

Updates from...

Search for the $Z_c(4430)$ in $Y(4660)$ decay



MARCO SCODEGGIO



BESIII Italy Meeting
March 2021



Dipartimento
di Fisica
e Scienze della Terra

PREAMBLE

My PhD analysis involves the study of two exotic states

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mathbf{Y(4660)} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z_c(4430)} \pi \rightarrow \psi(2S) \pi \pi$$

The study will make use of the $\sim 4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ data above 4.6 GeV

Y(4660), already **observed by** the **BaBar** [PRD **89**, 111103(R)] and the **BELLE** [PRD **91**, 112007] collaborations, was **hypothesised** to be a **baryonium**

Z_c⁺(4430) was **observed and studied** in the **B meson decays** in the **$n\psi(2S)$ invariant mass** by the **BELLE** [PRD **88**, 074026] collaboration (and by the **LHCb** one [PRL **112**, 222002])

(SIGNAL) MC STUDIES

Y and Z_c Resonant

```
noPhotos
Decay dummy00_1
  0.5000 dummy10_1 pi- PHSP;
  0.5000 anti-dummy10_1 pi+ PHSP;
Enddecay
Decay dummy10_1
  1.0000 pi+ psi(2S) PHSP;
Enddecay
Decay anti-dummy10_1
  1.0000 pi- psi(2S) PHSP;
Enddecay
Decay psi(2S)
  1.0000 pi+ pi- J/psi PHSP;
Enddecay
Decay J/psi
  0.5000 e+ e- PHSP;
  0.5000 mu+ mu- PHSP;
Enddecay
End
```

Y(4660)

$$M_Y = 4633 \pm 7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma_Y = 64 \pm 9 \text{ MeV}$$

Z_c(4430)⁻

$$M_Y = 4478^{+15}_{-18} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma_Y = 181 \pm 31 \text{ MeV}$$

Z_c(4430)⁺

$$M_Y = 4478^{+15}_{-18} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma_Y = 181 \pm 31 \text{ MeV}$$

**SIGNAL MC SAMPLE
300K EVENTS**

(SIGNAL) MC STUDIES

Y and Z_c Resonant

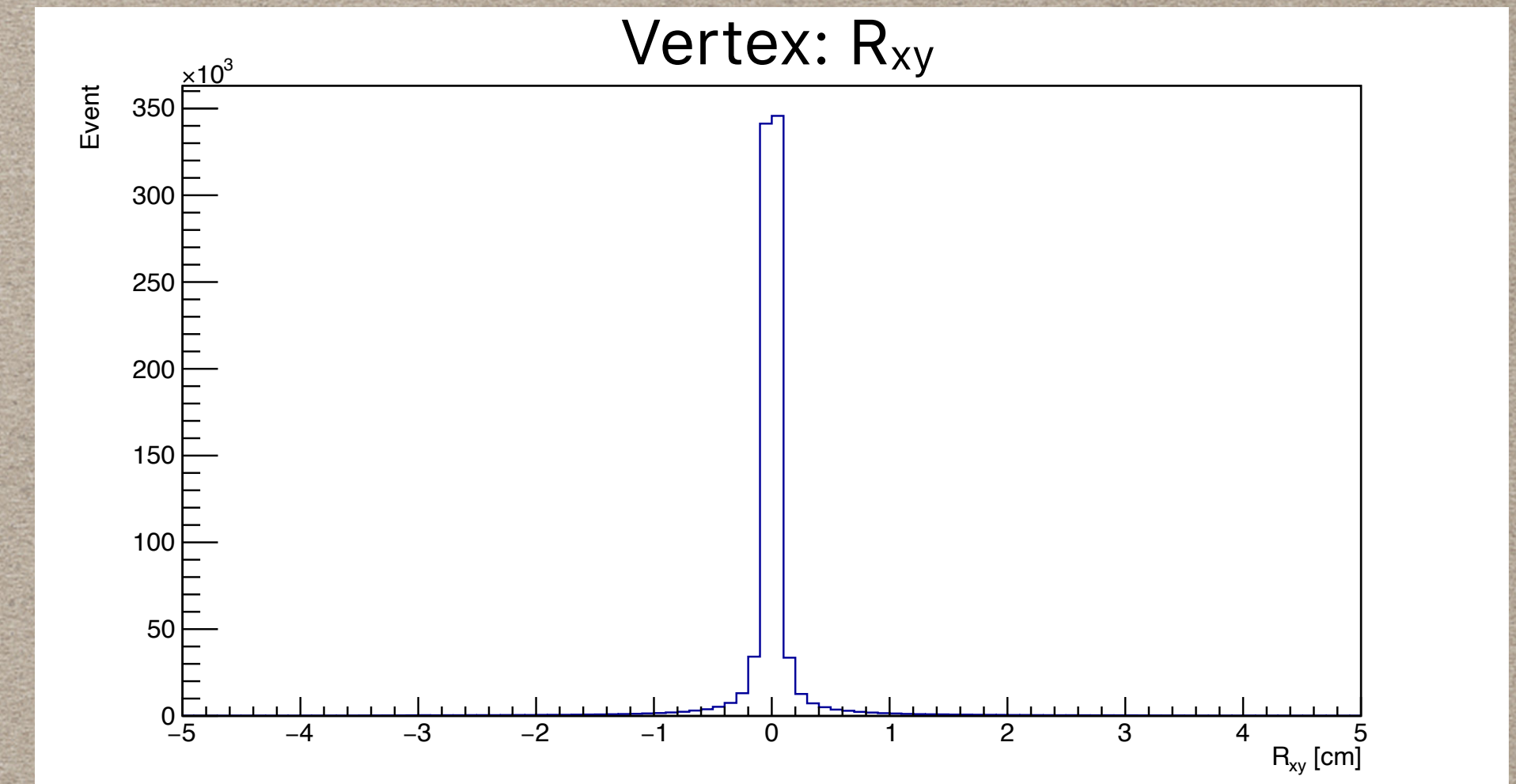
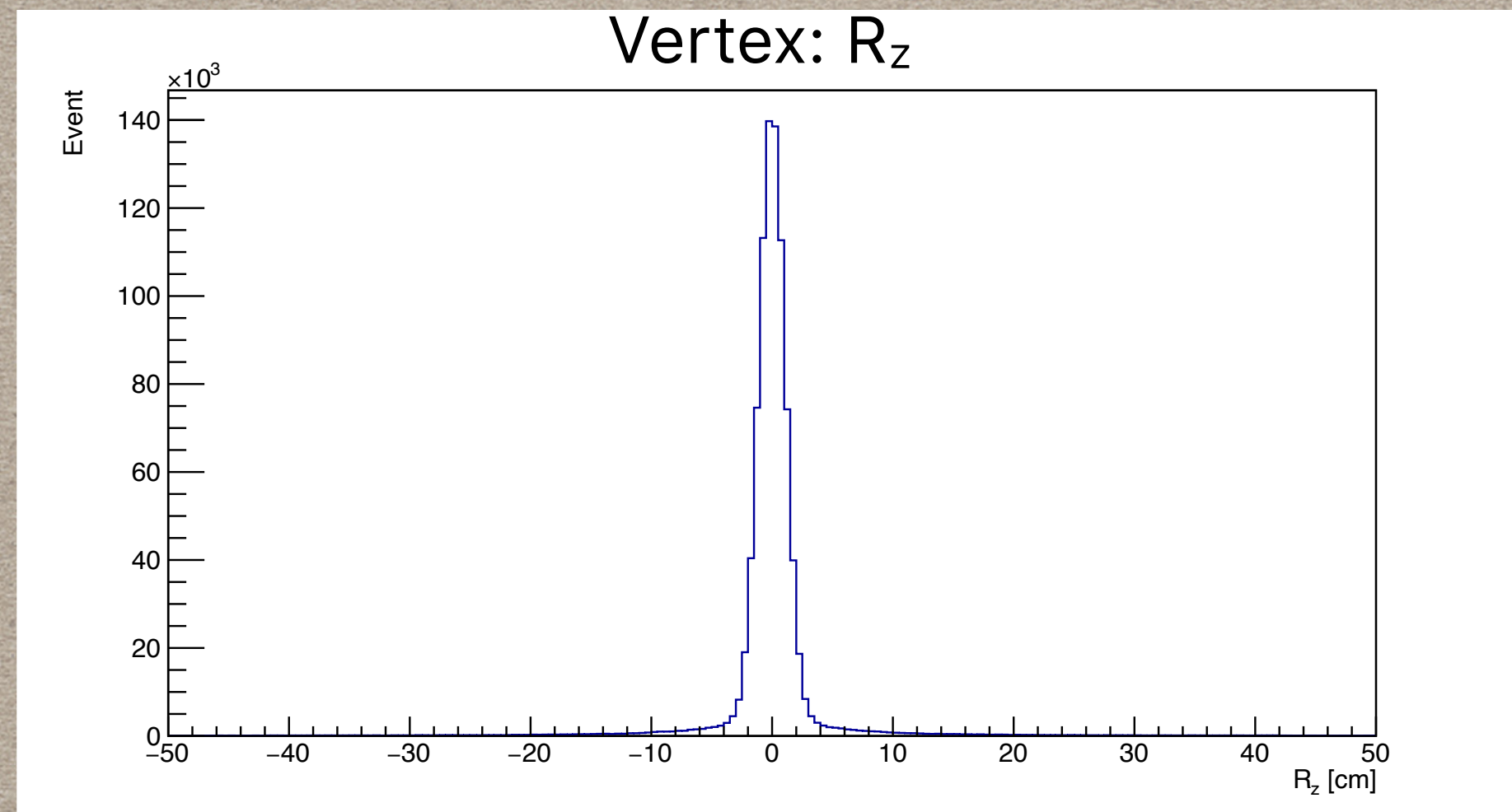
```
noPhotos  
  
Decay dummy00_1  
  0.5000 dummy10_1 pi- PHSP;  
  0.5000 anti-dummy10_1 pi+ PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay dummy10_1  
  1.0000 pi+ psi(2S) PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay anti-dummy10_1  
  1.0000 pi- psi(2S) PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay psi(2S)  
  1.0000 pi+ pi- J/psi PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay J/psi  
  0.5000 e+ e- PHSP;  
  0.5000 mu+ mu- PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
End
```

Non Resonant Continuum

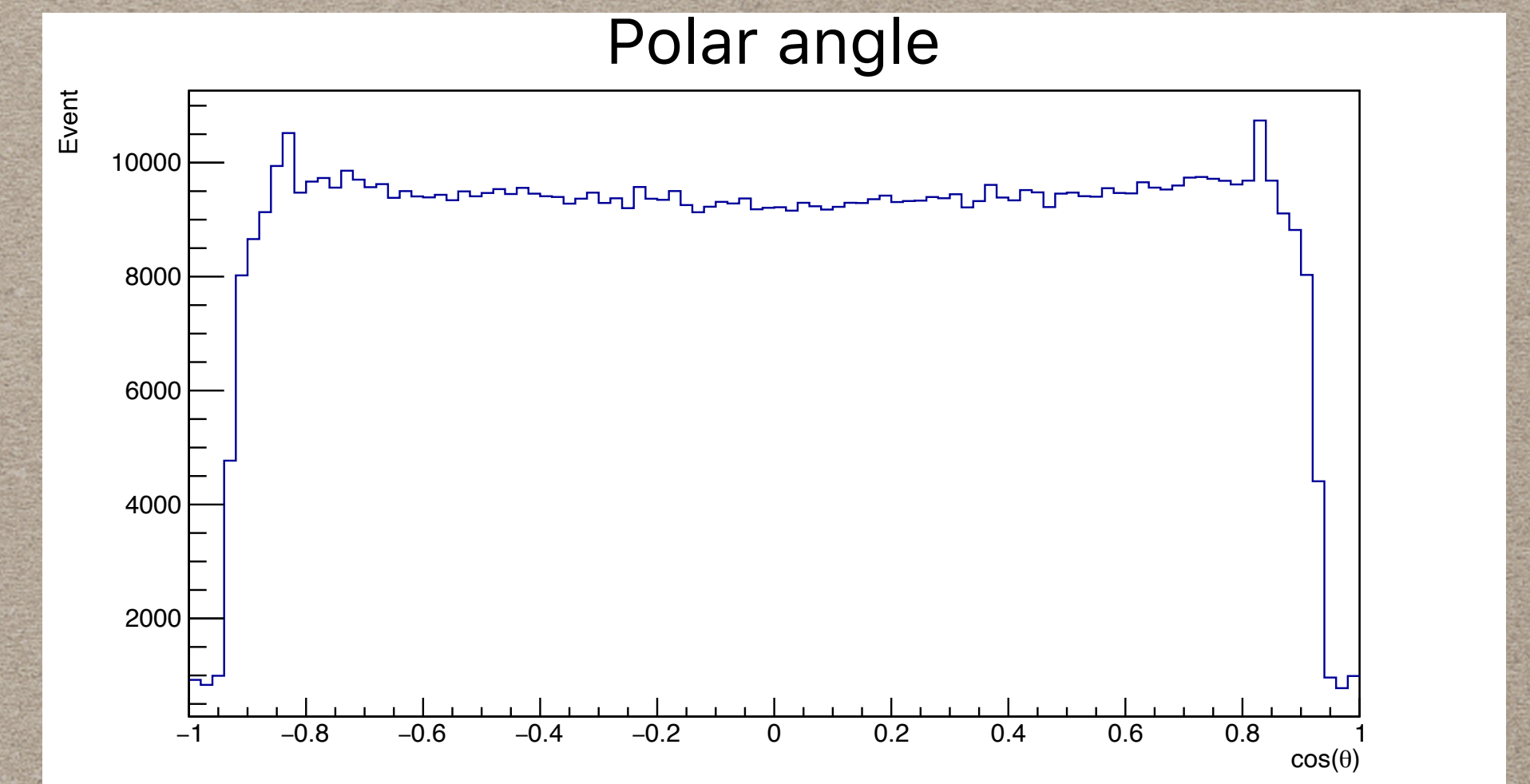
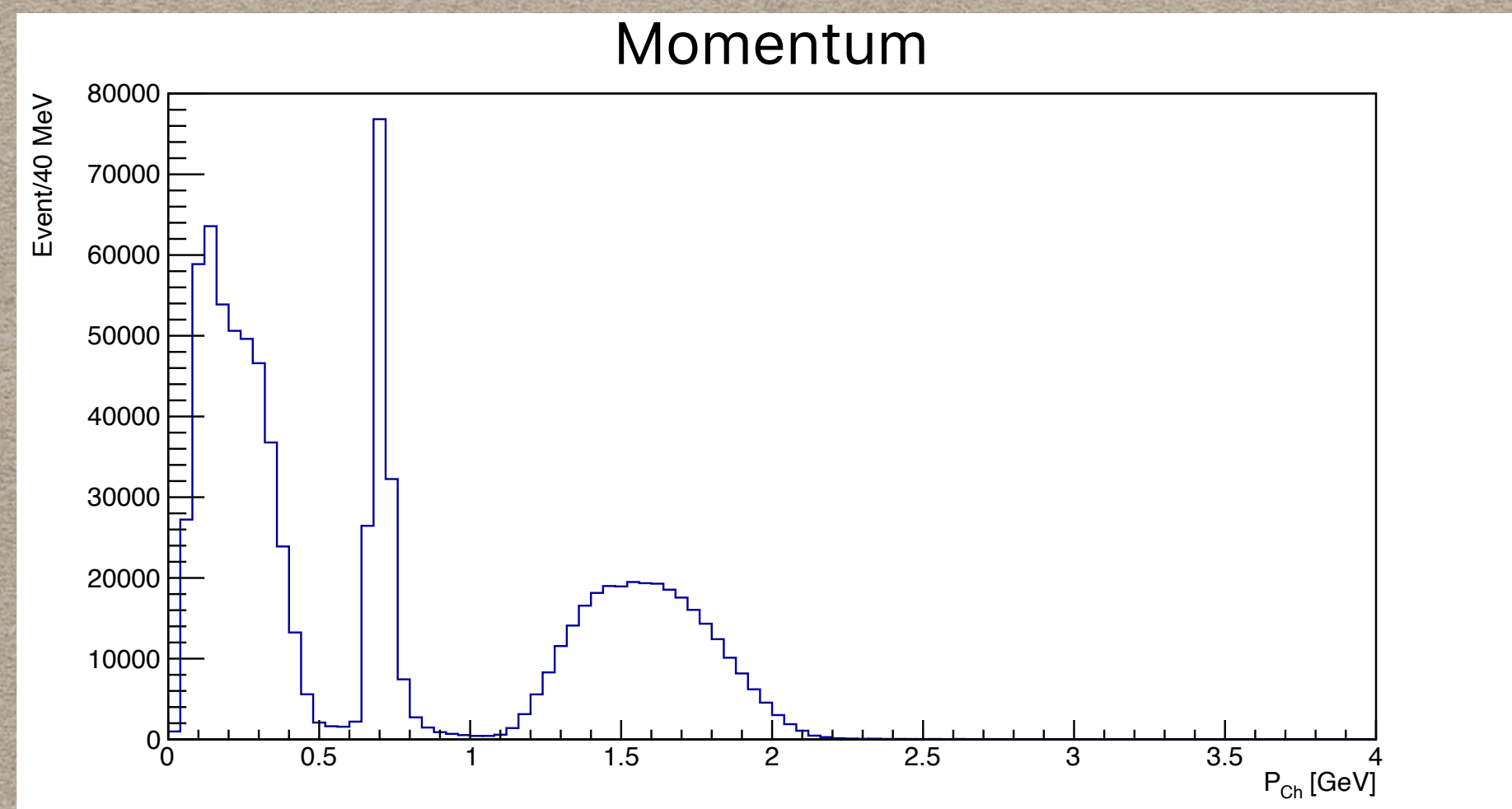
```
noPhotos  
Particle vpho 4.633 0  
  
Decay vpho  
  1.0000 pi+ pi- psi(2S) PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay psi(2S)  
  1.0000 pi+ pi- J/psi PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
Decay J/psi  
  0.5000 e+ e- PHSP;  
  0.5000 mu+ mu- PHSP;  
Enddecay  
  
End
```

