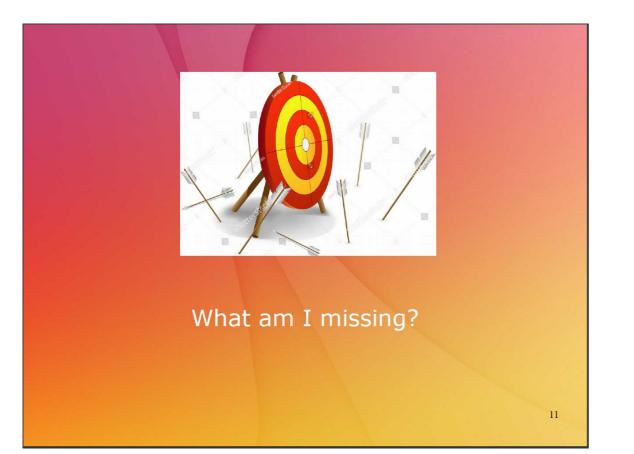


Relative phase measurements with $e+e- \rightarrow pipiJ/psi$

G Mezzadri

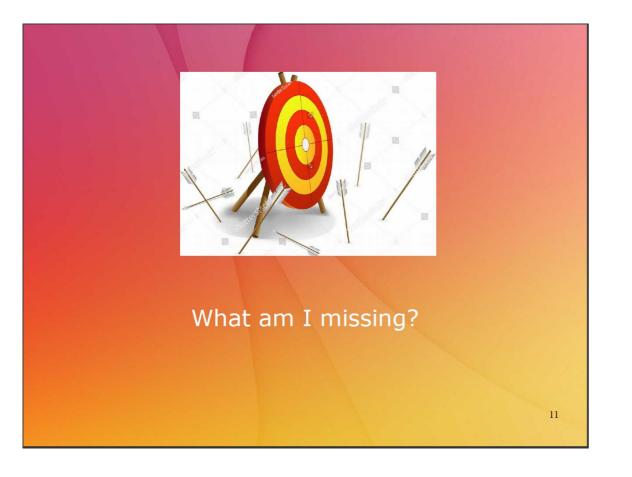
BESIII Italia - 5/3/21

On the previous episodes...

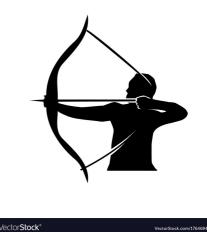


Last time I presented at BESIII italia, I had more questions than answers

On the previous episodes...



Last time I presented at BESIII italia, I had more questions than answers



Today I show new ideas!

First things first – MC and datasets

2018 psi(2S) scan

Requested Energy (MeV)	Requested Luminosity (nb^{-1})	Run number	Energy (MeV)	Spread (MeV)	Luminosity (nb^{-1})
3580	85	55375 - 55461	3581.543 ± 0.060	1.493 ± 0.060	85665.6
3670	85	55462-55541	3670.158 ± 0.063	1.410 ± 0.053	84719.7
3681	85	55542-55635	3680.144 ± 0.061	1.517 ± 0.060	84814.5
3683	55	55636 - 55662	3682.752 ± 0.115	1.710 ± 0.104	28668.3
-	-	55663-55690	3684.224 ± 0.119	1.547 ± 0.122	28651.6
3685.5	25	55691-55716	3685.264 ± 0.105	1.478 ± 0.111	25982.8
3686.6	25	55717-55737	3686.496 ± 0.120	1.594 ± 0.117	25055.1
3690	70	55738-55795	3691.363 ± 0.075	1.541 ± 0.074	69374.6
3710	70	55796-55859	3709.755 ± 0.074	1.460 ± 0.075	70326.7

Additional point at 3.65 GeV - continuum

Boss version 7.0.4 – Using KKMC for each energy 20k e+e- \rightarrow pi+ pi- J/psi \rightarrow pi+ pi- e+ e- 20k e+e- \rightarrow pi+ pi- J/psi \rightarrow pi+ pi- mu+ mu-



