

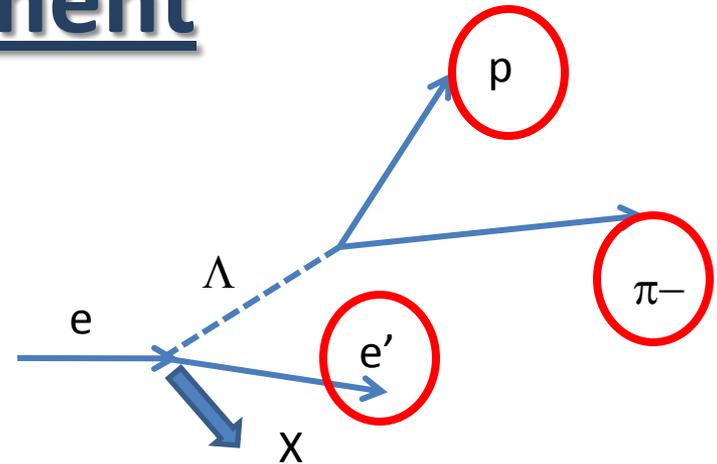
SIDIS Λ production with e1f data

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INFN – Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati

The measurement

Semi-inclusive Λ production



Analysis procedure

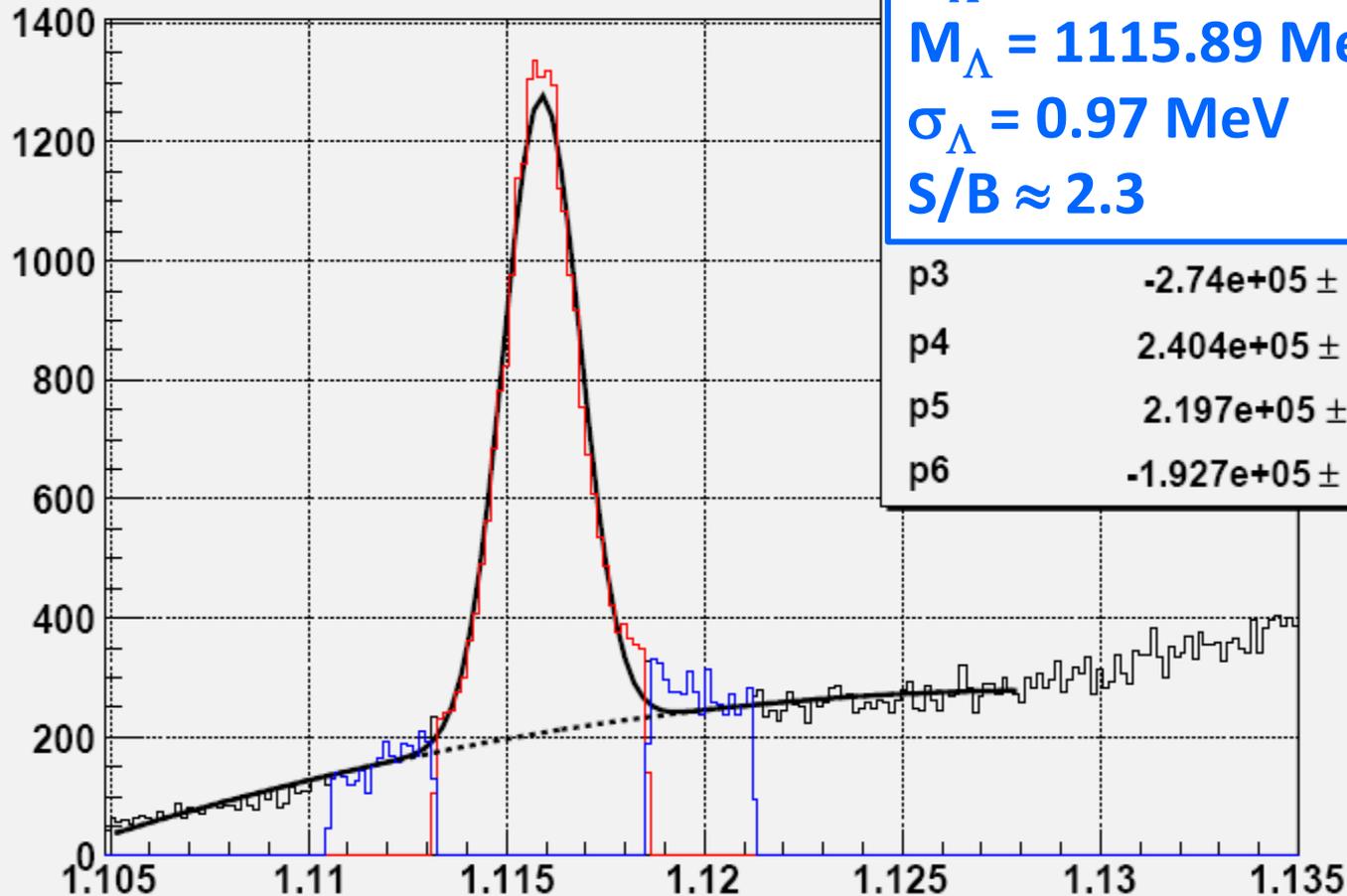
1. Electron ID (DC+CC+EC)
2. Proton and pion ID (DC+TOF)
3. Λ in the IM($p \pi^-$)
4. Λ (longitudinal) polarization from Beam Spin Asymmetry

DIS cuts:

- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $W^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $y < 0.85$

Λ detection

IM($p \pi^-$), DIS+MM events



$$N_{\Lambda} \approx 17000$$

$$M_{\Lambda} = 1115.89 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma_{\Lambda} = 0.97 \text{ MeV}$$