MC SAMPLES
300K EVENTS

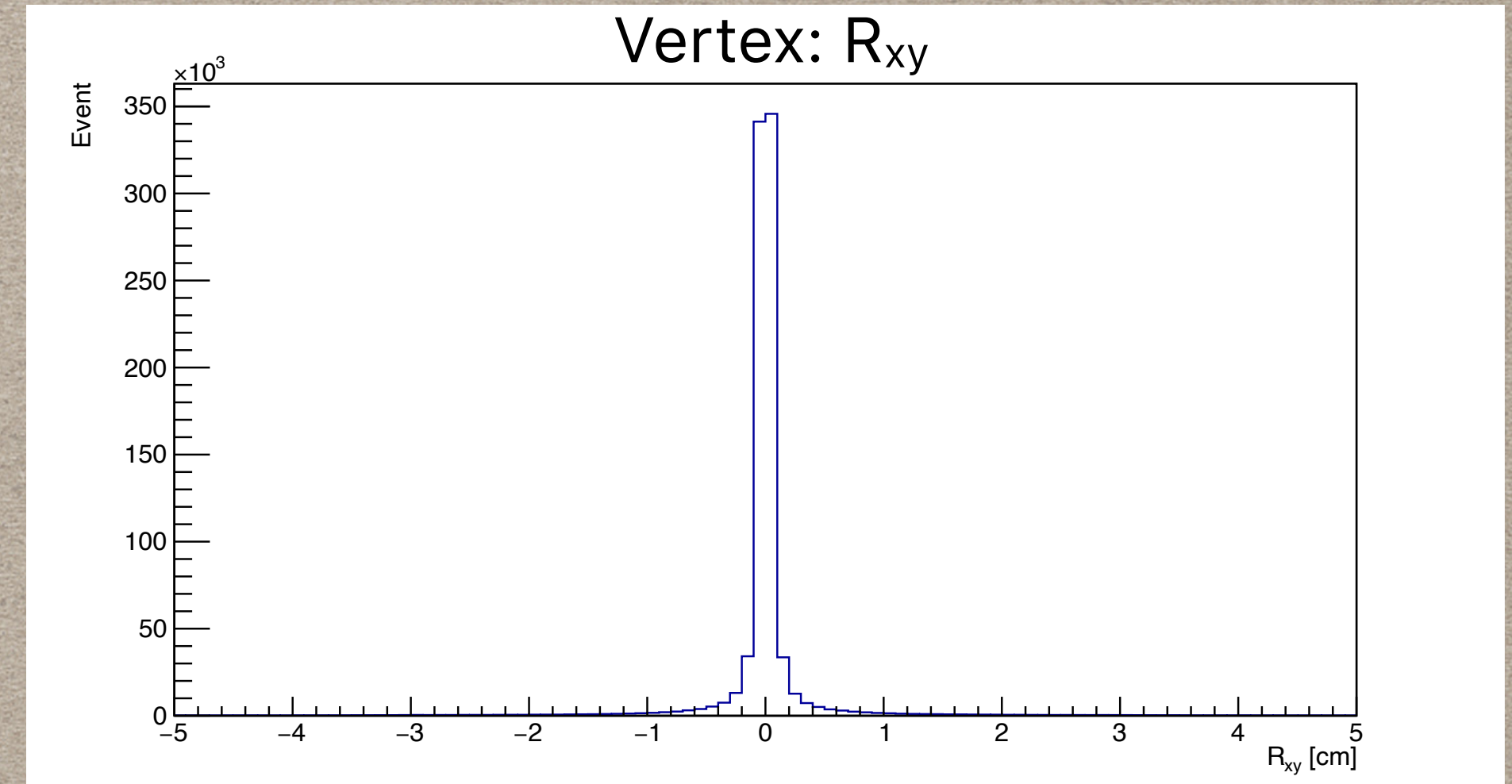
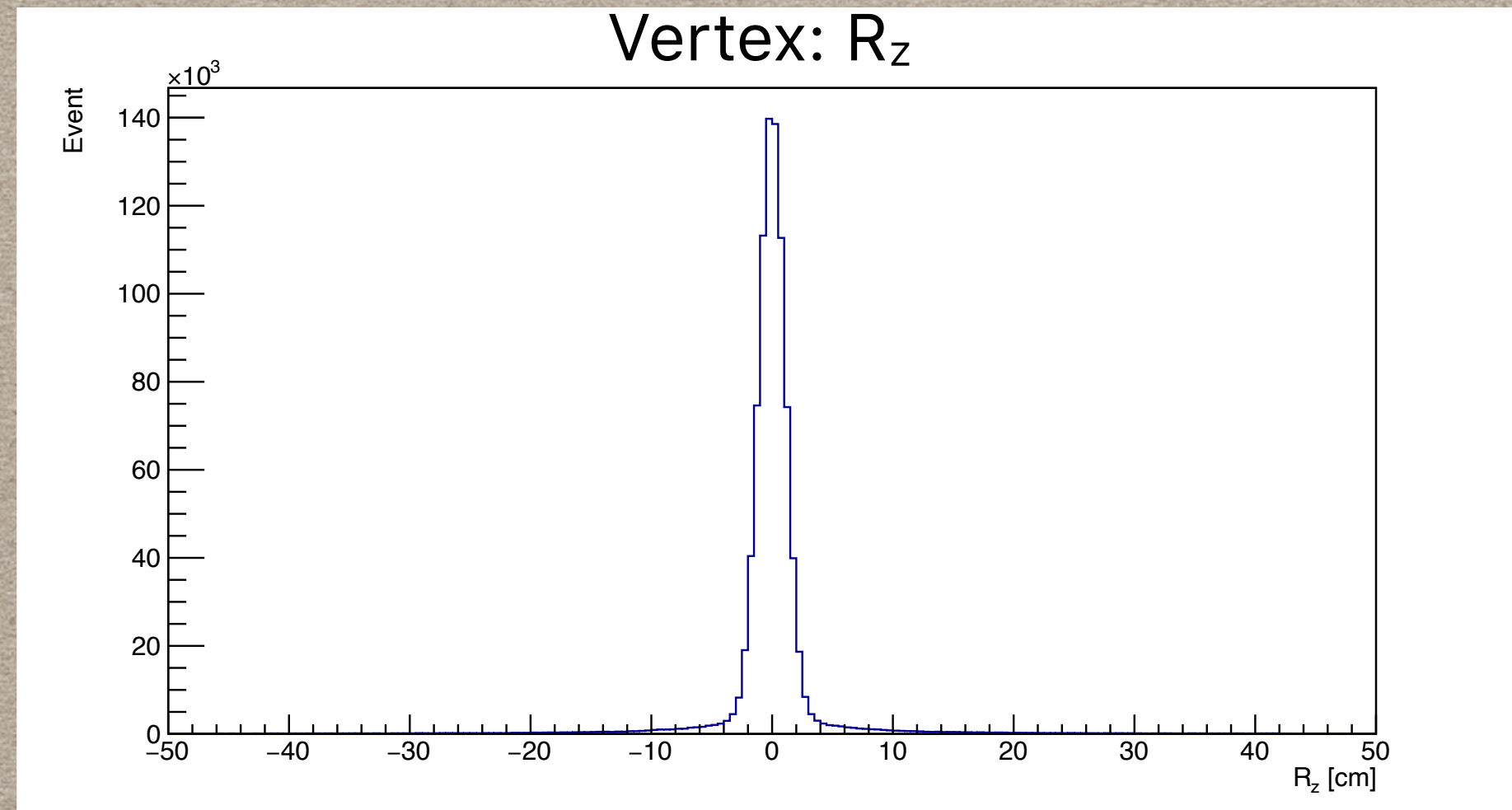
SIGNAL MC STUDIES



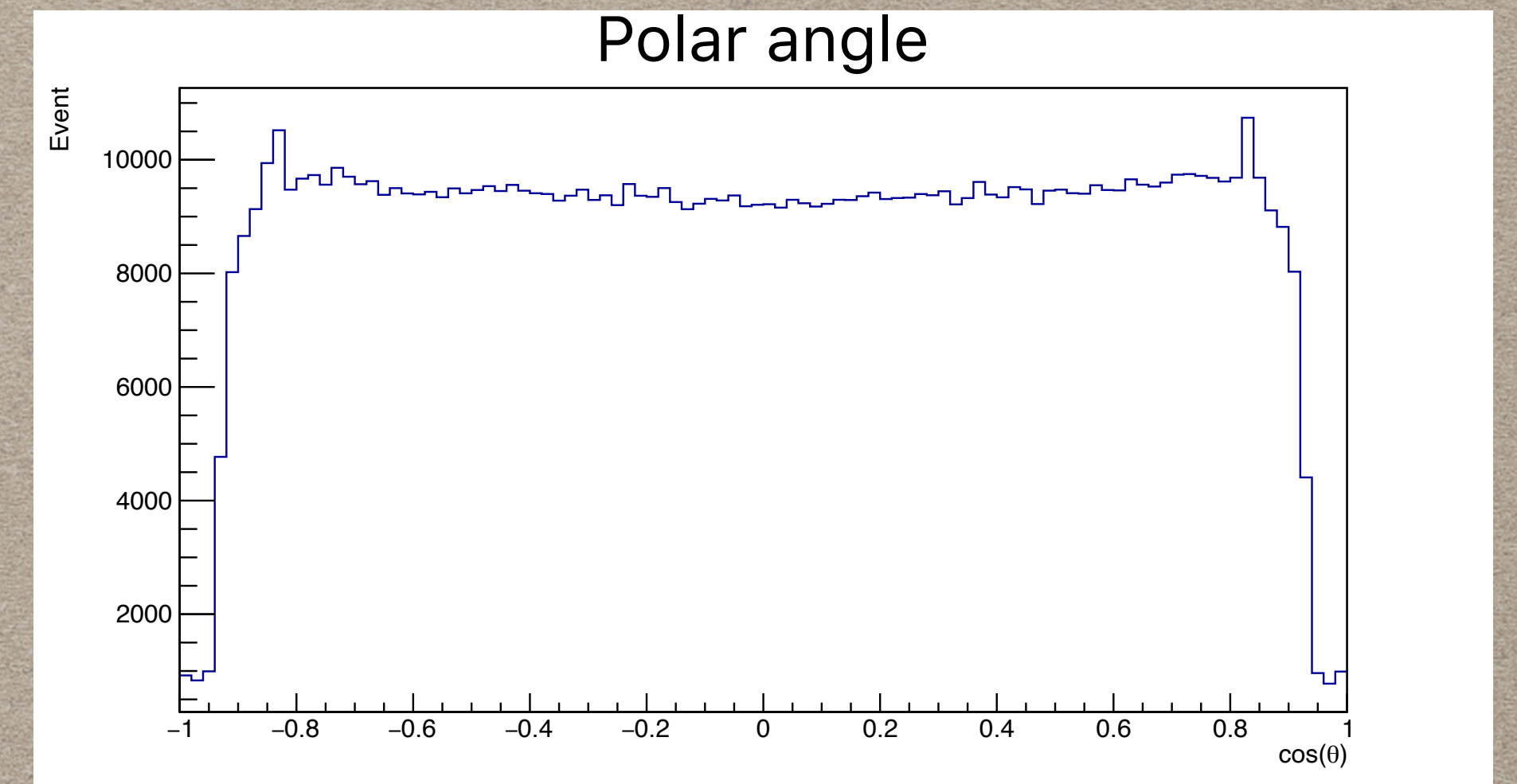
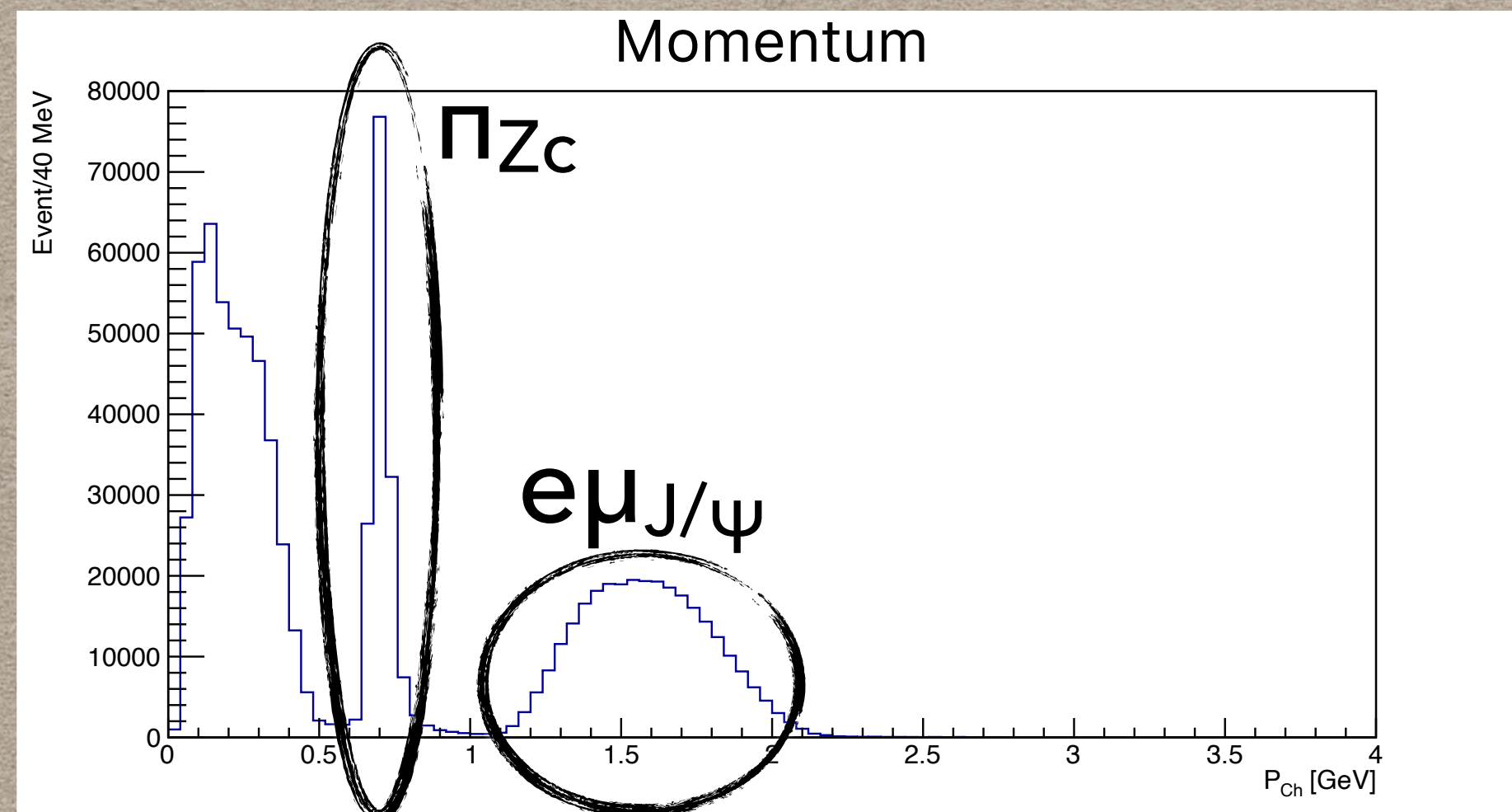
***Charged
Tracks***