Event selection

- Event selection follows similar criteria of other pipiJ/psi final state analyses (PRL 118, 092001 (2017))
- Event Selections:
 - 4 charged tracks with 0 net charge
 - | cos θ| < 0.93</p>
 - |V_{z,poca}| < 10 cm
 - $|V_{xy,poca}| < 1 \text{ cm}$
 - p > 1.06 track is a lepton
 - $\mathbf{p} < 0.45 \text{track}$ is a pion
 - 4C kinematic fit is applied

• Radiative Bhabha and radiative dimuons background are suppressed by a cut on the opening angle between the two pions (cos | θ_{pipi} | < 0.98) and non-radiative Bhabha events are further suppressed with a cut on the opening angle between the two lepton (cos | θ_{ee} | < 0.98).

Event selection

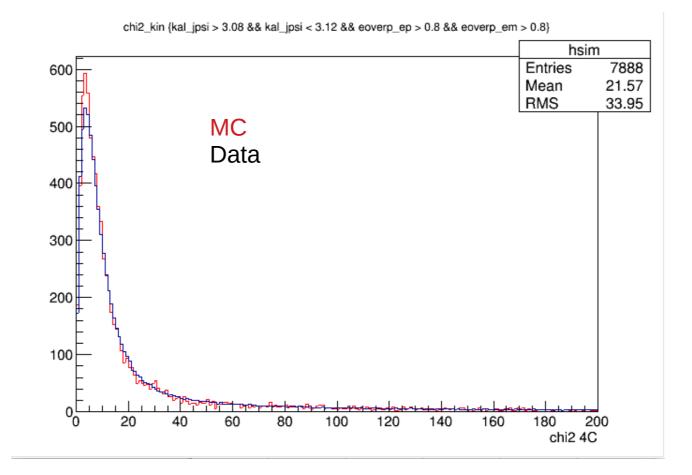
- Event selection follows similar criteria of other pipiJ/psi final state analyses (PRL 118, 092001 (2017))
- Event Selections:
 - 4 charged tracks with 0 net charge
 - | cos θ| < 0.93</p>
 - $|V_{z,poca}| < 10 \text{ cm}$
 - $|V_{xy,poca}| < 1 \text{ cm}$
 - p > 1.06 track is a lepton
 - **p** < 0.45 track is a pion
 - 4C kinematic fit is applied



Found first problem! There was a bug into the 4C fitting procedure. Gained ~5% efficiency

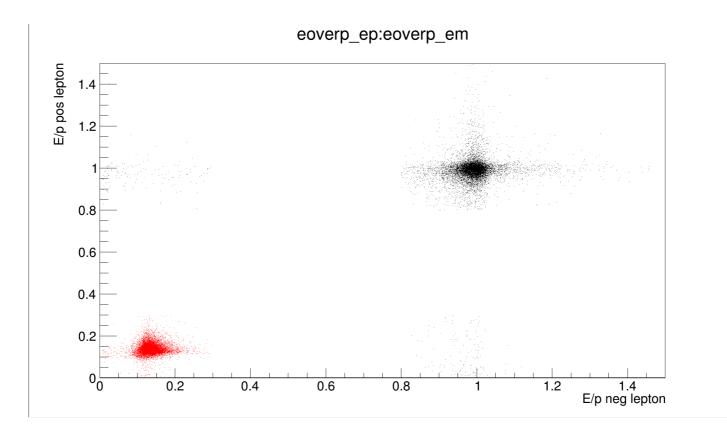
• Radiative Bhabha and radiative dimuons background are suppressed by a cut on the opening angle between the two pions (cos | θ_{pipi} | < 0.98) and non-radiative Bhabha events are further suppressed with a cut on the opening angle between the two lepton (cos | θ_{ee} | < 0.98).

