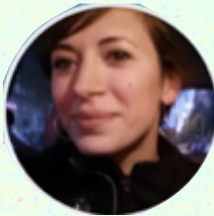


# CMB @ small scales: tSZ power spectrum

**Marian Douspis**



**Laura Salvati (IAS), Adélie Gorce (IAS → Mc Gill)**



*"Probing the CMB small scales with Planck and SPT data",  
Douspis, Salvati, Gorce, A&A to be submitted.*

- 
- ① CMB @ small scales [focus on SZ signals]
  - ① Standard analyses at high  $l$
  - ① Alternative analysis
    - ① Power spectrum computation shortcut: ML
  - ① Results on cosmological parameters
  - ① Results on tSZ and kSZ amplitude
  - ① Conclusion

- tSZ detected in clusters : number counts or baryon fraction as cosmological probe
- Diffuse hot gas exists outside detected clusters : low mass systems, filaments
- Dedicated reconstruction of  $y$ -map
- Present in CMB frequency maps, thus in angular power spectra
- Power spectrum of tSZ needed

Talk: **Salvati**  
Talk: **Bocquet**  
Talk: **Wicker**

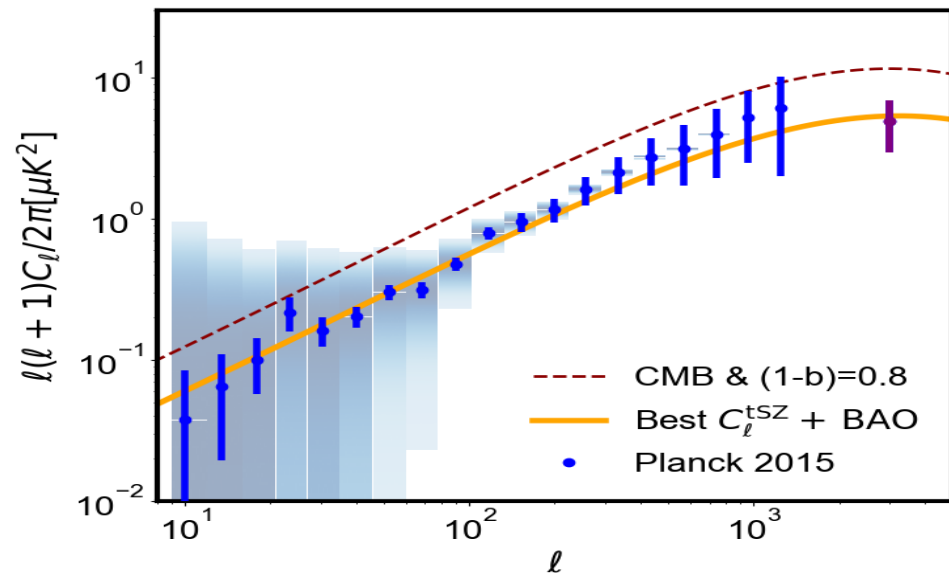
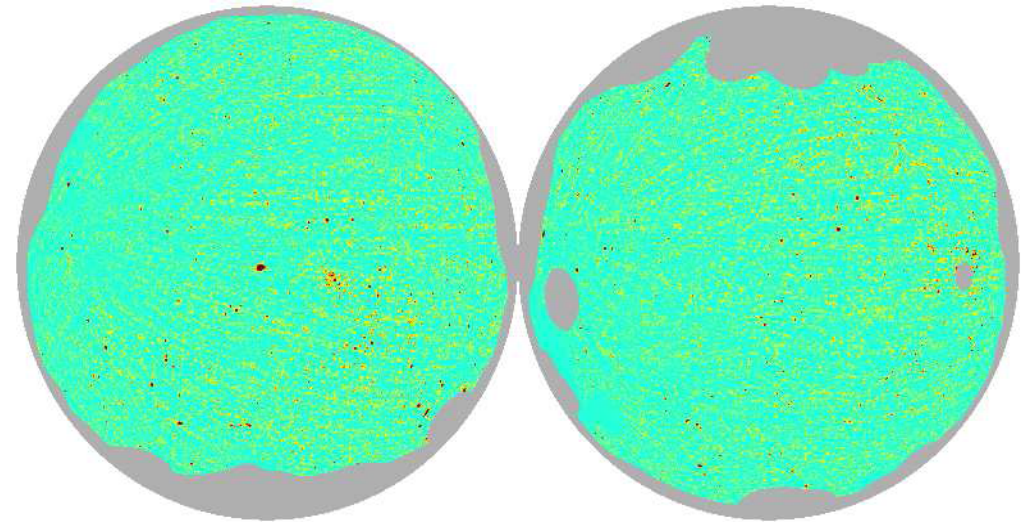
Talk: **Radiconi**  
Talk: **Lestrade**  
**Bonjean et al**  
**Tanimura et al.**

**Hurier et al.**  
**Remazeille et al.**

*Planck collab*  
*SPT collab*  
*ACT collab*  
*Taburet et al.*  
**Douspis et al. in prep**

Talk: **Rotti**  
**Taburet et al. 2009**  
**Salvati et al.**

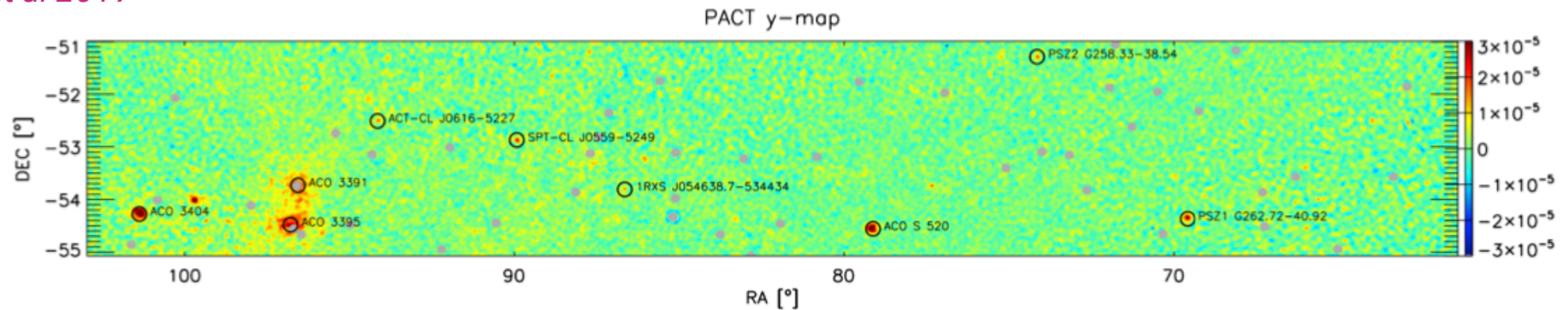
- Adapted component separation based on :
- Constraints on emission spectra
- Localisation in multiple domain
- 100:857Ghz maps
- First SZ Angular power spectrum and cosmological constraints



*Planck 2014, Planck 2016  
Douspis et al. Salvati et al.*

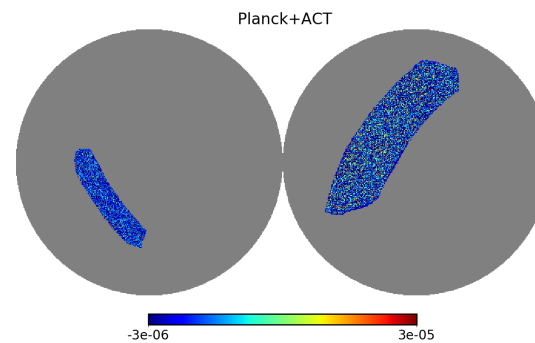
- Planck + ACT: PACT map: 1st combination of CMB experiments

