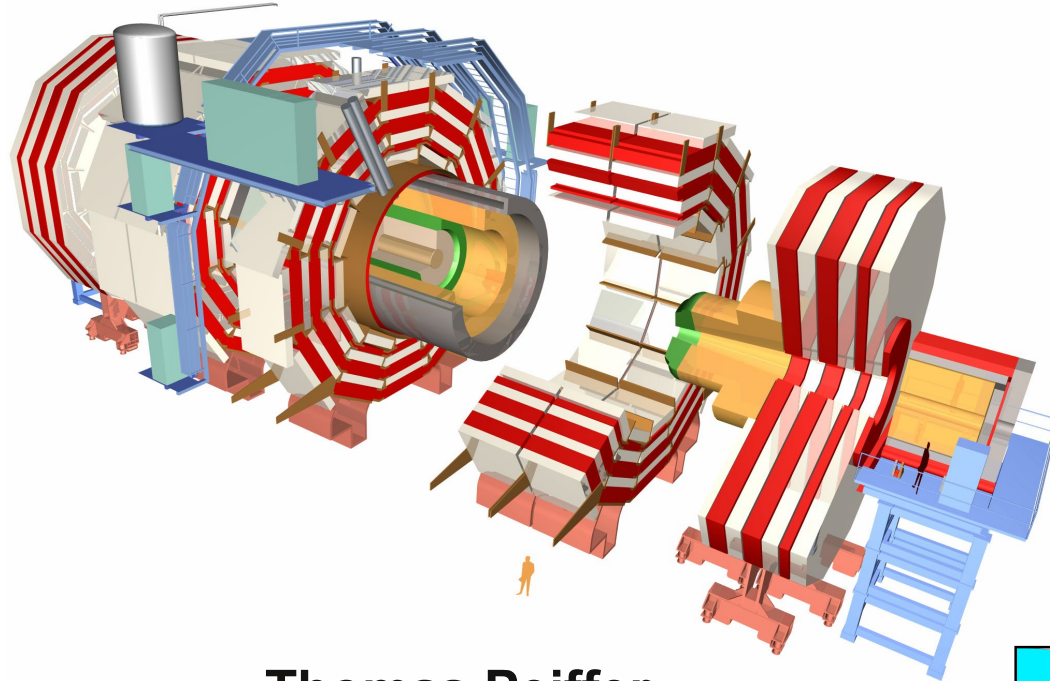
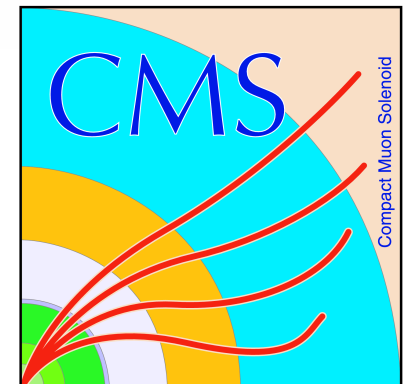


Prospects for Top Quark Studies with CMS for up to 1fb^{-1}



Thomas Peiffer
on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

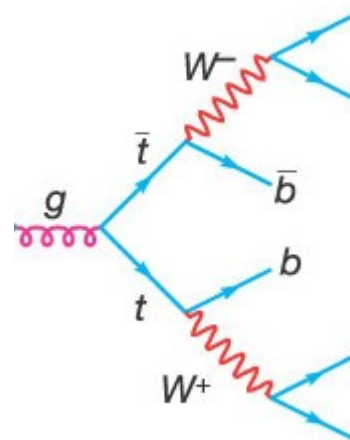


HQL 2010 Frascati
14.10.2010

Introduction



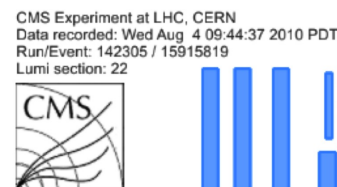
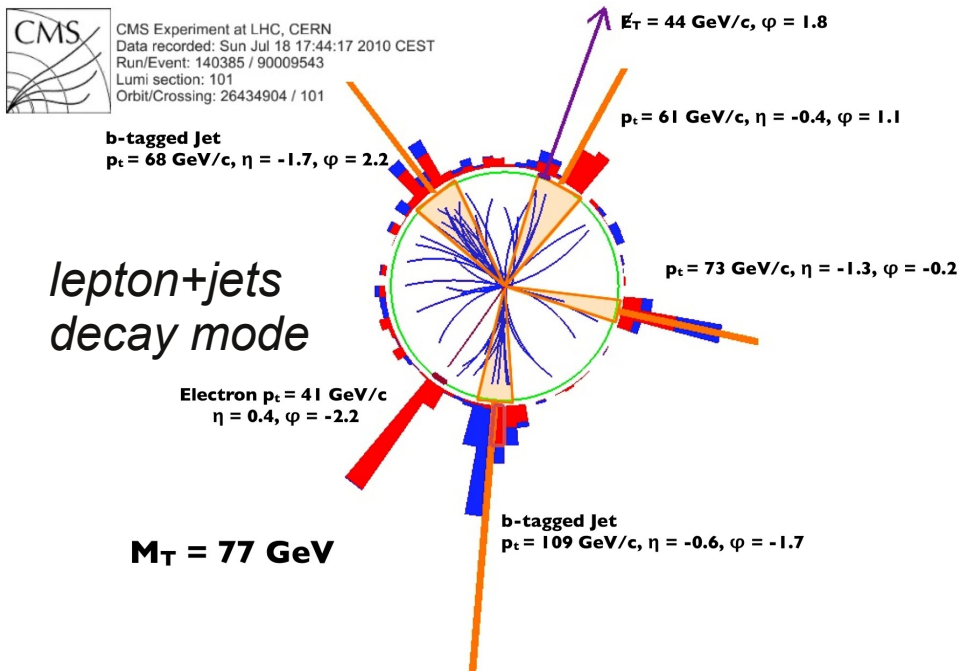
First top-like events found with a few 100nb^{-1} at CMS (see Talk from P. Q. Ribeiro)



$2 \times W \rightarrow l\nu$:
di-lepton channel

$1 W \rightarrow l\nu, 1 W \rightarrow qq'$:
lepton+jets channel

$2 \times W \rightarrow qq'$:
full hadronic channel



Next steps to come soon:

- Measure the top pair production cross section.
- Understand the details of top quark production at the LHC.

Motivation



Studying top quark properties is an important test of the Standard Model.

Understanding the top quark production is important in New Physics searches.

