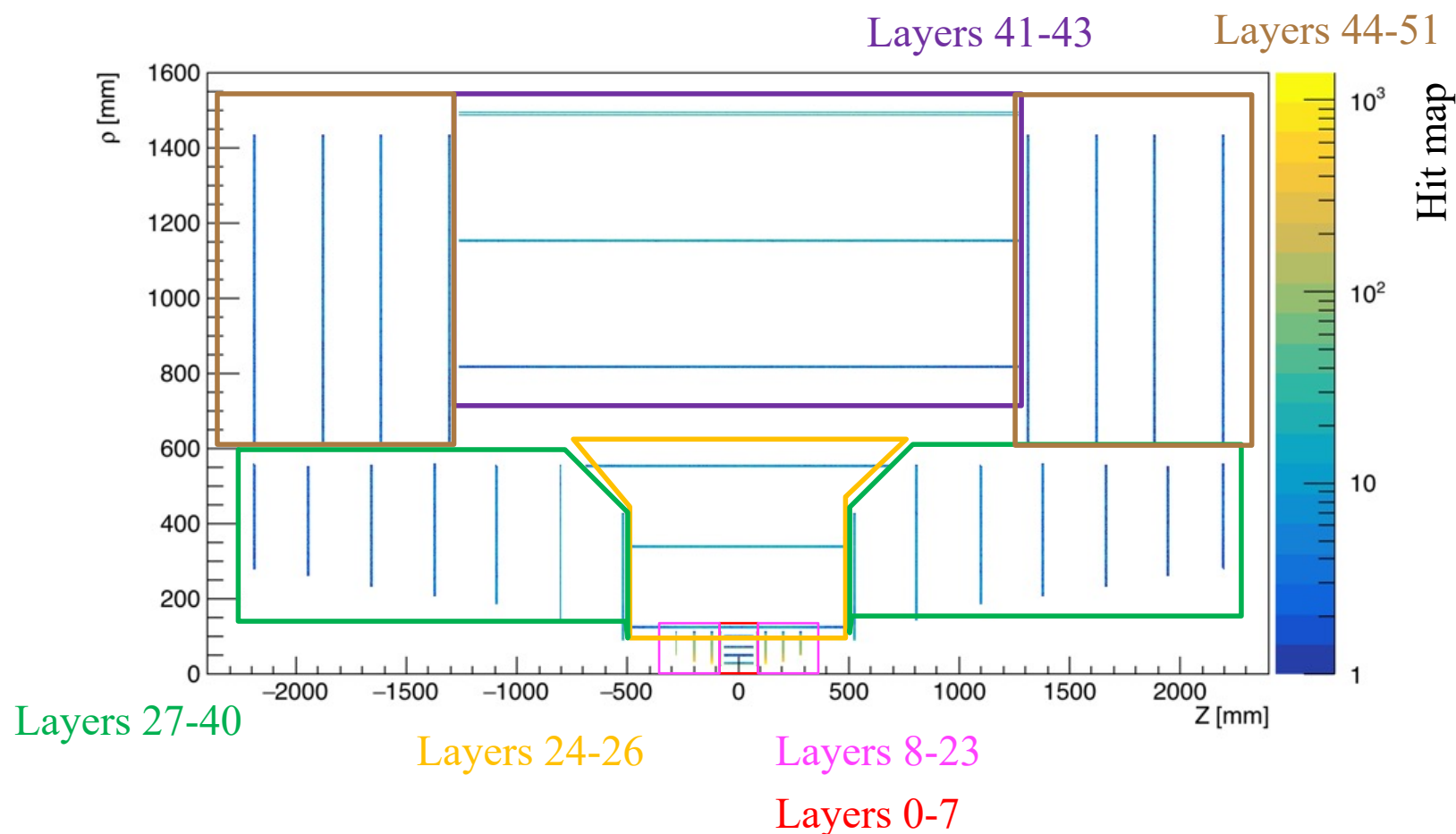


STUDY ON TRACKER OCCUPANCY – UPDATE AFTER LOSING