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## AGATA@GANIL(E708): Evidence of partial seniority conservation in the proton g9/2 shell for the N=50 isotones

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In order to shed light on the open question of the seniority conservation in the proton g9/2 orbital in the N=50 isotones [1,2], reduced transition probabilities in 90Zr, 92Mo and 94Ru nuclei, have been determined experimentally for the first time via lifetime measurements at the GANIL laboratory. The unconventional use of multi-nucleon transfer reaction [3] with a differential plunger device [4] allowed to measure lifetimes of the yrast low-spin states despite the presence of isomers in the proton-rich isotones. The required sensitivity to the lifetimes could only be achieved due to the excellent performance of the AGATA+VAMOS++ detection system [5,6].

The B(E2;4+->2+) and B(E2;2+->0+) yrast transitions in 92Mo and 94Ru and for the B(E2;4+->2+) and B(E2;6+->4+) yrast transitions in 90Zr determined in this experiment will be shown. In this contribution these results will be interpreted on the basis of realistic shell-model calculations [7] in the f5/2, p3/2, p1/2, g9/2 valence space, where it emerges that seniority is conserved in the first  $\otimes g9/2$  orbital.

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- [7] L. Coraggio et al., Phys. Rev. C 100 (2019) 014316 and references therein.

**Primary authors:** PEREZ-VIDAL, R. (INFN Legnaro); GADEA RAGA, Andres F. (Instituto de Física Corpuscular, CSIC-Universitat de València, Spain); DOMINGO-PARDO, Cesar (Instituto de Física Corpuscular, CSIC-Universitat de València, Spain)

**Presenter:** PEREZ-VIDAL, R. (INFN Legnaro)

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