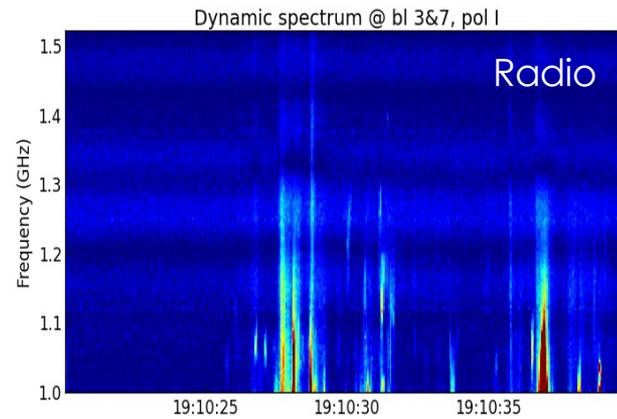
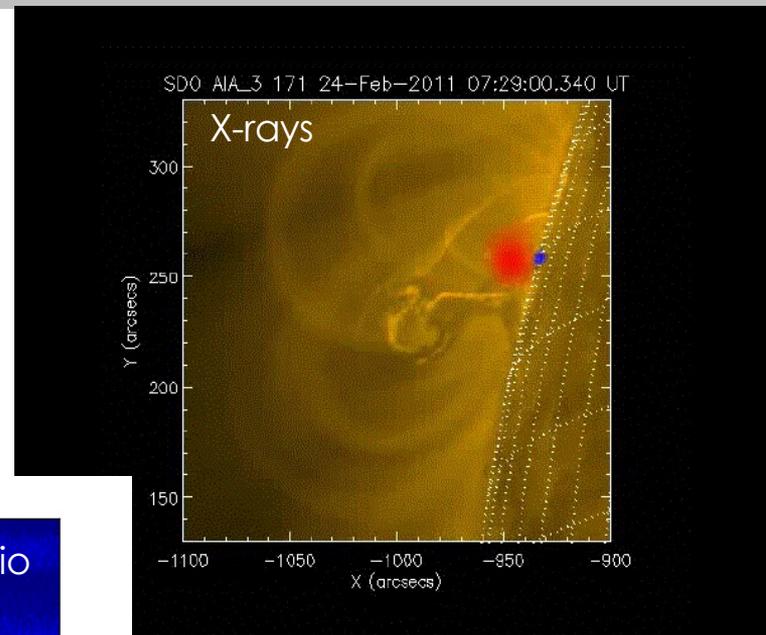
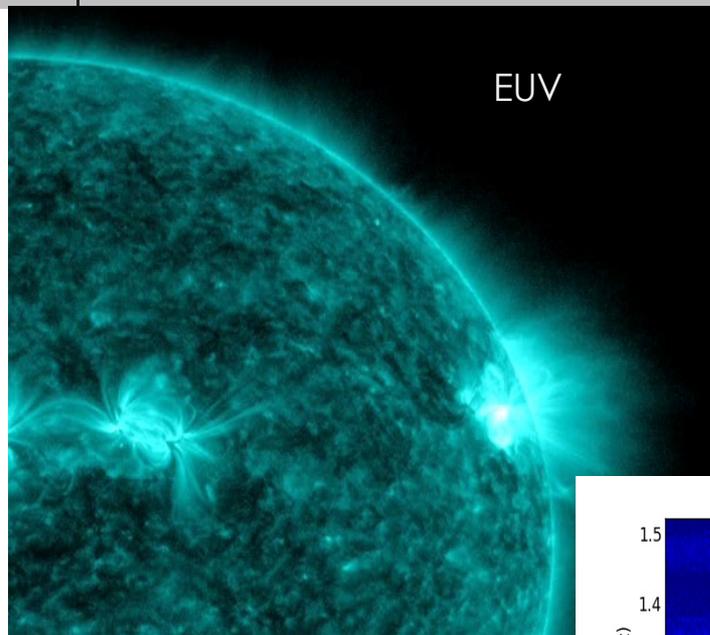


# Multi-wavelength observations of electron energization in solar flares

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# Outline

1. Open questions surrounding electron energization in flares
2. Multi-wavelength signatures of energetic electrons
3. Locations of electron energizations
4. Spectral signatures of electron energizations
5. A change of perspective
6. Summary
7. Questions

# 1. Open questions surrounding electron energization in flares

**Where** are electrons accelerated?

**How** are electrons accelerated?

How much **energy** is contained in accelerated electrons?

What are the **timescales** of electron energization?

How are electrons **transported** in the corona?

How does the atmosphere **react** to flare energy input?

# 1. Open questions surrounding electron energization in flares

**Where** are electrons accelerated?

**How** are electrons accelerated?

How much **energy** is contained in accelerated electrons?

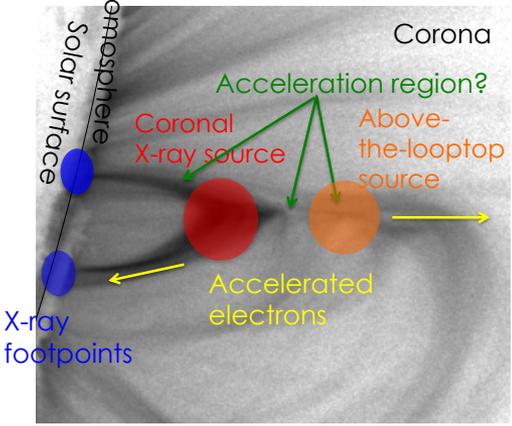
What are the **timescales** of electron energization?

