

# Summary of CYGNO background simulations

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Giulia D'Imperio

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CYGNO Analysis & Simulation meeting

# Overview of background simulation status

- Status of CYGNO background calculation before summer
  - **external gamma/neutrons** for shielding 200+5 cm (water+Cu) shielding
  - **internal backgrounds:** acrylic box, cameras+lenses, GEM
  - **missing some internal contributions:** field cage, cathode
- Work done during August:
  - **complete internal backgrounds:** field cage, cathode
  - possible alternatives with more **radiopure materials:**
    - radiopure acrylic for the box
    - camera lenses in fused silica
    - GEM from  
T-REX: <https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7282-6.pdf>
    - “Loomba cathode”: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1502.03535.pdf>
    - “Kentaro field cage”: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1903.01663.pdf>
  - estimate the **internal and external backgrounds for “CHINOTTO”** (CYGNO 2x2) with 100+10 cm (water + Cu) shielding

# Background spreadsheet up-to-date

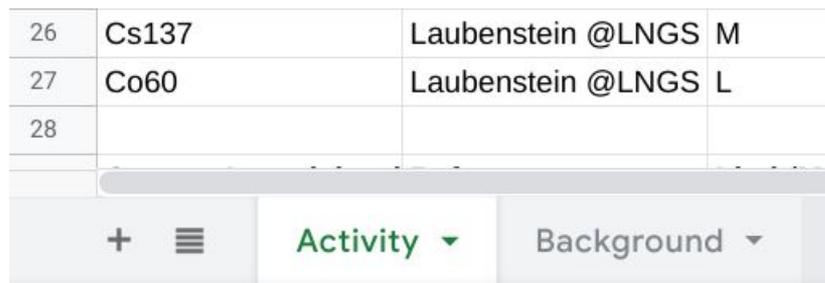
- Summary spreadsheet

[https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SKkd1C-zJoFzb0ZRkG0D9\\_vNOr5A9S34sIWkOKHQqyg/edit?usp=sharing](https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1SKkd1C-zJoFzb0ZRkG0D9_vNOr5A9S34sIWkOKHQqyg/edit?usp=sharing)

- “**Activity**” and “**Background**” tabs

- **radioactivity** of materials
- include also **alternative materials** (more radiopure)
- **background** calculated with GEANT4 for the “default” geometry and materials
- background for alternative materials rescaling activities
- Estimated **background for CHINOTTO**
  - smaller active volume
  - less radioactive material

26	Cs137	Laubenstein @LNGS	M
27	Co60	Laubenstein @LNGS	L
28			



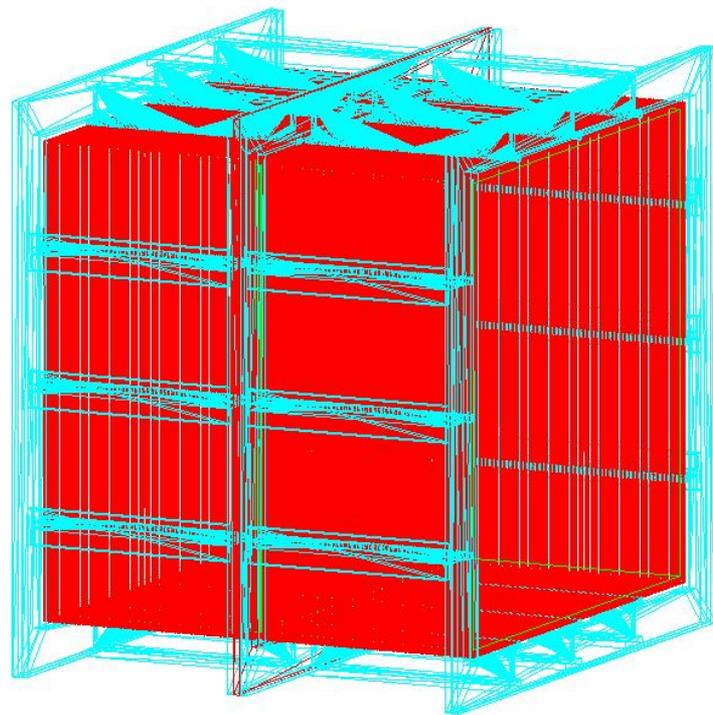
# Field cage (copper)