UPPER TIMING CUT

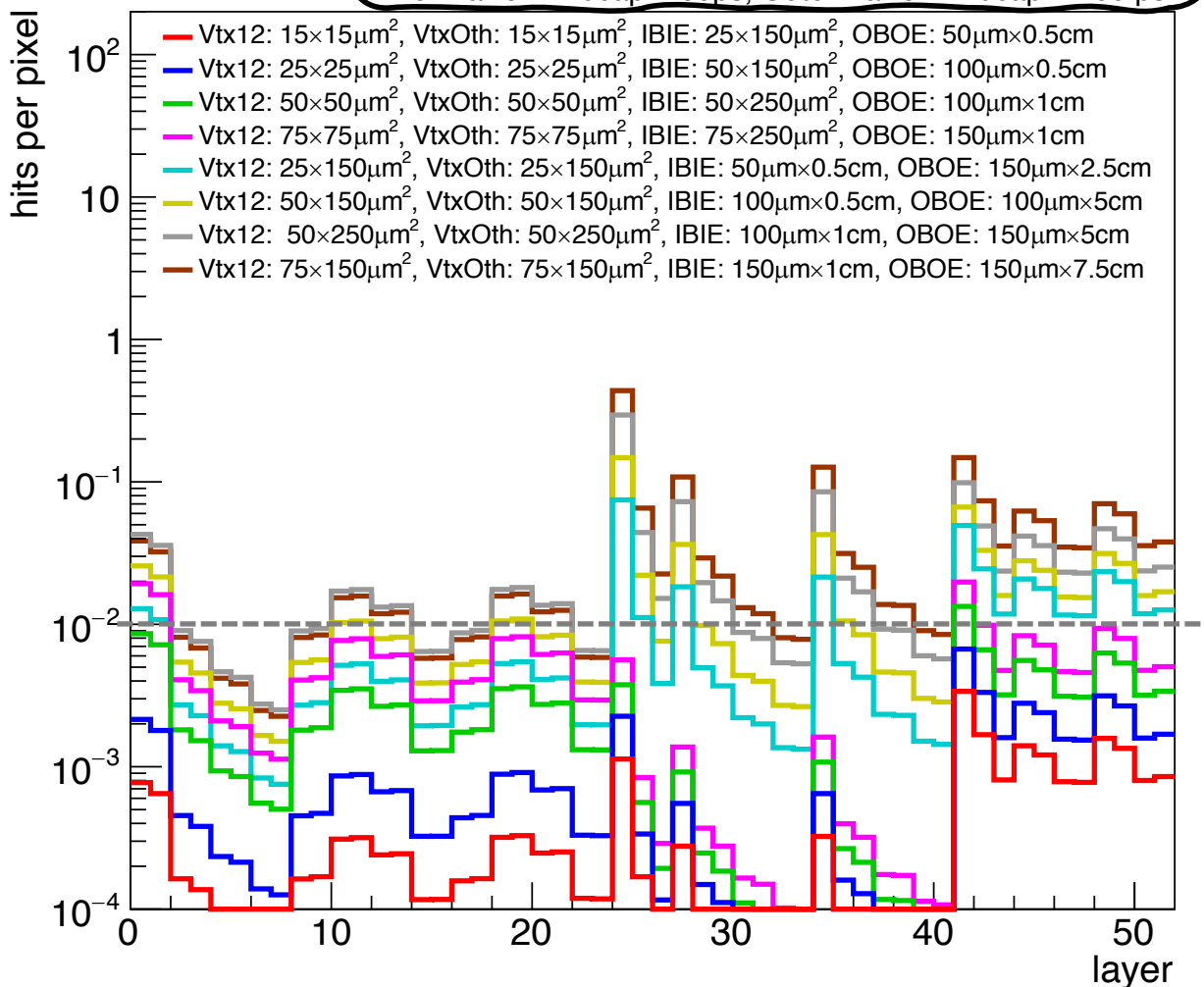
Hannsörg Weber (Fermilab)