Example plot – chi2 kin

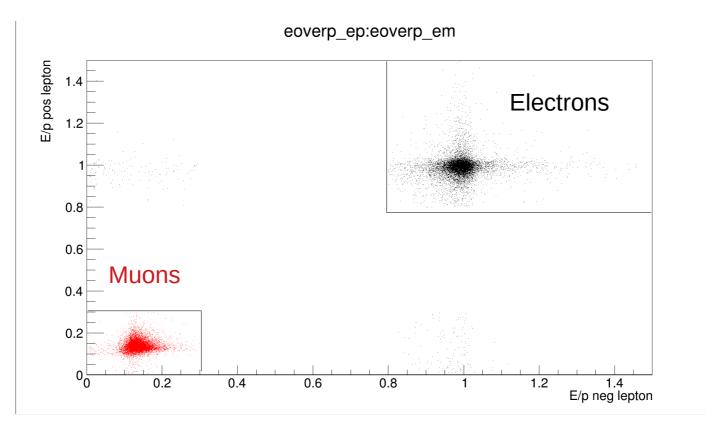




How to leptify?

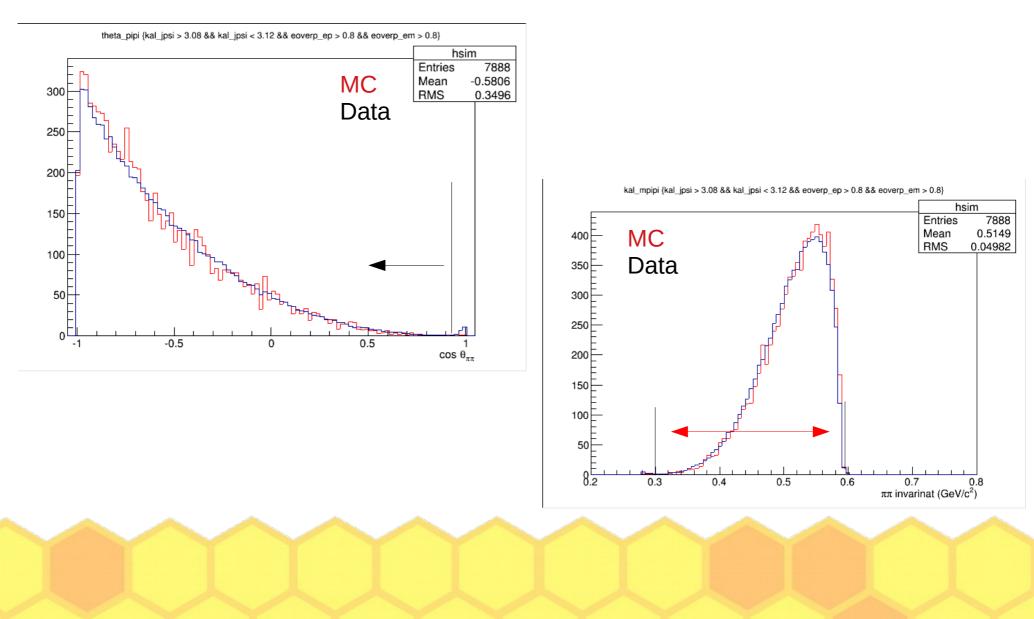


How to leptify?



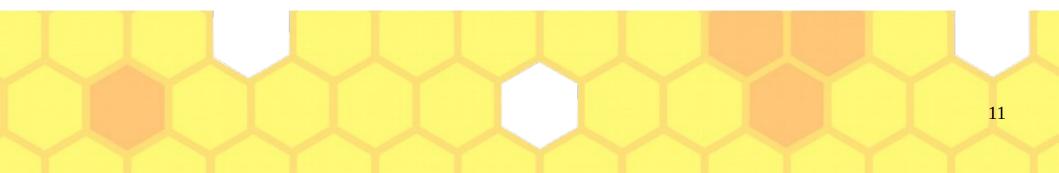
Difference of the response in the EMC allows to separate electrons and muons

