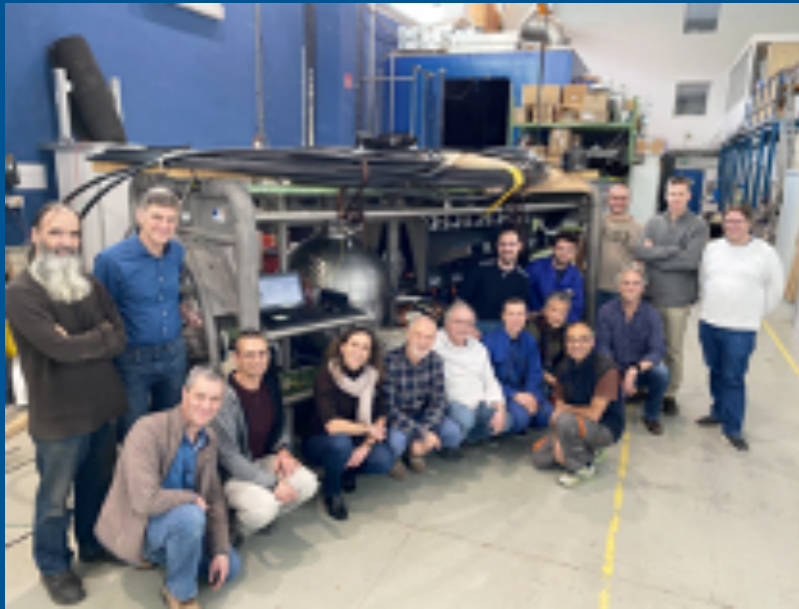


Data Taking efficiency of 98.8%

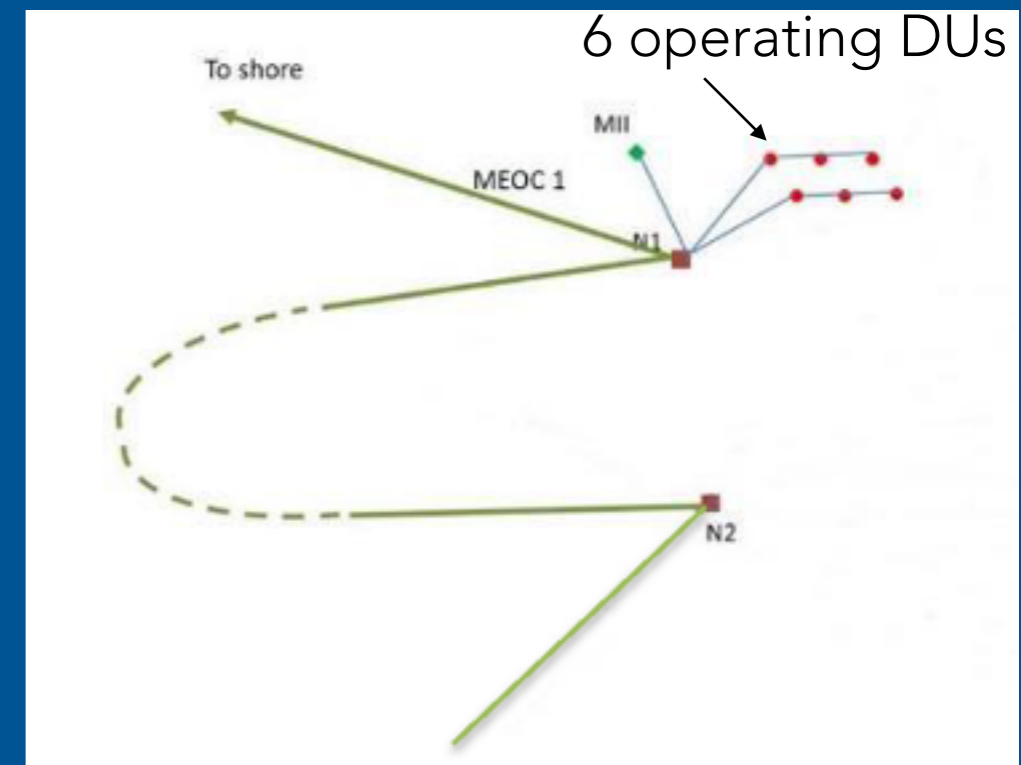
ORCA STATUS

28

October 2020 👉 Successful connection of a second JB



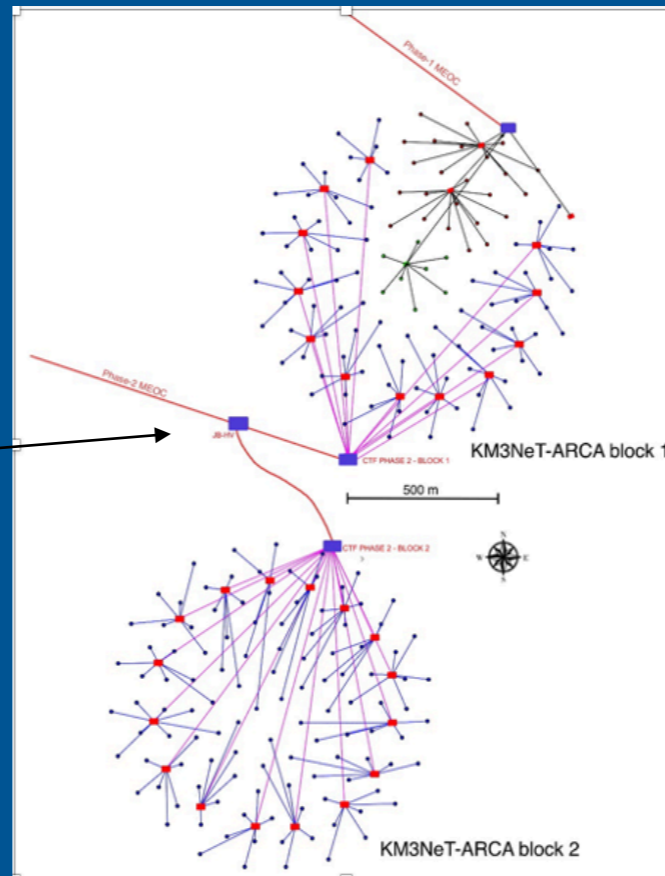
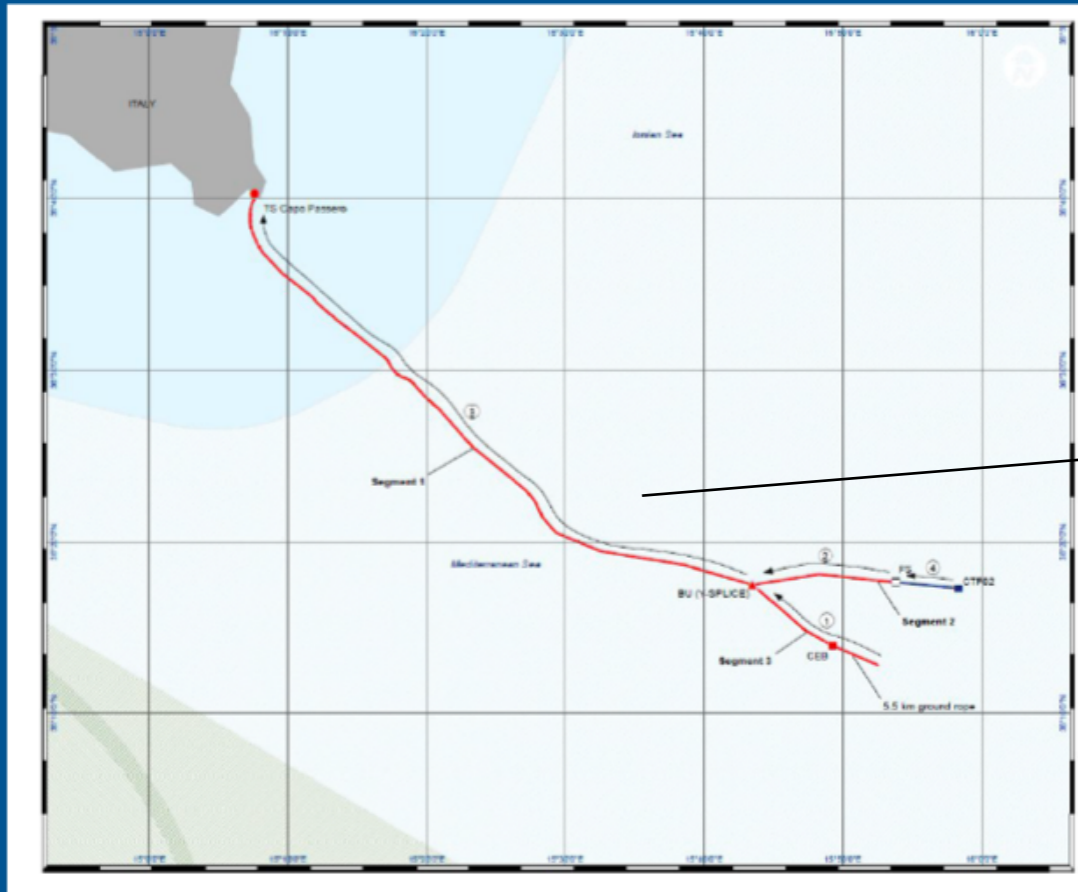
We can now connect up to 52 DUs



ARCA STATUS

29

Nov 2020 🙌 Successful laying of a second MEOC cable (Alcatel)