$$S/B \approx 2.3$$

$$p3 \quad -2.74e+05 \pm 14$$

$$p4 \quad 2.404e+05 \pm 13$$

$$p5 \quad 2.197e+05 \pm 11$$

$$p6 \quad -1.927e+05 \pm 10$$

Gauss + P3 fit used as a template for next bin-by-bin yield extraction

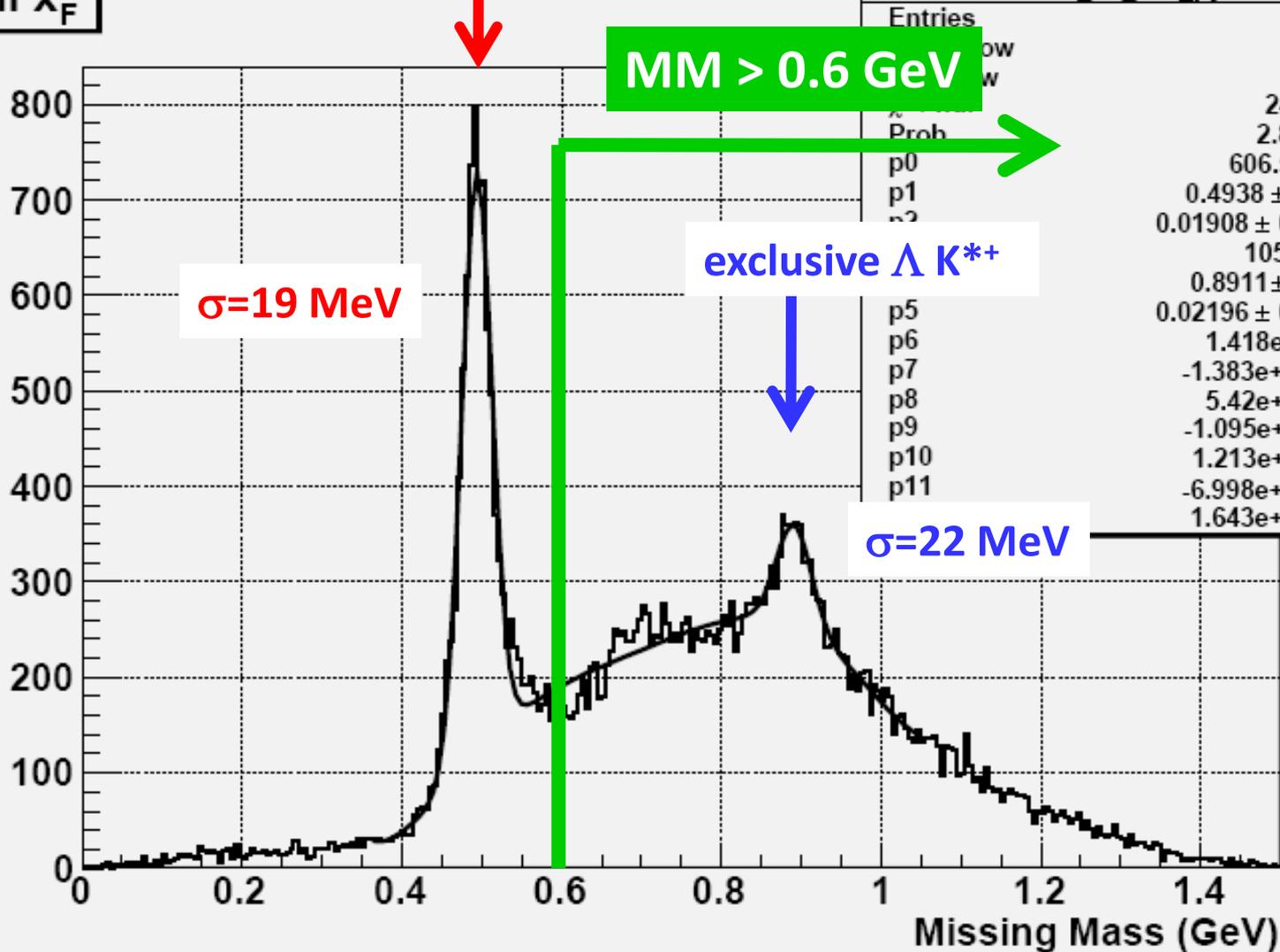
Missing Mass

$e p \rightarrow e' \Lambda X$

exclusive ΛK^+

All x_F

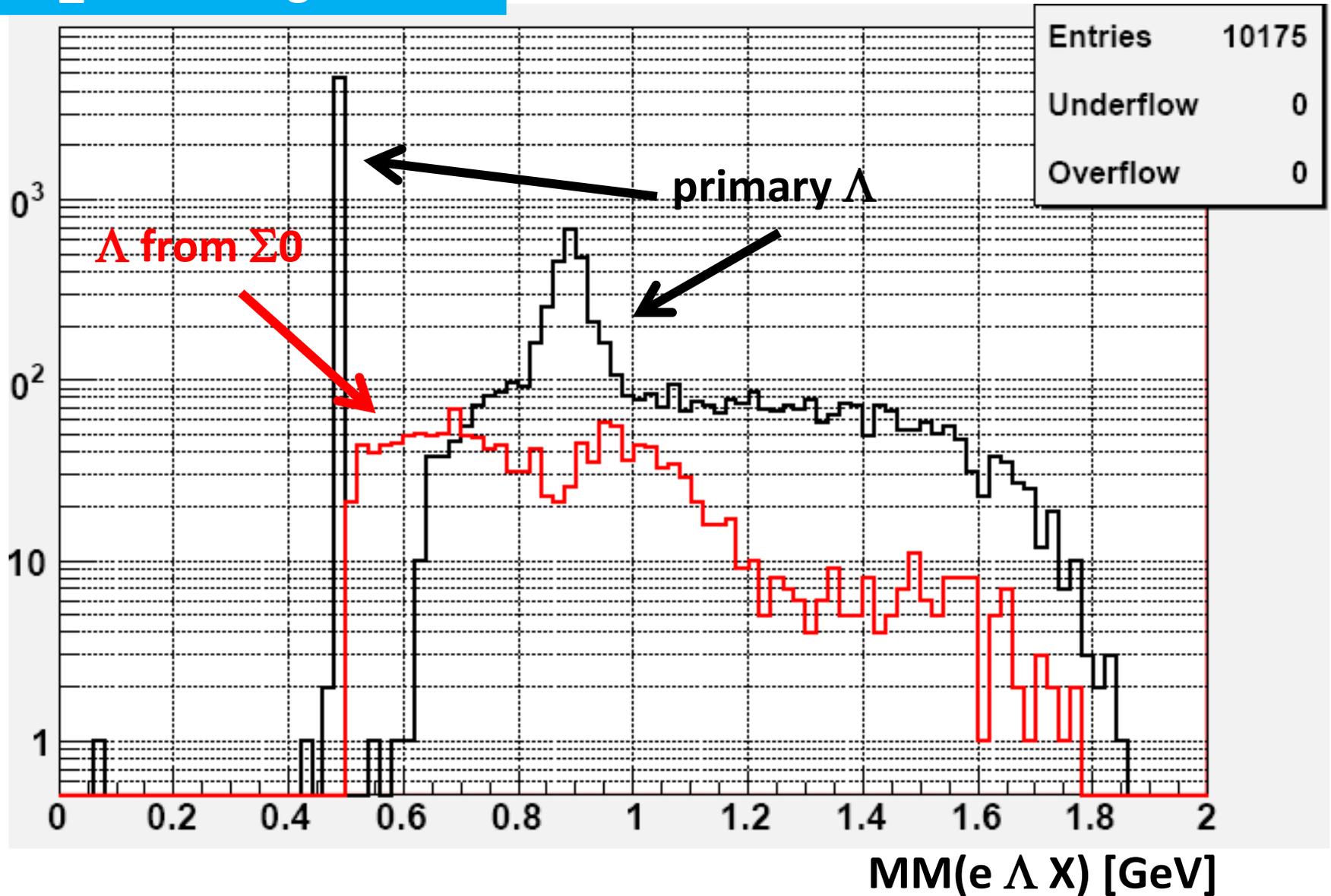
MM xF DIS py



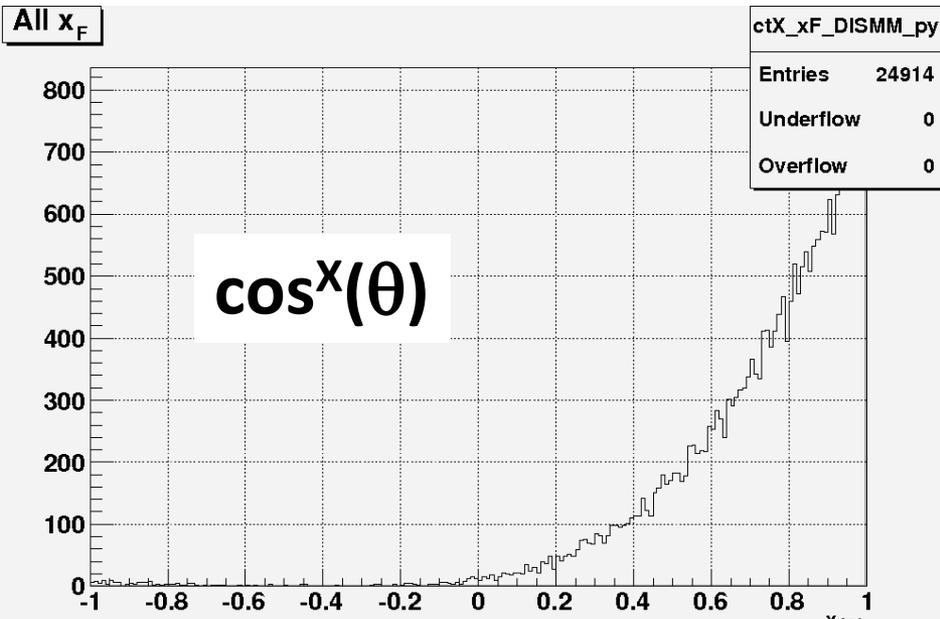
Entries	40973
Low	3090
High	10
% Prob	240 / 125
Prob	2.841e-09
p0	606.5 ± 12.3
p1	0.4938 ± 0.0003
p2	0.01908 ± 0.00035
p3	105.7 ± 8.3
p4	0.8911 ± 0.0018
p5	0.02196 ± 0.00196
p6	1.418e+04 ± 5
p7	-1.383e+05 ± 16
p8	5.42e+05 ± 20
p9	-1.095e+06 ± 24
p10	1.213e+06 ± 26
p11	-6.998e+05 ± 26
	1.643e+05 ± 22

Missing Mass – Monte Carlo

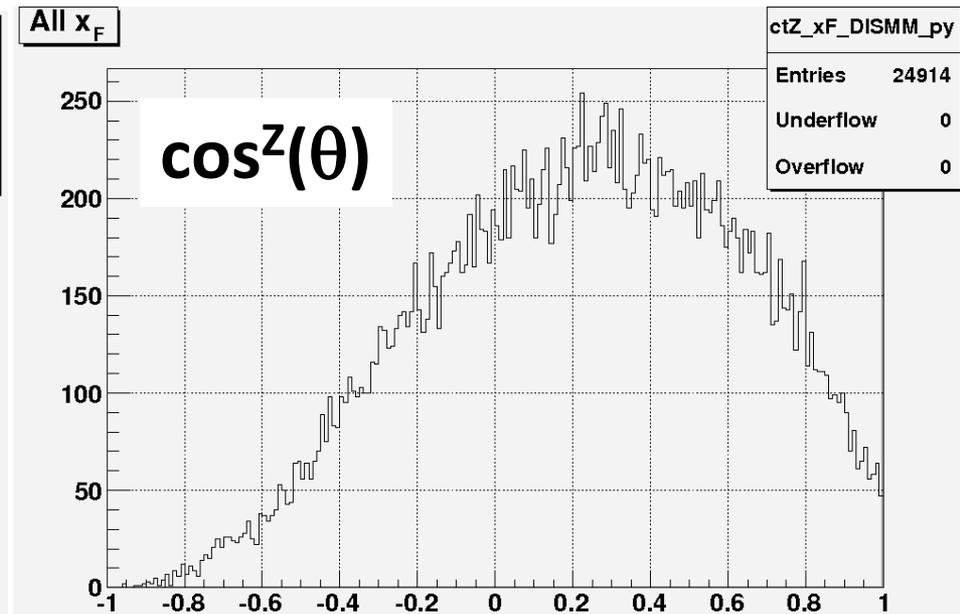
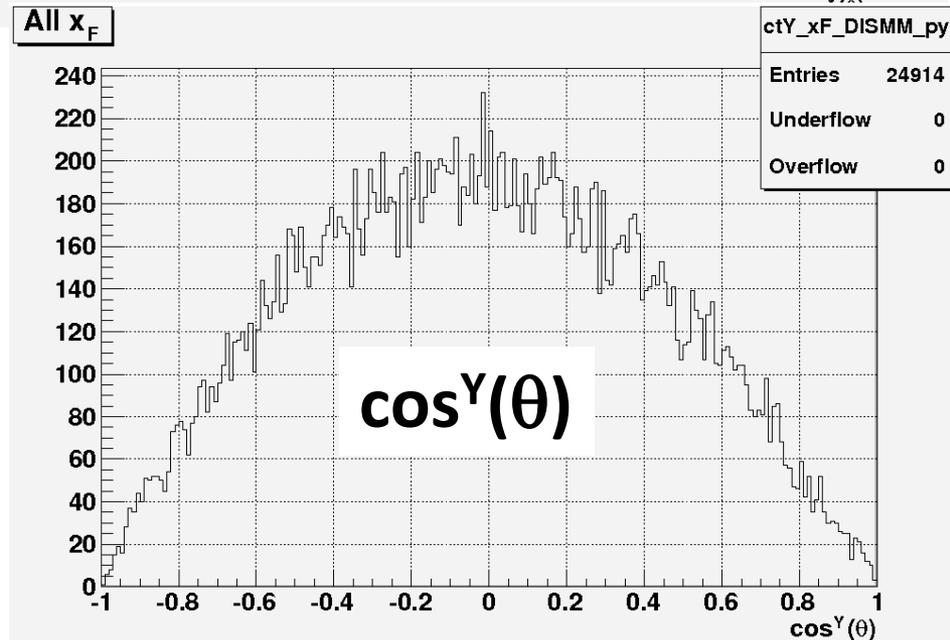
CLAS_DIS event generator



