# Scattering\_and\_NeutrinoDetector@LHC: neutrini da LHC

Assemblea di sezione, Bologna, 4 Feb 2021

Marco Dallavalle

## neutrini da LHC

- l'uso di LHC come sorgente di neutrini è uno sviluppo recente. Due esperimenti (SND@LHC e FASERv) nel 2022-2024 puntano alla prima osservazione diretta.
- dai decadimenti di bosoni W,Z, e di guark pesanti prodotti nelle interazioni pp profonde nascono neutrini dei tre sapori  $e, \mu, \tau$ ; neutrini muonici anche dai decadimenti di  $\pi$ ,K
- energia ~100-4000 GeV e intensità dei neutrini variano con l'angolo di diffusione  $(\eta = -\ln \tan \theta / 2 \rightarrow \eta = 4.5 = 22 \text{mrad} = 1.3^{\circ}$  $\eta = 8 = 0.7 \text{mrad} = 0.04^{\circ}$ )



N. Beni et al., Physics Potential of an Experiment using LHC Neutrinos, http://arxiv.org/abs/1903.06564



## fisica coi neutrini a LHC (1)



## fisica coi neutrini a LHC (2)

- la sezione d'urto di interazione vN (N=p,n) è misurata in laboratorio per  $E_v$ <350 GeV ;
  - molte misure per  $V_{\mu}$ , qualcuna  $V_{e}$ ;
  - 14 interazioni di  $V_{\tau}$  osservate ;
  - N.B.: σ(1000GeV)/σ(10GeV)~100--> detector può essere piccolo in massa e dimensioni
- da sorgenti di astrofisica misure per  $E_{v>}$ >6000 GeV, incertezza molto grande
- LHC può coprire il gap 350-6000 GeV
- LHC può produrre un campione consistente di  $\nu_{\tau}, \mbox{ di alta energia}$



### la Collaborazione SND@LHC (1)

- Nata dalla fusione di XSEN e SND(SHiP)
- XSEN aveva misurato i fondi macchina di LHC, stimato i flussi di neutrini e dimostrato la fattibilità di un esperimento per neutrini
- SND aveva sviluppato un rivelatore avanzato per l'osservazione di neutrini in SHiP
- LoI a Agosto 2019; approvazione di LHCC
- Technical Proposal sottomesso a Gennaio; in valutazione da LHCC; approvazione possibile per Marzo

January 15, 2021

### TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

### SND@LHC

### Scattering and Neutrino Detector at the LHC

SND@LHC Collaboration

### Abstract

<sup>8</sup> SND@LHC is a proposed, compact and stand-alone experiment to perform measurements with

<sup>9</sup> neutrinos produced at the LHC in an hitherto unexplored pseudo-rapidity region of 7.2  $< \eta <$ 

<sup>10</sup> 8.6, complementary to all the other experiments at the LHC. The experiment is to be located 480 m downstream of IP1 in the unused TI18 tunnel. The first phase aims at operating the

<sup>12</sup> detector throughout LHC Run 3 to collect a total of  $150 \, \text{fb}^{-1}$ 

Following the review of the Letter of Intent [1], submitted in August 2020, LHCC rec-<sup>14</sup> ommended the collaboration to proceed with the preparation of a Technical Proposal (TP),



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> reported herein.

### la Collaborazione SND@LHC (2)

- proposta di SND@LHC firmata da 35 istituti, 120 persone, 32% INFN, Bari, Bologna, Cagliari, LNGS, Napoli
- in discussione nella riunione di CSN1 INFN di Febbraio
- ricercatori di Bologna: 5 GrI, 2 GrII, 3 GrV
- altri sono benvenuti!