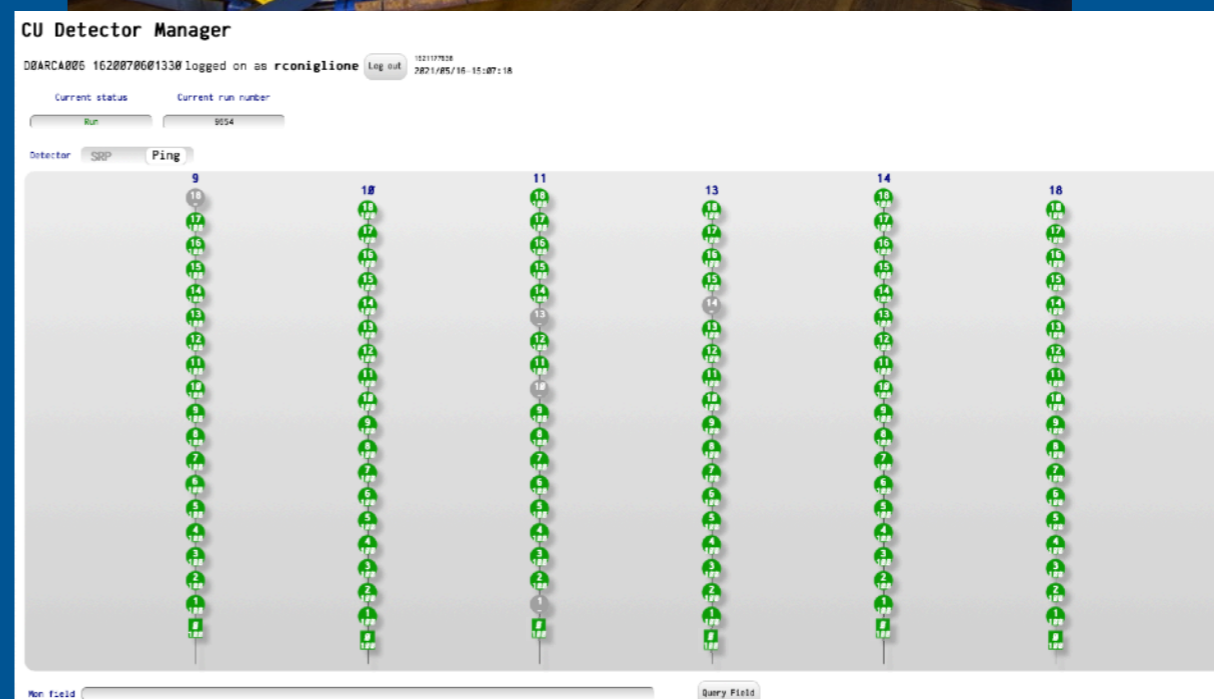
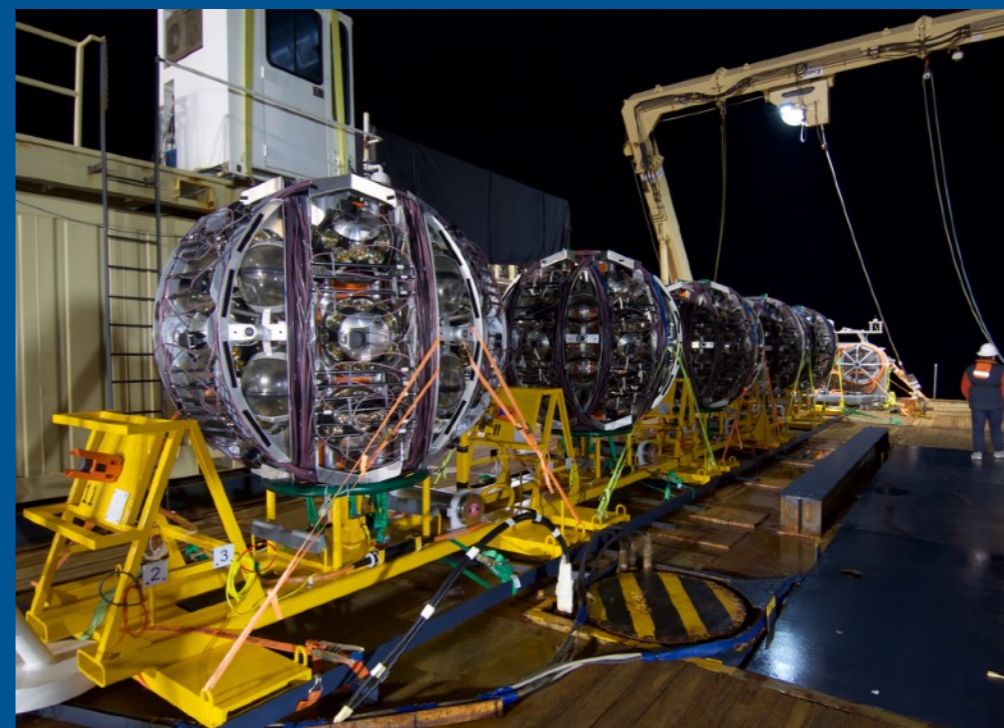
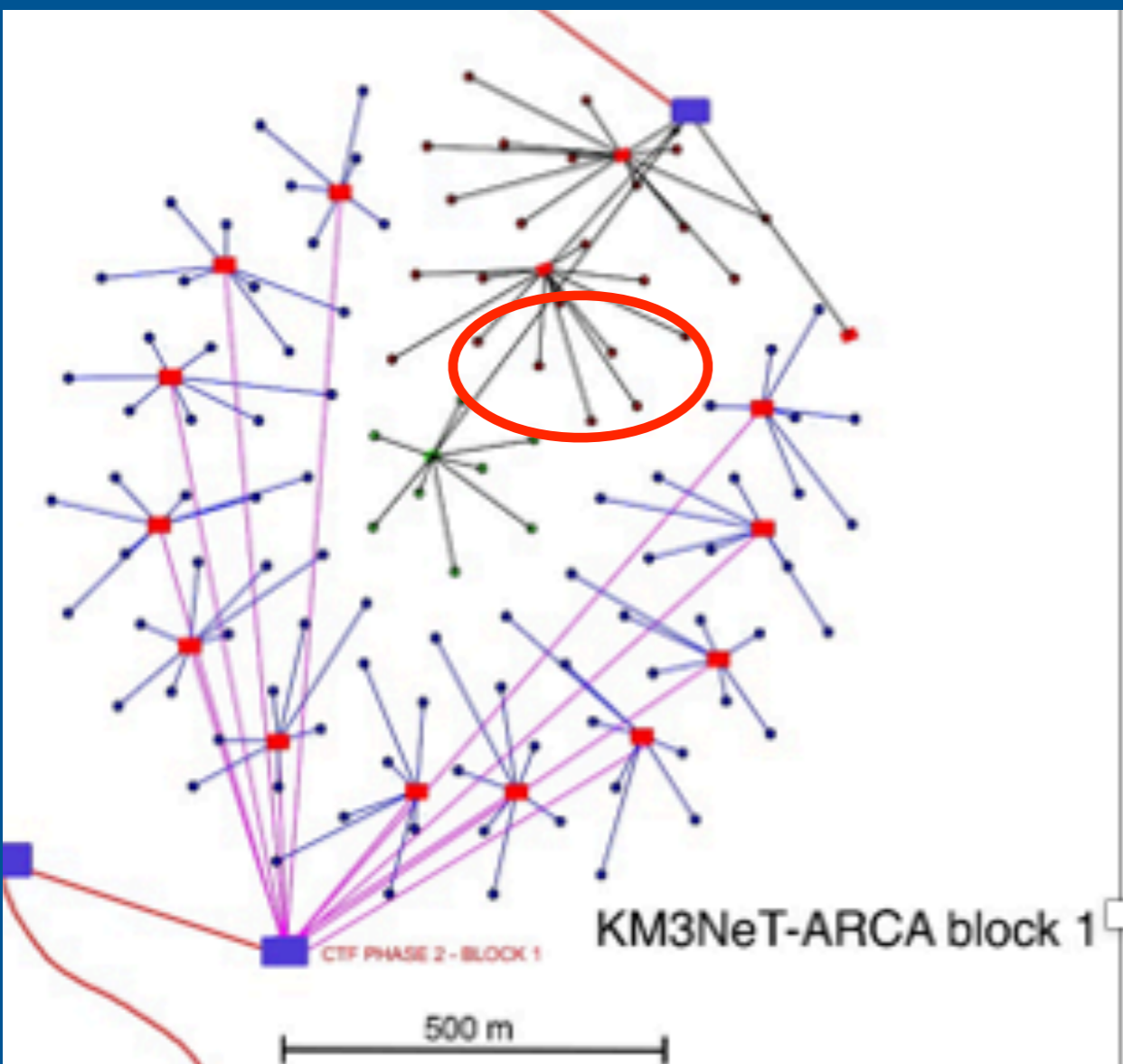
With this second main cable is possible to connect the full detector (2 blocks)

ARCA STATUS

30

8-15 April 2021 📍 Successful deployment of 5 DUs and 1 JB
6 DUs now in operation (1 DU deployed in Dec 2015 and still in operation)

