



Top Quark Physics at DØ

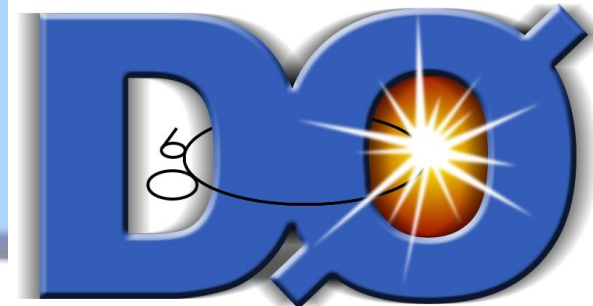
Peter Renkel

Southern Methodist University

On behalf of the DØ collaboration

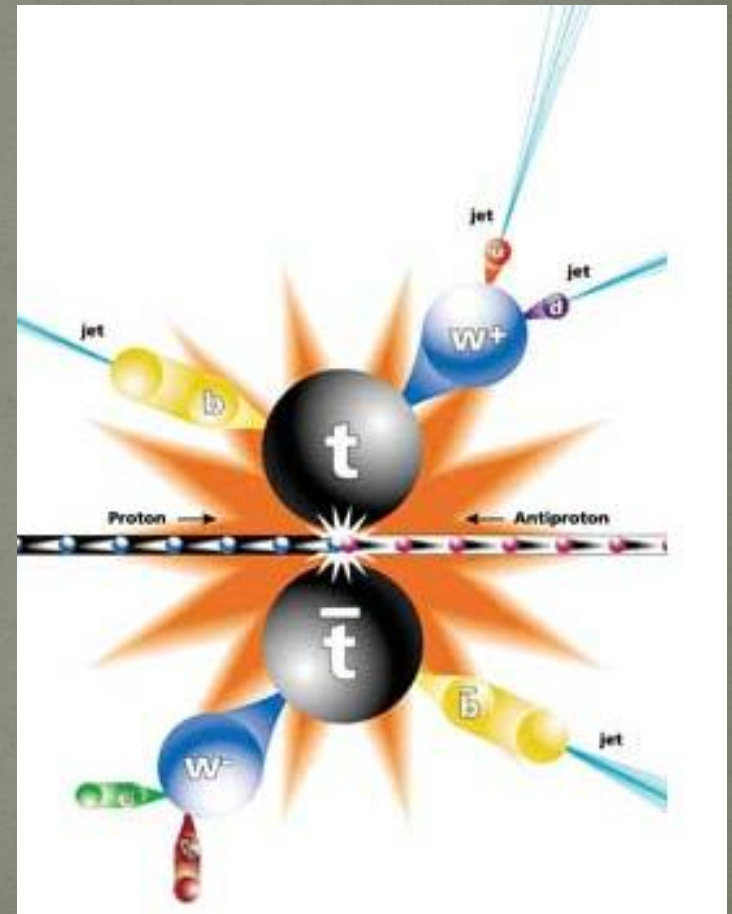


SMU

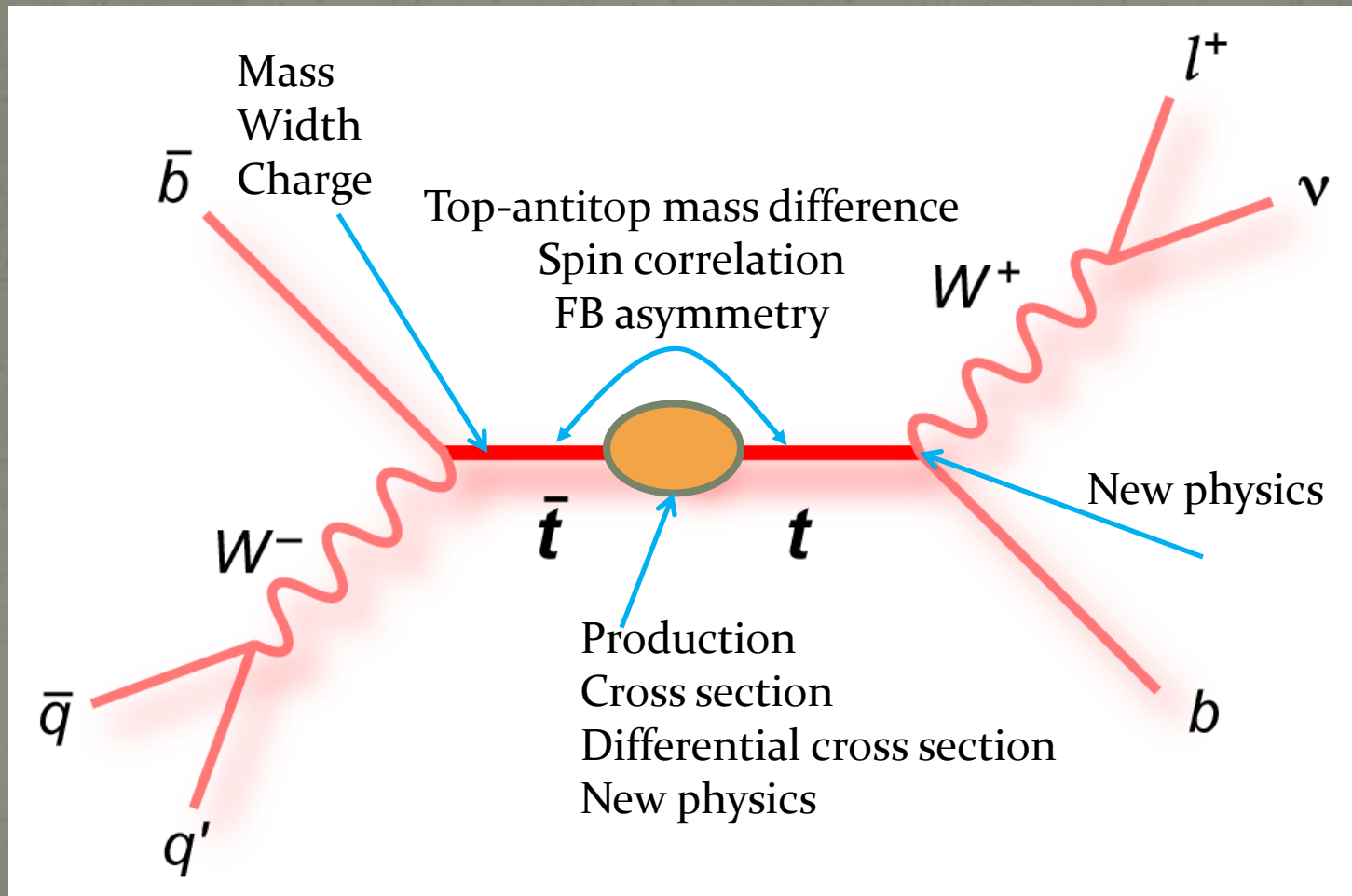


Outlook

- Top quark production
 - L+jets
 - Dilepton
 - Single top
- Properties
 - Mass
 - Forward backward asymmetry
 - Spin correlation
 - Top-antitop mass difference
- Searches
 - t'

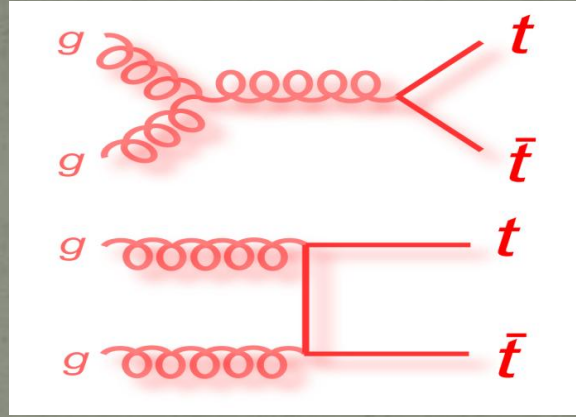
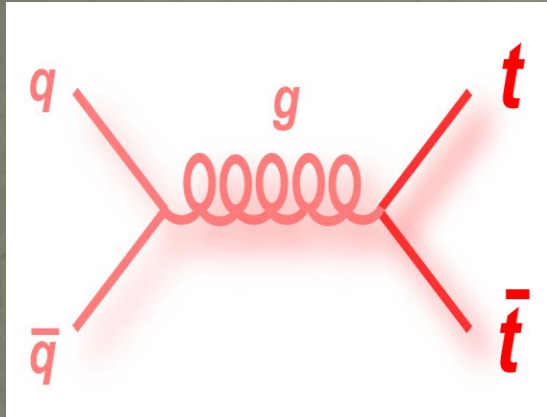