<sup>16</sup> C. Ahdida<sup>24</sup>, R. Albanese<sup>9,c,g</sup>, A. Alexandrov<sup>9,19,21,c</sup>, M. Andreini<sup>24</sup>, A. Anokhina<sup>22</sup>, A. Bay<sup>25</sup>, <sup>17</sup> P. Bestmann<sup>24</sup>, C. Betancourt<sup>26</sup>, I. Bezshyiko<sup>26</sup>, A. Blanco<sup>33</sup>, M. Bogomilov<sup>1</sup>, <sup>18</sup> K. Bondarenko<sup>24,25</sup>, W.M. Bonivento<sup>8</sup>, P. Boisseaux-Bourgeois<sup>24</sup>, A. Boyarsky<sup>18,d</sup>, <sup>19</sup> L.R. Buonocore<sup>26</sup>, A. Buonaura<sup>26</sup>, S. Buontempo<sup>9</sup>, V. Cafaro<sup>7</sup>, M. Callignon<sup>24</sup>, <sup>20</sup> T. Camporesi<sup>24</sup>, M. Campanelli<sup>30</sup>, V. Canale<sup>9,c</sup>, F. Cerutti<sup>24</sup>, N. Charitonidis<sup>24</sup> <sup>21</sup> M. Chernyavskiy<sup>19</sup>, K.-Y. Choi<sup>17</sup>, S. Cholak<sup>25</sup>, V. Cicero<sup>7</sup>, L. Congedo<sup>6,a</sup>, O. Crespo<sup>24</sup>, <sup>22</sup> M. Cristinziani<sup>4</sup>, A. Crupano<sup>7</sup>, G.M. Dallavalle<sup>7</sup>, A. Datwyler<sup>26</sup>, N. D'Ambrosio<sup>10</sup> <sup>23</sup> A. Dashkina<sup>21</sup>, J. De Carvalho Saraiva<sup>33</sup>, P.T. De Bryas Dexmiers D'Archiac<sup>25</sup>, G. De Lellis<sup>9,21,c</sup>, M. de Magistris<sup>9,c</sup>, A. De Roeck<sup>24</sup>, A. De Rujula<sup>31</sup>, M. De Serio<sup>6,a</sup>, D. De Simone<sup>26</sup> L. Dedenko<sup>22</sup>, A. Di Crescenzo<sup>9,c</sup>, L. Di Giulio<sup>24</sup>, A. Dolmatov<sup>20</sup>, O. Durhan<sup>27</sup>, D. Fasanella<sup>7</sup>, <sup>26</sup> F. Fedotovs<sup>30</sup>, M. Ferrillo<sup>26</sup>, M. Ferro-Luzzi<sup>24</sup>, R.A. Fini<sup>6</sup>, P. Fonte<sup>33</sup>, R. Fresa<sup>9,c</sup>, G. Galati<sup>9,c</sup> J. Gall<sup>24</sup>, R. Garcia Alia<sup>24</sup>, V. Gentile<sup>9,21,c</sup>, V. Giordano<sup>7</sup>, A. Golovatiuk<sup>9,c</sup>, A. Golutvin<sup>29,21</sup>, <sup>28</sup> P. Gorbounov<sup>24</sup>, M. Gorshenkov<sup>21</sup>, E. Graverini<sup>25</sup>, J.-L. Grenard<sup>24</sup>, A.M. Guler<sup>27</sup>, <sup>29</sup> G.J. Haefeli<sup>25</sup>, E.van Herwijnen<sup>21</sup>, G. Iaselli<sup>6,a</sup>, P. Iengo<sup>9,24</sup>, S. Ilieva<sup>1</sup> A Infantino<sup>24</sup> <sup>30</sup> A. Iuliano<sup>9,c</sup>, R. Jacobsson<sup>24</sup>, M. Jonker<sup>24</sup>, C. Kamiscioglu<sup>27,f</sup>, Y. Karyotakis<sup>32</sup>, E. Khalikov<sup>22</sup> Y.G. Kim<sup>14</sup>, S.H. Kim<sup>14</sup>, D.I. Kolev<sup>1</sup>, M. Komatsu<sup>11</sup>, N. Konovalova<sup>19,21</sup>, S. Kovalenko<sup>34</sup>. <sup>32</sup> I. Krasilnikova<sup>21</sup>, S. Kuleshov<sup>34</sup>, H.M. Lacker<sup>1</sup>, O. Lantwin<sup>26,21</sup>, A. Lauria<sup>9,c</sup>, K.S. Lee<sup>16</sup>, <sup>33</sup> K.Y. Lee<sup>13</sup>, N. Leonardo<sup>33</sup>, G. Lerner<sup>24</sup>, S. Lo