"Typical plots" comparison - @ 3.6866 GeV



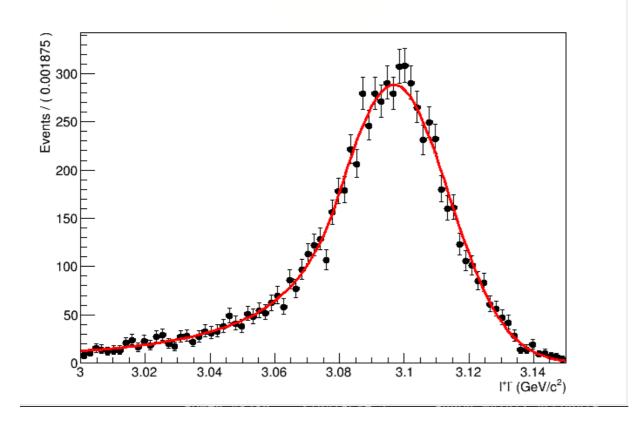


Fitting the electronic final states



Fit to MC – 3.6866 GeV

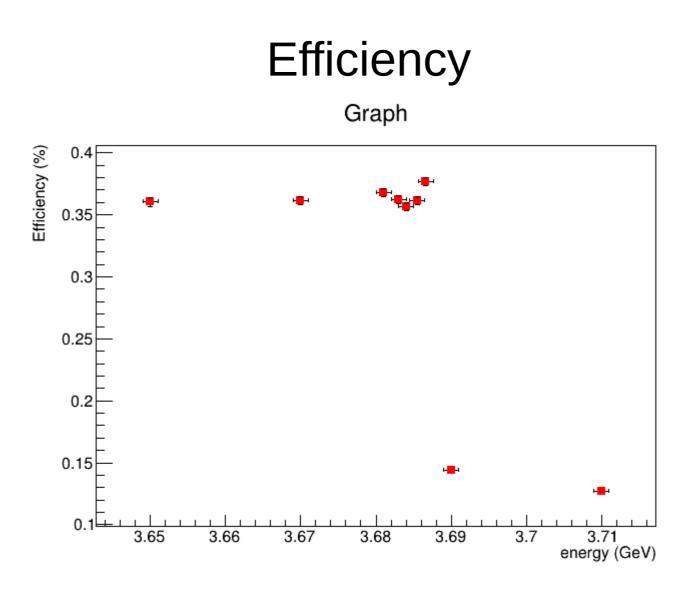
Unbinned Fit to invariant mass events that pass kinematic fits





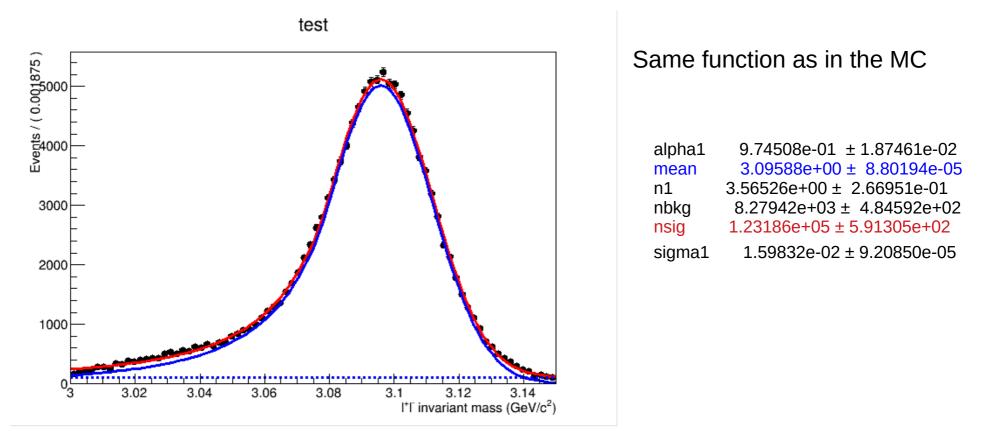
New fitting function: Crystal Ball + Oth Chebychev

alpha1	1.05503e+00 ± 5.90487e-02
mean	3.09681e+00 ± 3.22573e-04
n1	2.26127e+00 ± 3.70681e-01
nbkg	2.14006e+01 ± 1.57284e+02
nsig	7.53783e+03 ± 9.91426e+01
sigma1	$1.69784e-02 \pm 2.82328e-04$