SIGNAL MC STUDIES

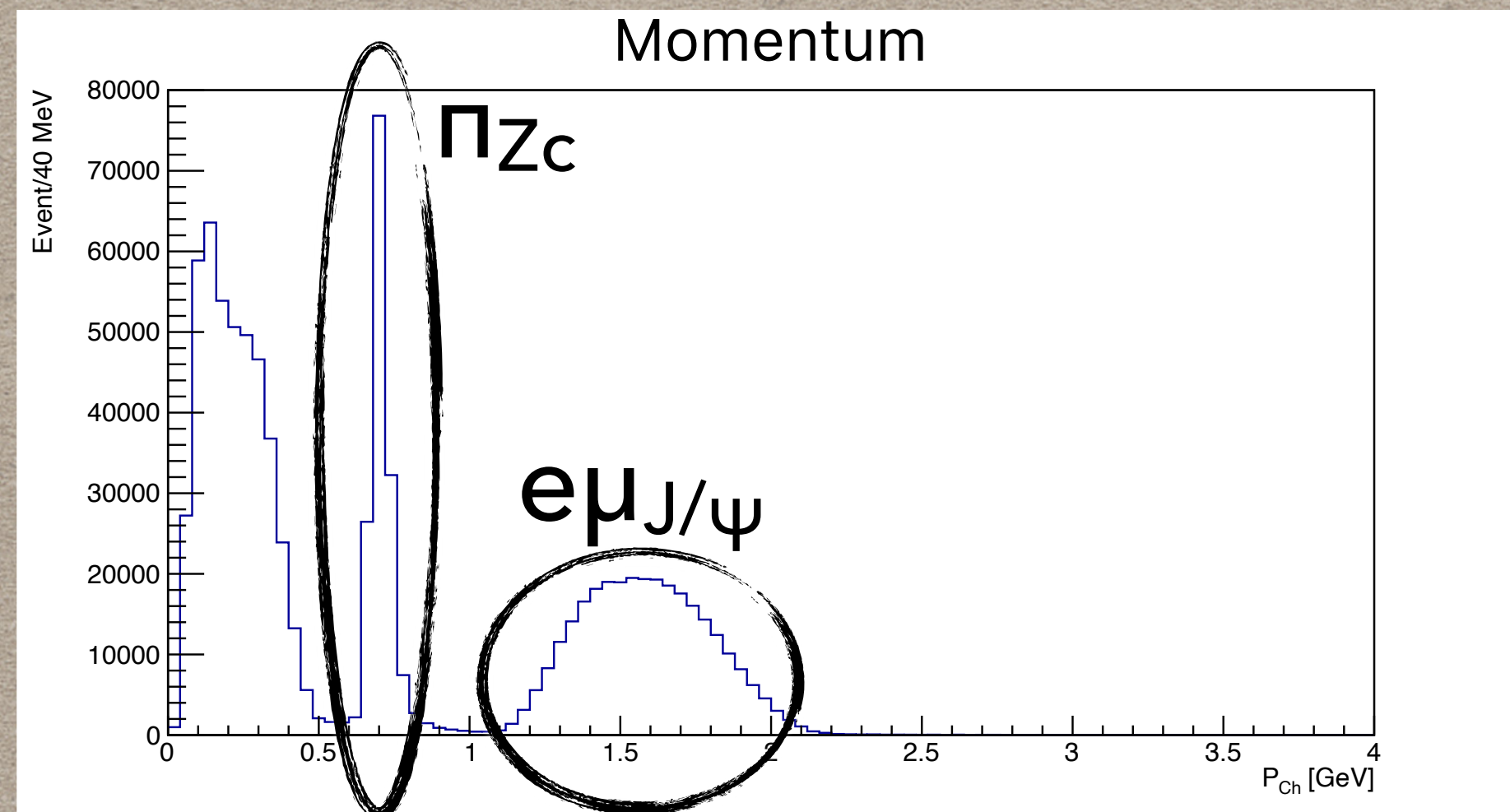
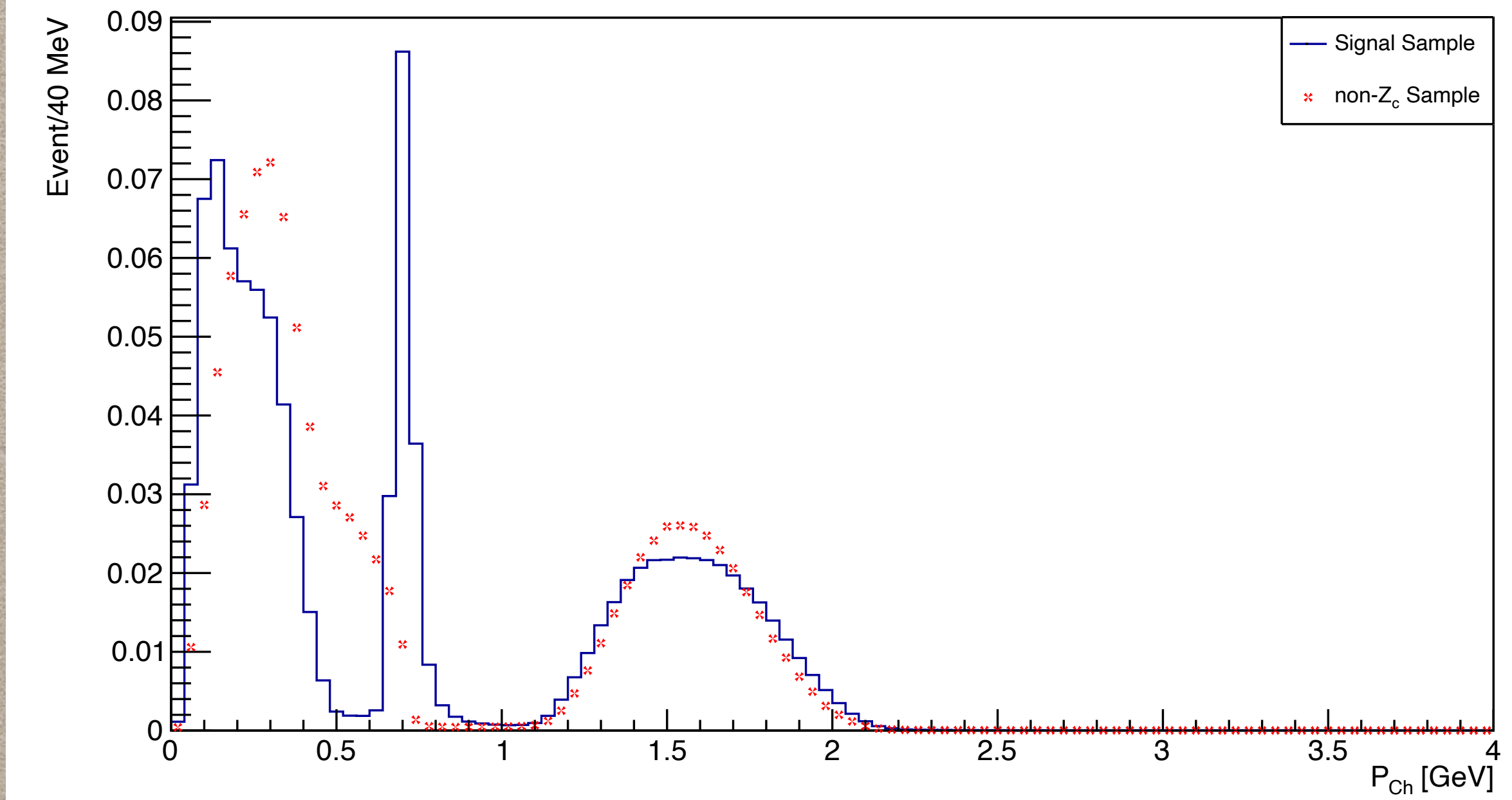


***Charged
Tracks***



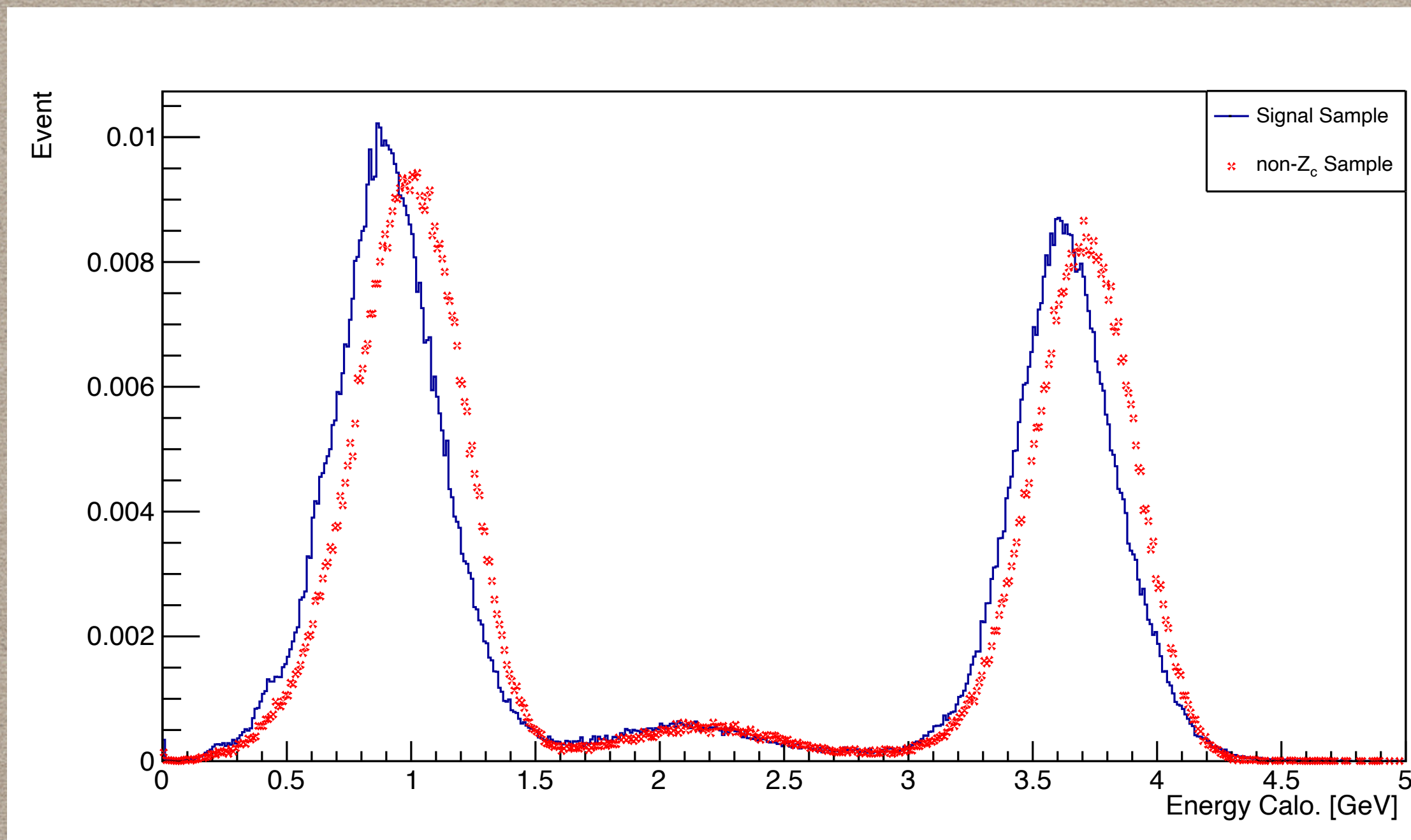
(SIGNAL) MC STUDIES

***Charged
Tracks***



***Continuum vs Resonant
Comparison***

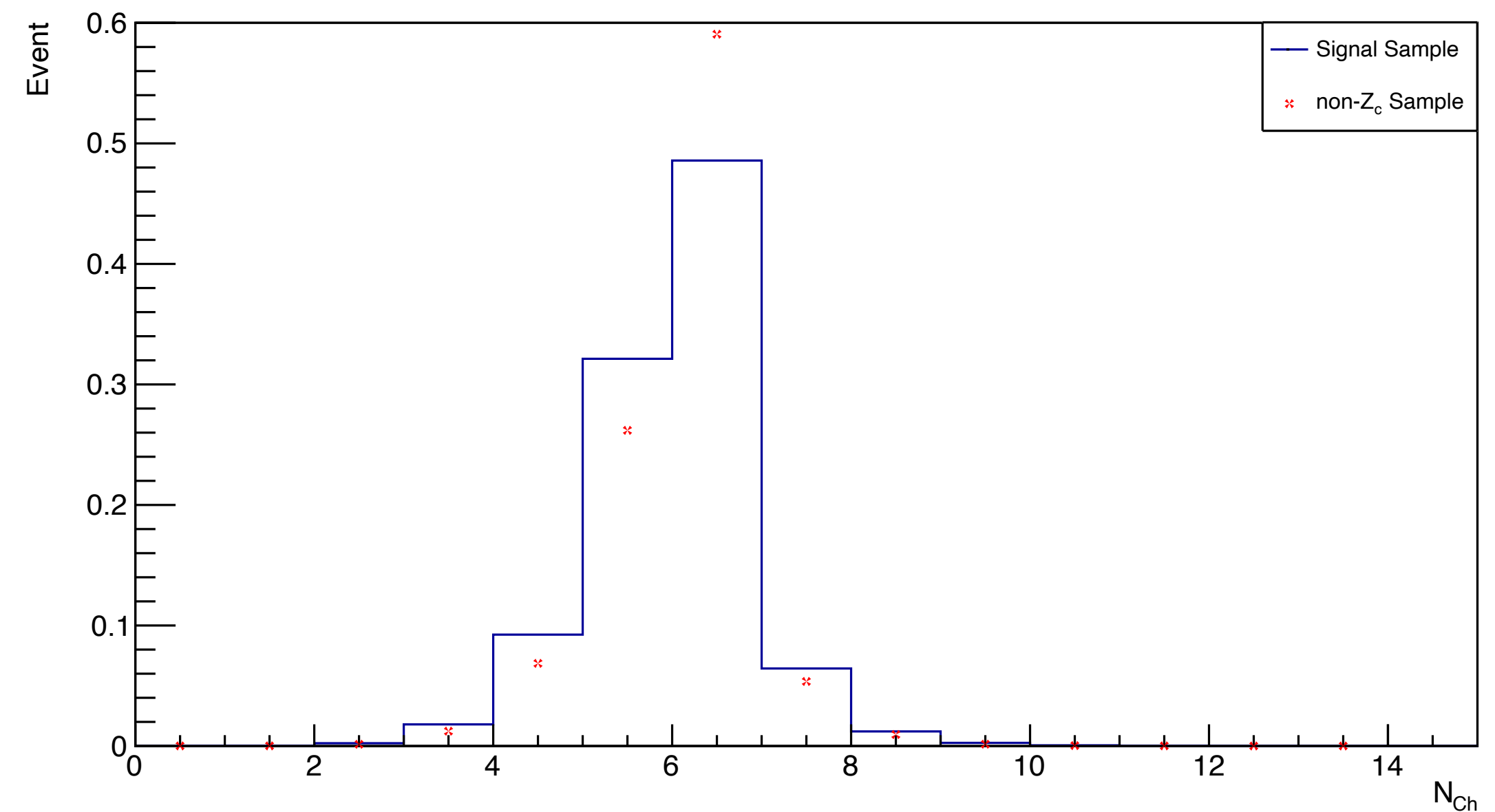
(SIGNAL) MC STUDIES



EMC Energy

**Continuum vs Resonant
Comparison**

Charged Tracks



FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano - Bachelor Thesis 12/2020

