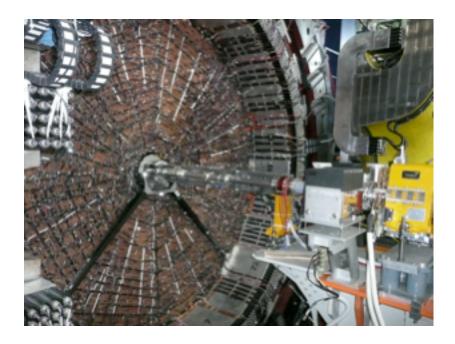
Status of the KLOE-2 experiment





S.Miscetti LNF/INFN for the KLOE-2 collaboration

LNF Scientific Committee, Frascati 24/6/2010

A very short summary of the KLOE-2 Roll-in



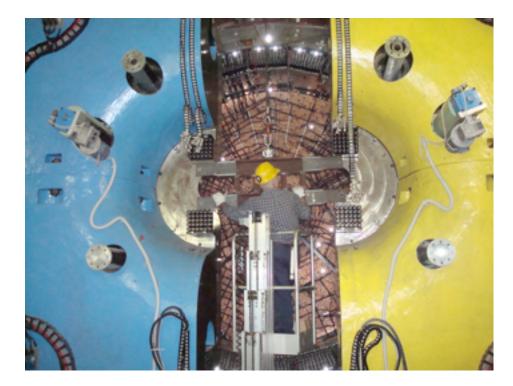
- Operation started 9/1/2010,
- Completed 29/1/2010. (web movie: <u>http://www.lnf.infn.it/public</u>, under Novita'Lnf)
- Connection to services: water, power, gas and cryogenic plant completed 26/2/2010
- Safety and Alarm system: crate temperatures and gas leaks tested on March. Approved this month.
- Cryostat cooling started 19/4
 Completed the 12th of may.



Modification to the EndCap Iron Yoke



Due to the "V"-shape of the new beam ---> needed a cut on the EndCap HalfMoon closing iron ("lunette"). Done in Dec 2009/Jan2010. See next slides of IR1 insertion..

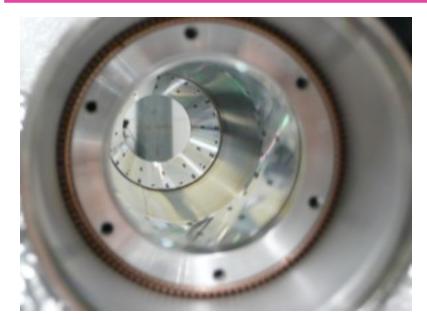




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IR1 realization & assembly + transportation





- Great job on IR1 done from SIM group of DAFNE.
- Inner Be (30 μm) screens mounted
- IR1 fully assembled + transported to DAFNE beginning of may.





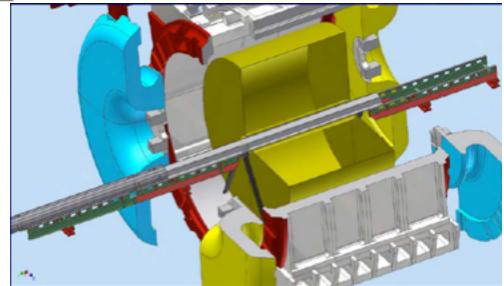
Lead Screens on IR1 + getting on rails







-Lead Screens prepared
@ LNF mechanical shop.
- Installed over iR1 the 28/5
- IR1 over rails the 31/5