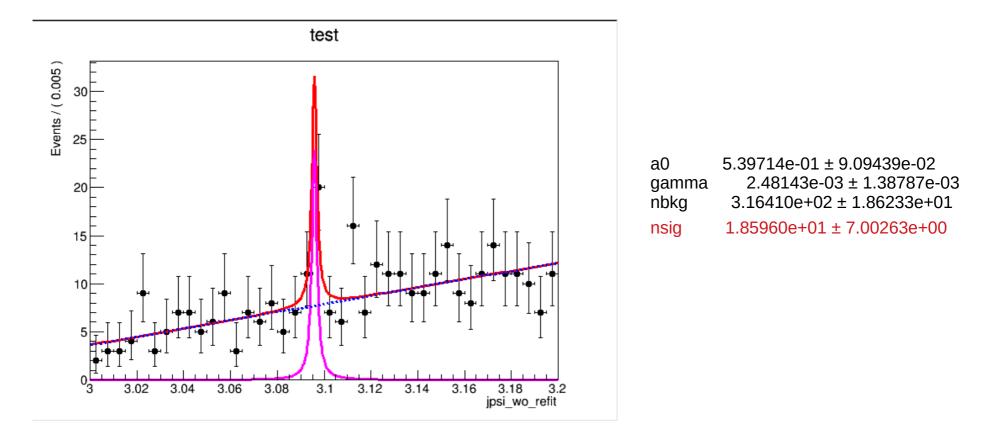
Real data – 3.6866 GeV

Unbinned Fit to invariant mass events that pass kinematic fit

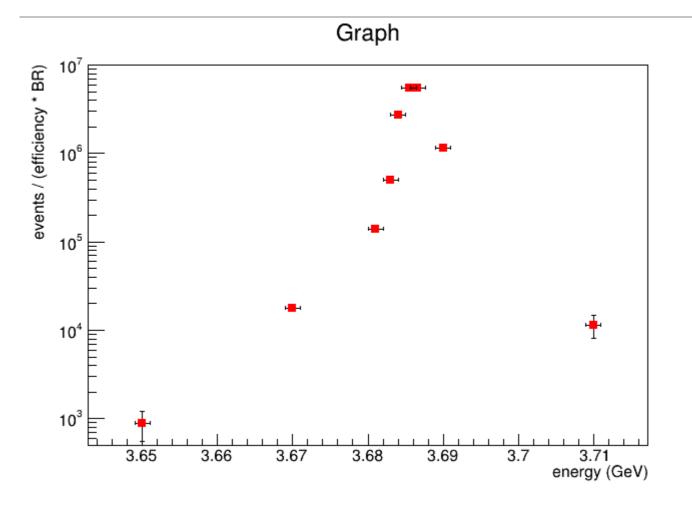


Real data – 3.650 GeV

Optimized fit to extract signal – fixed mass Breit-Wigner + 1th Chebychev