Reminder: muon collider tracker labeling



Reminder of original results: Pixel occupancy with fixed timing

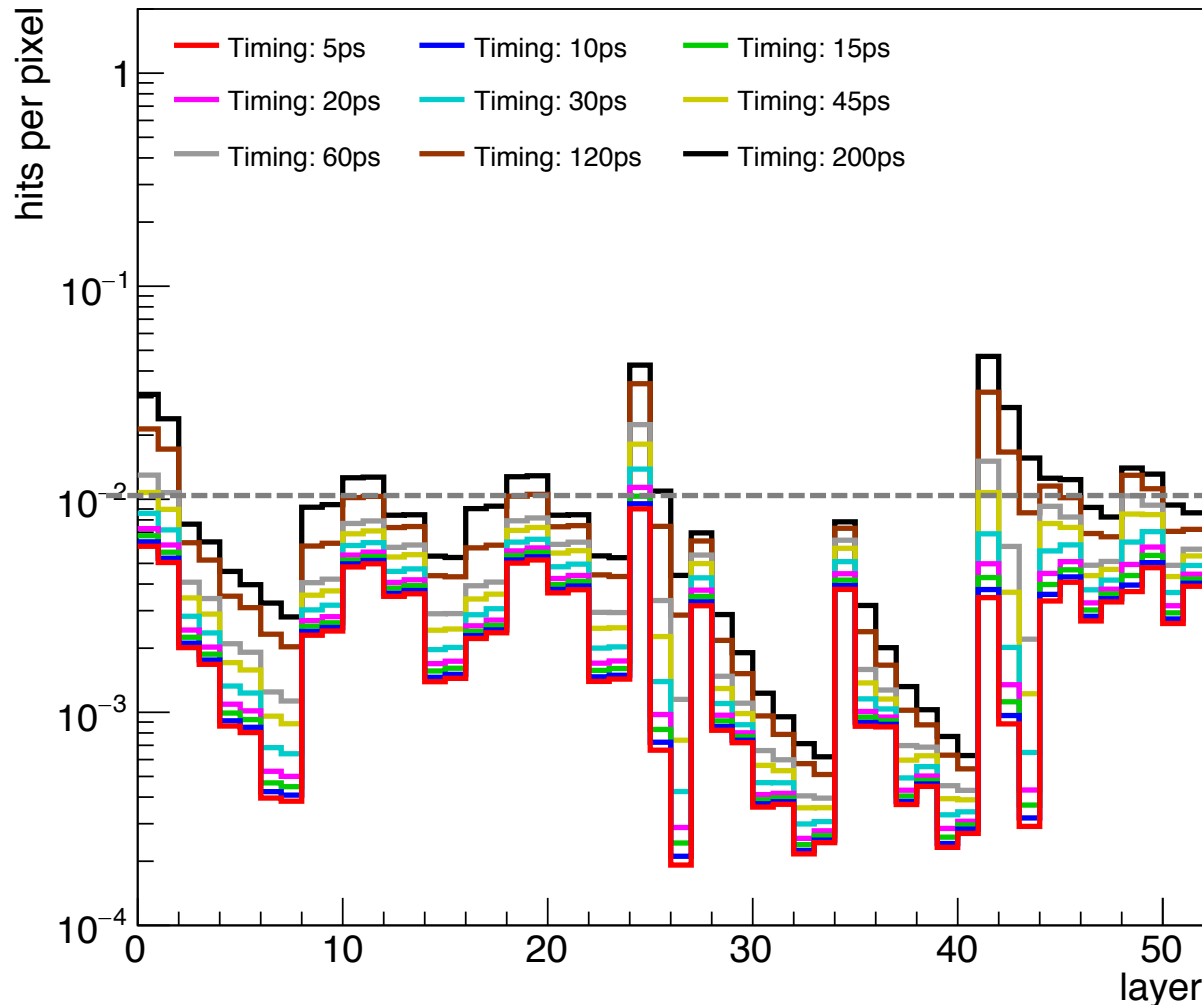
Timing: Vertex layer-1/2 = 30ps, Other Vertex = 60ps,
Inner Barrel+Endcap = 60ps, Outer Barrel+Endcap = 100 ps



- We find that we need:
 - Small square pixel in innermost layers.
 - Macropixels $O(50 \mu\text{m} \times 1 \text{mm})$ for the inner tracker.
 - Short strips $O(100 \mu\text{m} \times 1 \text{cm})$ for the outer tracker.

Reminder of original results: Pixel occupancy with fixed pixel size

Position: Vertex = $50 \times 50 \mu\text{m}^2 / 75 \times 75 \mu\text{m}^2$, Inner: $75 \mu\text{m} \times 1 \text{mm}$, Outer: $100 \mu\text{m} \times 2 \text{cm}$



- If we can afford small pixels/strips, most of the detector can use “modest” timing resolution if $\sim 60\text{ps}$.
- For innermost vertex/inner barrel layer, we will benefit for better timing of 20-30ps.
- However, as all hits shown here are unwanted hits, a very good timing would be very beneficial.