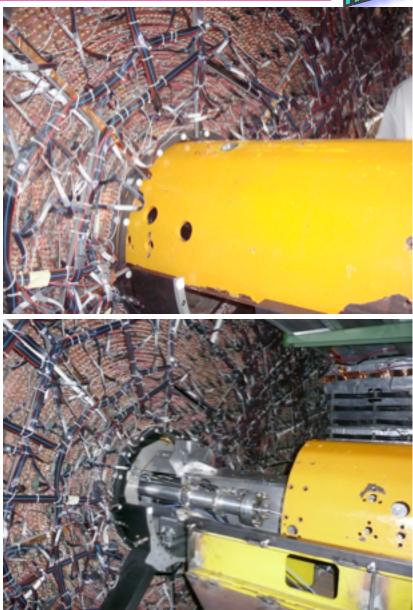


IR1 insertion on KLOE .. The risky business



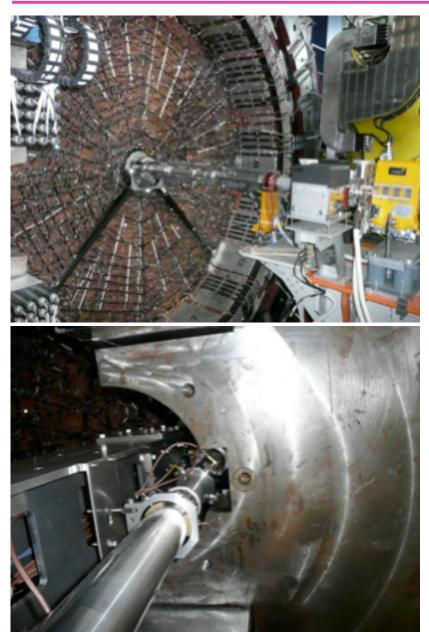


- IR1 insertion in KLOE the $1/6\,$
- Extraction of transportation shell on the 3/6
- Insertion of LET calorimeter on the 4/6

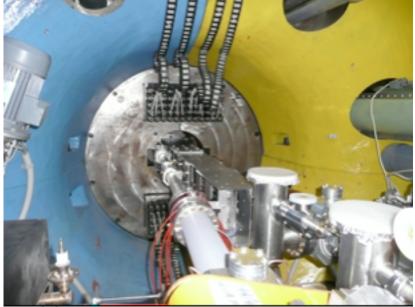


EndCap closing with IR1 (Thursday 17/6)









24/6/2010

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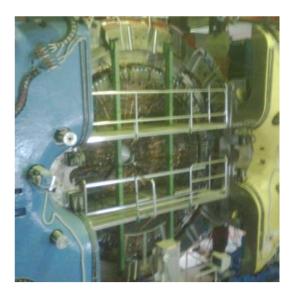
Status of EMC

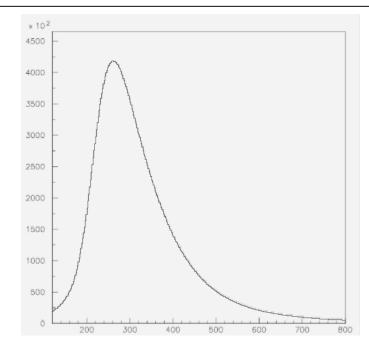


Check/mantainance of PMs, base divider, HV supply, TDC , ADC

- PM OK
- Base dividers: 5 replaced
- HV board: 9% of channels/year to be replaced as in old gone times.
 0(100) channels replaced so far.
- TDC/ADC : replaced 2, repaired O(10)

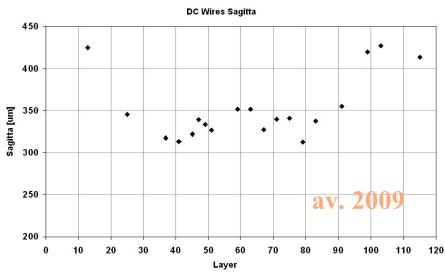
Remaining Dead channels < 3 (over 4880)

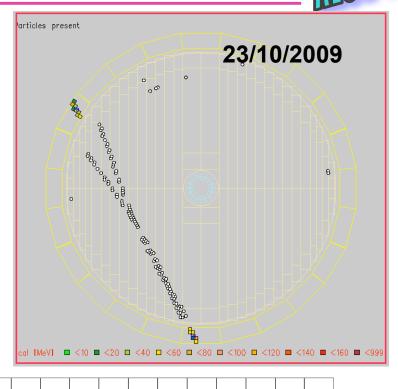


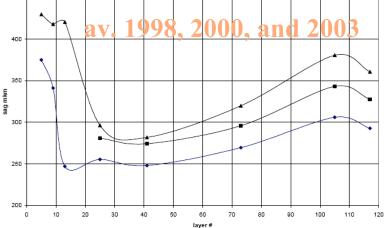


Status of DCH

- preamps: replaced 60
- ADS: fixed O(10)
- HV board replaced 5
- TDC/ADC: replaced 2
- HV ON with final gas mixture since end of may.
- IsoButane flow removed to allow beam-pipe insertion & soldering of compensator supports.
- Now back to normal.
- Wire tensioning have been measured.
- Slight deterioration of sagitta Values inserted in simulation and reconstruction.