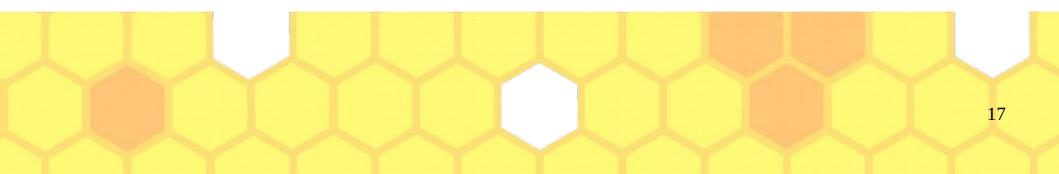


Summary of ee

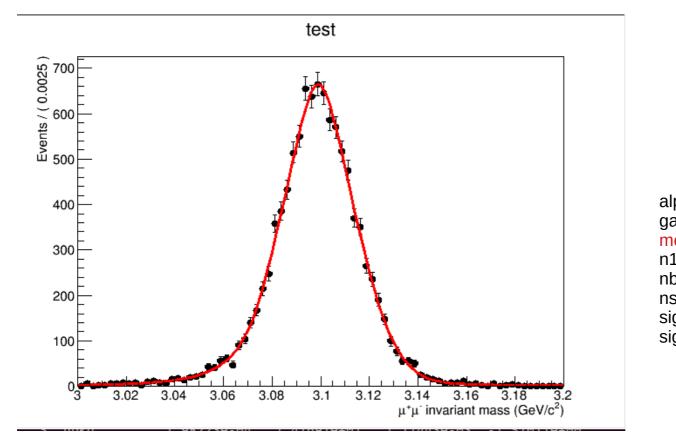




Fitting the muonic final states



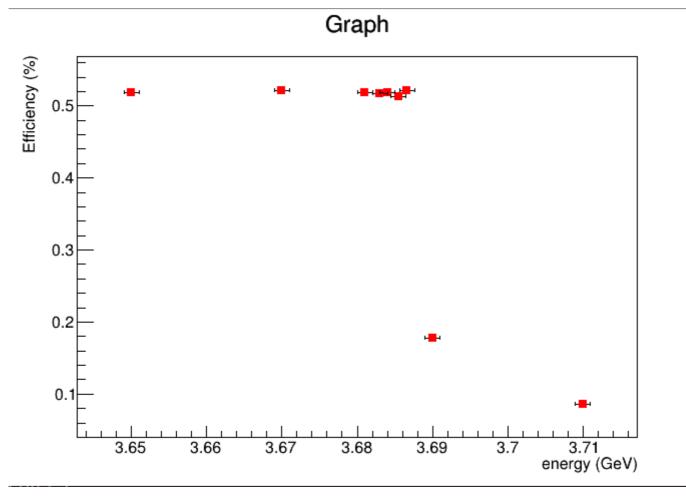
Fitting to MC – 3.6866 GeV



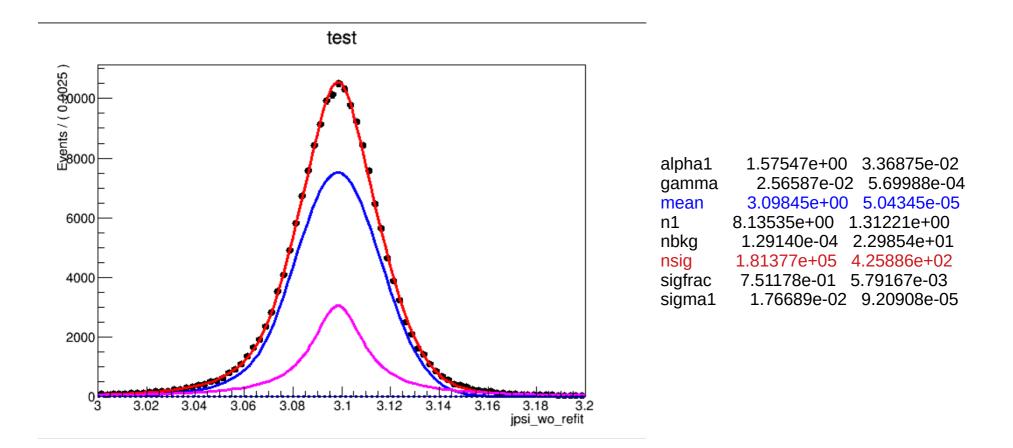
Fitting function: Crystal Ball + BW + 0th Chebychev

