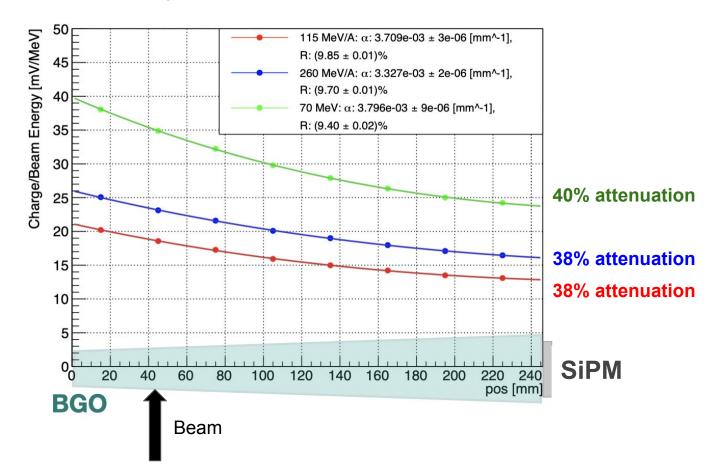
Simulation of the optical transport in the calorimeter

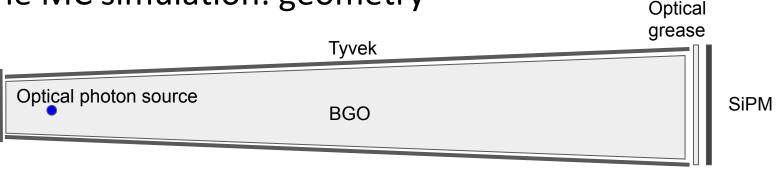
Esther Ciarrocchi
IX FOOT General Meeting, 10/12/2020



The calorimeter question



The MC simulation: geometry



0 15 225 z (mm)

BGO trapezoid (20 mm x 20 mm ---> 30 mm x 30 mm, 240 mm length)

NOT TO SCALE

- Tyvek wrapping on 5 sides
- Layer of optical grease/glue between crystal and SiPM
- SiPM volume
- Scan along the crystal length with an optical isotropic point source (440 nm <-> 2.8 eV)

The MC simulation: physics and output

- **BGO**: n = 2.15, <u>no optical absorption length</u> (and no scattering)
- Wrapping: polished surface, air coupling with Tyvek -> G4 LUT "polishedtyvekair" (R=97%)
 LUT description: https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5485130 (Janececk & Moses)
- Optical coupling BGO+SiPM: DOW CORNING 3145RTV, n = 1.65 https://cds.cern.ch/record/687343/files/note01_030.pdf
- No energy deposition, no scintillation, no SiPM response (100% PDE) to be added
- Simulation output:
 - Nr. of detected photons out of 10⁴ simulated
 - o (x,y) position and time of arrival of each detected photon
 - 100 complete photon tracks