How are electrons **transported** in the corona?

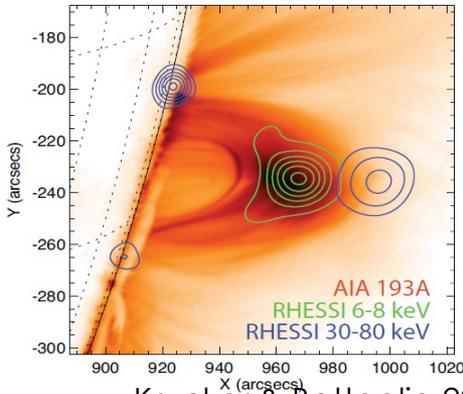
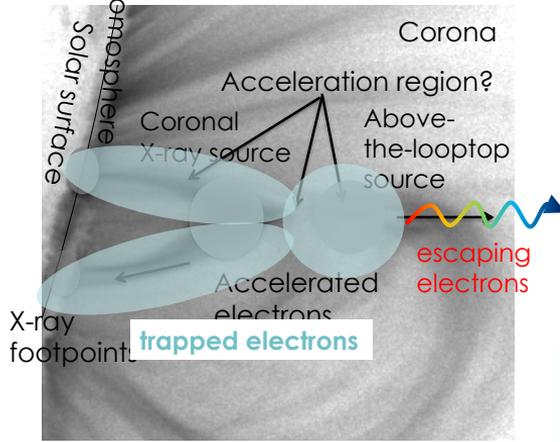
How does the atmosphere **react** to flare energy input?

# 2. Multi-wavelength signatures of energetic electrons

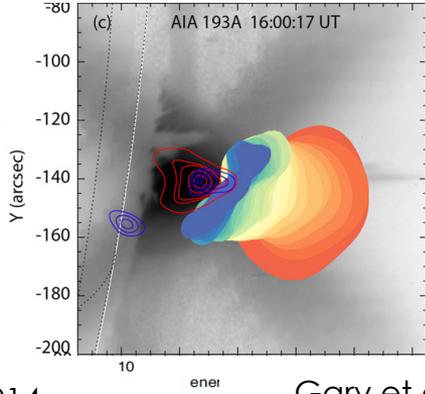
X-ray emission in the standard flare scenario



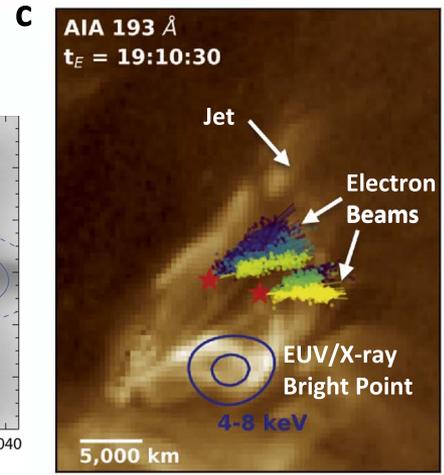
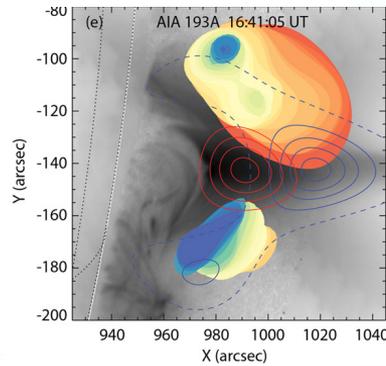
Radio emission in the standard flare scenario



Krucker & Battaglia 2014



Gary et al. 2018



Chen et al. 2018

## 3. Locations of electron energization

### Important for

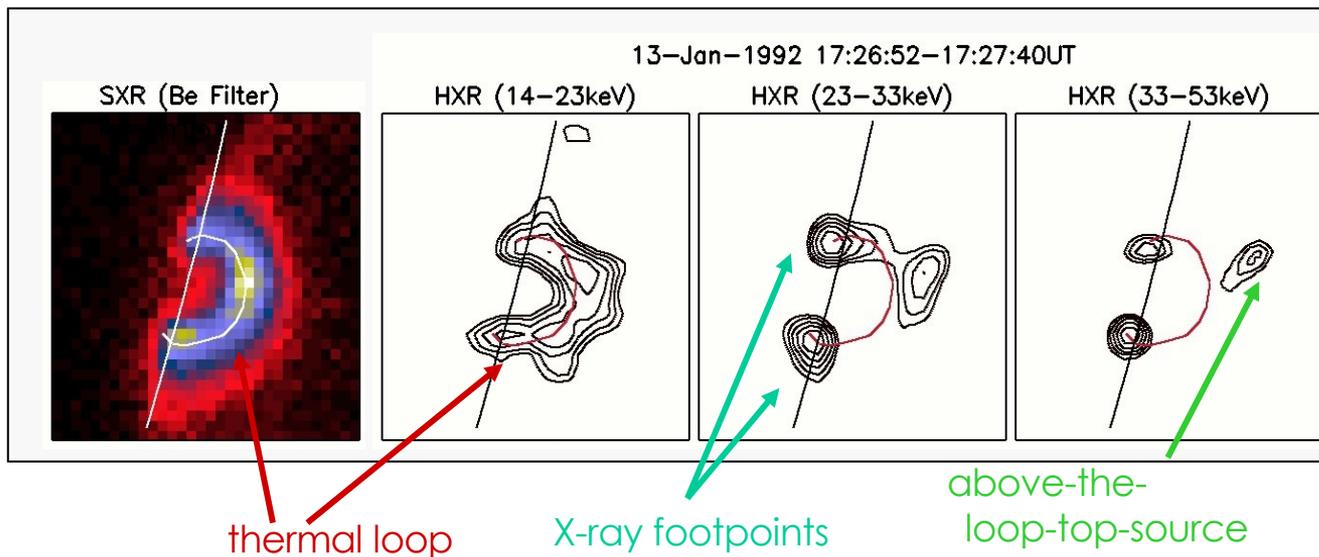
- Flare geometry and morphology
- Relation between reconnection and acceleration
- Atmospheric response