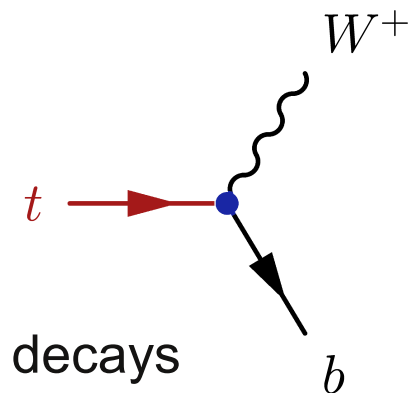
Many studies are actually ongoing at CMS:

- cross section measurements in all channels
- top properties: mass determination, spin correlation, etc.

will focus on a few topics here:

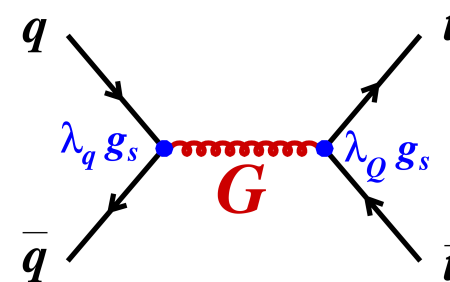
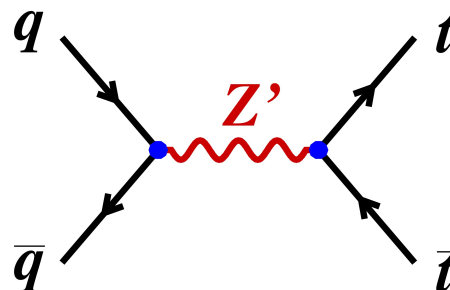
Determination of V_{tb} :

- Direct: measurement of electroweak single top quark production
- Indirect: determination of the ratio $R=B(t\rightarrow Wb)/B(t\rightarrow Wq)$ in top quark decays (top pair production)



Direct searches for New Physics:

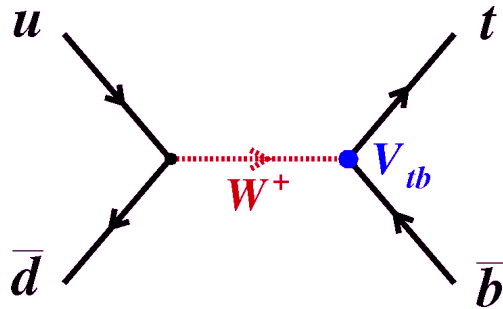
- Search for resonances in top pair production



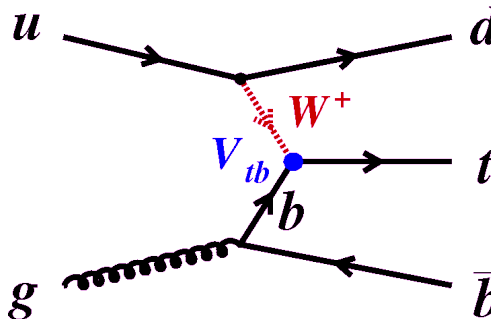
Single Top at LHC



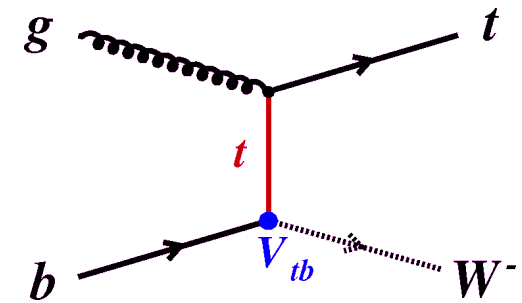
Single top quarks are produced in electroweak reactions:



s-channel
 $\sigma=5 \text{ pb @ } 10\text{TeV}$
 $\sigma=4 \text{ pb @ } 7\text{TeV}$



t-channel
 $\sigma=134 \text{ pb @ } 10\text{TeV}$
 $\sigma=65 \text{ pb @ } 7\text{TeV}$



tW-channel
 $\sigma=29 \text{ pb @ } 10\text{TeV}$
 $\sigma=11 \text{ pb @ } 7\text{TeV}$

At LHC the t-channel will be the most abundant channel to discover single top quarks.

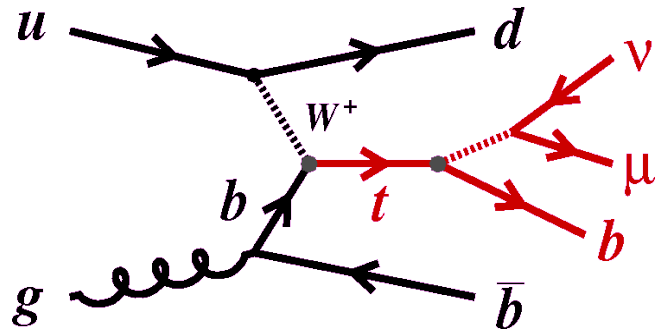
Single top quark production was first discovered last year at CDF and D0.

Single top quark cross section is a direct measurement of the CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|$.

Single Top



$\sqrt{s}=10$ TeV

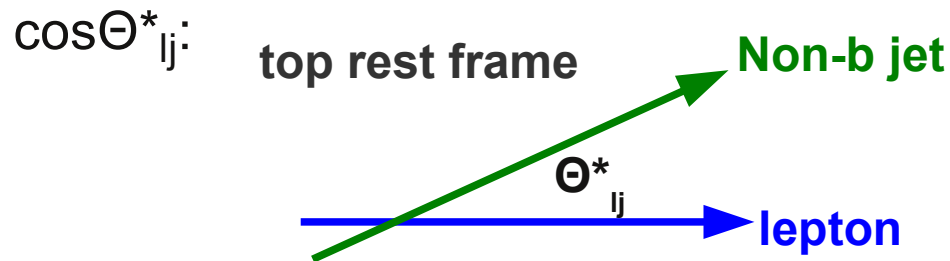


Search for single top in the $t \rightarrow bW \rightarrow b\mu\nu$ channel

Event selection:

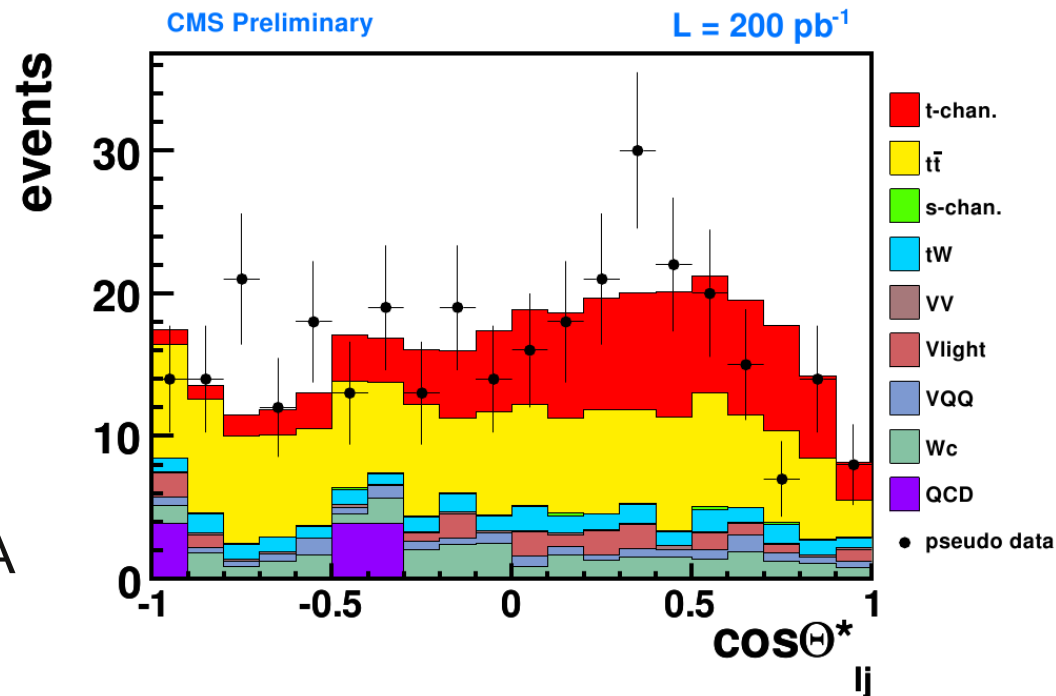
- Exactly one isolated muon with $P_T > 20$ GeV/c
- Exactly 2 jets with $P_T > 30$ GeV/c
- One b-tag (track counting algorithm using IP/σ_{IP})
- $M_T(W) > 50$ GeV/c²