*Aghanim et al 2019*



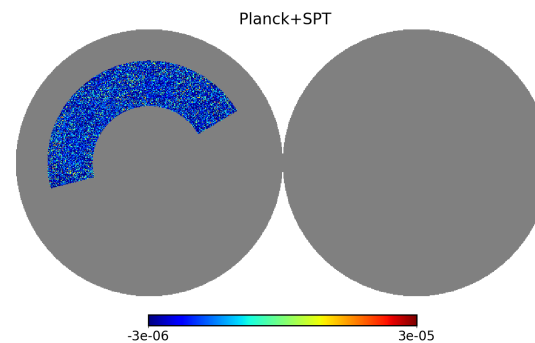
- Planck+ACT

*Madhavacheril et al 2020*



- Planck+SPT

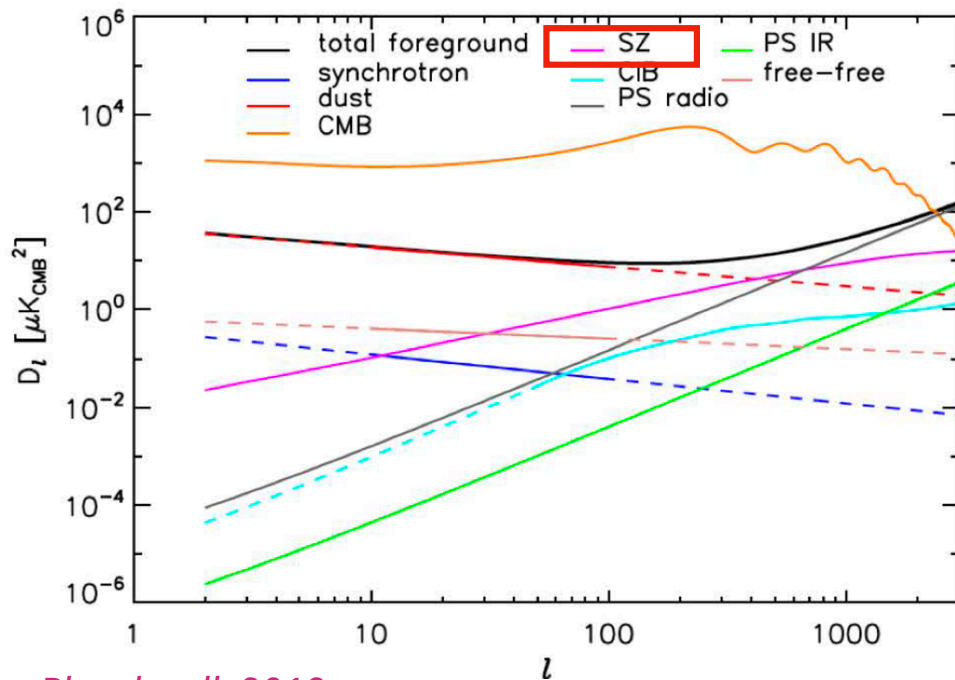
*Bleem et al 2021*



# TSZ IN FREQUENCY MAPS (SMALL SCALES)

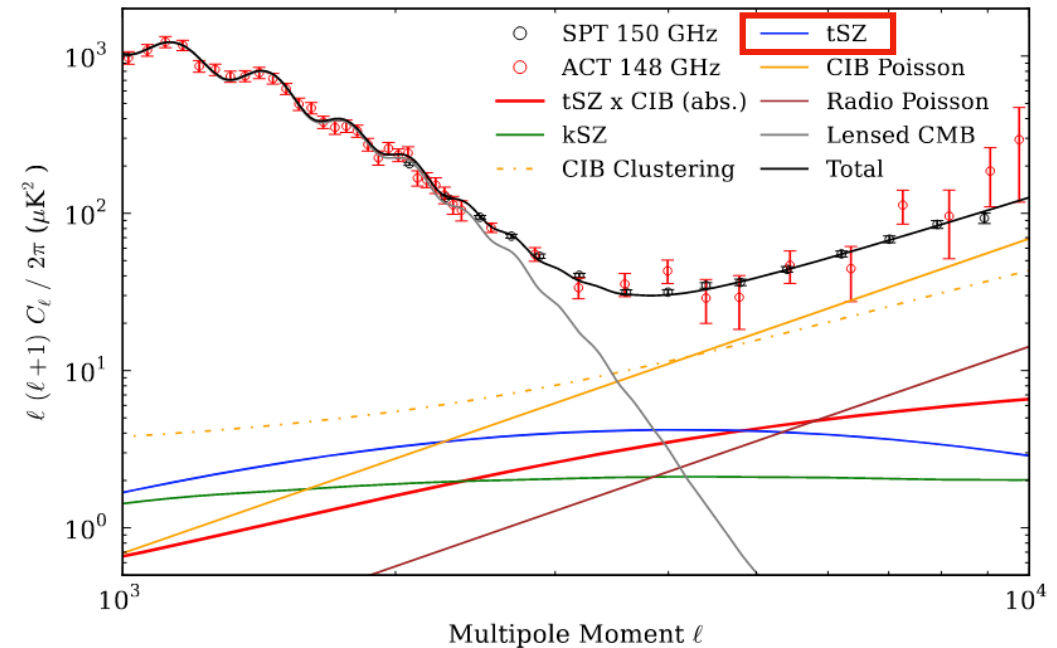
- Primordial CMB becomes negligible
- tSZ is hidden among many other signals

Planck/Large scales



Planck coll. 2013

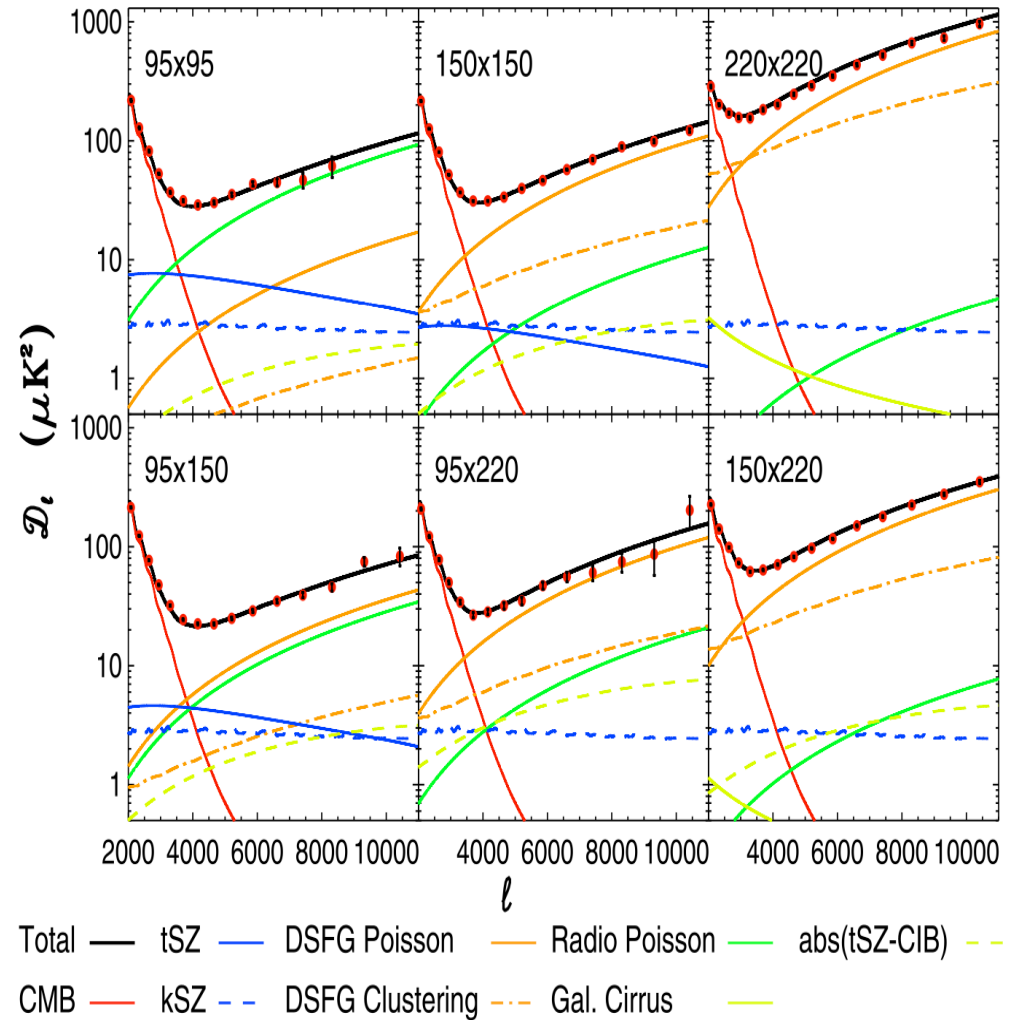
SPT/small scales



Addison et al. 2012

# FOCUS ON SPT HIGH ELL ANALYSIS

- SPT-SZ +SPTpol data
- 3 frequencies: 95, 150, 220
- 6 cross-spectra
- 8 components
- ell in [2000:11000]

