

03.03.2021

Timing resolution in BGO of the FOOT calorimeter

determined with cosmic rays

N. Bartosik, P. Cerello, L. Scavarda

INFN Torino

Introduction: objectives + setup

Evaluate the possibility of Time Of Flight (TOF) measurement using the BGO crystals of the FOOT calorimeter

↳ measure the time resolution achievable with the BGO crystal alone

Using cosmic tracks passing through the BGO crystal to measure the time of the pulse in the **SiPM+BGO** wrt the fast trigger pulse in the **PMT+plastic scintillators**

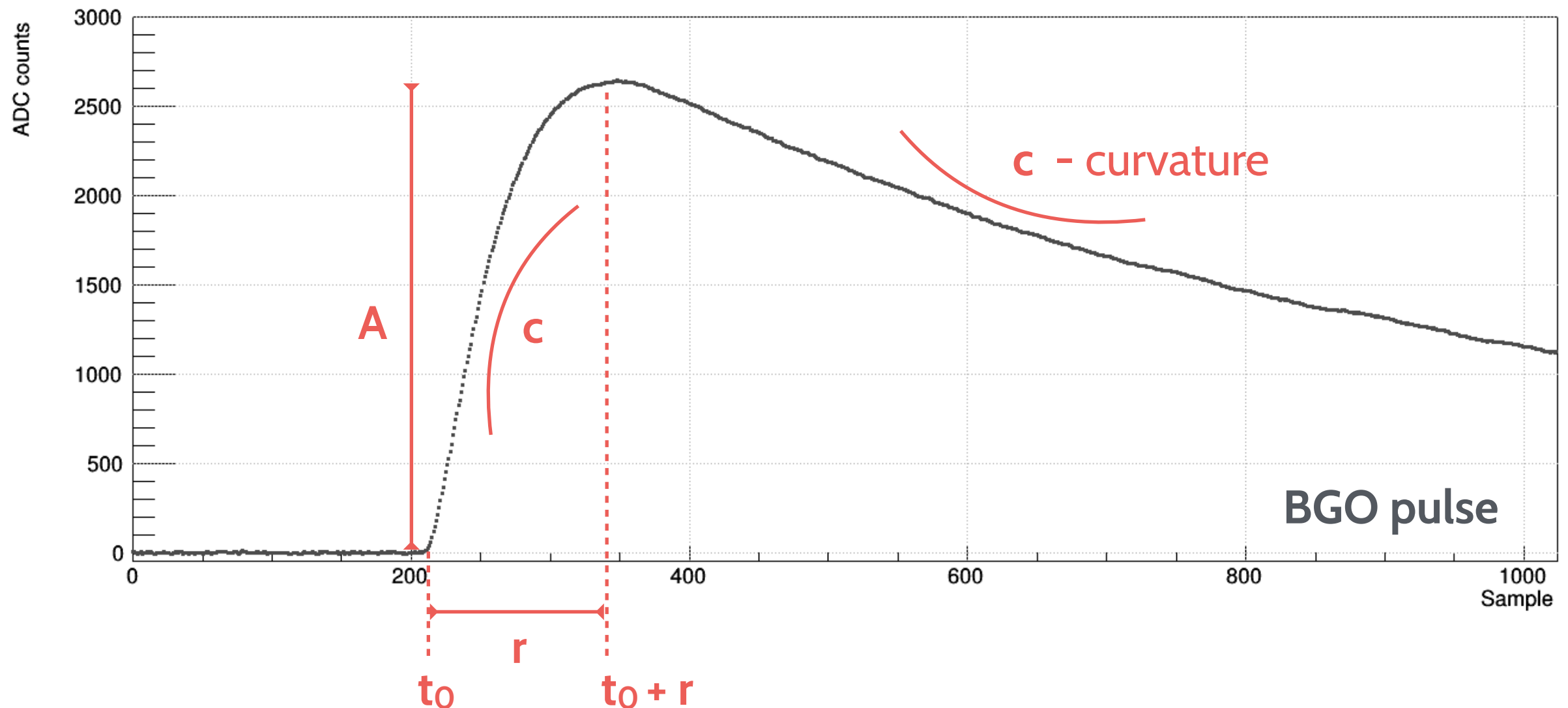


All three pulses digitised with **CAEN V1742** at 2.5 GS/s → 1024 samples/event

- triggering on a single channel: **PMT1** → further event cleaning done offline

Pulse fit function

BGO and Plastic pulses fitted by the same function: $A \cdot \exp\left[c \cdot \log^2\left(\frac{x - t_0}{r}\right)\right]$

