

SMI – STEFAN MEYER INSTITUTE FOR SUBATOMIC PHYSICS

Future plans at DAFNE Fundamental Physics at the strangeness frontier: Kaon scattering experiments

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LNF - FFF meeting January 13, 2021

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KAON-NUCLEON SCATTERING - KNscat

GOAL

Measuring the particle resulting from the scattering processes on various targets (starting with hydrogen, deuterium, helium-3 and helium-4) with low momenta.

DETECTOR

Measuring scattering processes at low energy represents a big experimental challenge. Therefore, we will develop in the framework of the

EU programme Horizon 2020, project STRONG2020,

an active Time Projection Chamber (TPC), which will allow to study the kaon interaction directly in the TPC, without additional material.

Scintillator tiles will surround the TPC for charged particle tracking.

In addition to study inelastic channels it is necessary to the detect neutrons as well as gammas \implies <u>a new detector concept is under study</u>.



KNscat: KAON-NUCLEON SCATTERING



- The present knowledge of total and differential cross sections of low energy kaon-nucleon reactions is very limited.
- Below 150 MeV/c there is a "desert" the experimental data are very scarce and with large errors and practically no data exist below 100 MeV/c.
- Kaon-nucleon scattering data are fundamental to validate theories: chiral symmetries; lattice calculations; potential models etc.



K⁻N elastic and inelastic scatterings for $p_{\kappa} < 100 \text{ MeV/c}$

The parameters of the models are constrained by the existing scattering data





KNscat – elastic scattering for: H2 – D2 – He – Ar

Main detector components:

kaon monitor

□ active TPC

Charged kaon detector

ACTIVE TPC PROTOTYPE DEVELOPED AT LNF within EU-FP7 HadronPhysics3



Performances of an Active Target GEM-Based TPC Modern Instrumentation 4 (2015) 32-41

First tests of GEM based TPC with pure hydrogen Diploma thesis, Univ. Vienna (2015)

Development of an active target TPC within Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme: STRONG2020

KNcat: elastic scattering, layout



Charged kaon detector - energy distribution





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Expected scattered events in H2 gas

- integrated luminosity 12 pb^{-1 \rightarrow} 500(kaon-pairs/s)
- scattering angle > $10^{\circ} \rightarrow N_{events/sec} \sim 1 \times 10^{-3}$

$$\succ$$
 N_{events/30 days} ~ 2.5 x 10³

International collaboration

- LNF INFN SMI – OeAW • Univ. Zagreb Jagiellonian Univ. TUM Munich • IFIN-HH, Bucharest INFN and Politecnico di Milano INFN Trieste • Univ. Mainz
 - Sendai Univ.
 - RIKEN

Italy Austria Croatia Poland Germany Romania Italy Italy Germany

Japan Japan

Time frame

KNscat											
Months from T_0	Year	TPC final design	kaon det. design	TPC construction	charged kaon det. constr.	kaon monitor constr.	electronics	DAQ	calibration & tests	installation	unı
1											
2											
2 3											
4											
5	4.54										
5 6 7											
7	1st										
8 9											
9											
10 11											
11											
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19	2nd										
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25 26 27	3rd										
27											
28											
29											
30											
31											
32				F	FF-Meetir	ng, LNF Jan	. 13, 2021				

KNscat – inelastic scattering

detection of neutrons and gammas

K ⁻ p reaction	Subsequent decay modes	Finally produced particles
$\Sigma^+ \pi^-$	$\Sigma^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 p; \pi^0 \rightarrow 2 \gamma$	π⁻ 2γp
	$\Sigma^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ n$	π⁻ π⁺ n
$\Sigma^{-} \pi^{+}$	$\Sigma^{-} \rightarrow \pi^{-} n$	π ⁻ π ⁺ n
$\Sigma^0 \pi^0$	$\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \gamma; \Lambda \rightarrow \pi^- p$	π- Зγр
	$\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \gamma$; $\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^0 n$; $\pi^0 \rightarrow 2 \gamma$	5γn
$\Lambda \pi^0$	$\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^0 n; \pi^0 \rightarrow 2 \gamma$	2γn
	$\Lambda \rightarrow \pi^{-} p$ FFF-Meeting, LNF Jan. 13, 2021	π ⁻ 2γp

KNscat – inelastic scattering, layout



Monte Carlo Study of a sandwich-calorimeter

neutron detection efficiency

for 32 Pb sheets (thickness=a) in-between liq. scintillator (thickness=b)



Time frame

KNscat-inelastic										
Months from T_0	Year	Calorimeter final design	cryo target design	Calorimeter construction	cryo target constr.	electronics	DAQ	calibration & tests	installation	run
13										
14										
15										
16										
17	1st									
18										
19	151									
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										
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28										
29										
30	2nd									
31	2110									
32	_									
33										
34	-									
35										
36										
37	3rd									
38										
39										
40										
41										
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43				FFF-M	leeting, Ll	NF Jan. 13	, 2021			
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CONCLUSION

 $DA\Phi NE$ is worldwide the only machine for mono-energetic low energy kaons with high luminosity, ideally suited to perform measurements to study kaonic atoms and kaon-nuclei,

with the goal to understand processes going from chiral symmetry breaking to neutron stars EOS which cannot be obtained otherwise!

A strong international community (EU-STRONG2020) is putting forward a programme to perform these experiments, with support from National and European funding agencies!

Thanks for your attention!

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