### Challenges

- Instrument sensitivity and dynamic range
- Angular resolution
- Temporal resolution

### 3. Locations of electron energization

#### Above the loop-top-source as acceleration region



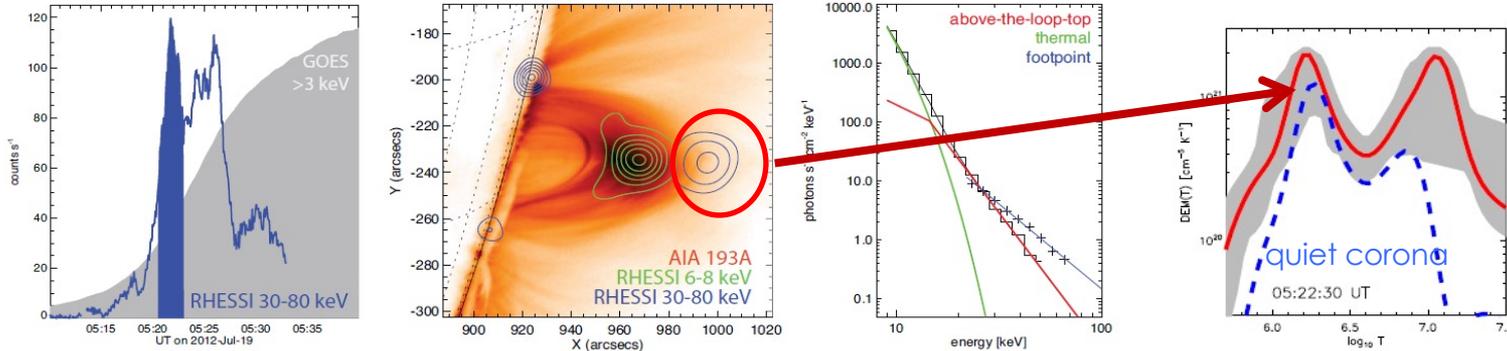
Masuda et al.  
1994: first  
observation of a  
HXR source in the  
corona with  
Yohkoh → now  
interpreted as  
signature of  
accelerated  
electrons



# 3. Locations of electron energization

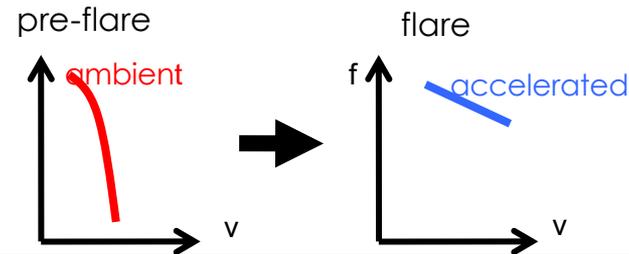
## Bulk acceleration in the above-the-loop-top source

Krucker & Battaglia 2014



- RHESSI imaging spectroscopy to infer density of accelerated electrons:  $n_{nt} \sim 10^9 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
  - SDO/AIA differential emission measure analysis to determine ambient density  $n_0$
- ratio  $n_{nt}/n_0$  is close to 1

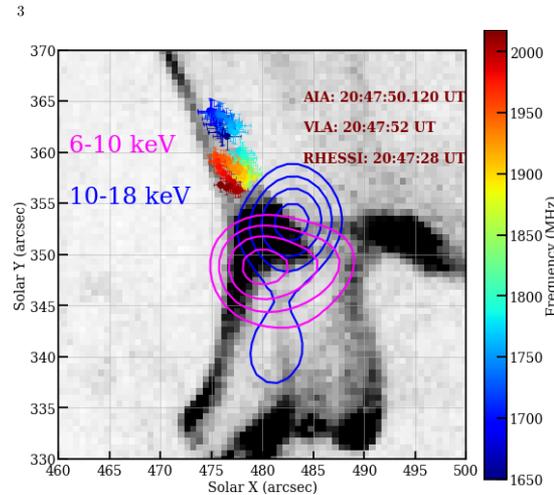
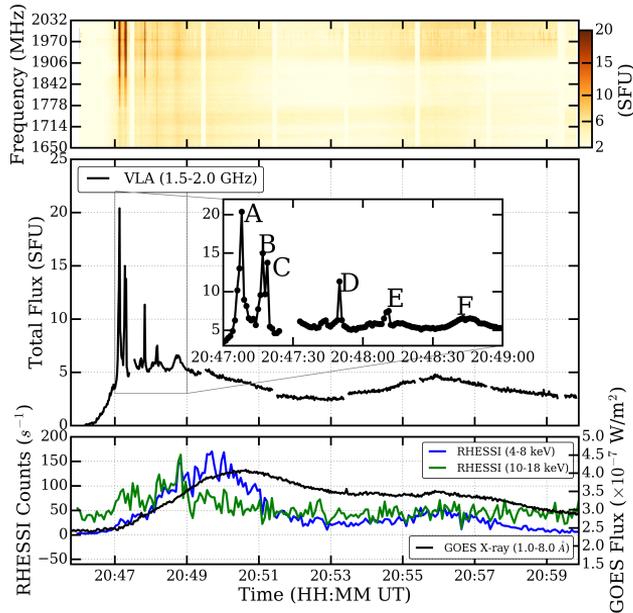
**Interpretation:** Entire plasma is accelerated (non-thermal) in bulk energization process  
Above the loop-top-source is acceleration region