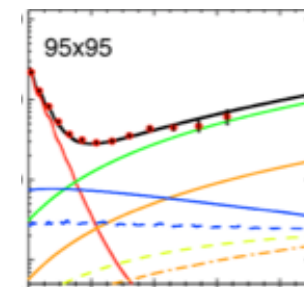


*Reichardt et al. 2020*

# FOCUS ON SPT HIGH ELL ANALYSIS

$$C_{\ell}^{obs} = C_{\ell}^{CMB} + C_{\ell}^{tSZ} + C_{\ell}^{kSZ} + \dots$$

For all 6 cross spectra simultaneously

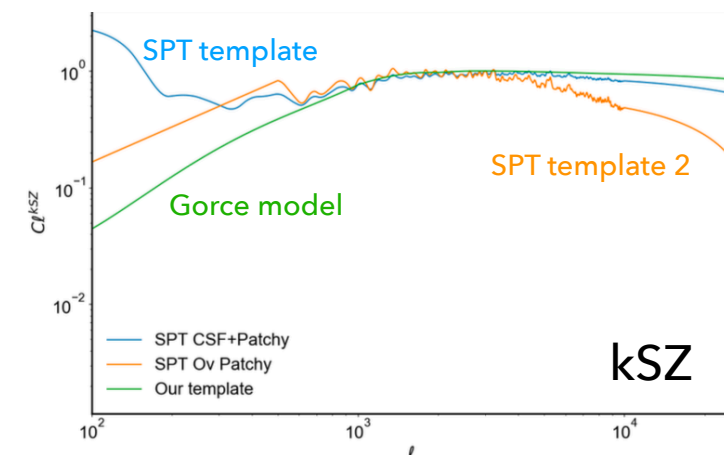
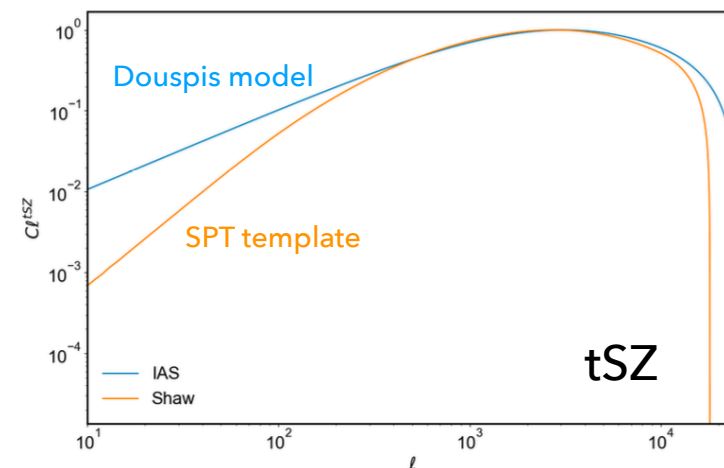


SPT analysis uses templates for tSZ and kSZ

$$C_{\ell}^{tSZ} = A^{tSZ} \times C_{\ell}^{template} \quad \leftarrow \text{Sims with cosmo1}$$

$$C_{\ell}^{kSZ} = A^{kSZ} \times C_{\ell}^{template} \quad \leftarrow \text{Sims with cosmo2}$$

- ▶ Not coherent analysis
- ▶ Depends on assumed template



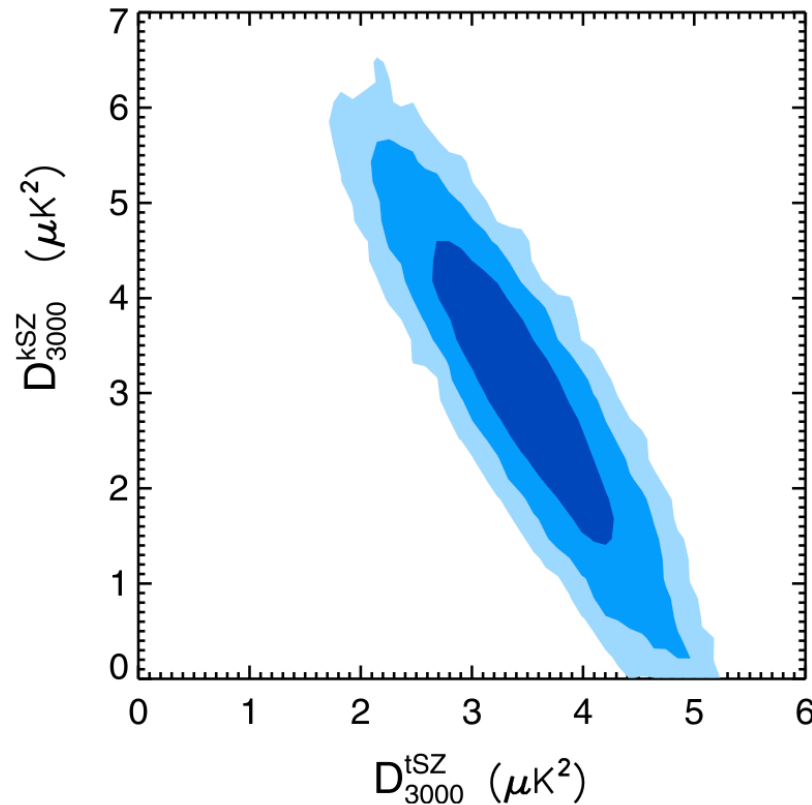


# SPT CONSTRAINTS ON SZ EFFECTS

SZ Constraints

tSZ Template	kSZ Template	$D_{3000}^{\text{tSZ}} (\mu\text{K}^2)$	$D_{3000}^{\text{kSZ}} (\mu\text{K}^2)$	$\xi$
Shaw	CSF+patchy	$3.42 \pm 0.54$	$3.0 \pm 1.0$	$0.076 \pm 0.040$
Shaw	CSF	$3.39 \pm 0.58$	$3.1 \pm 1.3$	$0.077 \pm 0.047$
Shaw	Patchy	$3.45 \pm 0.56$	$3.5 \pm 1.2$	$0.086 \pm 0.050$
Battaglia	CSF+patchy	$3.74 \pm 0.54$	$2.4 \pm 1.0$	$0.051 \pm 0.033$
Bhattacharya	CSF+patchy	$3.46 \pm 0.54$	$3.0 \pm 1.0$	$0.071 \pm 0.036$
Sehgal	CSF+patchy	$3.59 \pm 0.54$	$2.8 \pm 1.0$	$0.064 \pm 0.039$
Shaw w. Bispectrum	CSF+patchy	$3.53 \pm 0.48$	$2.8 \pm 0.9$	$0.069 \pm 0.036$

Cosmology fixed to Planck 2018



*Reichardt et al. 2020*

- ① tSZ spectrum contains cosmological information and baryonic information in clusters
- ① kSZ contains mainly information on reionisation
- ① CIB contains cosmological information and SFR evolution information
- ① ...