Current tracker configuration for muon collider physics studies

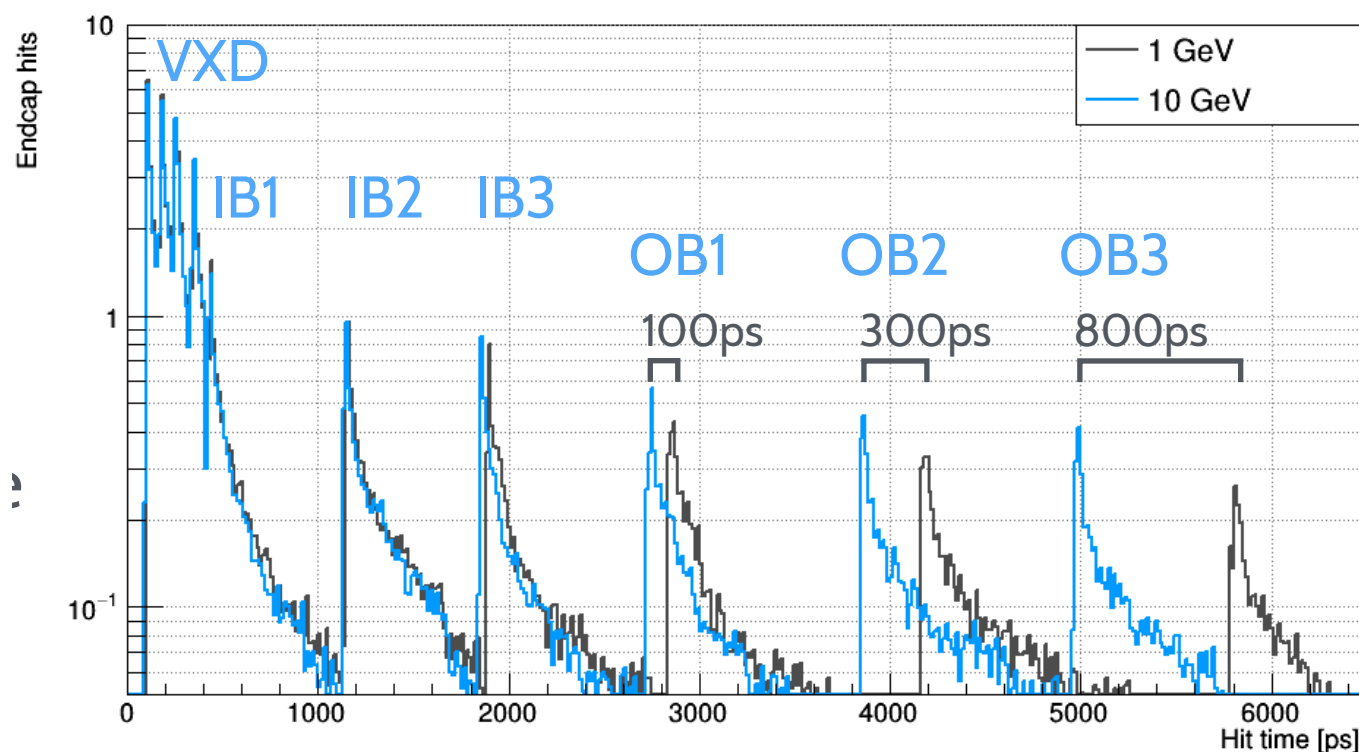
- Based on these and other studies, we fixed the tracker configuration for the snowmass physics studies. For more details, see [this presentation](#) by Massimo Casarsa.

		cell size	sensor thickness	time resolution	spatial resolution	number of cells
VXD	B	25 μm \times 25 μm pixels	50 μm	30 ps	5 μm \times 5 μm	729M
	E	25 μm \times 25 μm pixels	50 μm	30 ps	5 μm \times 5 μm	462M
IT	B	50 μm \times 1 mm macropixels	100 μm	60 ps	7 μm \times 90 μm	164M
	E	50 μm \times 1 mm macropixels	100 μm	60 ps	7 μm \times 90 μm	127M
OT	B	50 μm \times 10 mm microstrips	100 μm	60 ps	7 μm \times 90 μm	117M
	E	50 μm \times 10 mm microstrips	100 μm	60 ps	7 μm \times 90 μm	56M

Sum: 1.6B

New development: upper timing cut

- As shown now several times, slow particles arrive much later at pixel layer especially for the outer tracker.