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DAQ & computing



- L2: all new CPU's working, 2 spare boards
- Bandwith of DAQ limited by VMEto 20 MB/s/chain (overall throughput 200 MB/s)
- Calorimeter Trigger OK. Few more works needed on DC trigger
- All DAQ chains working: 10 for detectors + slow control + trigger
- New slow-control stable functionality
- Automatic running under test: " A great help for a long data taking"

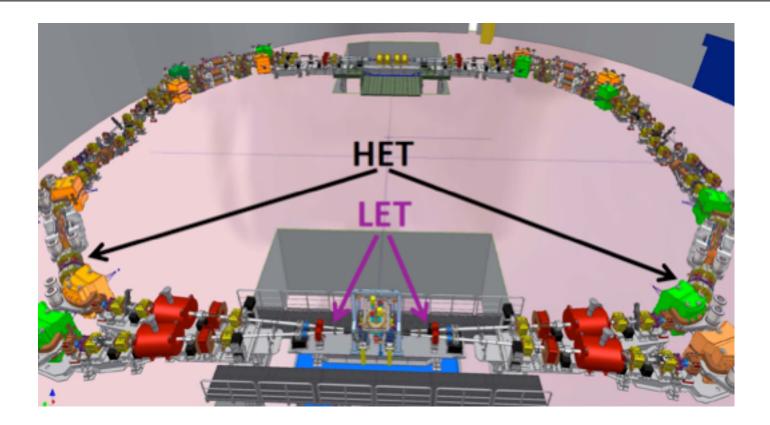
ONLINE SHIFT training started. Collaboration with AMADEUS group alive --> they are helping our experts & starting training.

- DATA Storage on tape: 1.4 PB available for the data taking: new drives
 + copy of old data in new more performing 500 tapes .
- Temporary storage on disk: 1.3 TB online, 28 TB datarec
- □ New DaTAREC submission program under test
- □ Migration of DB from HEPDB to DB2 completed

Status of the $\gamma\gamma$ -tagger



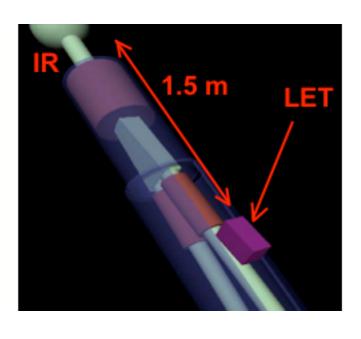
- LET (Low Energy Taggers) are LYSO calorimeters placed inside KLOE
- HET (High Energy Taggers) are scintillator hodoscopes placed 11m on the beam line



LET calorimeter status



130-230 MeV/c electrons are tagged in this position



The detector is composed by a LYSO crystal matrix with 3x3 mm^2 SiPM readout

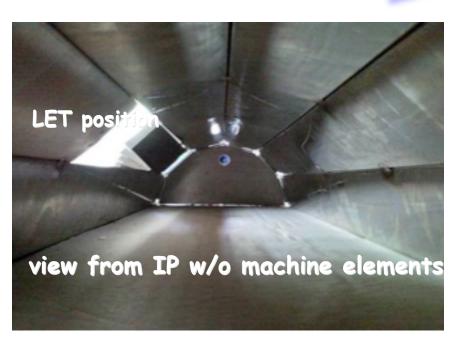


All crystals obtained by SICCAS (Shangai), QA done @Rome1 3x3 mm² SIPM from Hamamatsu, FEE from SELF (LNF)

LET positioning on the "QCALT" screens







□ LET insertion tried in its own "slit" before mounting lead screens on IR1

Positioning at the rigth 11 degrees angle to minimize leakage from Low Energy electrons

□ The assembled LET detectors has been tested with final electronics on a bench checking with CR (at a scope) that all SIPM and Crystals were working.

Adoptep solution is SIPM + long cable + FEE in the pit.