*Hu & Seljak*  
*Taburet et al.*  
**Planck 2013**  
*Bolliet et al.*  
*Salvati et al.*

*Sunyaev & Zel'dovich*  
*Mc Quin et al.*  
*Mesinger et al.*  
*Zahn et al.*  
**Planck 2016**  
**Gorce et al. 2020**

*Puget et al.*  
*Lagache et al.*  
*Knox et al.*  
*Maniya et al.*

- tSZ effect contains cosmological information and baryonic information in clusters
- kSZ contains mainly information on reionisation
- CIB contains cosmological information and SFR evolution information

*Hu & Seljak  
Taburet et al.  
Planck 2013  
Bolliet et al.  
Salvati et al.*

*Sunyaev Zel'dovich  
Mc Quin  
Mesinger  
Zahn  
Planck 2016*

*Puget  
Lagache  
Knox  
Maniyar*

We need :

- Consistent ingredients and analyses
- Exploit the full cosmological information in the signal

Replace in SPT analysis

$$C_{\ell}^{obs} = C_{\ell}^{CMB}(\Theta, x_e = \overset{\text{Reionisation}}{\downarrow} \tanh) + \underline{A^{tSZ} C_{\ell}^{temp-t}} + A^{kSZ} C_{\ell}^{temp-k} + \dots$$

By

↑  
Cosmology

$$C_{\ell}^{obs} = C_{\ell}^{CMB}(\Theta, x_e = asym) + \textcircled{C_{\ell}^{tSZ}(\Theta)} + C_{\ell}^{kSZ}(\Theta, x_e = asym) + \dots$$

And for Planck

$$C_{\ell}^{obs} = C_{\ell}^{tSZ}(\Theta) \quad \text{Because we extracted a tSZ map thus tSZ spectrum}$$

Planck coll. 2014, 2016

# TSZ POWER SPECTRUM FROM HALO MODEL

$$Cl_s[\Theta] \equiv \iiint dM dz \frac{dV}{\chi(obs)} \frac{S(obs - M)}{\frac{dN}{dM dz}} p(M, z)$$

## Scaling Relation

Needed to relate the observable (flux, size) to the mass and redshift. Given by comparison HM with simulations or WL measurements [Planck 2013., Nagai et al., ...]

$$E^{-\beta}(z) \left[ \frac{D_A^2(z) Y_{500}}{10^{-4} \text{ Mpc}^2} \right] = Y^* \left[ \frac{h}{0.7} \right]^{-2+\alpha} \left[ \frac{(1-b) M_{500}}{6 \cdot 10^{14} M_\odot} \right]^\alpha$$

## Cosmology $\Theta$

SZ power spectrum as geometrical and growth probe

## Mass function

Number of halos in bins of mass and redshift. From numerical simulations, known 10% scatter between teams [Tinker et al., Watson et al., Despali et al.]

$$\frac{dN(M_{500}, z)}{dM_{500}} = f(\sigma) \frac{\rho_m(z=0)}{M_{500}} \frac{d \ln \sigma^{-1}}{dM_{500}}$$

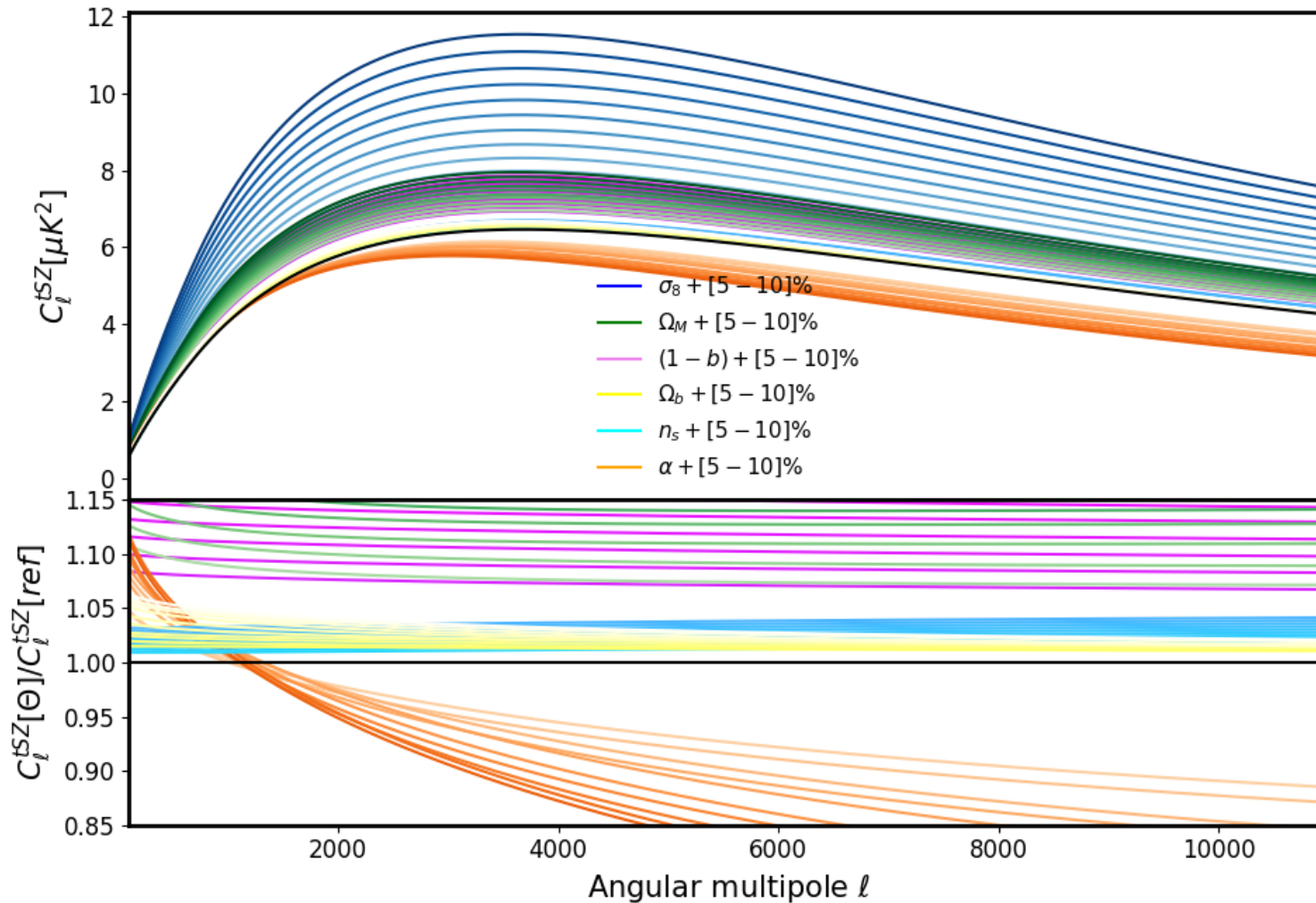
$$f(\sigma) = A \left[ 1 + \left( \frac{\sigma}{b} \right)^{-a} \right] \exp \left( -\frac{c}{\sigma^2} \right)$$

$\sigma$  needs  $\int P(k)$

## Profile

Describes the spatial distribution of the hot gas. Assume Universal pressure profile, the GNFW [Nagai et al., Arnaud et al., Planck 2014]

- tSZ effect contains cosmological information



$$Cl_s[\Theta] \equiv \int \int \int dM dz dV \chi(obs) S(obs - M) \frac{dN}{dM dz} p(M, z)$$

Cl<sub>s</sub> depends on 6 cosmological parameters and  
4 (up to 8) cluster physics parameters  
Amplitude and shape depend on params

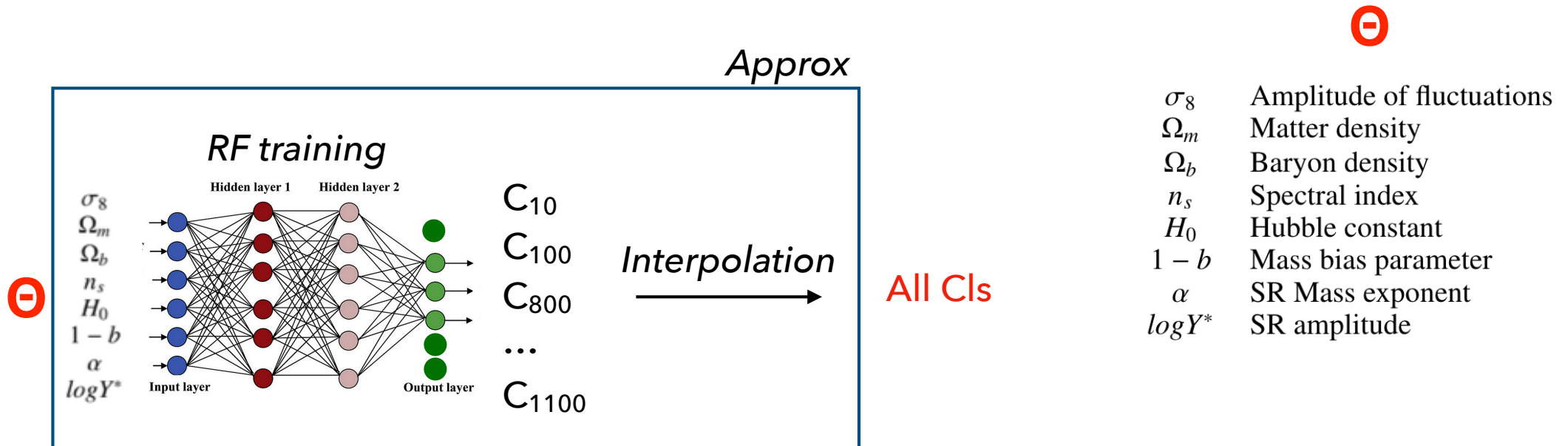
In practice we need to compute:  
Redshifts from z=0 and z=3  
Masses from 1e13 to 1e16

