

Locking of Central Interferometer of Advanced Virgo+

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Outline

- Introduction
- PRMI and DRMI configurations.
- Working point and trigger logic
- 1f error signals
- CITF without TCS
- CITF locked
- Hand off to 3f signals.
- DRMI and CARM offset.

Introduction

Addition of Signal recycling mirror (SRM) for Advanced Virgo+ in O4. Hence, we need to control 5 longitudinal DOFs.



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PRMI Controls' Scheme in O3



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DRMI Controls' Scheme in O4



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Working Point



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Trigger Logic

Sufficient flashes are checked for B4 photodiode which is located at the pickoff of PR





PDH (Pound-Drever-Hall) 1f error signals chosen for CITF lock:

Simulations for Ideal CITF



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DATA

Decoupling of Longitudinal DOFs

PRCL gains were optimized to decouple MICH and PRCL Demodulation phases were optimized to decouple MICH and SRCL



Logbook entry no. -51420

PR Angular Control

PR angular controls were implemented to maximize the power on the sidebands



CITF locking Without TCS

Due to the cold abbreations present in the Advanced Virgo (because of two margianly stable cavities, PRC and SRC, in the CITF), error signals were not reliable.



TCS New Benches

New central heating (CH) benches were installed to compensate the (cold) optical aberrations for both input mirrors to achieve the beam size 50mm (same as IR).





TCS Tuning

Central Heating was switched on 2nd March, 21 to improve quality and optical gain of the error signals for PRC and SRC for the CITF/DRMI lock (Logbook entry no.- <u>50951</u>).



Central Heating Effect

Improvement in the Optical gains were observed in PRCL and MICH when Central Heating was turned on while demodulation phases were unchanged.

Simulations



<u>Analysis</u>



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CITF Lock

First robust DRMI lock was achived on 16th March, 21 (Logbook entry no.-<u>51118</u>) with marginally stable cavities and was stable for ~ 30 mins.



Optimize Power in Sidebands

To further improve the power in sidebands to robust the lock of DRMI, NI CH was tuned and gains were adjusted to have almost constant UGF. (Logbook Entry no-<u>51373</u>).



Data

Simulations

Maximize Optical Gains

Preliminary results while maximizing optical gain for MICH, PRCL, and SRCL with Central Heating power.



Control of Full Interferometer



- Locking full ITF requires control over all 5 DOFs simultaneously —> CARM offset reduction
- Since we are far from IR resonance, we using the beating signal for the auxillary beam while keeping DRMI locked.

DRMI Hand off to 3f

For controlling DARM, and CARM with DRMI, 3f error signals are chosen for locking the DRMI instead of 1f as they are insensitive to CARM offset reductions.

PRCL : $6MHz I \rightarrow 18MHz I$ MICH : $56MHz I \rightarrow 169MHz I$ SRCL : 56MHz Q Normalized $\rightarrow 169MHz Q$



Logbook entry no.- <u>51170</u>

PR Hand off to 3f

PR angular control signals were also handed off to 3f for the CARM offset reduction.



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Future Work

- Improve robustness for DRMI when arms are locked on green beam.
- Tuning of the compensation for the two input mirrors.
- DRMI and CARM offset reduction close to 7Hz.
- Hand off Longitudinal DOFs to its final steady state signals.

THANK YOU!

Summary



DRMI lock with marginally stable cavities



Effect of Central Heating





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