# 3. Locations of electron energization

## Multiple acceleration sites



(D)

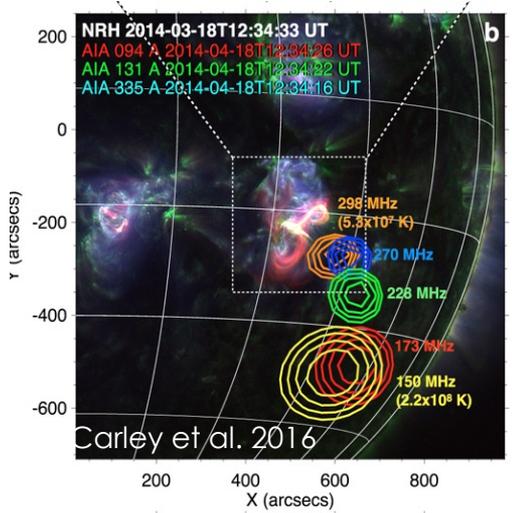
Sharma et al. 2020

Imaging and spectroscopy  
 → different electron populations

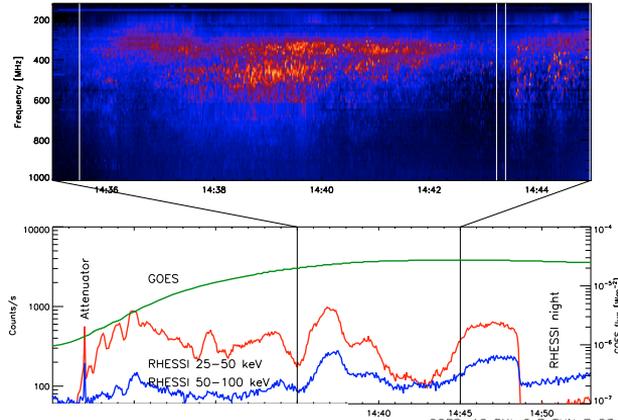


# 3. Locations of electron energization

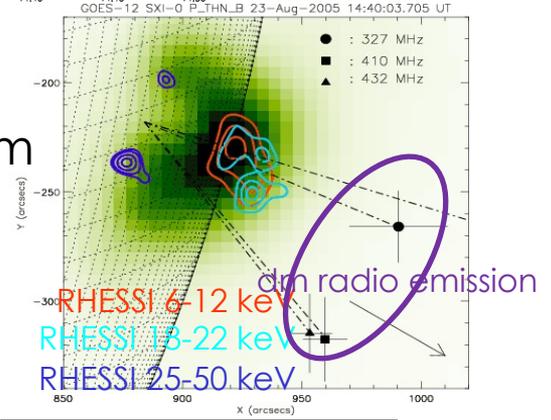
## Multiple acceleration sites

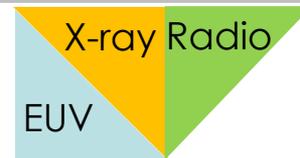


Type III burst associated with an erupting flux rope (Carley et al. 2016)