LET insertion on KLOE





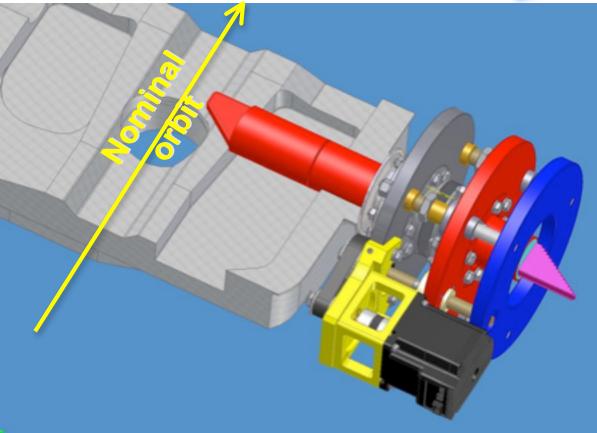


- \checkmark LET inserted the fourth of june.
- \checkmark Cables from SIPM to FEE (located in the pit) routed (3.5 m distance)
- ✓ FEE amplifier boards ready. Cables from FEE to SDS under preparation (routing external to KLOE)
- ✓ GIB board for HV driver and LED calibration driver ready. It will be positioned in a "temporary" crate in KLOE pit in the coming weeks.
- \checkmark Calibration scheme in progress

HET: A position sensitive detector



Tracking of e+e- of high momentum in machine lattice in good agreement with MAD

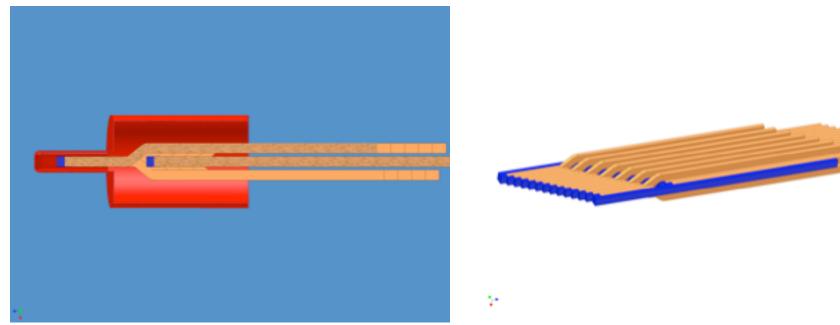


Scattered e+/e- position reconstructed with 1 mm precision by means of a scintillator hodoscope inserted in the DAFNE beam-pipe with a dedicated motorized Roman Pot

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HET: CAD of the Scintillator Hodoscope





□ The hodoscope is composed by two rows of 15 3×5×6 mm³ scintillator + 2 3×5×120 mm³ long scintillators for coincidence

□ Fast signal by EJ-228 fast scintillator + PM R9880-110

 \Box 300 ps time resolution measured at BTF. OK for the needed bunch separation (Trf = 2.7 ns).

new Tbeam at BTF in one week to check effect of material (with a spare "nose") on the electron reconstruction

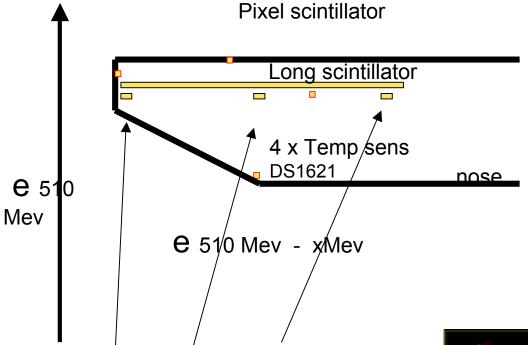
HET: Status of Roman Pot & plans





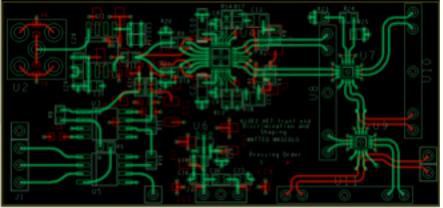
- Roman Pots inserted in DAFNE since half of may.
- ✓ Nose positioning system ready but still to be connected. Safe position at 5 cm from the beam. Minimum distance needed for single mesons (3.5 cm).
- ✓ Positioning of crates for electronics of standalone readout "agreed" with DAFNE
- ✓ First runs simple detector and standalone readout. Then real hodoscope will be inserted + readout integrated in KLOE-2 event reconstruction.
- ✓ Possibility to use SUM(Q) as dafne beam dump under discussion





Insert simple scintillators
and Tsensor to measure
1) Temperature inside nose
2) detector rate with
standalone DAQ.