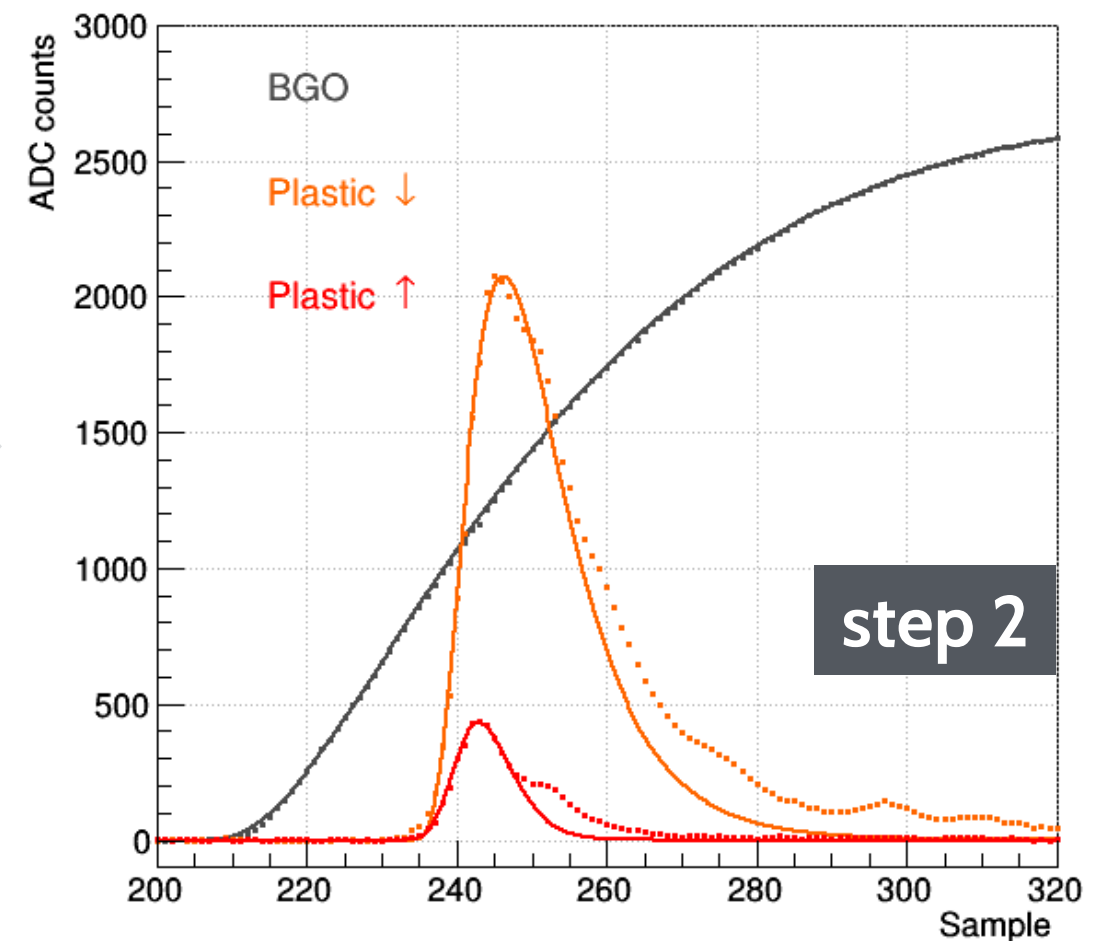