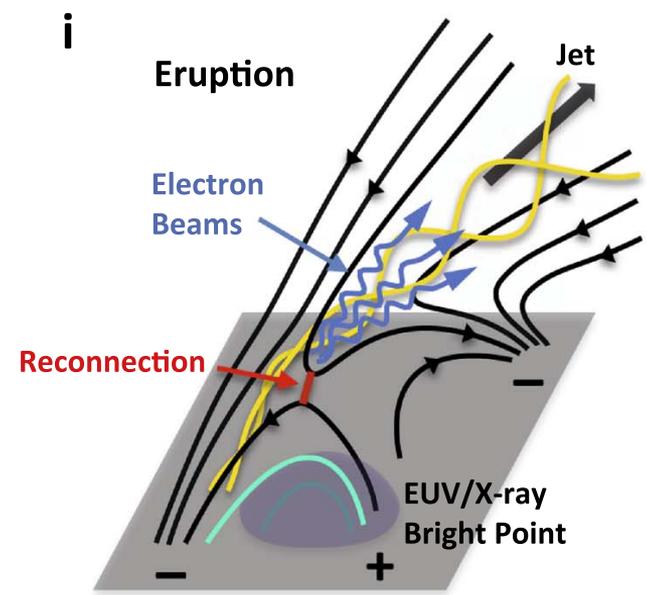
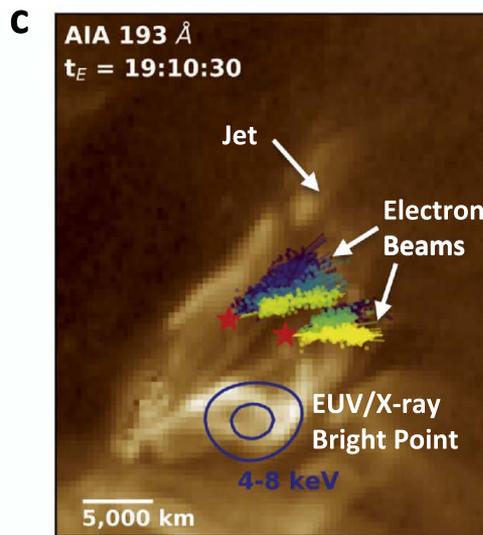
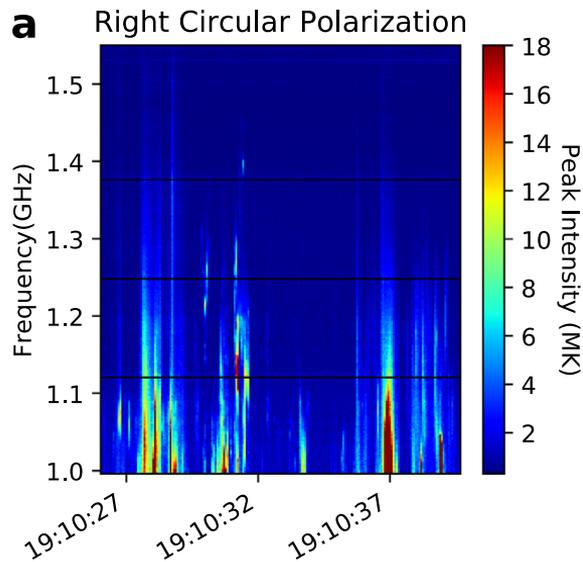
Decimetric spikes from above the flare site (Battaglia & Benz 2009)





# 3. Locations of electron energization

## The reconnection region itself?



Chen et al. 2018

# 4. Spectral signatures of electron energization

## Important for

- Total energetics
- Thermal – nonthermal energy partition
- Acceleration mechanism
- Atmospheric response

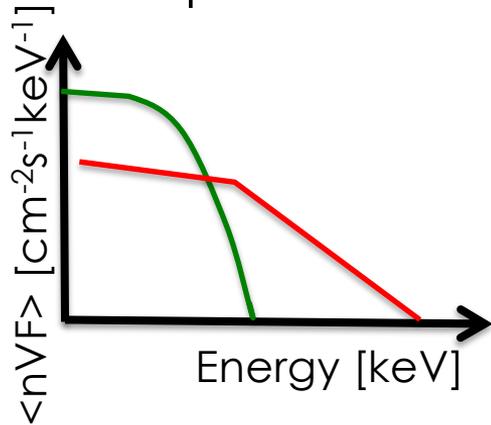
## Challenges

- Energy coverage
- Spectral inversion / fitting models
- Low energy cutoff

# 4. Spectral signatures of electron energization

## Spectral models and the kappa-distribution

Thermal + power-law

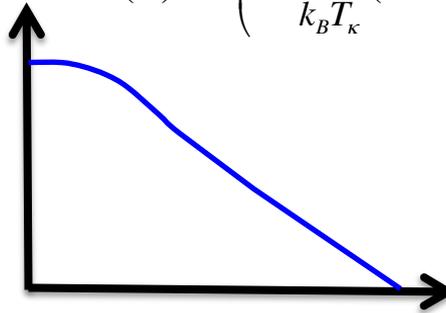


$T, EM, \delta,$

flux normalization

,  $E_{cut}$

$$F(E) \propto E \left( 1 + \frac{E}{k_B T_\kappa} (\kappa - 1.5) \right)^{-(\kappa+1)}$$



$\rightarrow T_\kappa, EM_\kappa, \kappa$

## Why kappa?

- Single analytic function to describe whole spectrum
- No cutoff needed
- Found in multiple RHESSI observations (e.g. Kasparova & Karlicky 2009, Oka et. al. 2013/2015)
- Supported by stochastic acceleration models (e.g. Bian et al 2014)

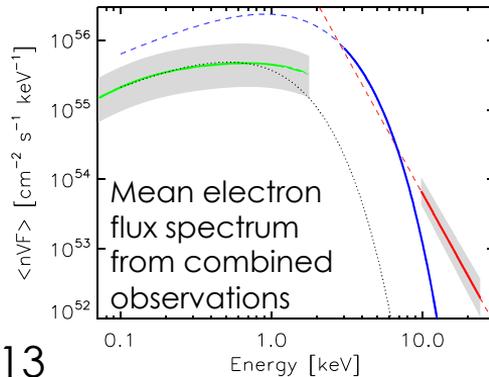
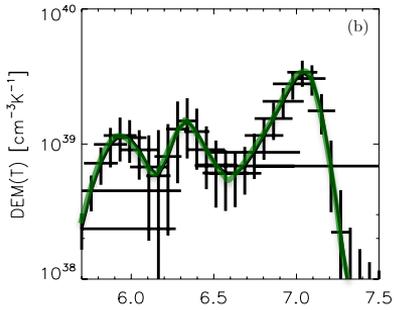