Exclusive MC datasets:

Signal 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 181$ MeV)
Background 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi\pi$
Resolution studies 20k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 0$ MeV)

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

Exclusive MC datasets:

Signal 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 181$ MeV)

Background 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi\pi$

Resolution studies 20k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 0$ MeV)



Interesting to study also the absence of the πZ_c only, as some differences are to be expected

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

Exclusive MC datasets:

Signal 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 181$ MeV)
Background 100k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi\pi$
Resolution studies 20k events @ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \pi Z_c$ ($M_{Z_c} = 4478$ MeV & $\Gamma_{Z_c} = 0$ MeV)

Events selection:

> 6 good charged tracks (goodness defined by $R_{xy} < 1$ cm, $R_z < 10$ cm & $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$)

Distinguo pioni e leptoni in funzione dell'impulso > 1 GeV

PID: $p(\pi) > 0.001$ e $p(\pi) > p(K)$

e/μ : $E/p|_e > 0.7$ & $E/p|_\mu < 0.7$

FEASIBILITY STUDY

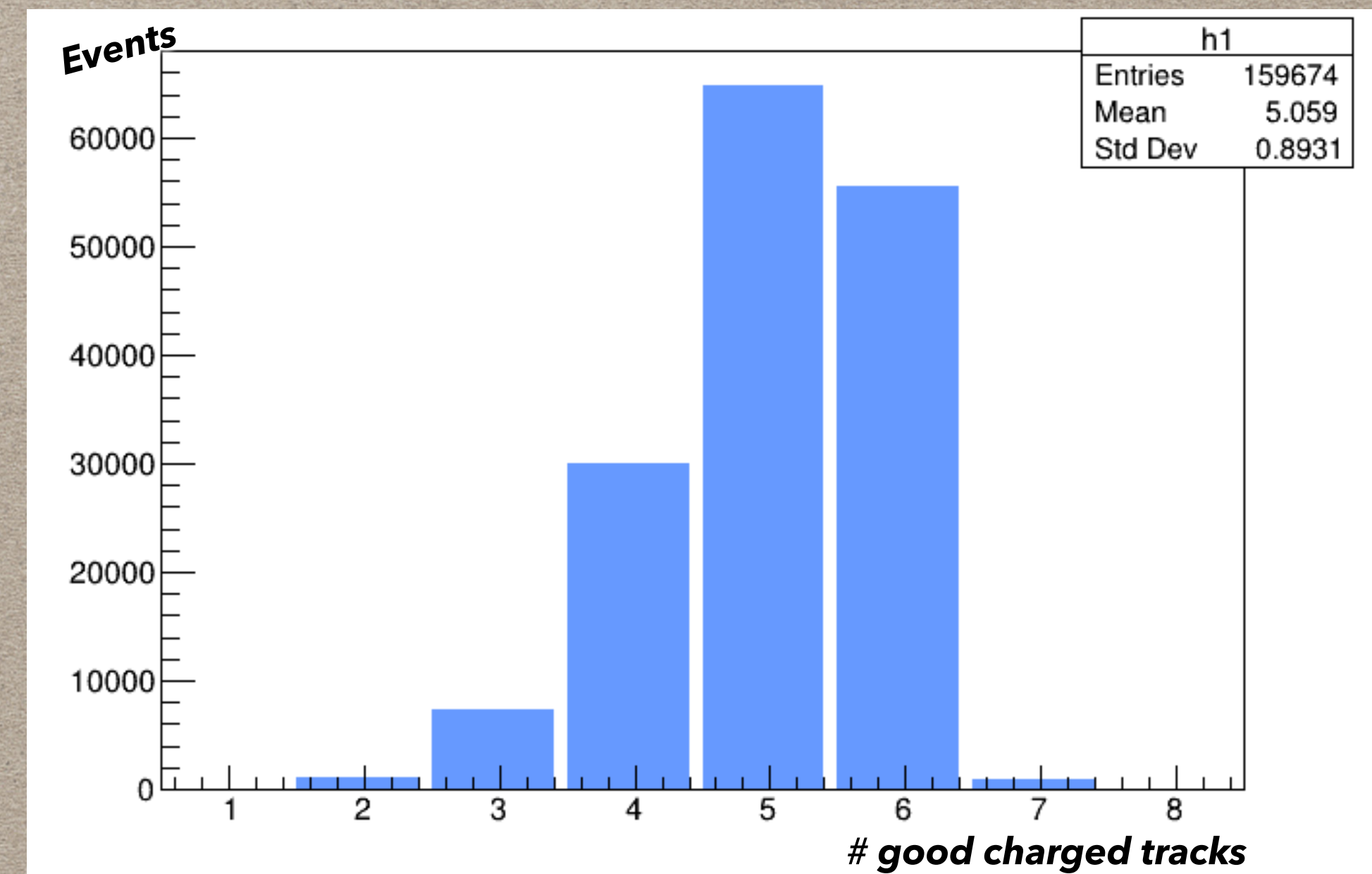
By G. Graziano

Events selection (1):

> **6 good charged tracks** (goodness defined by $R_{xy} < 1 \text{ cm}$, $R_z < 10 \text{ cm}$ & $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$)

PID: $p(\pi) > 0.001$ e $p(\pi) > p(K)$

e/μ : $p_{CT} > 1\text{GeV} \div E/p|_e > 0.7$ & $E/p|_\mu < 0.7$



FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

Events selection (1):

> **6 good charged tracks** (goodness defined by $R_{xy} < 1 \text{ cm}$, $R_z < 10 \text{ cm}$ & $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$)

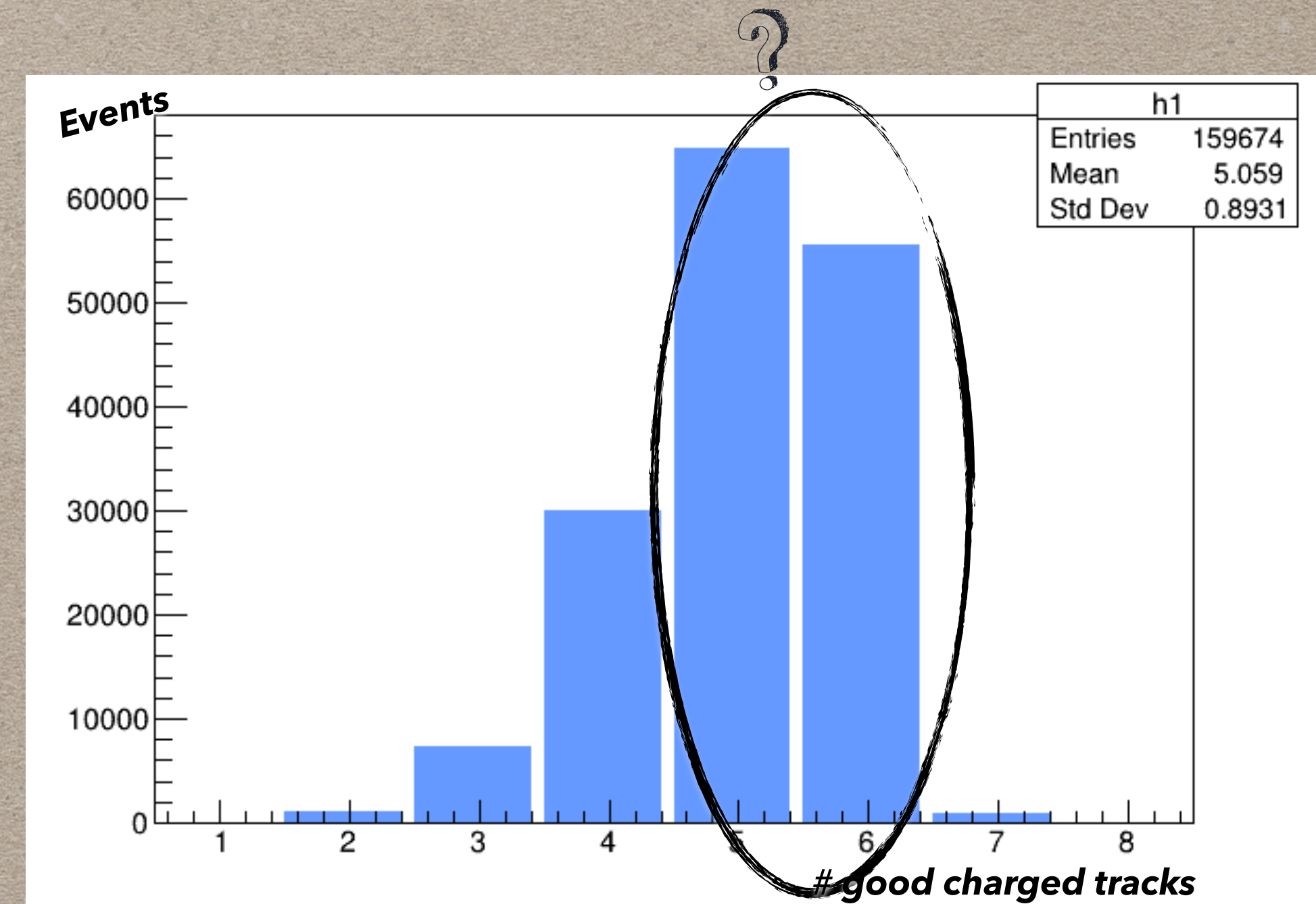
PID: $p(\pi) > 0.001$ e $p(\pi) > p(K)$

e/μ : $p_{CT} > 1 \text{ GeV} \div E/p|_e > 0.7$ & $E/p|_\mu < 0.7$

?

?

Can they be improved?



FEASIBILITY STUDY

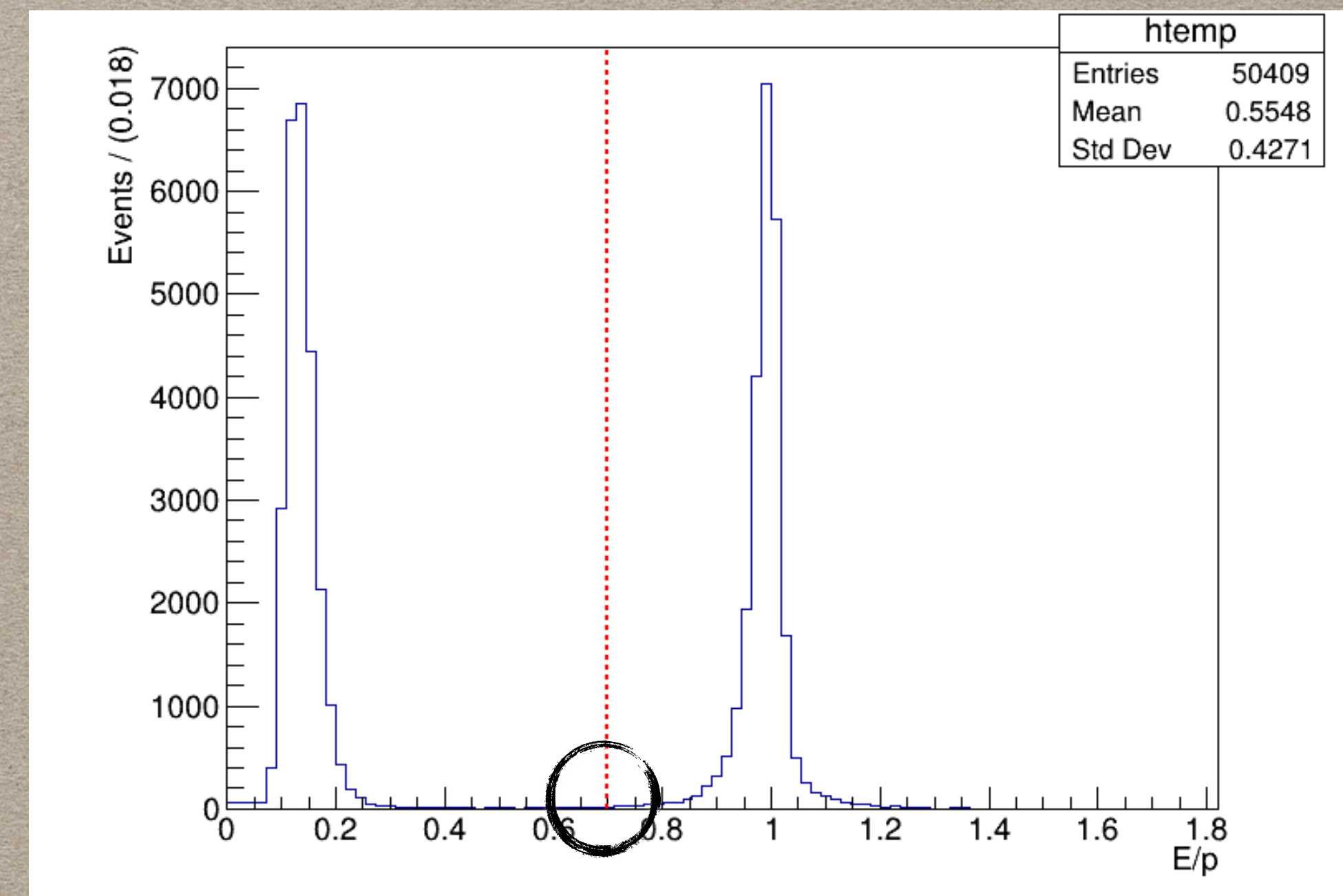
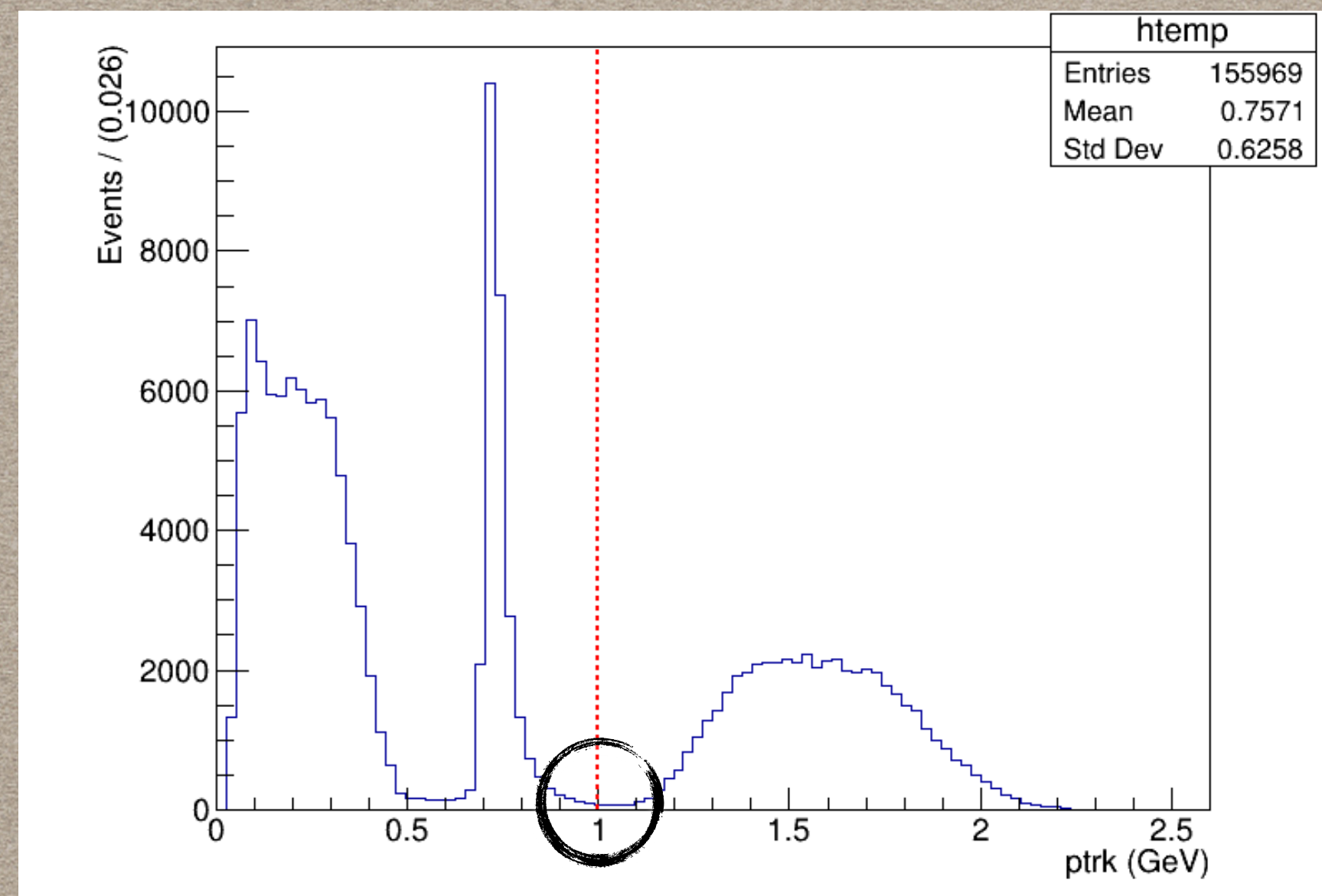
By G. Graziano