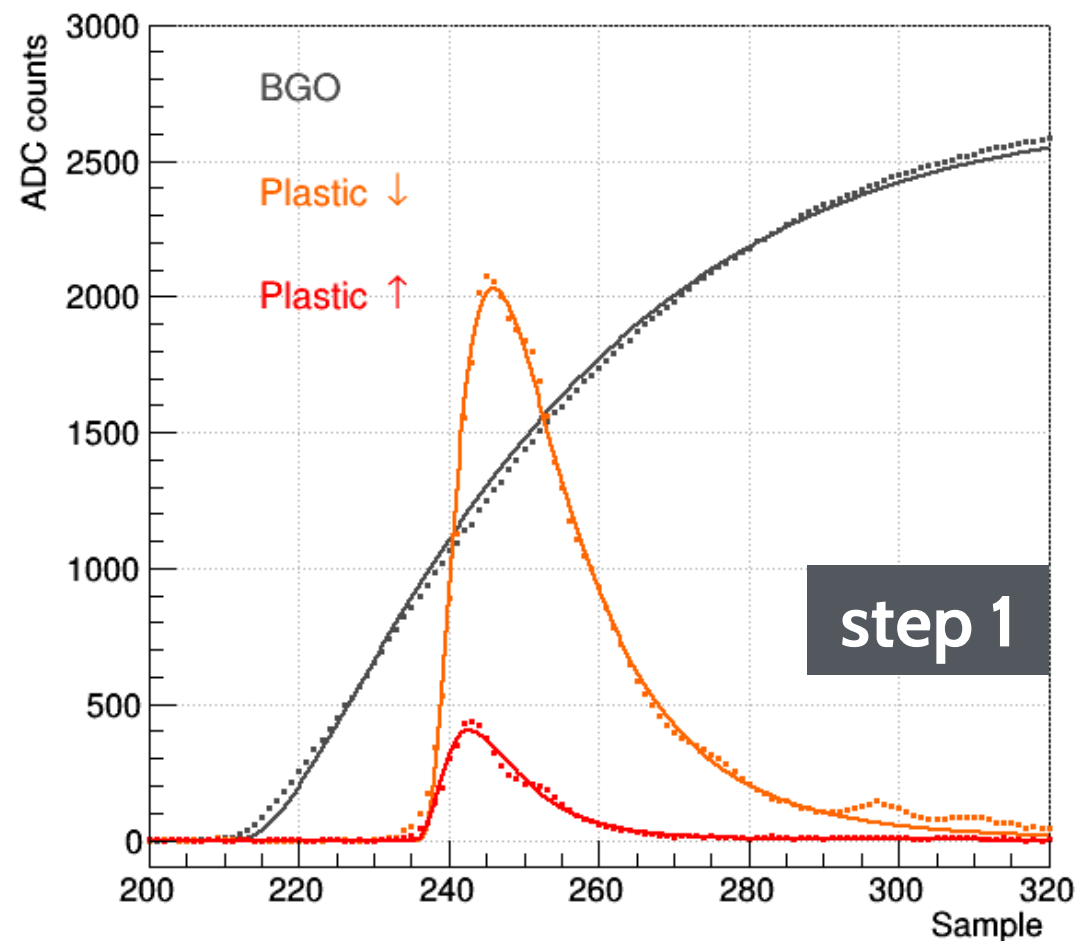