To cover large scales (Planck l=60 ~3deg/sky)  
to small scales (SPT l=12000 ~1arcmin)

Heavy and slow to compute, and slows to  
converge in MCMC

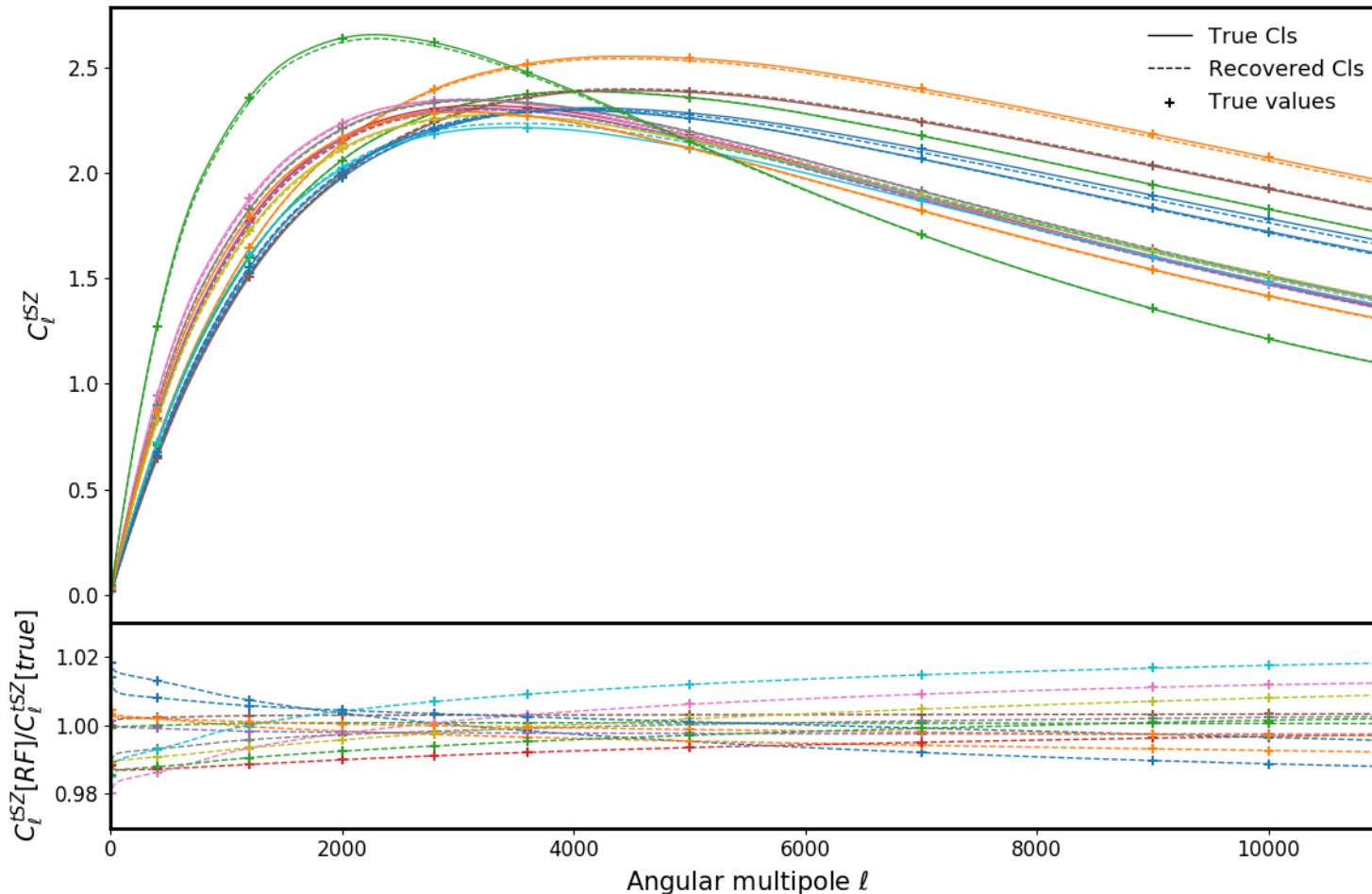
Alternative → Random forest

- Training Random forest with random values of 8 params on 10 l-values of the Cls (l=10 to l=11000) [scikit-learn]
- Training 6000 models (test on 2000)
- RF Score of 95%





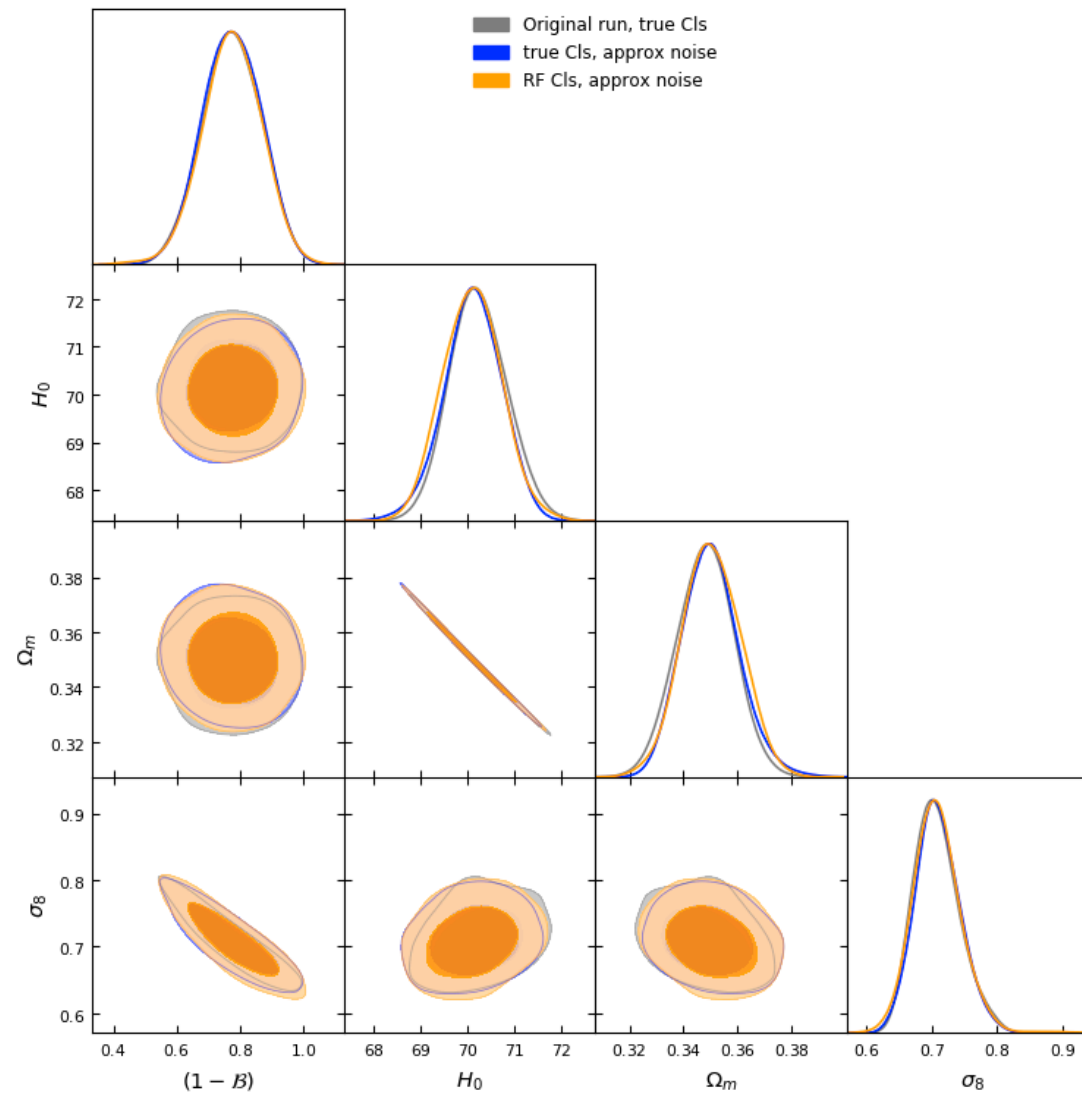
## ○ Prediction on 10 l-values then interpolation