Need discriminating variables to extract single top cross section:



Signal: \sim linear dependence due to V-A structure at Wtb vertex

Background: flat distribution

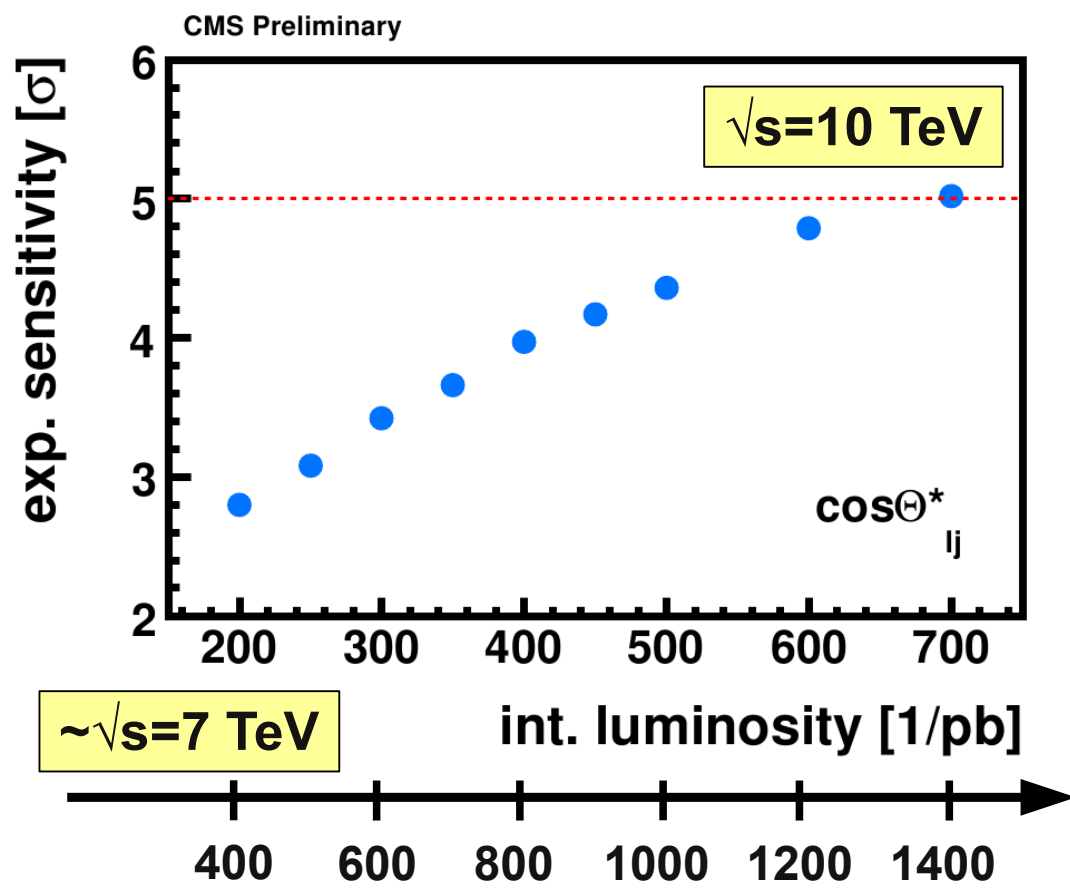


Single Top Results



Single top (re-) discovery potential is estimated in likelihood fit of $\cos\Theta^*_{lj}$:

- Perform ensemble test to estimate sensitivity:
expect $\sim 3\sigma$ evidence with $\sim 250\text{pb}^{-1}$
- Fitting $\cos\Theta^*_{lj}$ is robust against systematic uncertainties.
- Sensitivity will scale down with a factor of about 2 going from 10 to 7 TeV.



With ongoing improvements a rediscovery of single top production at $1/\text{fb}$ @ 7 TeV seems to be likely.

Source of uncertainty	$\Delta\sigma$ [%]	Expected sensitivity
statistical	± 35	2.8σ
<i>b</i> tagging	± 7.3	2.7σ
mistag	± 0.4	2.7σ
JES	± 5.5	2.7σ
MET	± 9.9	2.7σ
PDF	± 5.5	2.7σ
total	± 39	2.7σ

V_{tb} can also be measured in top quark pair production:

- In Standard Model ($V_{tb}=1$) the top quark decays to $\sim 100\%$ to $W+b$
- $R=|V_{tb}|^2/(|V_{td}|^2+|V_{ts}|^2+|V_{tb}|^2)$ is sensitive to V_{tb} .

Analysis strategy:

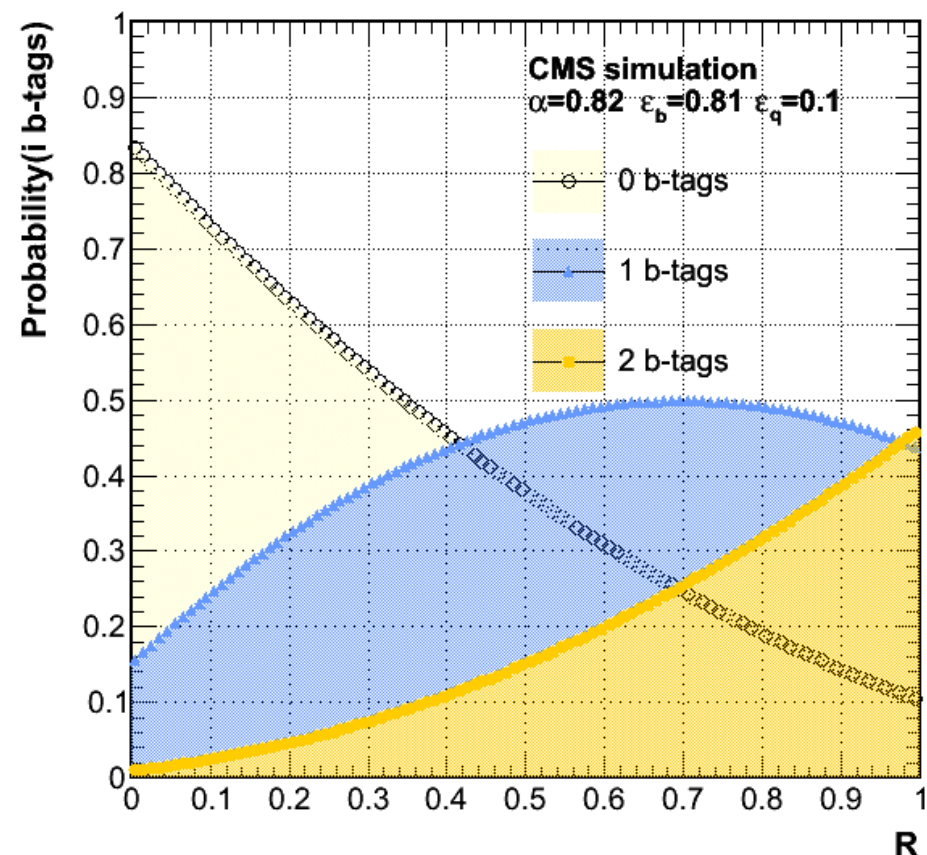
- Select a highly $t\bar{t}$ enriched sample without applying b-tagging cuts
- Estimate R from the N_{btag} distribution.