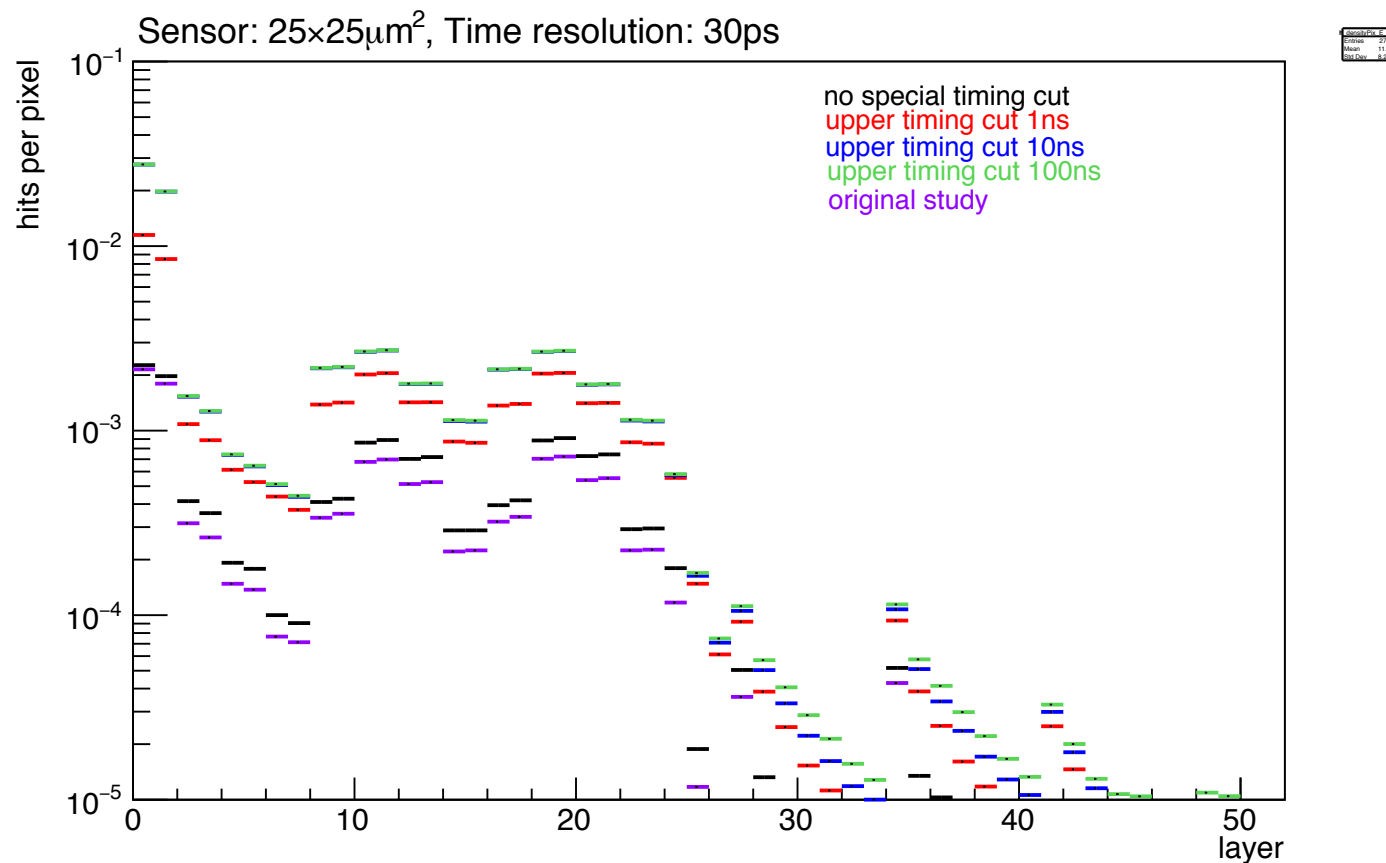
Nazar
Bartosik

- I looked into this.