Top Quark Analyses

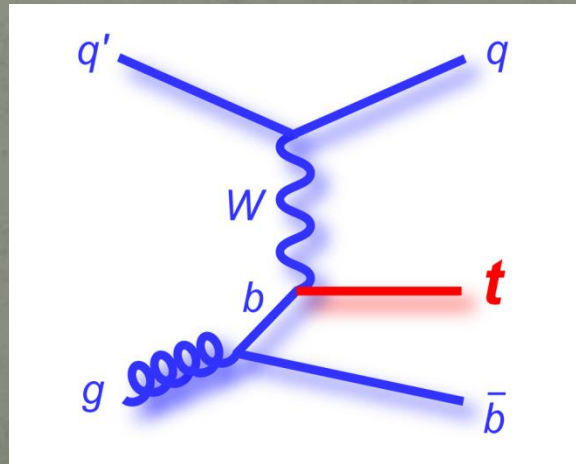
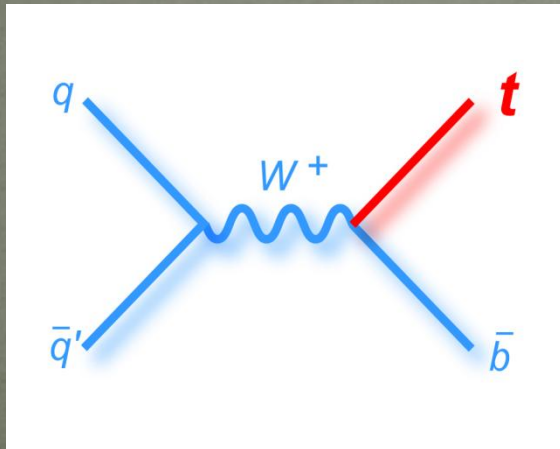


Top Production and Decay

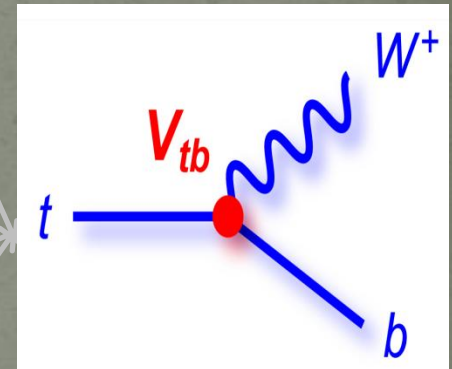
Top pair production



Single top production



Top decay



Top Quark Production

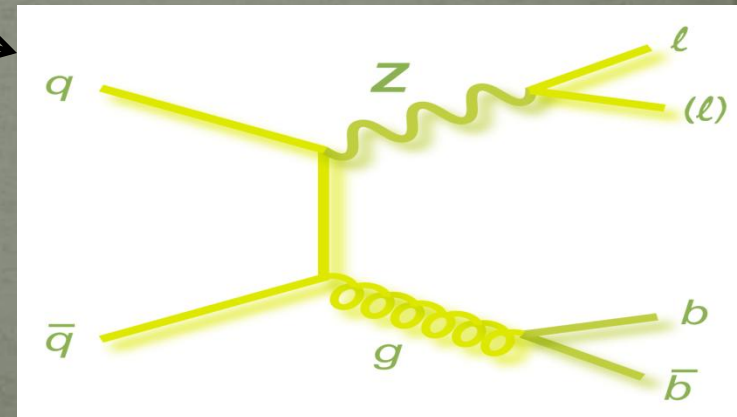
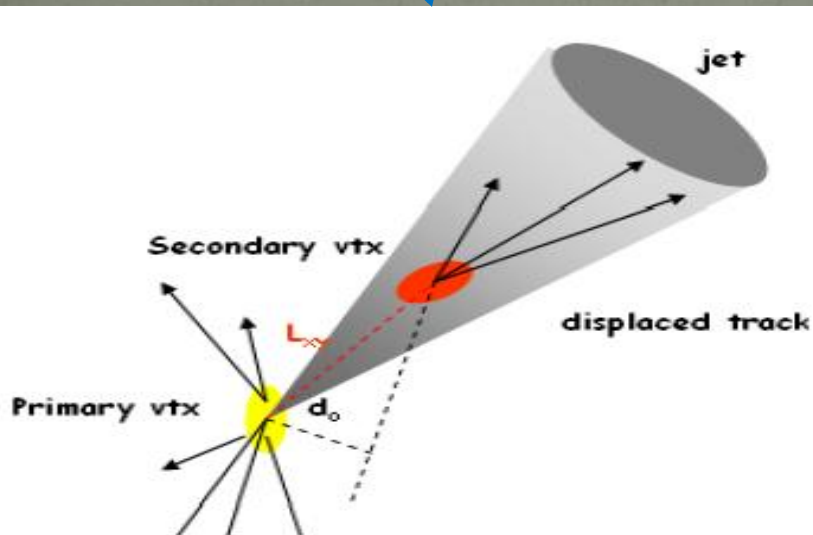
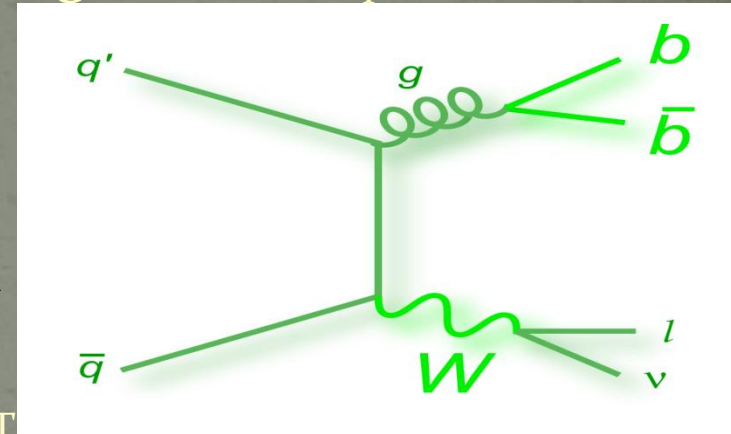
Selection and backgrounds

- L+jets

- One isolated lepton, at least 4 jets, significant E_T
- B tagging
- Main background W + jets