Main challenges:

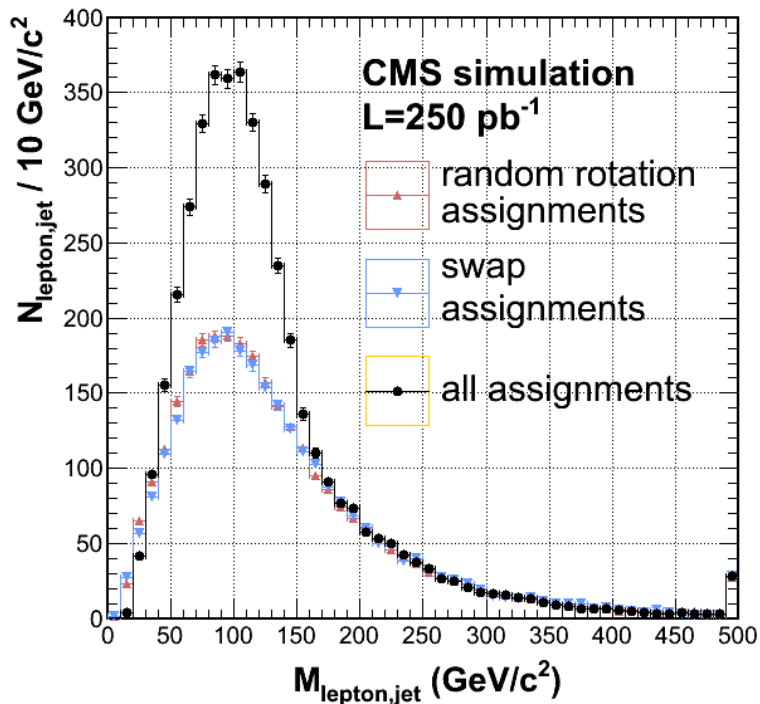
- Identify b jets originating from top decays
- Estimate the fraction of b jets wrongly assigned to top decays

Two MC studies are presented here:

- dilepton channel with $e\mu$ final state (very pure $t\bar{t}$ sample, $S/B\sim 10$)
- muon+jets final state ($S/B\sim 5$)



R Ratio in Dilepton Events



Dilepton event signature: 2 jets, electron + muon

Assign one jet and one lepton to each top quark.

Misassignment modelling:

Correct assignments: $M_{ij} < \sqrt{(m_t^2 - m_W^2)} = 156 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

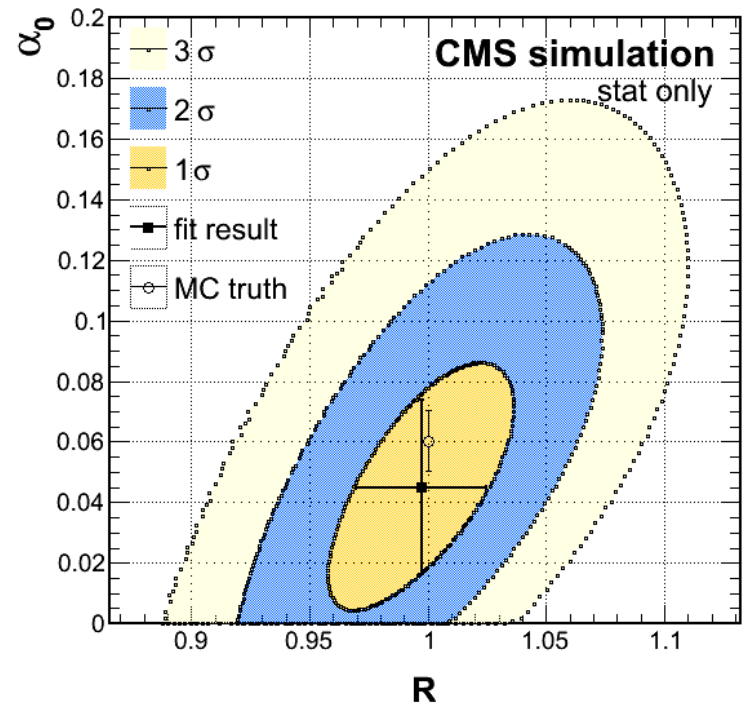
→ misassignment rate α_0 from fitting M_{ij} distribution with shape taken from:

- “swapping”: pair lepton with jet from other event
- “rotating”: rotate lepton momentum randomly

Fit simultaneously R and α_0 using b tag multiplicity from jet probability tagger.

Take b tagging efficiency ε_b as input from an independent measurement.

Main systematic is assumption on ε_b .