In parallel prepare final Discriminator. Delay and DAQ boards

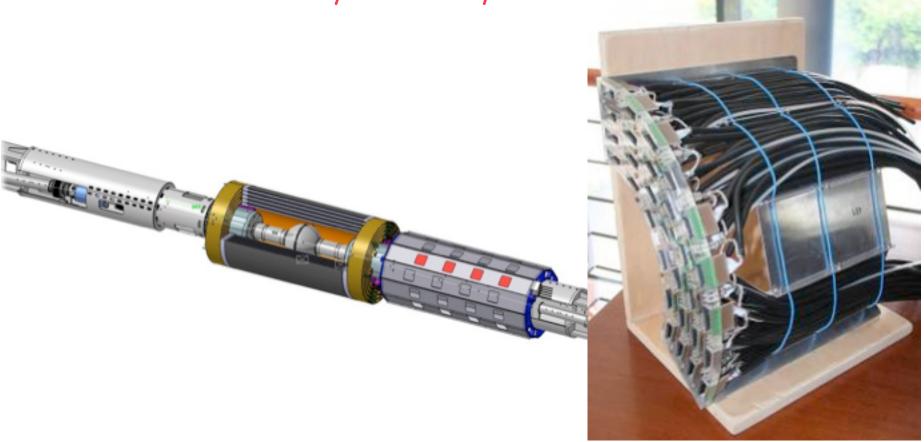


UPGRADES: status of integration over IR1



- The complications in inserting the IR1 in KLOE suggests to start a serious integration effort with DA of all the new detectors for the upgrade.
- Cabling /services problems and interference btw upgrades also to be considered
- A "renewed" insertion system of IR1 probably needed
- First implication limits the KLOE-2 detector diameter to 440 mm diameter:

IT moved from 5 layers --> 4 layers



IT: VTX resolution 4 vs 5 layers



✓ Studies performed using a VERY CLEAN sample:

Ks -> $\pi + \pi -$, Kl -> $\pi 0 \pi 0 \pi 0$

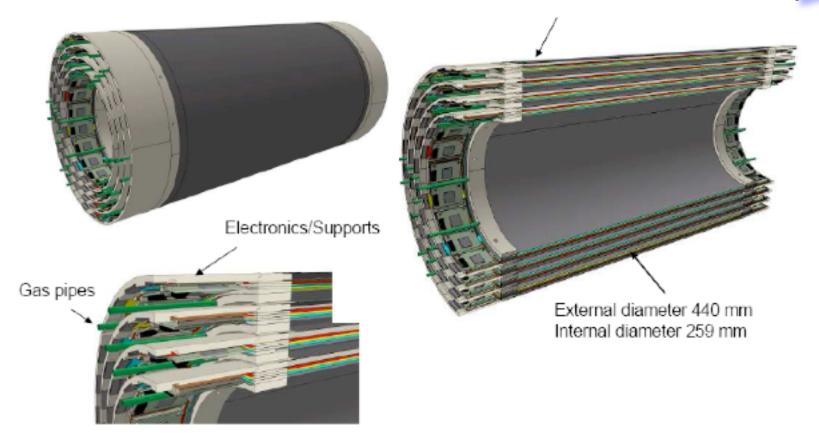
- ✓ Assumes external tracking on DC plus adding IT hits along helix
- ✓ No significant drop in efficiency
- ✓ Acceptable loss on VTX resolution

# layers	dx@vtx (mm)	dz@vtx (mm)	dx@pca (mm)	dz@pca (mm)
5	1.6	1.1	0.5	0.85
4	1.7	1.18	0.5	0.85
NO IT	4.2	3.1	1.6	2.2

 \checkmark

IT: Layout of Detector arXiv:1002.2572

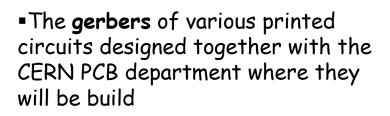




-Fiber glass rings used to mechanically couple the cilindrical electrods of each layer (3 GEMs + 1 cathode + 1 readout anode)

- The anode is embedded in a thin (0.1 mm) skin of Carbon Fiber
- Cilindrical extensions in Fiber Glass allows to support GAS, HV and FEE.

IT : status of GEM, readout & planar protos



 6 first prototypes of "large area " GEM arrived in april (single mask technique, 300x700 mm²)

- Two large area planar prototypes built. One with a XV readout as in final detector.(650 mum pitch)
- The large proto of planar GEM will be equipped with final FEE (Gastone 64) + readout with final DAQ system to be tested at the T9 area (PS @CERN) in October. CR week-test planned