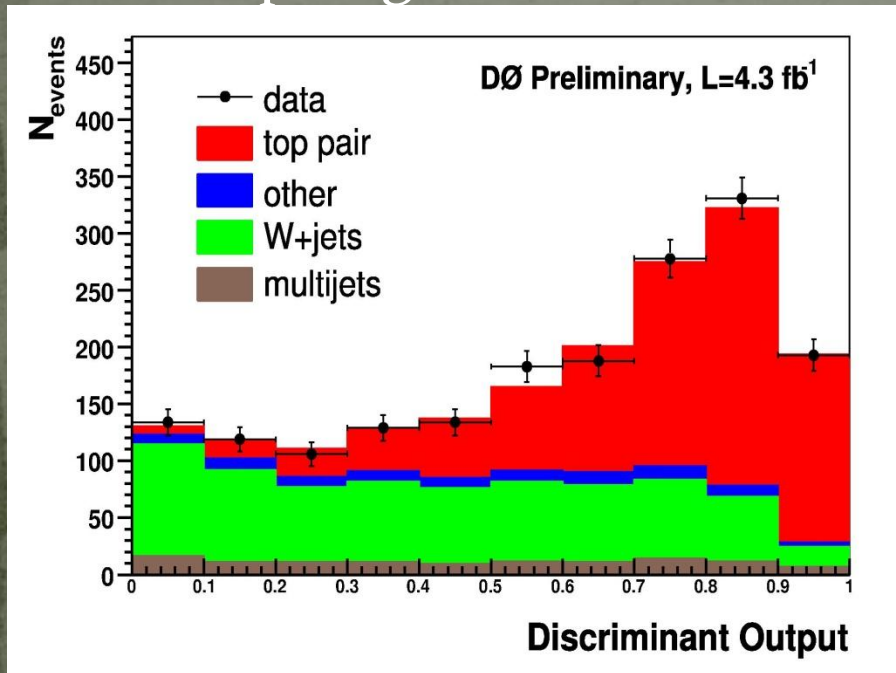
- Dilepton

- Two isolated leptons, significant E_T
- Main background Z + jets

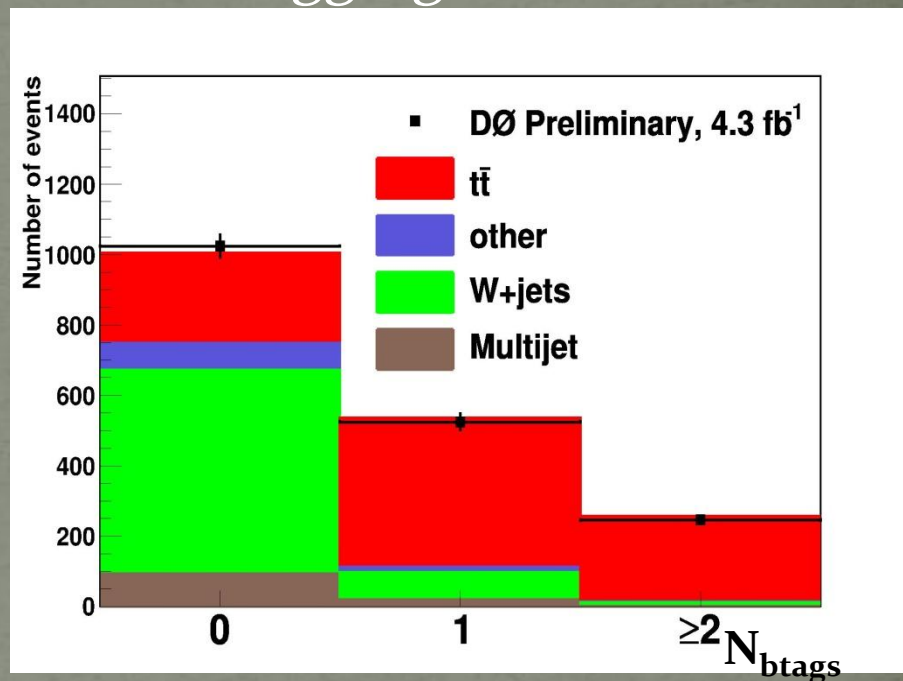


Top Quark Production Cross Section l+jets channel

topological



b-tagging

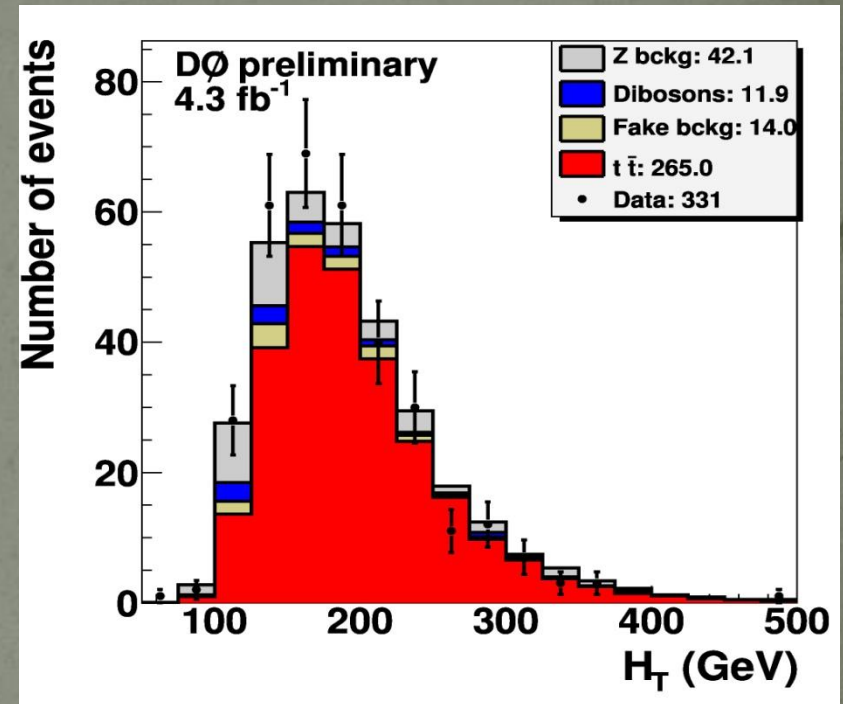
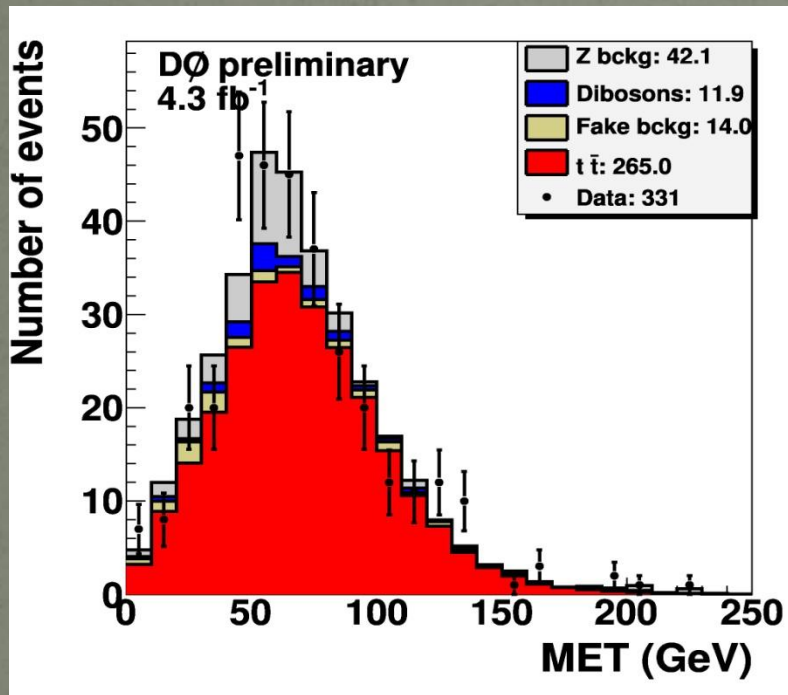


$$\sigma_{tt} = 7.70 \pm 0.79 \text{ (stat+syst+lumi) pb}$$

$$\sigma_{tt} = 7.93 \pm 0.91 \text{ (stat+syst+lumi) pb}$$

systematics limited!

Top production Cross Section in Dilepton Channel



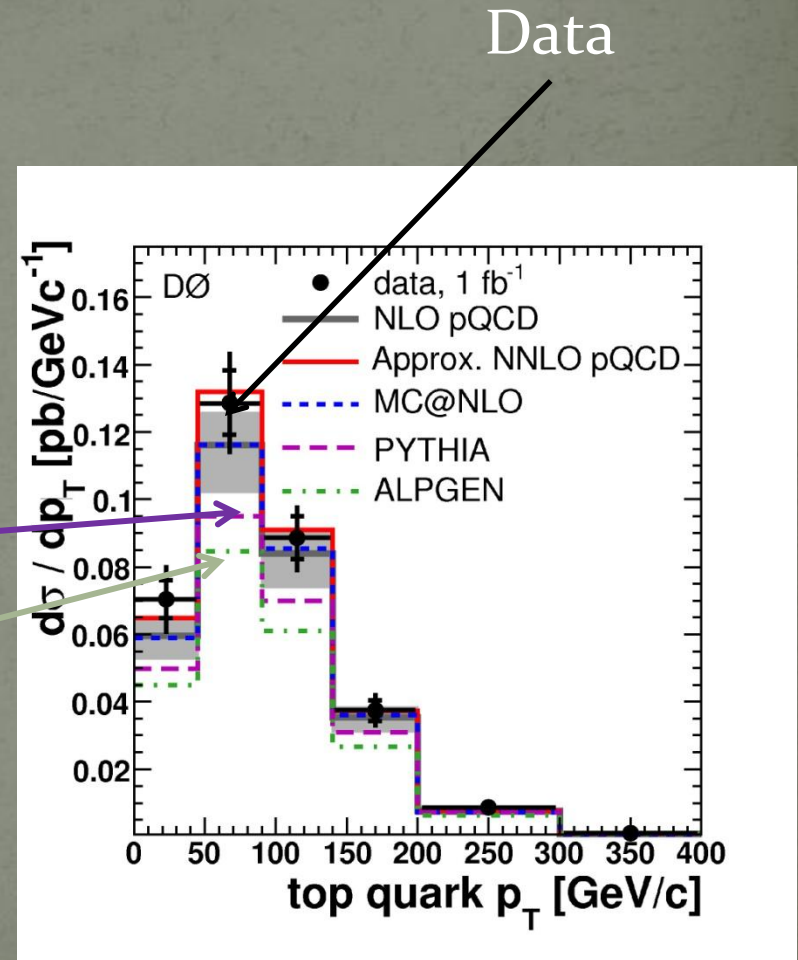
$$\sigma_{tt} = 8.23 \pm 0.52 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.83 \text{ (syst)} \\ \pm 0.61 \text{ (luminosity) pb}$$