- Assume copper radioactivity from T-REX measurements
- Total mass of the field cage  $\sim 42.5$  kg

Copper Field Cage	Limit/Meas	Activity (Bq/kg)
238U	L	1.20E-05
232Th	L	4.10E-06
40K	M	6.10E-05
60Co	L	2.40E-04
137Cs	L	2.90E-04

Field cage (copper)	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20 keV
238U	1.19E+00	2.18E+02
232Th	3.25E-01	5.28E+01
40K	0.00E+00	1.91E+02
60Co	0.00E+00	8.22E+02
137Cs	0.00E+00	7.20E+02
Field cage tot	<b>1.51E+00</b>	<b>2.00E+03</b>
Field cage only meas.	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>1.91E+02</b>

field cage (“bandelle”)



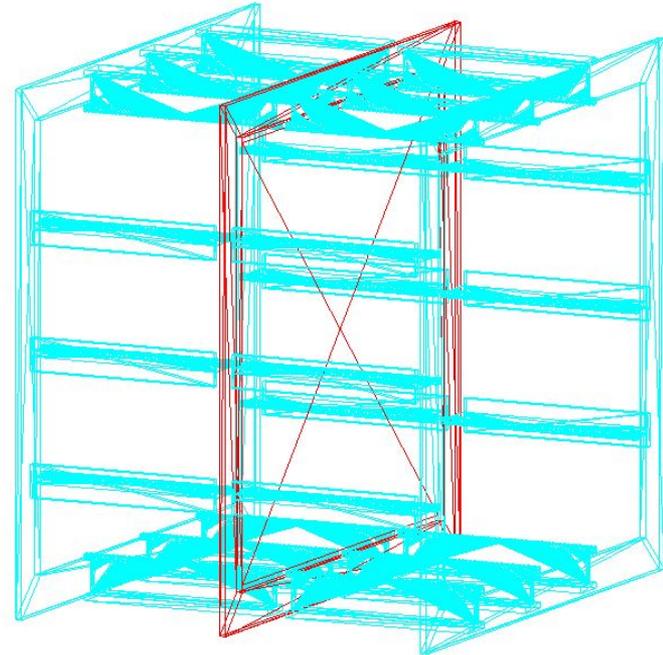
# Cathode (copper)

- Assume copper radioactivity from T-REX measurements
- Total mass of the cathode ~1 kg

Copper cathode	Limit/Meas	Activity (Bq/kg)
238U	L	1.20E-05
232Th	L	4.10E-06
40K	M	6.10E-05
60Co	L	2.40E-04
137Cs	L	2.90E-04

Cathode (copper)	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20
238U	6.41E-01	5.70E+01
232Th	2.17E-01	1.26E+01
40K	0.00E+00	6.37E+01
60Co	0.00E+00	7.43E+01
137Cs	0.00E+00	1.56E+02
<b>Field cage tot</b>	<b>8.58E-01</b>	<b>3.63E+02</b>
<b>Field cage only meas.</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>6.37E+01</b>

cathode with frame



# Field cage (“Kentaro”)

- Assume activity from <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1903.01663.pdf>
- Completely different geometry, resistive sheet of plastic material of 0.2 mm thickness
- Assuming  $\sim 4 \text{ m}^2$  surface and density  $1.18 \text{ g/cm}^3 \rightarrow$  estimated mass  $\sim 0.9 \text{ kg}$
- Background estimated from copper field cage
  - recalc for different active mass
  - rescale for different activities

Kentaro Field Cage	Limit/Meas	Activity (Bq/kg)
238U	L	1.84E-02
232Th	L	7.77E-03
40K	L	1.12E-01
60Co	L	2.54E-03

Field Cage (Kentaro)	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20 keV
238U	3.86E+01	7.09E+03
232Th	1.29E+01	2.10E+03
40K	0.00E+00	7.44E+03
60Co	0.00E+00	1.84E+02
137Cs	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
<b>Field cage tot</b>	<b>5.15E+01</b>	<b>1.68E+04</b>
<b>Field cage only meas.</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>	<b>0.00E+00</b>

# Cathode (“Loomba”)

- Assume activity from <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1502.03535.pdf>
- Completely different geometry, aluminized mylar of 0.9  $\mu\text{m}$  thickness
- Assuming  $\sim 1 \text{ m}^2$  surface and density  $1.38 \text{ g/cm}^3 \rightarrow$  estimated mass  $\sim 1.25 \text{ g}$
- Background estimated from copper cathode
  - recalc for different active mass
  - rescale for different activities
- Caveat: considered  $^{238}\text{U}$  chain in equilibrium with  $^{234}\text{U}$ , and assumed 0 other contributions
  - $\rightarrow$  underestimated, but cathode is not the dominant background at the moment

Loomba Cathode	Limit/Meas	Activity (Bq/kg)
$^{238}\text{U}$	M	$9.01\text{E-}01$
$^{234}\text{U}$	M	$4.07\text{E-}05$

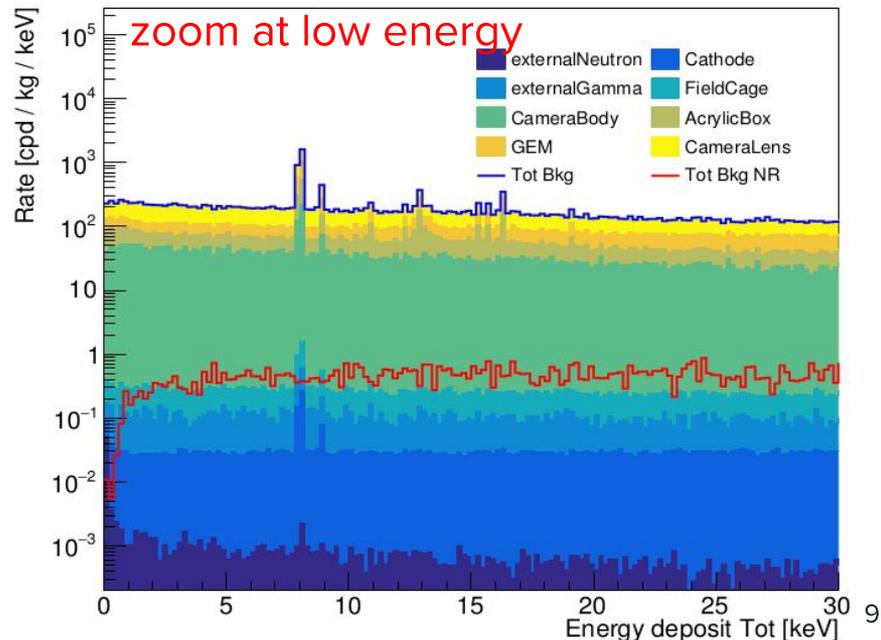
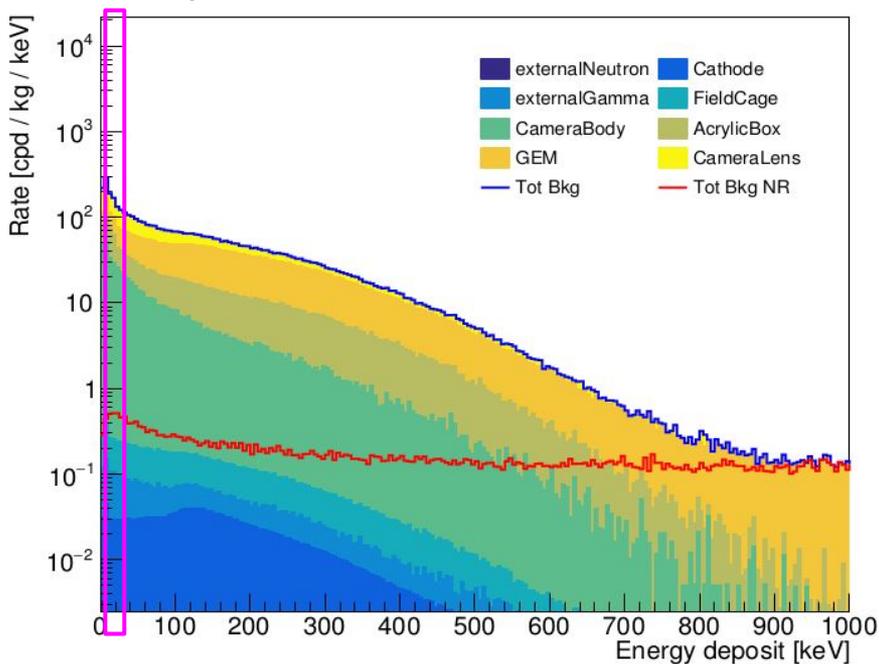
Cathode (Loomba)	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20 keV
$^{238}\text{U}$	$2.76\text{E-}03$	$2.46\text{E-}01$
$^{232}\text{Th}$	$0.00\text{E+}00$	$0.00\text{E+}00$
40K	$0.00\text{E+}00$	$0.00\text{E+}00$
$^{60}\text{Co}$	$0.00\text{E+}00$	$0.00\text{E+}00$
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$0.00\text{E+}00$	$0.00\text{E+}00$
<b>Cathode tot</b>	<b><math>2.76\text{E-}03</math></b>	<b><math>2.46\text{E-}01</math></b>
<b>Cathode only meas.</b>	<b><math>2.76\text{E-}03</math></b>	<b><math>2.46\text{E-}01</math></b>