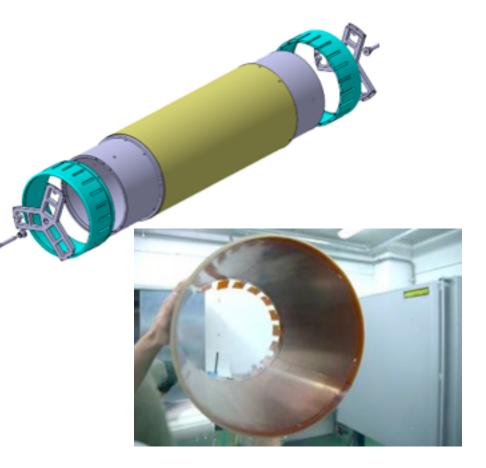


QA of GEMS: (1) Optical inspection (Microscope with X-Y positioning system connected to a camcorder with image software) (2) HV control box (plexiglass box filled with N2)

Cilindrical Moulds (Alluminum covered by a Teflon foil) are the basic tool for the construction allowing to build the cilindrical electrons starting from Kapton fo (GEM, cathodes and anodes)

□ 5 moulds/layer (3 GEM, 1 cathod, 1 anode)

Purchase order done --> arrival on july



IT: Vertical Insertion System (CLESSIDRA)



• The Vertical Insertion System (VIS), allow to assembly each IT layer by inserting the cilindrical layers one inside the others with high precision while keeping the GEM tensioning w.r.t to the CF embedded anod.

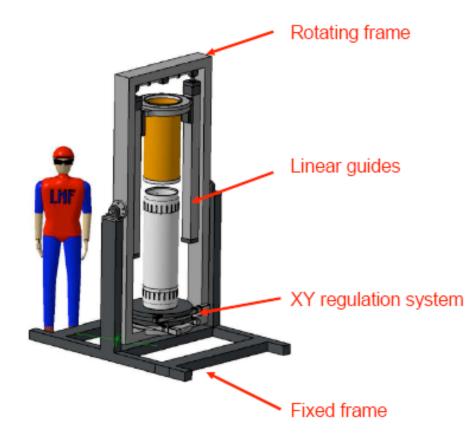
Insertion executed by means of precise linear guides moved by step-motors.

□ Survey of the insertion carried out by 3 camcorder each at 120 degrees.

The rotating system w.r.t. to an horizontal axis allows to glue the detector on both sides.

Executive Drawings ready, ordering under way!

Expected completion October



IT: Overall status of the project



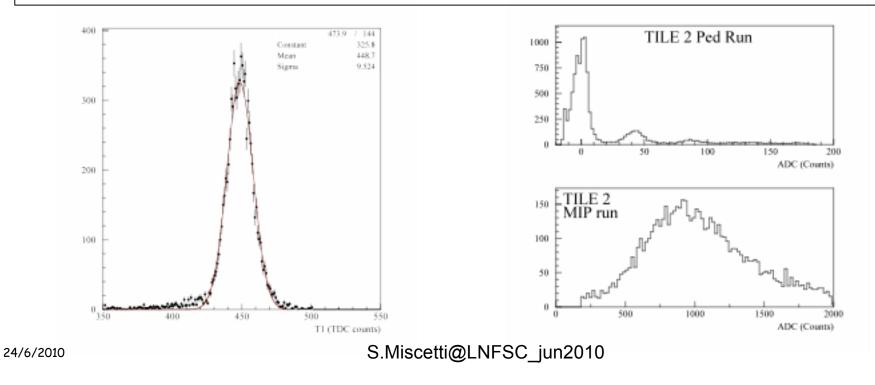
- \checkmark Design of the detector and assembly tools completed.
- ✓ Purchase orders for construction of the first IT layer done.
- The first large area GEMs and the readout anodes are in our hands.
 First current tests are ok.
 - Construction of two planar prototypes done.
- ✓ FEE chips (final version of Gastone64) will be used to equip the planar prototype to be tested at CERN the coming October.
- ✓ Construction of first layer planned for september
- ✓ At the last CSN1 meeting (middle of may) we got financed also the construction of the second layer.