Events selection (1):

> **6 good charged tracks** (goodness defined by $R_{xy} < 1 \text{ cm}$, $R_z < 10 \text{ cm}$ & $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$)

PID: $p(\pi) > 0.001$ e $p(\pi) > p(K)$

e/μ : $p_{CT} > 1\text{GeV} \div E/p|_e > 0.7$ & $E/p|_\mu < 0.7$



FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

Events selection (1):

> 6 good charged tracks (goodness defined by $R_{xy} < 1 \text{ cm}$, $R_z < 10 \text{ cm}$ & $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.93$)

PID: $p(\pi) > 0.001$ e $p(\pi) > p(K)$

e/μ : $p_{CT} > 1 \text{ GeV} \div E/p|_e > 0.7$ & $E/p|_\mu < 0.7$

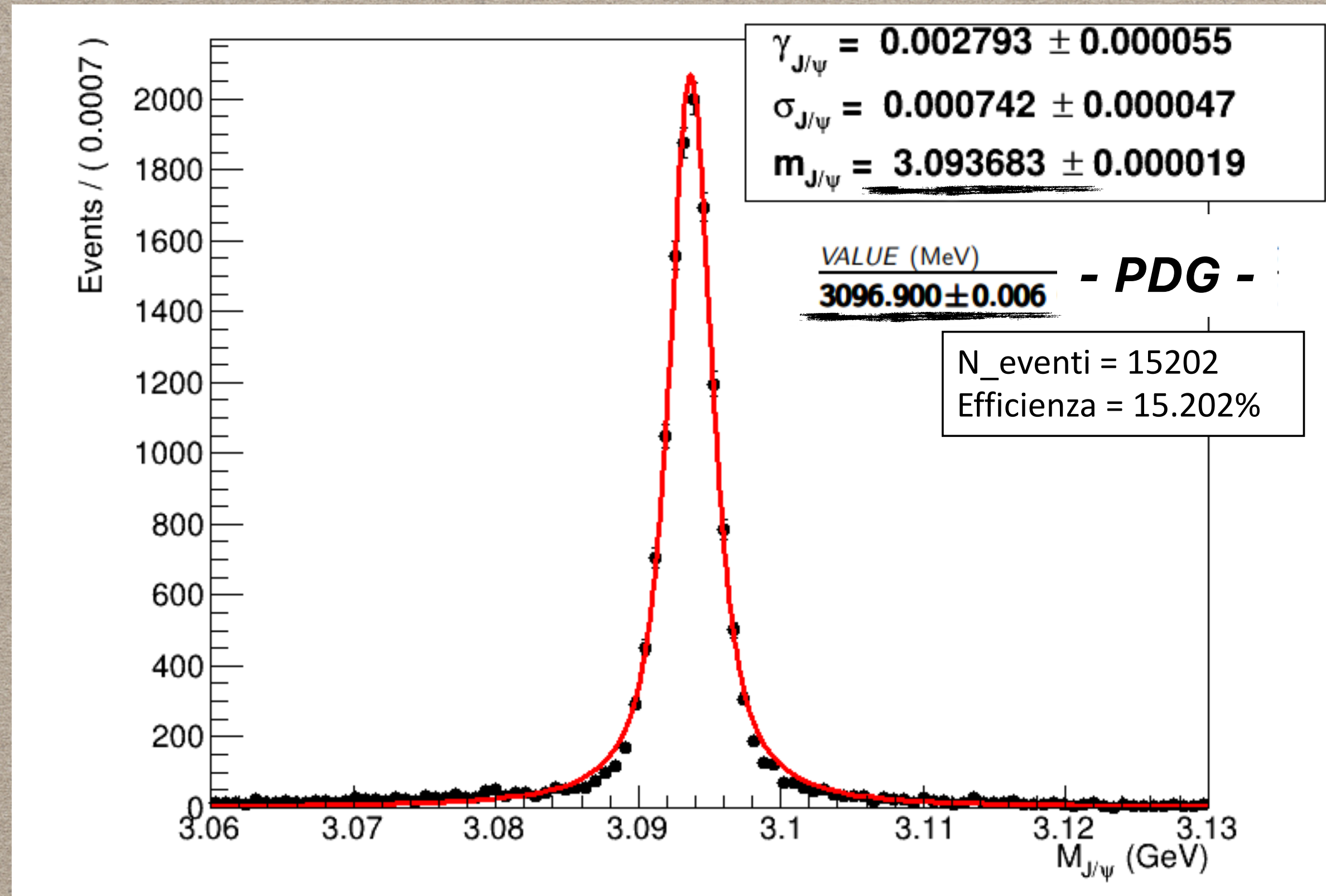
Events selection (2):

On the 6 good CT a 4C Kalman fit is applied constraining $\mathbf{p}_{tot} = (0.051, 0, 0, 4.63)$

On the events passing the 4C, a 5C Kalman fit is applied constraining also the $\psi(2S)$ mass

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano



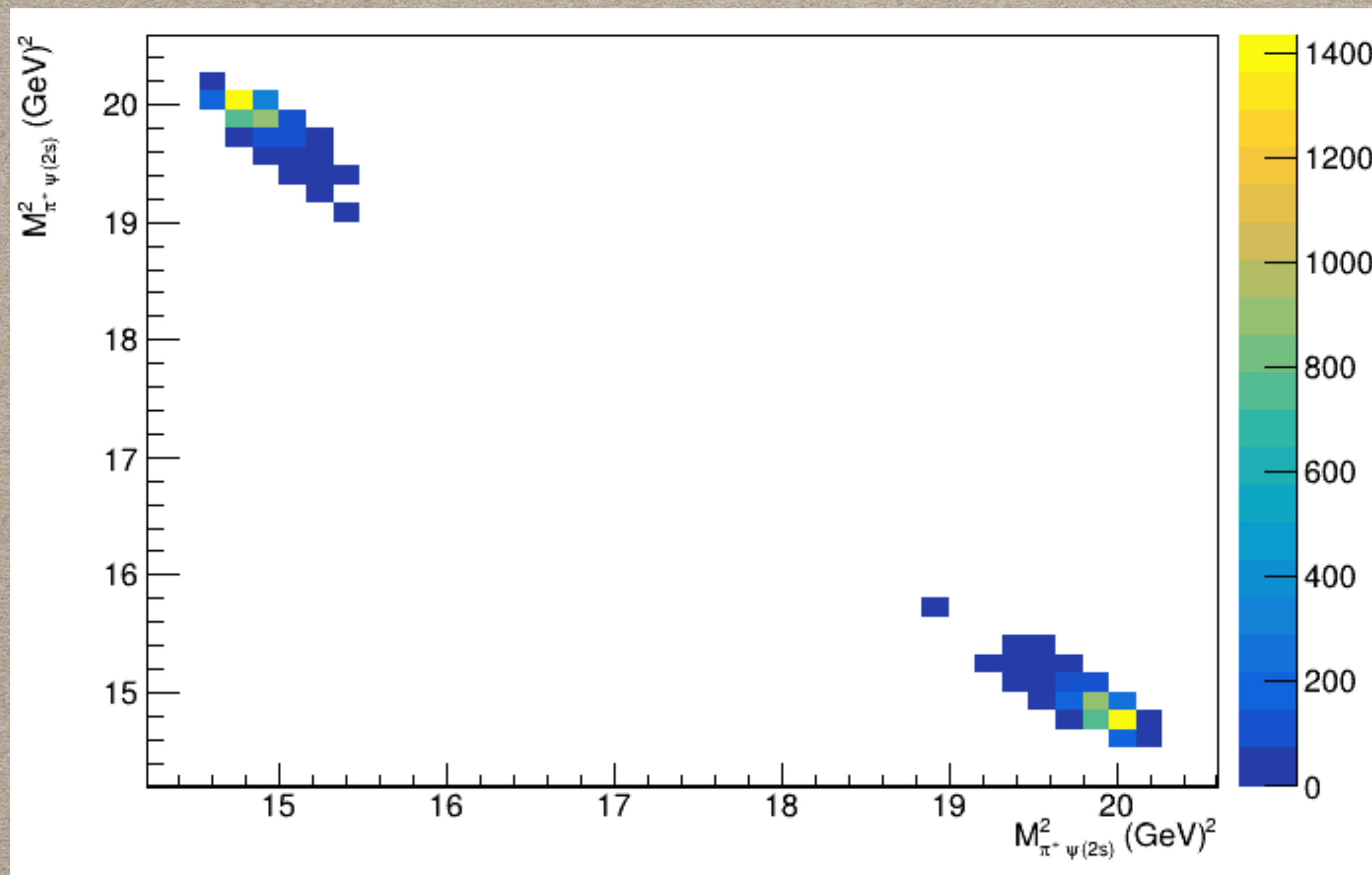
Tension on the J/ψ mass due to the difference between p_{Tot} (0.051, 0, 0, **4.63**) and the mass of the Y resonance (**4.633**)

Apart from the feature above, the fit proves the J/ψ is well reconstructed with a 15% efficiency

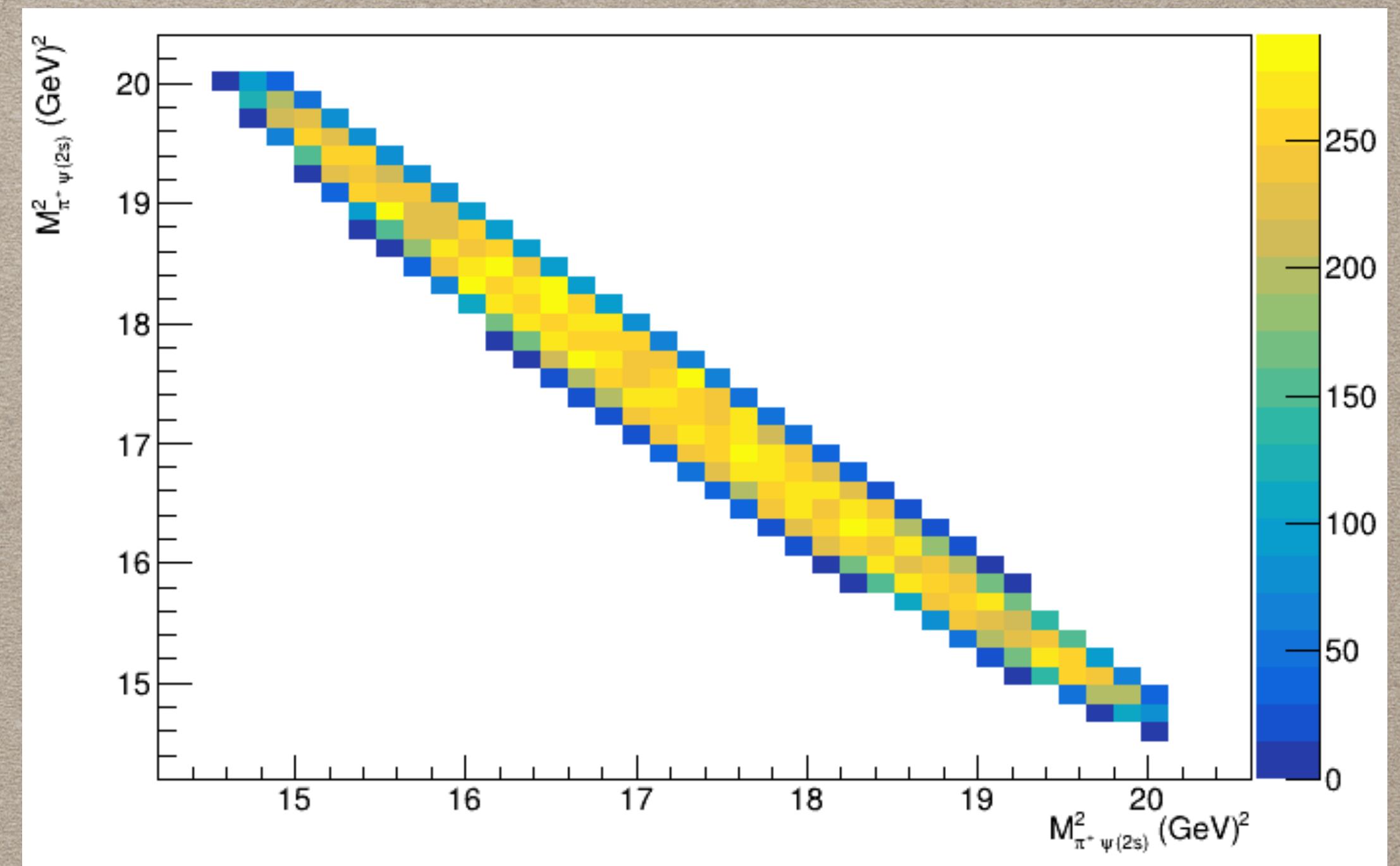
FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$ Dalitz plots



Signal sample

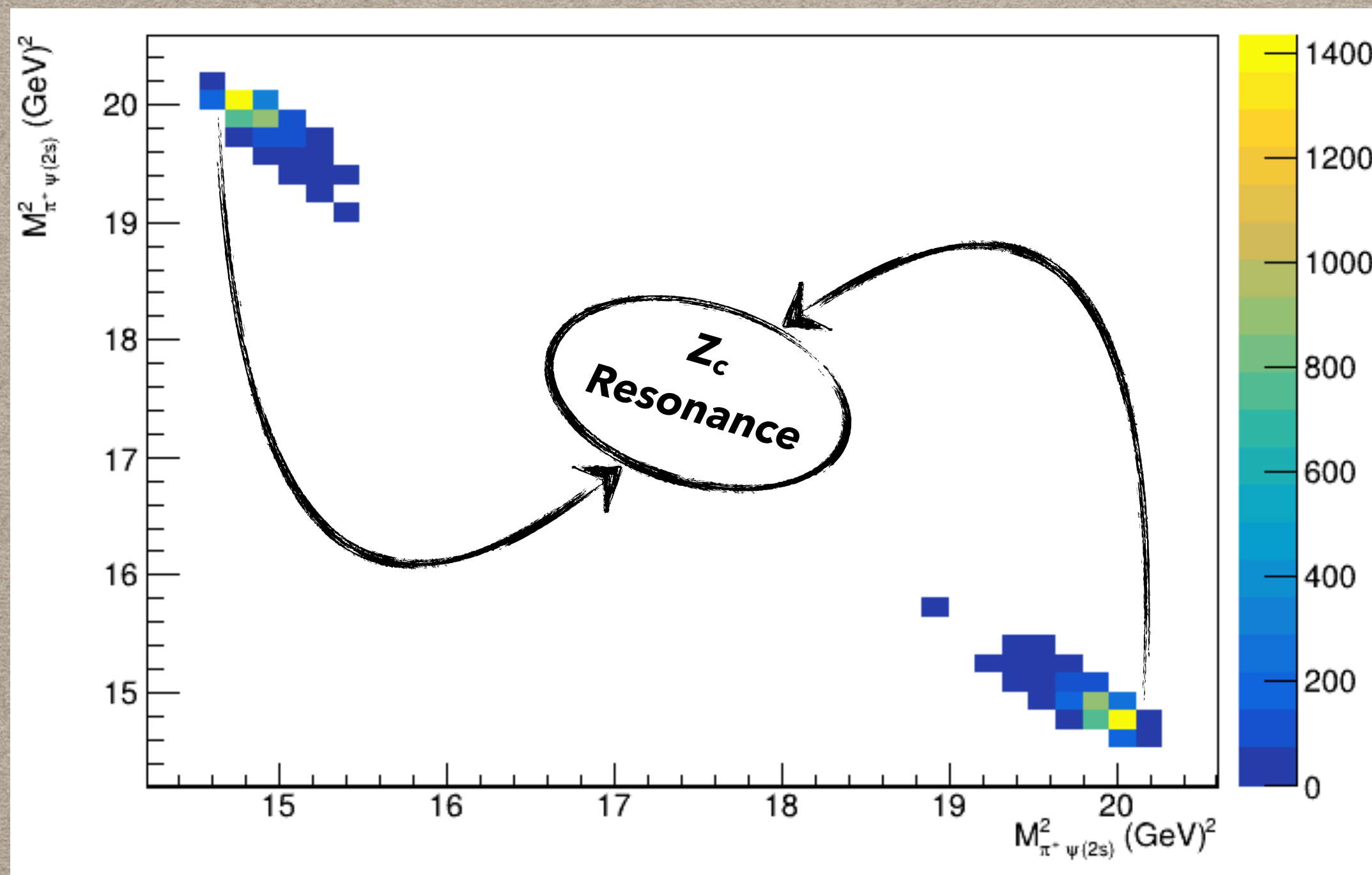


Background sample

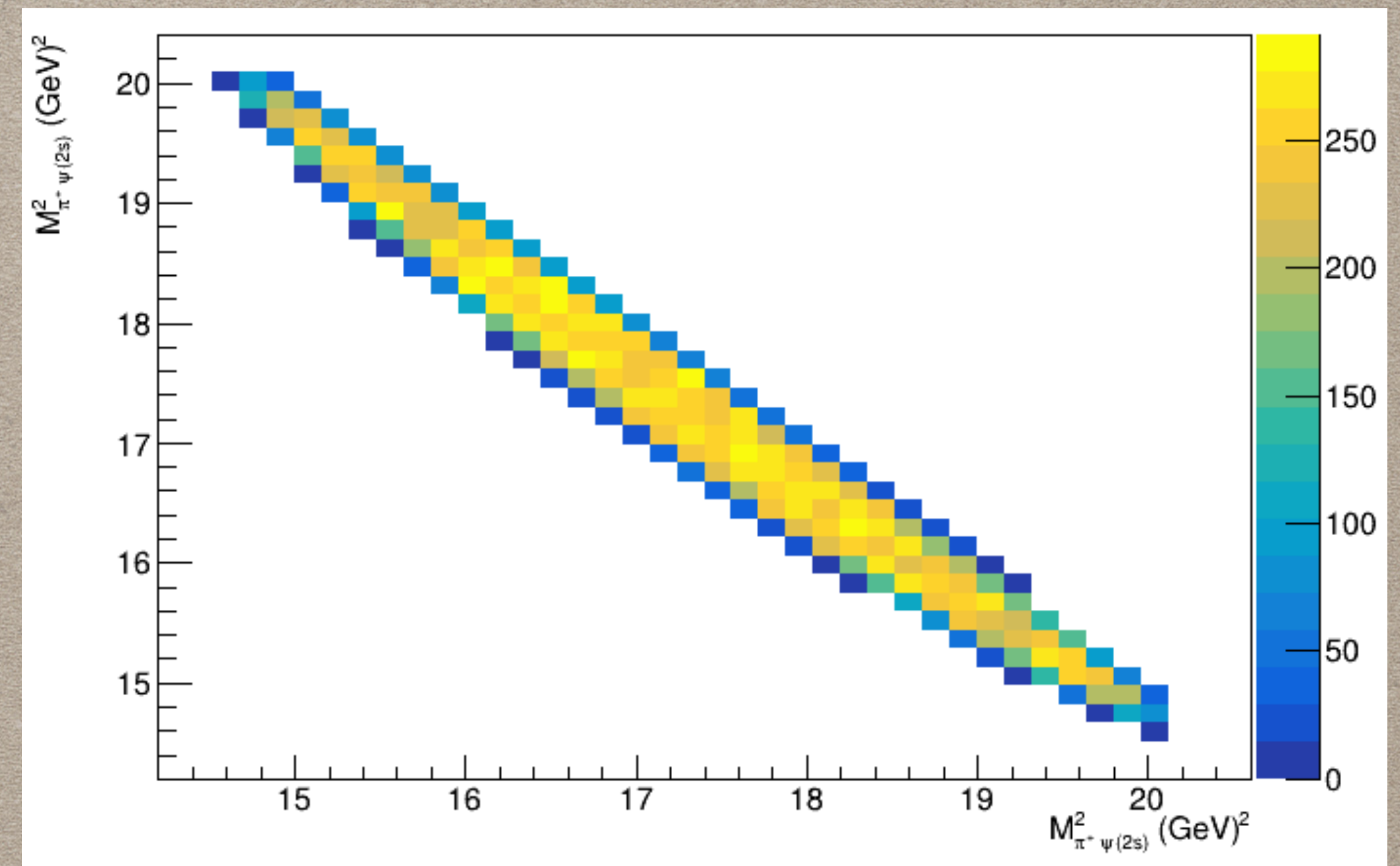
FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$ Dalitz plots



Signal sample

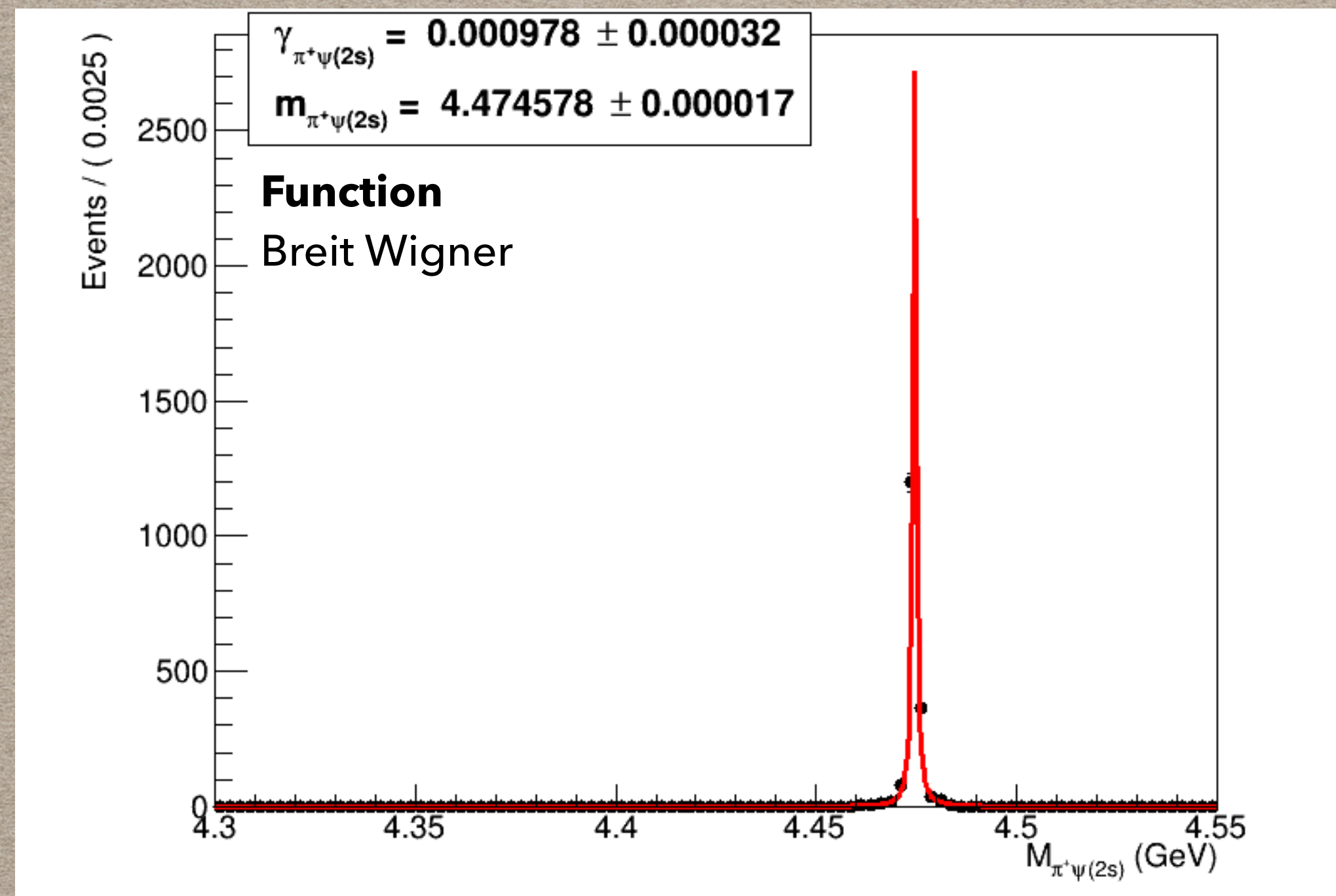


Background sample

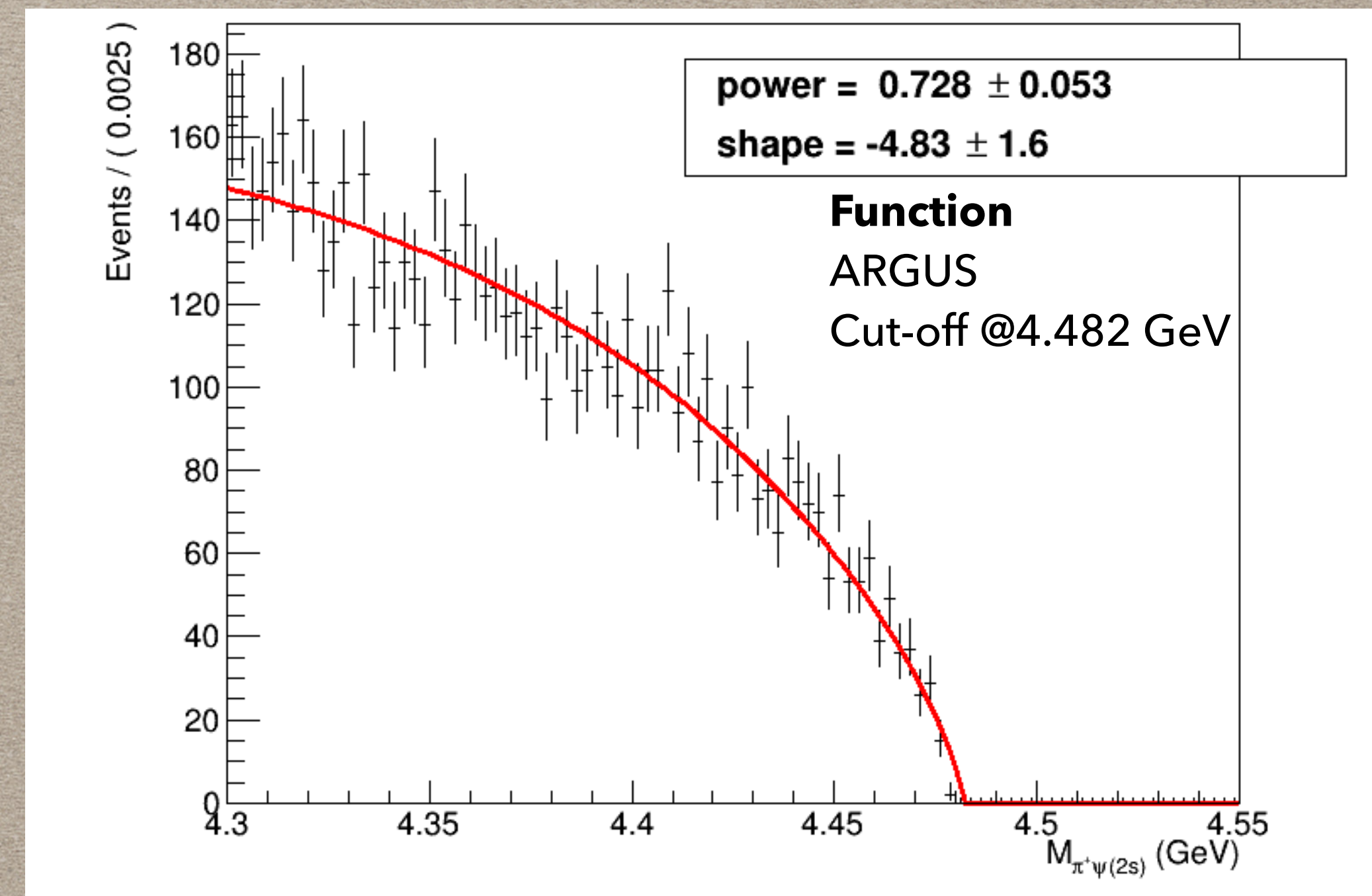
FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

$\pi^+\psi(2S)$ invariant mass fit



Resolution sample

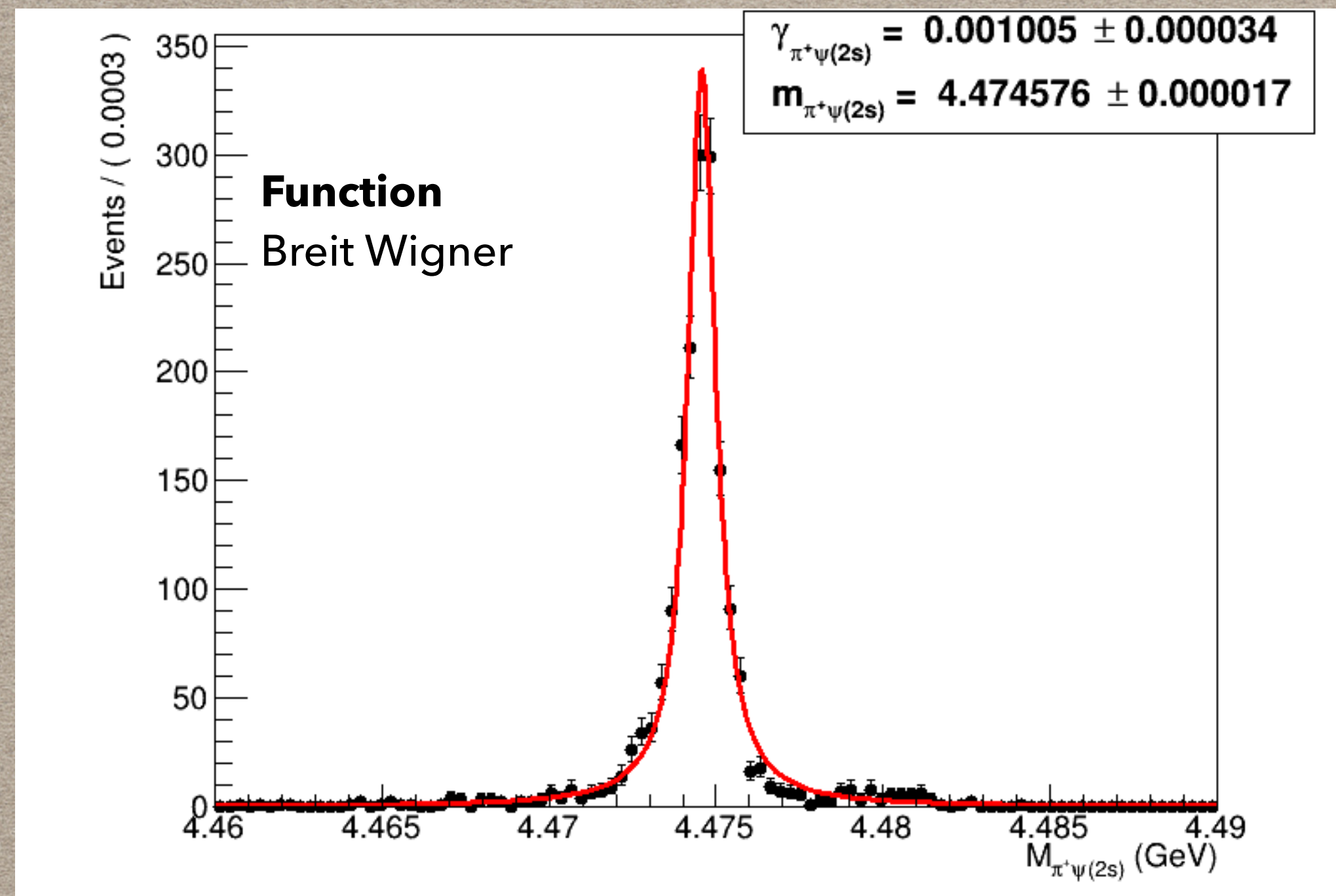


Background sample

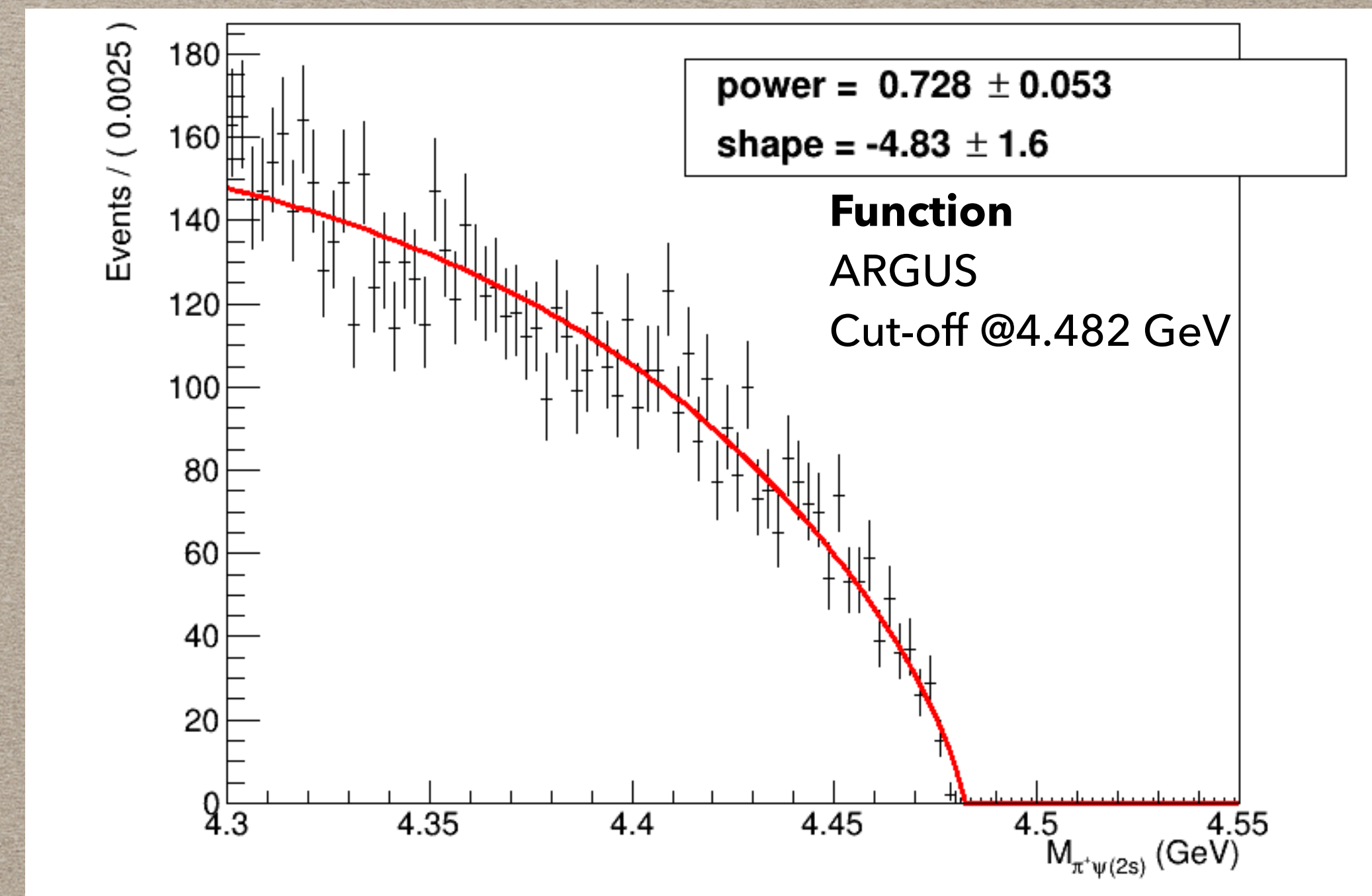
FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

$\pi^+\psi(2S)$ invariant mass fit



Resolution sample

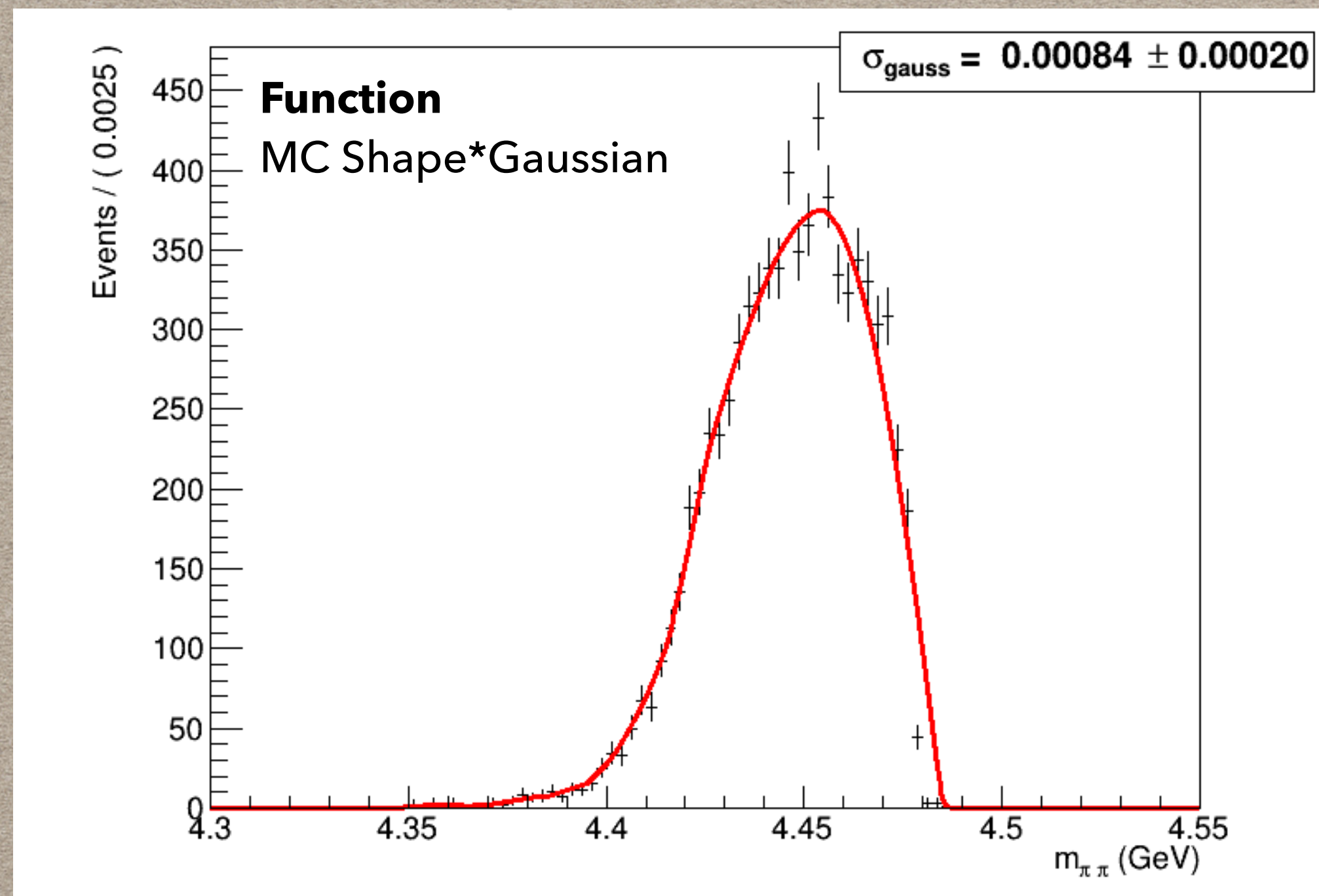


Background sample

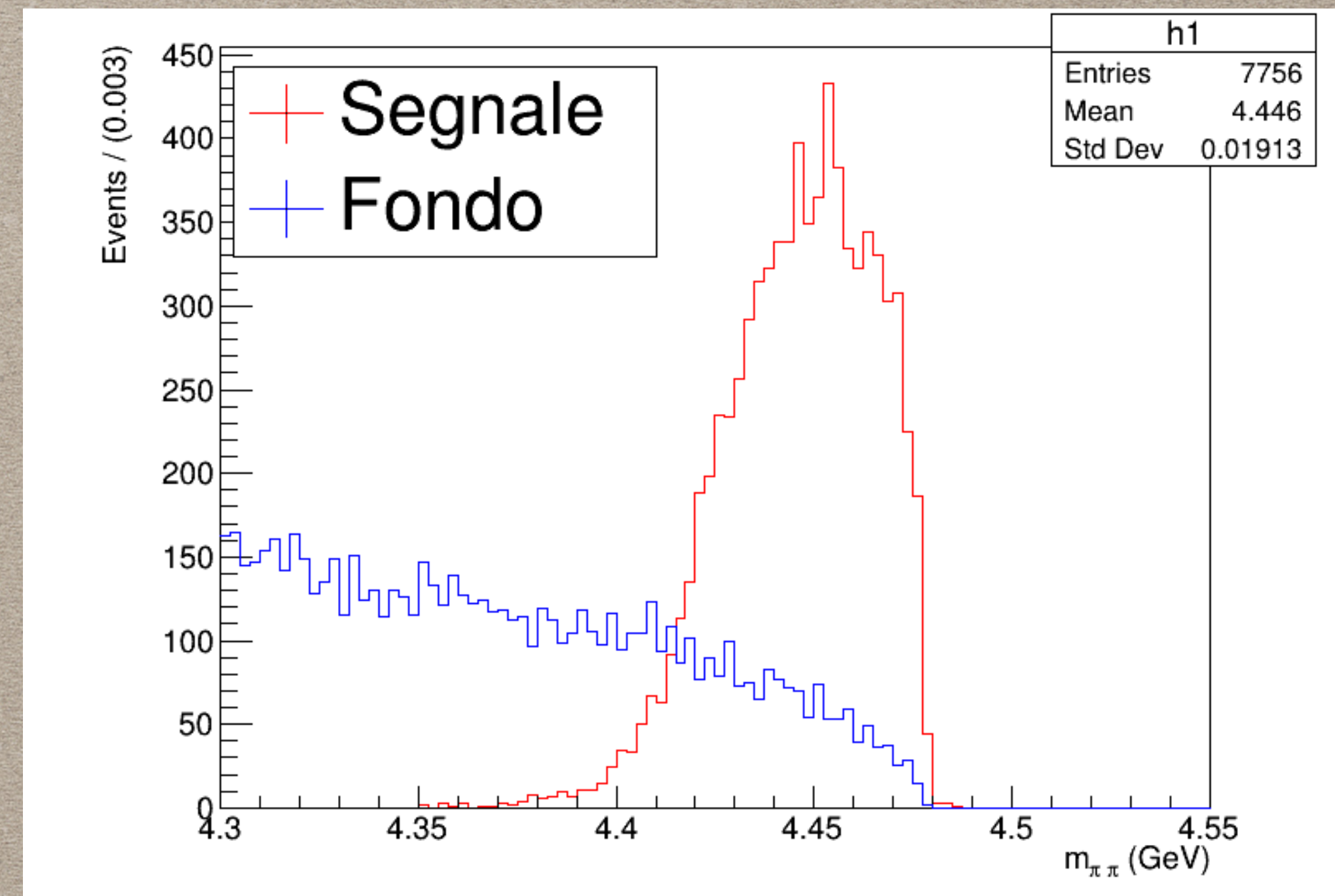
FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

$\pi^+\psi(2S)$ invariant mass fit



Signal sample

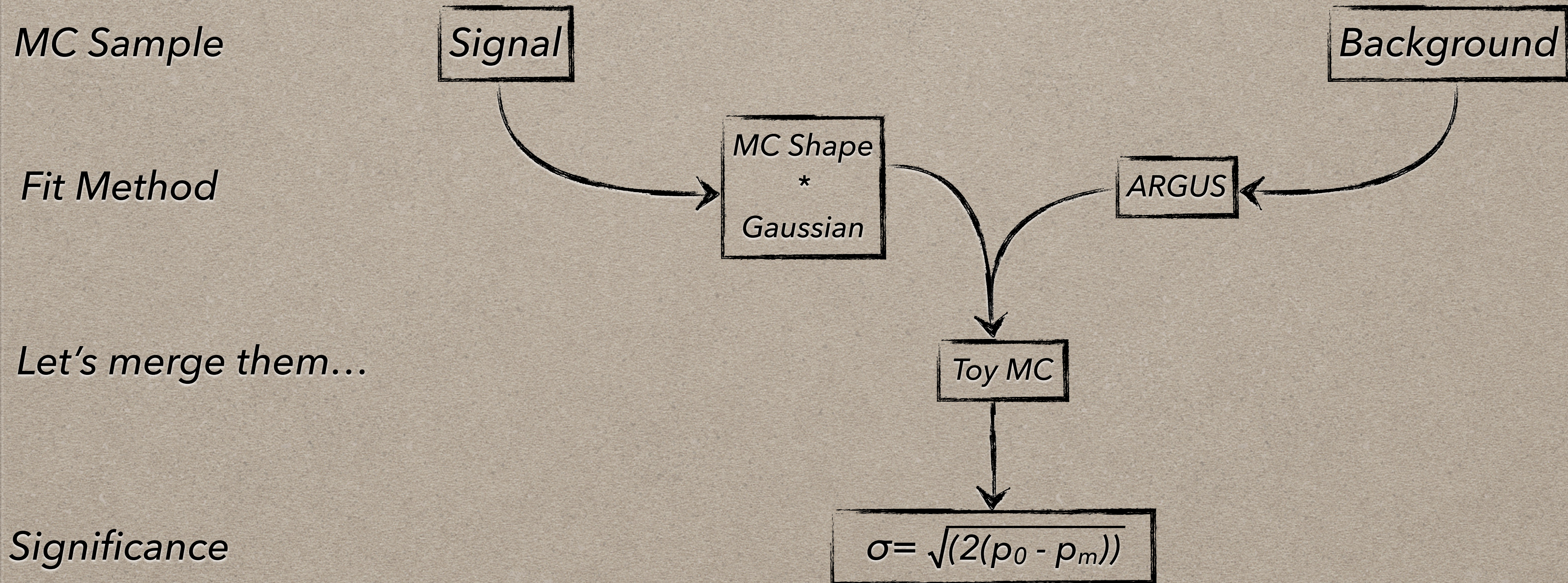


Sig ÷ Bkg comparison

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

BR x SIGNIFICANCE

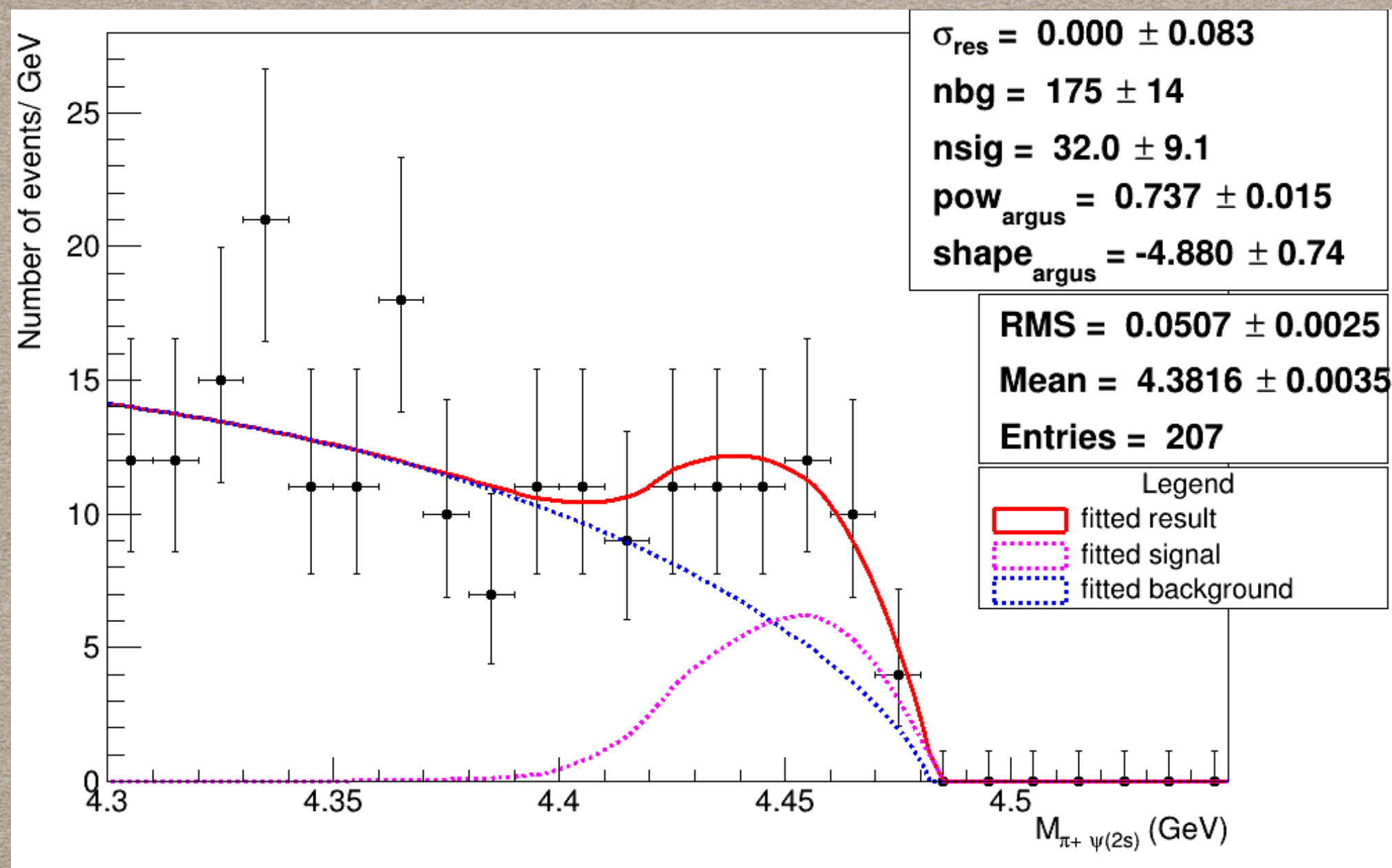


FEASIBILITY STUDY

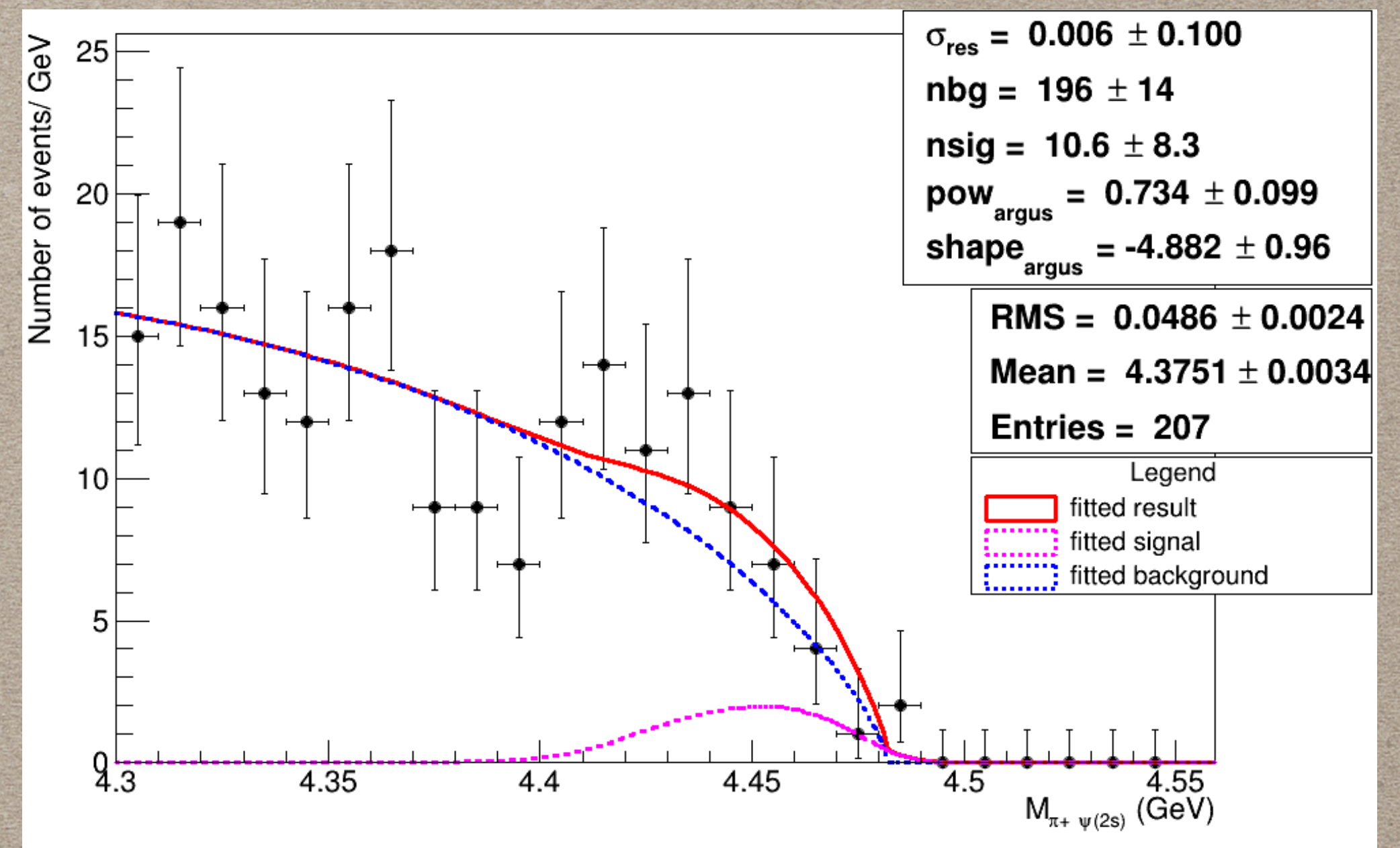
By G. Graziano

BR x SIGNIFICANCE

207 Events



BR 15% \rightarrow 3.64 σ



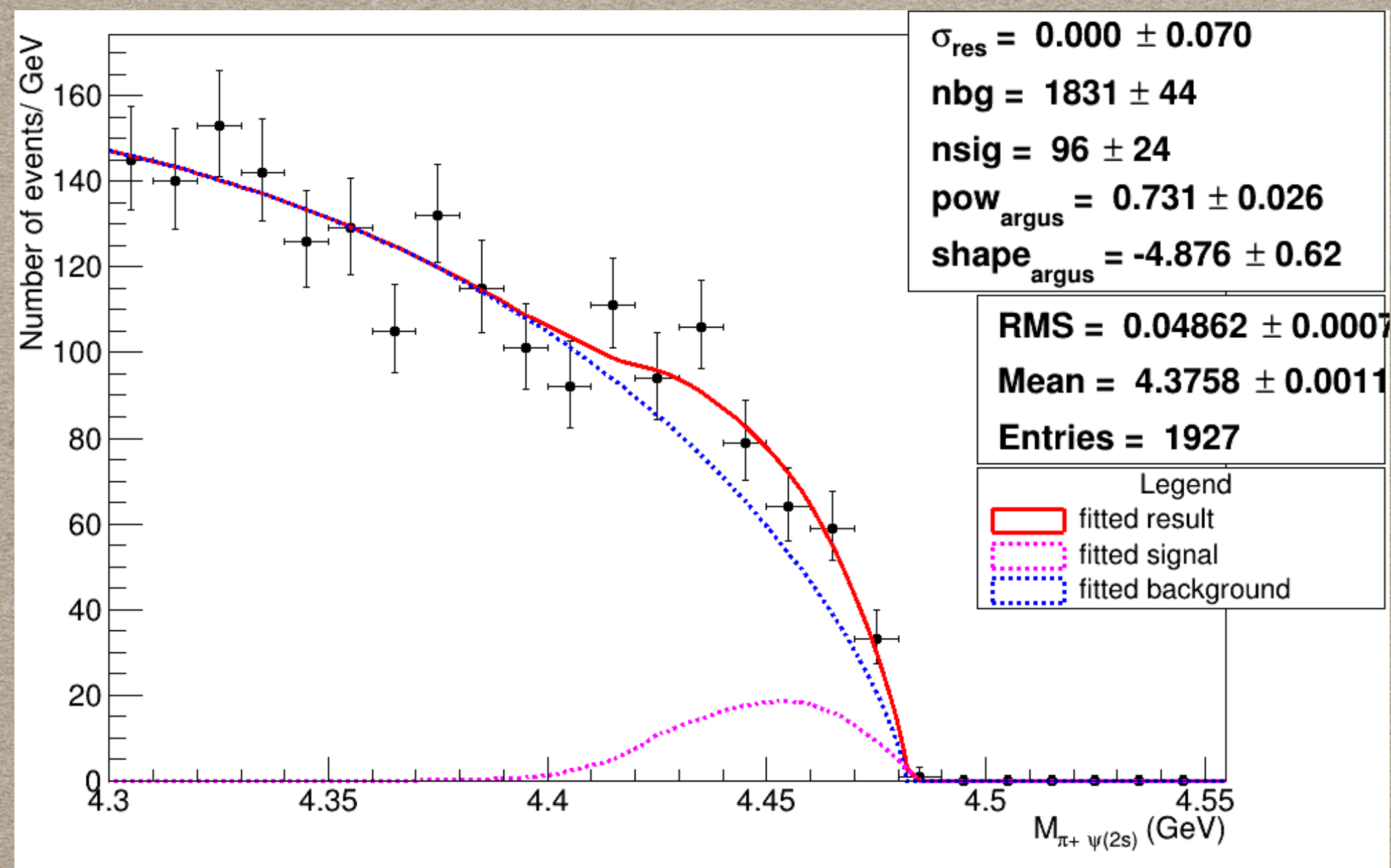
BR 5% \rightarrow 1.18 σ

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

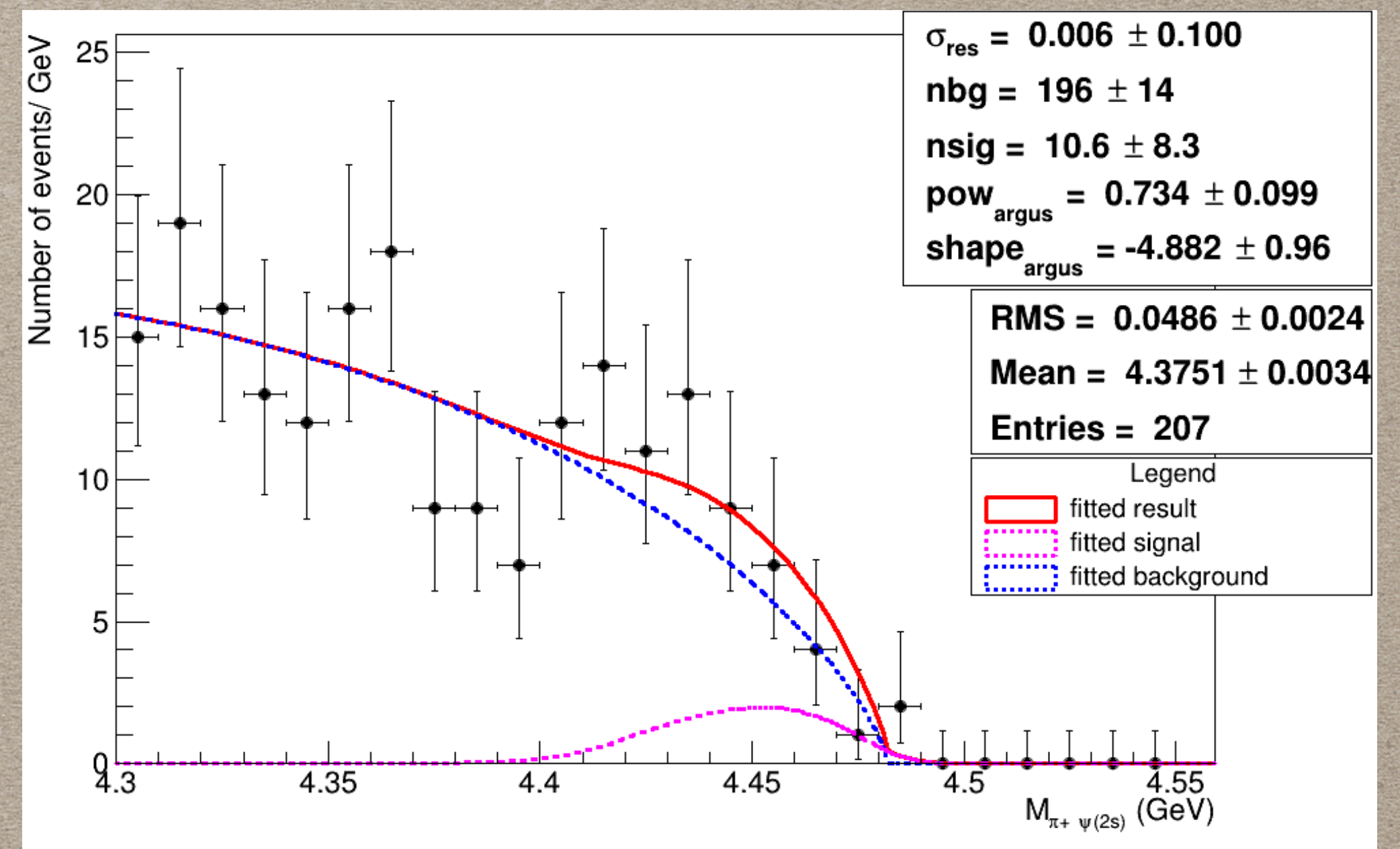
BR x SIGNIFICANCE

1927 Events



BR 5% \rightarrow 3.85 σ

7000 Events



BR 2% \rightarrow 3.64 σ

FEASIBILITY STUDY

By G. Graziano

BR x SIGNIFICANCE

Summary Table

BR	# Events for evidence	Significance [σ]	BEST WORST
20%	125	3.75	
15%	207	3.78	
10%	487	3.70	
5%	1927	3.85	
2%	7000	3.64	

CONCLUSIONS

Giovanni's work had important insights and results, which will be improved (if necessary) and implemented in my code

His significance study will be the lighthouse for the whole analysis

First step is to generate and study the "half-resonant" sample (i.e. with the Y and without the Z_c) - **Ongoing**

Starting from Giovanni's define robust cuts to increase efficiency and signal sensitivity- **Ongoing**

Many Thanks

For

Your Attention