Only events with all three pulses having substantial maximum deviation from the baseline are selected to perform the fits: $\text{ADC}_{\text{max}} > 50$

Pulse fitting sequence: rising edge

Pulse fitting performed in two steps:

1. fit of the complete pulse shape using the full range: samples 0 $\rightarrow$ 1023
↳ to find the approximate values for t_0 and r
2. precise fit of the rising edge: samples 0 $\rightarrow t_0 + 1.5r$

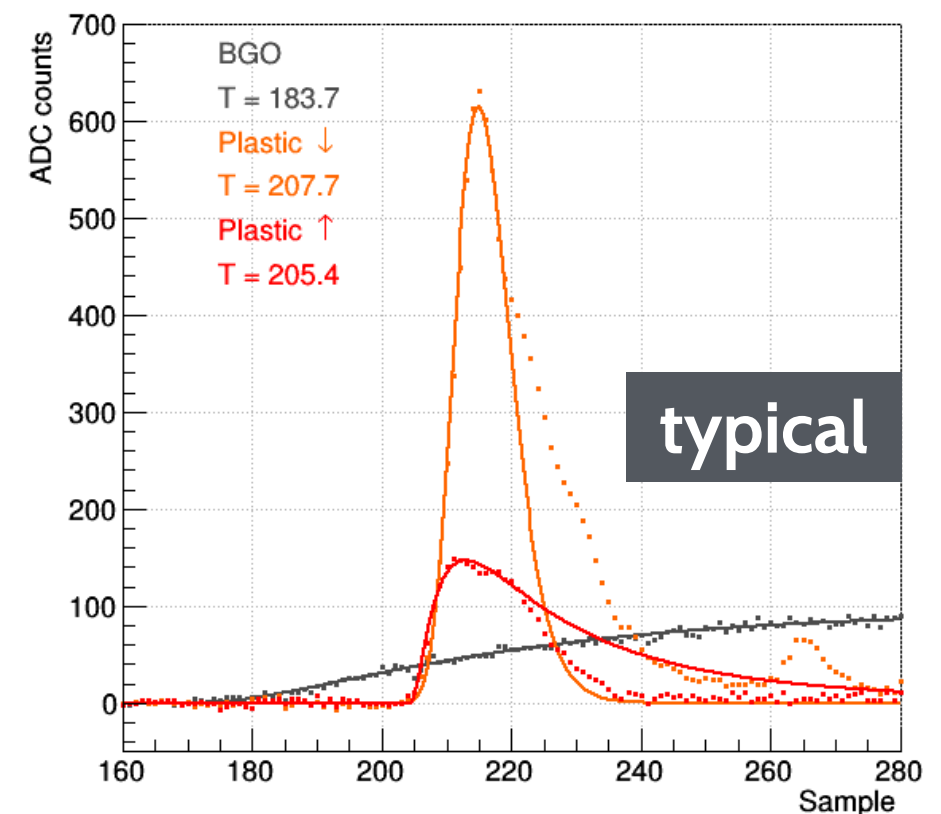
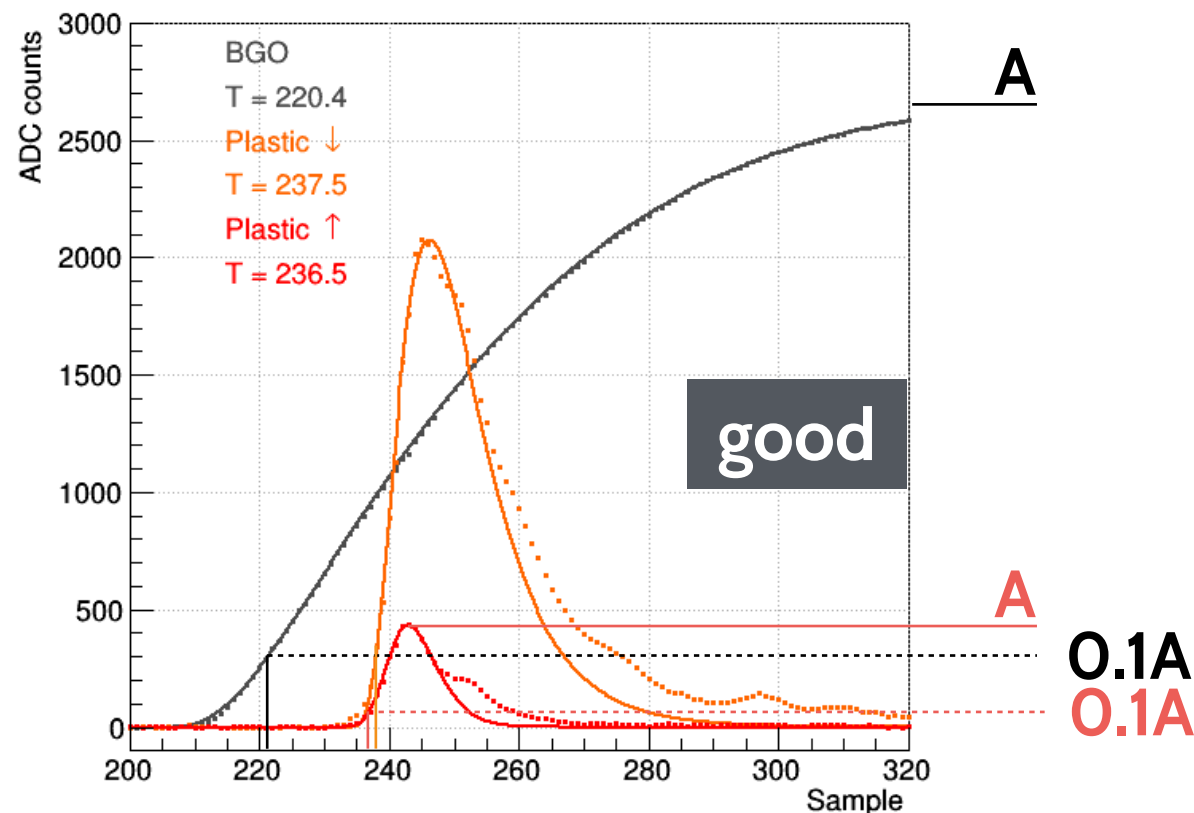