QCALT: lessons from module 0



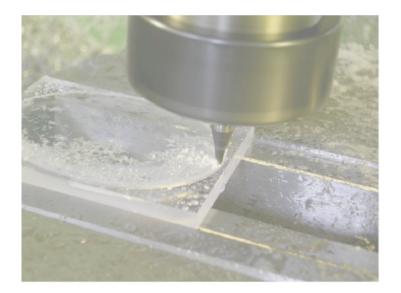
Module 0 construction financed in 2009

- Light yield study vs tile wrapping (Tyvek vs reflective paint)
- Construction technique learned: tile preparation, fiber routing, fiber-sipm coupling.
- Integration with IT & KLOE: size , cable routing + SMD SiPM
- First 15 tiles/100 measured with CR
- First test @ BTF with electrons of 100 500 MeV done last week

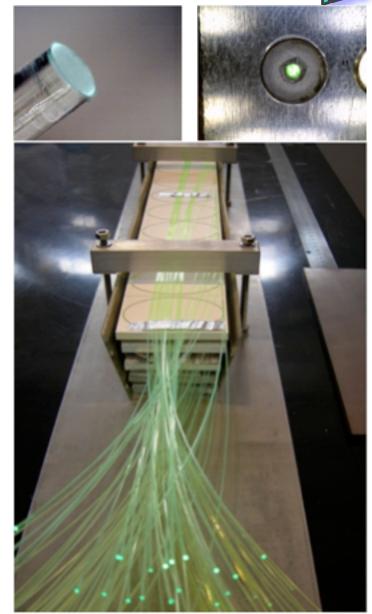


Tooling per QCALT

Tiles preparation, as for module 0, will be done @ LNF mechanical shop.



- Tile painting at an external firm.
- Survey of tile dimension needed before assembly
- Fiber polishing should be done by milling
- Test during construction could be done by Cosmics for each single module

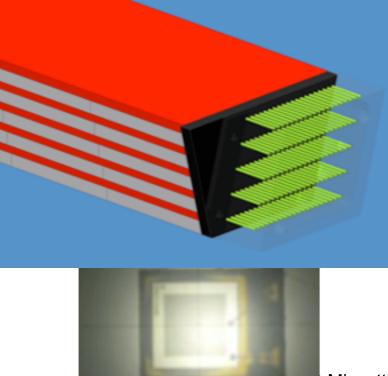


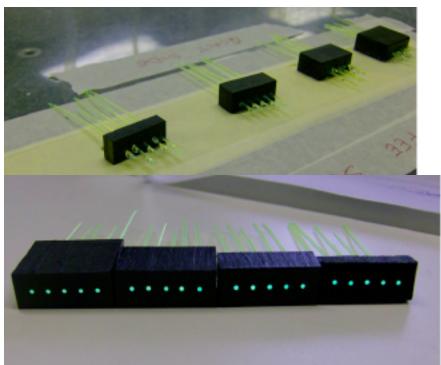


QCALT: final interface fiber-SiPM



- The lack of space in KLOE asks for smd-SIPMs mounted on a PCB facing a flat surface of WLS fibers.
- First 10 smd-SIPM from Hamamatsu ok. Another sample being delivered by IRST-fbk (Trento)
- The survey of a smd-SIPM showed perfect planarity & dimensions
- Fiber edges finished with the milling machine
- No broken fiber/16 tried with ~ 1 cm tick fiber holder.





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QCALT: Overall status of the project



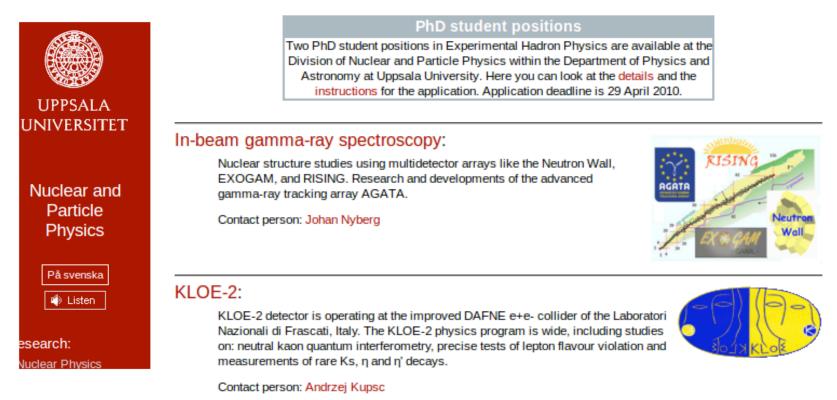
- CAD Drawings for mechanical assembly almost completed (Needing to be blessed by Integration Meetings with IT/IR1)
- Next month dedicated to complete the engeneering for SIPM-Fiber Interface
- At last CSN1 meeting we got financed for mechanical construction of six modules + the first prototype of final FEE readout board
- Orders for tiles, fibers underway
- Orders for mechanics/W plates after the summer
- Tiles preparations starting in september
- Module assembly starts in november