New development: upper timing cut

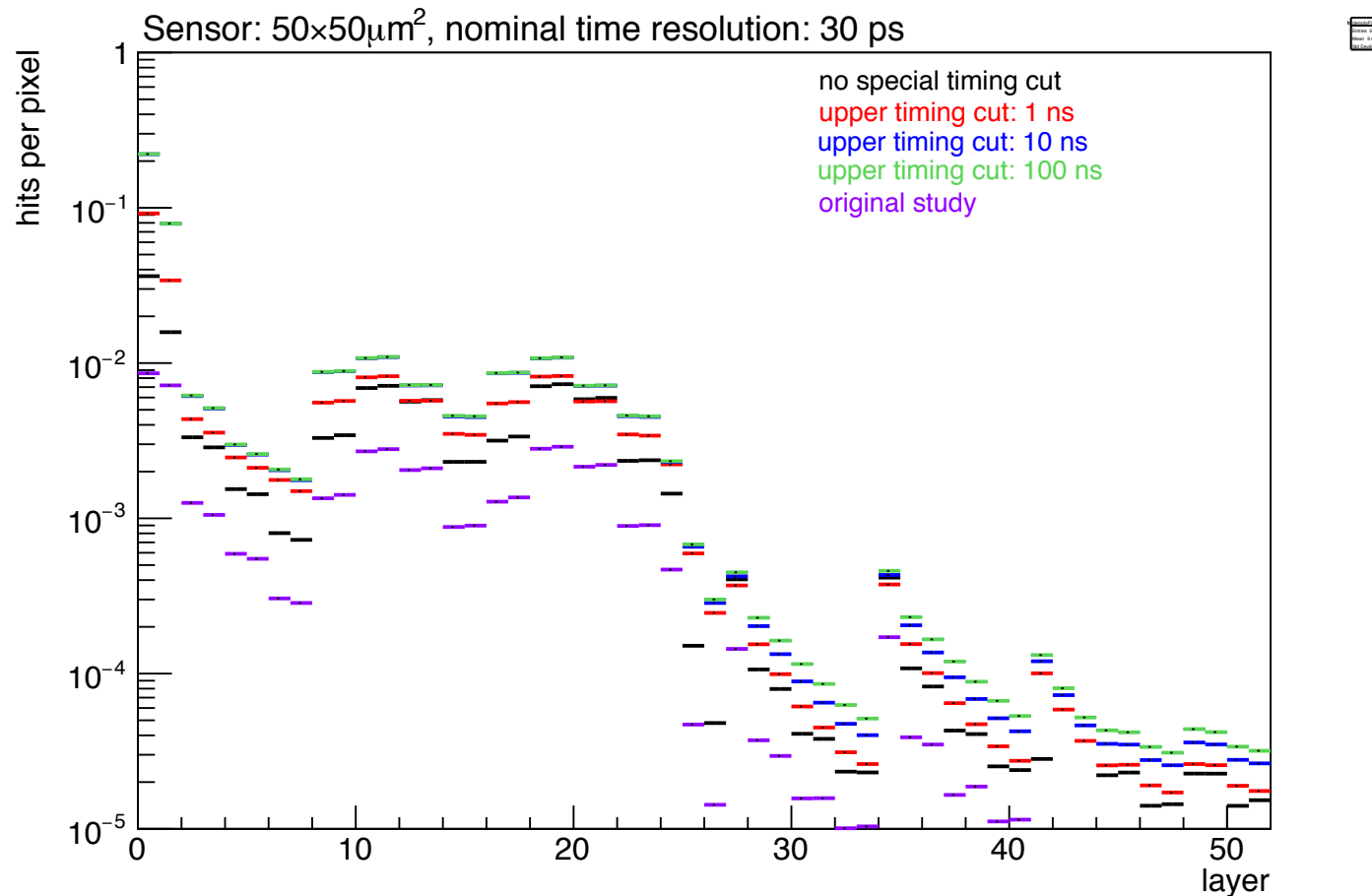
- As shown now several times, slow particles arrive much later at pixel layer especially for the outer tracker.
- Take new ntuples I obtained from Nazar (thank you), reran my study first, i.e. take spatial and time resolution as before, cut on 3σ for time resolution.
- Then open up upper timing cut, place it at 1, 10, or 100 ns.
- Also add on plot the number I got from the previous ntuples from Massimo (which used reco hits not sim hits) – just for comparison.
- See impact on per pixel occupancy – as reminder: goal is $\leq 1-3\%$.