Rising edge is fitted perfectly $\rightarrow$ time extracted from the smooth function

Time extraction: functional form

t₀ parameter is not stable enough → use a constant fraction **f** of the amplitude

$$\mathbf{f} \cdot A = A \cdot \exp\left[c \cdot \log^2\left(\frac{x - t_0}{r}\right)\right] \rightarrow x = t_0 + r \cdot \exp\left[-\sqrt{-\frac{\log \mathbf{f}}{c}}\right] \rightarrow \mathbf{f} = 0.1$$



Low pulse amplitude in BGO from cosmics limits the rising edge shape precision

↳ time resolution might be better with a proper ion beam

Time resolution: event selection

Fast signals in plastic scintillators represent the best achievable time resolution with the given readout setup at 2.5 GS/s

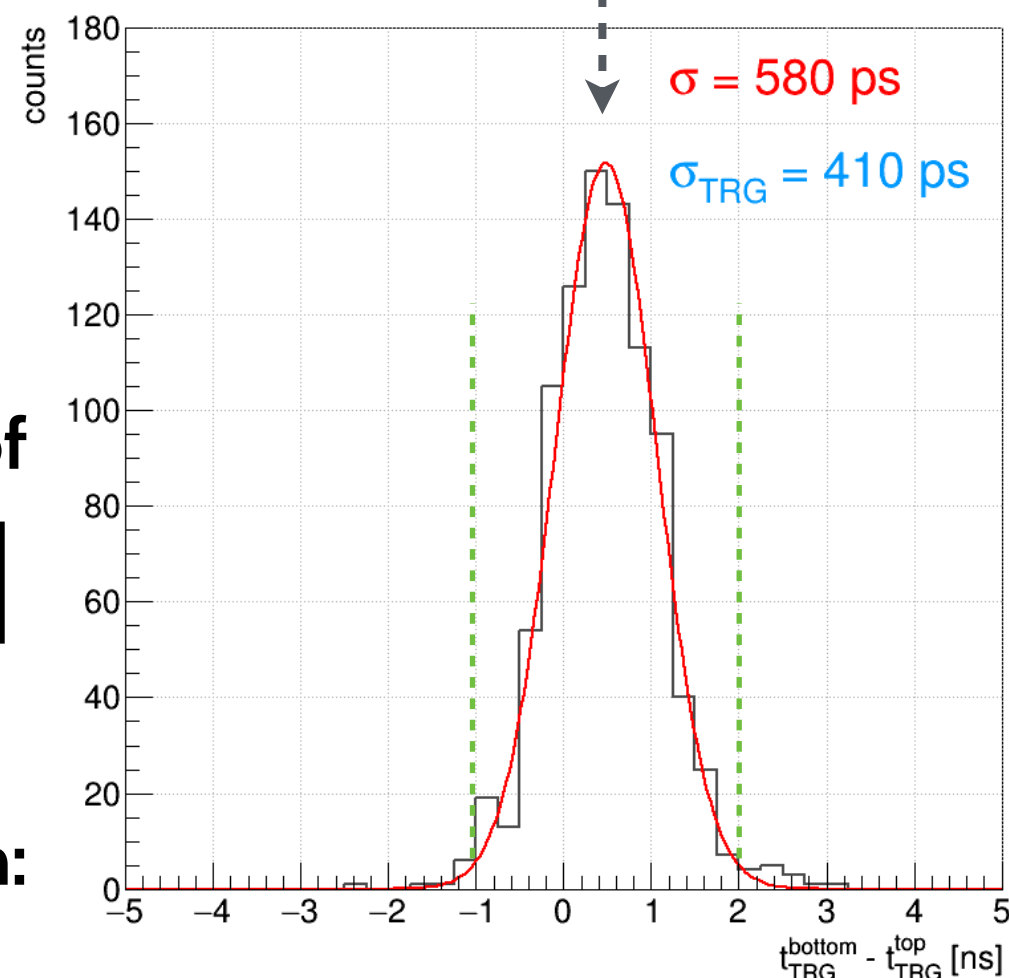
- 2.5 GS/s $\rightarrow$ 400 ps/sample
- $\sigma = 580$ ps $\rightarrow$ $\sigma_{\text{TRG}} = 410$ ps
2 uncorrelated measurements