Sample output: photon tracks

Photon interaction counters

PolishedTyvekAirReflection: 321692

FresnelRefraction: 9821

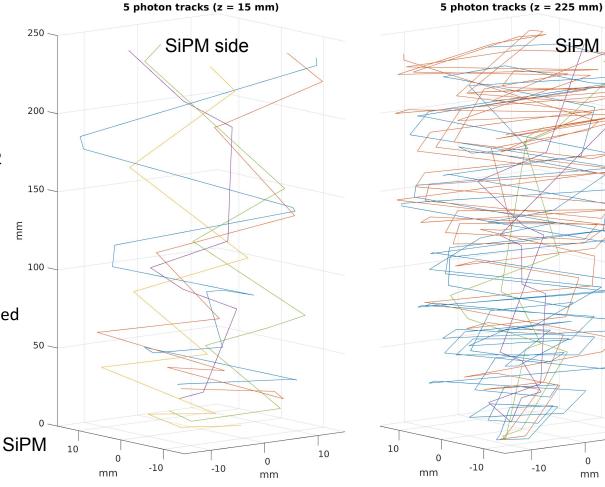
FresnelReflection: 855

TotalInternalReflection: 3123

There seem to be many more reflections when the BGO is irradiated

225

close to the SiPM

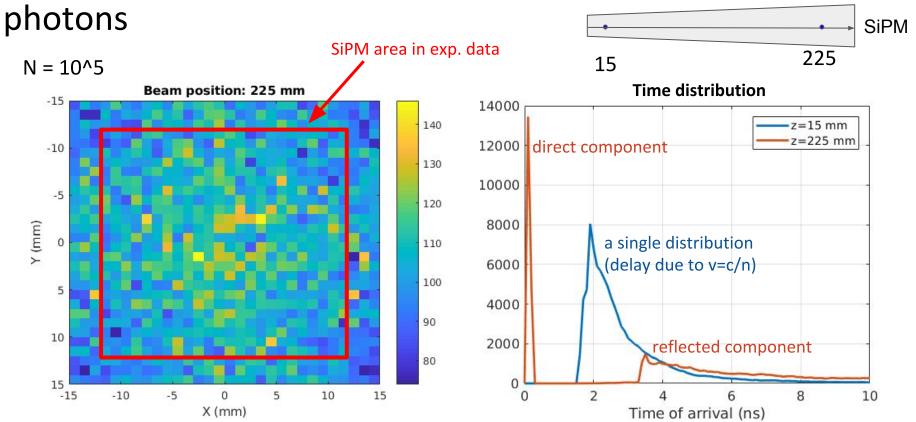


SiPM side

10

mm

Sample output: spatial and time distribution of detected

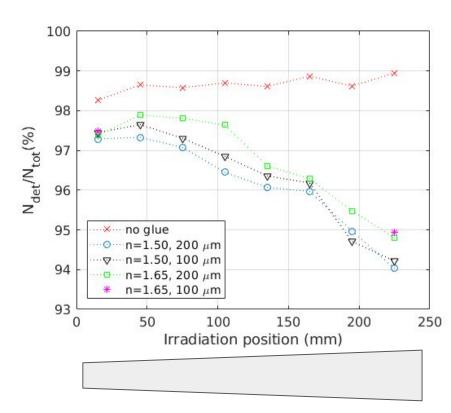


Tests done

- No optical grease between BGO and SiPM: no attenuation along the crystal observed
- Thickness of optical grease: 100 um, 200 um
- Refractive index of optical grease: n=1.5, 1.65
- BGO+Tyvek LUTs

4% attenuation at most

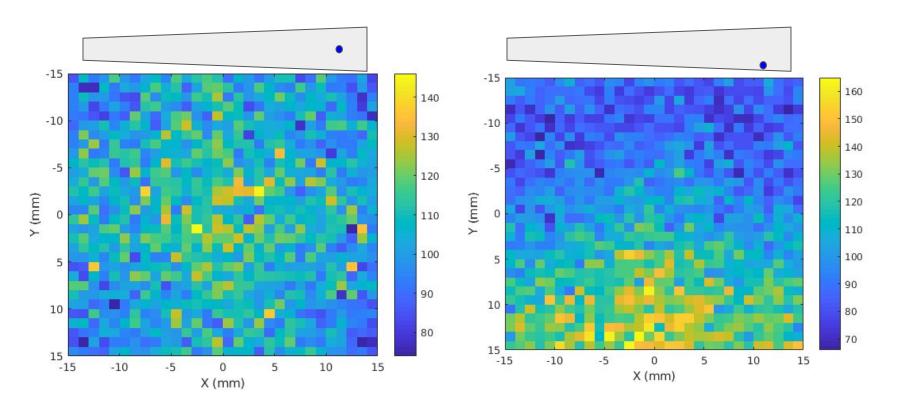
-> there must be other causes in the exp. data



SiPM

Tests done

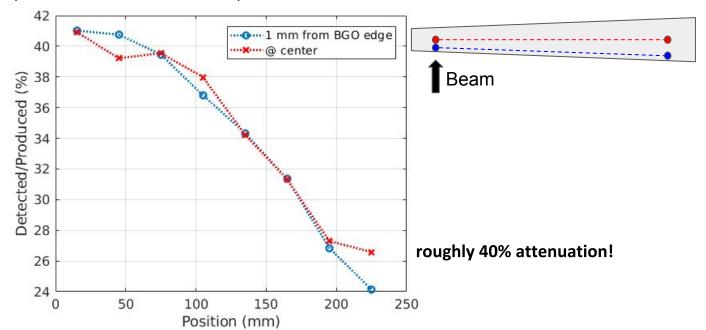
Source position (off-center): the total number of detected photons does not vary



Add-ons

With the addition of:

- optical absorption length (1 m, as suggested in the paper by Janecek and Moses, https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5485130)
- 2. SiPM active area (central 24 mm x 24 mm)



Work in progress

- The addition of:
 - primary proton/carbon ion beam + energy deposition and fluctuations
 - scintillation
- -> should give a better match between MC and experimental data
 - The estimation of the SiPM response (PDE) could tell the actual number of photons per SiPM microcell and confirm the absence of SiPM saturation