lpha1	$1.66566e+00 \pm 1.15748e-01$
amma	2.14475e-02 ± 2.50036e-03
nean	$3.09900e+00 \pm 1.84948e-04$
1	5.94048e+00 ± 2.44408e+00
bkg	1.98223e-04 ± 1.47691e+01
sig	1.04192e+04 ± 1.02078e+02
igfrac	8.33683e-01 ± 2.09238e-02
igma1	1.60936e-02 ± 2.71149e-04

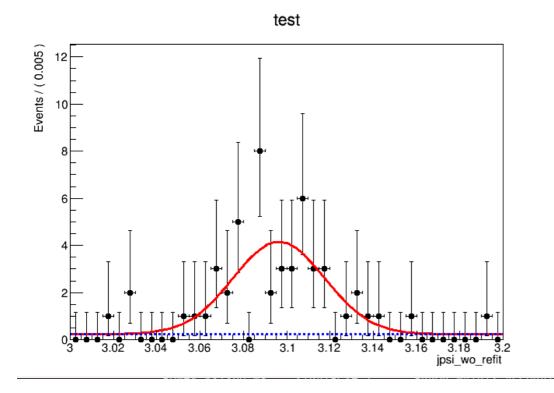
Efficiency



Fit to Real Data – 3.6866 GeV

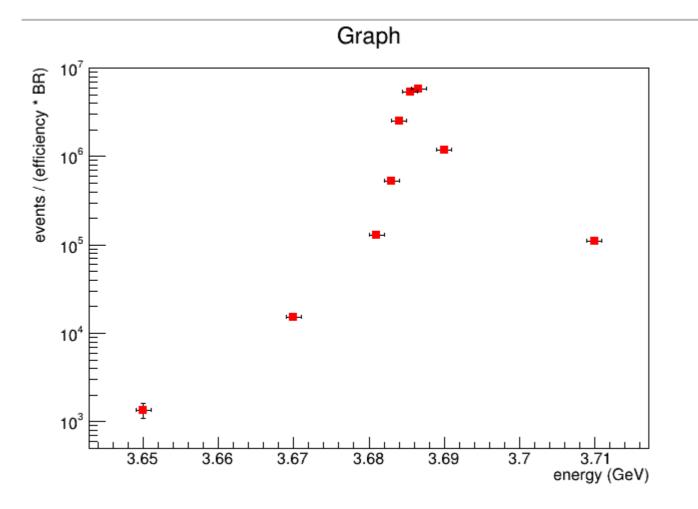


Fit to Real Data – 3.650 GeV



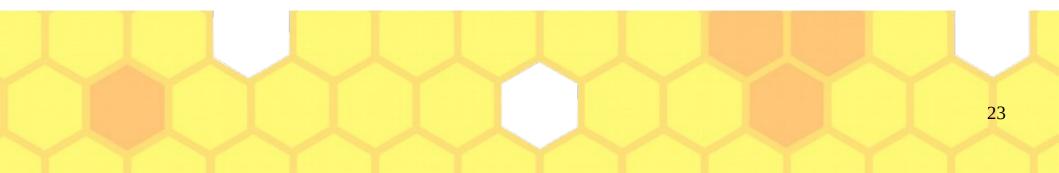
gamma	$1.01445e-03 \pm 1.96171e-01$
nbkg	9.06233e+00 ± 4.98768e+00
nsig	4.19076e+01 ± 7.59716e+00
sigma	2.09922e-02 ± 3.50514e-03