cos(θ) distributions



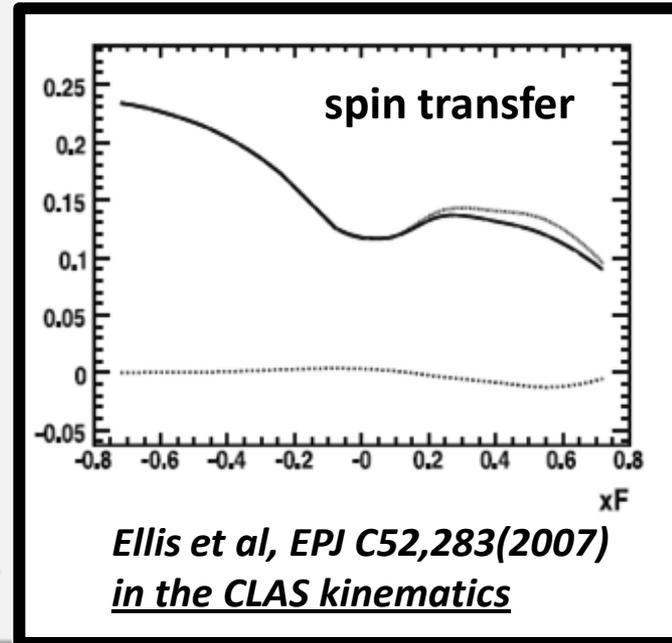
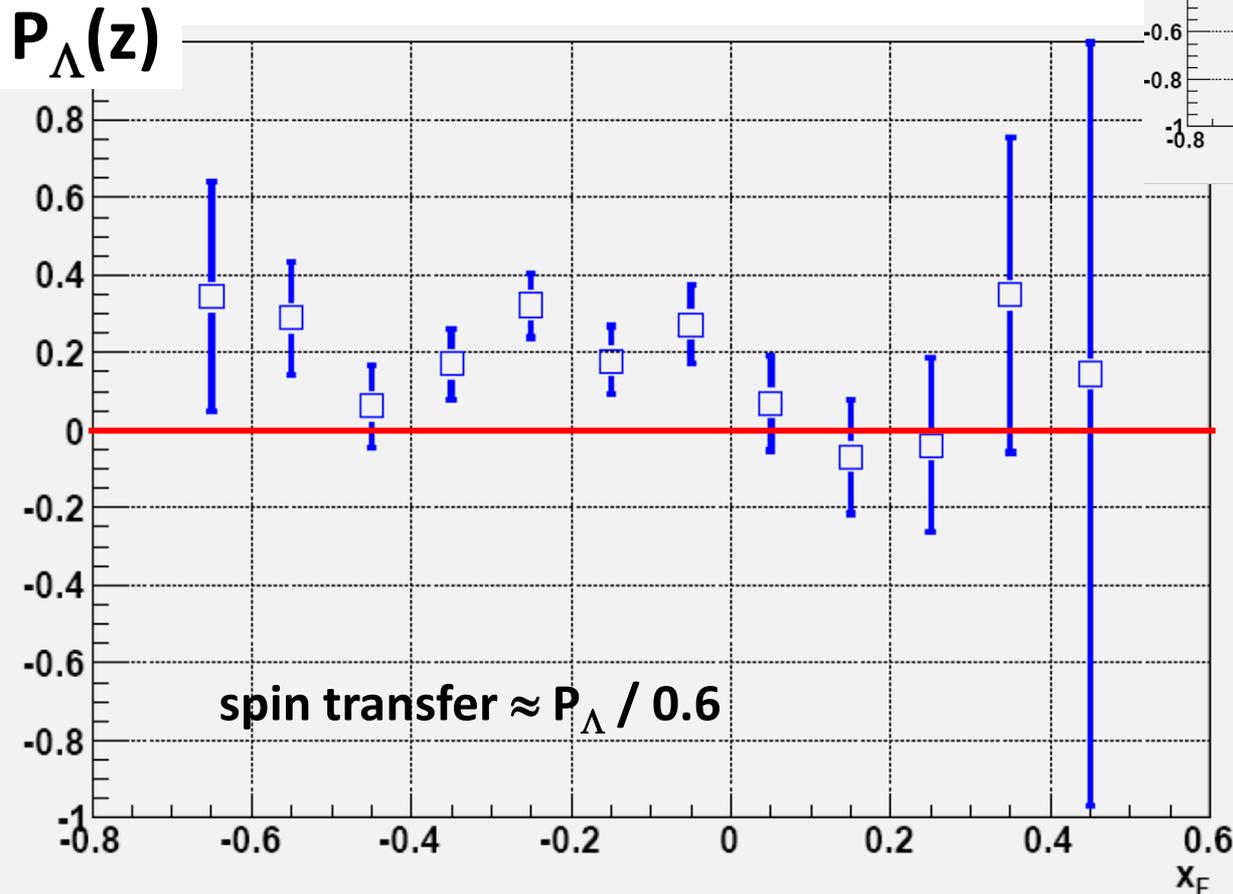
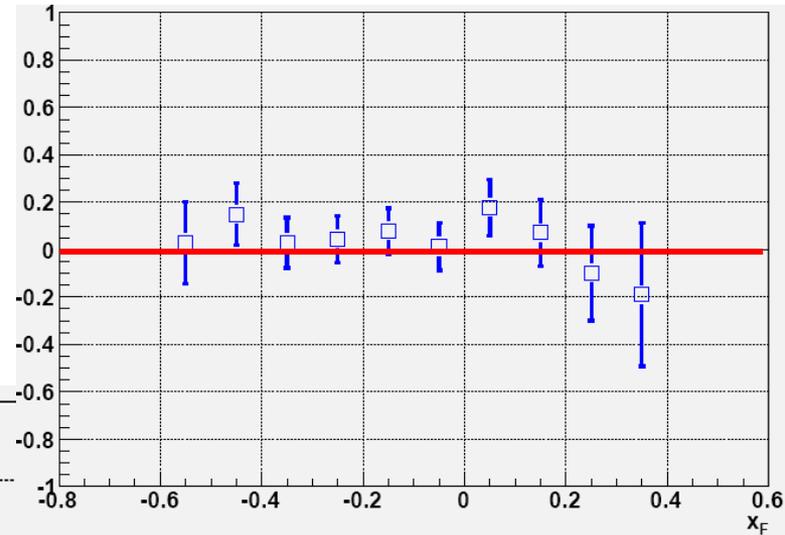
z along the γ^*
y normal
x sideways