5 DUs on deck before deployment



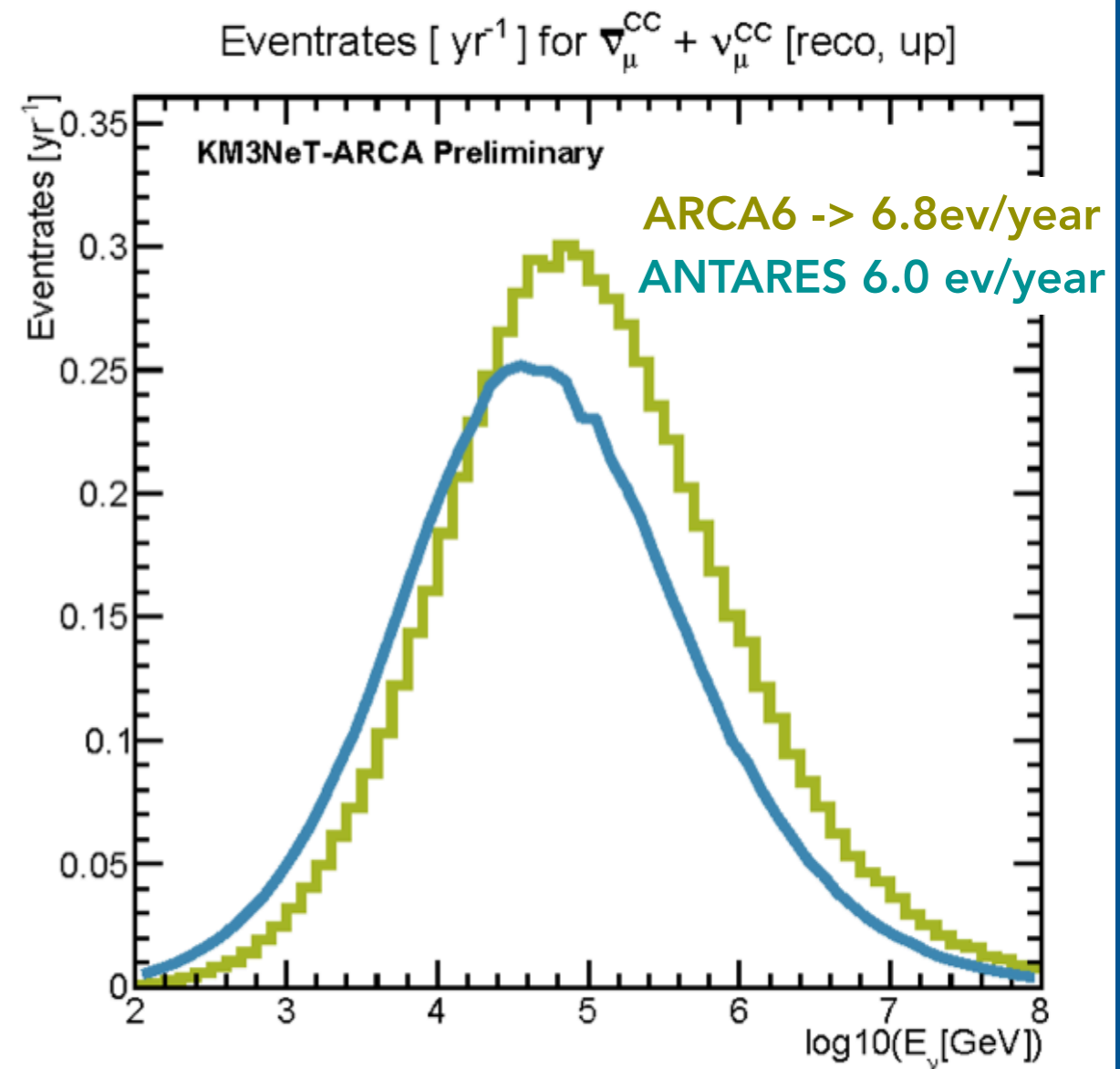
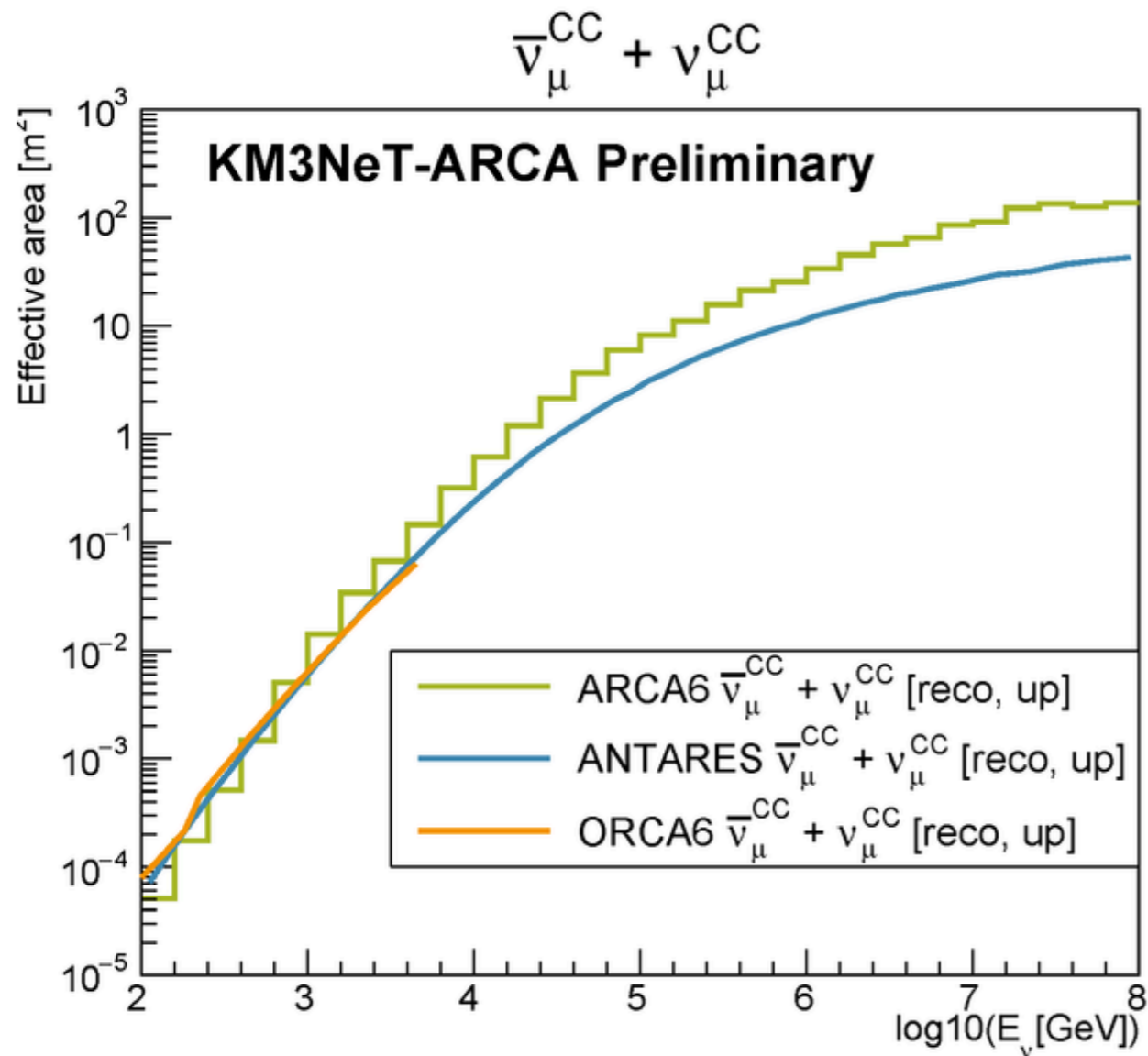
Commissioning phase over
Stable data taking from 13-May

THE EFFECTIVE AREAS

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Selection  up going tracks

Number of events per year for a cosmic diffuse flux $\Phi = 10^{-8} E^{-2} \text{GeV}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{sr}^{-1}$



Effective areas \geq of ANTARES

THE NEXT IMPORTANT SEA CAMPAIGNS

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September - October 2021

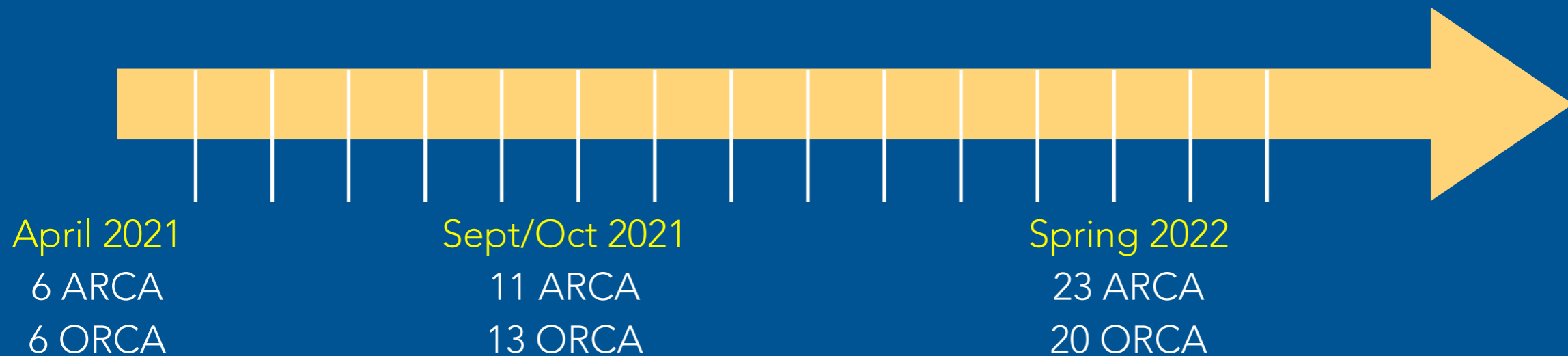
5 DUs at ARCA site

7 DUs + CU (Calibration Unit) at ORCA site

Spring 2022

12 DUs + 1JB +1 CB (Calibration Base) + 1 IU (Instrumentation Unit) at ARCA site

3-4 DUs at ORCA site



DETECTOR TIME CALIBRATION

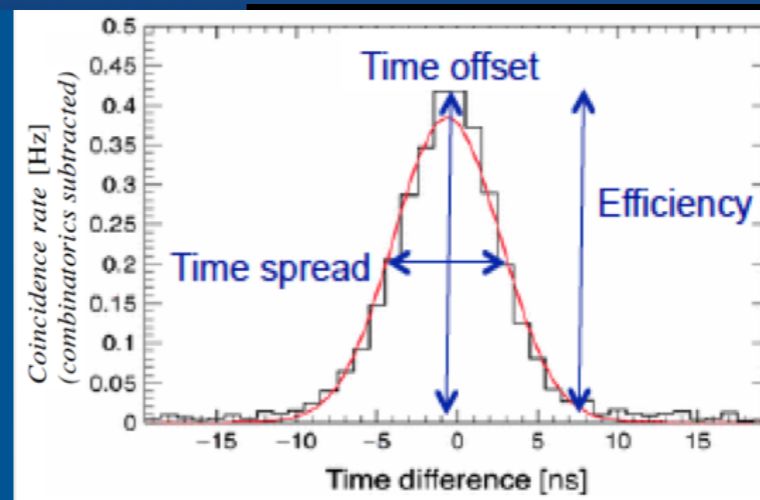
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IN SITU CALIBRATIONS

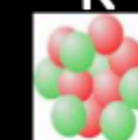
Time offsets:

- Intra DOM PMT time offset 🖱️ K40
- Inter DOM time offset 🖱️ LED beacon
- Inter Line time offset 🖱️ White Rabbit based + laser beacon