# 4. Spectral signatures of electron energization

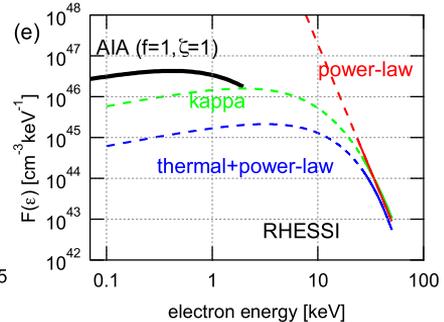
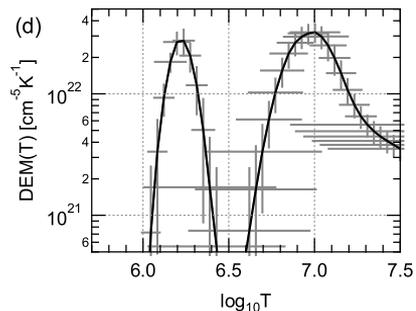
## Electron spectra from combined EUV and X-ray observations

$\langle nVF \rangle$  is directly related to DEM:  $\langle nVF \rangle = \frac{2^{3/2} E}{(\pi m_e)^{1/2}} \int_0^\infty \frac{\xi(T)}{(k_B T)^{3/2}} \exp(-E/k_B T) dT$ .

Combining AIA with RHESSI we can extend the energy range down to  $\sim 0.1$  keV



Case D: 2013 May 13



Battaglia & Kontar 2013

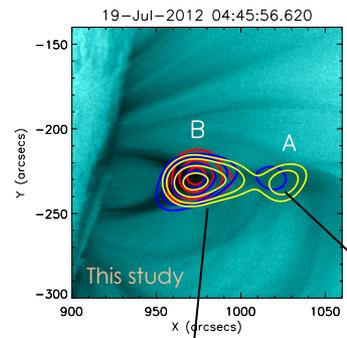
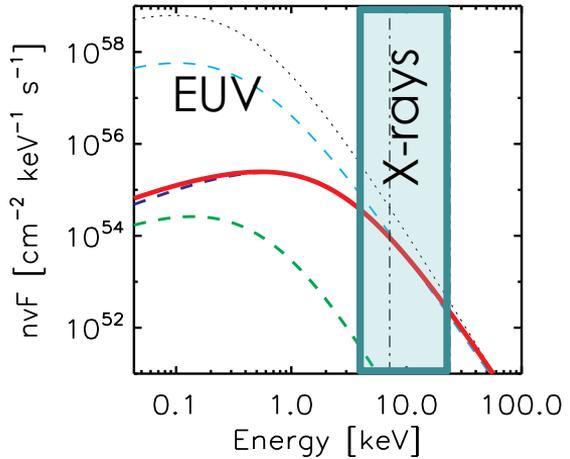
Oka et al. 2015



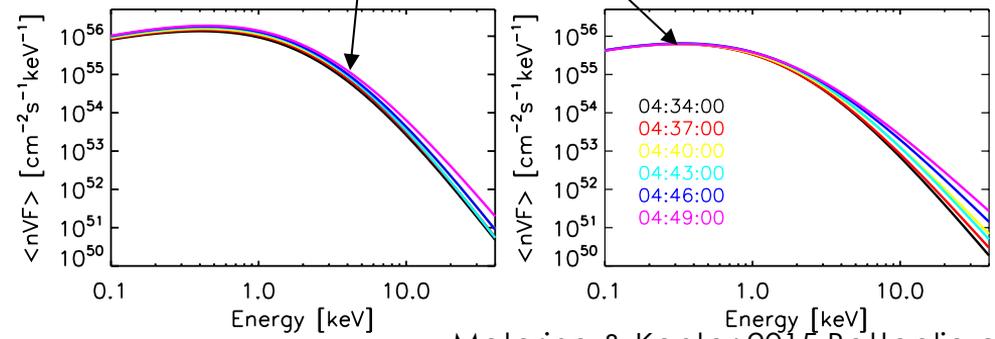
# 4. Spectral signatures of electron energization

## Electron spectra from combined EUV and X-ray fitting

Combine AIA and RHESSI response matrix into one and forward-fit kappa-distribution