# Total background

Summary Table	CYGNO		CHINOTTO		Reference
	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20 keV	NR/yr 1-20 keV	ER/yr 1-20 keV	
GEM (LNGS)	5.07E+03	5.09E+05	1.00E+03	1.01E+05	Laubenstein@LNGS
GEM (TREX)	4.27E+03	3.61E+05	8.44E+02	7.14E+04	<a href="#">T-REX GEM</a>
AcrylicBox (LNGS)		4.34E+05		1.12E+05	Laubenstein@LNGS
AcrylicBox (SNO)		1.43E+04		3.68E+03	<a href="#">SNO acrylic</a>
CameraBody (no shield)		3.20E+06		6.32E+05	Laubenstein@LNGS
CameraBody (with Cu shield)		4.46E+05		8.81E+04	Laubenstein@LNGS
CameraLens (LNGS)		9.83E+05		1.94E+05	Laubenstein@LNGS
CameraLens fused silica		6.68E+01		1.32E+01	<a href="#">Haereus "Suprasil"</a>
Cathode (Cu)	8.58E-01	3.63E+02	1.69E-01	7.18E+01	<a href="#">T-REX copper</a>
Cathode (Loomba)	2.76E-03	2.46E-01	5.46E-04	4.86E-02	<a href="#">Loomba</a>
Field Cage (Cu)	1.51E+00	2.00E+03	2.99E-01	3.96E+02	<a href="#">T-REX copper</a>
Field Cage (Kentaro)	5.15E+01	1.68E+04	1.02E+01	3.32E+03	<a href="#">Kentaro</a>
External Gamma	0.00E+00	9.75E+02	0.00E+00	6.85E+03	SABRE gamma flux @LNGS
External Neutrons	4.34E+00	4.68E+00	7.50E+00	3.41E+00	CUORE n flux @LNGS
<b>Total (LNGS)</b>	<b>5.08E+03</b>	<b>2.38E+06</b>	<b>1.01E+03</b>	<b>5.02E+05</b>	
<b>Total (low rad)</b>	<b>4.28E+03</b>	<b>8.24E+05</b>	<b>8.52E+02</b>	<b>1.70E+05</b>	