Meo<sup>7,b</sup>, V.P. Loschiavo<sup>9,g</sup>, L. Lopes<sup>33</sup>, A. Magnan<sup>29</sup>, M. Maietta<sup>24</sup>, A. Malinin<sup>20</sup>, Y. Maurer<sup>24</sup>, A.K. Managadze<sup>22</sup>, S. Marsh<sup>24</sup> <sup>35</sup> A. Miano<sup>9,c</sup>, A. Montanari<sup>7</sup>, M.C. Montesi<sup>9,c</sup>, T. Naka<sup>12</sup>, F.L. Navarria<sup>7</sup>, P. Ninin<sup>24</sup>, <sup>36</sup> S. Ogawa<sup>12</sup>, N. Okateva<sup>19,21</sup>, J. Osborne<sup>24</sup>, N. Owtscharenko<sup>4</sup>, P.H. Owen<sup>26</sup>, B.D. Park<sup>13</sup> <sup>37</sup> G. Passeggio<sup>9</sup>, A. Pastore<sup>6</sup>, M. Patel<sup>29,21</sup>, L. Patrizii<sup>7,b</sup>, A. Petrov<sup>20</sup>, D. Podgrudkov<sup>22</sup>, <sup>38</sup> G.L. Petkov<sup>1</sup>, K. Petridis<sup>28</sup>, N. Polukhina<sup>19,21,e</sup>, D. Prelipcean<sup>24</sup>, A. Prota<sup>9,c</sup>, F. Queiroz<sup>35</sup>, <sup>39</sup> A. Quercia<sup>9,c</sup>, F. Ratnikov<sup>23</sup>, F. Redi<sup>25</sup>, A.B. Rodrigues Cavalcante<sup>25</sup>, J. Rodrigues <sup>40</sup> Fernandez<sup>24</sup>, T. Roganova<sup>22</sup>, T. Rovelli<sup>7,b</sup>, O. Ruchayskiy<sup>2</sup>, T. Ruf<sup>24</sup>, M. Sabate Gilarte<sup>24</sup>, <sup>41</sup> F. Sanchez Galan<sup>24</sup>, P. Santos Diaz<sup>24</sup>, O. Schneider<sup>25</sup>, G. Sekhniaidze<sup>9</sup>, N. Serra<sup>26,21</sup> <sup>42</sup> M. Shaposhnikov<sup>25</sup>, T. Shchedrina<sup>19,21</sup>, L. Shchutska<sup>25</sup>, V. Shevchenko<sup>20,21</sup>, H. Shibuya<sup>12</sup> <sup>43</sup> S. Shirobokov<sup>29</sup>, E. Shmanin<sup>21</sup>, S. Simone<sup>6,a</sup>, G. Sirri<sup>7,b</sup>, G. Soares<sup>33</sup>, J.Y. Sohn<sup>13</sup>, M. Souaya<sup>24</sup> <sup>44</sup> N. Starkov<sup>19,21</sup>, J.L. Tastet<sup>2</sup>, I. Timiryasov<sup>25</sup>, V. Tioukov<sup>9</sup>, N. Tosi<sup>7,b</sup>, C. Trippl<sup>25</sup>, <sup>45</sup> F. Tramontano<sup>9,c</sup>, R. Tsenov<sup>1</sup>, E. Ursov<sup>22</sup>, A. Ustyuzhanin<sup>23,21</sup>, G. Vankova-Kirilova<sup>1</sup>, <sup>46</sup> C. Vendeuvre<sup>24</sup>, C. Visone<sup>9,c</sup>, R. Wanke<sup>5</sup>, J.-K. Woo<sup>15</sup>, C.S. Yoon<sup>13</sup>, 47 J. Zamora-Saa<sup>34</sup>, E. Zaffaroni<sup>25</sup> <sup>48</sup> <sup>1</sup>Faculty of Physics, Sofia University, Sofia, Bulgaria