Differential cross section

- Unfolding of p_T spectrum
- Important to test NLO QCD
 - Used for normalization
 - Data prefers NLO

Pythia

Alpgen

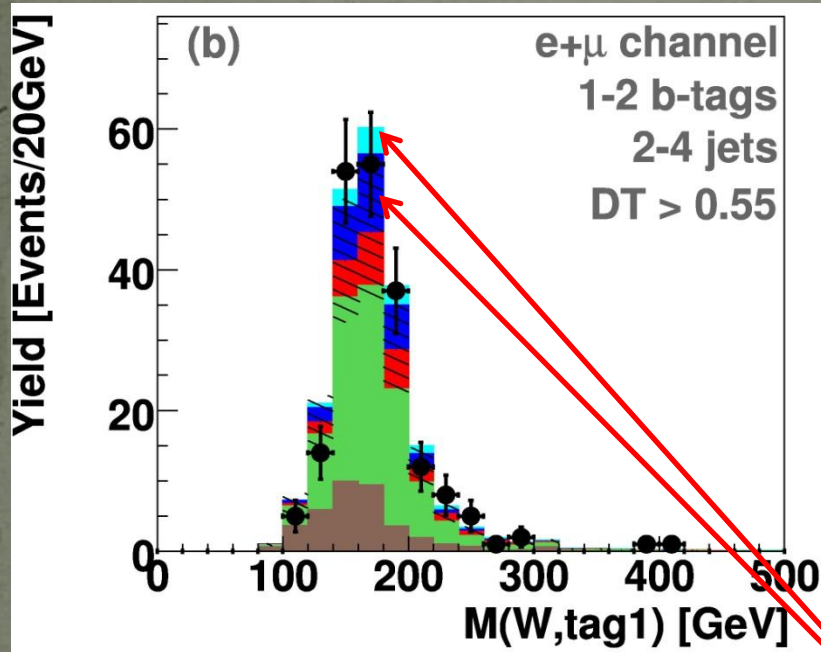


arXiv:1001.1900 [hep-ex]

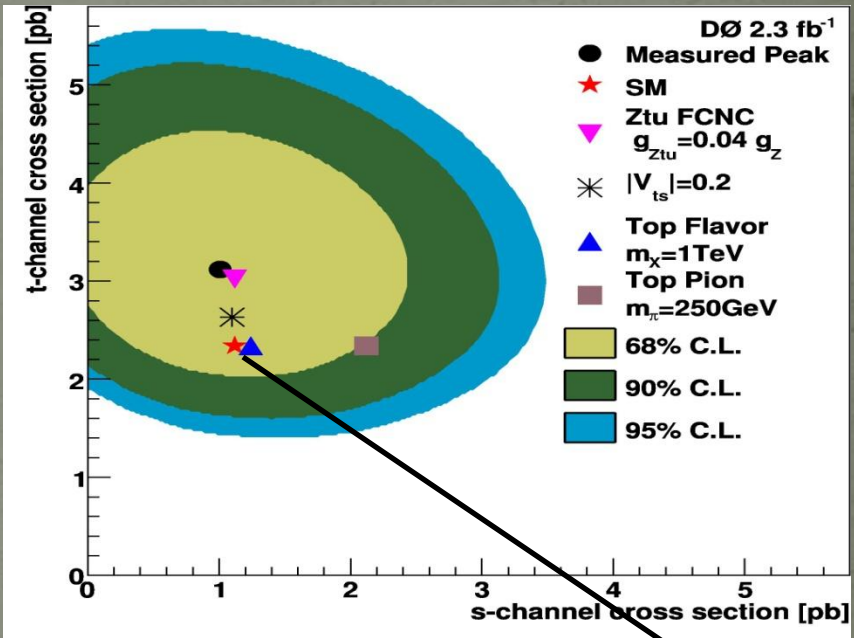
Single Top Discovery

Expected 4.5σ
Observed 5.0σ

- Challenging – significant W +jets background.
- Employed three techniques:
 - Boosted Decision Tree, Neural Network, Matrix Elements



$\sigma_t = 3.94 \pm 0.88 \text{ pb}$

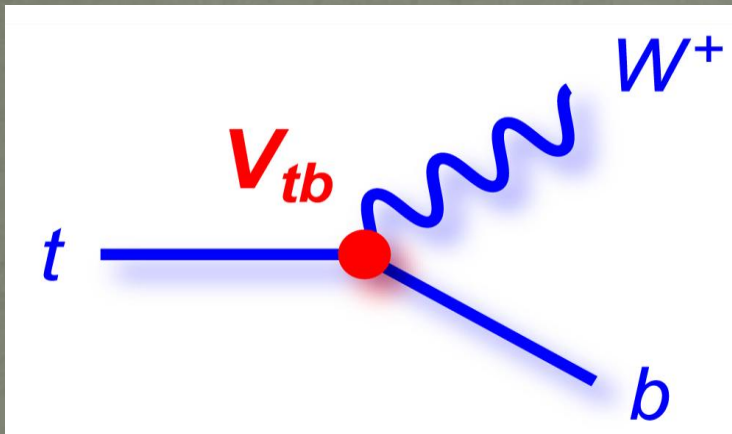


SM

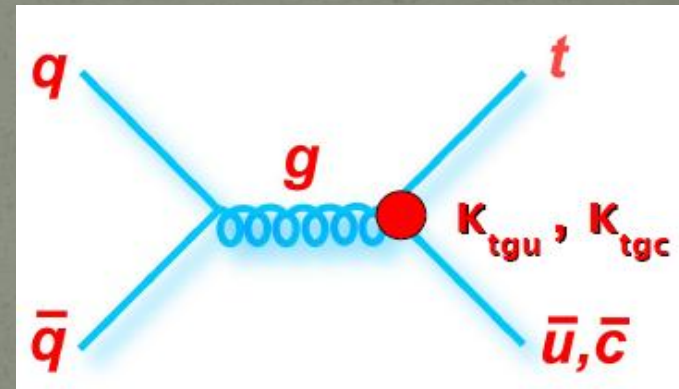
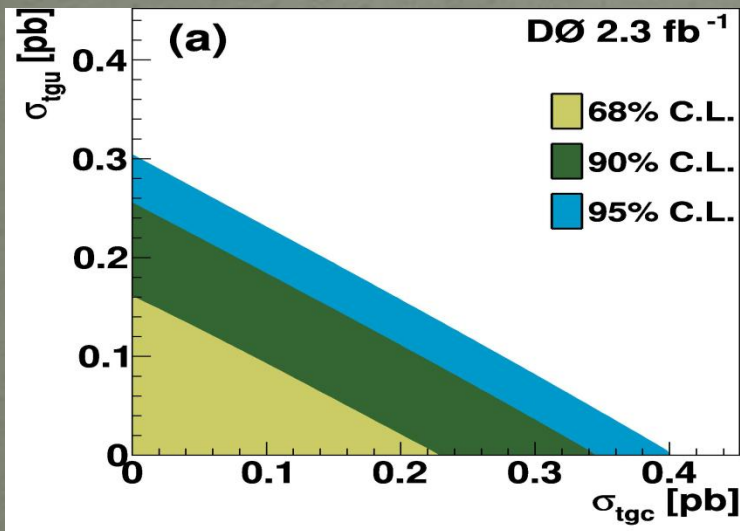
t-channel evidence
 4.8σ

