



# Directional-iDBSCAN

a proposal to CYGNO

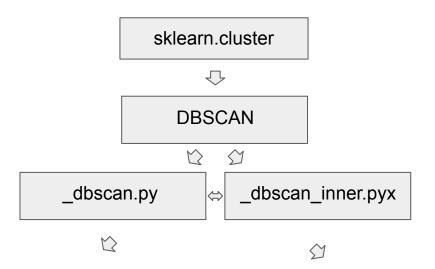
### **Igor Pains**

Igor Abritta and Rafael A Nobrega

### Last presentation

- The iDDBSCAN was updated with a new version of the RANSAC that is able to maintain a constant width in the fits.
- Some details in the iDDBSCAN needed to be adjusted in order to implement into the reconstruction algorithm.
  - These adjusts were made mostly to improve the time performance of the algorithm.

#### iDBSCAN - sklearn



Pure python algorithm responsible to extract information from the parameters, such as EPS and min\_samples.

Algorithm written in cython responsible to do the iterative part of the DBSCAN with the information provided by the other part.

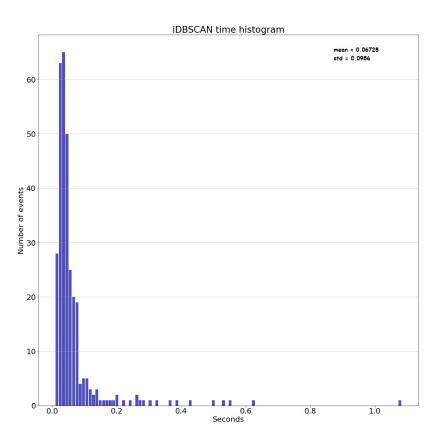
## Python - Cython

- The python is one of the most used programming language in the world, due to the facility of implementing and being richly outfitted. But it is not the fastest one.
- The cython is a language that combines both python and C++, aiming the speed performance of the last keeping the facility of the first.

#### **iDDBSCAN**

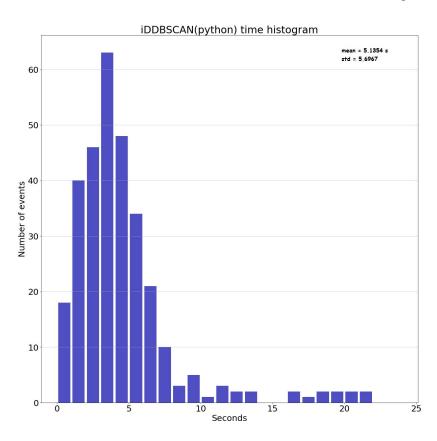
- The iDDBSCAN was written fully in python, due to its facility to develop and improve, but it was not as fast as the iDBSCAN.
- In order to speed it up, the algorithm was altered and part of it is now written in cython, just like the iDBSCAN.

### Time efficiency - iDBSCAN



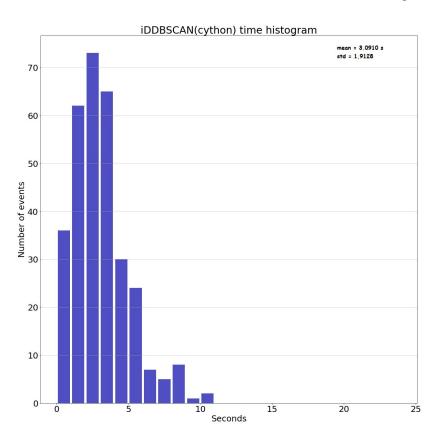
- The iDBSCAN (one iteration) needed less than one second to do the clusterization in most part of the events.
- It took less than 0.1 seconds for most part of the events.
- The slowest event needed 1.083 seconds

## Time efficiency - iDDBSCAN (python)



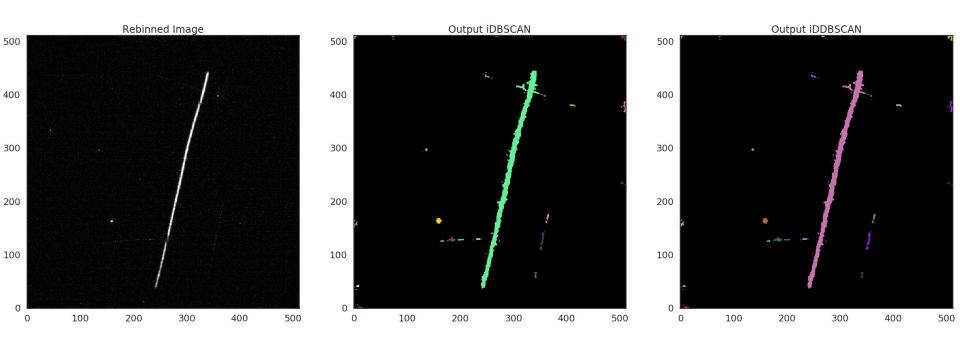
- The iDDBSCAN is slower due to the need to analyze the points of each cluster to perform the fit.
- It took less than 10 seconds for most part of the events.
- The slowest event needed 50.68 seconds

## Time efficiency - iDDBSCAN (cython)



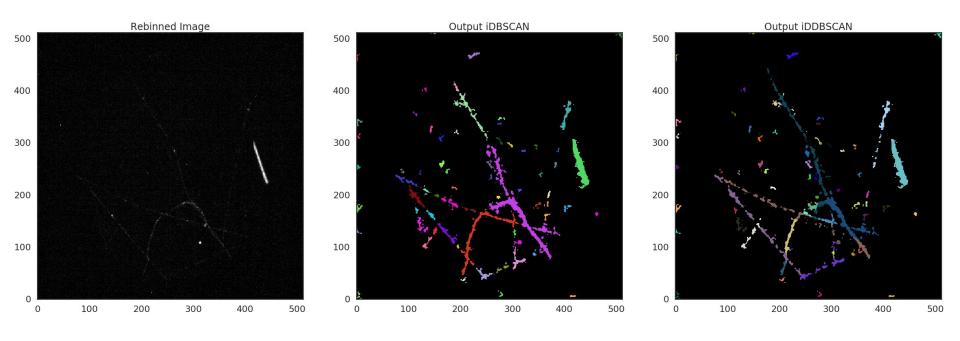
- The implementation with cython is quite faster than the one with python, but it still needs more time to do the clusterization than the iDBSCAN.
- It took less than 6 seconds for most part of the events.
- The slowest event needed 10.41 seconds

#### Run 2320 - Event 135



The slowest event with iDBSCAN and iDDBSCAN (python)

### Run 2320 - Event 52



The slowest event with iDDBSCAN (cython)

#### Conclusions

- Converting part of the algorithm to cython was able to speed it up, making the implementation in reconstruction more viable.
  - o from 5.1 seconds to 3.1 seconds
- The maximum\_time parameter was not used in other to measure the time needed to process each image, but it can be used to stop the iDDBSCAN algorithm if it takes more than a certain time.