R Ratio in μ +Jets Events

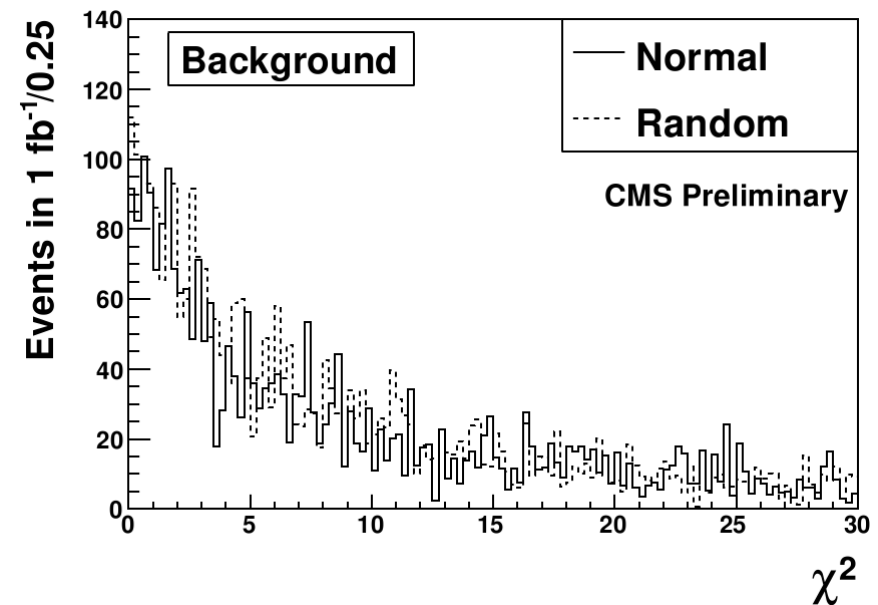
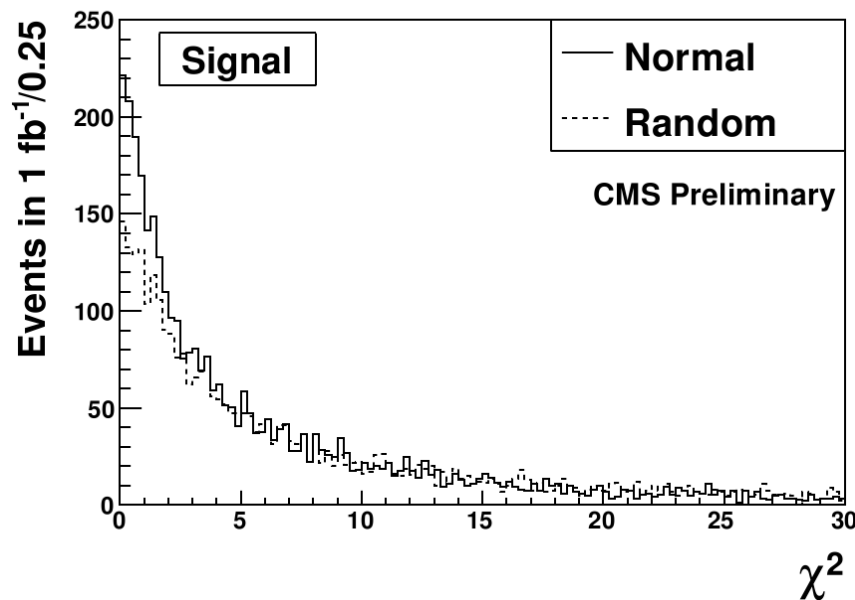


Event signature: one muon + 4jets

Correct assignment of jets to top quark is more difficult (one jet to leptonically decaying t, 3 jets to hadronically decaying t):

Choose assignment with smallest χ^2 :

$$\chi^2 = \left(\frac{m_{ijk} - m_{tHad}}{\sigma(m_{tHad})} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m_{lvp} - m_{tLep}}{\sigma(m_{tLep})} \right)^2$$



Background and incorrectly reconstructed top events:

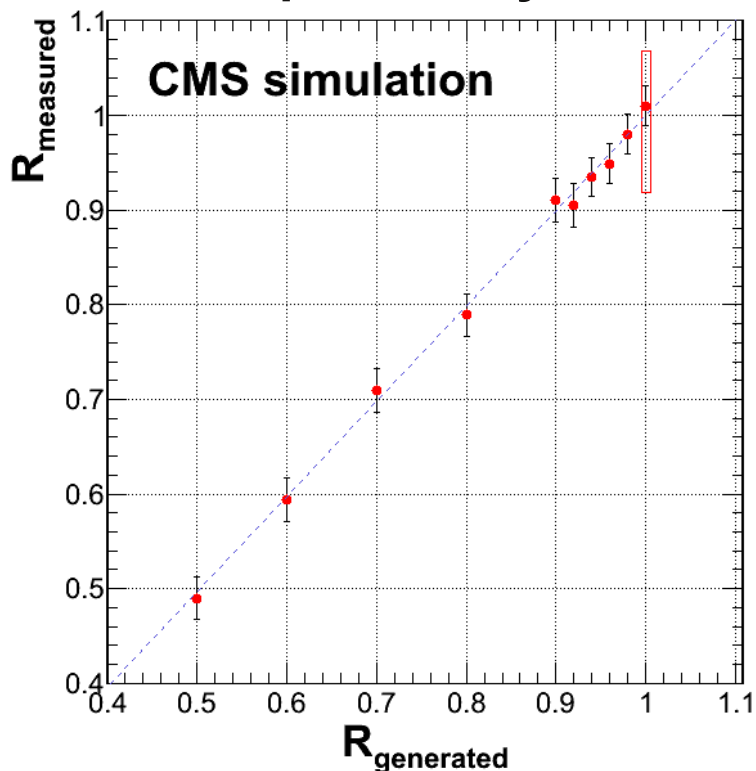
- Construct a random χ^2 distribution from data by randomly rotating jets in η and ϕ .
- Take this distribution to model background and misassignments.
- Fit R to the background subtracted b tagging multiplicity.

R Ratio Summary

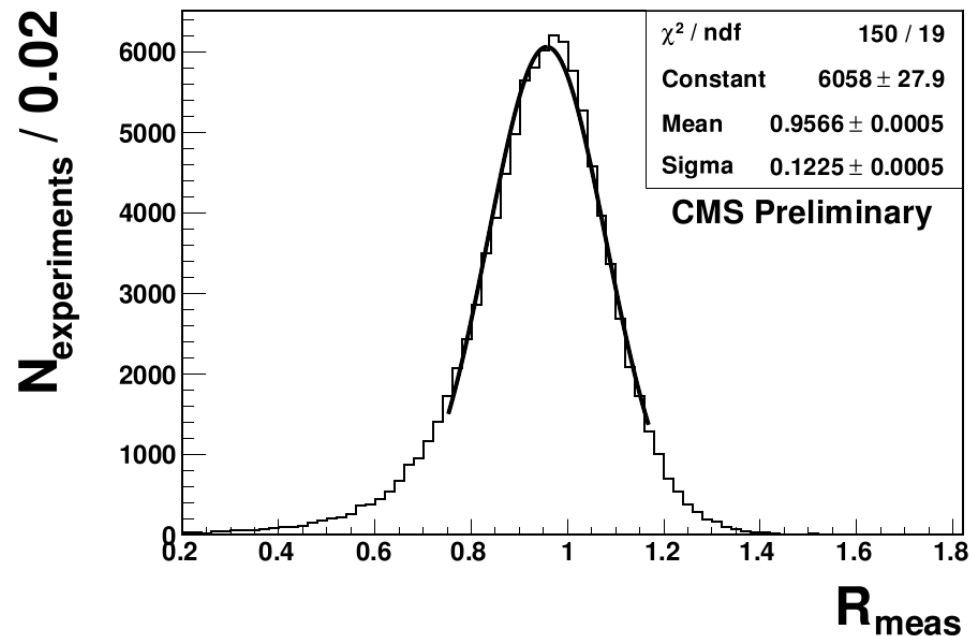


Evaluate expected uncertainties on R measurement in toy Monte Carlos.

dilepton analysis



muon+jets analysis



Expected uncertainty:
 $\sigma_R(\text{stat+syst})=9\%$
at $\sqrt{s}=10 \text{ TeV}$, $L=250 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

Expected uncertainty:
 $\sigma_R(\text{stat})=12\%$, $\sigma_R(\text{syst})=11\%$
at $\sqrt{s}=10 \text{ TeV}$, $L=1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