Calculating time resolution in BGO from width of

$$\frac{t_{\text{PMT1}} + t_{\text{PMT2}}}{2} - t_{\text{BGO}} = \Delta t$$

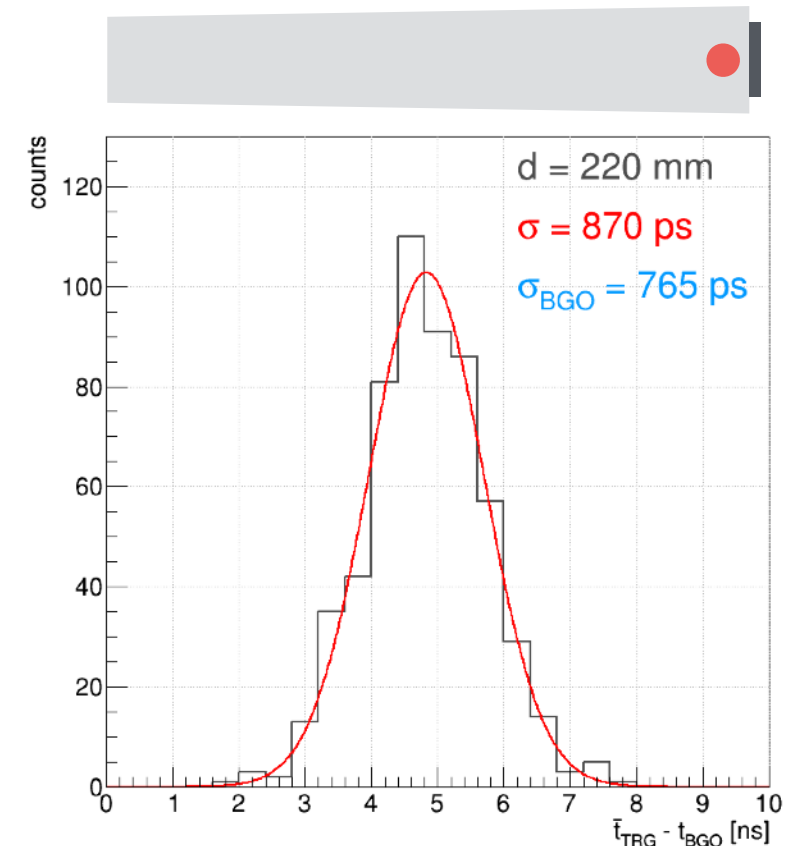
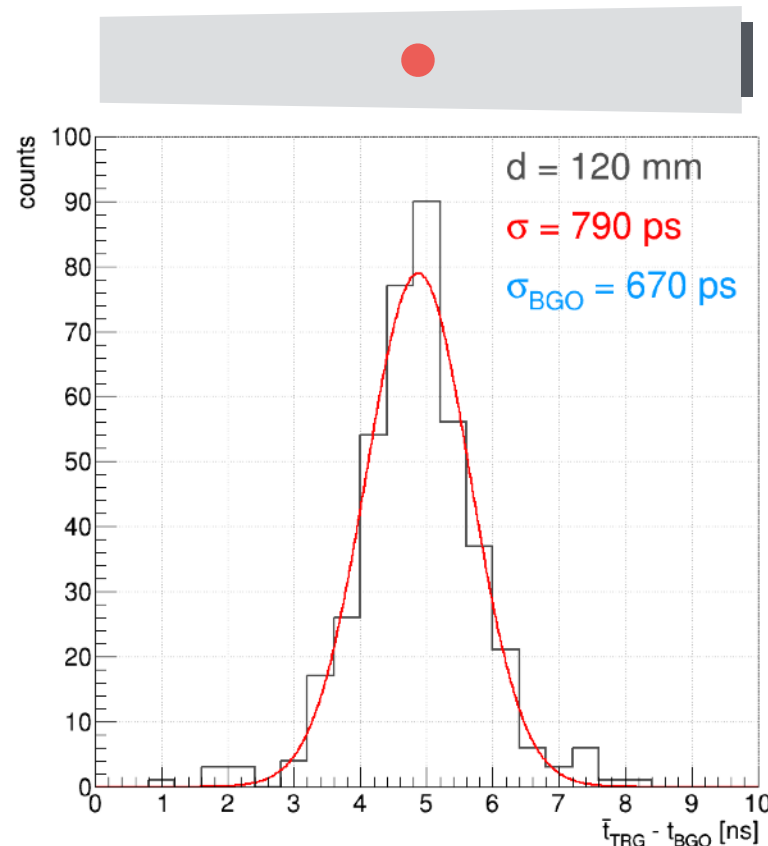
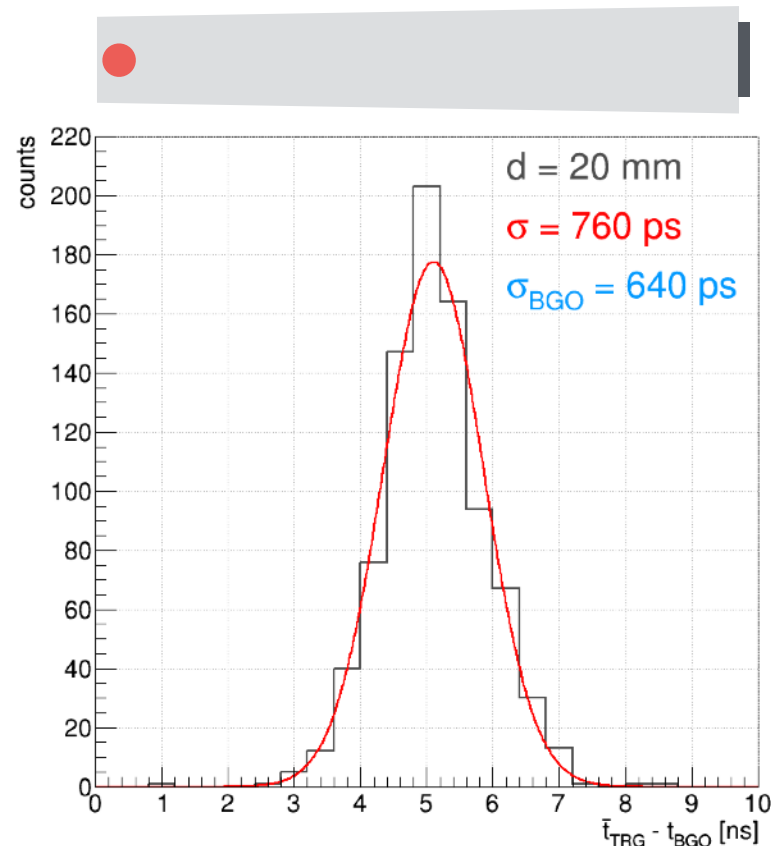
Only **good events** selected for the Δt calculation:

- all 3 pulses with high amplitude and good fit χ^2
- $1 < |t_{\text{PMT1}} - t_{\text{PMT2}}| < 2$



Obtained time resolutions in BGO at 2.5 GS/s

$$\sigma_{BGO} = \sqrt{\sigma^2 - \sigma_{TRG}^2}$$



Better time resolution might be achieved with more light from ion beams