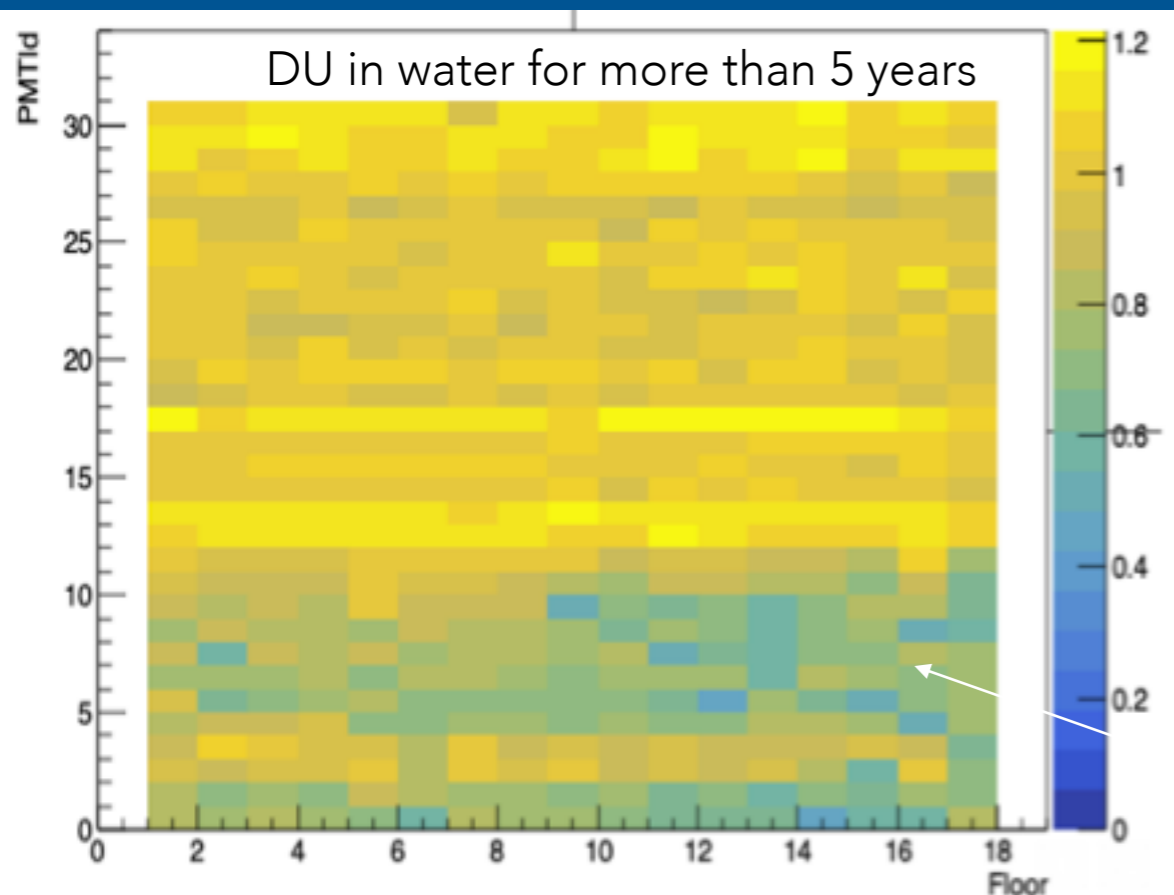
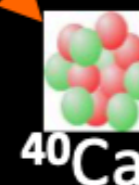
From K40 also PMT detection efficiency



^{40}K e^- (β decay)



Up to 150 Cherenkov photons per decay;



Atmospheric muons a good probe to test time calibrations

Sedimentation for up-looking PMTs

DETECTOR POSITIONING

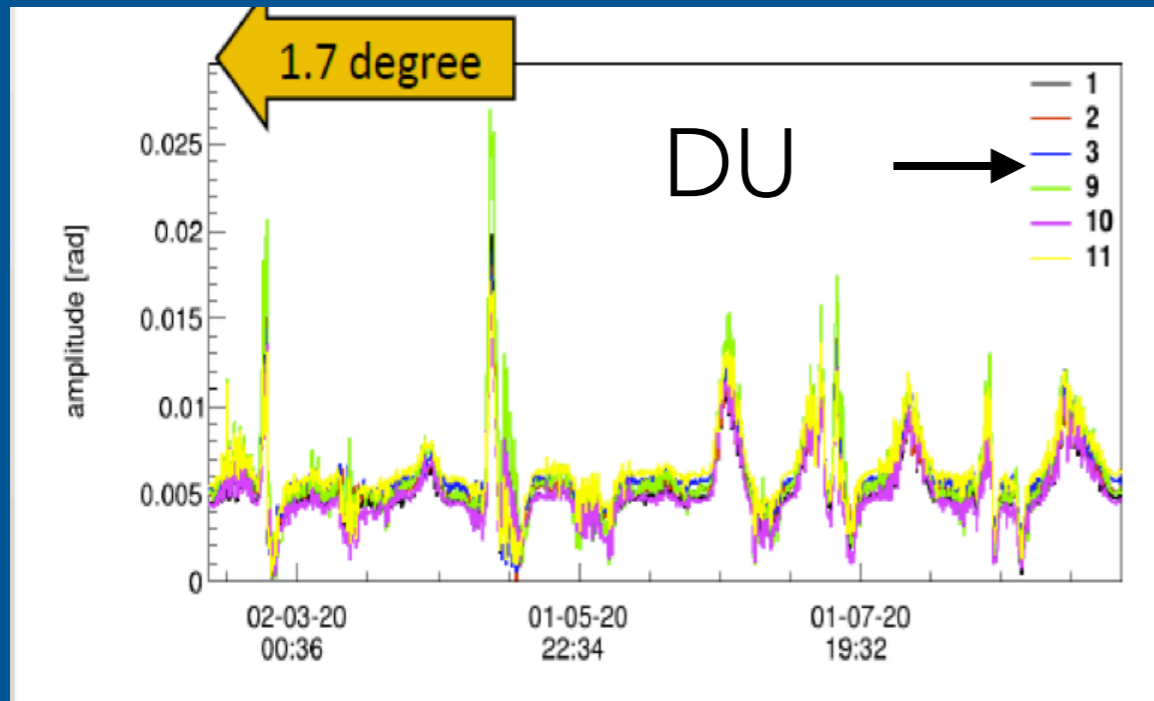
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BASED ON ACOUSTIC POSITIONING SYSTEM

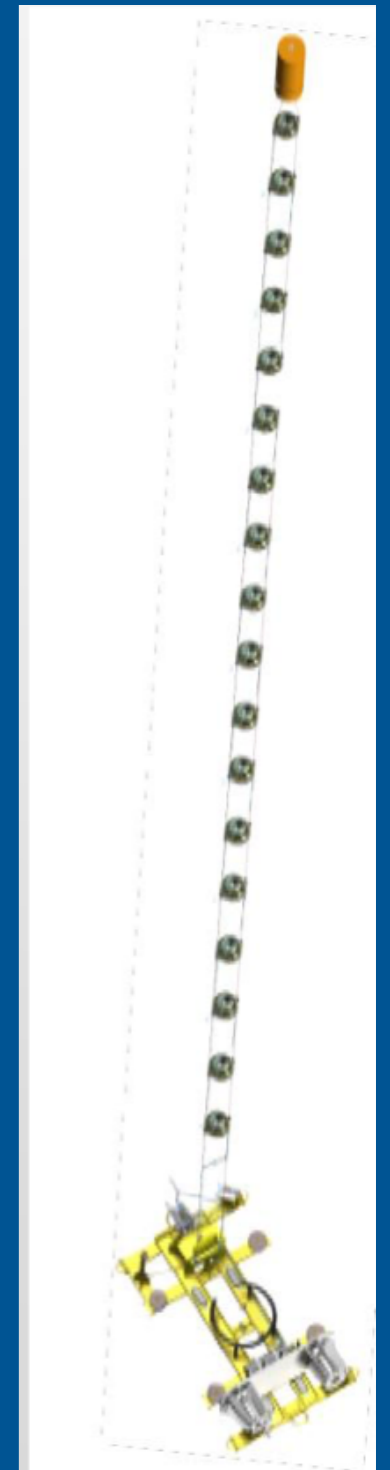
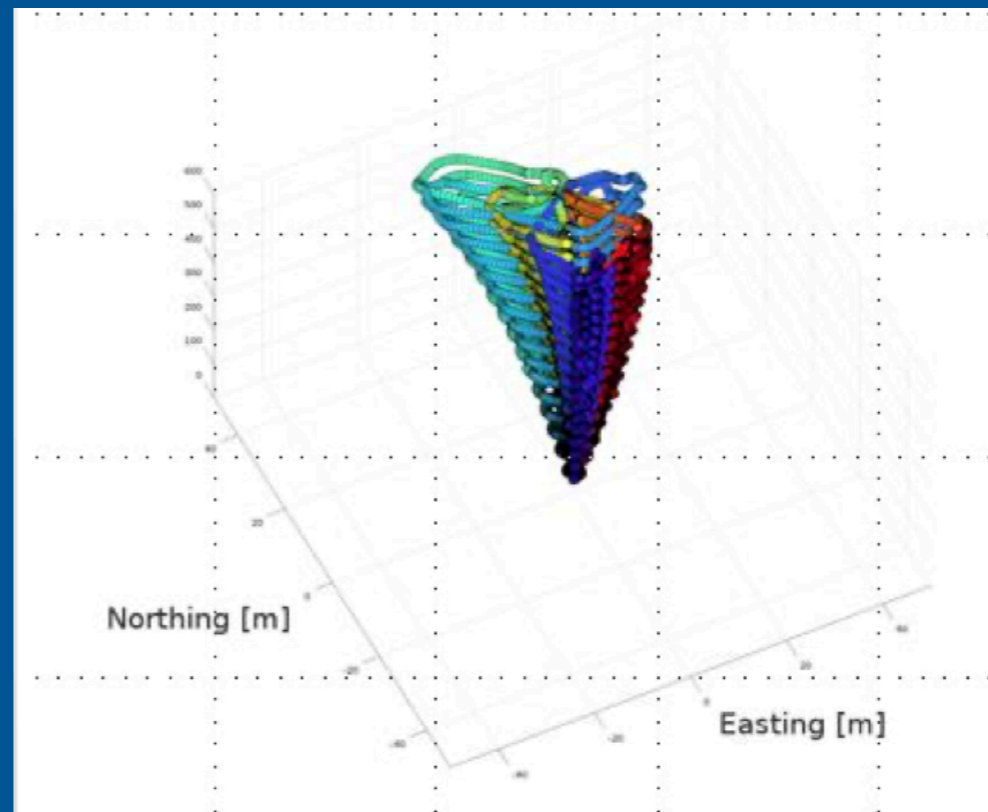
Deviation from vertical position due to sea currents

Global fit of acoustic signal arrival time

Coherent movement of ORCA 6 lines



August 2019 ARCA1

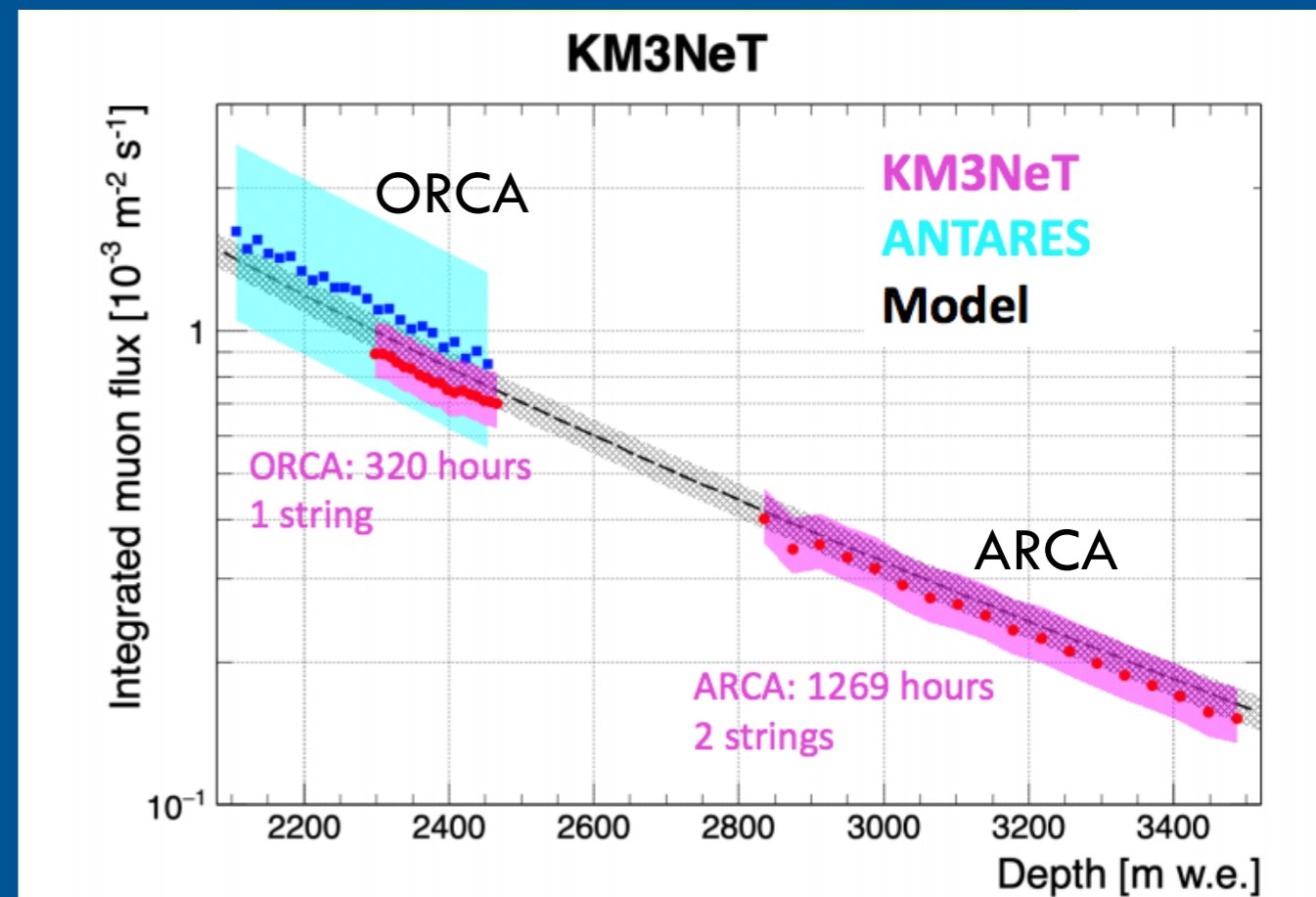
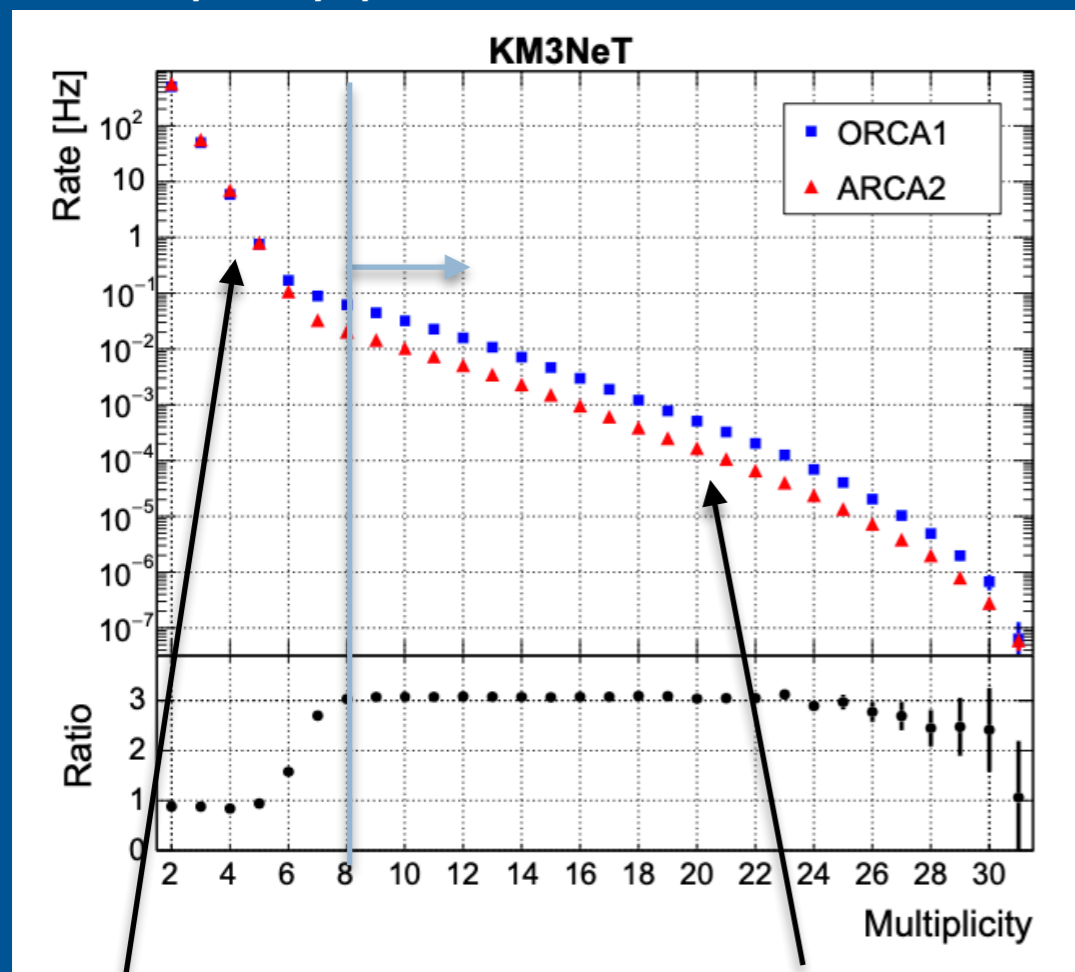


FIRST RESULTS

Measurement of the atmospheric muon flux as a function of the depth

DOM rate for $m \geq 8$ as a function of the depth of DOM \rightarrow Atmospheric muons flux depth dependence