100 times faster to compute

$\pm 2\%$  while obs errors are  $\sim 20\%$

## Reproducing constraints from true Cls



More than 10 times  
faster to run chains

*Doupsis et al. in prep*

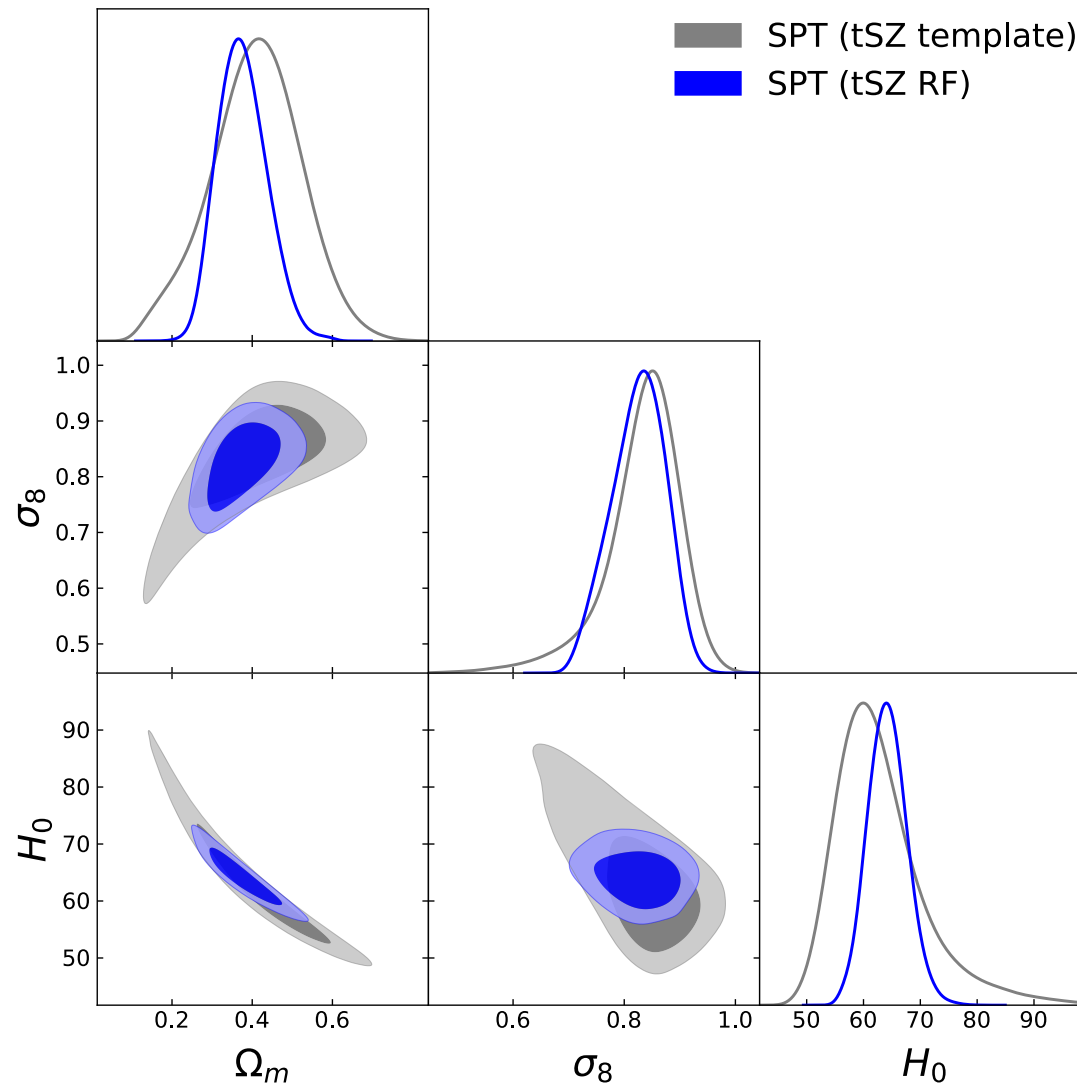
# NEW ANALYSIS OF SPT AND SPT+PLANCK

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- 6 cross spectra from SPT
- tSZ spectrum from Planck y-map

## Effect of cosmological information of tSZ

$\Omega_M$   
 $\Omega_b$   
 $H_0$   
 $n_s$   
 $\sigma_8$   
 $A_{tSZ}$   
 $Y^*$   
 $\alpha$   
 $(1-b)$   
 + 6 foreg  
 + 4 instrum  
 prior on  $\Omega_b h^2$   
 prior on  $n_s$   
 prior on  $\alpha$   
 prior on  $Y^*$



Stronger constraints on  $(\Omega_M, \sigma_8)$

Better  $\chi^2$  with free cosmological parameters:

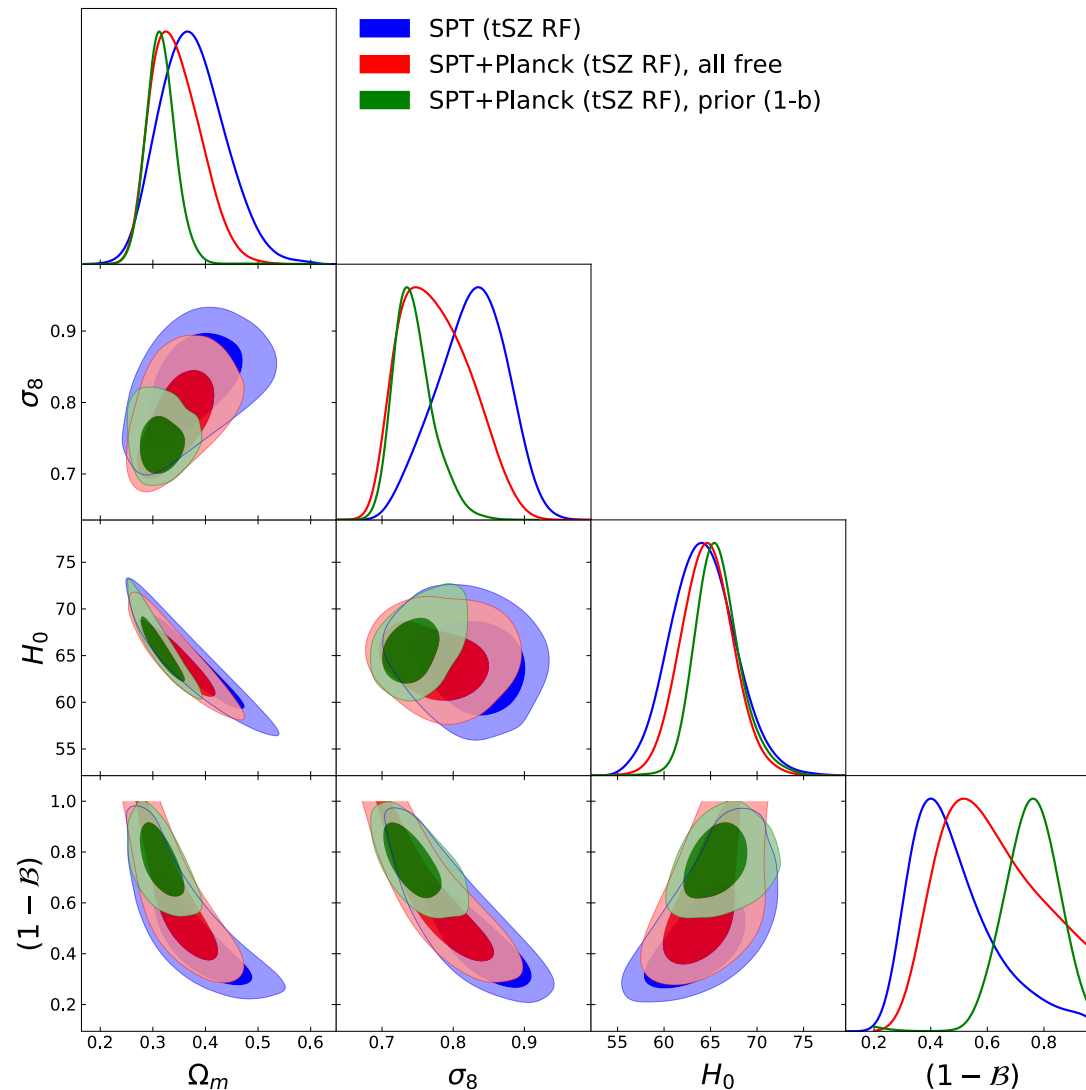
Fixed Cosmo Template	Free Cosmo Template	Free Cosmo RF( $\Theta$ )
236	216	215
dof	$\sim$ dof-3	$\sim$ dof-3