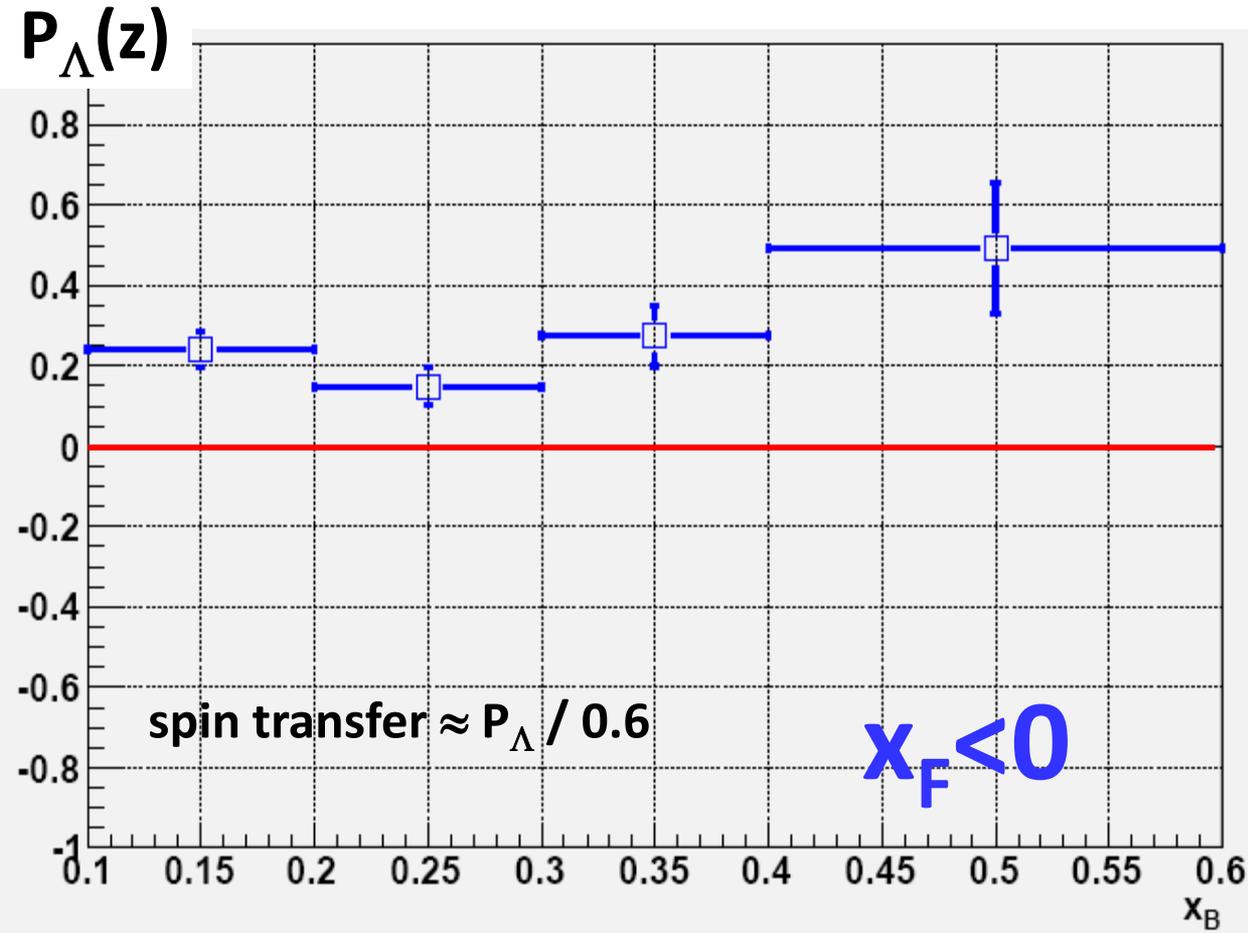
Longitudinal polarization vs x_F

$$P_{\Lambda} = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$$

$$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$$

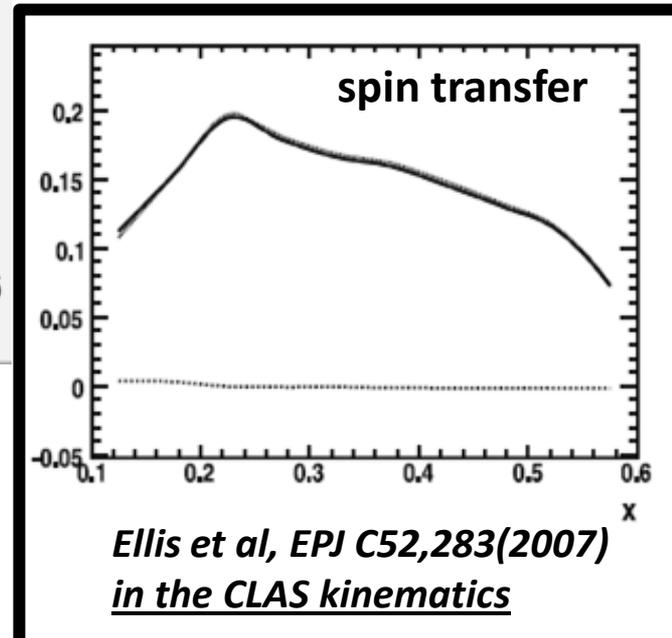


Longitudinal polarization vs x_B



$$P_{\Lambda} = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$$

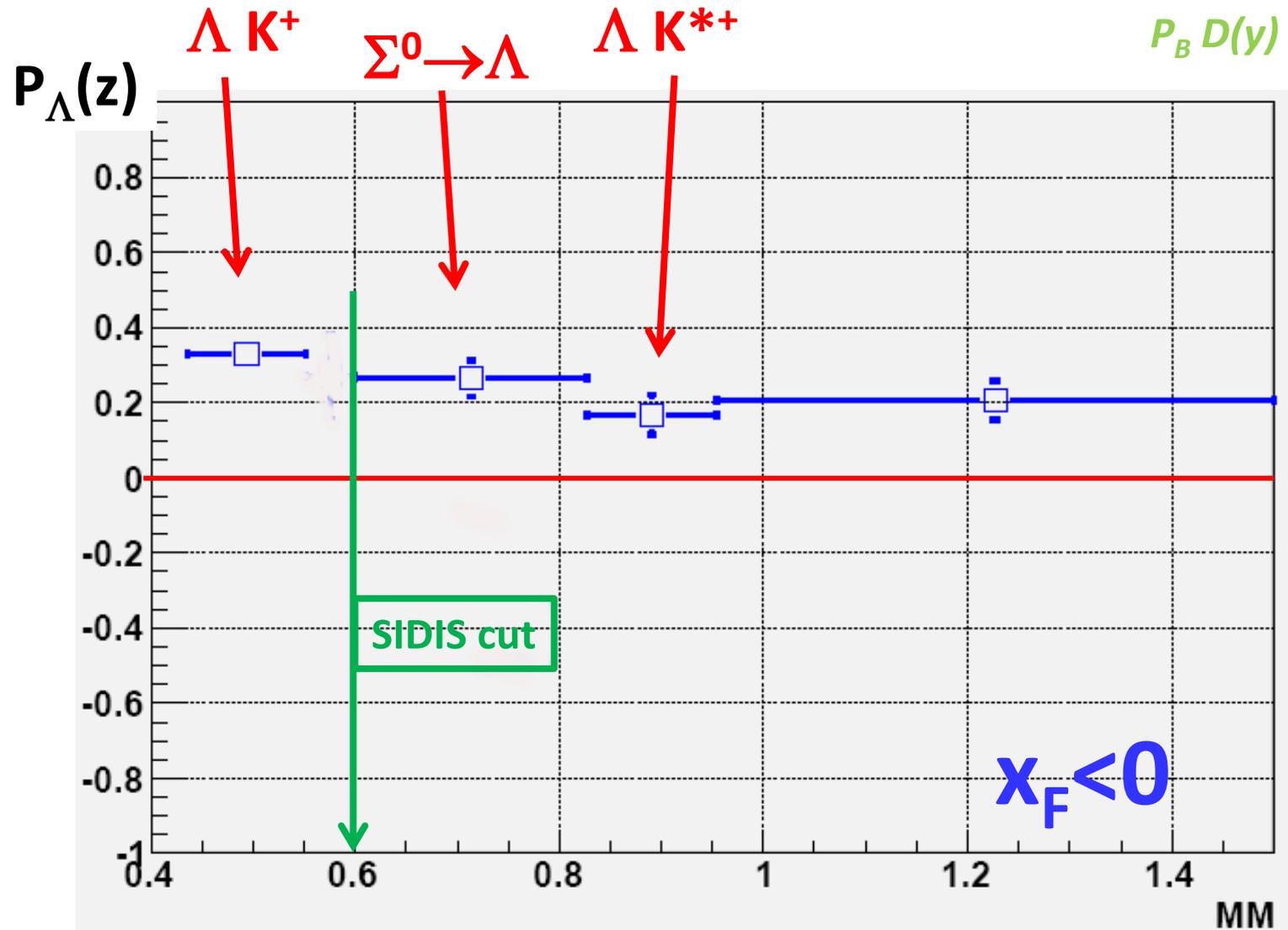
$$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$$



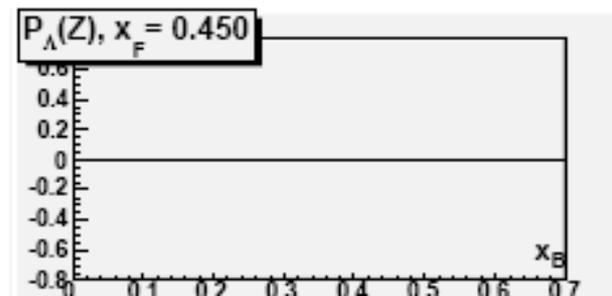
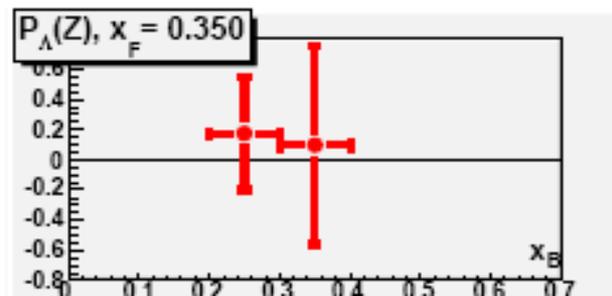
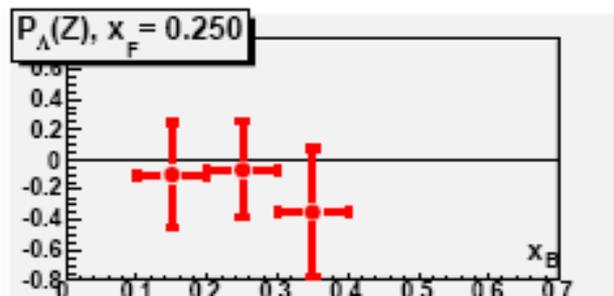
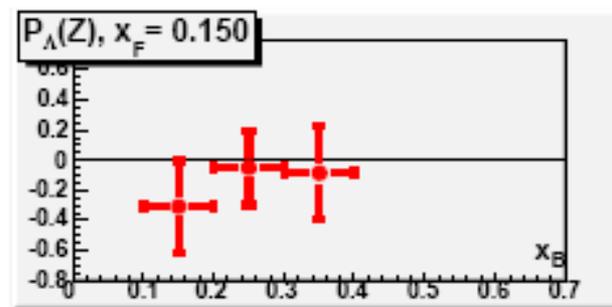
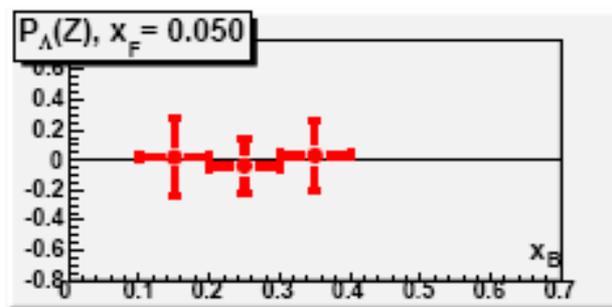
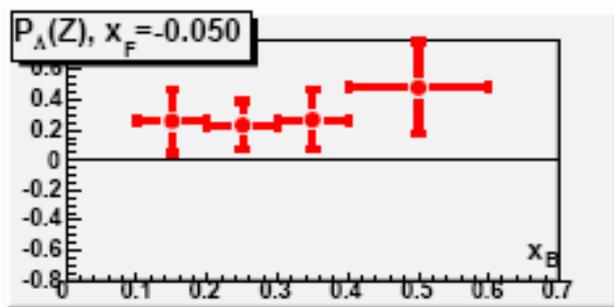
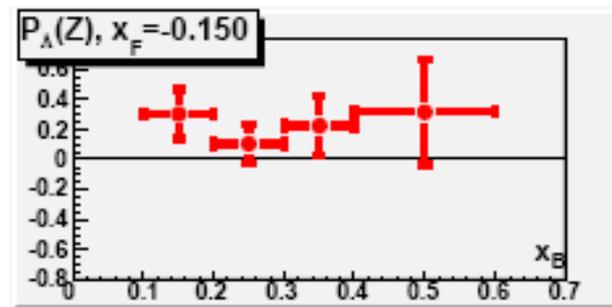
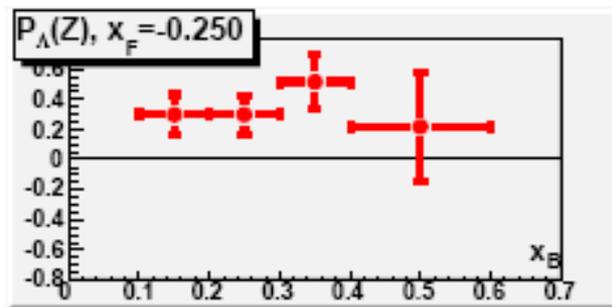
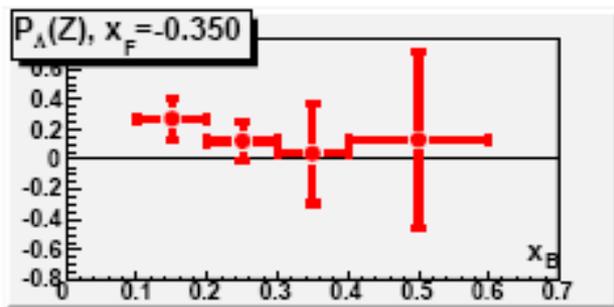
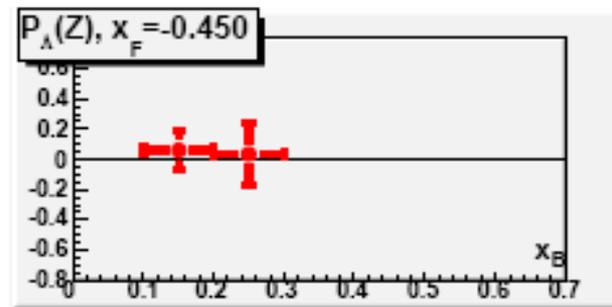
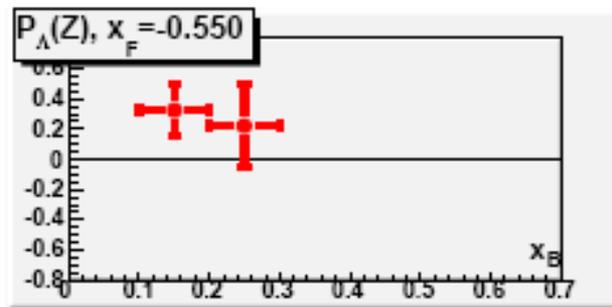
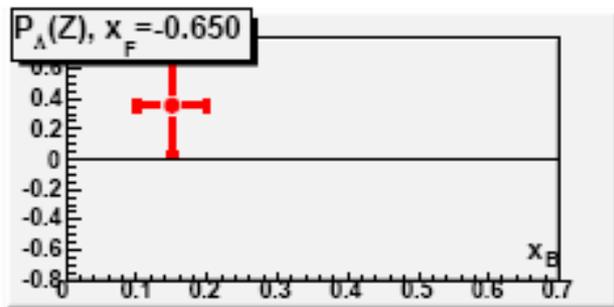
Longitudinal polarization vs MM