multiplicity plot of PMTs in the DOM

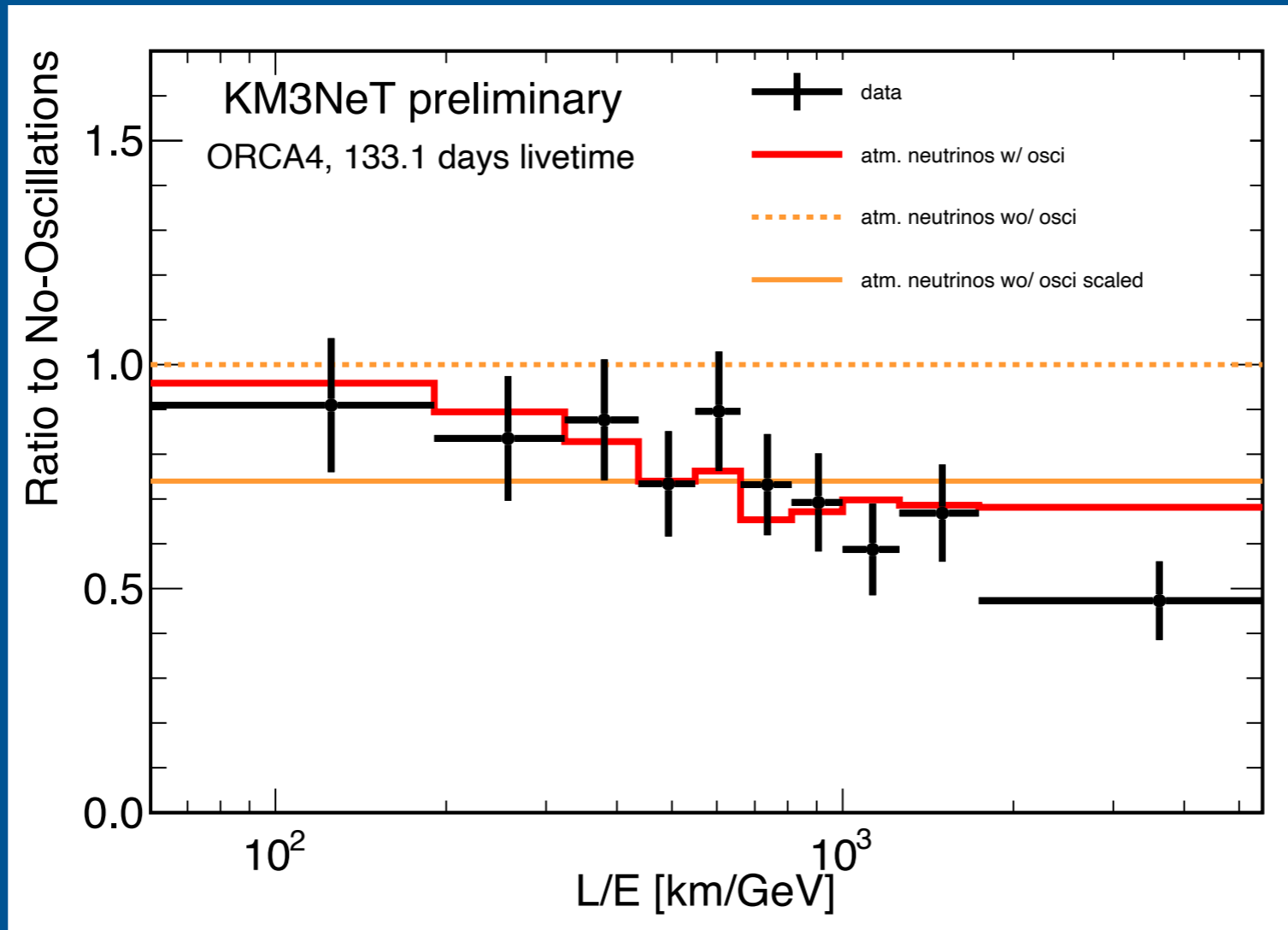


$m < 6$ \rightarrow 40K

$m > 8$ \rightarrow atmospheric muons

FIRST RESULTS

ORCA4



no-oscillation hypothesis
disfavoured at ~2.5 sigma

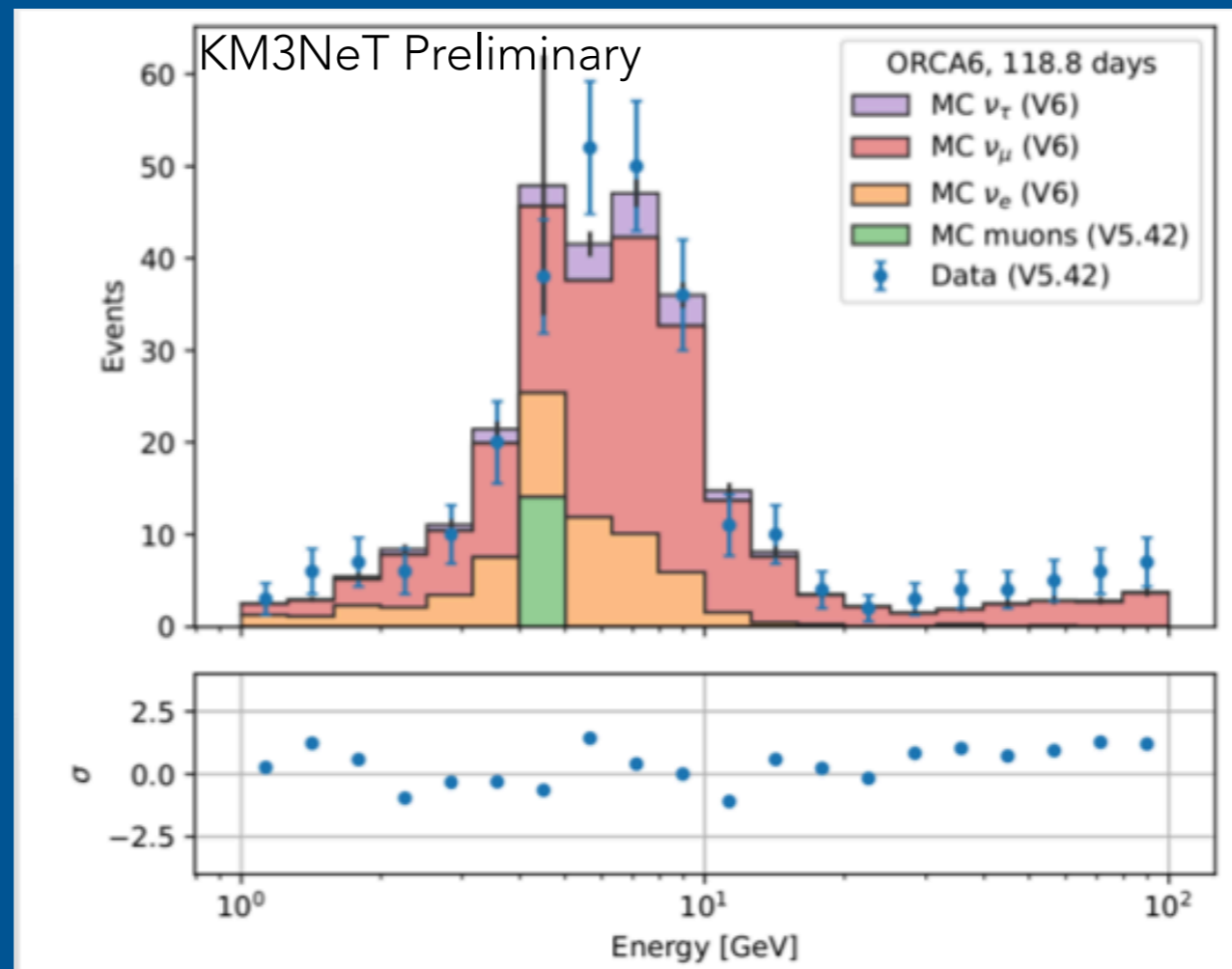
Very good agreement Data /MC

We see neutrino oscillation

FIRST RESULTS

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ORCA6 first neutrino sample



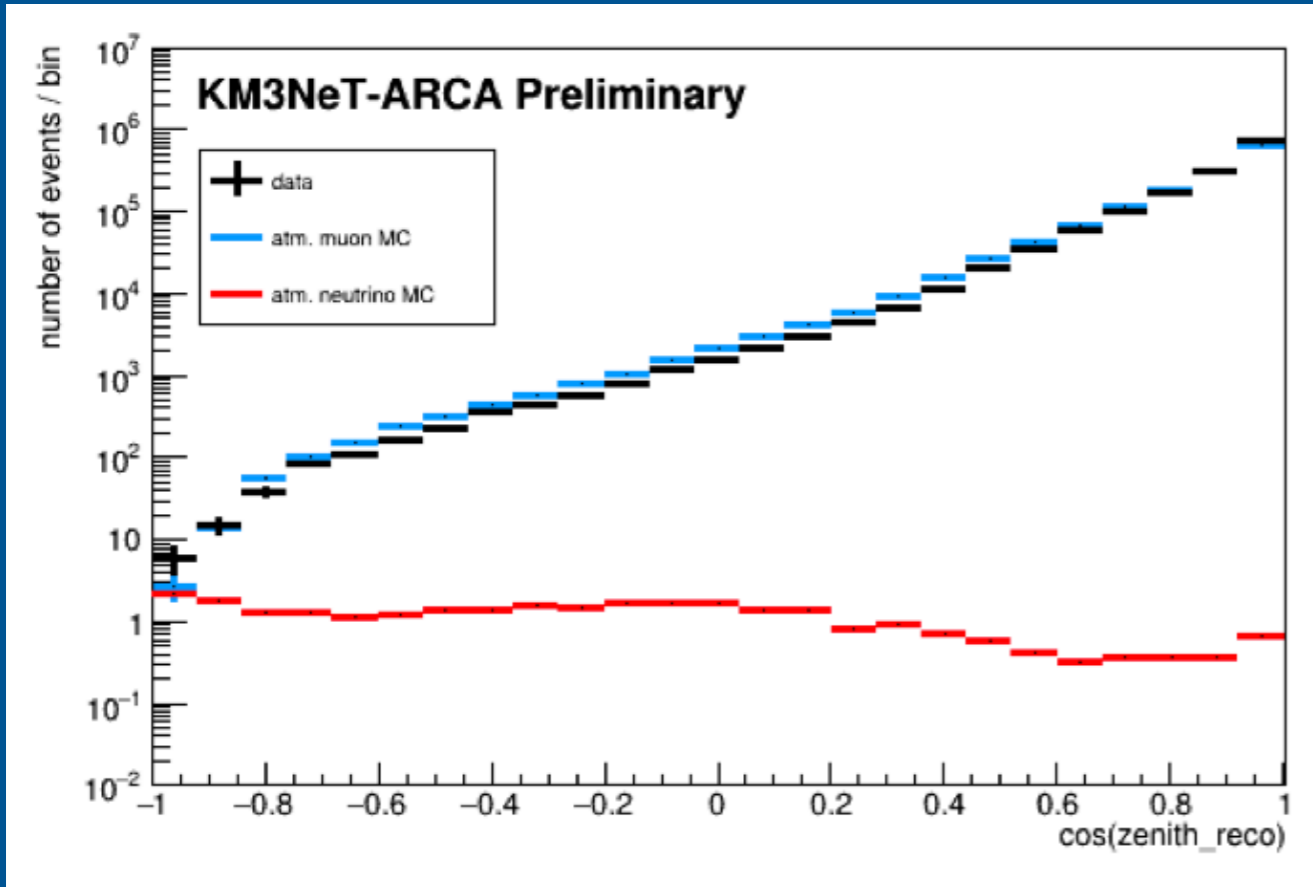
From first sample of selected neutrinos 3-4 neutrino per day
With the present livetime a factor 10 more neutrinos w.r.t. ORCA4