*Douspis et al. in prep*

# NEW ANALYSIS OF SPT AND SPT+PLANCK

## Adding more information

$\Omega_M$   
 $\Omega_b$   
 $H_0$   
 $n_s$   
 $\sigma_8$   
 $Y_*$   
 $\alpha$   
 $(1-b)$   
 + 6 foreg  
 + 4 instrum  
 prior on  $\Omega_b h^2$   
 prior on  $n_s$   
 prior on  $\alpha$   
 prior on  $Y_*$



Adding Planck tSZ spectrum shifts parameters to more usual values of  $(\Omega_M, \sigma_8)$  But do not improve drastically the error bars

Adding Planck tSZ spectrum and prior on the mass bias reduces by factor 2 error bars

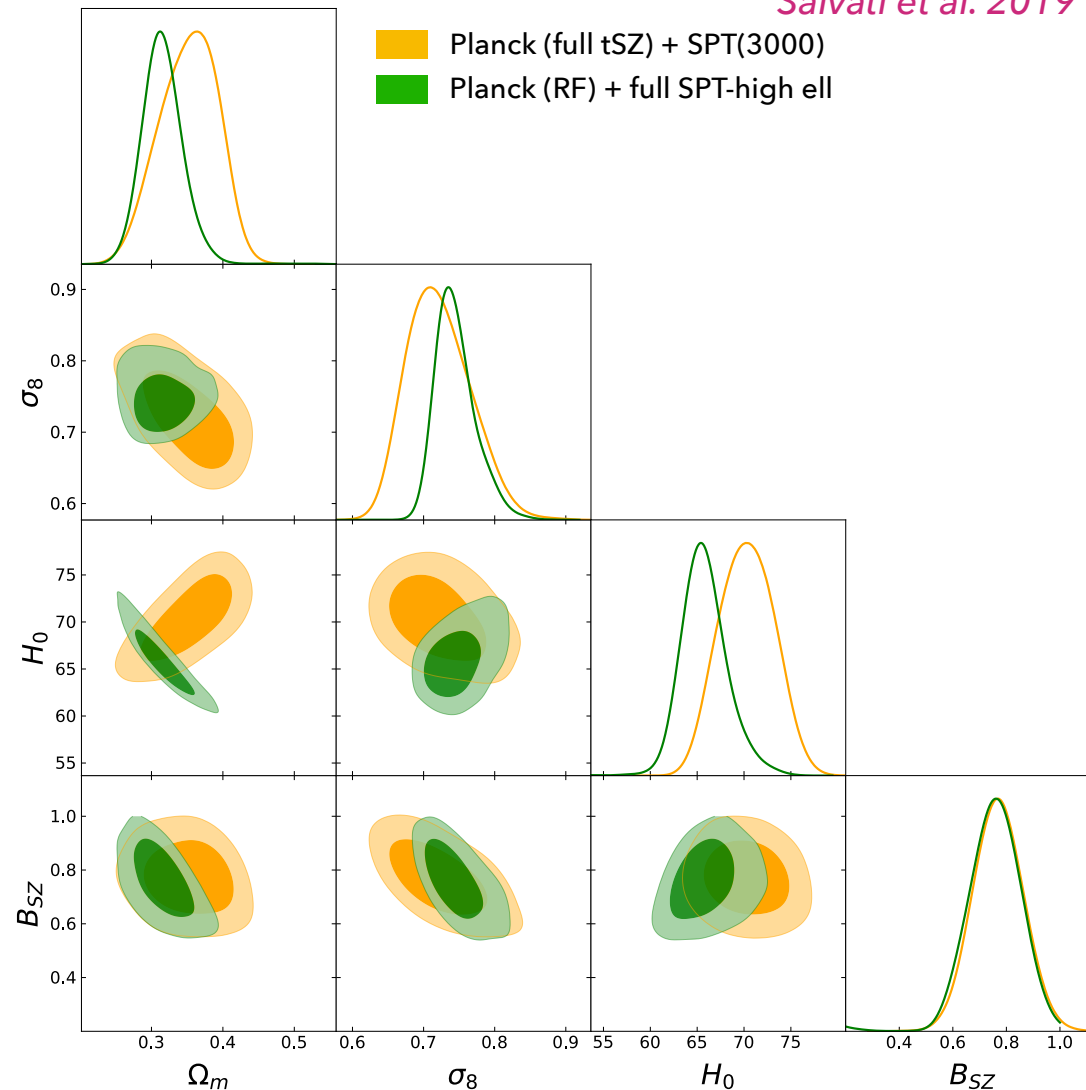
*CCCP: Hoekstra et al.*

*Douspis et al. in prep*

# COMPARISON WITH PLANCK + SPT [ELL=3000]

## Adding SPT to Planck

Salvati et al. 2019



Adding SPT to Planck bring usual values of  $(\Omega_M, \sigma_8)$  And breaks degeneracies (because of some CMB in SPT)