$$P_{\Lambda} = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$$

$$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$$



Long. polarization vs x_B , fixed x_F



Outlook

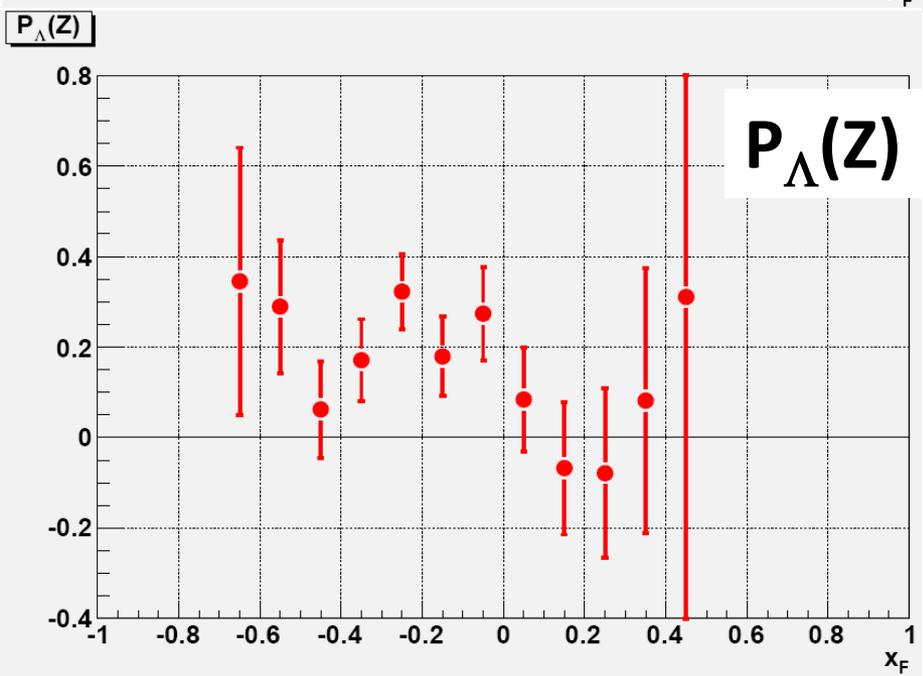
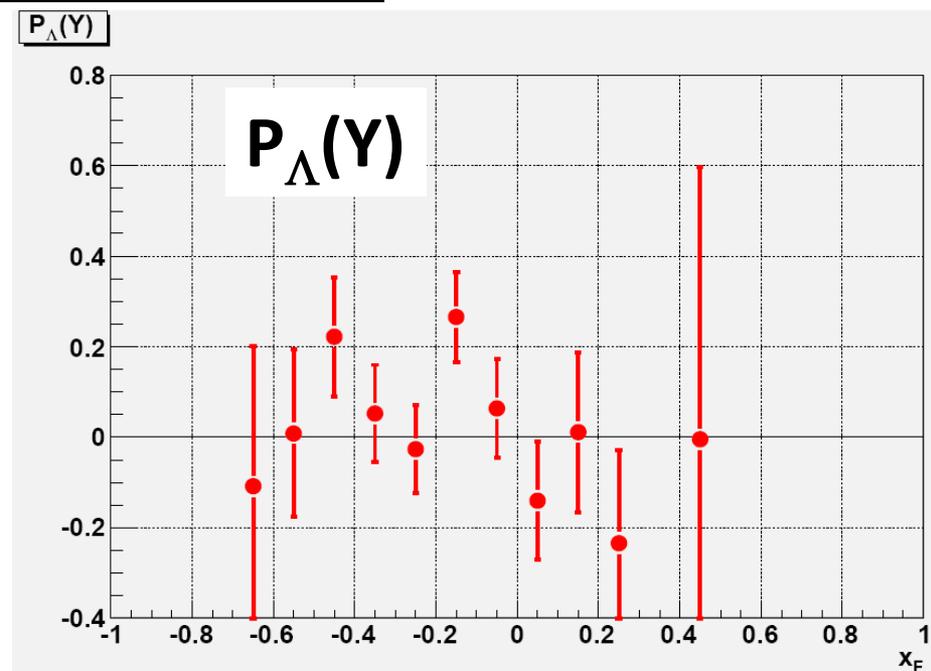
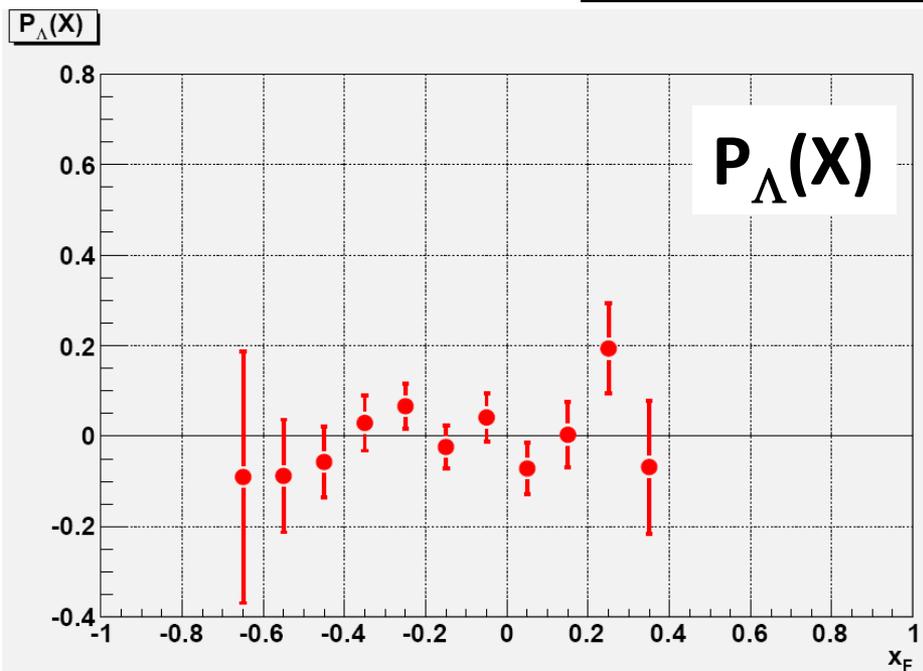
Monte Carlo

- event generator, CLAS detector simulation programs are ok
- smearing factors to be adjusted
- massive simulated data production is starting
(acceptance $\sim 1\%$)