ARCA6: FIRST RESULTS

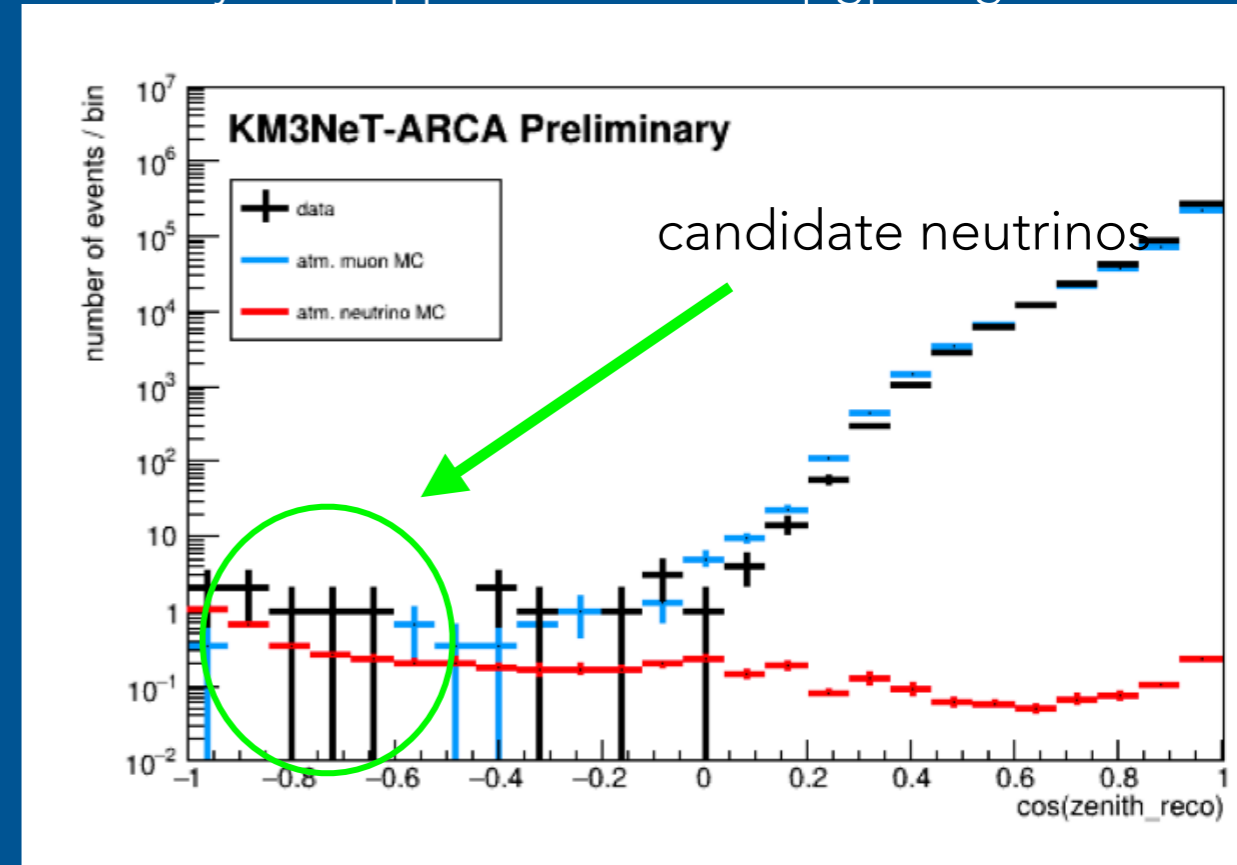
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Data: 19 days ARCA 6 string

No Quality cuts applied



Quality cuts applied to select upgoing-neutrinos



Coszen < - 0.8

Data : 5

(a)NumuCC: 2.0

Mupage : 0.7

Coszen < 0

Data : 15

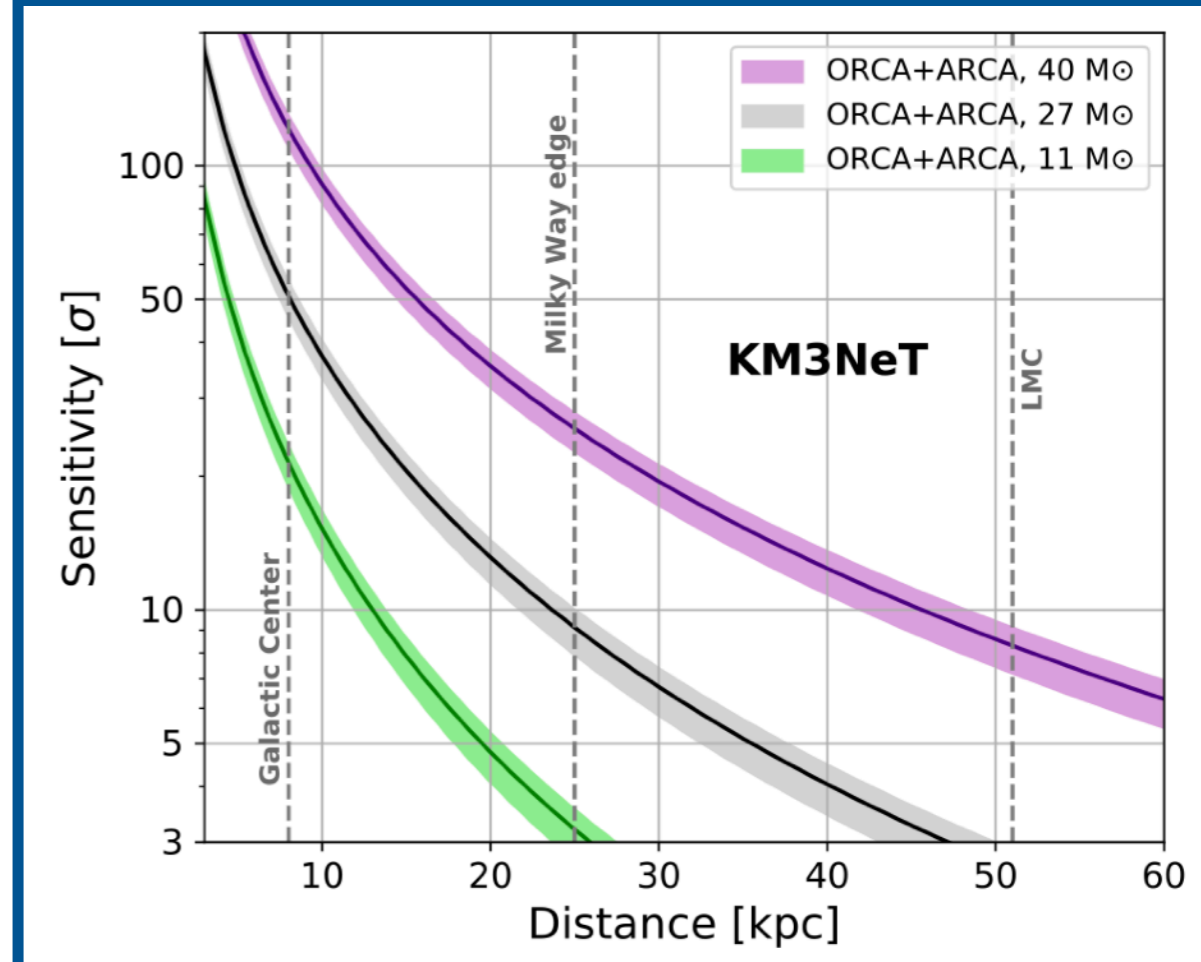
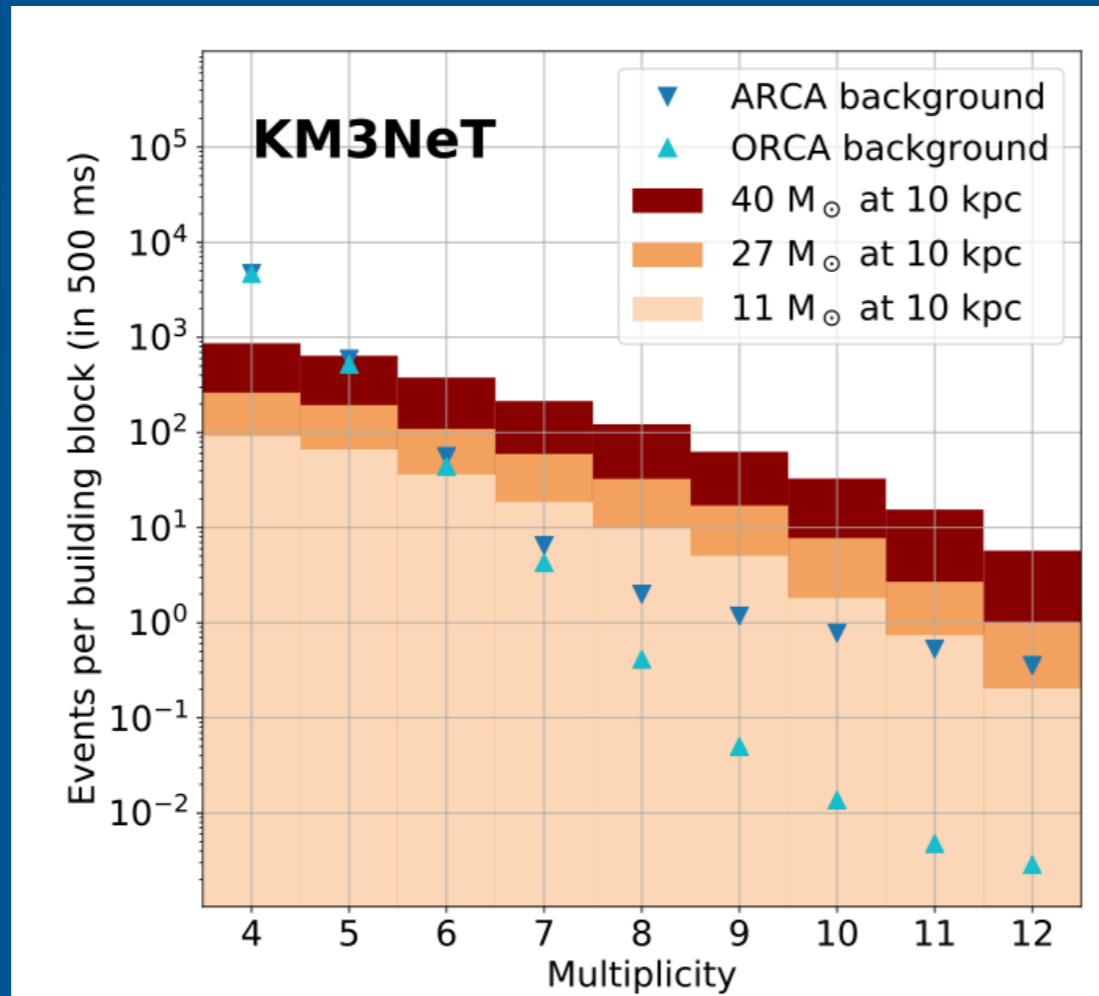
(a)NumuCC: 4.0

