ET WG1 STATUS AND FUTURE

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Budapest, November 24, 2010 - jo@nikhef.nl

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Progress overview of WG1

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 - Construction techniques
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Future

SITE STUDIES

Seismic studies

- Typically 1 2 weeks of data
- Worldwide effort
 - Europe
 - LCGT, Japan
 - Homestake, USA

Mark Beker, David Rabeling Nikhef LCGT, Homestake, INFN, Hungary



SITE STUDIES

Seismic studies

- Typically 1 2 weeks of data
- Worldwide effort
 - Europe
 - LCGT, Japan
 - Homestake, USA

Conclusions

- Significant reduction in PSD compared to Virgo site
- Complies with ET seismic requirements
- All are underground sites
 - Several 100 m
- No GGN subtraction techniques applied yet

Mark Beker, David Rabeling Nikhef with INFN, Hungary



GEOPHYSICAL ISSUES



AVAILABLE INFRASTRUCTURE

BEE 8

Homestake - USA

Safety issues: training, guides (by appointment)

CAPACITY

EXIT

LD2

12,000 VOLTS

Elevators: access (operators)

Schematic view of Kamioka Research Facility (Kuroda)



AVAILABLE INFRASTRUCTURE

- Site studies
 - Europe
 - Frejus
 - Gran Sasso
 - Canfranc
 - Hungary
 - Sardinia
- Access
 - Horizontal
 - Traffic tunnels: escort needed
 - Train tunnels
 - Vertical: Homestake
- Nearby universities or institutes
 - Commute: airport, train, highway
 - Library, lecture halls, hotels
 - Local labor force, ...



GGN ANALYTICAL STUDIES

- Analytical studies
 - Giancarlo Cella
 - Jan Harms
- Conclusions
 - Reduction is a challenge at low frequency
 - Low seismic velocity is beneficial
 - Studies for homogeneous medium
 - Subtraction schemes

Improving the sensitivity of future GW observatories in the 1-10Hz band: Newtonian and seismic noise

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the date of receipt and acceptance should be inserted later

Keywords Gravitational waves, Noises

\$Revision: 1.13 \$ \$Date: 2010/01/09 22:53:01 \$

Accepted by GRG May 7, 2010

Surface



GGN STUDIES WITH FEA

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INFRASTRUCTURE: UNDERGROUND

Martin Doets, David Rabeling Stefan Hild, Andreas Freise

About 200 m vertical shafts (18 m diameter)

Tunnels: Din = 5.5 mLength arms: $10 \text{ km} + 2 \times 700 \text{ m}$ Vessels: D = 0.9 m and D = 0.75 m

Large hall: D = 65 m, H = 30 mSmall halls: D = 30 m, H = 30 mLarge surface building, lift Shaft: D = 18 mIntermediate shaft: D = 10 m

INFRASTRUCTURE: UNDERGROUND

- Optimization studies
 - Hall infrastructure
 - Tower positions
 - Vacuum system
 - Valves



How to construct ET facility?







COB – Construction cost for a single 6m tube

MEuro for 5 km tunnel

Site	€ 6,174.14
Drill installation	€ 7,933.00
Soil removal	€ 2,149.03
Separation installation	€ 1,033.48
Lining	€ 22,037.46
Grout injection	€ 1,076.04
Transfer lines and cabling	€ 1,823.79
Bentonite	€ 945.33
Energy	€ 2,124.72
Service, repair, replacements	€ 2,149.03
Labor	€ 13,480.85
Total	€ 60,926.86
Profit and risk add-on	20%
Cost raw structure	€ 73,112.23





Grout injection Transfer lines and cabling Bentonite

Energy

Site

Lining

Soil removal

Service, repair, replacements

Vertical drilling: additional cost factor (×2)



Drill & Blast



Hydropower station

100

LHC project: CMS cavern



LHC project: CMS cavern



LHC project: CMS cavern



LHC project: Atlas cavern



LHC project: Atlas cavern



LHC Point 1 - UX 15 Cavern - Installation of HO steel stucture - 16-07-2003 - CERN ST/CE

LHC project: CMS shaft



LHC project: CMS shaft



LHC project: CMS shaft



ILC cost

- Tunnels
 - 72 km length
 - Diameter: 4.5 m
 - Volume: 1 145 076 m3
 - Depth 100 m
 - Geology: dry rock
- Caverns
 - Volume: 111,436 m3
- Standard TBMs
 - 9 TBMs
 - 1 year shaft construction (Φ : 4 × 9 m, 4 × 14 m, 4 × 1.5 m)
 - 3 months setup
 - 25 m/day boring speed (Note: 30,000/25 = 1200 days)



Cost: 1209 Euro/m3

SURFACE BUILDINGS



Safety systems

- Fire safety
 - Egress to surface (at shafts)
 - Emergency egress points
 - Smoke detectors, manual alarms (buttons), alarm bell
 - Smoke exhaust fan
 - Emergency lighting, exit signs, direction signs
 - Portable chemical powder fire extinguishers
 - Large size fire extinguishing equipment
 - No sprinklers, hydrants and water curtains to avoid water damage
- Safety for Helium and LN2
 - From nearby campus? Include in cost estimate?
 - Offices, meeting and seminar rooms
 - Guest houses, restaurants
 - Administrative facilities
 - Computing facilities

Future

Dedicated studies of candidate sites

- Site studies
 - Collect long term seismic data
 - Active involvement of teams of local scientists
 - Local geology studies, GGN
- Consolidation of knowledge
 - Advanced detectors, LCGT, GEO-HF
 - LCGT: tunneling, cryogenics, vacuum, safety, commissioning
 - Infrastructure costing: large cost drivers (LHC, Dusel, ILC)
- Coordination of site studies and assessment
 - Site assessment process: define required studies
 - Set-up database: consolidate geo-physical and technical information
 - Ranking scheme
 - Separate technical validation from political selection criteria
 - Regular workshops