Summary of mumu





Towards the phase extraction



Luminosity

Luminosity determination B.X. Zhang

Ecm(GeV)	σ (nb)	ε	Nsig/Nsid	L (pb ⁻¹)
3.5815	27.45	0.4607	1083759/13731	84.604±0.082
3.6702	26.07	0.4585	1011812/12722	83.582±0.084
3.6801	25.95	0.4599	1004371/12847	83.060±0.083
3.6828	25.92	0.4597	340128/4437	28.175±0.049
3.6842	25.92	0.4598	336256/4534	27.840±0.048
3.6853	25.96	0.4575	305462/4496	25.342±0.046
3.6865	25.85	0.4610	296299/4484	24.481±0.045
3.6914	25.84	0.4602	826832/10539	68.647±0.076
3.7098	25.56	0.4590	823445/10384	69.326±0.077

From

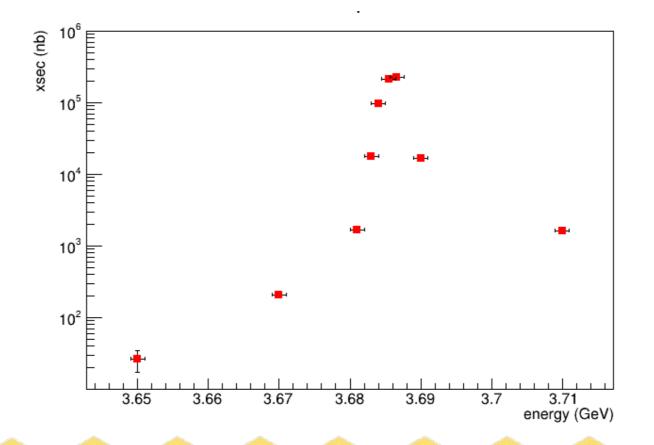
https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/ event/13433/contribution/5/ material/slides/0.pdf

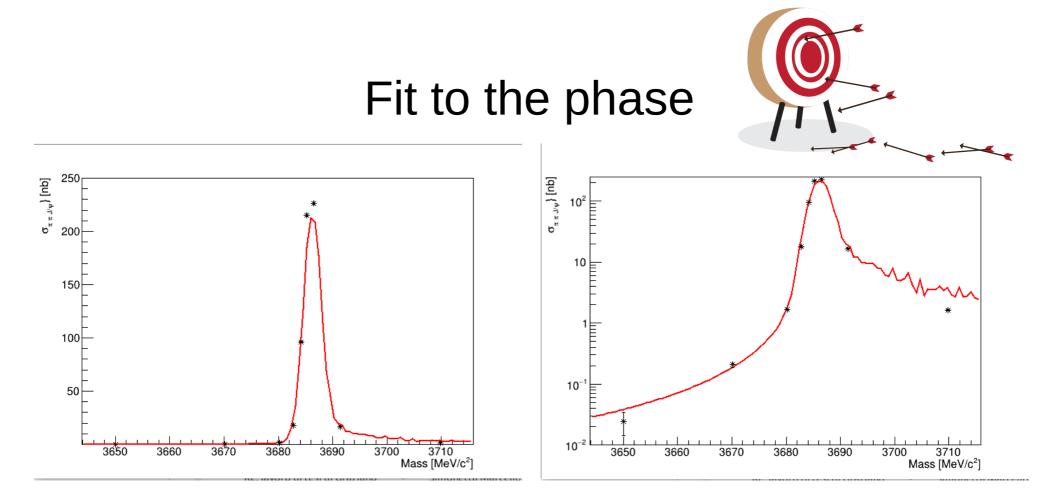
The difference between Bhabha and two gamma method is less than 3%



Combined cross sections

Combined two datasets with weighted mean





Fase (rad)	1.03639e-05	1.92755e+00
Cont (3 GeV)	9.99995e-08	7.68446e-08
BR	3.30097e-01	4.83255e-03
Width	2.94000e-01	fixed
Mass	3.68607e+03	1.22418e-02

Looking at the future

- Further review @ 3650 and @ 3710 MeV
- Test "chinese" fitting function
- Finalize the systematics





<u>Grazie!</u>