Mupage : 7.0

CORE COLLAPSE SUPERNOVAE

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Accepted on APJ C <https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.05977>



$>5\sigma$ for ARCA+ORCA for $27M_{\odot}$ at a distance $<25\text{kpc}$

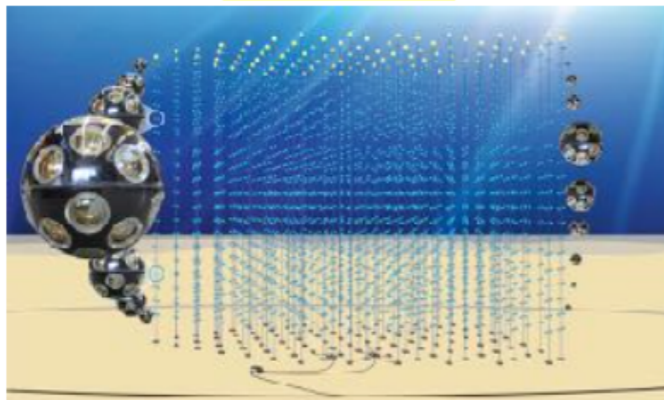
A trigger for CCSN already implemented
Integrated in SNEWS

KM3NET MULTI-MESSENGER PROGRAM

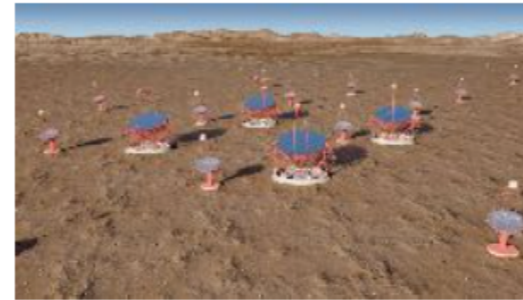
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- Follow-up of neutrino alerts
- Joint sub-threshold analysis

KM3NeT



CTA



TAROT

LSST



HAWC



SVOM



SKA



LIGO/VIRGO



ELT



- Follow-up of EM/GW alerts
- Offline time/space correlation search with catalogues (GRB, AGN, XRB, SN, FRB...)

SUMMARY

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- First 6 ORCA DU operating from more than 1 year
- First ARCA DU operating from more than 5 years + 5 DUs from 2 month
- Good data/MC agreement 🙌 good detector knowledge



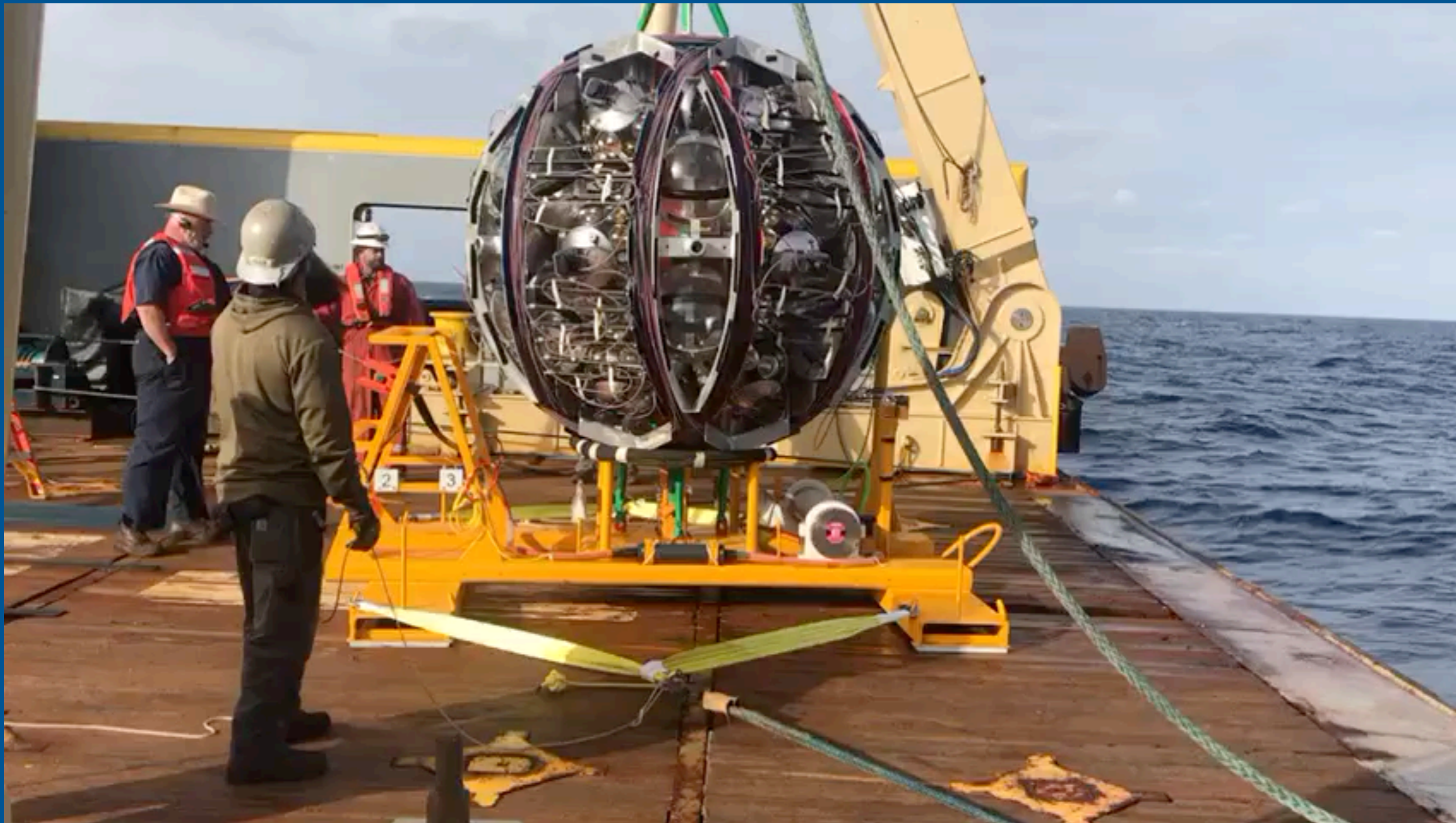
Well established technology

Big efforts to maintain the time schedule in COVID era

MOVIE: DU DEPLOYMENT

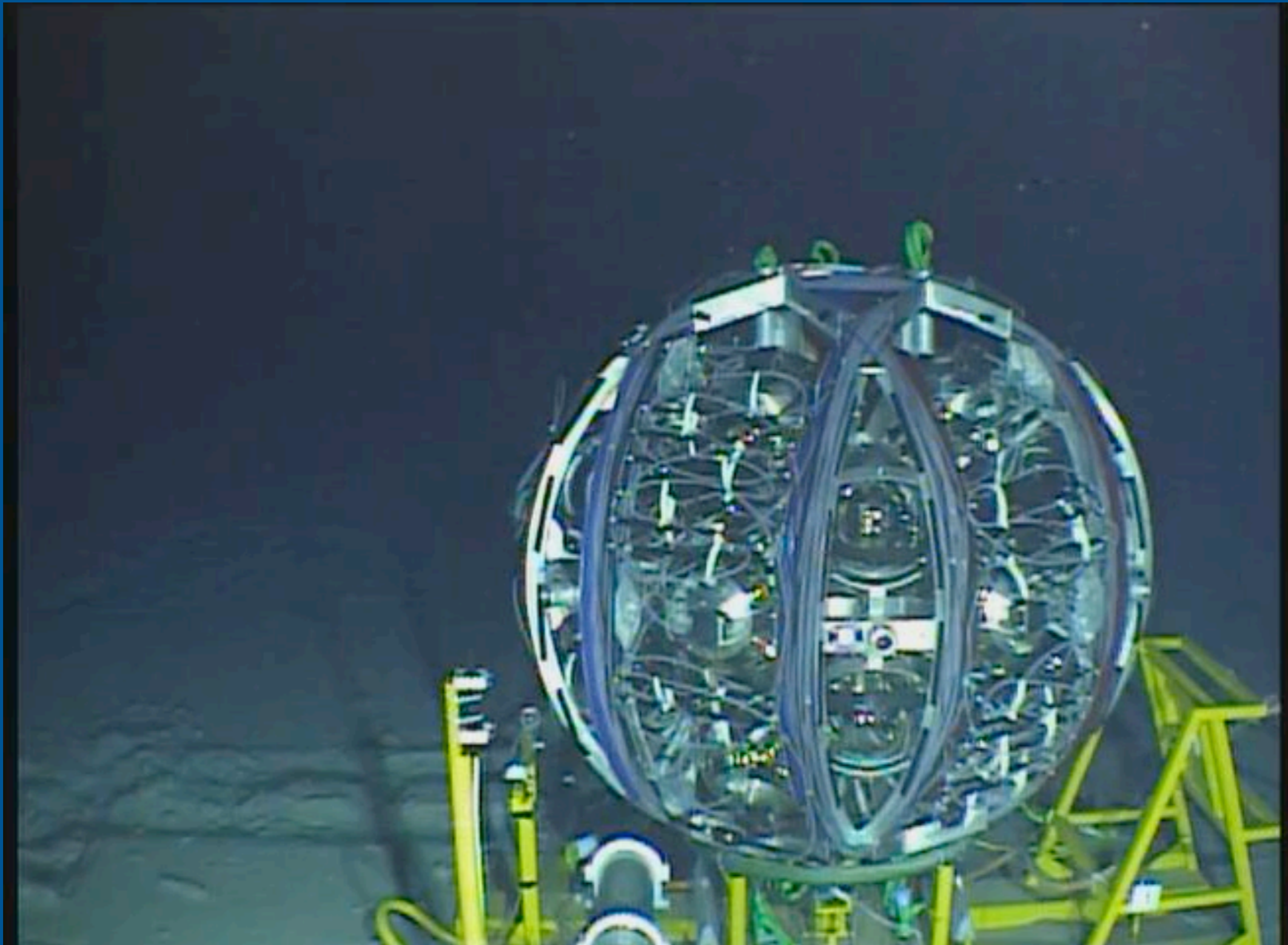
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Deployment DU



MOVIE: THE UNROLLING

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MOVIE: LOM AT SEA SURFACE

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