Single top

V_{tb} measurement



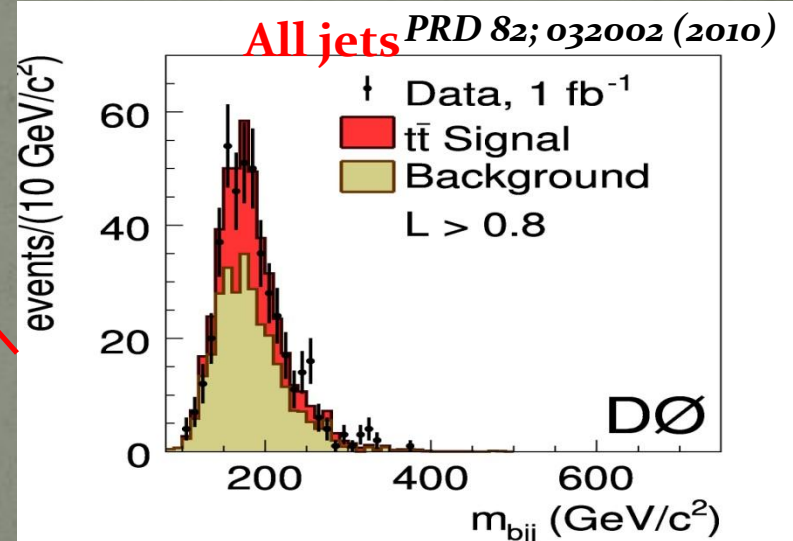
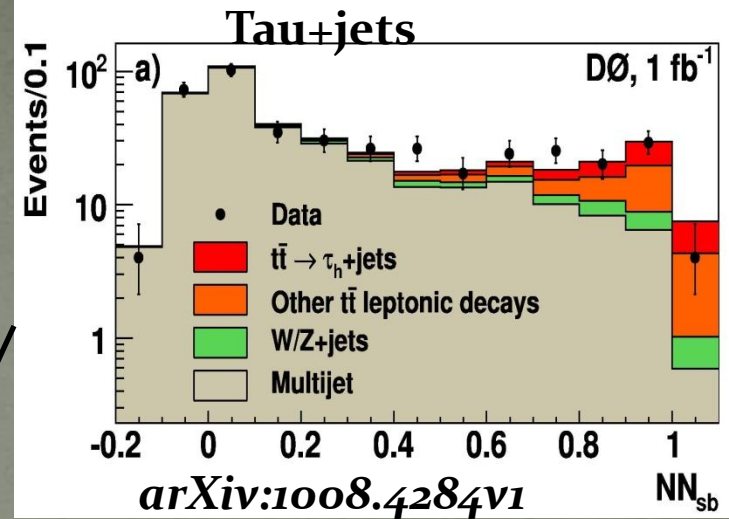
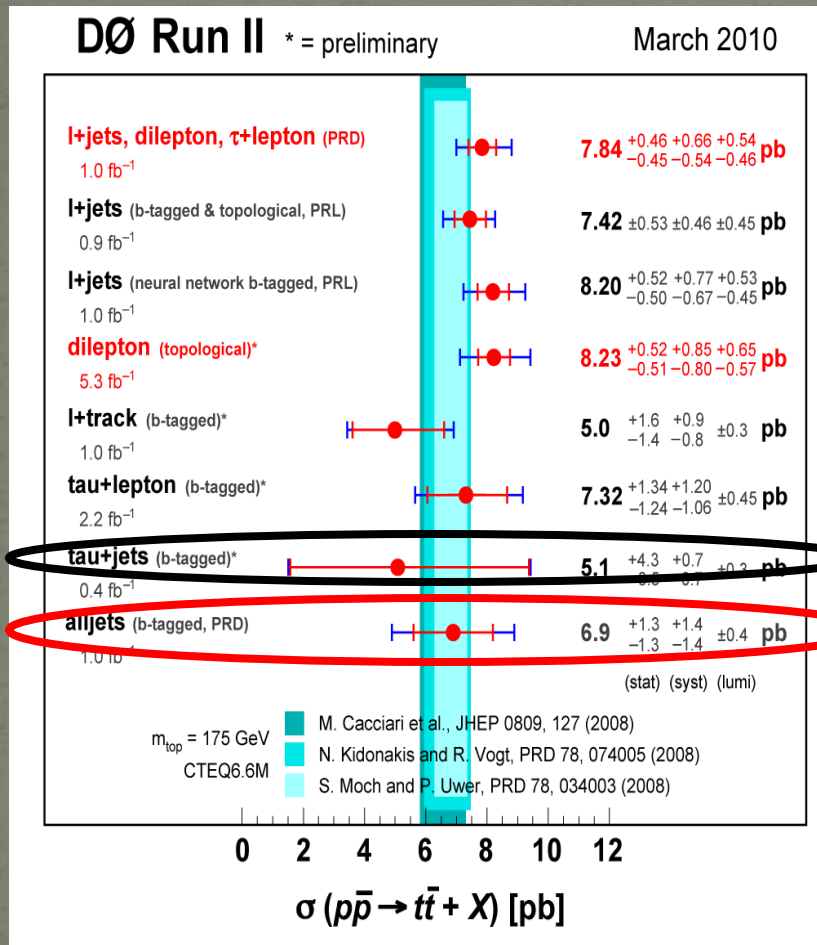
$V_{tb} = 1.07 \pm 0.12$



$\sigma_{tgc} < 0.20 \text{ pb}$
 $\sigma_{tgu} < 0.27 \text{ pb}$

PLB 693, 81 (2010)

Cross Section



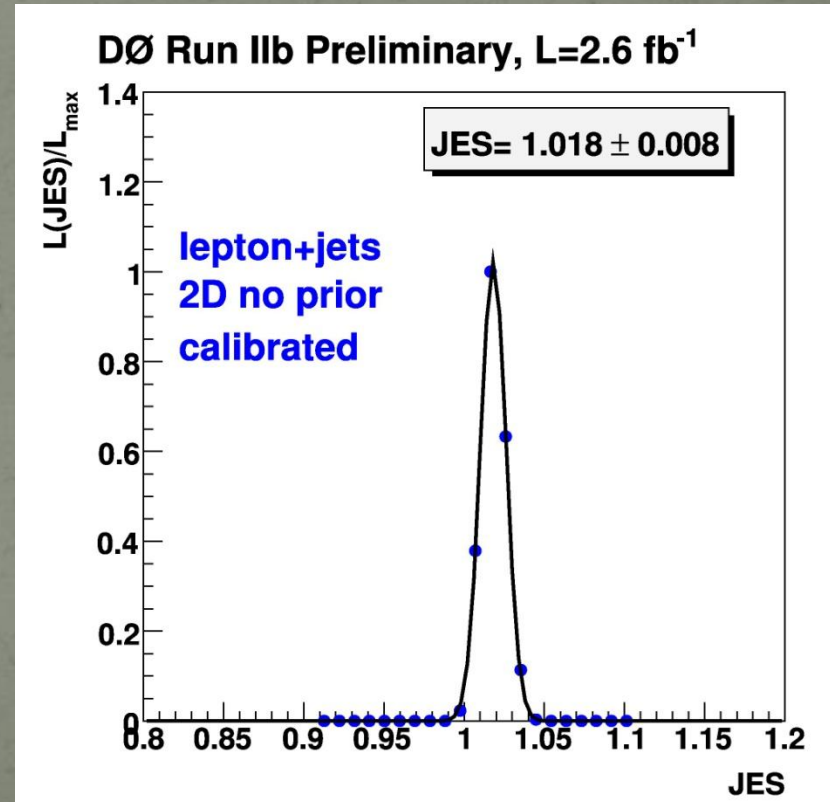
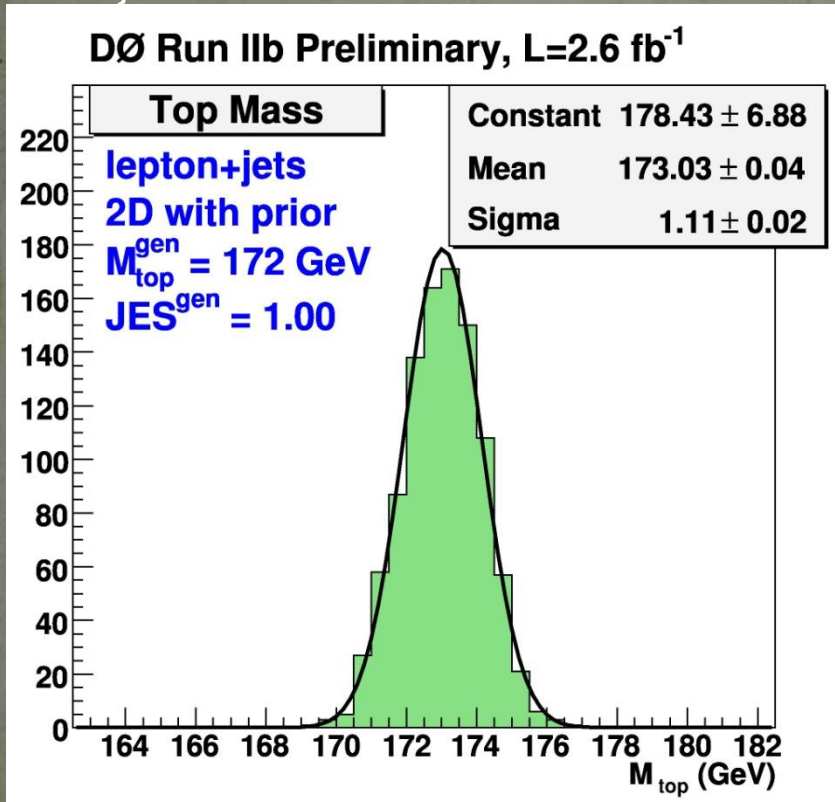
Good agreement with SM