Occupancy for VTX dimensions/timing



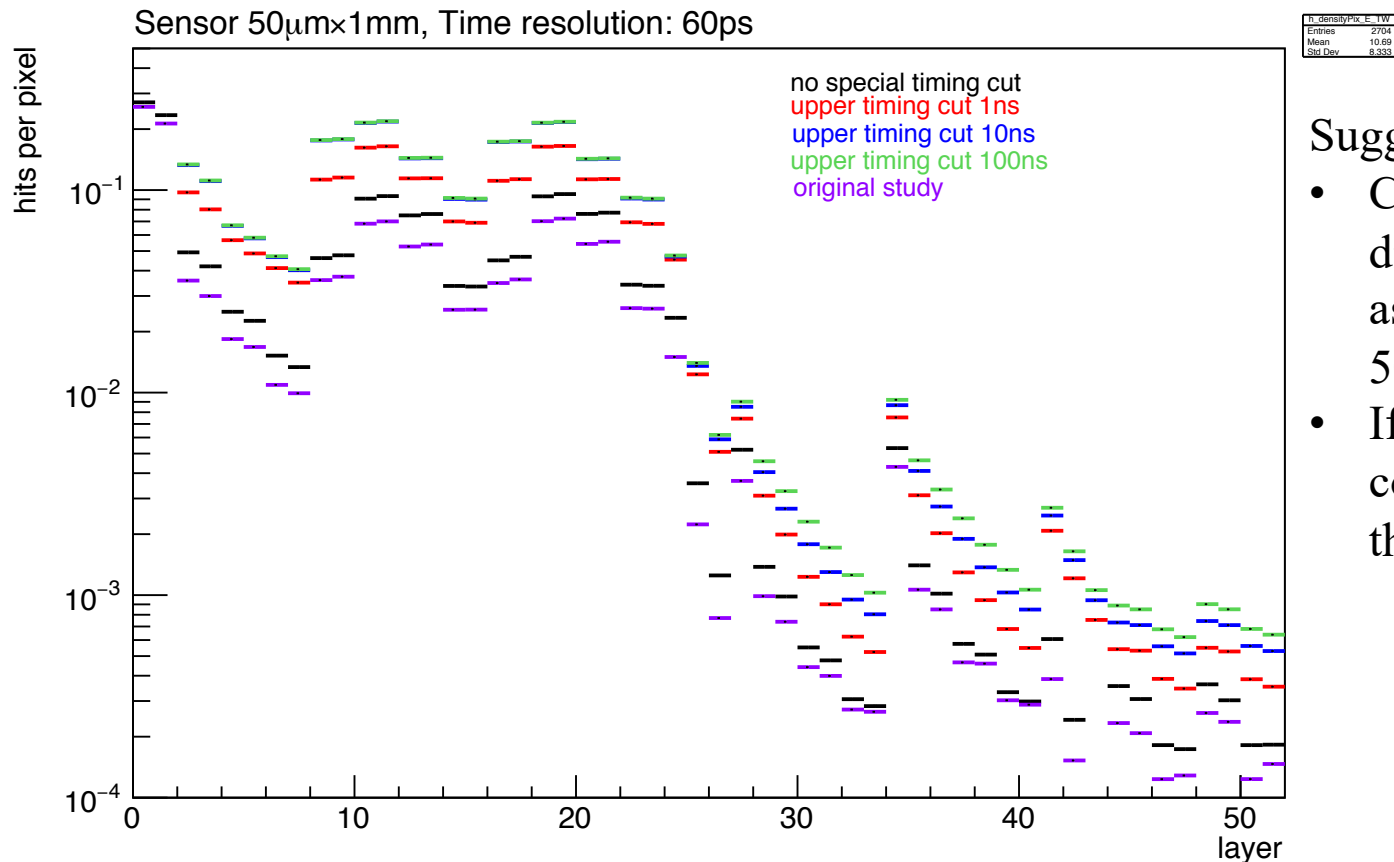
- For $25 \times 25 \mu\text{m}^2$ and $\sigma_t = 30\text{ps}$, opening up upper cut would work, especially for all but two innermost layers.

Occupancy for VTX dimensions/timing



- Simone suggested to look at $50 \times 50 \mu\text{m}^2$ and $\sigma_t = 30\text{ps}$, because digitization might show clusters of >1 pixels per hit. Now two innermost layers cannot live with opened cut.