Status of the KLOE-2 collaboration



- The upcoming step of moving from a "virtual" to a real experiment is bringing renovated resources to KLOE-2:
- Krakow group is actively working on analysis item
- Uppsala group has obtained two PHD students to work in KLOE-2
- 2+1 new postDocs are coming via European Networks and INFN Fellowships

Nuclear and Hadron Physics Research



Conclusions & Plans



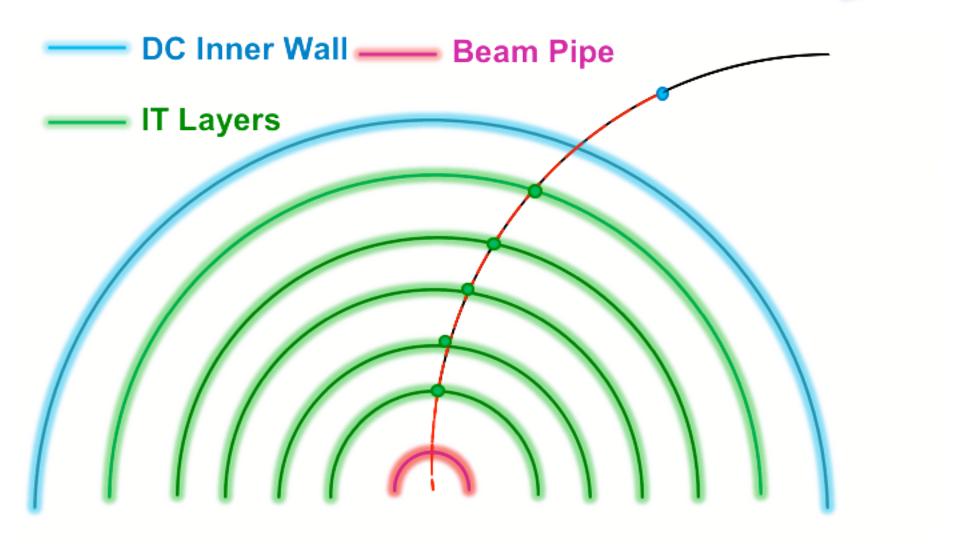
- Seven months after the closing of Siddharta, DAFNE is almost ready KLOE-2 is in place with IR1 installed , EndCaps closed.
- ✓ The preparation of the apparatus has been completed including installation of new gamma-gamma taggers
- SHIFT trainnig started.
- Upgrades will be ready for installation in autumn 2011.
- We plan to run as continuosly as possible after a short engeneering run for ~ 1 year. The run will then be stopped to allow upgrades insertion (IT corresponds to a factor x 4 gain in luminosity).

First Run physics Milestones:

- gg-physics
- Pseudoscalr and scalar mesons (ex . phi->KsKs gamma)
- Rare limits: Ks to 3pi0
- Interferometry : KsKl --> pi+ pi- p0 p0
- Limits on dark matter search







Mechanical Tests

Built the full size "*mechanical model*" of the first layer of the IT including the FEE and the detector support (in CF). 3-D measurement & load test done.



Buckling ~7.5 ton, well above the 100 kg load needed for GEM stretching.

Radial deformations ~70µm @ 600 kg



L'elettronica per l'IT

- I test effettuati sulla prima release di Gastone a 64 canali, consegnati a fine 2009, hanno confermato le ottime prestazioni sulla linearità e uniformità alla carica, come la precedente da 16 canali.
- Si sono stressati gli ingressi con cariche superiori ai 10 fC, per misure "worst case" di cross-talk tra canali. Needs of a second release with a better ground distribution and to optimize the number of PINS I/O.

- Mixed analog-digital circuit
- Low input equivalent noise, low power consumption and high integrated chip;
- 4 blocks:
 - charge sensitive preamplifier
 - shaper
 - Ieading-edge discriminator (prog. thr.)
 - monostable (stretch digital signal for trigger)





Tooling and Components

- Cylindrical moulds to make electrodes: end of June (L1) end of July (L2)
- Detector mechanics (fiberglass rings): end of June
- Quality control system (microscope + HV test box): ready
- GEM foils: mid of July
- Readout anode circuits: end of July
- Vertical assembling machine (mechanics + electronics): mid of September

Production

- July: test of all GEM foils and production of a fake layer September: start of Layer1 construction
- October: Integration and test of vertical assembling machine November: Layer1 assembling
- December: Layer1 test