Signal extraction

- unbinned vs binned fits
- multidimensional fits

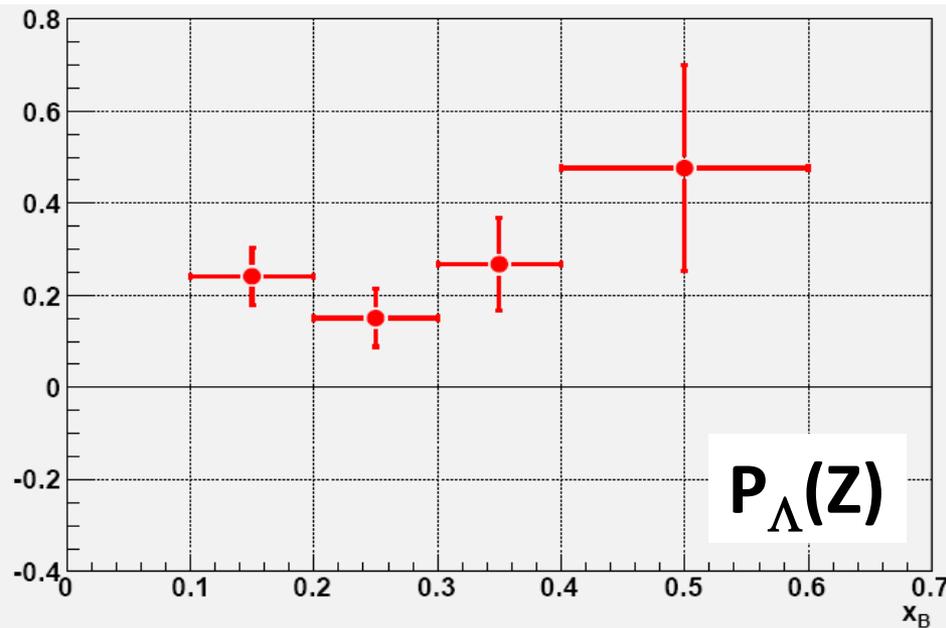
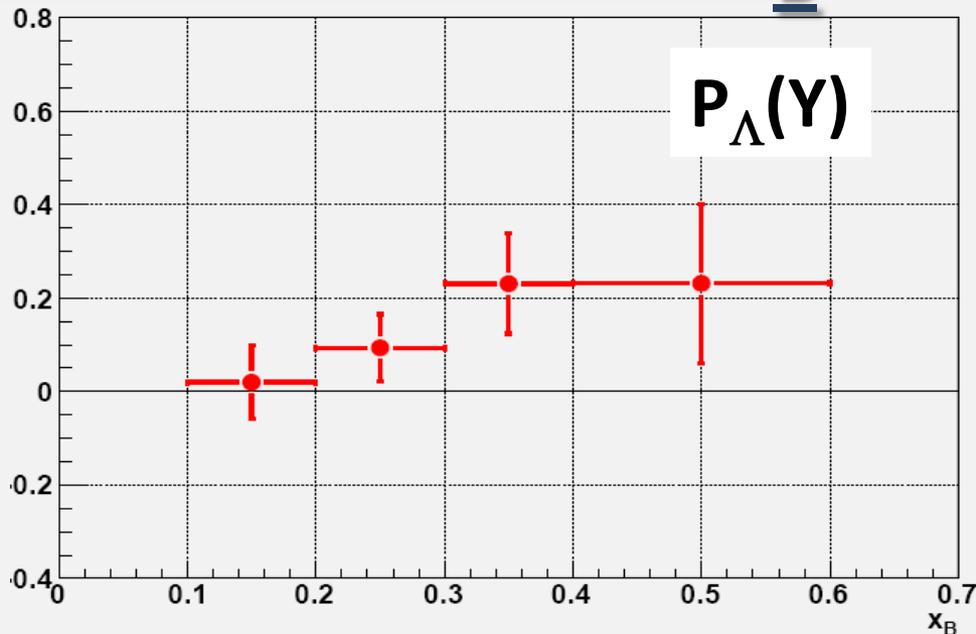
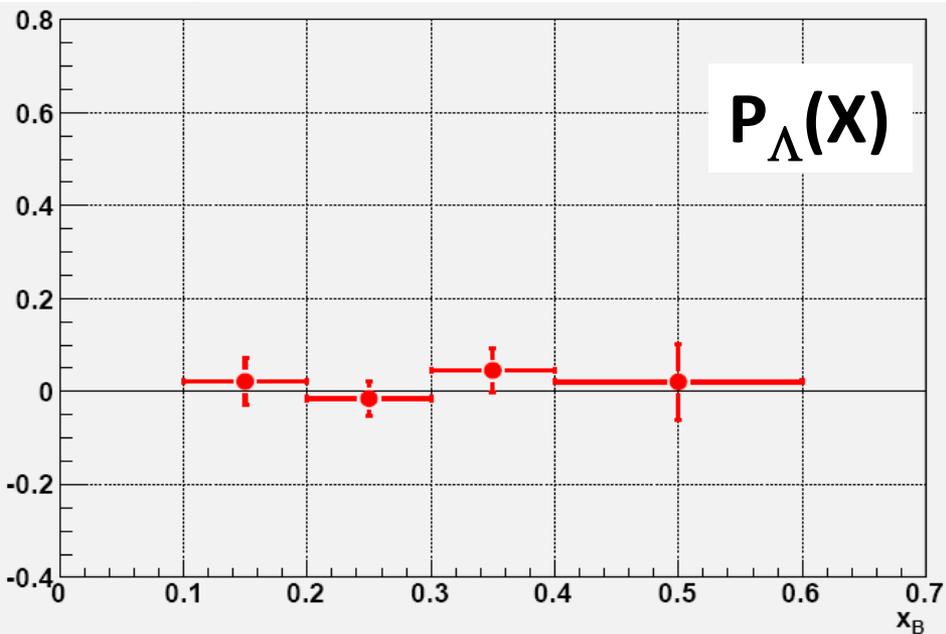
Polarization vs xF



$$P_{\Lambda} = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$$

$$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$$

Longitudinal Λ polarization vs x_B

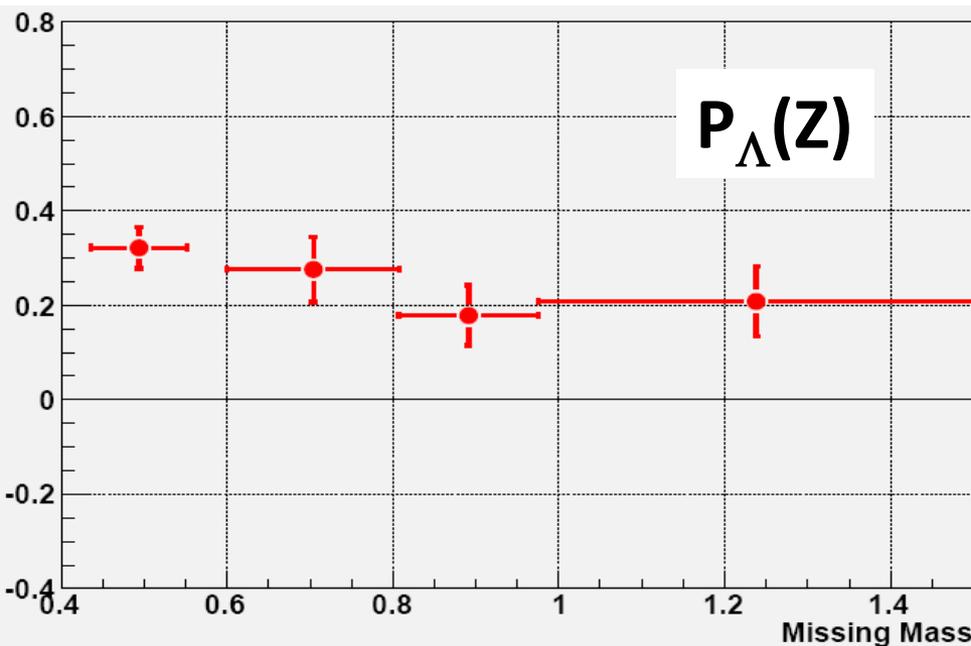
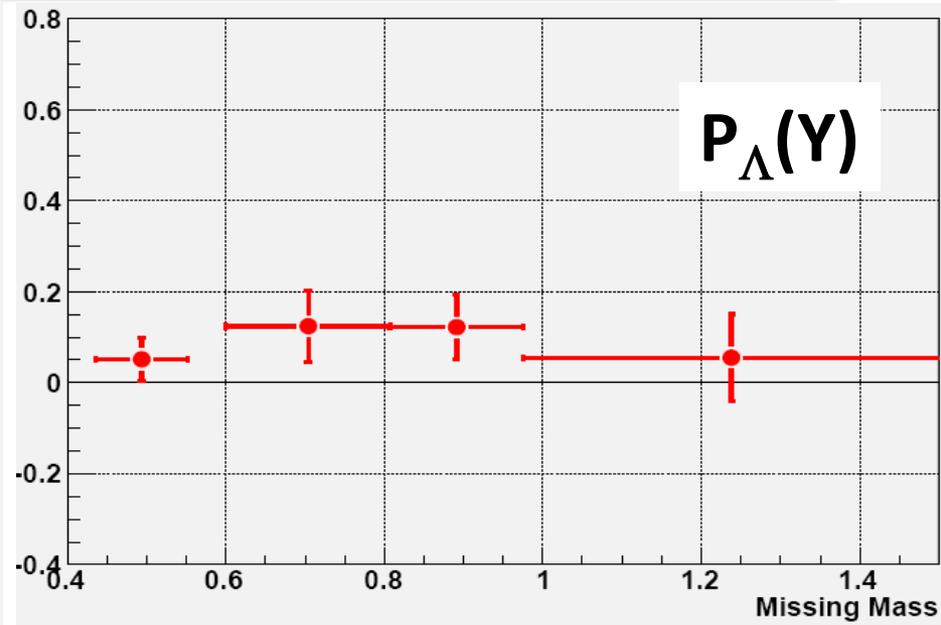
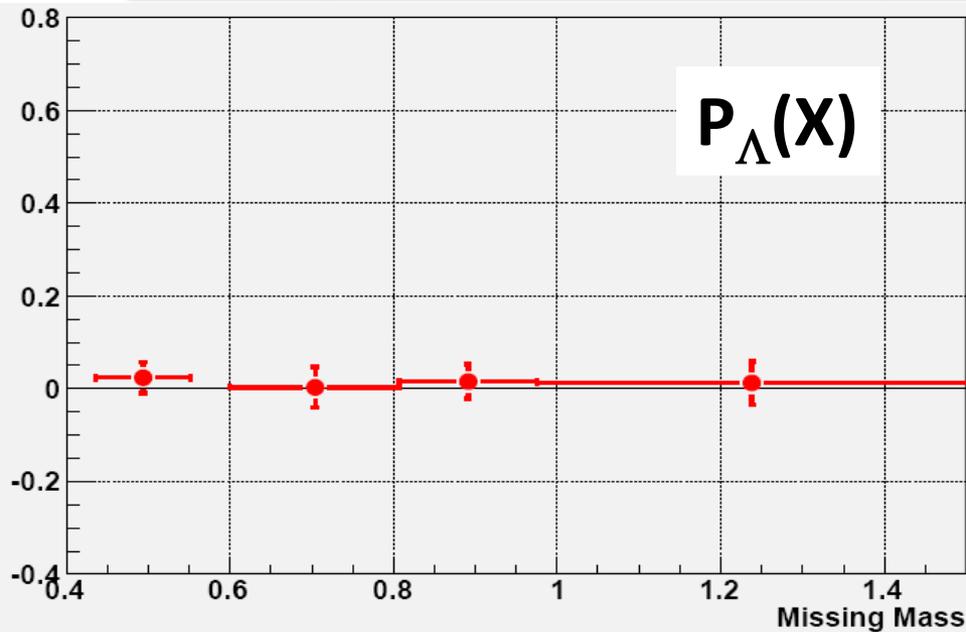


$x_F < 0$

$$P_\Lambda = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^\Lambda$$

$$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$$

Longitudinal Λ polarization vs MM

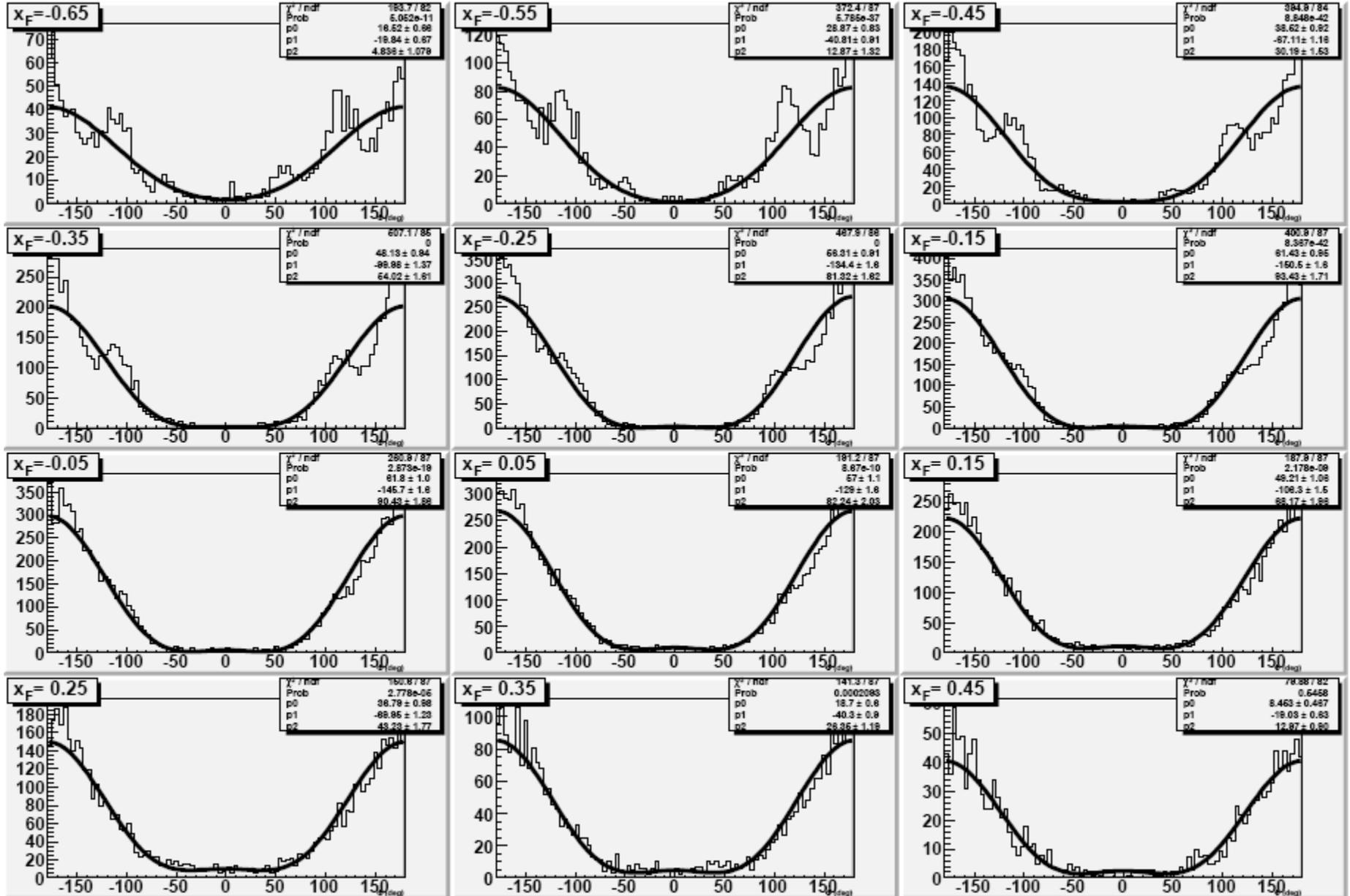


$$P_{\Lambda} = D(y)P_B D_{LL}^{\Lambda}$$

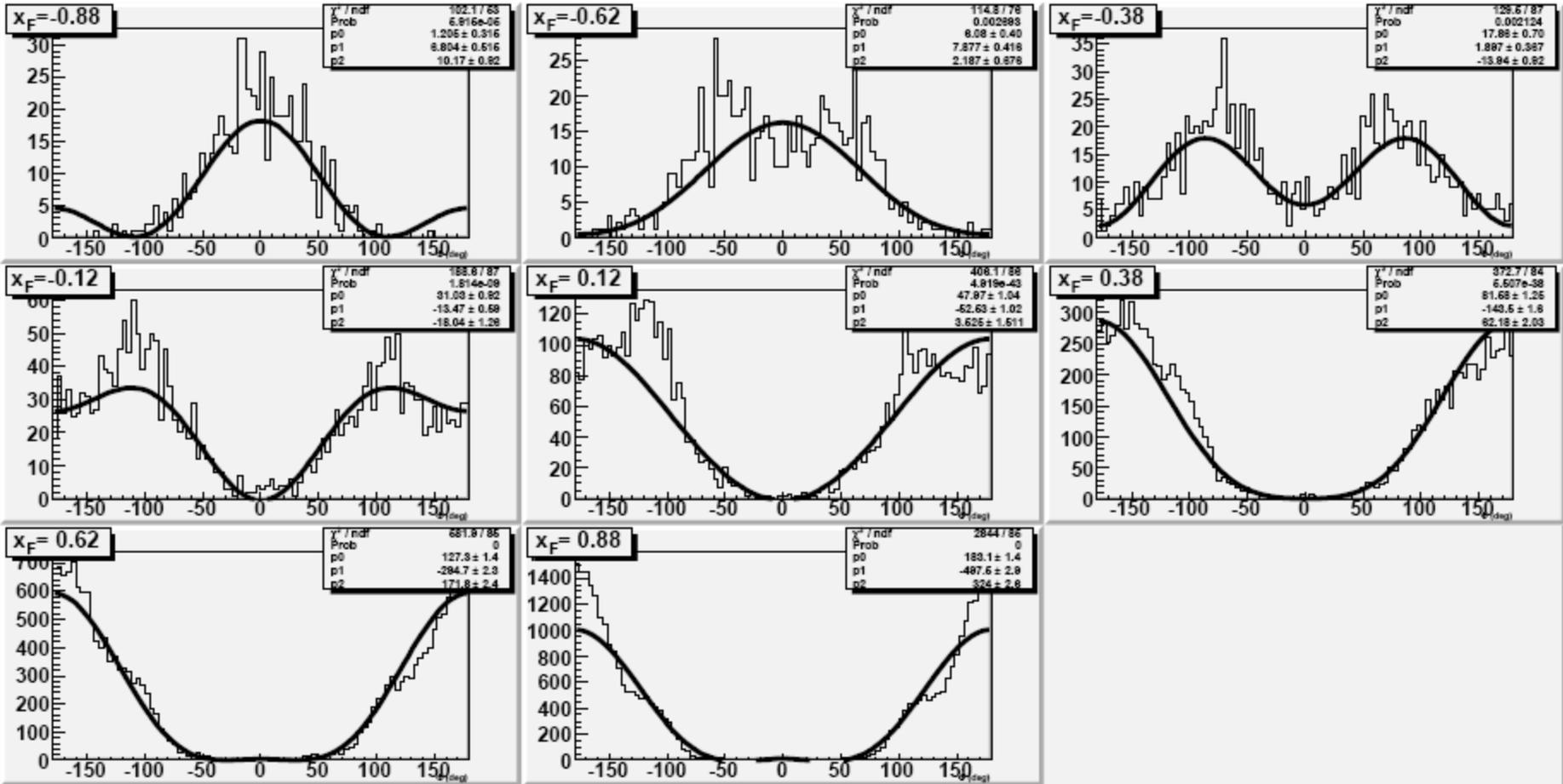
$P_B D(y) \approx 0.6$

$x_F < 0$

Experimental ϕ -dependencies vs x_F

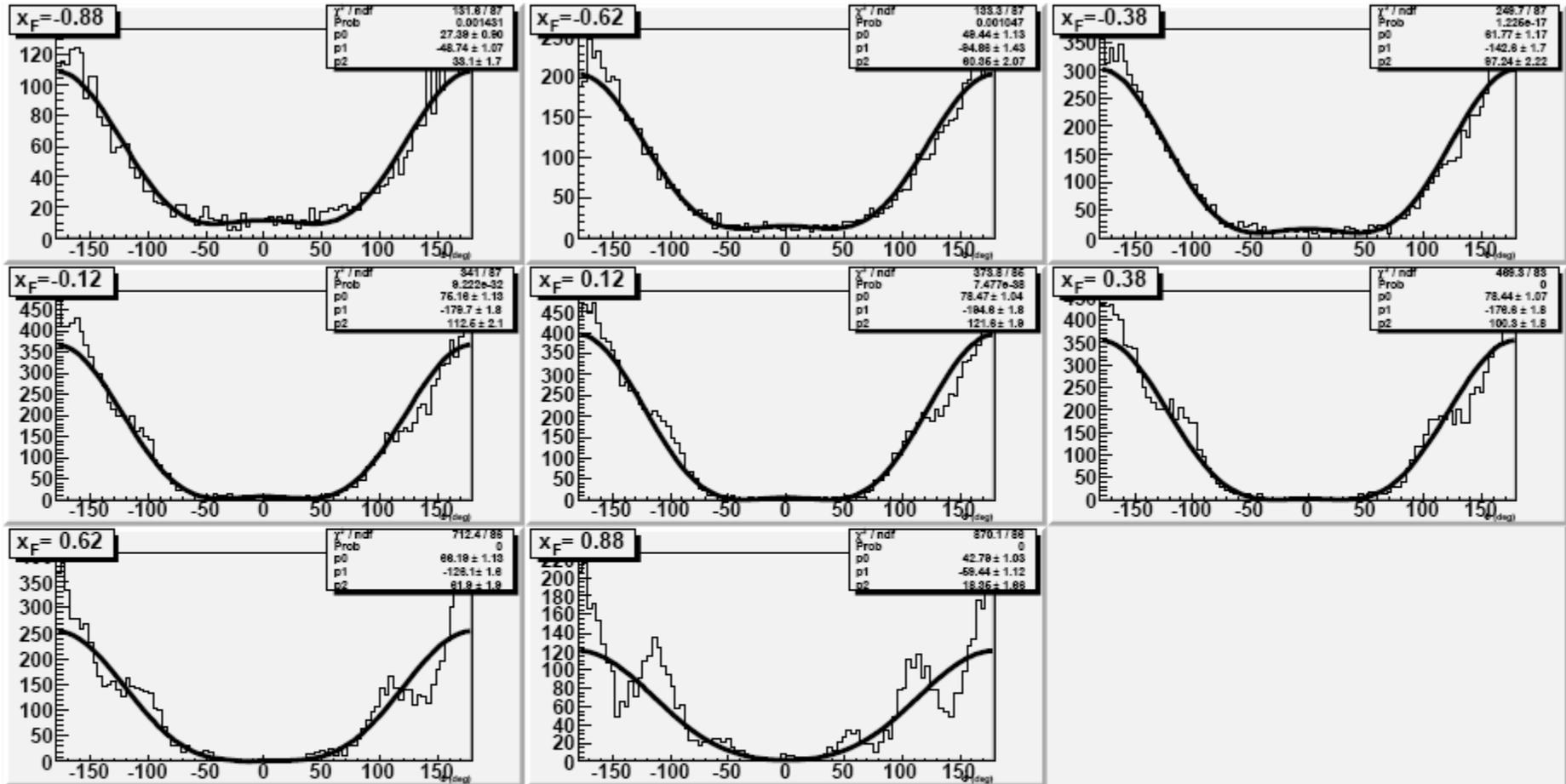


Experimental ϕ -dependencies vs $\cos\theta^x$



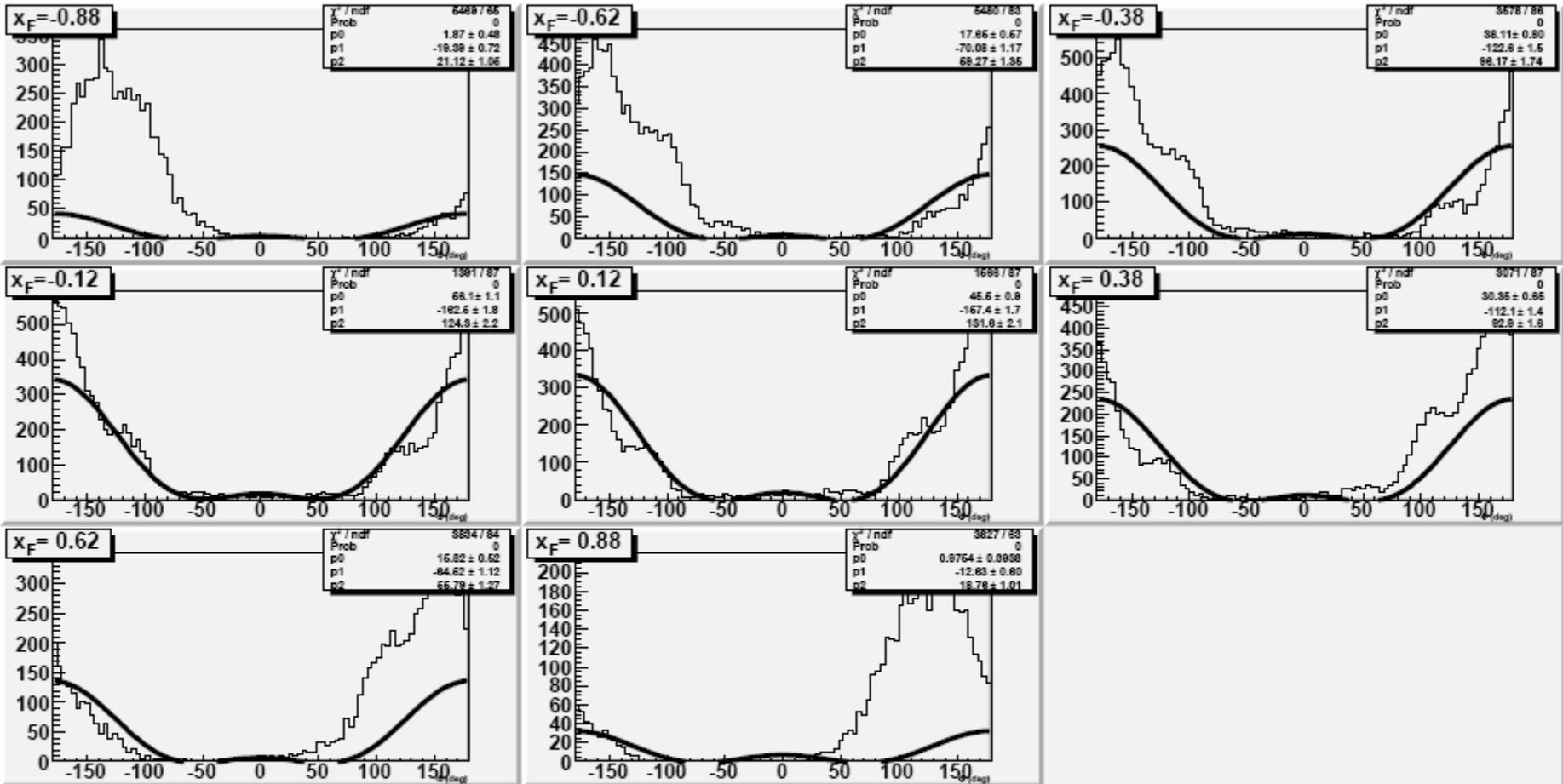
Symmetric in ϕ but many $\cos(\phi)$ harmonics

Experimental ϕ -dependencies vs $\cos\theta^z$



Symmetric in ϕ but many $\cos(\phi)$ harmonics

Experimental ϕ -dependencies vs $\cos\theta^y$



Highly non symmetric in ϕ

Measured polarization - 1

For acceptance corrected events, only ϕ -independent terms survive

SINGLE BEAM SPIN ASYMMETRY

$$A_{LT'} \propto \sin \phi \rightarrow 0$$

**INDUCED
POLARIZATION**

$$P_{\Lambda}^I(x, y, z) \propto \begin{cases} \sin \phi, \sin 2\phi \\ 1, \cos \phi, \cos 2\phi \\ \sin \phi, \sin 2\phi \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \\ \neq 0 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

**TRANSFERRED
POLARIZATION**

$$P_{\Lambda}^T(x, y, z) \propto \begin{cases} 1, \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \\ 1, \cos \phi \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \neq 0 \\ 0 \\ \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$A(\cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z}) = P_B \alpha \int d\phi P_{\Lambda}^{T,(x,z)}(\phi) \cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z} = \alpha P_B P_{\Lambda}^{T,(x,z)} \cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z}$$

$$A(\cos \mathcal{G}_p^y) = 0$$

Measured polarization - 2

Let assume $\varepsilon \propto 1 + \cos\phi + \cos^2\phi + \dots \Rightarrow$ only even powers of $\cos\phi$ survive

SINGLE BEAM SPIN ASYMMETRY

$$A_{LT'} \propto \sin \phi \rightarrow 0$$

INDUCED

POLARIZATION

$$P_{\Lambda}^I(x, y, z) \propto \begin{cases} \sin \phi, \sin 2\phi \\ 1, \cos \phi, \cos 2\phi \\ \sin \phi, \sin 2\phi \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \\ 3 \text{ terms} \neq 0 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

TRANSFERRED
POLARIZATION

$$P_{\Lambda}^T(x, y, z) \propto \begin{cases} 1, \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \\ 1, \cos \phi \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2 \text{ terms} \neq 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \text{ terms} \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$A(\cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z}) = P_B \frac{\alpha \int d\phi \varepsilon(\phi) P_{\Lambda}^{T,(x,z)}(\phi)}{\int d\phi \varepsilon(\phi)} \cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z} = \alpha P_B \left\langle P_{\Lambda}^{T,(x,z)} \right\rangle_{\varepsilon} \cos \mathcal{G}_p^{x,z}$$

$$A(\cos \mathcal{G}_p^y) = 0$$

more difficult extraction
of structure functions

Exclusive ΛK^*

Yield from fit
of MM (e Λ X)

S/B \approx 0.2-0.3