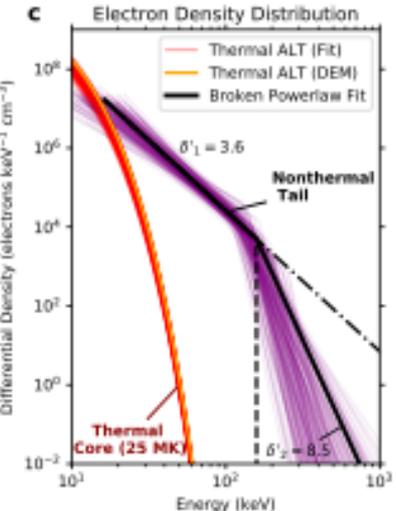
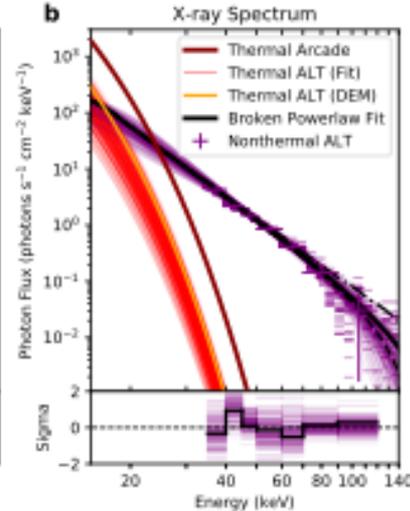
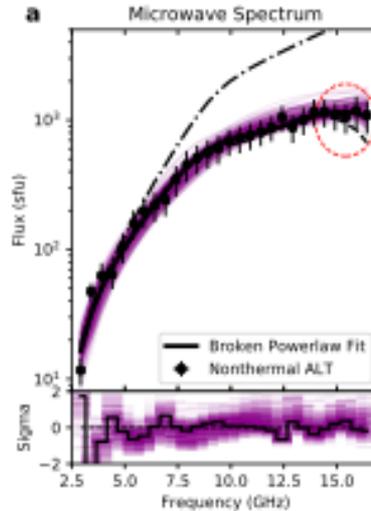
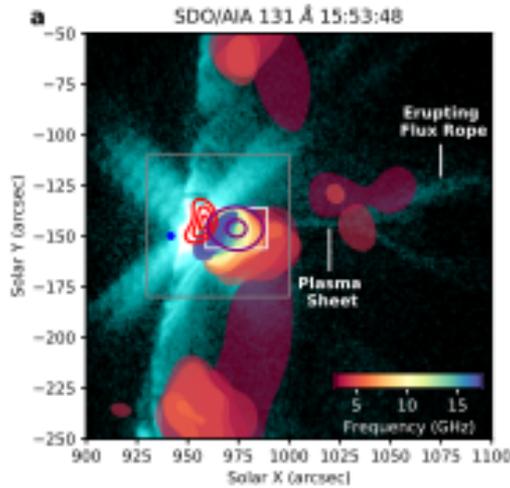
Example: Continuous hardening in Source A vs overall rise in spectrum in Source B





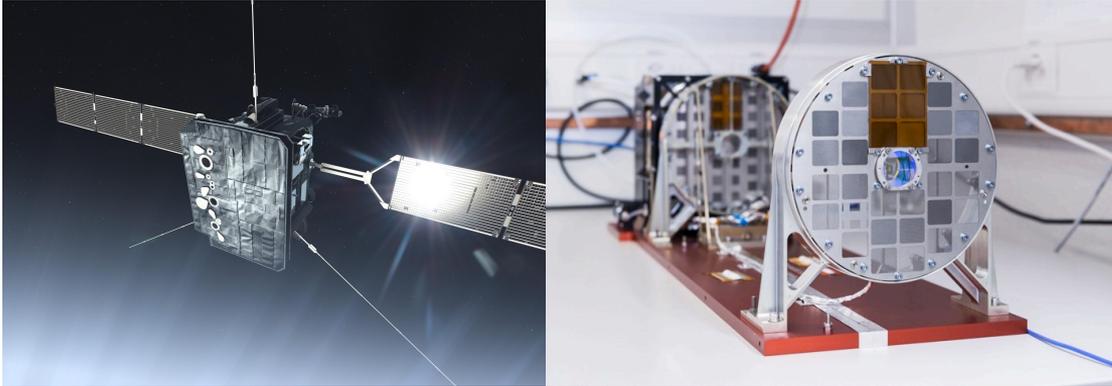
# 4. Spectral signatures of electron energization

## Electron spectra from joint X-ray and radio fitting



Chen et al. 2021

## 5. A change of perspective



The Spectrometer/Telescope  
for Imaging X-rays (STIX)

32 CdTe detectors

30 grid pairs

Imaging via Moiré patterns  
(Fourier imaging)

<b>Energy range</b>	4 – 150 keV
<b>Energy resolution</b>	1 keV at lowest energies
<b>Temporal resolution</b>	1 s (nominal)
<b>Angular resolution</b>	7 arcsec (at 1 AU)