- <sup>3</sup>Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany
- <sup>4</sup>Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- 53 Germany
- <sup>6</sup>Sezione INFN di Bari, Bari, Italy
- <sup>7</sup>Sezione INFN di Bologna, Bologna, Italy <sup>8</sup>Sezione INFN di Cagliari, Cagliari, Italy
- <sup>57</sup> <sup>9</sup>Sezione INFN di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- <sup>11</sup>Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- 60 <sup>12</sup> Toho University, Funabashi, Chiba, Japan

<sup>2</sup>Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark <sup>52</sup> Institut für Physik and PRISMA Cluster of Excellence, Johannes Gutenberg Universität Mainz, Mainz,

<sup>0</sup>Laboratori Nazionali dell'INFN di Gran Sasso, L'Aquila, Italy

- <sup>13</sup>Physics Education Department & RINS, Gyeongsang National University, Jinju, Korea
- <sup>14</sup>Gwangju National University of Education, Gwangju, Korea
- <sup>15</sup>Jeju National University, Jeju, Korea
- <sup>64</sup> <sup>16</sup>Korea University, Seoul, Korea
- 65 <sup>17</sup>Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon-si, Gyeong Gi-do, Korea
- <sup>18</sup> University of Leiden, Leiden, The Netherlands
- <sup>67</sup> <sup>19</sup> P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute (LPI RAS), Moscow, Russia
- <sup>68</sup> <sup>20</sup>National Research Centre 'Kurchatov Institute', Moscow, Russia
- <sup>69</sup> <sup>21</sup>National University of Science and Technology 'MISiS', Moscow, Russia
- <sup>22</sup>Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics of Moscow State University (SINP MSU), Moscow, Russia
- <sup>23</sup>National Research University Higher School of Economics, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>72</sup> <sup>24</sup> European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN), Geneva, Switzerland
- 73 <sup>25</sup>École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), Lausanne, Switzerland
- <sup>74</sup> <sup>26</sup> Physik-Institut, Universität Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland
- <sup>75</sup> <sup>27</sup> Middle East Technical University (METU), Ankara, Turkey
- <sup>76</sup> <sup>28</sup>H.H. Wills Physics Laboratory, University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom
- <sup>77</sup> <sup>29</sup>Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom
- <sup>78</sup> <sup>30</sup> University College London, London, United Kingdom
- <sup>31</sup>Inst. de Estructura de la Materia, Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas (CSIC), Madrid, Spain
- <sup>32</sup>Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules (LAPP), Annecy-le-Vieux, France
- <sup>33</sup>Laboratory of Instrumentation and Experimental Particle Physics (LIP), Lisbon, Portugal
- <sup>34</sup> Universidad Andres Bello, Department of Physics, Santiago, Chile
- <sup>35</sup> International Institute of Physics at the Federal University of Rio Grande do Norte, Rio Grande do Norte, 84 Brazil
- <sup>85</sup> <sup>a</sup> Università di Bari, Bari, Italy
- <sup>86</sup> <sup>b</sup>Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy
- <sup>87</sup> <sup>c</sup> Università di Napoli "Federico II", Napoli, Italy
- <sup>88</sup> <sup>d</sup> Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv, Kyiv, Ukraine
- <sup>89</sup> <sup>e</sup>National Research Nuclear University (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia
- <sup>90</sup> <sup>f</sup>Ankara University, Ankara, Turkey
- 91 <sup>g</sup>Consorzio CREATE, Napoli, Italy

2

## collocazione del rivelatore

- nel tunnel TI18, 480m da ATLAS
- particelle da IP incontrano 100 m di roccia; quelle cariche deviate dai magneti di LHC





### il rivelatore di SND@LHC (1)



## il rivelatore di SND@LHC (2)



a Bologna, interessamento per

- tre stazioni finali del rivelatore di muoni: barre sottili di scintillatori lette da SiPMs; partecipazione a detector design, elettronica e meccanica
- scan delle emulsioni al microscopio (esperienza di OPERA, upgrade del microscopio)
- analisi degli eventi

### Pianificazione, aspettative e note finali

SND INSTALLATION PLANNING													
	Month	Fev		March			Avril	May	June				
	Weeks	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14-17	18-21	22-26	27
LHC schedule		🛧 Test campaign											
Windows available						$\star$							
Services													

Flavour	$ \begin{vmatrix} \text{Neutrinos i} \\ \langle \mathbf{E} \rangle \ [\text{GeV}] \end{vmatrix} $	n acceptance Yield	$\begin{vmatrix} CC & neutrino \\ \langle E \rangle & [GeV] \end{vmatrix}$	o interactions Yield	$ \begin{vmatrix} NC & neutrino \\ \langle E \rangle & [GeV] \end{vmatrix} $	interact Yield
$\nu_{\mu}$	145	$2.1 \times 10^{12}$	450	730	480	220
$ar{ u}_{\mu}$	145	$1.8 \times 10^{12}$	485	290	480	110
$\nu_e$	395	$2.6 \times 10^{11}$	760	235	720	70
$\bar{ u}_e$	405	$2.8 \times 10^{11}$	680	120	720	44
${\cal V}_{ au}$	415	$1.5 \times 10^{10}$	740	14	740	4
$ar{ u}_{ au}$	380	$1.7 \times 10^{10}$	740	6	740	2
TOT		$4.5\times10^{12}$		1395		450

Table 15: Number of neutrinos in the SND@LHC acceptance, charged-current and neutralcurrent neutrino interactions in the detector target, assuming  $150 \,\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ . Average energies are also reported.

![](_page_9_Figure_4.jpeg)

preparare area, installare servizi

### installazione e collaudo

tions	
d	

note finali:

- a HL-LHC statistica x50, ma serve tracker alternativo alle emulsioni
- altre possibilità di fisica: FIPs (particelle con interazione "flebile", quasi impercettibile, che collidono con nucleoni o con elettroni)

![](_page_9_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_13.jpeg)