# CYGNO background spectrum

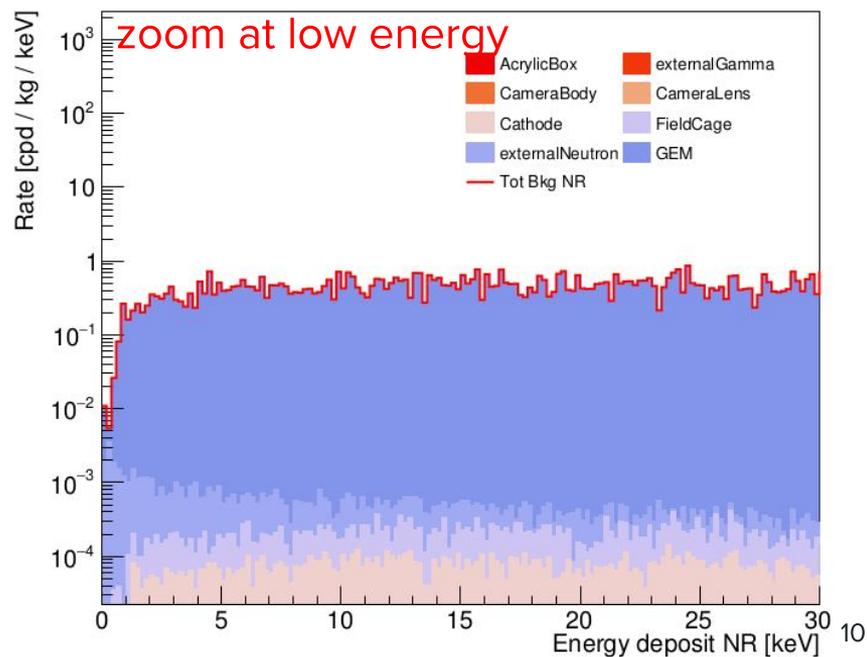
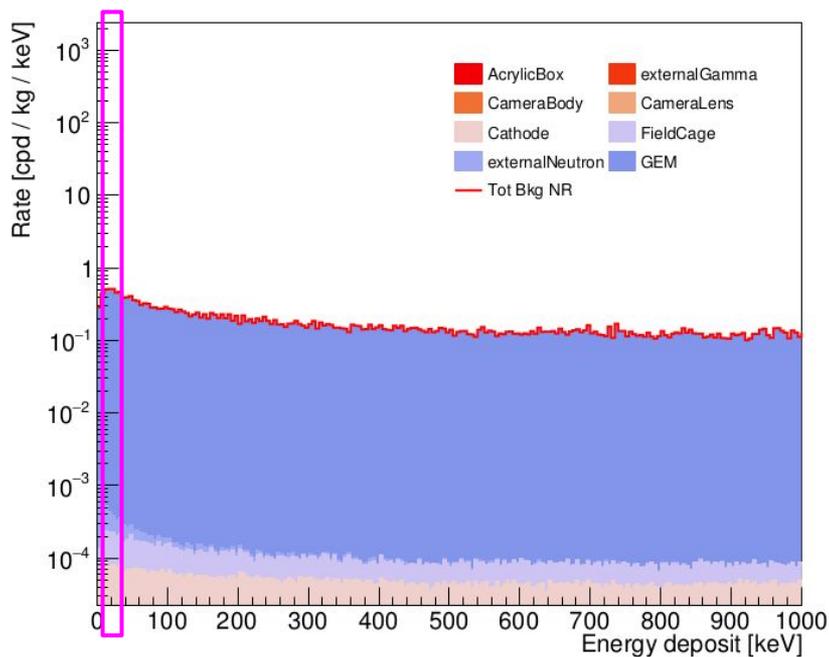
- Higher contribution at low energy from **camera lenses**, **GEMs** and **camera body** (even if shielded with 5 cm copper) and **acrylic box**
- With fused silica lenses this contribution becomes negligible
- Acrylic box contribution can be reduced of a factor  $\sim 30$  using SNO acrylic



# Nuclear recoil background

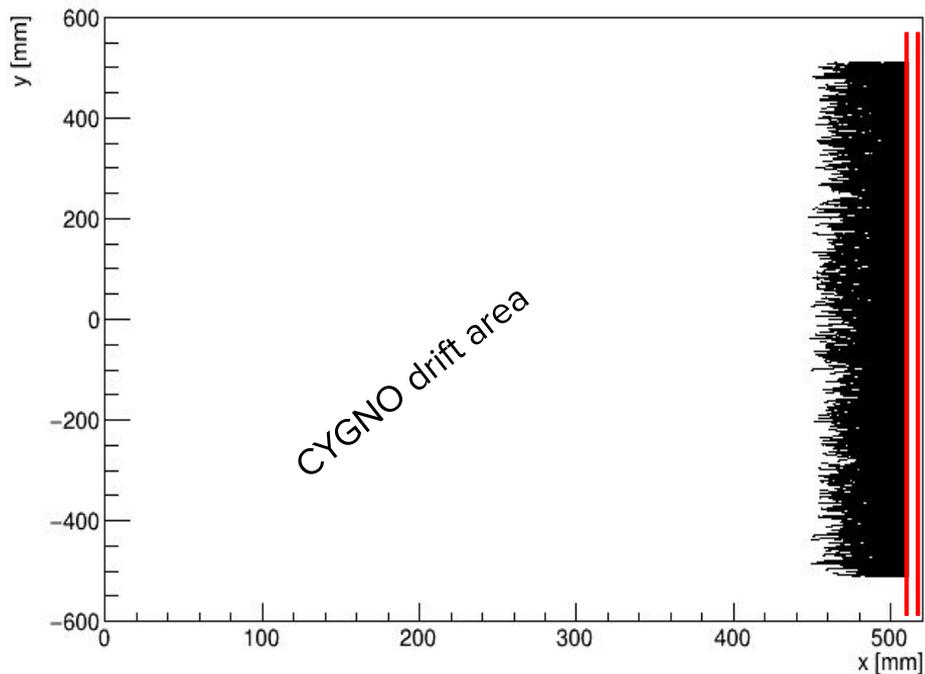
**Caveat:** Acrylic box NR not calculated yet

- Higher contribution from GEMs
- Can be reduced with fiducialization



# Fiducialization

- GEM energy deposits from nuclei in one of the CYGNO drift regions (checked → they are all alphas)
- GEANT4 saves the info if the alpha is primary (from alpha radioactivity) or secondary (ex. He nuclei in the gas)
- Secondary alpha are ~16% of the total and with same distribution of primary
- All contained in the first ~5 cm of gas → **expect to reject almost all NR with fiducialization**

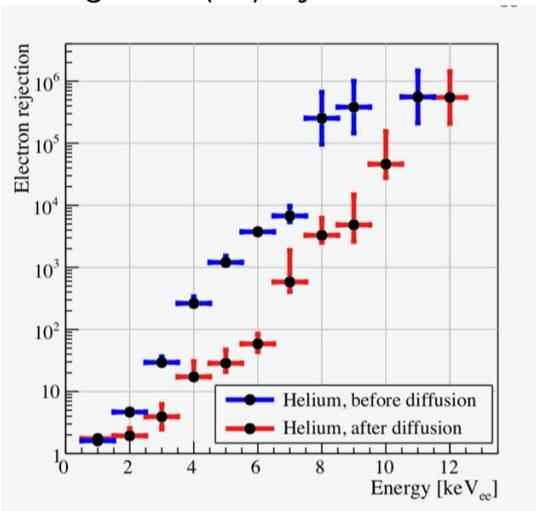


Quick qualitative study, more detailed study needed, but looks promising...

# Input for sensitivity study

- Background spectrum → see slide 9
- Electron background rejection → for the moment use DRIFT simulation results
- Quenching factor → from SRIM (could be underestimated, to be recalculated)

Background (ER) rejection from DRIFT simulation



E [keV]	RF
1.	1.5
2.	1.887
3.	3.8683
4.	16.5584
5.	27.5655
6.	58.3324
7.	556.0255
8.	3175.0723
9.	4576.1294
10.	47253.1115



- Apply to flat background in the 1-20 keV region
- Assume factor 2 better rejection than DRIFT
- Total rejection for E>10 keV

	ER [1-20 keV]/10 <sup>5</sup>	Not rejected events/year
CYGNO	8.2	16400
CHINOTTO	1.7	3400

**Caveat: extracted with DataThief**

# Conclusions and to-do

- Background simulations for CYGNO are almost done
  - important for a realistic sensitivity calculation
  - focus on reducing internal backgrounds
    - especially cameras and GEMs (not optimized for low-radioactivity techniques)
- To do list:
  - cross-check QF calculation with SRIM and possibly also other simulation software (GEANT4,...?)
  - study the electron rejection in our simulation:
    - improve digitization (Fabrizio)
    - apply digitization to MC simulations
    - apply reconstruction to digitized MC, optimize the analysis on MC
    - study efficiency/rejection power of the analysis