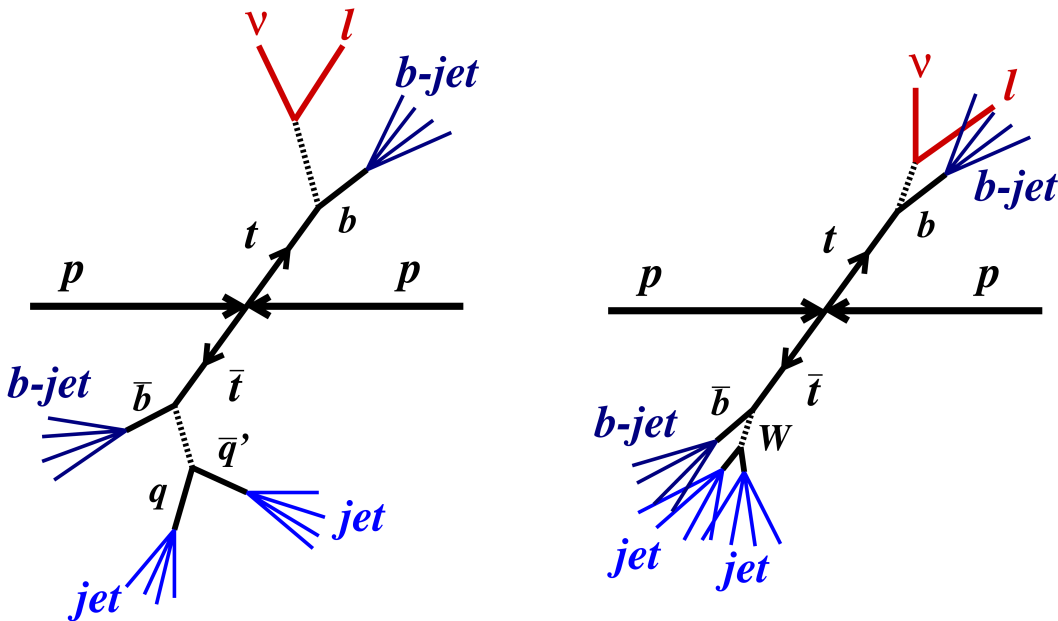
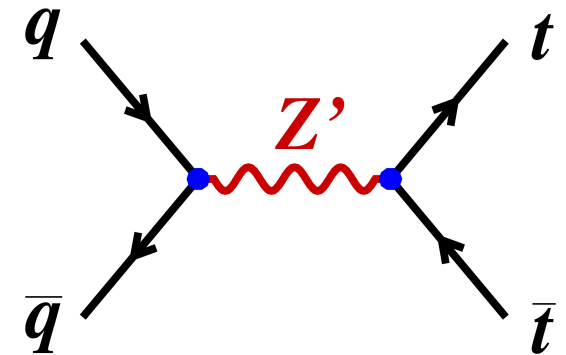
$M_{t\bar{t}}$ Resonances



The top quark pair might be produced in the exchange of a unknown heavy particle at the LHC.

Several models include such resonances:

- Axiguons
- Extra Dimensions
- Kaluza-Klein states
- Z'
- ...

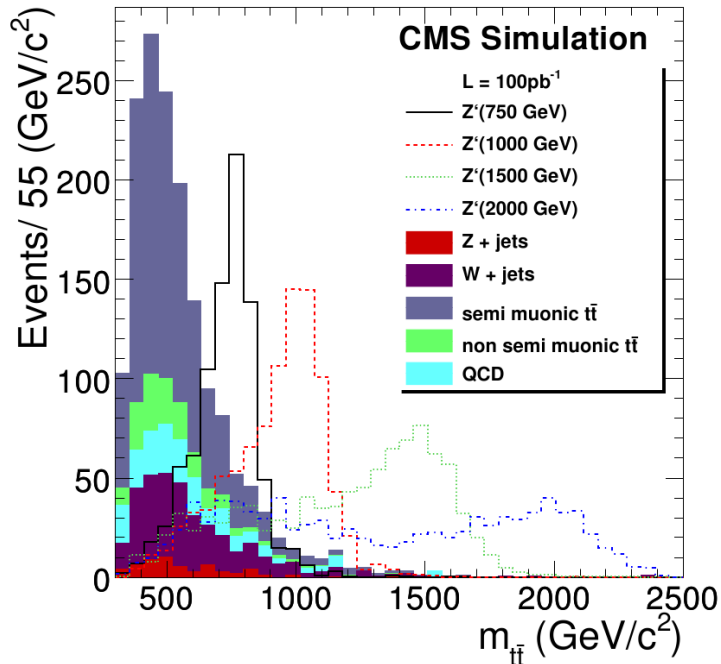


If the new exchange particle is heavy and narrow, the distribution of the invariant mass of the top quark pair system will show resonances.

Top quarks originating from a decay of a high mass resonance are boosted
→ *different event topology than in SM.*

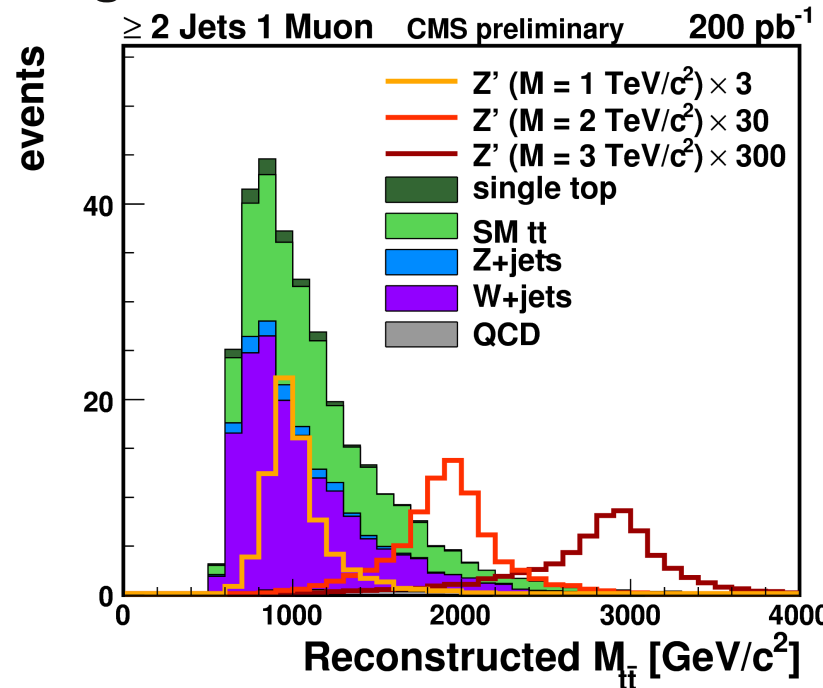
Two analyses in the muon+jets decay channel optimized for low and high mass resonances:

low mass:



- Select events with 4 jets and one muon
- Estimate backgrounds from sideband with $H_T < 350$ GeV
- Full reconstruction of top 4-momenta and top decay products possible with a kinematic fit.

high mass:



*topcolor
Z' as
reference*

- Select events with 2 jets and one muon
- Estimate backgrounds from sideband with $P_T(\mu) + MET < 200$ GeV
- Exploit the boosted event topology to reconstruct the top 4-momenta.