$\Omega_M$

$\Omega_b$

$H_0$

$n_s$

$\sigma_8$

$Y^*$

$\alpha$

$(1 - b)$

+ 6 foreg

+ 4 instrum

prior on  $\Omega_b h^2$

prior on  $n_s$

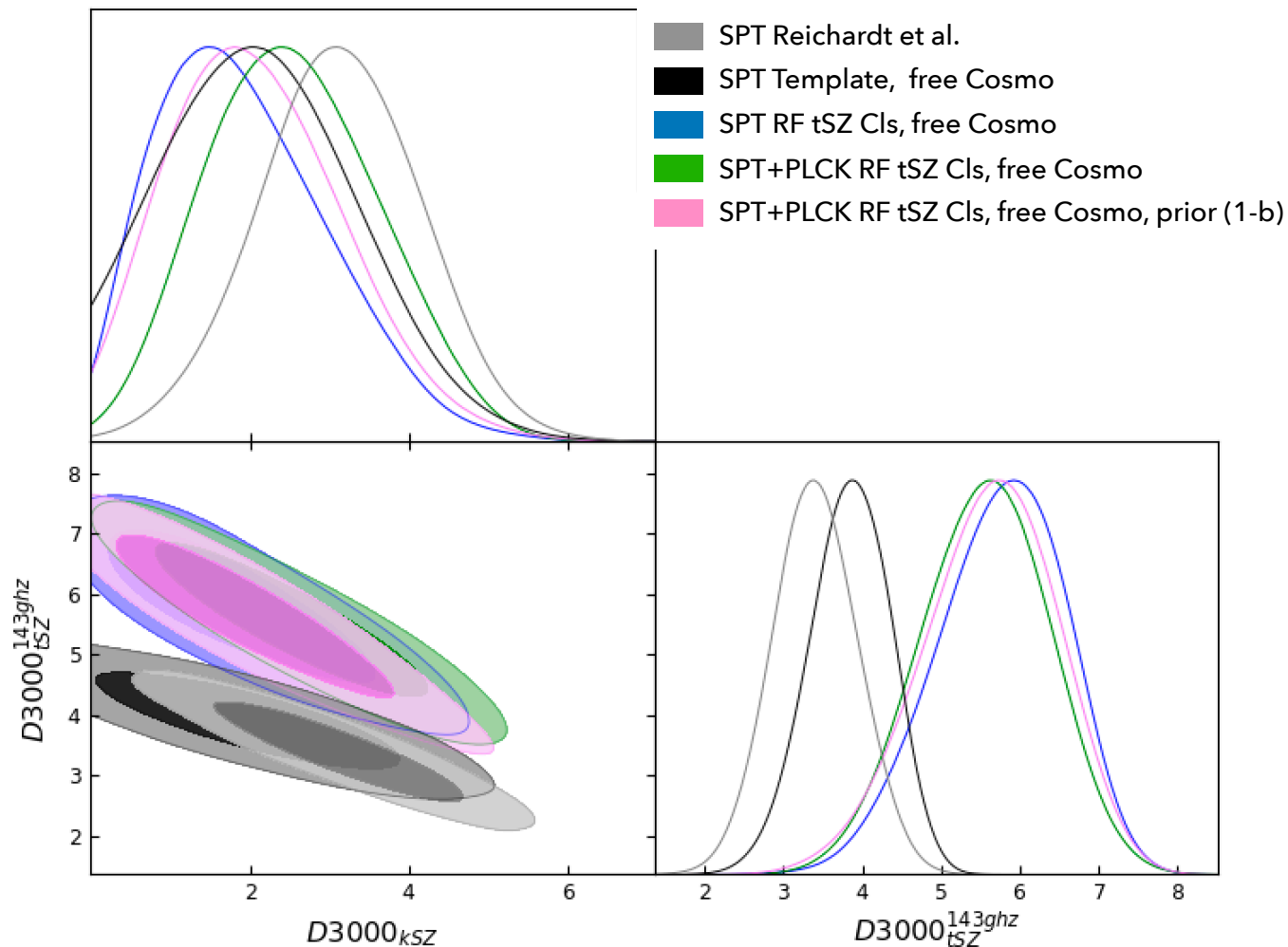
prior on  $\alpha$

prior on  $Y^*$

prior on  $(1 - b)$

Douspis et al. in prep

## ◉ Degeneracy tSZ / kSZ

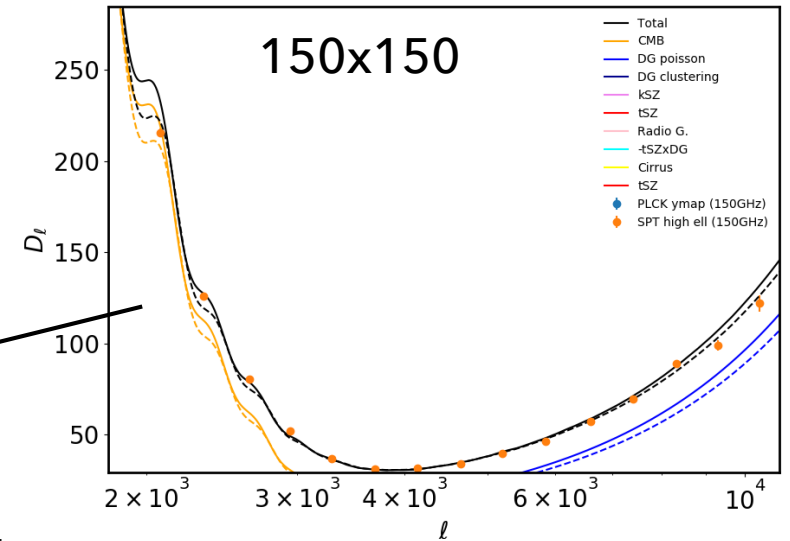
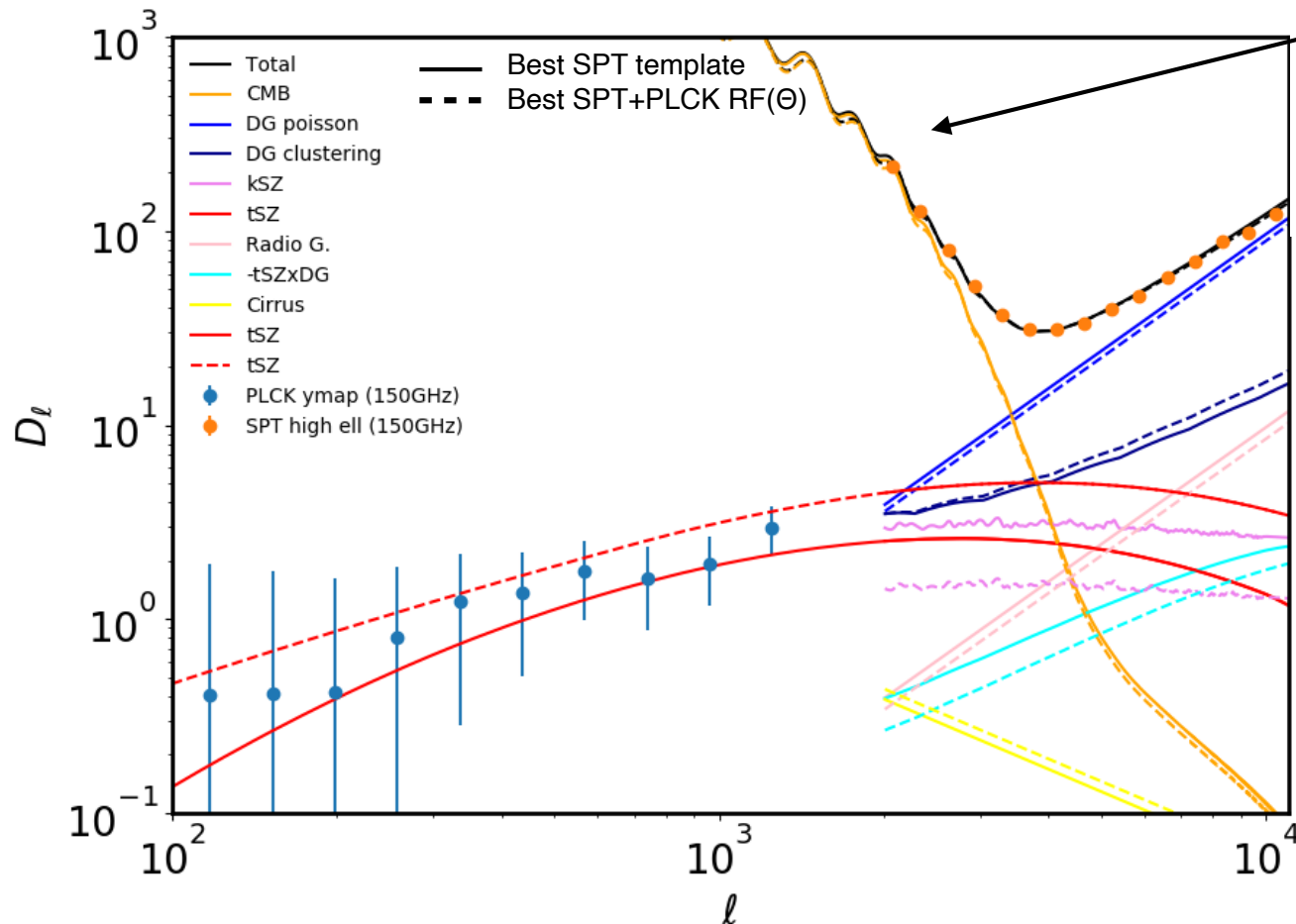


Opening cosmological parameters weakens kSZ detection  
But stays between 1 and 2.5 sigmas depending of combinations

Introducing cosmological dependency of kSZ (Gorce et al.) in future work

*Douspis et al. in prep*

## Best fits template vs RF( $\Theta$ )



Other 5 cross spectra to be considered

*Douspis et al. in prep*



# CONCLUSIONS

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- First attempt to bring full information of high ell components (focus only on tSZ)
- Moving from template to cosmology dependency brings more constraints
- First combination of Planck tSZ spectrum with SPT-High-ell
  - Lower  $\sigma_8$  preferred
  - Higher amplitude of tSZ spectrum
  - Less room for kSZ

# CONCLUSIONS

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- Inclusion in cosmoMC (f90) code instead of using template or computing halo model, by using Python sklearn Random forest output
- Computation 100 times faster and allow for many tests
- Distributing python tSZ approx for fast computation (Paper 1)
- Moving all to python and training on larger set (and more parameters) and to kSZ (*Gorce et al.*), CIB (*Maniyar et al.*) ... for a full high-ell cosmological analysis (Paper2)

Thank you !