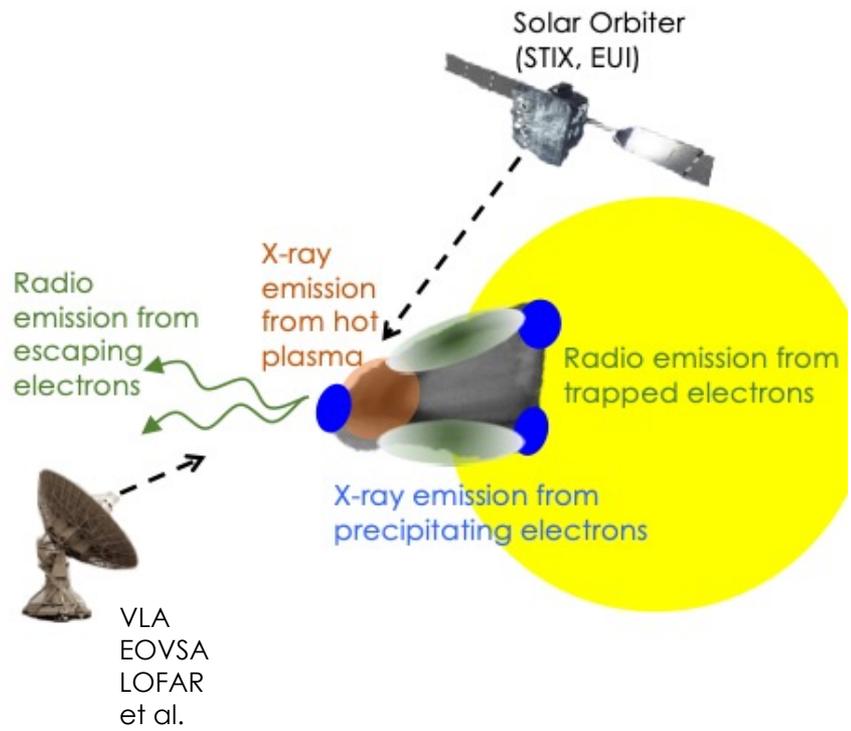
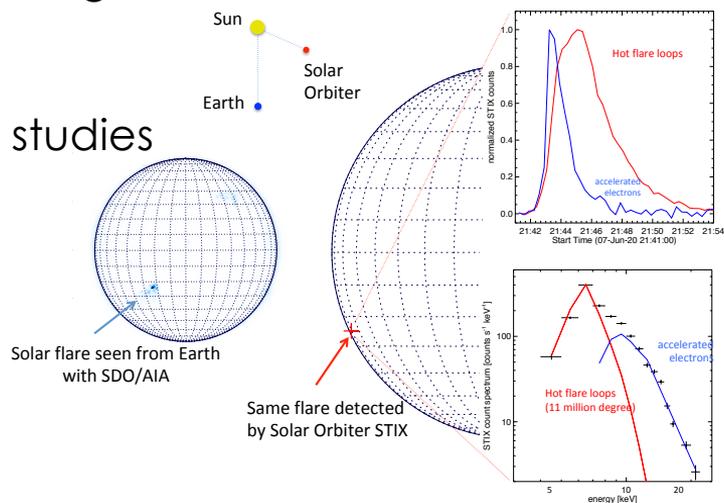
# 5. A change of perspective

## Electron energization in 3D with STIX

### Two different viewing angles

- First pseudo-3D model of electron energization in solar flares

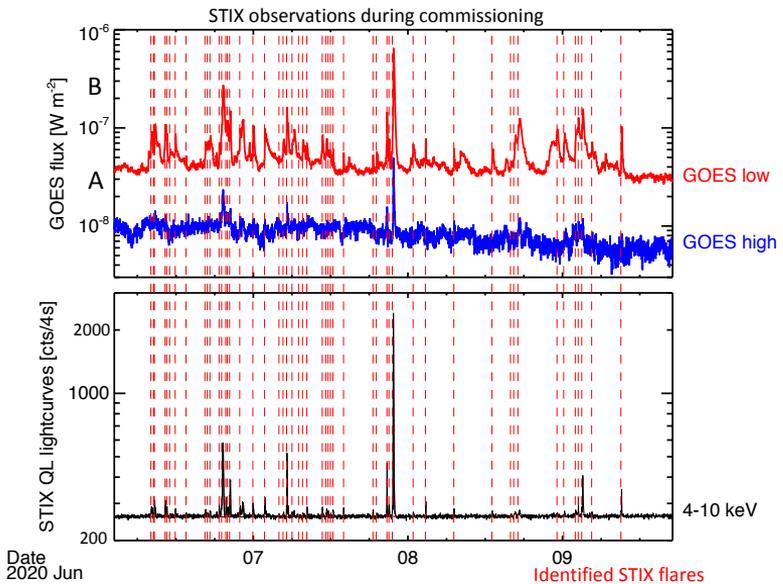
- Directivity studies



# 5. A change of perspective

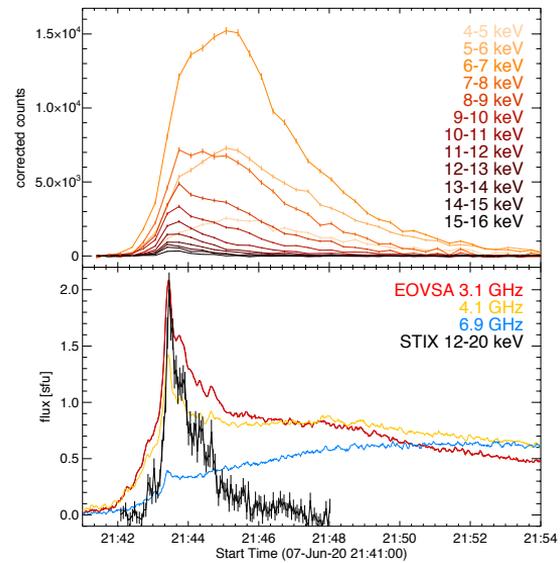
STIX sees flares!

Several hundred flares observed so far



First results from STIX:

Poster by Jonas Saqri  
Talk by Alexander Warmuth (Q6)



## 6. Summary

Multi-wavelength imaging and spectroscopy allows us to study many aspects of electron energization in flares, such as where, when, and how electrons are energized, to what energies, and how these energies are partitioned.

Solar Orbiter adds a new perspective: Combining STIX X-ray observations with radio observations from Earth provides a quasi-3D picture of electron energization.

## 7. Questions?