Muon+Jets Results



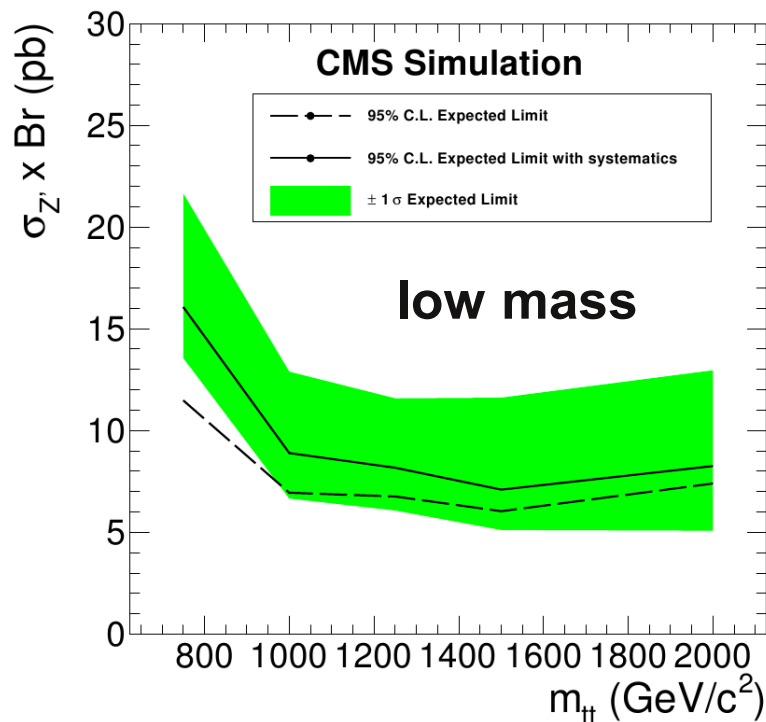
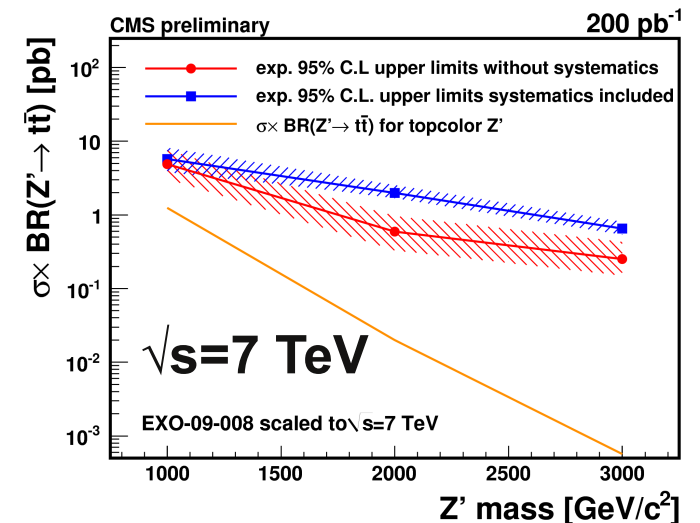
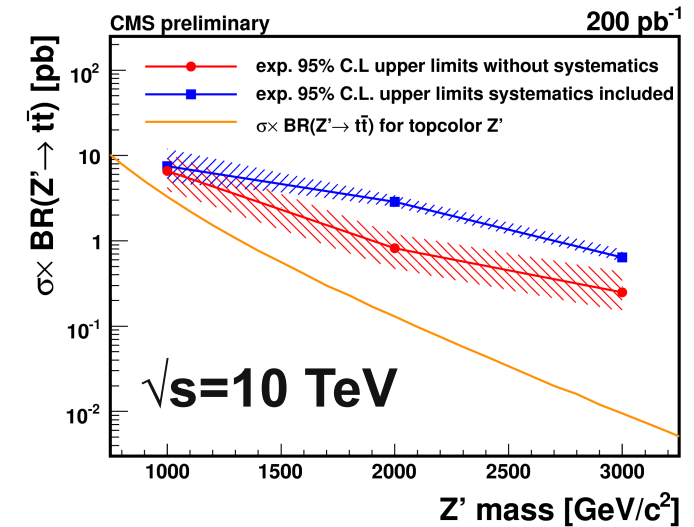
Exclusion limits are determined in likelihood fits to the $M_{t\bar{t}}$ distribution in pseudo experiments.

Systematic uncertainties are incorporated into the fit.

Limits in reach are of the order of a few pb.

For the first time limits on heavy resonances decaying to top pairs can be given in the multi-TeV range.

high mass



Top Tagging

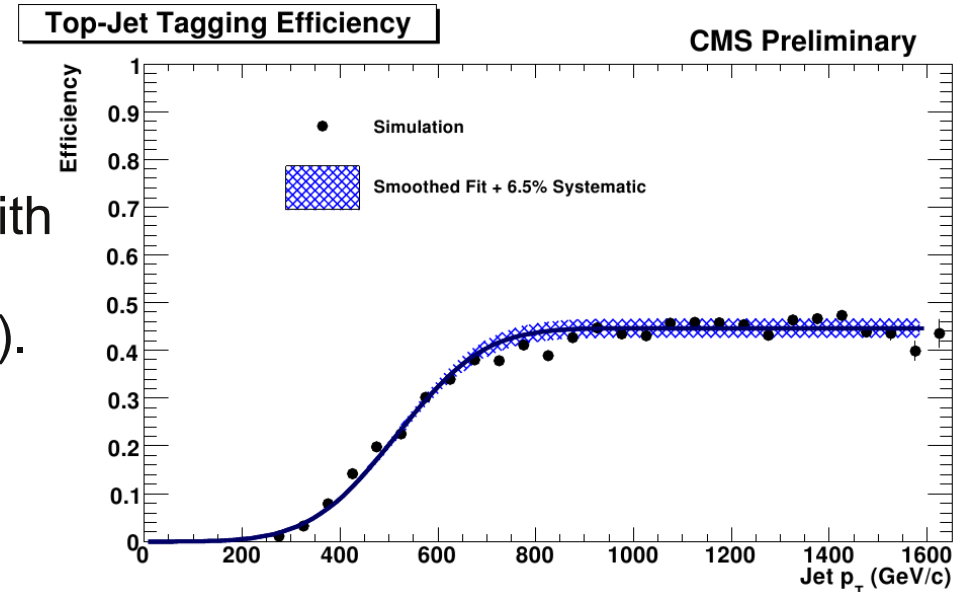
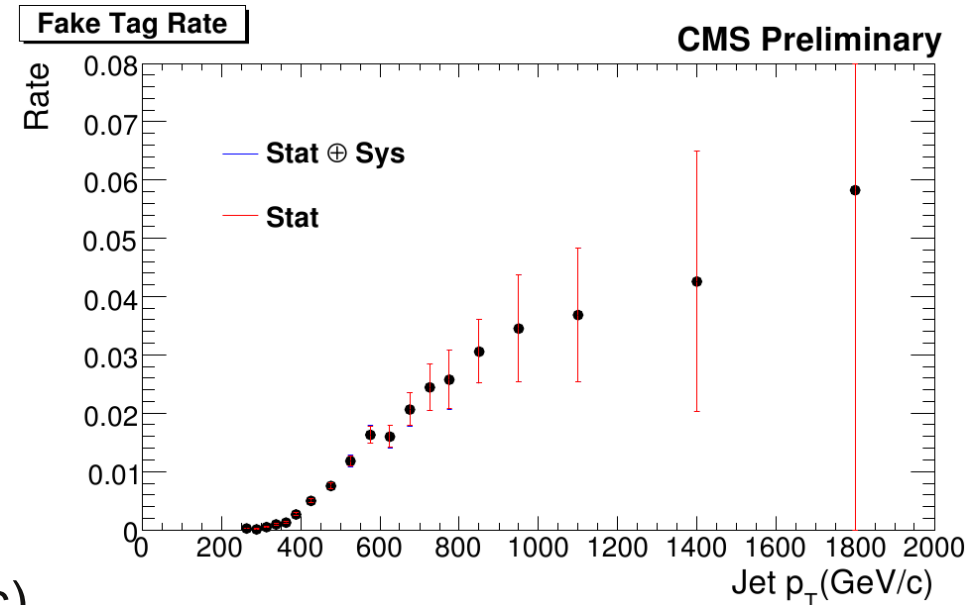
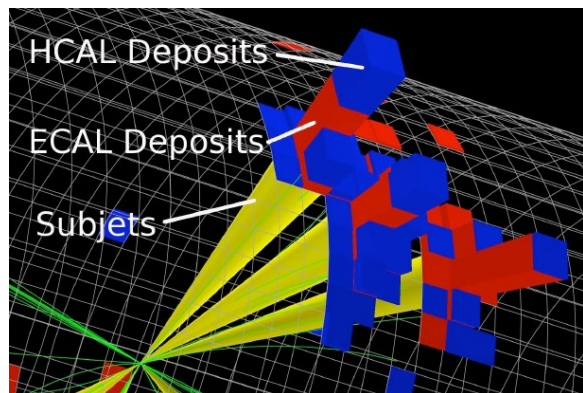