Top Quark Mass

Top Quark Mass. l+jets

- Matrix Element technique
- Get a probability for an event to be consistent with the given m_t
 - Integrate over Parton Density Functions
 - For a data sample with N events, multiply the probabilities
 - Find the most probable mass
- In-situ measurement of Jet Energy Scale (JES), thus reducing the JES systematic

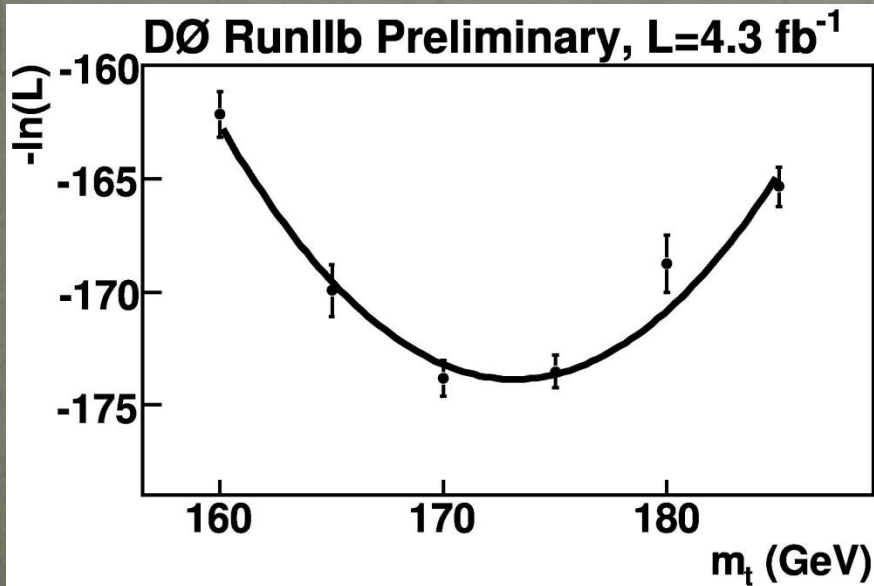
$$m_t = 173.7 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \\ \pm 1.6(\text{syst})$$



Top Quark Mass. Dilepton

We also measure m_t with ME in dilepton

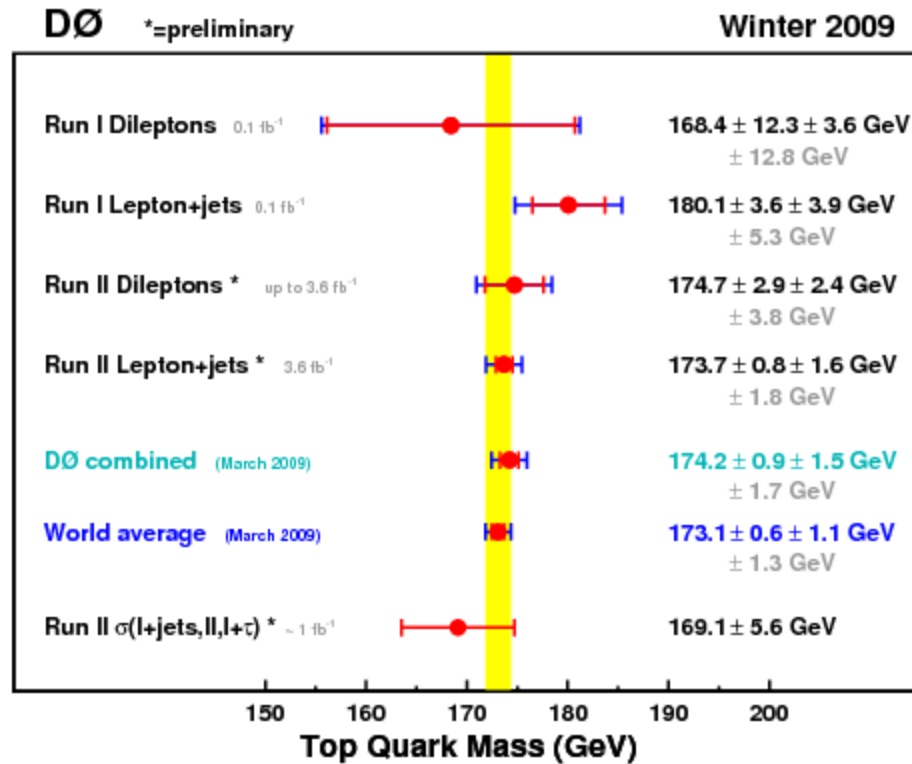
- Template method
 - Compare reconstructed mass in data and MC for different m_t and find the best m_t
 - Two neutrinos in the final state – under constrained fit
 - Integrating over neutrino rapidities to find the reconstructed mass
 - Best m_t measurement in the dilepton channel



$$m_t = 173.3 \pm 2.4 \text{ stat} \pm 2.1 \text{ syst}$$

$$\Delta m_t / m_t = 1.8\%$$

Top quark mass



Systematics dominated!

Top Quark Properties

Top width

- Can not measure directly better than our detector resolution
- Determine the width of the top quark indirectly from the single top t-channel cross section measurement
- Most precise measurement of Γ_t

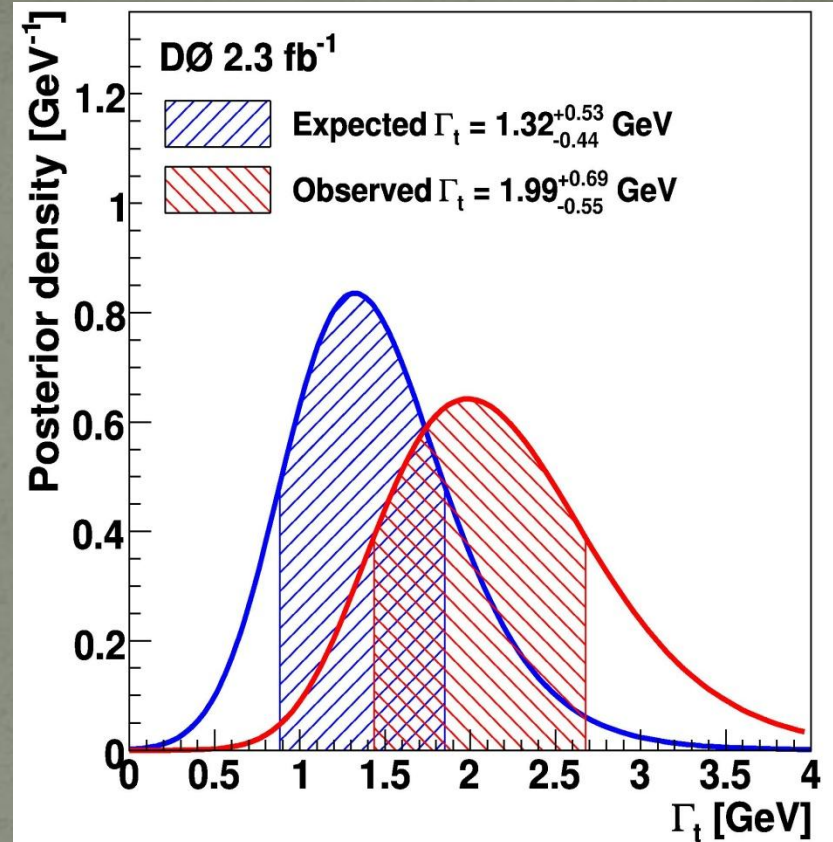
$$\Gamma_t = \frac{\sigma(t\text{-channel}) \Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)_{\text{SM}}}{\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Wb) \sigma(t\text{-channel})_{\text{SM}}}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Wb) = 0.962_{-0.066}^{+0.068}(\text{stat}) \quad {}_{-0.052}^{+0.064}(\text{syst})$$

$$\Gamma_t = 1.99_{-0.55}^{+0.69} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\tau_t = (3.3_{-0.9}^{+1.3}) 10^{-25} \text{ s}$$

$$\Gamma_t^{\text{SM}} = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$$



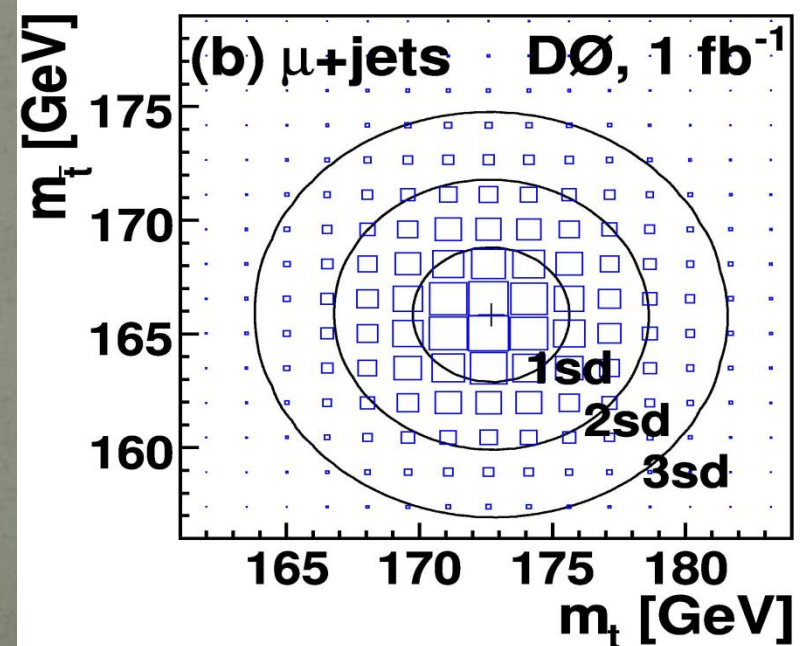
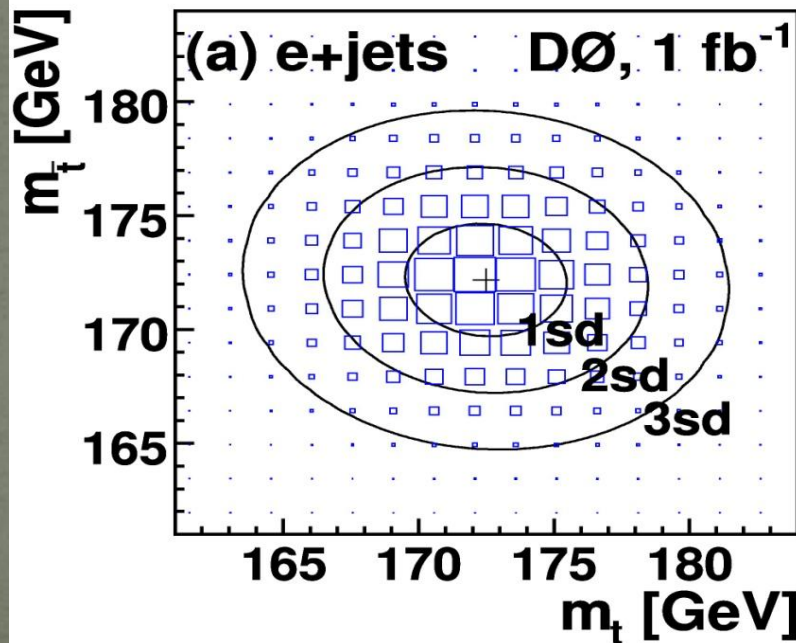
arXiv:1009.5686v1

Top-Antitop mass difference

Advertised in Nature!

- With CPT conserved $m_t = m_{\bar{t}}$
 - Measuring $m_t = m_{\bar{t}}$ tells us about CPT conservation
- Matrix Element for the mass extraction

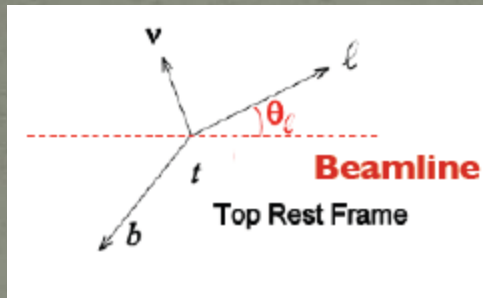
$$m_t - m_{\bar{t}} = 3.8 \pm 3.7 \text{ GeV with } 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



Spin Correlations

- Top quark decays before hadronization – spin information preserved.
- Differentiate between spin/no spin hypothesis

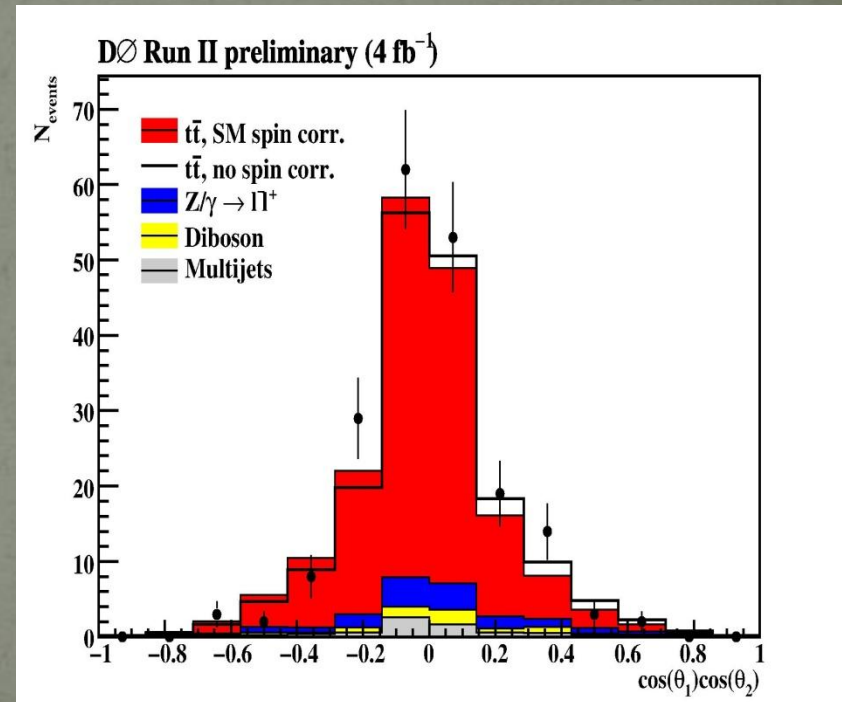
$$\kappa = \frac{N_{\downarrow\uparrow} + N_{\uparrow\downarrow} - N_{\uparrow\uparrow} - N_{\downarrow\downarrow}}{N_{\downarrow\uparrow} + N_{\uparrow\downarrow} + N_{\uparrow\uparrow} + N_{\downarrow\downarrow}} \approx 0.78$$



$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d^2\sigma}{d\cos\theta^+ d\cos\theta^-} = \frac{1 + \kappa \cos\theta^+ \cos\theta^-}{4}$$

$$K_{SM} = 0.777$$

$$K = -0.2^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$$



Forward Backward Asymmetry

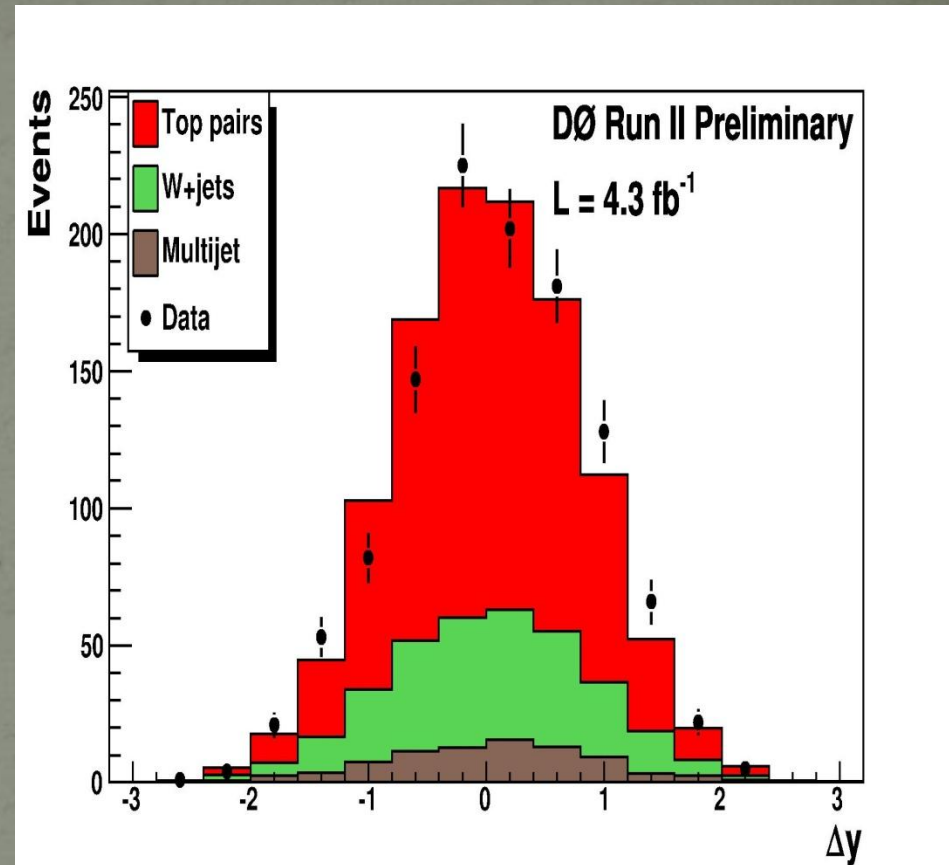
- Tevatron is a $p\bar{p}$ collider
- Expect a small forward backward asymmetry at NLO

$$\Delta y \equiv y_t - y_{\bar{t}}$$

$$A_{fb} = \frac{N^{\Delta y > 0} - N^{\Delta y < 0}}{N^{\Delta y > 0} + N^{\Delta y < 0}}$$

$$A_{FB} = 8 \pm 4(\text{stat}) \pm 1(\text{syst})\%$$

$$A_{FB}^{\text{SM,NLO}} = {}_{-1.0}^{+2.0} \%$$

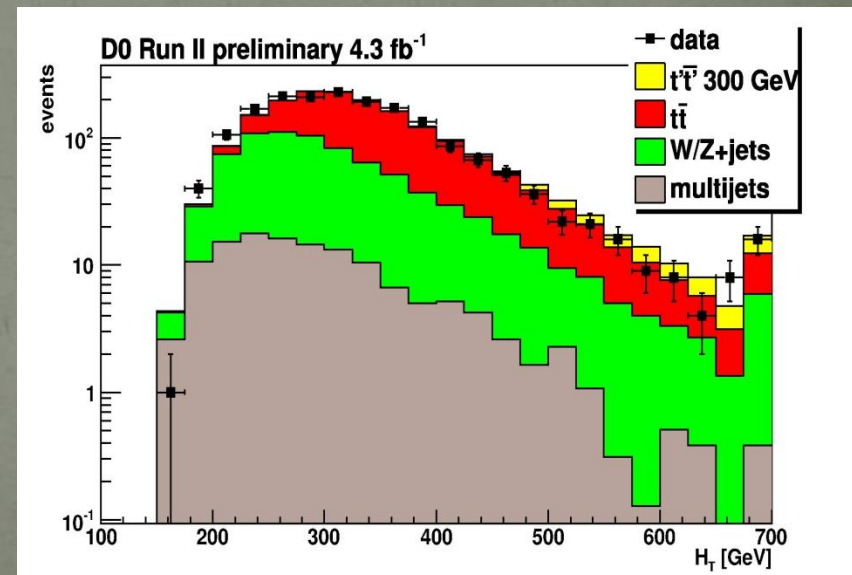
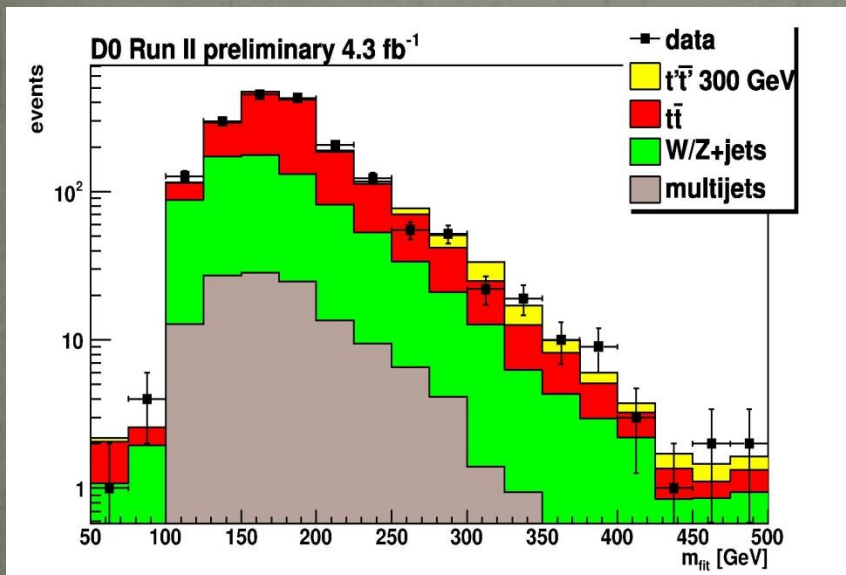
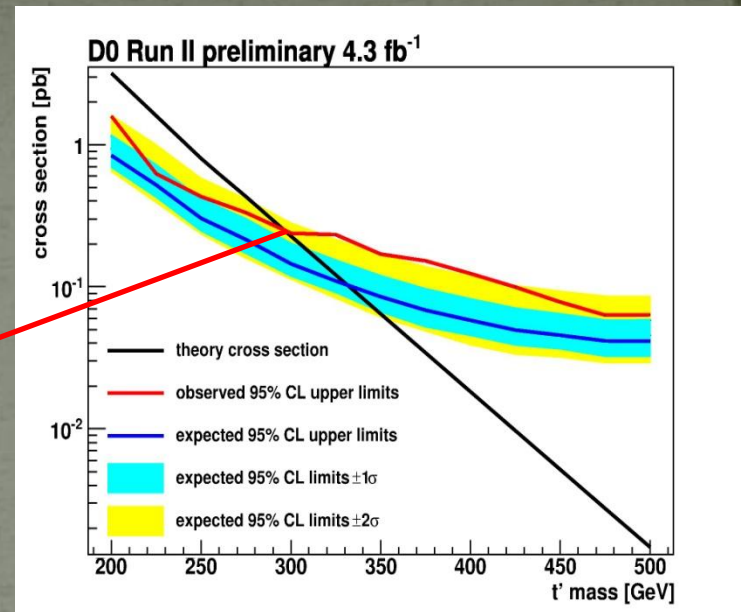


- $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ and warped extra dimensions predict higher A_{FB} ?

Searches for New Particles

Search for t'

- Why three generation?
 - Looking for the fourth.
- $t' \rightarrow Wb$
 - $m(t') < m(W) + m(b')$
- Use reconstructed $m_{t'}$ and $H_T = \Sigma p_T$
- Exclude $m_{t'} < 296$ GeV at 95% CL



Conclusion

- **Many top quark measurements**
 - Exciting era
- **Top production cross section**
 - 6% precision
- **Mass**
 - <1% precision
- **Single top discovery!**
 - Direct measurement of V_{tb}
- **Testing NLO QCD**
- **More exciting measurements to come!**