Occupancy for IT dimensions/timing

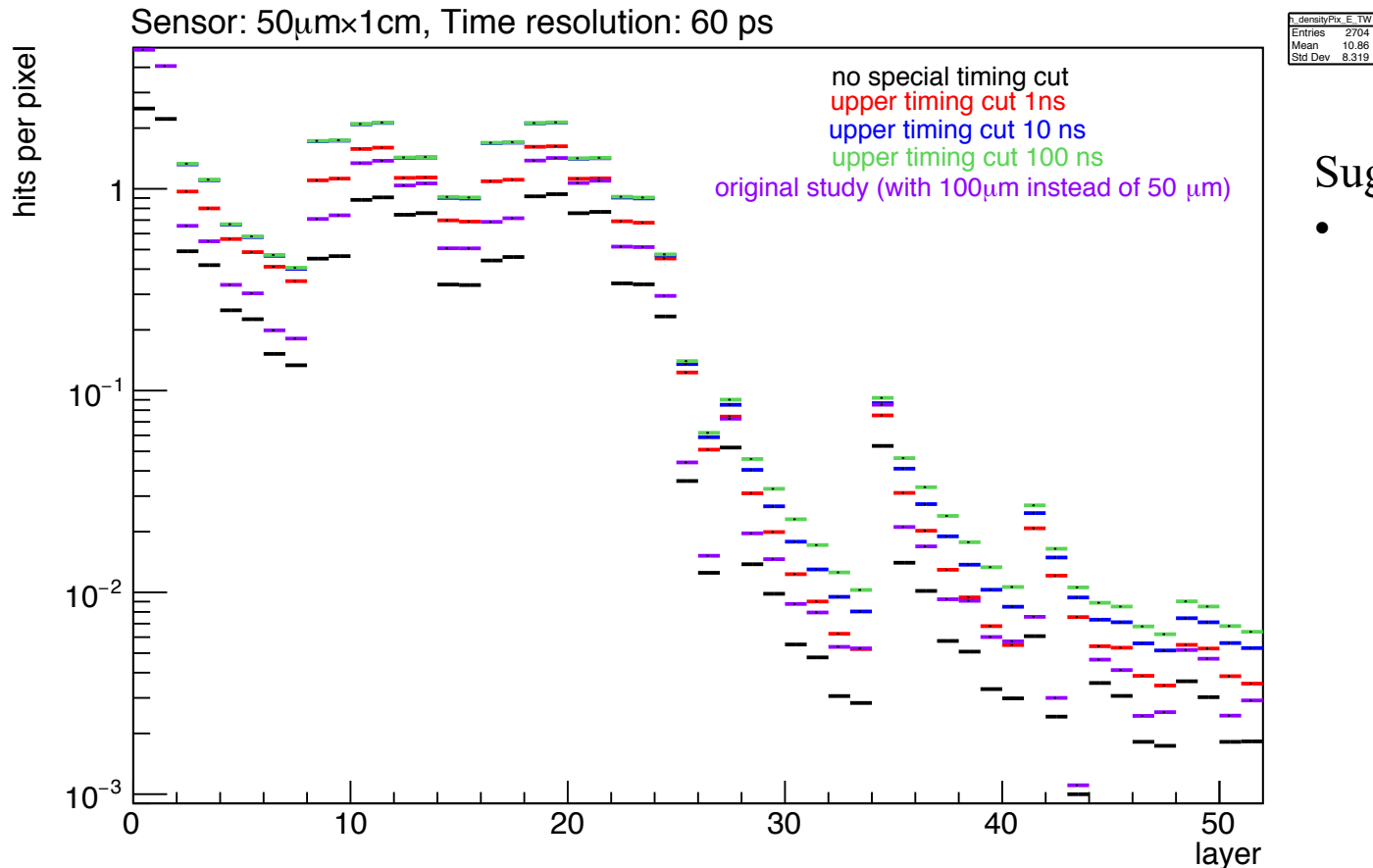


Suggestion:

- Change IT dimensions to asymmetric pixels: $50 \times 200\mu\text{m}^2$
- If it is acceptable, could do this only for the barrel.

- IT is layers 24-27: For the IT barrel, opening cut to 1ns would lead to 4-8% occupancy for barrel. What to do?

Occupancy for OT dimensions/timing



Suggestion:

- If we don't feel good about it, we could change OT barrel to $50\mu\text{m} \times 5\text{mm}$.

- IT is layers 28-51: For the *T barrel, opening cut to 10ns would lead to 3% occupancy for barrel. Is this acceptable?

Summary

- I showed a simple study, studying how many hits can be reconstructed depending on the pixel size and pixel time resolution.
- Yet it was shown, that slow particles arrive much later for the outer layers, need to account for that.
 - Extended study to take that into account.
- Conclusions:
 - For vertex tracker, besides two innermost layers, opening up upper timing cut should be fine. Since those two layers are closest to interaction point, I don't think any action is needed.
 - For inner tracker, the barrel would suffer if opening up upper timing cut to 1 ns. Probably need smaller pixel size, e.g. $50 \times 200 \mu\text{m}^2$ should work. Does this sound reasonable? Should it be done only for the barrel or all of the inner tracker.
 - For outer tracker, it looks generally fine, but innermost barrel layer is borderline at 3% occupancy. So maybe also reduce pixel size for outer barrel?