Full hadronic decay channel ($t \rightarrow bqq'$) :

- For boosted tops all decay products of each top quark end up in one fat jet.
- Main background is QCD di-jet production.
- Jets from boosted tops can show sub-Structure \rightarrow *top tagging*

Tagging algorithm:

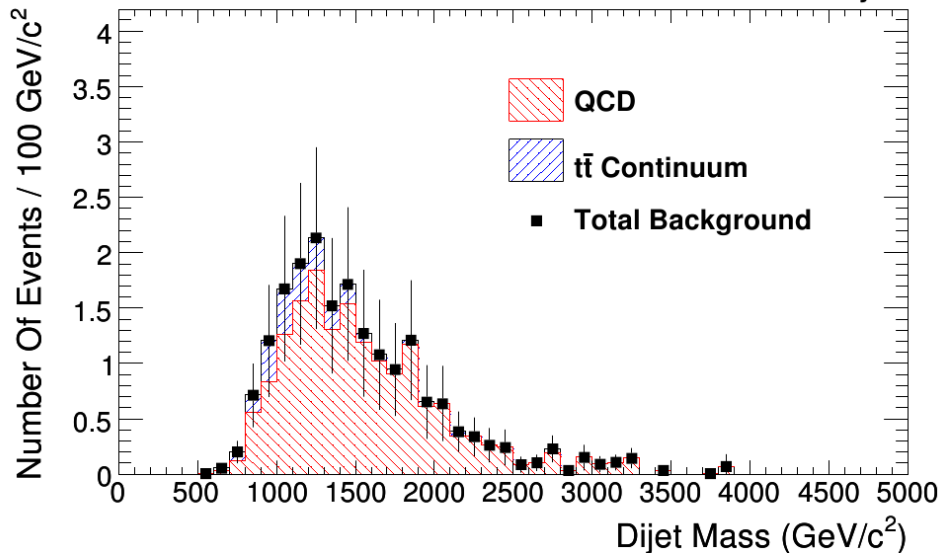
- Use Cambridge-Aachen jets ($P_T > 250$ GeV/c)
- Undo the last jet clustering steps and search for high- P_T subjets
- Apply cuts on di-subjet masses consistent with $M(W)$ and jet masses consistent with $M(\text{top})$.



Top Tagging Results

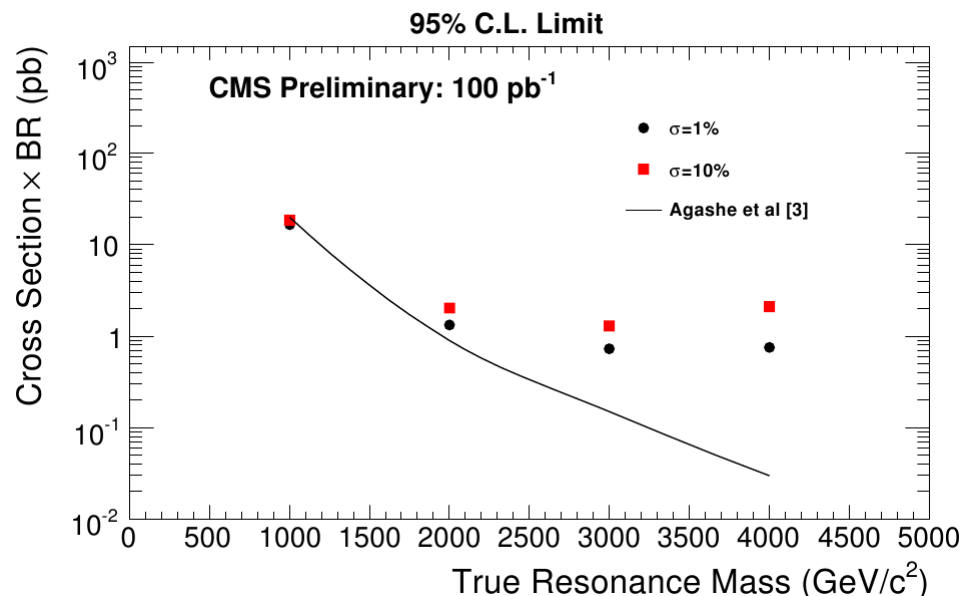


Background, Dijet Mass



Determination of exclusion limits:

- Perform counting experiments in mass windows of the dijet mass distribution.
- Fold in systematic uncertainties into the likelihood function.
- Widths of 1% and 10% of the resonance are assumed.



Kaluza Klein gluon for RS1 as reference

Some new physics scenarios might be excluded with first data next year.

Top quarks will provide broad spectrum of interesting measurements at LHC.

Presented measurements:

- Search for electroweak single top quarks, cross section is a direct measure for $|V_{tb}|$.
Might be able to observe single top quarks with 1fb^{-1} .
- Measurement of $R=B(t\rightarrow Wb)/B(t\rightarrow Wq)$ in top pair production.
A precision of $\sim 10\%$ is expected.
- Search for resonances in the top-antitop mass spectrum;
Special reconstruction and selection methods required for “boosted tops”.
Might reach limits on resonance cross section of a few pb soon.

References:

Single top: CMS PAS TOP-09-005

R ratio: CMS PAS TOP-09-001, CMS PAS TOP-09-007

Top pair resonances: CMS PAS TOP-09-008, CMS PAS TOP-09-009, CMS PAS EXO-09-008

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP>